

SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE 10

HYBRID AND OTHER MISMATCHES

PART 3

COMMENCEMENT

- 18 Chapters 3 to 5 and 7 and 8 of Part 6A of TIOPA 2010 (counteraction of deduction/non-inclusion mismatches arising from payments and quasi-payments) have effect in relation to—
- (a) payments made on or after the commencement date, and
 - (b) quasi-payments in relation to which the payment period begins on or after the commencement date.
- 19 Chapter 6 of Part 6A of TIOPA 2010 (counteraction of deduction/non-inclusion mismatches relating to intra-company transfers from permanent establishments) has effect in relation to excessive PE deductions in relation to which the relevant PE period begins on or after the commencement date.
- 20 Chapters 9 and 10 of Part 6A of TIOPA 2010 (counteraction of double deduction mismatches) have effect for accounting periods beginning on or after the commencement date.
- 21 Chapter 11 of Part 6A of TIOPA 2010 (imported mismatch payments) has effect in relation to imported mismatch payments that are—
- (a) payments made on or after the commencement date, or
 - (b) quasi-payments in relation to which the payment period begins on or after the commencement date.
- 22 The following provisions of this Schedule have effect in relation to accounting periods beginning on or after the commencement date—
- (a) paragraphs 2 to 4, and
 - (b) paragraphs 5(a), 7(a), 8(a), 10(a), 15 and 16.
- 23 For the purposes of paragraph 18 and 21, where a payment period begins before the commencement date and ends on or after that date (“the straddling period”)—
- (a) so much of the straddling period as falls before the commencement date, and so much of that period as falls on or after that date, are to be treated as separate taxable periods, and
 - (b) where it is necessary to apportion an amount for the straddling period to the two separate taxable periods, it is to be apportioned—
 - (i) on a time basis according to the respective length of the separate taxable periods, or
 - (ii) if that method would produce a result that is unjust or unreasonable, on a just and reasonable basis.

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally enacted).

- 24 For the purposes of paragraphs 19, 20 and 22(b), where a company has an accounting period beginning before the commencement date and ending on or after that date (“the straddling period”)—
- (a) so much of the straddling period as falls before the commencement date, and so much of the straddling period as falls on or after that date, are to be treated as separate accounting periods, and
 - (b) where it is necessary to apportion an amount for the straddling period to the two separate accounting periods, it is to be apportioned—
 - (i) in accordance with section 1172 of CTA 2010 (time basis), or
 - (ii) if that method would produce a result that is unjust or unreasonable, on a just and reasonable basis.
- 25 In this Part of this Schedule “the commencement date” means 1 January 2017.