WELSH STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2024 No. 119 (W. 27)

AGRICULTURE, WALES FOOD, WALES

The Official Controls (Import of High-Risk Food and Feed of Non-Animal Origin) (Amendment of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793) (Wales) Regulations 2024

Made - - - - 31 January 2024
Laid before Senedd Cymru 2 February 2024
Coming into force - - 7 March 2024

The Welsh Ministers make these Regulations in exercise of the powers conferred by—

- Articles 34(6), 47(2)(b), 54(4)(a) and (b) and 144(6)(a) of Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council on official controls and other official activities performed to ensure the application of food and feed law, rules on animal health and welfare, plant health and plant protection products(1);
- Articles 53(1)(b) and 57a(6)(a) of Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety(2).

There has been consultation as required by Article 144(7) of Regulation (EU) 2017/625 and as required by Article 9 of Regulation (EC) No 178/2002.

Title, extent, application and coming into force

1.—(1) The title of these Regulations is the Official Controls (Import of High-Risk Food and Feed of Non-Animal Origin) (Amendment of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793) (Wales) Regulations 2024.

(2) These Regulations—

⁽¹⁾ EUR 2017/625, amended by S.I. 2020/1481; there are other amending instruments but none is relevant. The term "the appropriate authority" is defined in Article 3(2A) of EUR 2017/625.

⁽²⁾ EUR 2002/178, amended by S.I. 2019/641 and 2022/377. S.I. 2019/641 was amended by S.I. 2020/1504. The term "appropriate authority" is defined in Article 3(19) of EUR 2002/178.

- (a) extend to England and Wales;
- (b) apply in relation to Wales;
- (c) come into force on 7 March 2024.

Amendment of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793

- **2.**—(1) Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793 on the temporary increase of official controls and emergency measures governing the entry into the Union of certain goods from certain third countries(3) is amended as follows.
 - (2) In Article 3 (sampling and analyses)—
 - (a) after paragraph (e) insert—
 - "(ea) for food listed in Annex 2 due to the risk of presence of *Listeria*, the sampling and the analyses for the control of *Listeria* must be performed in accordance with the sampling procedures and the analytical reference methods laid down in Annex 3a:"
 - (b) in paragraph (f), for "and (e)" substitute ", (e) and (ea)".
- (3) In Article 10 (results of sampling and analyses performed by the competent authorities of the third country), in paragraph (2), after sub-paragraph (d) insert—
 - "(e) the absence of *Listeria* in 25 g, for consignments of food listed in Annex 2 due to risk of microbiological contamination by *Listeria*."
 - (4) For Annex 1, substitute the Annex 1 contained in Schedule 1 to these Regulations.
 - (5) For Annex 2, substitute the Annex 2 contained in Schedule 2 to these Regulations.
 - (6) After Annex 3, insert the Annex 3a contained in Schedule 3 to these Regulations.

Amendment of the Official Controls (Import of High-Risk Food and Feed of Non-Animal Origin) (Amendment of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793) (Wales) Regulations 2022

- **3.** In the Official Controls (Import of High-Risk Food and Feed of Non-Animal Origin) (Amendment of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793) (Wales) Regulations 2022(4)—
 - (a) in regulation 2 (amendment of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793), omit paragraphs (2) and (3);
 - (b) omit Schedules 1 and 2.

Lynne Neagle
Deputy Minister for Mental Health and
Wellbeing, under the authority of the Minister
for Health and Social Services, one of the Welsh
Ministers

31 January 2024

⁽³⁾ EUR 2019/1793, amended by S.I. 2020/1631 and 2022/1330 (W. 269); there are other amending instruments but none is relevant

⁽⁴⁾ S.I. 2022/1330 (W. 269).

SCHEDULE 1

Regulation 2(4)

Annex to be substituted for Annex 1 to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793

"ANNEX 1

Food and feed of non-animal origin from certain third countries subject to a temporary increase of official controls at border control posts and control points

Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code ⁽¹⁾	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
Bolivia (BO)	Groundnuts (peanuts), in shell (Food and feed)	1202 41 00		Aflatoxins	50
	Groundnuts (peanuts), shelled (Food and feed)	1202 42 00			
	Peanut butter (Food and feed)	2008 11 10			
	Groundnuts (peanuts), otherwise prepared or preserved	2008 11 91 2008 11 96 2008 11 98			
	(Food and feed) Groundnut flours and meals	ex1208 90 00	20		
	(Food and feed) Oilcake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of groundnut oil	2305 00 00			
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnuts paste	ex2007 10 10	80		
	(Food and feed)	ex2007 10 99 ex2007 99 39	50 07; 08		

Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code ⁽¹⁾	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
Brazil	Black pepper (Piper)	ex0904 11 00	10	Salmonella ⁽²⁾	50
(BR)	(Food – neither crushed nor ground)				
	Groundnuts (peanuts), in shell	1202 41 00		Pesticide residues (4)	20
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnuts (peanuts), shelled	1202 42 00			
	(Food and feed)				
	Peanut butter	2008 11 10			
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnuts (peanuts),	2008 11 91			
	otherwise prepared or preserved	2008 11 96			
	(Food and feed)	2008 11 98			
	Oilcake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of groundnut oil	2305 00 00			
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnut flours and meals	ex1208 90 00	20		
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnuts paste	ex2007 10 10	80		
	(Food and feed)	ex2007 10 99	50		
		ex2007 99 39	07; 08		
China (CN)	Groundnuts (peanuts), in shell	1202 41 00		Aflatoxins	10

Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code ⁽¹⁾	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnuts (peanuts), shelled	1202 42 00			
	(Food and feed)				
	Peanut butter	2008 11 10			
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnuts (peanuts),	2008 11 91			
	otherwise prepared or preserved	2008 11 96			
	•	2008 11 98			
	(Food and feed)				
	Oilcake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of groundnut oil	2305 00 00			
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnut flours and meals	ex1208 90 00	20		
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnuts paste	ex2007 10 10	80	_	
	(Food and feed)	ex2007 10 99	50		
		ex2007 99 39	07; 08		
	Sweet peppers (Capsicum annuum)	ex0904 22 00	11	Salmonella ⁽³⁾	10
	(Food – crushed or ground)				
	Tea, whether or not flavoured	0902		Pesticide residues (4)(5)	20
	(Food)				
Colombia	Granadilla (Passiflora ligularis) and passion	ex0810 90 20	30	Pesticide residues (4)	10

Country of origin	(intended use)	CN code ⁽¹⁾	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
(CO)	fruit (Passiflora edulis)				
	(Food)				
Dominican Republic	Aubergines (Solanum melongena)	0709 30 00		Pesticide residues (4)	20
(DO)	(Food – fresh or				
	chilled)				
	Peppers of the genus	ex0709 60 99	20	Pesticide	50
	Capsicum (other than sweet)	ex0710 80 59	20	residues (4)(6)	
	(Food – fresh, chilled or frozen)				
	Sweet peppers	0709 60 10		Pesticide	50
	(Capsicum annuum)	0710 80 51		residues (4)(6)	
	(Food – fresh, chilled or frozen)				
	Yardlong beans	ex0708 20 00	10	Pesticide	50
	(Vigna unguiculata	ex0710 22 00	10	residues (4)(6)	
	subsp. sesquipedalis)				
	(Food – fresh, chilled or frozen)				
Ecuador	Bananas	0803 90 10		Pesticide	5
(EC)	(Food - fresh or dried)	0803 90 90		residues (4)	
Egypt	Oranges	0805 10		Pesticide	10
(EG)	(Food – fresh or dried)			residues (4)	
	Peppers of the genus Capsicum (other than sweet) (Food – fresh, chilled	ex0709 60 99 ex0710 80 59	20 20	Pesticide residues (4)(7)	20

Country of origin	(intended use)	CN code ⁽¹⁾	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
	or frozen)				
	Sweet peppers	0709 60 10		Pesticide residues (4)(7)	20
	(Capsicum annuum)	0710 80 51		residues	
	(Food – fresh, chilled				
	or frozen)				
Georgia (GE)	Hazelnuts (<i>Corylus</i> spp.), in shell (<i>Food</i>)	0802 21 00		Aflatoxins	20
	Hazelnuts (Corylus spp.), shelled	0802 22 00			
	(Food)				
	Flour, meal and	ex1106 30 90	40		
	powder of hazelnuts				
	(Food)				
	Hazelnuts, otherwise	ex2008 19 19	30		
	prepared or preserved	ex2008 19 95	20		
	(Food)	ex2008 19 99	30		
Ghana	Palm oil	1511 10 90		Sudan dyes (8)	20
(GH)	(Food)	1511 90 11			
,		ex1511 90 19	90		
		1511 90 99			
India	Cinnamon and	0906		Pesticide	10
(IN)	cinnamon-tree flowers			residues (4)(9)	
` /	(Food – dried spices)				
	Cloves (whole fruit, cloves and stems)	0907		Pesticide residues (4)(9)	10
	(Food – dried spices)				
	Curry leaves (Bergera/	ex1211 90 86	10	Pesticide residues (4)(10)	50

Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code (1)	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
	Murraya koenigii) (Food – fresh,				
	chilled, frozen or dried)				
	Drumsticks (Moringa oleifera) (Food – fresh, chilled or frozen)	ex0709 99 90 ex0710 80 95	10 75	Pesticide residues (4)	20
	Ginger, saffron, turmeric (<i>Curcuma</i>), thyme, bay leaves, curry and other spices (Food – dried spices)	0910		Pesticide residues (4)(9)	10
	Nutmeg, mace and cardamoms (Food – dried spices)	0908		Pesticide residues (4)(9)	10
	Okra (Food – fresh, chilled or frozen)	ex0709 99 90 ex0710 80 95	20 30	Pesticide residues (4)(11)	20
	Rice (Food)	1006		Aflatoxins and Ochratoxin A Pesticide residues (4)	5
	Seeds of anise, badian, fennel, coriander, cumin or caraway; juniper berries (Food – dried spices)	0909		Pesticide residues (4)(9)	10
Iran (IR)	Melon seeds (Food)	1207 70		Aflatoxins	10

Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code (1)	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
Kenya (KE)	Beans (Vigna spp., Phaseolus spp.) (Food – fresh or chilled)	0708 20		Pesticide residues (4)	10
	Peppers of the genus Capsicum (other than sweet) (Food – fresh, chilled or frozen)	ex0709 60 99 ex 0710 80 59	20 20	Pesticide residues (4)	10
Cambodia (KH)	Chinese celery (Apium graveolens) (Food – fresh or chilled herb)	ex0709 40 00	20	Pesticide residues (4)(12)	50
	Yardlong beans (Vigna unguiculata subsp. sesquipedalis) (Food – fresh, chilled or frozen)	ex0708 20 00 ex0710 22 00	10	Pesticide residues (4)(13)	50
Lebanon (LB)	,	Rhodamine B	50		
	Turnips (Brassica rapa subsp. rapa) (Food – prepared or preserved by brine or citric acid, not frozen)	ex2005 99 80	93	Rhodamine B	50

Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code (1)	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
Madagascar (MG)	Cow peas (Vigna unguiculata subspp.) (Food)	0713 35 00		Pesticide residues (4)	10
	Groundnuts (peanuts), in shell (Food and feed)	1202 41 00		Aflatoxins	50
	Groundnuts (peanuts), shelled (Food and feed)	1202 42 00			
	Peanut butter (Food and feed)	2008 11 10			
	Groundnuts (peanuts), otherwise prepared or preserved (Food and feed)	2008 11 91 2008 11 96 2008 11 98			
	Groundnut flours and meals (Food and feed)	ex1208 90 00	20		
	Oilcake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of groundnut oil	2305 00 00			
Malaysia (MY)	(Food and feed) Jackfruit (Artocarpus heterophyllus)	ex0810 90 20	20	Pesticide residues (4)	50

Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code (1)	TARIC sub-	Hazard	Frequency of
			division		physical and identity checks (%)
	(Food – fresh)				(/0)
Nigeria	Sesamum seeds	1207 40 90		Salmonella ⁽²⁾	50
(NG)	(Food)				
Pakistan	Rice	1006		Aflatoxins and Ochratoxin A	5
(PK)	(Food)			Pesticide residues (4)	5
Sierra Leone	Watermelon (egusi,	ex1207 70 00	10	Aflatoxins	50
(SL)	Citrullus spp.) seeds	ex1208 90 00	10		
	and derived products	ex2008 99 99	50		
	(Food)				
Senegal	Groundnuts (peanuts),	1202 41 00		Aflatoxins	50
(SN)	in shell				
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnuts (peanuts),	1202 42 00		_	
	shelled				
	(Food and feed)				
	Peanut butter	2008 11 10		_	
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnuts (peanuts),	2008 11 91		-	
	otherwise prepared or	2008 11 96			
	preserved	2008 11 98			
	(Food and feed)	1200 00 00	20	_	
	Groundnut flours and	ex1208 90 00	20		
	meals				
	(Food and feed)				
	Oilcake and other	2305 00 00			

Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code ⁽¹⁾	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
	solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of				
	pellets, resulting from the extraction of groundnut oil				
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnuts paste	ex2007 10 10	80	-	
	(Food and feed)	ex2007 10 99	50		
	(ex2007 99 39	07; 08		
Syria	Sesamum seeds	1207 40 90		Salmonella ⁽²⁾	10
(SY)	(Food)				
	Tahini and halva from	ex 1704 90 99	12; 92	Salmonella ⁽²⁾	10
	Sesamum seeds	ex 1806 20 95	13; 93		
	(Food)	ex 1806 90 50	10		
		ex1806 90 60	11; 91		
		ex2008 19 19	40		
		ex2008 19 99	40		
	Turnips (Brassica rapa subsp. rapa)	ex2001 90 97	11; 19	Rhodamine B	50
	(Food – prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid)				
	Turnips (Brassica rapa subsp. rapa)	ex2005 99 80	93	Rhodamine B	50
	(Food – prepared				
	or preserved by brine or citric acid, not frozen)				
Thailand (TH)	Food containing or consisting of betel leaves (Piper betle) (Food)	ex1404 90 00		Salmonella ⁽³⁾	10

Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code (1)	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
	Peppers of the genus Capsicum (other than sweet) (Food – fresh, chilled or frozen)	ex0709 60 99 ex0710 80 59	20 20	Pesticide residues (4)(14)	50
Türkiye (TR)	Lemons (Citrus limon, Citrus limonum) (Food – fresh, chilled or dried)	0805 50 10		Pesticide residues (4)(15)	20
	Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas), clementines, wilkings and similar citrus hybrids (Food – fresh or dried)	0805 21 0805 22 0805 29		Pesticide residues (4)	20
	Oranges (Food – fresh or dried)	0805 10		Pesticide residues (4)	20
	Pomegranates (Food – fresh or chilled)	ex0810 90 75	30	Pesticide residues (4)(16)	20
	Peppers of the genus Capsicum (other than sweet) (Food – fresh,	ex0709 60 99 ex0710 80 59	20 20	Pesticide residues (4)	20
	chilled or frozen) Sweet Peppers (Capsicum annuum) (Food – fresh,	0709 60 10 0710 80 51		Pesticide residues (4)(17)	20

Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code ⁽¹⁾	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
	chilled or frozen)				
	Unprocessed whole, ground, milled, cracked, chopped apricot kernels intended to be placed on the market for the final consumer (18)(19)	ex1212 99 95	20	Cyanide	50
	(Food)				
Uganda (UG)	Peppers of the genus Capsicum (other than sweet) (Food – fresh,	ex0709 60 99 ex0710 80 59	20 20	Pesticide residues (4)	50
	chilled or frozen)				
United States	Groundnuts (peanuts), in shell	1202 41 00		Aflatoxins	10
(US)	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnuts (peanuts), shelled	1202 42 00			
	(Food and feed)				
	Peanut butter (Food and feed)	2008 11 10			
	, ,	2008 11 91			
	Groundnuts (peanuts), otherwise prepared or	2008 11 91			
	preserved	2008 11 98			
	(Food and feed)	2000 11 70			
	Groundnut flours and meals	ex1208 90 00	20	_	
	(Food and feed)				
	Oilcake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets,	2305 00 00			

Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code ⁽¹⁾	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
	resulting from the extraction of groundnut oil				
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnuts paste	ex2007 10 10	80		
	(Food and feed)	ex2007 10 99 ex 2007 99 39	50 07; 08		
Uzbekistan	Dried apricots	0813 10 00	,	Sulphites (20)	50
(UZ)	(Food) Apricots, otherwise prepared or preserved (Food)	2008 50			
Vietnam (VN)	Basil (holy, sweet) (Food – fresh or chilled herbs)	ex1211 90 86	20	Pesticide residues (4)(21)	50
	Coriander leaves (Food – fresh or chilled herbs)	ex0709 99 90	72	Pesticide residues (4)(21)	50
	Mint (Food – fresh or chilled herbs)	ex1211 90 86	30	Pesticide residues (4)(21)	50
	Okra (Food – fresh, chilled or frozen)	ex0709 99 90 ex0710 80 95	20 30	Pesticide residues (4)(21)	50
	Parsley (Food – fresh or chilled herbs)	ex0709 99 90	40	Pesticide residues (4)(21)	50
	Peppers of the genus Capsicum (other than sweet)	ex0709 60 99 ex0710 80 59	20 20	Pesticide residues (4)(21)	50
	(Food – fresh,				

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Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use) chilled or frozen)	CN code ⁽¹⁾	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
	Pitahaya (dragon fruit) (Food – fresh or chilled)	ex0810 90 20	10	Pesticide residues (4)(21)	50"

- (1) Where only certain products under any CN code are required to be examined, the CN code is marked "ex".
- (2) The sampling and the analyses must be performed in accordance with the sampling procedures and the analytical reference methods set out in point 1(a) of Annex 3 to this Regulation.
- (3) The sampling and the analyses must be performed in accordance with the sampling procedures and the analytical reference methods set out in point 1(b) of Annex 3 to this Regulation.
- (4) Residues of at least those pesticides listed in the control programme adopted in accordance with Article 29(2) of Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council on maximum residue levels of pesticides in or on food and feed of plant and animal origin5 that can be analysed with multi-residue methods based on GC-MS and LC-MS (pesticides to be monitored in/on products of plant origin only).
- (5) Residues of Tolfenpyrad.
- (6) Residues of Amitraz (amitraz including the metabolites containing the 2,4 -dimethylaniline moiety expressed as amitraz), Diafenthiuron, Dicofol (sum of p,p' and o,p' isomers) and Dithiocarbamates (dithiocarbamates expressed as CS2, including maneb, mancozeb, metiram, propineb, thiram and ziram).
- (7) Residues of Dicofol (sum of p,p' and o,p' isomers), Dinotefuran, Folpet, Prochloraz (sum of prochloraz, BTS 44595 (M201-04) and BTS 44596 (M201-03), expressed as prochloraz), Thiophanate-methyl and Triforine.
- (8) For the purposes of this Annex, "Sudan dyes" refers to the following chemical substances: (i) Sudan I (CAS Number 842-07-9); (ii) Sudan II (CAS Number 3118-97-6); (iii) Sudan III (CAS Number 85-86-9); (iv) Scarlet Red or Sudan IV (CAS Number 85-83-6).
- (9) Residues of Ethylene Oxide (sum of ethylene oxide and 2-chloro-ethanol, expressed as ethylene oxide).
- (10) Residues of Acephate.
- (11) Residues of Diafenthiuron.
- (12) Residues of Phenthoate.
- (13) Residues of Chlorbufam.
- (14) Residues of Formetanate (sum of formetanate and its salts expressed as formetanate (hydrochloride)) Prothiofos and Triforine
- (15) Residues of chlorpyrifos/chlorpyrifos-methyl and fenbutatin oxide.
- (16) Residues of Prochloraz (sum of prochloraz, BTS 44595 (M201-04) and BTS 44596 (M201-03), expressed as prochloraz).
- (17) Residues of Diafenthiuron, Formetanate (sum of formetanate and its salts expressed as formetanate (hydrochloride)) and Thiophanate-methyl.
- (18) "Unprocessed products" as defined in Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the hygiene of foodstuffs6.
- (19) "Placing on the market" and "final consumer" as defined in Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety.
- (20) The following reference methods may be used: (1) BS EN 1988-1:1998 "Foodstuffs. Determination—of sulfite Optimized Monier-Williams method", published by the British Standards Institution on 15 June 1998 (ISBN 0 580 29239 8), available from the British Standards Institution at https://knowledge.bsigroup.com; (2) BS EN 1988-2:1998 "Foodstuffs. Determination—of sulfite Enzymatic method", published by the British Standards Institution on 15 June 1998 (ISBN 0 580 29240 1), available from the British Standards Institution at https://knowledge.bsigroup.com; (3) ISO 5522:1981

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- "Fruits, vegetables and derived products Determination of total sulphur dioxide content", published by the International Organization for Standardization in September 1981, edition 1, available from the ISO at https://www.iso.org.
- (21) Residues of Dithiocarbamates (dithiocarbamates expressed as CS2, including maneb, mancozeb, metiram, propineb, thiram and ziram), Phenthoate and Quinalphos.

SCHEDULE 2

Regulation 2(5)

Annex to be substituted for Annex 2 to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793

"ANNEX 2

Food and feed from certain third countries subject to special conditions for the entry into Great Britain due to contamination risk by mycotoxins, including aflatoxins, pesticide residues, pentachlorophenol and dioxins and microbiological contamination

Table 1

Food and feed of non-animal origin referred to in Article 1(1)(b)(i)

Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code (1)	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
Argentina	Groundnuts (peanuts), in shell	1202 41 00		Aflatoxins	5
(AR)					
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnuts (peanuts), shelled	1202 42 00			
	(Food and feed)				
	Peanut butter	2008 11 10			
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnuts (peanuts),	2008 11 91		-	
	otherwise prepared or preserved	2008 11 96			
		2008 11 98			
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnut flours and meals	ex1208 90 00	20		
	(Food and feed)				
	Oilcake and other solid residues, whether	2305 00 00			

Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code ⁽¹⁾	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
	or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of groundnut oil				
	(Food and feed)				
Azerbaijan	Hazelnuts (Corylus	0802 21 00		Aflatoxins	20
(AZ)	spp.), in shell				
	(Food)				
	Hazelnuts (Corylus	0802 22 00			
	spp.), shelled				
	(Food)				
	Mixtures of nuts or dried fruits containing	ex0813 50 39	70		
	hazelnuts	ex0813 50 91	70		
	(Food)	ex0813 50 99	70		
	Hazelnut paste	ex2007 10 10	70		
	(Food)	ex2007 10 99	40		
	(1 000)	ex2007 99 39	05; 06		
		ex2007 99 50	33		
		ex2007 99 97	23		
	Hazelnuts, otherwise	ex2008 19 12	30		
	prepared or preserved, including mixtures	ex2008 19 19	30		
		ex2008 19 92	30		
	(Food)	ex2008 19 95	20		
		ex2008 19 99	30		
		ex2008 97 12	15		
		ex2008 97 14	15		
		ex2008 97 16	15		
		ex2008 97 18	15		

Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code ⁽¹⁾	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
		ex2008 97 32	15		
		ex2008 97 34	15		
		ex2008 97 36	15		
		ex2008 97 38	15		
		ex2008 97 51	15		
		ex2008 97 59	15		
		ex2008 97 72	15		
		ex2008 97 74	15		
		ex2008 97 76	15		
		ex2008 97 78	15		
		ex2008 97 92	15		
		ex2008 97 93	15		
		ex2008 97 94	15		
		ex2008 97 96	15		
		ex2008 97 97	15		
		ex2008 97 98	15		
	Flour, meal and powder of hazelnuts	ex1106 30 90	40		
	(Food)				
	Hazelnut oil	ex1515 90 99	20	_	
	(Food)				
Bangladesh (BD)	Food containing or consisting of betel leaves (<i>Piper betle</i>)	ex1404 90 00		Salmonella ⁽²⁾	50
Descrit	(Food)	0001 21 00		A flatoring	50
Brazil	Brazil nuts, in shell	0801 21 00		Aflatoxins	50
(BR)	(Food)				
	Mixtures of nuts or	ex0813 50 31	20		
	dried fruits containing Brazil nuts in shell	ex0813 50 39	20		
		ex0813 50 91	20		

Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code ⁽¹⁾	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
	(Food)	ex0813 50 99	20		
China	Enoki Mushrooms	ex0709 59 00		Listeria	20
(CN)	(Food)				
Egypt (EG)	Groundnuts (peanuts), in shell	1202 41 00		Aflatoxins	20
(LG)	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnuts (peanuts), shelled	1202 42 00			
	(Food and feed)				
	Peanut butter	2008 11 10			
	(Food and feed)			_	
	Groundnuts (peanuts),	2008 11 91			
	otherwise prepared or preserved	2008 11 96			
	(Food and feed)	2008 11 98			
	Groundnut flours and	ex1208 90 00	20		
	meals	CX1208 70 00	20		
	(Food and feed)				
	Oilcake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of groundnut oil	2305 00 00			
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnuts paste	ex2007 10 10	80		
	(Food and feed)	ex2007 10 99	50		
		ex2007 99 39	07; 08		
	Vine leaves	ex2008 99 99	11; 19	Pesticide residues (4)(5)	20
	(Food)			TOSIGUOS	

Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code (1)	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
Ethiopia (ET)	Ginger, saffron, turmeric (<i>Curcuma</i>), thyme, bay leaves, curry and other spices	0910		Aflatoxins	50
	(Food – dried spices) Pepper of the	0904		Aflatoxins	50
	genus <i>Piper</i> , dried or crushed or ground fruit of the genus Capsicum or of the genus <i>Pimenta</i> (Food – dried spices)				
	Sesamum seeds	1207 40 90		Salmonella ⁽²⁾	50
	(Food)				
Ghana (GH)	Groundnuts (peanuts), in shell (Food and feed)	1202 41 00		Aflatoxins	50
	Groundnuts (peanuts), shelled	1202 42 00			
	(Food and feed)	2000 11 10		-	
	Peanut butter	2008 11 10			
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnuts (peanuts), otherwise prepared or preserved	2008 11 91 2008 11 96			
	(Food and feed)	2008 11 98			
	Groundnut flours and meals	ex1208 90 00	20	-	
	(Food and feed)				
	Oilcake and other solid residues, whether	2305 00 00		-	

Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code (1)	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
	or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of groundnut oil				
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnuts paste	ex2007 10 10	80		
	(Food and feed)	ex2007 10 99	50		
	(1 oou unu jeeu)	ex2007 99 39	07; 08		
The Gambia (GM)	Groundnuts (peanuts), in shell	1202 41 00		Aflatoxins	50
(GWI)	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnuts (peanuts), shelled	1202 42 00			
	(Food and feed)				
	Peanut butter	2008 11 10			
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnuts (peanuts),	2008 11 91			
	otherwise prepared or preserved	2008 11 96			
		2008 11 98			
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnut flours and meals	ex1208 90 00	20		
	(Food and feed)				
	Oilcake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of groundnut oil	2305 00 00			
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnuts paste	ex2007 10 10	80		

Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code ⁽¹⁾	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
	(Food and feed)	ex2007 10 99	50		
		ex2007 99 39	07; 08		
Indonesia	Nutmeg (Myristica	0908 11 00		Aflatoxins	10
(ID)	fragrans)	0908 12 00			
()	(Food – dried				
	spices)				
India (IN)	Food containing or consisting of betel leaves (<i>Piper betle</i>) (Food)	ex1404 90 00		Salmonella ⁽³⁾	10
	Groundnuts (peanuts), in shell (Food and feed)	1202 41 00		Aflatoxins	50
	Groundnuts (peanuts), shelled (Food and feed)	1202 42 00			
	Peanut butter	2008 11 10		_	
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnuts (peanuts),	2008 11 91			
	otherwise prepared or preserved	2008 11 96			
	•	2008 11 98			
	(Food and feed)	1.00.00.00			
	Groundnut flours and meals	ex1208 90 00	20		
	(Food and feed)				
	Oilcake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of groundnut oil	2305 00 00			

Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code ⁽¹⁾	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnuts paste	ex2007 10 10	80		
	(Food and feed)	ex2007 10 99	50		
		ex2007 99 39	07; 08		
	Guar gum	ex1302 32 90		Pentachlorophen and	o5
	(Food and feed)			and	
				dioxins ⁽⁶⁾	
	Nutmeg (Myristica	0908 11 00		Aflatoxins	20
	fragrans)	0908 12 00			
	(Food – dried				
	spices)				
	Peppers of the genus Capsicum (sweet or other than sweet)	0904 21 10		Aflatoxins	20
		ex0904 22 00	11; 19		
		ex0904 21 90	20		
	(Food – dried,	ex2005 99 10	10; 90		
	roasted, crushed or	ex2005 99 80	94		
	ground)				
	Peppers of the genus	0904		Pesticide	20
	Capsicum (sweet or	ex2005 99 10	10; 90	residues (4)(7)	20
	other than sweet)	ex2005 99 80	94		
	(Food – dried, roasted, crushed or ground)				
	Peppers of the genus	ex0709 60 99	20	Pesticide	20
	Capsicum (other than sweet)	ex0710 80 59	20	residues (4)(7)	
	(Food – fresh,				
	chilled or frozen)				
	Sesamum seeds	1207 40 90		Salmonella ⁽²⁾	20
	(Food)			Pesticides residues (4)(8)	50

Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code (1)	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
Iran	Pistachios, in shell	0802 51 00		Aflatoxins	50
(IR)	(Food)				
	Pistachios, shelled	0802 52 00			
	(Food)				
	Mixtures of nuts or	ex0813 50 39	60		
	dried fruits containing pistachios	ex0813 50 91	60		
		ex0813 50 99	60		
	(Food)	2007.10.10	60		
	Pistachio paste	ex2007 10 10	60		
	(Food)	ex2007 10 99	30		
		ex2007 99 39	03; 04		
		ex2007 99 50	32		
		ex2007 99 97	22		
	Pistachios, prepared or preserved, including	ex2008 19 13	20		
	mixtures	ex2008 19 93 ex2008 97 12	20		
	(Food)	ex2008 97 12 ex2008 97 14	19		
		ex2008 97 14	19		
		ex2008 97 18	19		
		ex2008 97 32	19		
		ex2008 97 34	19		
		ex2008 97 36	19		
		ex2008 97 38	19		
		ex2008 97 51	19		
		ex2008 97 59	19		
		ex2008 97 72	19		
		ex2008 97 74	19		
		ex2008 97 76	19		
		ex2008 97 78	19		
		ex2008 97 92	19		

Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code (1)	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
		ex2008 97 93	19		
		ex2008 97 94	19		
		ex2008 97 96	19		
		ex2008 97 97	19		
		ex2008 97 98	19		
	Flour, meal and	ex1106 30 90	50		
	powder of pistachios				
	(Food)				
South Korea	Enoki mushrooms	ex0709 59 00		Listeria	20
(KR)	(Food)				
Sri Lanka	Peppers of the genus	0904 21 10		Aflatoxins	50
(LK)	Capsicum (sweet or other than sweet)	ex0904 21 90	20		
(LIX)		ex0904 22 00	11; 19		
	(Food – dried,	ex2005 99 10	10; 90		
	roasted, crushed or ground)	ex2005 99 80	94		
Nigeria	Watermelon (egusi,	ex1207 70 00	10	Aflatoxins	50
(NG)	Citrullus spp.) seeds and derived products	ex1208 90 00	10		
	(Food)	ex2008 99 99	50		
Pakistan	Peppers of the genus	ex0709 60 99	20	Pesticide	20
(PK)	Capsicum (other than sweet)	ex0710 80 59	20	residues (4)	
	(Food – fresh, chilled or frozen)				
	Spice mixes	0910 91 10		Aflatoxins	10
	(Food)	0910 91 90			
Sudan	Groundnuts (peanuts), in shell	1202 41 00		Aflatoxins	50
(SD)	(Food and feed)				

Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code ⁽¹⁾	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
	Groundnuts (peanuts), shelled	1202 42 00			
	(Food and feed)				
	Peanut butter	2008 11 10			
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnuts (peanuts),	2008 11 91			
	otherwise prepared or	2008 11 96			
	preserved	2008 11 98			
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnut flours and meals	ex1208 90 00	20		
	(Food and feed)				
	Oilcake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of groundnut oil	2305 00 00			
	(Food and feed)				
	Groundnuts paste	ex2007 10 10	80	_	
	(Food and feed)	ex2007 10 99	50		
		ex2007 99 39	07; 08		
	Sesamum seeds	1207 40 90		Salmonella ⁽²⁾	50
	(Food)				
Türkiye	Dried figs	0804 20 90		Aflatoxins	20
(TR)	(Food)				
	Mixtures of nuts or dried fruits containing figs	ex0813 50 99	50		
	(Food)				
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Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code ⁽¹⁾	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
	Dried fig paste	ex2007 10 10	50		
	(Food)	ex2007 10 99	20		
		ex2007 99 39	01; 02		
		ex2007 99 50	31		
		ex2007 99 97	21		
	Dried figs, prepared or	ex2008 97 12	11	-	
	preserved, including mixtures	ex2008 97 14	11		
		ex2008 97 16	11		
	(Food)	ex2008 97 18	11		
		ex2008 97 32	11		
		ex2008 97 34	11		
		ex2008 97 36	11		
		ex2008 97 38	11		
		ex2008 97 51	11		
		ex2008 97 59	11		
		ex2008 97 72	11		
		ex2008 97 74	11		
		ex2008 97 76	11		
		ex2008 97 78	11		
		ex2008 97 92	11		
		ex2008 97 93	11		
		ex2008 97 94	11		
		ex2008 97 96	11		
		ex2008 97 97	11		
		ex2008 97 98	11		
		ex2008 99 28	10		
		ex2008 99 34	10		
		ex2008 99 37	10		
		ex2008 99 40	10		
		ex2008 99 49	60		

Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code ⁽¹⁾	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
		ex2008 99 67	95		
		ex2008 99 99	60		
	Flour, meal or	ex1106 30 90	60		
	powder of dried figs				
	(Food)				
	Pistachios, in shell	0802 51 00		Aflatoxins	50
	(Food)				
	Pistachios, shelled	0802 52 00		1	
	(Food)				
	Mixtures of nuts or dried fruits containing pistachios	ex0813 50 39	60		
		ex0813 50 91	60		
	(Food)	ex0813 50 99	60		
	Pistachio paste	ex2007 10 10	60		
	(Food)	ex2007 10 99	30		
		ex2007 99 39	03; 04		
		ex2007 99 50	32		
		ex2007 99 97	22		
	Pistachios, prepared or preserved, including mixtures	ex2008 19 13	20		
		ex2008 19 93	20		
	(Food)	ex2008 97 12	19		
		ex2008 97 14	19		
		ex2008 97 16	19		
		ex2008 97 18	19		
		ex2008 97 32	19		
		ex2008 97 34	19		
		ex2008 97 36	19		
		ex2008 97 38	19		
		ex2008 97 51	19		

Country of origin	Food and feed (intended use)	CN code ⁽¹⁾	TARIC sub- division	Hazard	Frequency of physical and identity checks (%)
		ex2008 97 59	19		
		ex2008 97 72	19		
		ex2008 97 74	19		
		ex2008 97 76	19		
		ex2008 97 78	19		
		ex2008 97 92	19		
		ex2008 97 93	19		
		ex2008 97 94	19		
		ex2008 97 96	19		
		ex2008 97 97	19		
		ex2008 97 98	19		
	Flour, meal and	ex1106 30 90	50		
	powder of pistachios				
	(Food)				
	Vine leaves	ex2008 99 99	11; 19	Pesticide	50
	(Food)			residues (4)(5)	
Uganda	Sesamum seeds (Food)	1207 40 90		Salmonella ⁽²⁾	20
(UG)					

- (1) Where only certain products under any CN code are required to be examined, the CN code is marked "ex".
- (2) The sampling and the analyses must be performed in accordance with the sampling procedures and the analytical reference methods set out in point 1(a) of Annex 3 to this Regulation.
- (3) The sampling and the analyses must be performed in accordance with the sampling procedures and the analytical reference methods set out in point 1(b) of Annex 3 to this Regulation.
- (4) Residues of at least those pesticides listed in the control programme adopted in accordance with Article 29(2) of Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council on maximum residue levels of pesticides in or on food and feed of plant and animal origin that can be analysed with multi-residue methods based on GC-MS and LC-MS (pesticides to be monitored in/on products of plant origin only).
- (5) Residues of dithiocarbamates (dithiocarbamates expressed as CS2, including maneb, mancozeb, metiram, propineb, thiram and ziram) and metrafenone.
- (6) The analytical report referred to in Article 10(3) of this Regulation must be issued by a laboratory accredited for the analysis of PCP in food and feed in accordance with BS EN ISO/IEC 17025:2017 "General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories" (published by the British Standards Institution on 30 June 2018 (ISBN 978 0 539 01414 3), and available from the British Standards Institution at https://knowledge.bsigroup.com). The analytical report must indicate: (a) the results of sampling and analysis for the presence of PCP, performed by the competent authorities of the country of origin or of the country where the consignment is consigned from if that country is different from the country of origin; (b) the measurement uncertainty of the analytical result; (c) the limit of detection (LOD) of the analytical method; (d) the limit of quantification (LOQ) of the analytical method. The extraction before analysis must be

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performed with an acidified solvent. The analysis must be carried out according to the modified version of the QuEChERS method or according to an equally reliable method. The modified version of the QuEChERS method is set out in the document "Analytical Quality Control and Method Validation Procedures for Pesticide Residues Analysis in Food and Feed" (SANTE 2017/11813), implemented on 1 January 2020 and available at https://www.eurl-pesticides.eu/userfiles/file/EurlALL/AqcGuidance_SANTE_2019_12682.pdf.

- (7) Residues of Carbofuran.
- (8) Residues of Ethylene Oxide (sum of ethylene oxide and 2-chloro-ethanol, expressed as ethylene oxide).

Table 2

Compound food referred to in Article 1(1)(b)(ii)

Compound food containing any of the individual products listed in Table 1 of this Annex due to risk of contamination by aflatoxins in a quantity above 20% of either a single product or as the sum of products listed.

CN Code (1)	Description
ex1704 90	Sugar confectionery (including white chocolate), not containing cocoa, other than chewing gum, whether or not sugar-coated.
ex1806	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa.
ex1905	Bread, pastry, cakes, biscuits and other bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa; communion wafers, empty cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products.
0910 91	Mixtures of spices (2). "

- (1) Where only certain products under any CN code are required to be examined, the CN code is marked "ex".
- (2) Mixtures of two or more of the products of different headings are to be classified in heading 0910.

SCHEDULE 3

Regulation 2(6)

Annex 3a to be inserted into Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793

"ANNEX 3a

Sampling procedure and analytical reference method for the control of presence of *Listeria* in food

Sampling procedure and analytical reference method for the control of presence of *Listeria* in food, referred to in Article 3(ea)

Analytical reference method ⁽¹⁾	Weight of consignment		Sampling procedures	Analytical result required for each sample unit of the same consignment
BS EN ISO 11290-1:2017 ⁽²⁾	Any weight	5	n sample units are collected of a minimum of 100 g each. If batches are identified in the CHED, the sample units must be collected from the different batches randomly chosen from the consignment. If batches cannot be identified, the sample units are collected randomly from the consignment. Pooling of sample units is not allowed. Each sample unit must be tested separately.	Listeria in 25g

- (1) The listed method must be used, or a method validated against it in accordance with the protocol set out in BS EN ISO 16140-2:2016 "Microbiology of the food chain. Method validation Protocol for the validation of alternative (proprietary) methods against a reference method". BS EN ISO 16140-2:2016 was published by the British Standards Institution on 31 July 2016 (ISBN 978 0 580 69940 5). Available from the British Standards Institution https://knowledge.bsigroup.com.
- (2) Under reference BS EN ISO 11290-1:2017 "Microbiology of the food chain. Horizontal method for the detection and enumeration of *Listeria monocytogenes* and of *Listeria* spp. Detection method". Published by the British Standards Institution on 31 August 2017 (ISBN 978 0 580 77715 8). Available from the British Standards Institution https://knowledge.bsigroup.com.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Regulations)

These Regulations amend, in relation to Wales, Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793 on the temporary increase of official controls and emergency measures governing the entry into the Union of certain goods from certain third countries (EUR 2019/1793).

Regulation 2 makes provision to update the lists of high-risk food and feed of non-animal origin in Annexes 1 and 2 to EUR 2019/1793. Regulation 2(4) and (5), and Schedules 1 and 2, substitute those Annexes. The substitution of Annex 1 is made using powers in Articles 47(2)(b) and 54(4)(a) of Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council on official controls and other official activities performed to ensure the application of food and feed law, rules on animal health and welfare, plant health and plant protection products (EUR 2017/625). The substitution of Annex 2 is made using powers in Article 53 of Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety (EUR 2002/178) and Article 54(4)(b) of EUR 2017/625.

Regulation 2(2), (3) and (6), and Schedule 3, amend EUR 2019/1793 to make provision in relation to sampling and analysis for the hazard *Listeria*. The prescribed sampling procedure and analytical reference method for the control of presence of *Listeria* in food is set out in the new Annex 3a to EUR 2019/1793 (inserted by regulation 2(6) and Schedule 3).

Regulation 3 makes consequential amendments to the Official Controls (Import of High-Risk Food and Feed of Non-Animal Origin) (Amendment of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793) (Wales) Regulations 2022 (S.I. 2022/1330 (W. 269), to remove earlier amendments to EUR 2019/1793 that are superseded by the amendments made by these Regulations.

Annex 1 to EUR 2019/1793 contains the list of food and feed of non-animal origin that is subject to a temporary increase in official controls at border control posts or at control points in Great Britain. The changes being made to Annex 1 are as follows.

- A new entry for groundnuts paste from Bolivia (for aflatoxins). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 50%.
- The entries for groundnuts (peanuts) and associated products, from Brazil, (for aflatoxins) have been removed.
- A correction to the table footnote reference in the entry for groundnuts (peanuts) and associated products, from Brazil (for pesticides residues).
- A new entry for groundnuts paste from Brazil (for pesticide residues). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 20%.
- A new entry for groundnuts paste from China (for aflatoxins). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 10%.
- The frequency of checks on sweet peppers (*Capsicum annum*) from China (for *Salmonella*) is decreased to 10% (from 20%).
- A new entry for granadilla (*Passiflora ligularis*) and passion fruit (*Passiflora edulis*) from Colombia (for pesticide residues). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 10%.
- A correction to the entry for yardlong beans from the Dominican Republic (for pesticides residues).
- A new entry for bananas from Ecuador (for pesticide residues). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 5%.
- A new entry for oranges from Egypt (for pesticide residues). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 10%.
- The frequency of checks on palm oil from Ghana (for Sudan dyes) is decreased to 20% (from 50%).
- A new entry for cinnamon and cinnamon-tree flowers from India (for pesticide residues). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 10%.
- A new entry for cloves (whole fruit, cloves and stems) from India (for pesticide residues). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 10%.

- A new entry for drumsticks (*Moringa oleifera*) from India (for pesticide residues). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 20%.
- A new entry for ginger, saffron, turmeric (*Curcuma*), thyme, bay leaves, curry and other spices, from India (for pesticide residues). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 10%.
- A new entry for nutmeg, mace and cardamoms from India (for pesticide residues). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 10%.
- New entries for rice from India (for aflatoxins and ochratoxin A, and for pesticide residues). The frequencies of checks for aflatoxins and ochratoxin A, and for pesticide residues are prescribed at 5%.
- A new entry for seeds of anise, badian, fennel, coriander, cumin or caraway, and for juniper berries, from India (for pesticide residues). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 10%.
- A new entry for melon seeds from Iran (for aflatoxins). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 10%.
- A new entry for peppers of the genus *Capsicum* (other than sweet) from Kenya (for pesticide residues). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 10%.
- A correction to the entry for yardlong beans from Cambodia (for pesticides residues).
- A new entry for cow peas (*Vigna unguiculata* subspp.) from Madagascar (for pesticide residues). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 10%.
- New entries for rice from Pakistan (for aflatoxins and ochratoxin A, and for pesticide residues). The frequencies of checks for aflatoxins and ochratoxin A, and for pesticide residues are prescribed at 5%.
- The entry for spice mixes from Pakistan (for aflatoxins) has been removed. The entry is transferred into Annex 2, Table 1 with a decrease to the frequency of checks (from 50% to 10%).
- A new entry for groundnuts paste from Senegal (for aflatoxins). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 50%.
- A new entry for *Sesamum* seeds from Syria. The frequency of checks is prescribed at 10%.
- A new entry for tahini and halva from *Sesamum* seeds, from Syria. The frequency of checks is prescribed at 10%.
- The frequency of checks on peppers of the genus *Capsicum* (other than sweet) from Thailand is increased to 50% (from 20%).
- The entries for hazelnuts (*Corylus* spp.) and associated products, from Türkiye, (for aflatoxins) have been removed.
- A new entry for groundnuts paste from the United States (for aflatoxins). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 10%.
- A new entry for pitahaya (dragon fruit) from Vietnam (for pesticide residues). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 50%. The entry is transferred into Annex 1 (from Annex 2, Table 1) with an increase in the frequency of checks (from 10%).

In Annex 2 to EUR 2019/1793, Table 1 contains the list of food and feed of non-animal origin for which special conditions are prescribed governing their entry into Great Britain. The changes being made to Annex 2, Table 1, are as follows.

- A new entry for enoki mushrooms from China (for *Listeria*). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 20%.
- A new entry for groundnuts paste from Egypt (for aflatoxins). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 20%.

- A new entry for vine leaves from Egypt (for pesticide residues). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 20%.
- A new entry for groundnuts paste from Ghana (for aflatoxins). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 50%.
- A new entry for groundnuts paste from The Gambia (for aflatoxins). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 50%.
- The frequency of checks on nutmeg (*Myristica fragrans*) from Indonesia (for aflatoxins) is decreased to 10% (from 20%).
- A new entry for groundnuts paste from India (for aflatoxins). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 50%.
- A new entry for peppers of the genus *Capsicum* (sweet or other than sweet) (food dried, roasted, crushed or ground) from India (for pesticide residues). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 20%.
- The frequency of checks on peppers of the genus *Capsicum* (other than sweet) (food fresh, chilled or frozen) from India (for pesticide residues) is increased to 20% (from 10%).
- A new entry for enoki mushrooms from South Korea (for *Listeria*). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 20%.
- A new entry for spice mixes from Pakistan (for aflatoxins). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 10%. The entry is transferred into Annex 2, Table 1 (from Annex 1) with a decrease to the frequency of checks (from 50%).
- A new entry for groundnuts paste from Sudan (for aflatoxins). The frequency of checks is prescribed at 50%.
- The entry for pitahaya (dragon fruit) from Vietnam (for pesticides residues) has been removed. The entry is transferred into Annex 1 with an increase in the frequency of checks (from 10% to 50%).

In Annex 2 to EUR 2019/1793, Table 2 contains a list of compound food containing any of the food listed in Table 1 to Annex 2 due to the risk of contamination by aflatoxins in a quantity above 20% of either a single product or as the sum of those products. Table 2 is restated with no changes.

Annex 2a to EUR 2019/1793 contains the list of food and feed of non-animal origin that is prohibited from entering Great Britain. There are no changes being made to Annex 2a.

The Welsh Ministers' Code of Practice on the carrying out of Regulatory Impact Assessments was considered in relation to these Regulations. As a result, it was not considered necessary to carry out a regulatory impact assessment as to the likely costs and benefits of complying with these Regulations.