



OFFERYNNAU STATUDOL
CYMRU

WELSH STATUTORY
INSTRUMENTS

2022 Rhif 70 (Cy. 26)

2022 No. 70 (W. 26)

**PYSGODFEYDD MÔR,
CYMRU**

SEA FISHERIES, WALES

Gorchymyn Gweithrediadau
Pysgota Môr (Dyfeisiau Monitro)
(Cymru) 2022

The Sea Fishing Operations
(Monitoring Devices) (Wales)
Order 2022

NODYN ESBONIADOL

(Nid yw'r nodyn hwn yn rhan o'r Gorchymyn)

Mae'r Gorchymyn hwn yn gymwys o ran cychod pysgota Cymreig (ym mha le bynnag y bônt) a chychod pysgota perthnasol sy'n pysgota yng Nghymru neu ym mharth Cymru. Mae'n rheoleiddio pysgota ar y môr a daw i rym ar 15 Chwefror 2022.

Mae erthygl 2 o'r Gorchymyn hwn yn diffinio termau a ddefnyddir yn y Gorchymyn hwn, gan gynnwys y diffiniad o "cwch pysgota Cymreig" a "cwch pysgota perthnasol" at ddibenion y Gorchymyn hwn.

Mae paragraff (1) o erthygl 3 o'r Gorchymyn hwn yn ei gwneud yn ofynnol i gychod pysgota Cymreig, wrth bysgota yn y môr, a chychod pysgota perthnasol, wrth bysgota yng Nghymru neu ym mharth Cymru, i fod â dyfais fonitro ar eu bwrdd, i hysbysu Gweinidogion Cymru am faterion penodol ac i wybodaeth benodol (yr wybodaeth ofynnol) gael ei throsglwyddo i Weinidogion Cymru o leiaf unwaith ym mhob cyfnod o ddeng munud. Mae paragraff (2) o erthygl 3 yn darparu bod perchennog, meist'r a siartwr (os oes un) (y person sydd â gofal) yn euog o drosedd os defnyddir y cwch pysgota yn groes i baragraff (1).

Mae erthygl 4 yn rhagnodi'r wybodaeth ofynnol y mae rhaid ei throsglwyddo i Weinidogion Cymru.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Order)

This Order applies in relation to Welsh fishing boats (wherever they may be) and relevant fishing boats fishing in Wales or the Welsh zone. It regulates fishing at sea and comes into force on 15 February 2022.

Article 2 of this Order defines terms used in this Order, including the definition of "Welsh fishing boat" and "relevant fishing boat" for the purpose of this Order.

Article 3, paragraph (1) of this Order requires Welsh fishing boats, when fishing at sea, and relevant fishing boats, when fishing in Wales or the Welsh zone, to have a monitoring device on board, to notify the Welsh Ministers of certain matters and for certain information (the required information) to be transmitted to the Welsh Ministers at least once in every ten minute period. Paragraph (2) of article 3 provides the owner, master and charterer (if any) (the person in charge) is guilty of an offence if the fishing boat is used on contravention of paragraph (1).

Article 4 prescribes the required information that must be transmitted to the Welsh Ministers.

Mae erthygl 5 yn darparu ar gyfer rhwymedigaethau parhaus ar y person sydd â gofal o ran y ddyfais fonitro.

Mae erthygl 6 yn nodi gofynion penodol sy'n gymwys i'r person sydd â gofal os nad yw'r ddyfais fonitro yn gallu trosglwyddo'r wybodaeth ofynnol.

Yn rhinwedd adran 5(4) o Ddeddf Pysgodfeydd Môr 1968 (p. 77), mae torri'r Gorchymyn hwn yn drosedd sy'n dwyn cosb ar gollfarn ddiannod o ddirwy ddiderfyn.

Ystyriwyd Cod Ymarfer Gweinidogion Cymru ar gynnal Asesiadau Effaith Rheoleiddiol mewn perthynas â'r Gorchymyn hwn. O ganlyniad, lluniwyd Asesiad Effaith Rheoleiddiol o'r costau a'r manteision sy'n debygol o ddeillio o gydymffurfio â'r Gorchymyn hwn. Gellir cael copi oddi wrth: Llywodraeth Cymru, Parc Cathays, Caerdydd CF10 3NQ.

Article 5 provides for continuing obligations on the person in charge regarding the monitoring device.

Article 6 sets out certain requirements which apply to the person in charge in the event of the monitoring device becoming incapable of transmitting the required information.

By virtue of section 5(4) of the Sea Fisheries Act 1968 (c. 77), breach of this Order constitutes an offence punishable on summary conviction by an unlimited fine.

The Welsh Ministers' Code of Practice on the carrying out of Regulatory Impact Assessments was considered in relation to this Order. As a result, a Regulatory Impact Assessment has been prepared as to the likely costs and benefits of complying with this Order. A copy can be obtained from the Welsh Government, Cathays Park, Cardiff, CF10 3NQ.

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**PYSGODFEYDD MÔR,
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SEA FISHERIES, WALES

**Gorchymyn Gweithrediadau
Pysgota Môr (Dyfeisiau Monitro)
(Cymru) 2022**

**The Sea Fishing Operations
(Monitoring Devices) (Wales)
Order 2022**

Gwnaed 24 Ionawr 2022
Gosodwyd gerbron *Senedd*
Cymru 27 Ionawr 2022
Yn dod i rym 15 Chwefror 2022

Made 24 January 2022
Laid before Senedd Cymru 27 January 2022
Coming into force 15 February 2022

Mae Gweinidogion Cymru yn gwneud y Gorchymyn a ganlyn drwy arfer y pwerau a roddir gan adran 5(1) o Ddeddf Pysgodfeydd Môr 1968(1) sydd bellach wedi eu breinio ynddynt hwy(2).

The Welsh Ministers make the following Order in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5(1) of the Sea Fisheries Act 1968(1) which are now vested in them(2).

(1) 1968 p. 77 (“Deddf 1968”). Diwygiwyd adran 5(1) gan adran 4(2) o Ddeddf Terfynau Pysgodfeydd 1976 (p. 86). *Gweler* adran 19 o Ddeddf 1968 am ddiffiniad o “the Ministers”; diwygiwyd y diffiniad o “the Ministers” yn adran 19 gan O.S. 1999/1820, erthygl 4, Atodlen 2, Rhan I, paragraff 48(1) a (5)(c).

(2) Yn rhinwedd erthygl 2 o Orchymyn Cynulliad Cenedlaethol Cymru (Trosglwyddo Swyddogaethau) 1999 (O.S. 1999/672) trosglwyddwyd y swyddogaethau sy’n arferadwy o dan adran 5 o Ddeddf 1968 i Gynulliad Cenedlaethol Cymru i’r graddau y maent yn arferadwy o ran Cymru (gan weithredu ar y cyd ag unrhyw un o Weinidogion y Goron y mae’r pwerau hynny yn arferadwy ganddynt ynghylch adnabod a marcio cychod pysgota). Trosglwyddwyd y swyddogaethau hynny o eiddo Cynulliad Cenedlaethol Cymru i Weinidogion Cymru yn rhinwedd adran 162 o Ddeddf Llywodraeth Cymru 2006 (p. 32) a pharagraff 30 o Atodlen 11 iddi. Yn rhinwedd erthyglau 4(1)(c) a 5(1)(c) o Orchymyn Parth Cymru (Ffiniau a Throsglwyddo Swyddogaethau) 2010 (O.S. 2010/760), trosglwyddwyd ymhellach swyddogaethau sy’n arferadwy o dan adran 5 o Ddeddf 1968 i Weinidogion Cymru mewn perthynas â pharth Cymru (gan weithredu ar y cyd ag unrhyw un o Weinidogion y Goron y mae’r pwerau hynny yn arferadwy ganddynt o dan adran 5 ynghylch adnabod a marcio cychod pysgota). Yn rhinwedd adran 59A o Ddeddf Llywodraeth Cymru 2006, a pharagraff 2(1) a (2)(c) o Atodlen 3A iddi, trosglwyddwyd ymhellach swyddogaethau sy’n arferadwy o dan adran 5 o Ddeddf 1968 i Weinidogion Cymru mewn perthynas â chychod pysgota Cymreig y tu hwnt i derfyn parth Cymru (gan weithredu ar y cyd ag unrhyw un o Weinidogion y Goron y mae’r pwerau hynny yn arferadwy ganddynt mewn perthynas â swyddogaethau o dan adran 5(1) a (2)(a) o Ddeddf 1968). *Gweler* paragraff 2(4) o Atodlen 3A am y diffiniad o “Welsh fishing boat” (“cwch pysgota Cymreig”).

(1) 1968 c. 77 (“the 1968 Act”). Section 5(1) was amended by the Fishery Limits Act 1976 (c. 86), section 4(2). *See* section 19 of the 1968 Act for a definition of “the Ministers”; the definition of “the Ministers” in section 19 was amended by S.I. 1999/1820, article 4, Schedule 2, Part I, paragraph 48(1) and (5)(c).

(2) By virtue of article 2 of, and Schedule 1 to, the National Assembly for Wales (Transfer of Functions) Order 1999 (S.I. 1999/672) the functions exercisable under section 5 of the 1968 Act were transferred to the National Assembly for Wales in so far as exercisable in relation to Wales (acting concurrently with any Minister of the Crown by whom they are exercisable in relation to functions under section 5 relating to the identification and marking of fishing boats). Those functions of the National Assembly for Wales were transferred to the Welsh Ministers by virtue of section 162 of, and paragraph 30 of Schedule 11 to, the Government of Wales Act 2006 (c. 32). By virtue of articles 4(1)(c) and 5(1)(c) of the Welsh Zone (Boundaries and Transfer of Functions) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/760), functions exercisable under section 5 of the 1968 Act were further transferred to the Welsh Ministers in relation to the Welsh zone (acting concurrently with any Minister of the Crown by whom they are exercisable in relation to functions under section 5 relating to the identification and marking of fishing boats). By virtue of section 59A of, and paragraph 2(1) and (2)(c) of Schedule 3A to, the Government of Wales Act 2006, functions exercisable under section 5 of the 1968 Act were further transferred to the Welsh Ministers in relation to Welsh fishing boats beyond the seaward limit of the Welsh zone (acting concurrently with any Minister of the Crown by whom they are exercisable in relation to functions under section 5(1) and (2)(a) of the 1968 Act). *See* paragraph 2(4) of Schedule 3A for the definition of “Welsh fishing boat”.

Enwi, cychwyn, rhychwantu a chymhwys

1.—(1) Enw'r Gorchymyn hwn yw Gorchymyn Gweithrediadau Pysgota Môr (Dyfeisiau Monitro) (Cymru) 2022.

(2) Daw'r Gorchymyn hwn i rym ar 15 Chwefror 2022.

(3) Mae'r Gorchymyn hwn—

- (a) yn rhychwantu Cymru a Lloegr;
- (b) yn gymwys mewn perthynas â—
 - (i) cychod pysgota Cymreig ar y môr, ym mha le bynnag y bônt;
 - (ii) cychod pysgota perthnasol sy'n pysgota yng Nghymru neu ym mharth Cymru.

Dehongli

2. Yn y Gorchymyn hwn—

ystyr “cwch pysgota Cymreig” (“*Welsh fishing boat*”) yw llestr bysgota o lai na 12 metr o hyd sydd—

- (a) wedi ei chofrestru yn y Deyrnas Unedig o dan Ran 2 o Ddeddf Llongau Masnach 1995(1) ac y mae ei chofnod yn y gofrestr honno yn pennu porthladd yng Nghymru y mae'r llestr i'w thrin fel pe bai yn perthyn iddo; a
- (b) wedi ei thrwyddedu o dan adran 15 o Ddeddf Pysgodfeydd 2020;

ystyr “cwch pysgota perthnasol” (“*relevant fishing boat*”) yw llestr bysgota o lai na 12 metr o hyd sydd wedi ei thrwyddedu o dan adran 15 neu adran 17 o Ddeddf Pysgodfeydd 2020(2), ac eithrio cwch pysgota Cymreig;

ystyr “dyfais fonitro” (“*monitoring device*”) yw dyfais sydd â rhif adnabod unigryw ac sy'n gallu trosglwyddo'r wybodaeth ofynnol bob 30 eiliad;

ystyr “gweithrediadau pysgota” (“*fishing operations*”) yw dal pysgod ac mae'n cynnwys gweithgareddau sy'n ategol i hynny;

ystyr “hyd” (“*length*”) mewn perthynas â chwch pysgota, yw'r hyd a gyfrifir yn unol â'r rheolau a bennir yn Erthygl 2(1) o Reoliad (EU) 2017/1130 Senedd Ewrop a'r Cyngor dyddiedig 14 Mehefin 2017 sy'n diffinio nodweddion llestrau pysgota(3);

Title, commencement, extent and application

1.—(1) The title of this Order is the Sea Fishing Operations (Monitoring Devices) (Wales) Order 2022.

(2) This Order comes into force on 15 February 2022.

(3) This Order—

- (a) extends to England and Wales;
- (b) applies in relation to—
 - (i) Welsh fishing boats fishing at sea, wherever they may be;
 - (ii) relevant fishing boats fishing in Wales or the Welsh zone.

Interpretation

2. In this Order—

“fishing operations” (“*gweithrediadau pysgota*”) means catching fish and includes activities ancillary thereto;

“Fleet Register Number” (“*Rhif Cofrestr Fflyd*”) means—

- (a) the United Kingdom fleet register number assigned to the vessel by the Secretary of State as referred to in Article 8 of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/218(1); or
- (b) the common fleet register number assigned to the vessel by a member State as referred to in Article 8 of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/218 on the Union fishing fleet register (2);

“IRCS” (“*IRCS*”) means the international radio call sign of the fishing boat(3);

“length” (“*hyd*”) in relation to a fishing boat, means the length calculated in accordance with the rules specified in Article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) 2017/1130 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2017 defining characteristics for fishing vessels(4);

“monitoring device” (“*dyfais fonitro*”) means a device which has a unique identification number and is capable of transmitting the required information every 30 seconds;

(1) 1995 p. 21. Diwygiwyd Rhan 2 gan O.S. 2002/794 ac O.S.2015/664.

(2) 2020 p. 22.

(3) EUR 2017/1130.

(1) EUR 2017/218.

(2) OJ No. L 34, 9.2.2017, p. 9.

(3) The international radio call sign is allocated to a fishing boat by the national telecommunications authority to all vessels with radio equipment on board, as part of the radio licensing process. Each country is allocated a call sign series by the International Telecommunication Union.

(4) EUR 2017/1130.

ystyr “IRCS” (“*IRCS*”) yw arwydd galwad radio rhyngwladol y cwch pysgota(1);

ystyr “y person sydd â gofal” (“*the person in charge*”) yw perchennog, meistwr neu siartrwr, os oes un, y cwch pysgota;

ystyr “Rhif Cofrestr Fflyd” (“*Fleet Register Number*”) yw—

- (a) y rhif cofrestr fflyd y Deyrnas Unedig a aseiniwyd i'r llestr gan yr Ysgrifennydd Gwladol fel y cyfeirir ato yn Erthygl 8 o Reoliad Gweithredu'r Comisiwn (UE) 2017/218(2); neu
- (b) y rhif cofrestr fflyd gyffredin a aseiniwyd i'r llestr gan Aelod-wladwriaeth fel y cyfeirir ato yn Erthygl 8 o Reoliad Gweithredu'r Comisiwn (EU) 2017/218 ar gofrestr fflyd bysgota'r Undeb(3);

ystyr “yr wybodaeth ofynnol” (“*the required information*”) yw'r wybodaeth a bennir yn erthygl 4.

Rheoleiddio gweithrediadau pysgota

3.—(1) Ni chaniateir i'r cwch pysgota ymgymryd â gweithrediadau pysgota oni bai—

- (a) bod dyfais fonitro wedi ei gosod arno;
- (b) yr hysbyswyd Gweinidogion Cymru ynghylch—
 - (i) rhif adnabod unigryw'r ddyfais fonitro;
 - (ii) enw'r cwch pysgota y mae'r ddyfais fonitro wedi ei gosod arno;
 - (iii) Rhif Cofrestru Fflyd neu IRCS y cwch pysgota; ac
- (c) bod y ddyfais fonitro yn trosglwyddo'r wybodaeth ofynnol i Weinidogion Cymru o leiaf unwaith ym mhob cyfnod o ddeng munud.

(2) Pan fo'r cwch pysgota yn cael ei ddefnyddio yn groes i baragraff (1), mae'r person sydd â gofal amdano yn euog o drosedd.

Yr Wybodaeth Ofynnol

4. Yr wybodaeth ofynnol yw—

- (a) rhif adnabod unigryw'r ddyfais fonitro;

(1) Dyrennir yr arwydd galwad radio rhyngwladol i gwch pysgota gan yr awdurdod telathrebu cenedlaethol i bob llestr sydd â chyfarpar radio ar ei bwrdd, fel rhan o'r broses trwyddedu radio. Dyrennir cyfres o arwyddion galwad i bob gwlad gan yr Undeb Telathrebu Rhyngwladol.

(2) EUR 2017/218.

(3) OJ Rhif L 34, 9.2.2017, t. 9.

“relevant fishing boat” (“*cwch pysgota perthnasol*”) means a fishing vessel of less than 12 metres in length which is licensed under section 15 or section 17 of the Fisheries Act 2020(1), other than a Welsh fishing boat;

“the person in charge” (“*person sydd â gofal*”) means the owner, master and charterer, if any, of the fishing boat;

“the required information” (“*yr wybodaeth ofynnol*”) means the information specified in article 4;

“Welsh fishing boat” (“*cwch pysgota Cymreig*”) means a fishing vessel of less than 12 metres in length which is—

- (a) registered in the United Kingdom under Part 2 of the Merchant Shipping Act 1995(2) and whose entry in that register specifies a port in Wales at which the vessel is to be treated as belonging; and
- (b) licensed under section 15 of the Fisheries Act 2020.

Regulation of fishing operations

3.—(1) The fishing boat must not undertake fishing operations unless—

- (a) it has a monitoring device installed;
- (b) the Welsh Ministers have been notified of—
 - (i) the unique identification number of the monitoring device;
 - (ii) the name of the fishing boat upon which the monitoring device is installed;
 - (iii) the Fleet Register Number or IRCS of the fishing boat; and
- (c) the monitoring device transmits the required information to the Welsh Ministers at least once in every ten minute period.

(2) Where the fishing boat is used in contravention of paragraph (1), the person in charge is guilty of an offence.

Required Information

4. The required information is—

- (a) the unique identification number of the monitoring device;

(1) 2020 c. 22.

(2) 1995 c. 21. Part 2 has been amended by S.I. 2002/794 and S.I. 2015/664.

- (b) safle daearyddol diweddaraf y cwch hwnnw gan ddefnyddio cyfesurynnau lledred a hydred ar System Geodetig y Byd 1984(1), gyda chyfeiriornad safle o lai na 10 metr;
- (c) dyddiad ac amser, wedi eu mynegi mewn Amser Cyffredinol Cyd-drefnedig, unrhyw safle daearyddol y cwch hwnnw; a
- (d) cyflymder a chwrs y cwch hwnnw ar yr adeg honno.

Cyfrifoldebau parhaus ynghylch y dyfeisiau monitro

5. Rhaid i'r person sydd â gofal am y cwch pysgota wneud pob ymdrech resymol i sicrhau—

- (a) nad oes modd gwrthwneud y ddyfais fonitro â llaw;
- (b) nad yw'r ddyfais fonitro yn cael ei dinistrio, ei difrodi, ei gwneud yn anweithredol, neu nas amherir â hi fel arall;
- (c) nad yw unrhyw antena sy'n gysylltiedig â'r ddyfais fonitro yn cael ei rwystro mewn unrhyw ffordd; a
- (d) nad yw'r cyflenwad pŵer i'r ddyfais fonitro yn cael ei dorri.

Methiant Dyfais Fonitro

6.—(1) Os nad yw'r ddyfais fonitro ar fwrdd y cwch pysgota yn gallu trosglwyddo'r wybodaeth ofynnol, rhaid i'r person sydd â gofal, ar yr adeg y mae'n gwybod, neu y gellir disgwyl yn rhesymol iddo wybod, bod y ddyfais wedi stopio trosglwyddo'r wybodaeth—

- (a) hysbysu Gweinidogion Cymru nad yw'r ddyfais fonitro yn gallu trosglwyddo'r wybodaeth ofynnol; a
- (b) sicrhau nad yw'r cwch pysgota yn ymgymryd ag unrhyw weithrediadau pysgota pellach hyd nes y gall y ddyfais fonitro drosglwyddo'r wybodaeth berthnasol yn unol ag erthygl 3(1)(c) a bod hysbysiad ynghylch hynny wedi ei roi i Weinidogion Cymru.

- (b) the most recent geographical position of that boat using coordinates of latitude and longitude on the World Geodetic System 1984(1), with a position error of less than 10 metres;
- (c) the date and time expressed in Co-ordinated Universal Time of any geographical position of that boat; and
- (d) the speed and course of that boat at that time.

Ongoing responsibilities concerning the monitoring devices

5. The person in charge of the fishing boat must use all reasonable endeavours to ensure that—

- (a) the monitoring device is not capable of being manually overridden;
- (b) the monitoring device is not destroyed, damaged, rendered inoperative, or otherwise interfered with;
- (c) any antenna connected to the monitoring device is not obstructed in any way; and
- (d) the power supply to the monitoring device is not interrupted.

Failure of a Monitoring Device

6.—(1) If the monitoring device on board the fishing boat becomes incapable of transmitting the required information, the person in charge, at the point at which they know, or could reasonably be expected to know the device had stopped transmitting, must—

- (a) notify the Welsh Ministers that the monitoring device is incapable of transmitting the required information; and
- (b) ensure the fishing boat does not undertake any further fishing operations until the monitoring device is capable of transmitting the relevant information in accordance with article 3(1)(c) and notice of that fact has been given the Welsh Ministers.

(1) Mae System Geodetig y Byd 1984 ("WGS 84") yn diffinio ffrâm gyfeirio ar gyfer y ddaear, i'w defnyddio ym maes geodeseg a mordwyaeth. Fe'i datblygwyd gan Asiantaeth Gwybodaeth Geofodol yr Unol Daleithiau, a chaiff ei chynnal ganddi. Diffinnir WGS 84 ym mharagraff 2.1 o Adroddiad Technegol Asiantaeth Genedlaethol Delweddau a Mapiau'r Unol Daleithiau TR8350.2, trydydd argraffiad, diwygiad 1 dyddiedig 3 Ionawr 2000 o'r enw "Department of Defense World Geodetic System 1984" <https://gis-lab.info/docs/nima-tr8350.2-wgs84fin.pdf>.

(1) The World Geodetic System 1984 ("WGS 84") defines a reference frame for the earth, for use in geodesy and navigation. It was developed by the United States' National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency and is maintained by it. WGS 84 is defined at paragraph 2.1 of the United States' National Imagery and Mapping Agency Technical Report TR8350.2, third edition, amendment 1 of 3rd January 2000 entitled "Department of Defense World Geodetic System 1984" <https://gis-lab.info/docs/nima-tr8350.2-wgs84fin.pdf>.

(2) Rhaid i hysbysiad o dan baragraff (1)(a) neu (b) gynnwys—

- (a) rhif adnabod unigryw'r ddyfais fonitro;
- (b) enw'r cwch pysgota y mae'r ddyfais fonitro wedi ei gosod arno;
- (c) Rhif Cofrestru Fflyd neu IRCS y cwch pysgota; a
- (d) pan fo hynny'n hysbys i'r person sydd â gofal—
 - (i) yr amser pryd stopiodd y ddyfais fonitro drosglwyddo'r wybodaeth ofynnol;
 - (ii) y rheswm neu'r rhesymau dros fethiant y ddyfais fonitro i weithio'n gywir;
 - (iii) pa elfen o'r wybodaeth ofynnol nad yw'r ddyfais fonitro berthnasol yn gallu ei throsglwyddo.

(2) A notification under paragraph (1)(a) or (b) must include—

- (a) the unique identification number of the monitoring device;
- (b) the name of the fishing boat upon which the monitoring device is installed;
- (c) the Fleet Register Number or IRCS of the fishing boat; and
- (d) where known by the person in charge—
 - (i) the time at which the monitoring device stopped transmitting the required information;
 - (ii) the reason or reasons that the monitoring device ceased to function correctly;
 - (iii) what element of the required information the relevant monitoring device is incapable of transmitting.

Lesley Griffiths,

y Gweinidog Materion Gwledig a Gogledd Cymru, a'r
Trefnydd, un o Weinidogion Cymru
24 Ionawr 2022

Minister for Rural Affairs and North Wales, and
Trefnydd, one of the Welsh Ministers
24 January 2022

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