The National Assembly for Wales in exercise of the powers conferred on it by sections 16(1), (1A), (2), (3), (4), (5) and (5A) and 36 of the Plant Varieties and Seeds Act 1964(1) after consultation in accordance with section 16(1) of that Act with representatives of such interests as appear to it to be concerned, makes the following Regulations:

PART I
GENERAL

Title, extent and commencement

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Oil and Fibre Plant Seed (Wales) Regulations 2004, they extend to Wales and come into force on 13 December 2004.

General interpretation

2.—(1) In these Regulations —

“the Act” means the Plant Varieties and Seeds Act 1964;

“Annex V(C) document” means an official document of the type specified in the second indented sub-paragraph of the first paragraph of Article 19(2) of the Oil and Fibre Plant Seed Directive containing the particulars specified in Part C of Annex V to the Directive;

“another member State” means an EEA State other than the United Kingdom;

“approved seed certification authority” means an authority specified in column 2 of the table set out in Part I of the Annex to the Third Country Equivalence Decision;

(1) 1964 c. 14; section 16 was amended by section 4(1) of, and paragraph 5(1), (2) and (3) of Schedule 4 to, the European Communities Act 1972, S.I. 1977/1112 and section 2 of the Agriculture Act 1986 (c. 49 Under the Transfer of Functions (Wales)(No.1) Order 1978 (S.I. 1978/272), article 2(1) and Schedule 2, the functions of the Minister of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food under the Plant Varieties and Seeds Act 1964 were, so far as they are exercisable in relation to Wales, transferred to the Secretary of State and under the National Assembly for Wales (Transfer of Functions) Order 1999 (S.I. 1999/672), article 2(1) and Schedule 1, the functions transferred to the Secretary of State by the 1978 transfer Order were transferred to the National Assembly for Wales.
“authorised officer” means an officer authorised for the purposes of these Regulations by the National Assembly for Wales, the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development;

“blended seed lot” means a seed lot obtained by blending seed where the seed that goes into the blend is —
(a) of the same variety;
(b) has come from different sources; and
(c) either —
   (i) has been officially certified;
   (ii) has not been officially certified but has been harvested from a seed crop for which a field inspection report has been issued showing that the crop met the Directive crop conditions for the relevant category of seed; or
   (iii) is made up of seed that has been officially certified and seed that has not but for which a field inspection report of the type specified in sub-paragraph (ii) has been issued;

“breeder” —
(a) in relation to a variety that has not been entered in a National List or the Common Catalogue, includes any person lawfully multiplying (on his own account) seed bred by another, and
(b) in relation to a variety that has been so entered, means the maintainer of the variety;

“breeder’s seed” means seed which has been produced by or under the responsibility of the breeder and which is intended for the production of pre-basic or basic seed;

“Common Catalogue” means the Common Catalogue of varieties of species of agricultural plants published in the Official Journal of the European Communities;


“component” means —
(a) in the case of pre-basic seed, a component used in the production of a hybrid variety; and
(b) in the case of basic seed, a component of a hybrid variety;

“control plot” means a plot sown with seed from an official sample of seed from a seed lot (whether the official sample of the seed submitted with a regulation 6 application in accordance with regulation 6(2) or another official sample of the seed);

“Department of Agriculture and Rural Development” means the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development in Northern Ireland;

“Directive crop conditions” means the conditions laid down in Annex I to the Oil and Fibre Plant Seed Directive;

“Directive seed conditions” means the conditions laid down in Annex II to the Oil and Fibre Plant Seed Directive;

“the EC minimum percentage of germination” means the appropriate percentage of germination specified in column 2 of the table in paragraph 8 of Schedule 4;

“EEA State” means a Member State, Norway, Iceland or Lichtenstein;

“entered seed lot” means a seed lot in respect of which an application has been made under regulation 6 in accordance with regulation 6(2)(a), (b)(i) and (c);

“equivalent third country” means a country specified in column 1 of the table set out in Part I of the Annex to the Third Country Equivalence Decision;


“germination condition” means the condition laid down in paragraph 8 of Schedule 4;

“homogeneous seed lot” means a seed lot that has been subject to appropriate mixing and blending techniques so that the seed in the lot is as uniform as practicable;

“ISTA” means the International Seed Testing Association;

“late entered seed lot” means a seed lot in respect of which an application has been made under regulation 6(1) in accordance with regulation 6(2)(a), (b)(ii) and (c);

“licensed crop inspector” means a person who has been granted a licence under regulation 11 of the Seed (Registration, Licensing and Enforcement)(England) Regulations 2002 or by the National Assembly for Wales, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development under provisions equivalent to that regulation;

“licensed EC crop inspector” means a person authorised by a competent seed certification authority in another member State, pursuant to Article 2(5)(a)(iii) of the Oil and Fibre Plant Seed Directive, to carry out field inspections of crops in that member State;

“licensed EC seed testing station” means a seed testing laboratory authorised by the competent seed certification authority in another member State, pursuant to Article 3 of Commission Decision 98/320/EC(4) on the organisation of a temporary experiment on seed sampling and seed testing pursuant to Council Directives 66/400/EEC, 66/401/EEC, 66/402/EEC and 69/208/EEC as last amended by Commission Decision 2002/280/EC(5), to carry out seed testing in that member State;

“licensed seed sampler” means a person who has been granted a licence under regulation 18 of the Seed (Registration, Licensing and Enforcement)(England) Regulations 2002 or by the National Assembly for Wales, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development under provisions equivalent to that regulation;

“licensed seed testing station” means a laboratory in respect of which a licence has been granted under regulation 25 of the Seed (Registration, Licensing and Enforcement)(England) Regulations 2002 or by the National Assembly for Wales, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development under provisions equivalent to that regulation;

“licensed third country crop inspector” means a person authorised by an approved seed certification authority in an equivalent third country pursuant to —

(a) in the case of seed other than soya bean seed, the OECD Crucifer and Oil and Fibre Seed Scheme, and

(b) in the case of soya bean seed, the OECD Grass and Legume Seed Scheme;

to carry out field inspections of crops in that country;

“licensed third country seed testing station” means a seed testing laboratory authorised by the approved seed certification authority in an equivalent third country, pursuant to the provisions of the second paragraph of Article 2(4) of, and Annex V to, the OECD Decision, to carry out seed testing in that country;

“listed variety” means a plant variety that is entered in a National List or the Common Catalogue;

“listing” means the entry of a variety on a National List or the Common Catalogue and “listed” shall be construed accordingly;

“maintainer” means a person who is indicated in a National List or in the Common Catalogue as responsible for maintaining a plant variety in accordance with the characteristics to which regard was had when the plant variety was entered in the List or the Common Catalogue;

“marketing extension” means an extension granted by the National Assembly for Wales, the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers, the Department for Agriculture and Rural Development or the competent seed certification authority in another member State pursuant to Article 15 of the Common Catalogue Directive allowing an extended period for the certification and marketing of seed of a variety that has been deleted from its catalogue and the Common Catalogue;

“member State” means an EEA State;

“a National List” means a list of varieties of oil and fibre plant species for the time being published in accordance with the Seeds (National Lists of Varieties) Regulations 2001(6);

“OECD” means the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development;

“OECD Certificate” means a certificate issued by or on behalf of an approved seed certification authority in an equivalent third country under —

(a) in the case of seed other than soya bean seed, the OECD Crucifer and Oil and Fibre Seed Scheme, and

(b) in the case of soya bean seed, the OECD Grass and Legume Seed Scheme;

“OECD Crucifer and Oil and Fibre Seed Scheme” means the OECD Scheme for the varietal certification of crucifer seed and other oil and fibre species seed moving in international trade in Annex VII to the OECD Decision;

“OECD Decision” means the Decision of the OECD Council revising the OECD Schemes for Varietal Certification of the Control of Seed Moving in International Trade(7);

“OECD Grass and Legume Seed Scheme” means the OECD Scheme for the varietal certification of grass and legume seed moving in international trade in Annex VI to the OECD Decision;

“OECD List” means the OECD List of Varieties Eligible for Certification;

“official label” means a label issued or authorised by or on behalf of the National Assembly for Wales, the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development;

“official measures” includes —

(a) the disposal and determination, where applicable, of applications made in accordance with regulation 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 18 and 19, including the growing and assessment of control plots and the carrying out of field inspections and seed testing in connection with the disposal and determination of such applications; and

(b) the receipt and acknowledgement of notifications given under regulation 7, and such other activities as may be necessary for those purposes;

“official sample” means a sample of seed taken from a seed lot in accordance with regulation 23 and “official sampling” shall be construed accordingly;

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(6) S.I. 2001/3510.
“official UK field inspection” means a field inspection carried out by or on behalf of the National Assembly for Wales, the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development;

“official UK seed test” means a seed test carried out by or on behalf of the National Assembly for Wales, the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development;


“a Part II.A(3) official certificate” means an official certificate of the type specified in subparagraph 3 of paragraph A of Part II of the Annex to the Third Country Equivalence Decision;

“previously listed variety” means a plant variety that was previously entered in —

(a) a National List or, in the case of another member State, the catalogue maintained by that State pursuant to Article 3 of the Common Catalogue Directive, and

(b) the Common Catalogue,

but which has been removed from both of them;

“registered person” means a person registered under regulation 5 of the Seed (Registration, Licensing and Enforcement)(England) Regulations 2002 as a person who may engage in a relevant seed industry activity;

“Schedule 4 germination test” means a test to determine whether the seed being tested attains the percentage of germination specified in column 2 of the table in paragraph 8 of Schedule 4;

“the Secretary of State” means the Secretary of State for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs;

“seed industry activity” has the same meaning as in regulation 2 of the Seed (Registration, Licensing and Enforcement)(England) Regulations 2002;

“seed lot” means an identifiable consignment of seeds of a weight that does not exceed the weight specified in column 2 of the table in Schedule 7 for the species specified in column 1 of that table by more than 5% and that bears a unique seed lot reference number, and includes a blended seed lot and a seed lot that contains seed from different crops of the same variety grown on the same holding and combined on the grower’s holding prior to processing;

“seed that has been subject to satisfactory official post control” means seed from a seed lot for which a control plot has been sown by or on behalf of the National Assembly for Wales, the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development and which has produced plants which have been examined by or on behalf of the National Assembly for Wales, the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, as the case may be, and has been found, having regard to —

(a) the conditions laid down in —

(i) paragraphs 4 to 11 and 13 of Schedule 3, and

(ii) paragraphs 1 to 3, 10, 11 and 12 of Schedule 4, and

(b) the category of the seed to be produced,

to be satisfactory seed from which to produce that category of seed;

“small package” means a package of officially certified seed of any category not exceeding 15 kilograms in weight;


“third country” means a country other than a member State;
“the Third Country Equivalence Decision” means Council Decision 95/514/EC(10) on the
equivalence of field inspections carried out in third countries on seed producing crops and on
the equivalence of seed produced in third countries as last amended by Commission Decision
2002/276/EC(11);
“a UK field inspection carried out under official supervision” means an examination of a crop
carried out under official supervision by a licensed crop inspector;
“a UK seed test carried out under official supervision” means a seed test carried out under
official supervision by a licensed seed testing laboratory;
“unlisted variety” means a variety that is not a listed variety; and
“whenever carried out” —
(a) in relation to an official UK field inspection of a crop being grown to produce seed of a
listed variety or a component of a listed hybrid variety, means an inspection carried out
before or after the listing of the variety or hybrid variety;
(b) in relation to an official UK field inspection of a crop being grown to produce seed of a
previously listed variety or a component of a previously listed hybrid variety, means
an inspection carried out while the variety or hybrid variety was listed or after it became
unlisted;
(c) in relation to an official UK seed test or a UK seed test carried out under official
supervision of seed of a listed variety or a component of a listed hybrid variety, means a
test carried out before or after the listing of the variety or hybrid variety; and
(d) in relation to an official UK seed test or a UK seed test carried out under official
supervision of seed of a previously listed variety or a component of a previously listed
hybrid variety, means a test carried out while the variety or hybrid variety was listed or
after it became unlisted.

(2) All applications, approvals, authorisations, notices, notifications, notices and statements to
which these Regulations apply shall be made in writing.

(3) “Writing” in paragraph (2) shall include an electronic communication within the meaning of
the Electronic Communications Act 2000(12) provided that —
(a) any document of the type referred to in paragraph (2) shall only be sent to the National
Assembly for Wales by an electronic communication if the National Assembly for Wales
has represented that electronic communication is a means by which persons can send such
document to it, and
(b) notifications required to be made by the National Assembly for Wales to any person
shall only be made by an electronic communication if the intended recipient has himself
or herself used the same form of electronic communication in communicating with the
National Assembly for Wales for the purpose of these Regulations or has otherwise
represented that that form of electronic communication is a means by which the National
Assembly for Wales can communicate with him or her.

(4) Expressions in these Regulations which are not defined in this regulation, elsewhere in these
Regulations or in the Schedules to these Regulations and which appear in the Oil and Fibre Plant
Seed Directive have the same meaning in these Regulations as they have in that Directive.

(5) Schedule 1, which contains definitions of pre-basic seed and similar expressions, basic seed
and similar expressions, CS, C1, C2 and C3 seed and similar expressions, commercial seed and

(10) O.J. No. L296, 9.12.95, p.34.
(12) 2000 c. 7.
similar expressions and expressions relating to imported not finally certified seed, shall apply to the interpretation of these Regulations.

Definitions relating to plant species

3. In these Regulations —
   “black mustard” means plants of the species Brassica nigra (L.) Koch;
   “brown mustard” means plants of the species Brassica juncea (L.) Czernj. et Cosson;
   “hemp” means plants of the species Cannabis sativa L. commonly known as hemp;
   “flax” means plants of the species Linum usitatissimum L. commonly known as flax.;
   “linseed” means plants of the species Linum usitatissimum L. commonly known as linseed;
   “soya bean” means plants of the species Glycine max (L.) Merr.;
   “sunflower” means plants of the species Helianthus annuus L.;
   “swede rape” means plants of the species Brassica napus L. (partim) including plants
   commonly known as fodder rape and oilseed rape;
   “turnip rape” means plants of the species Brassica rapa L. var. silvestris (Lam.) Briggs; and
   “white mustard” means plants of the species Sinapis alba L.

Definition of marketing

4.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), in these Regulations “marketing” means —
   (a) selling, holding with a view to sale or offering for sale, or
   (b) any disposal, supply or transfer for the purpose of commercial exploitation of seed to third
   parties,
whether or not for consideration, and “market” and “marketed” shall be construed accordingly. (2) Trade in seed not aimed at commercial exploitation of the variety, such as the following operations —
   (a) the supply of seed to official testing and inspection bodies, and
   (b) the supply of seed to a person who provides processing or packaging services but who
   does not thereby acquire title to the seed supplied,
shall not be regarded as marketing of seed of that variety.

Seed to which these Regulations apply

5.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), these Regulations apply to oil and fibre plant seed of the species specified in Schedule 2 that are intended for agricultural production but not for ornamental purposes.
   (2) These Regulations shall not apply to seed that is intended for export to a third country.

PART II

PROCEDURES RELATING TO THE OFFICIAL CERTIFICATION OF SEED

Entry of seed lots

6.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), an application to enter a seed lot from which it is intended that a crop is to be produced from which pre-basic, basic, CS, C1, C2 or C3 seed is to be harvested may be made to the National Assembly for Wales by a registered person.
(2) An application made under this regulation —
   (a) shall be made in such form and manner as the National Assembly for Wales may require;
   (b) shall be made —
      (i) at such time as the National Assembly for Wales may require, or
      (ii) in the case of an application to enter a seed lot made after that time, at such time as
           the National Assembly for Wales may otherwise allow; and
   (c) shall be accompanied —
      (i) unless otherwise agreed by the National Assembly for Wales, by an official sample
           of seed taken from the seed lot that is identified by the reference number of the seed
           lot from which it was taken, and
      (ii) by such information and other documents as the National Assembly for Wales may
           require, including, if required, a copy of a qualifying seed test report relating to the
           seed lot.

(3) At an appropriate time following the receipt of an application made under this regulation,
    the National Assembly for Wales —
    (a) may sow a control plot with seed taken from an official sample of seed taken from the
        seed lot (whether the official sample submitted in accordance with paragraph (2)(c)(i) or
        another official sample of seed taken from the seed lot), and
    (b) in the case of an application to enter a seed lot from which it is intended to produce a
        crop from which CS seed of a hybrid variety of swede rape is to be harvested, shall sow a
        control plot with seed taken from an official sample of seed taken from the seed lot unless
        a control plot has already been sown with seed from an official sample of the seed lot.

(4) In this regulation —
    “appropriate time” means a time during the period when seed of the relevant species is usually
    sown, and
    “qualifying seed test report” means —
    (a) a seed test report issued in accordance with regulation 11(8), (9), (10) or (11), or
    (b) in a case where an official sample taken from the seed lot has been found to meet the
        conditions for the category of seed for which it was tested under regulation 11(6)(b), a
        seed test report issued in accordance with regulation 11(12)(b).

Entry of crop

7.—(1) A registered person who has sown seed from an entered or late entered seed lot from
    which it is intended to produce a crop from which pre-basic, basic, CS, C1, C2 or C3 seed is to be
    harvested shall notify the National Assembly for Wales that he or she has sown the seed.

(2) A notification given under this regulation —
    (a) shall be given in such form and manner as the National Assembly for Wales may require;
    (b) shall be given within such time as the National Assembly for Wales may require;
    (c) shall specify the reference number of the seed lot from which the sown seed has been
        taken; and
    (d) shall be accompanied by such information and other documents as the National Assembly
        for Wales may require.

(3) Subject to paragraph (4), the National Assembly for Wales shall acknowledge receipt of a
    notification made under this regulation.
Subject to paragraph (5), unless specifically requested to do so by the applicant, the National Assembly for Wales shall not individually acknowledge the receipt of each notification given under this regulation that it receives but shall periodically provide the applicant with a list of those crops for which it has received such a notification from him or her.

Where the National Assembly for Wales has previously provided the applicant with a list of those crops for which it has received a notification under this regulation from him or her, any subsequent list periodically provided to the applicant under paragraph (4) shall list only those crops in respect of which the National Assembly for Wales has received a notification under this regulation from him or her since last providing the applicant with the last such list.

Field inspection of crops

8.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), an application may be made to the National Assembly for Wales by a registered person for the field inspection of a crop being produced in Wales —

(a) from an entered, or late entered, seed lot from which it is intended that pre-basic seed is to be harvested (“a regulation 8(1)(a) crop”);

(b) from an entered, or late entered, seed lot from which it is intended that basic seed is to be harvested (“a regulation 8(1)(b) crop”);

(c) from a late entered seed lot from which it is intended that CS seed of black mustard, brown mustard, dioecious hemp, sunflower, swede rape, turnip rape or white mustard, or of a hybrid, other than a hybrid of swede rape, is to be harvested (“a regulation 8(1)(c) crop”);

(d) from a late entered seed lot from which it is intended that C1 seed of flax, linseed, monoecious hemp or soya bean is to be harvested (“a regulation 8(1)(d) crop”);

(e) from a late entered seed lot from which it is intended that C2 seed of flax, linseed, monoecious hemp or soya bean is to be harvested (“a regulation 8(1)(e) crop”);

(f) from a late entered seed lot from which it is intended that C3 seed of flax is to be harvested (“a regulation 8(1)(f) crop”);

(g) from an entered seed lot from which it is intended that CS seed of black mustard, brown mustard, dioecious hemp, sunflower, swede rape, turnip rape or white mustard, or a hybrid, is to be harvested of a variety that is not listed but for which an outstanding application for listing has been made (“a regulation 8(1)(g) crop”);

(h) from an entered seed lot from which it is intended that C1 seed of flax, linseed, monoecious hemp or soya bean is to be harvested of a variety that is not listed but for which an outstanding application for listing has been made (“a regulation 8(1)(h) crop”);

(i) from an entered seed lot from which it is intended that C2 seed of flax, linseed, monoecious hemp or soya bean is to be harvested of a variety that is not listed but for which an outstanding application for listing has been made (“a regulation 8(1)(i) crop”); or

(j) from an entered seed lot from which it is intended that C3 seed of flax is to be harvested of a variety that is not listed but for which an outstanding application for listing has been made (“a regulation 8(1)(j) crop”).

(2) An application made under paragraph (1) shall not be made in respect of a regulation 8(1) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) or (f) crop to produce seed of a variety that is not listed, or seed of a component of a hybrid variety that is not listed, unless —

(a) an application for the listing of the variety, or the hybrid variety, has been made which has not been withdrawn or finally determined; or

(b) a marketing extension is in force in respect of the variety or hybrid variety.

(3) Subject to paragraph (4), an application may be made to a licensed crop inspector by a registered person for the field inspection of a crop being produced in Wales —
(a) from an entered seed lot from which it is intended that CS seed of —
   (i) black mustard, brown mustard, dioecious hemp, sunflower, swede rape or turnip rape
       or white mustard, or
   (ii) a hybrid,
   is to be harvested (“a regulation 8(3)(a) crop”);
(b) from an entered seed lot from which it is intended that C1 seed of flax, linseed, monoecious
    hemp or soya bean is to be harvested (“a regulation 8(3)(b) crop”);
(c) from an entered seed lot from which it is intended that C2 seed of flax, linseed, monoecious
    hemp or soya bean is to be harvested (“a regulation 8(3)(c) crop”); or
(d) from an entered seed lot from which it is intended that C3 seed of flax is to be harvested
    (“a regulation 8(3)(d) crop”).

(4) An application under paragraph (3) shall not be made —
(a) in respect of a crop to produce seed of a variety or hybrid variety that is not listed unless
    a marketing extension is in force in respect of the variety or hybrid variety; and
(b) except in respect of a crop that is being produced from —
   (i) seed that has been subject to satisfactory official post control, or
   (ii) seed that is subject to official post control and for which a determination as to
       whether the seed is satisfactory seed from which to produce seed of the category to
       which the application relates is awaited.

(5) If required by the National Assembly for Wales, an application made under paragraph (3)
    shall be considered by it instead of a licensed crop inspector.

(6) If permitted by the National Assembly for Wales, an application made under paragraph (3)
    may be made to it instead of a licensed crop inspector.

(7) An application under this regulation shall be made in such form and manner and at such time
    as the National Assembly for Wales may require and shall be accompanied by such information,
    material, records, illustrations and other documents as it may require.

(8) Following receipt of an application made under paragraph (1) or (3), the National Assembly
    for Wales (in the case of an application made under paragraph (1) or an application made under
    paragraph (3) that is being considered by it under paragraph (5) or has been made to it under
    paragraph (6)), or the licensed crop inspector to whom an application has been made under
    paragraph (3) (as the case may be) shall inspect the crop in accordance with the relevant provisions
    of paragraph 12 of Schedule 3 to determine —
    (a) whether the crop meets the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4
        for the production of the category of seed intended to be harvested, and
    (b) unless requested not to do so by the applicant, whether it meets the conditions laid down
        in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for the production of any other category of seed
        to which paragraph (17) applies.

(9) Subject to paragraph (13), where in the case of an application made under paragraph (1), or
    an application made to the National Assembly for Wales under paragraph (3) in accordance with
    paragraph (5) or (6), the inspected crop is found to satisfy the conditions laid down in Schedule 3
    and Part I of Schedule 4 for the production of —
    (a) the category of seed intended to be harvested, and
    (b) where applicable, any other category of seed to which paragraph (17) applies,
    the National Assembly for Wales shall issue a field inspection report (which it shall retain as a lodged
    report unless instructed not to do so by the applicant) stating (by reference to the relevant category
    or categories) that the crop has been found to meet those conditions and shall send the report, or (in
a case where the original report is to be retained as a lodged report by the National Assembly for Wales) a copy of the report, to the applicant.

(10) Where in the case of an application made to a licensed crop inspector under paragraph (3) the inspected crop is found to satisfy the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for the production —

(a) of the category of seed intended to be harvested, and

(b) where applicable, any other category of seed to which paragraph (17) applies,

the licensed crop inspector shall issue a field inspection report to the applicant stating (by reference to the relevant category or categories of seed) that the crop has been found to meet those conditions.

(11) Subject to paragraph (13), where in the case of an application made to the National Assembly for Wales under paragraph (1) or an application made under paragraph (3) that is being considered by it under paragraph (5) or has been made to it under paragraph (6), the inspected crop is found not to satisfy the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 or Part I of Schedule 4 for the production of the category of seed intended to be harvested, the National Assembly for Wales shall issue a field inspection report (which it shall retain as a lodged report unless instructed not to do so by the applicant) —

(a) stating that the crop has been found not to meet those conditions, and

(b) in a case where the crop has been inspected to determine whether it meets the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for the production of any other category of seed to which paragraph (17) applies, stating the conditions (by reference to the relevant category or categories of seed), if any, met by the crop,

and shall send the report, or (in a case where the original report is to be retained as a lodged report by the National Assembly for Wales) a copy of the report, to the applicant.

(12) Where in the case of an application made to a licensed crop inspector under paragraph (3) the inspected crop is found not to satisfy the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 or Part I of Schedule 4 for the production of the category of seed intended to be harvested, the licensed crop inspector shall issue a field inspection report to the applicant —

(a) stating that the crop has been found not to meet those conditions, and

(b) in a case where the crop has been inspected to determine whether it meets the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for the production of any other category of seed to which paragraph (17) applies, stating the conditions (by reference to the relevant category or categories of seed), if any, met by the crop.

(13) Where —

(a) an application has been made to the National Assembly for Wales under paragraph (1), or an application has been made under paragraph (3) that is being considered by it under paragraph (5) or has been made to it under paragraph (6), in respect of a crop produced from seed which was taken from a seed lot for which a control plot has been sown, and

(b) the results of the examination of the control plot show that the plants produced in the plot do not meet the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 or Part I, III or IV of Schedule 4 for the production of the category of seed intended to be harvested,

the National Assembly for Wales may take account of the results of that examination when carrying out an inspection of the crop to which the application relates and in determining whether it should issue a field inspection report under paragraph (9) or (11).

(14) Where paragraph (15) applies, the National Assembly for Wales may carry out its own examination of —

(i) a crop to which an application made under paragraph (3) relates;
(ii) any other crops that are being produced from seed that has been taken from the same seed lot and in respect of which an application has been made under paragraph (3); or

(iii) both the crops referred to in paragraphs (i) and (ii).

(15) This paragraph applies where —

(a) an application has been made to a licensed crop inspector under paragraph (3) in respect of seed that is subject to official postcontrol;

(b) the plants produced in the control plot being used for the purpose of the official post control have been examined by or on behalf of the National Assembly for Wales, the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development; and

(c) it has been determined by or on behalf of the National Assembly for Wales, the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, having regard to —

(i) the conditions laid down in paragraphs 4 to 11 and 13 of Schedule 3, and paragraphs 1 to 3 and 10 to 12 of Schedule 4, and

(ii) the category of seed to which the application relates,

that the plants produced in the control plot are not satisfactory plants from which to produce seed of the category to which the application relates.

(16) Where the National Assembly for Wales has carried out an examination of the crop referred to in paragraph (14)(i) or the crops referred to in paragraph (14)(ii), or has carried out an examination of both the crop referred to in paragraph (14)(i) and the crops referred to in paragraph (14)(ii), it shall inform the applicant whether it is satisfied that the seed used to produce the crop to which his or her application relates was satisfactory seed to be used for the production of the category of seed to which his or her application relates, and, if the National Assembly for Wales is satisfied that this is the case, the seed used to produce the crop, and seed from the same seed lot, shall be treated as being seed that has been subject to official post-control for the production of that category of seed.

(17) This paragraph applies to the following categories of seed —

(a) in the case of an application made under paragraph (1) relating to a regulation 8(1)(a) crop that has been produced from breeder’s seed, to the category of basic seed;

(b) in the case of an application made under paragraph (1) relating to a regulation 8(1)(a) crop of flax that has been produced from officially certified pre-basic seed, to the categories of basic, C1, C2 and C3 seed;

(c) in the case of an application made under paragraph (1) relating to a regulation 8(1)(a) crop of linseed, monoecious hemp or soya bean that has been produced from officially certified pre-basic seed, to the categories of basic, C1 and C2 seed;

(d) in the case of an application made under paragraph (1) relating to a regulation 8(1)(a) crop of black mustard, dioecious hemp, brown mustard, sunflower, swede rape, turnip rape or white mustard, other than a component of a hybrid variety, that has been produced from officially certified pre-basic seed, to the categories of basic and CS seed;

(e) in the case of an application made under paragraph (1) relating to a regulation 8(1)(a) crop of a component used in the production of a hybrid variety that has been produced from breeder’s seed or officially certified pre-basic seed, to the category of basic seed;

(f) in the case of an application made under paragraph (1) relating to a regulation 8(1)(b) crop produced from breeder’s seed, to the category of pre-basic seed;

(g) in the case of an application made under paragraph (1) relating to a regulation 8(1)(b) crop of flax produced from officially certified pre-basic seed, to the categories of pre-basic, C1, C2 and C3 seed;
(h) in the case of an application made under paragraph (1) relating to a regulation 8(1)(b) crop of linseed, monoecious hemp or soya bean produced from officially certified pre-basic seed, to the categories of pre-basic, C1 and C2 seed;

(i) in the case of an application made under paragraph (1) relating to a regulation 8(1)(b) crop of black mustard, brown mustard, dioecious hemp, sunflower, swede rape, turnip rape or white mustard produced from officially certified pre-basic seed, other than a component of a hybrid variety, to the categories of pre-basic and CS seed;

(j) in the case of an application made under paragraph (1) relating to a regulation 8(1)(b) crop of a component of a hybrid variety, that has been produced from breeder’s seed or officially certified pre-basic seed, to the category of pre-basic seed;

(k) in the case of an application made under paragraph (1) relating to a regulation 8(1)(d) or 8(1)(h) crop or an application made under paragraph (3) relating to a regulation 8(3)(b) crop of flax, to the categories of C2 and C3 seed;

(l) in the case of an application made under paragraph (1) relating to a regulation 8(1)(d) or 8(1)(h) crop or an application made under paragraph (3) relating to a regulation 8(3)(b) crop of linseed, monoecious hemp or soya bean, to the category of C2 seed; and

(m) in the case of an application made under paragraph (1) relating to a regulation 8(1)(e) or 8(1)(i) crop or an application made under paragraph (3) relating to a regulation 8(3)(c) crop of flax, to the category of C3 seed.

(18) In this regulation “seed that is subject to official post control” means seed from a seed lot for which a control plot has been sown by or on behalf of the National Assembly for Wales, the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development to produce plants which are to be, or have been, examined by or on behalf of the National Assembly for Wales, the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, as the case may be, to determine whether, having regard to the conditions laid down in —

(a) paragraphs 4 to 11 and 13 of Schedule 3, and

(b) paragraphs 1 to 3 and 10 to 12 of Schedule 4,

the plants produced in the plot indicate that the corresponding plants in the field are satisfactory plants from which to harvest the category of seed in respect of which the paragraph (3) application has been made.

Lodging of field inspection reports and similar documents

9.—(1) Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3), an application to lodge a copy of a document to which paragraph (2) applies may be made to the National Assembly for Wales by a registered person.

(2) This paragraph applies —

(a) in relation to a crop produced in Wales, to a field inspection report issued under regulation 8(9), (10), (11) or (12);

(b) in relation to a crop produced in the United Kingdom elsewhere than in Wales, to a report relating to the crop equivalent to that specified in sub-paragraph (a) issued —

(i) by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, or

(ii) by a licensed crop inspector;

(c) in relation to a crop produced in another member State, to an Annex V(C) document relating to the crop issued by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State; and
(d) in relation to a crop produced in an equivalent third country, to a Part II.A(3) official certificate relating to the crop issued by the approved seed certification authority in that country.

(3) An application made under this regulation —

(a) shall be made in such form and manner as the National Assembly for Wales may require;

(b) shall be made within such time as the National Assembly for Wales may require but, unless otherwise permitted by the National Assembly for Wales, shall be made not later than the time when any seed test report relating to the seed harvested from the crop is lodged with the National Assembly for Wales under regulation 12;

(c) shall, subject to paragraph (4), be accompanied —
   (i) in relation to a crop produced in Wales, by a copy of the document referred to in paragraph (2)(a);
   (ii) in relation to a crop produced in the United Kingdom elsewhere than in Wales, by a copy of the document referred to in paragraph (2)(b) except that this need not be provided in a case where confirmation that the crop meets the conditions for the production of the appropriate category of seed has already been provided to the National Assembly for Wales by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development (as the case may be);
   (iii) in relation to a crop produced in another member State, by a copy of the document referred to in paragraph (2)(c);
   (iv) in relation to a crop produced in an equivalent third country, by a copy of the document referred to in paragraph (2)(d); and
   (v) by such other information and documents as the National Assembly for Wales may require.

(4) The National Assembly for Wales may permit, subject to any conditions that it may impose, an application made under this regulation relating to a crop for which the applicant previously made an application under regulation 8(3) to be accompanied by the following document instead of the field inspection report issued under regulation 8(10) or (12), namely a document relating to the crop (whether relating to that crop alone or relating to other crops in respect of which an application has been made by the applicant under regulation 8(3)) —

(a) that states, by reference to the relevant category, the conditions met by that crop;

(b) that identifies the licensed crop inspector or inspectors who inspected the crop;

(c) that states that during a period of three years from the date of issue of the field inspection report, the original report will be produced to the National Assembly for Wales on demand and that a copy of the report will be made available to it on request during that period; and

(d) that contains such other information as the National Assembly for Wales may require.

(5) Where a document of the type specified in paragraph (4) accompanies an application made under this regulation instead of a field inspection report, the applicant shall produce the field inspection report referred to in paragraph (3) to the National Assembly for Wales on demand during the period of three years from the date of the issue of the field inspection report and shall make a copy of the report available to it on request during that period.

Re-grading of crops

10.—(1) An application to re-grade a crop for the production of a category of seed to which paragraph (6) applies as a crop for the production of another category of seed (“the new category”)
to which that paragraph applies may be made to the National Assembly for Wales by a registered person.

(2) An application made under this regulation shall be made in such form and manner and at such time as the National Assembly for Wales shall require and shall be accompanied by —

(a) a copy of the field inspection report previously issued in respect of the crop unless this has previously been lodged with it, and

(b) such other information as the National Assembly for Wales may require for the purpose of determining the application.

(3) Where an application made under this regulation has been made in respect of a crop that has not been harvested —

(a) the National Assembly for Wales shall, in the case of an application to re-grade a crop as a crop to produce pre-basic or basic seed, carry out a field inspection of the crop to determine whether it meets the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for the production of the new category of seed if —

(i) the previous field inspection report issued in respect of the crop was not issued by the National Assembly for Wales, and

(ii) the condition and stage of development of the crop permit an adequate examination; and

(b) the National Assembly for Wales may, in the case of an application to re-grade a crop as a crop to produce CS, C1, C2 or C3 seed, carry out a field inspection of the crop to determine whether it meets the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for the production of the new category of seed if the condition and stage of development of the crop permit an adequate examination.

(4) If the National Assembly for Wales —

(a) in the case of an application to re-grade a crop as a crop to produce pre-basic or basic seed —

(i) has carried out a field inspection of the crop (whether in connection with the original application for a field inspection of the crop or in accordance with paragraph (3));

(ii) is satisfied that the crop has been produced by or under the responsibility of the breeder according to accepted practices for the maintenance of the variety; and

(iii) is satisfied that the crop meets or (if the crop has already been harvested) would have met the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for the production of the new category of seed;

(b) in the case of an application to re-grade a crop as a crop to produce CS or C1 seed, —

(i) is satisfied that the crop has been produced directly from UK, EC, third country or overseas tested officially certified basic seed of a listed variety, or, with the breeder’s written authority, from UK, EC or overseas tested officially certified pre-basic seed of a listed variety; and

(ii) is satisfied that the crop meets or (if the crop has already been harvested) would have met the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for the production of the new category of seed;

(c) in the case of an application to re-grade a crop as a crop to produce C2 seed —

(i) is satisfied that the crop has been produced directly from UK, EC, third country or overseas tested officially certified basic or C1 seed of a listed variety, or, with the breeder’s written authority, from UK, EC or overseas tested officially certified pre-basic seed of a listed variety; and
(ii) is satisfied that the crop meets or (if the crop has already been harvested) would have met the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for the production of C2 seed;

(d) in the case of an application to re-grade a crop as a crop to produce C3 seed —

(i) is satisfied that the crop has been produced directly from UK, EC, third country or overseas tested officially certified basic or C1 seed of a listed variety, UK, EC or overseas tested officially certified C2 seed of a listed variety, or, with the breeder’s written authority, from UK, EC or overseas tested officially certified pre-basic seed of a listed variety; and

(ii) is satisfied that the crop meets or (if the crop has already been harvested) would have met the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for the production of C3 seed,

it shall notify the applicant that the crop has been found to meet or (if the crop has already been harvested) it has been found that it would have met the conditions referred to in subparagraph (a)(iii), (b)(ii), (c)(ii) or (d)(ii), as the case may be, and that his or her application to re-grade the crop has been successful.

(5) If the National Assembly for Wales is satisfied that the conditions specified in paragraph (4) for the relevant category of seed have not been met it shall notify the applicant that his or her application to re-grade the crop has been unsuccessful.

(6) This paragraph applies to the following categories of seed —

(a) pre-basic seed;

(b) basic seed;

(c) in the case of black mustard, brown mustard, dioecious hemp, sunflower, swede rape, turnip rape, and white mustard, CS seed;

(d) in the case of flax, linseed, monoecious hemp and soya bean, C1 seed;

(e) in the case of flax, linseed, monoecious hemp and soya bean, C2 seed; and

(f) in the case of flax, C3 seed.

Seed testing

11.—(1) Subject to paragraphs (2), (3) and (4), an application may be made to a licensed seed testing station by a registered person for the testing of an official sample of a qualifying seed lot of —

(a) seed as pre-basic seed (“a regulation 11(1)(a) seed lot”);

(b) seed as basic seed (“a regulation 11(1)(b) seed lot”);

(c) black mustard, brown mustard, dioecious hemp, sunflower, swede rape, turnip rape or white mustard seed as CS seed (“a regulation 11(1)(c) seed lot”);

(d) flax, linseed, monoecious hemp or soya bean seed as C1 seed (“a regulation 11(1)(d) seed lot”);

(e) flax, linseed, monoecious hemp or soya bean seed as C2 seed (“a regulation 11(1)(e) seed lot”); or

(f) flax seed as C3 seed (“a regulation 11(1)(f) seed lot”).

(2) An application made under this regulation shall not be made in respect of seed of a variety that is not listed, or seed of a component of a hybrid variety that is not listed, unless —

(a) an application for listing of the variety or hybrid variety has been made which has not been withdrawn or finally determined; or

(b) a marketing extension is in force in respect of the variety or hybrid variety.
(3) An application made under this regulation may be considered by the National Assembly for Wales instead of a licensed seed testing station.

(4) If permitted by the National Assembly for Wales, an application made under this regulation may be made to it instead of a licensed seed testing station.

(5) An application made under this regulation —
   (a) shall be made in such form and manner and at such time as the National Assembly for Wales may require, and
   (b) shall be accompanied by an official sample of the seed to be tested and such other information, material, seeds, records, illustrations and other documents as the National Assembly for Wales may require.

(6) Following the receipt of an application made under this regulation the licensed seed testing station (or the National Assembly for Wales in a case where paragraph (3) or (4) applies) shall, subject to paragraph (7), test seed taken from the official sample provided under paragraph (5)(b) to determine whether it meets the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 —
   (a) for the category of seed for which the application is being made, and
   (b) unless requested not to do so by the applicant, for any other category of seed to which paragraph (14) applies.

(7) Where a seed test report has previously been issued by a licensed seed testing station (or the National Assembly for Wales in a case where paragraph (3) or (4) applies) in accordance with paragraph (8)(a), (9), (10), (11) or (12) in respect of a seed lot, the licensed seed testing station (or the National Assembly for Wales in a case where paragraph (3) or (4) applies) may decide not to test any further official sample of that seed lot for the purposes of paragraph (6) if the information contained in the previously issued report contains sufficient information to enable it (or the National Assembly for Wales) to determine that the official sample would meet the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 —
   (a) for the appropriate category of seed, and
   (b) where applicable, for any other category of seed to which paragraph (14) applies.

(8) Subject to paragraph (13), where —
   (a) the official sample is found to satisfy the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for
      (i) the appropriate category of seed, and
      (ii) where applicable, for any other category of seed to which paragraph (14) applies, or
   (b) the provisions of paragraph (7) apply,
      the licensed seed testing station (or the National Assembly for Wales where paragraph (3) or (4) applies) shall issue a seed test report to the applicant stating (by reference to the relevant category or categories of seed) that the seed lot has been found to meet those conditions.

(9) Subject to paragraph (13), where it has been determined, by way of a Schedule 4 germination test, that the official sample taken from a regulation 11(1)(a) or (b) seed lot will not meet the applicable germination condition but the sample is found to satisfy all the other conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for the appropriate category of seed, the licensed seed testing station (or the National Assembly for Wales where paragraph (3) or (4) applies) shall issue a seed test report to the applicant containing a statement to that effect.

(10) Where (otherwise than in connection with a retest of the seed) the results of a Schedule 4 germination test of an official sample of a seed lot referred to in paragraph (1) are awaited, and, except for the result of that test, the official sample has otherwise been found to meet the other conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 —
   (a) for the appropriate category of seed, and
(b) where applicable, for any other category of seed to which paragraph (14) applies,
the licensed seed testing station (or the National Assembly for Wales in a case where paragraph (3)
or (4) applies), shall, subject to paragraph (13), issue an interim seed test report to the applicant
stating that the results of the Schedule 4 germination test for the official sample are awaited but
that it has otherwise been found to meet the other conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for
the appropriate category of seed, and, where applicable, for any other category of seed to which
paragraph (14) applies.

(11) Where, following the issue of an interim seed test report under paragraph (10), the tested
seed is found to meet the applicable germination condition for the appropriate category of seed, the
licensed seed testing station (or the National Assembly for Wales in a case where paragraph (3) or
(4) applies), shall, subject to paragraph (13), issue a seed test report to the applicant stating that
the official sample has been found to meet the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for
the appropriate category of seed, and, where applicable, for any other category of seed to which
paragraph (14) applies.

(12) Subject to paragraphs (9) and (10), where an official sample of a seed lot referred to in
paragraph (1) is found not to satisfy the applicable germination condition for the appropriate category
of seed, the licensed seed testing station (or the National Assembly for Wales in a case where
paragraph (3) or (4) applies) shall issue and send to the applicant a seed test report —
(a) stating that the official sample has been found not to meet those conditions, and
(b) subject to paragraph (13), in a case where the seed has been tested to determine whether it
meets the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for any category of seed to which
paragraph (14) applies, stating (by reference to the relevant category) whether the seed
has been found to meet the conditions for any such category.

(13) If it appears to the National Assembly for Wales that an official sample of the seed lot taken
for the purpose of a test in order to ascertain whether it met the appropriate conditions laid down in
Part II of Schedule 4 was not taken in accordance with the requirements of regulation 23 the National
Assembly for Wales may —
(a) in a case where paragraph (3) or (4) applies, refuse to issue a seed test report in accordance
with paragraph (8), (9), (10), (11) or (12)(b), and, in such a case, shall notify the applicant
of its decision and the reason for it, or
(b) in a case where paragraph (3) or (4) does not apply, direct the licensed seed testing station
to refuse to issue a seed test report in accordance with those paragraphs and the licensed
seed testing station shall comply with that direction and shall notify the applicant of the
reason for its refusal to issue the report.

(14) This paragraph applies to the following categories of seed —
(a) in the case of an application made under this regulation relating to a regulation 11(1)(a)
seed lot of flax to the categories of basic, C1, C2 and C3 seed;
(b) in the case of an application made under this regulation relating to a regulation 11(1)(a)
seed lot of linseed, monoecious hemp or soya bean, to the categories of basic, C1 and C2
seed;
(c) in the case of an application made under this regulation relating to a regulation 11(1)(a)
seed lot of black mustard, brown mustard, dioecious hemp, sunflower, swede rape, turnip
rape or white mustard, other than a component used in the production of a hybrid variety,
to the categories of basic and CS seed;
(d) in the case of an application made under this regulation relating to a regulation 11(1)(a)
seed lot of a component used in the production of a hybrid variety, to the category of basic
seed;
(e) in the case of an application made under this regulation relating to a regulation 11(1)(b) seed lot of flax to the categories of pre-basic, C1, C2 and C3 seed;

(f) in the case of an application made under this regulation relating to a regulation 11(1)(b) seed lot of linseed, monoecious hemp or soya bean, to the categories of pre-basic, C1 and C2 seed;

(g) in the case of an application made under this regulation relating to a regulation 11(1)(b) seed lot of black mustard, brown mustard, dioecious hemp, sunflower, swede rape, turnip rape or white mustard, other than a component of a hybrid variety to the categories of pre-basic and C5 seed;

(h) in the case of an application made under this regulation relating to a regulation 11(1)(b) seed lot of a component of a hybrid variety, to the category of pre-basic seed;

(i) in the case of an application made under this regulation relating to a regulation 11(1)(d) seed lot of flax, to the categories of C2 and C3 seed;

(j) in the case of an application made under this regulation relating to a regulation 11(1)(d) seed lot of linseed, monoecious hemp or soya bean, to the category of C2 seed; and

(k) in the case of an application made under this regulation relating to a regulation 11(1)(e) seed lot of flax, to the category of C3 seed.

(15) In this regulation “qualifying seed lot” means a seed lot —

(a) containing seed harvested from a crop produced in Wales for which a field inspection report has been issued in accordance with —

   (i) regulation 8(9);

   (ii) regulation 8(10);

   (iii) regulation 8(11) in a case where the crop has been found to meet the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for the production of any category of seed referred to in regulation 8(11)(b); or

   (iv) regulation 8(12) in a case where the crop has been found to meet the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for the production of any category of seed referred to in regulation 8(12)(b);

(b) containing seed harvested from a crop produced in the United Kingdom elsewhere than in Wales —

   (i) in respect of which the National Assembly for Wales has received confirmation of crop approval by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development (as the case may be) that the crop meets conditions equivalent to those laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4, or

   (ii) for which a copy of the field inspection report relating to the crop has been lodged with the National Assembly for Wales in accordance with regulation 9; or

(c) imported into the United Kingdom as —

   (i) not finally certified pre-basic, basic, CS, C1, C2 or C3 seed harvested in another member State and for which the Annex V(C) document relating to the crop from which the seed in the seed lot was harvested has been lodged with the National Assembly for Wales in accordance with regulation 9, or

   (ii) not finally certified CS or C1 seed harvested in an equivalent third country and for which the Part II.A(3) official certificate relating to the crop from which the seed in the seed lot was harvested has been lodged with the National Assembly for Wales in accordance with regulation 9.
Lodging of seed test reports

12.—(1) A registered person to whom a final seed test report has been sent shall lodge the report with the National Assembly for Wales —

(a) except in relation to seed to which sub-paragraph (b) applies, within one month of the report being issued; and

(b) in a case where the seed to which the final seed test report relates —

(i) is of a variety that is not listed, or

(ii) is an unlisted component of a hybrid variety that is not listed,

within one month of the date on which the variety or hybrid variety (as the case may be) is listed.

(2) An application to lodge a final seed test report —

(a) shall be made in such form and manner as the National Assembly for Wales may require, and

(b) shall be accompanied by the final seed test report and such other information and documents as the National Assembly for Wales may require.

(3) Subject to paragraph (4), the National Assembly for Wales shall acknowledge receipt of each final seed test report lodged with it.

(4) Subject to paragraph (5), unless specifically requested to do so by the applicant, the National Assembly for Wales shall not individually acknowledge the receipt of each final seed test report lodged with it by the applicant but shall periodically provide the applicant with a list of those seed lots for which the applicant has lodged a final seed test report with it.

(5) Where the National Assembly for Wales has previously provided the applicant with a seed test report list, the list periodically provided to the applicant under paragraph (4) shall list only those seed lots for which the applicant has lodged a final seed test report with it during the period since it last provided the applicant with a seed test report list.

(6) In this regulation “final seed test report” means a seed test report issued in accordance with regulation 11(8), (9), (11) or (12)(1)(b).

Re-grading of seed

13.—(1) An application to re-grade seed of any category specified in entry 1, 2, 3 or 4 in column 1 of the table in Schedule 5 as seed of any category (“the new category”) specified in entry 1, 2, 3 or 4 respectively in column 2 of the table may be made to the National Assembly for Wales by a registered person.

(2) An application made under this regulation shall be made in such form and manner and at such time as the National Assembly for Wales shall require and, if required by National Assembly for Wales, shall be accompanied by —

(a) an official sample of the seed to which the application relates;

(b) an application made under regulation 11 for the testing of an official sample of the seed lot; and

(c) such other information and other documents as the National Assembly for Wales may require for the purpose of determining the application.

(3) The National Assembly for Wales —

(a) may test, or arrange for a licensed seed testing station to test, an official sample of a seed lot in respect of which an application has been made under this regulation to re-grade —
(i) UK, EC or overseas tested officially certified pre-basic seed of a listed variety as UK officially certified basic seed of a listed variety; or
(ii) UK, EC, third country or overseas tested officially certified basic seed of a listed variety as UK officially certified pre-basic seed of a listed variety;
(iii) seed of a category specified in entry 3 in column 1 of the table in Schedule 5 as seed of the other category specified in entry 3 in column 2 of the table; or
(iv) seed of a category specified in entry 4 in column 1 of the table in Schedule 5 as seed of the other category specified in entry 4 in column 2 of the table; and

(b) subject to paragraph (4), shall test, or arrange for a licensed seed test station to test, an official sample of the seed lot in the case of any other application made under this regulation, to determine whether it meets the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for the new category of seed.

(4) Where a seed test report has previously been issued in accordance with regulation 11(8)(a), (9), (10), (11) or (12) in respect of a seed lot for which an application has been made under this regulation, the National Assembly for Wales may decide not to test the official sample referred to in paragraph (2) for the purposes of paragraph 3(b) if the information contained in the previously issued report contains sufficient information to enable it to determine that the official sample would meet the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for the appropriate category of seed.

(5) Where —

(a) in the case of an application to re-grade seed as pre-basic or basic seed, the National Assembly for Wales is satisfied that the seed has been produced by or under the responsibility of the breeder according to accepted practices for the maintenance of the variety;

(b) in the case of an application to re-grade seed as pre-basic or basic seed —

(i) in a case where the seed was harvested from a crop produced in Wales, the National Assembly for Wales carried out a field inspection of the crop;

(ii) in a case where the seed was harvested from a crop produced in the United Kingdom elsewhere than in Wales, a field inspection of the crop was carried out by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development;

(iii) in a case where the seed was harvested from a crop produced in another member State, a field inspection of the crop was carried out by or on behalf of the seed certification authority in the member State; and

(iv) in a case where the seed was harvested from a crop produced in an equivalent third country, a field inspection of the crop was carried out by the approved seed certification authority in the third country;

(c) in the case of an application to re-grade pre-basic seed as CS, C1, C2 or C3 seed, the National Assembly for Wales is satisfied that the seed has been produced from UK, EC or overseas tested officially certified pre-basic seed of a listed variety;

(d) in the case of an application to re-grade basic seed as CS, C1, C2 or C3 seed, the National Assembly for Wales is satisfied that the seed has been harvested from a crop produced directly from UK, EC or overseas tested officially certified pre-basic seed of a listed variety;

(e) the National Assembly for Wales is satisfied that the seed was harvested from a crop that met the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for the production of the new category of seed;
(f) in a case where the official sample referred to in paragraph (2) has been tested, it has been found to satisfy the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for the new category of seed; and

(g) in a case where the official sample referred to in paragraph (2) has not been tested, the National Assembly for Wales is satisfied on the basis of the information contained in a seed test report previously issued in respect of the lot —

(i) by on behalf of the National Assembly for Wales, the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development or by a licensed seed testing station;
(ii) by on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in another member State or by a licensed EC seed testing station in another member State; or
(iii) by the approved seed certification authority or by a licensed third country seed testing station in an equivalent third country;

that the seed in the lot satisfies the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for the new category of seed,

the National Assembly for Wales shall notify the applicant that his or her application to re-grade the seed lot has been successful.

(6) Where the National Assembly for Wales is satisfied that the conditions in paragraph (5) have not been met it shall notify the applicant that his or her application to re-grade the seed lot has been unsuccessful.

Withdrawals

14.—(1) The National Assembly for Wales may withdraw the official certification in respect of a seed lot, or any part of a seed lot, if —

(a) the findings or results obtained from a sample of seed submitted or taken in connection with an application made under regulation 6, 11 or 13 relating to the seed lot, or from plants grown in a control plot that has been sown with seed from that sample, are to be disregarded in accordance with regulation 23(5);

(b) on the basis of information received by the National Assembly for Wales it is satisfied that the crop from which the seed in the seed lot was harvested did not meet the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 or Part I of Schedule 4; or

(c) on the basis of information received by the National Assembly for Wales it is satisfied that the seed in the lot, or part of the lot —

(i) did not meet the conditions laid down in Part II or IV of Schedule 4 at the time the seed was tested for seed certification purposes, or

(ii) although it met the conditions of Part II of Schedule 4 at the time of such testing it no longer meets them.

(2) The National Assembly for Wales may withdraw the official certification in respect of a seed lot, or any part of a seed lot, by giving notice to —

(a) the person who made an application in respect of the seed lot under regulation 11, or

(b) any person marketing, or who has marketed, any of the seed.

(3) Where the official certification of a seed lot, or part of a seed lot, is withdrawn under this regulation, the National Assembly for Wales may notify —

(a) the person who made an application under regulation 11 in respect of the seed lot,

(b) any person marketing, or who has marketed, any of the seed; and

(c) any person who has purchased, or been supplied with, any of the seed,
that the official certification in respect of the lot, or part of the lot (as the case may be) has been withdrawn.

(4) Where the official certification of a seed lot, or part of a seed lot, is withdrawn under this regulation, the person to whom notice is given under paragraph (2) shall, as soon as practicable, and in any case not later than 7 days after receiving the notice, notify any person to whom he or she has sold or supplied any of the seed of such withdrawal.

(5) Any person who has purchased seed from a seed lot, or part of a seed lot, for which official certification has been withdrawn under this regulation (not being a person notified under paragraph (2)) shall notify any person to whom he or she has sold or supplied any of the seed of the withdrawal as soon as practicable after receiving notice of it —

(a) pursuant to paragraph (3), by the National Assembly for Wales, or

(b) pursuant to paragraph (4), by the person who sold or supplied the seed to him or her, and, in any case, not later than 7 days after receiving such notice.

PART III
CONTROL OF OIL AND FIBRE PLANT SEED

Marketing of seed

15.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2) and regulations 18 to 22, no person shall market any seed to which these Regulations apply except for seed listed in Schedule 6.

(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to the marketing of seed, as grown, for processing, provided that the identity of the seed is ensured.

(3) Any person marketing seed in Wales that has been imported from a third country and exceeds two kilograms shall supply the National Assembly for Wales, in writing and within one month of the first marketing of the seed, with the following particulars relating to the seed —

(a) the species;
(b) the variety;
(c) the category;
(d) the country of production and the official inspection authority;
(e) the country of despatch;
(f) the importer; and
(g) the quantity of seed.

Marketing of officially certified lower germination seed

16. No person shall market officially certified pre-basic or basic seed that has been found by the competent seed certification authority that certified the seed not to satisfy the germination condition for such seed, or (regardless of the findings of the competent seed certification authority) the person marketing the seed knows does not satisfy that condition, unless —

(a) the official label contains a statement that the minimum percentage of germination of the seed is less than the EC minimum percentage of germination for the relevant category of seed;
(b) the person marketing the seed guarantees a specific minimum percentage of germination for the seed; and
(c) another label is attached to the outside of the package containing the seed specifying the specific minimum percentage of germination guaranteed by the person marketing the seed, his or her name and address and the reference number of the seed lot.

**Marketing of officially certified early movement seed**

17.—(1) A person may market officially certified early movement pre-basic, officially certified early movement basic or officially certified early movement commercial seed before the completion of the official germination test, if the person marketing the seed —

(a) obtains a provisional analytical report indicating what the percentage of germination of the seed is likely to be;

(b) provides the first buyer, upon or before delivery of the seed, with a written statement that the seed is marketed before the completion of the official germination test together with the result in the provisional analytical report;

(c) notifies the National Assembly for Wales in writing of the name and address of the first buyer by way of trade as soon as practicable after delivery and in any event not later than seven days after delivery;

(d) guarantees a specific minimum percentage of germination, which shall be the percentage of the germination of the seed as ascertained in the provisional analytical report;

(e) ensures that a label accompanies the package containing the seed and that the label contains —

   (i) a statement that the seed is being sold before completion of the official germination test;

   (ii) a statement of the specific minimum percentage of germination in accordance with paragraph (d), together with his or her name and address and the reference number of the seed lot.

   (iii) In the event of the official germination test showing the failure of the seed to comply with the minimum germination standard specified in paragraph 8 of Part II of Schedule 4 for seed of the relevant category, the person marketing the seed shall provide the first buyer with the result of the completed official germination test, in writing, as soon as practicable and in any event not later than seven days after being informed of it.

(2) Paragraphs (1) & (2) shall not apply to seed which has been imported into Wales from a country which is not an EEA State.

(3) For purposes of this regulation,

(a) “officially certified early movement pre-basic seed” means—

   (i) UK officially certified early movement pre-basic seed of a listed variety;

   (ii) EC officially certified early movement pre-basic seed of a listed variety;

   (iii) UK officially certified early movement pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety; and

   (iv) EC officially certified early movement pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety.

(b) “officially certified basic seed” means —

   (i) UK officially certified early movement basic seed of a listed variety;

   (ii) EC officially certified early movement basic seed of a listed variety;

   (iii) UK officially certified early movement basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety; and
(iv) EC officially certified early movement basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety.

(c) “officially certified early movement commercial seed” means —

(i) UK officially certified early movement commercial seed;
(ii) EC officially certified early movement commercial seed.

Exception for scientific purposes and selection work

18.—(1) Subject to paragraphs (6) and (7), the prohibition in regulation 15(1) shall not apply to the marketing by a producer of small quantities of seed for scientific purposes or selection work for which —

(a) an authorisation has been granted to the producer by the National Assembly for Wales in accordance with this regulation, or

(b) an authorisation has been granted to the producer by or on behalf of —

(i) the Secretary of State;
(ii) the Scottish Ministers;
(iii) the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development; or
(iv) a competent seed certification authority in another member State, pursuant to Article 6(1)(a) of the Oil and Fibre Plant Seed Directive.

(2) An application for an authorisation under paragraph (1)(a) shall be made in such form and manner and at such time as the National Assembly for Wales shall require and shall be accompanied by such information as the National Assembly for Wales may require for the purpose of determining whether to grant an authorisation.


(4) In granting an authorisation under paragraph (1)(a) the National Assembly for Wales may —

(a) specify the amount of seed that may be marketed under it, and

(b) impose such other conditions as the National Assembly for Wales thinks necessary or desirable having regard to the nature of the scientific purpose or selection work involved and the nature of the seed to which the authorisation relates, including a condition relating to the keeping of records in respect of the marketing of the seed.

(5) The National Assembly for Wales may vary, revoke or add conditions to authorisations to which paragraph (1) applies by service of a notice on the producer.

(6) Where an authorisation to which paragraph (1) applies has been granted, the marketing by a producer of small quantities of seed for scientific purposes or selection work shall be in accordance with the conditions attached to that authorisation, whether granted by the National Assembly for Wales or, subject to paragraph (5), any other competent seed certification authority in the United Kingdom or in another member State.

(7) The National Assembly for Wales may revoke or suspend an authorisation that has effect in Wales by virtue of this regulation by service of a notice on the producer concerned, and where such a notice has been served, marketing of seed for scientific purposes or selection work may only be authorised subsequently by the National Assembly for Wales in accordance with this regulation.

**Exception for test and trials**

19.—(1) Subject to paragraphs (6) and (7), the prohibition in regulation 15(1) shall not apply to the marketing by a producer of seed for test and trial purposes for which—

(a) an authorisation has been granted to the producer by the National Assembly for Wales in accordance with this regulation, or

(b) an authorisation has been granted to the producer by or on behalf of—

(i) the Secretary of State;
(ii) the Scottish Ministers;
(iii) the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development; or
(iv) a competent seed certification authority in another member State, pursuant to Article 6(1)(b) of the Oil and Fibre Plant Seed Directive.

(2) An application for authorisation under paragraph (1)(a) shall be made in such form and manner and at such time as the National Assembly for Wales shall require and shall be accompanied by such information as the National Assembly for Wales may require for the purpose of determining whether to grant an authorisation.

(3) The National Assembly for Wales shall not grant an authorisation under paragraph (1)(a) unless—

(a) it considers that the amount of seed that may be marketed under it is of an appropriate quantity for the test or trial;

(b) an application has been submitted to the National Authorities under regulation 4(1)(a) of the Seeds (National Lists of Varieties) Regulations 2001(14) for acceptance of the variety concerned on to a National List that has not been withdrawn or finally determined; and


(4) In granting an authorisation under paragraph (1)(a) the National Assembly for Wales—

(a) shall specify the amount of seed that may be marketed under it, and

(b) may impose such other conditions as the National Assembly for Wales thinks necessary or desirable having regard to the nature of the test or trial and the nature of the seed to which the authorisation relates, including a condition relating to the keeping of records in respect of the marketing of the seed.

(5) The National Assembly for Wales may vary, revoke or add conditions to authorisations to which paragraph (1) applies by service of a notice on the producer.

(6) Where an authorisation to which paragraph (1) applies has been granted, the marketing by a producer of seed for test and trial purposes shall be in accordance with the conditions attached to that authorisation, whether granted by the National Assembly for Wales or, subject to paragraph (5), any other competent seed certification authority in the United Kingdom or in another member State.

(7) The National Assembly for Wales may revoke or suspend an authorisation that has effect in Wales by virtue of this regulation by service of a notice on the producer concerned, and where such a notice has been served, marketing of seed for test and trial purposes may only be authorised subsequently by the National Assembly for Wales in accordance with this regulation.

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(14) S.I.2001/3510.
General exemptions

20.—(1) The prohibition in regulation 15(1) shall not apply to the marketing of seed that is authorised by a general licence made by the National Assembly for Wales under this regulation but in all other respects the provisions of these Regulations shall continue to apply in relation to the marketing of the seed.

(2) Subject to paragraph (3), the National Assembly for Wales may, by a general licence, exempt any person or class of persons, or persons generally, from compliance with any provision of these Regulations.

(3) The National Assembly for Wales shall not exercise the power to issue a general licence under paragraph (2) except —

(a) to the extent that the provisions of the general licence are permitted in accordance with a temporary experiment organised under Article 16 of the Oil and Fibre Plant Seed Directive;

(b) to give effect to the provisions of a Council Decision made under Article 20 of the Oil and Fibre Plant Seed Directive and amendments made to such a Decision; or

(c) to the extent that the provisions of the general licence are permitted in accordance with measures taken pursuant to Article 21 of the Oil and Fibre Plant Seed Directive.

(4) A general licence issued under paragraph (2) —

(a) shall have effect during the period specified in it unless the National Assembly for Wales revokes it earlier, and

(b) may impose such conditions as the National Assembly for Wales thinks necessary or desirable having regard to the marketing permitted by the general licence and the nature of the seed to which it relates, including a condition relating to the keeping of records in respect of the marketing of the seed.

Mixtures

21. The prohibition in regulation 15(1) shall not apply to the marketing of a mixture of seeds permitted by the Fodder Plant Seed (Wales) Regulations 2003(15) that includes seed of a species to which these Regulations apply and that complied, before mixing with the fodder plant seed, with the provisions of these Regulations.

Varietal associations of seed

22.—(1) The prohibition in regulation 15(1) shall not apply to the marketing of a varietal association of seeds —

(a) to which these Regulations apply, and

(b) the female and male components of which —

(i) have been dressed using a different coloured dressing, and

(ii) have been mechanically combined in the proportions notified to the National Assembly for Wales, the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers, the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development or the competent seed certification authority in another member State by the person responsible for the maintenance of the pollinator-dependent hybrid (the female component) and pollinator (the male component) within the varietal association.

(2) Subject to paragraph (3), the person responsible for the maintenance of the pollinator-dependent hybrid and pollinator within a varietal association may notify the National Assembly

(15) S.I. 2002[3176].
for Wales of the proportions of the pollinator-dependent hybrid and pollinator within the varietal association.

(3) In a case where different persons are responsible for the maintenance of the pollinator-dependent hybrid and pollinator within a varietal association, those persons may notify the National Assembly for Wales of the proportions of the pollinator-dependent hybrid and pollinator agreed by them within the varietal association.

(4) Any notification given under paragraph (2) or (3) shall be made in such form and manner as the National Assembly for Wales may require and be accompanied by such information and other documents as the National Assembly for Wales may require.

(5) The National Assembly for Wales shall acknowledge the receipt of each notification that it receives under paragraph (2) or (3).

(6) In this regulation —
“pollinator-dependent hybrid” means a male-sterile component within a varietal association;
“pollinator” means a component shedding pollen within a varietal association; and
“varietal association” means an association of officially certified CS seed of a specified pollinator-dependent hybrid variety accepted on to a National List or the Common Catalogue with officially certified CS seed of one or more specified pollinator varieties accepted on to a National List or the Common Catalogue.

Sampling

23.—(1) A sample of seeds taken in connection with a regulation 6, 11 or 13 application shall be drawn —
(a) by an authorised officer or a licensed seed sampler acting under the supervision of the authority who appointed him or her;
(b) in accordance with the method laid down in Schedule 5 of the Seed (Registration, Licensing and Enforcement)(England) Regulations 2002; and
(c) from a homogeneous seed lot.

(2) Subject to paragraph (3), the maximum weight of a seed lot shall be that set out in column (2) of the table in Schedule 7.

(3) A seed lot may exceed the maximum weight for a seed lot set out in column (2) of the table in Schedule 7 by not more than 5%.

(4) The minimum weight of a sample shall be that set out in column (3) of the table in Schedule 7.

(5) If a sample of seeds submitted or taken in connection with a regulation 6, 11 or 13 application —
(a) is found not to have been taken in accordance with paragraph (1);
(b) is taken from a seed lot that does not comply with paragraph (2); or
(c) does not comply with paragraph (4);
no further use of that sample shall be made under these Regulations, and any findings or results already obtained from testing seed taken from that sample, or from inspecting plants grown in a control plot that has been sown with seed from that sample, shall be disregarded.
Packaging

24.—(1) No person shall market any officially certified pre-basic, basic CS, C1, C2, C3 or commercial seed unless it is marketed in a sufficiently homogeneous seed lot or in part of such a seed lot.

(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to the marketing of a varietal association of seeds to which regulation 22 applies.

(3) Subject to paragraph (4), no person shall market —
   (a) any breeder’s seed;
   (b) any officially certified pre-basic, basic CS, C1, C2, C3 or commercial seed; or
   (c) a varietal association of seeds to which regulation 22 applies,

unless it is in a properly sealed package.

(4) Paragraph (3) shall not apply in the case of the marketing of seed not exceeding 5 kilograms in weight to the final consumer.

(5) In this regulation, in the case of breeder’s seed, “properly sealed package” means a sealed package of seed that has been sealed in such a manner that it cannot be opened without damaging the sealing system or without leaving evidence of tampering on the label or package.

(6) In this regulation, in the case of a package of seed to which paragraph (7) applies and that has been sealed only once, “properly sealed package” means —
   (a) in the case of a package of seed sealed in Wales, a sealed package of seed that has been sealed —
      (i) no later than at the time of official sampling;
      (ii) by a person to whom regulation 25(5) applies;
      (iii) using a non-reusable sealing system or some other sealing system that includes the use of an official label or the affixing of an official seal; and
      (iv) in such a manner that it cannot be opened without damaging the sealing system or without leaving evidence of tampering on the official label or package;
   (b) in the case of a package of seed sealed in —
      (i) the United Kingdom, elsewhere than in Wales, or
      (ii) another member State,
      a sealed package of seed that has been sealed in accordance with the provisions of Article 11(1) of the Oil and Fibre Plant Seed Directive;
   (c) in the case of a package of seed sealed in an equivalent third country, a sealed package of seed that has been sealed in accordance with the provisions of paragraph B.I of Part II of the Annex to the Third Country Equivalence Decision.

(7) This paragraph applies to a package of officially certified pre-basic, basic CS, C1, C2, C3 or commercial seed other than a small package of such seed sealed in the United Kingdom.

(8) In this regulation, in the case of a package of a varietal association of seeds to which regulation 22 applies that has been sealed only once, “properly sealed package” means —
   (a) in the case of a package of seed sealed in Wales, a sealed package of seed that has been sealed —
      (i) by a person to whom regulation 25(5) applies;
      (ii) using a non-reusable sealing system or some other sealing system that includes the use of an official label or the affixing of an official seal; and
in such a manner that it cannot be opened without damaging the sealing system or without leaving evidence of tampering on the official label or package, and

(b) in the case of a package of seed sealed in —

(i) the United Kingdom, elsewhere than in Wales, or

(ii) another member State,

a sealed package of seed that has been sealed in accordance with the provisions of Article 11(1) of the Oil and Fibre Plant Seed Directive.

9. In this regulation, in the case of a small package of officially certified pre-basic, basic, CS, C1, C2, C3 or commercial seed that has been sealed in the United Kingdom, “properly sealed package” means a sealed package of seed that has been sealed in such a manner that it cannot be opened without damaging the sealing system or without leaving evidence of tampering on the label or package.

10. In this regulation, in the case of a package (other than a small package sealed in the United Kingdom) of officially certified pre-basic, basic CS, C1, C2, C3 or commercial seed, and a package of a varietal association of seeds to which regulation 22 applies, that has been sealed more than once, “properly sealed package” means —

(a) in the case of a package of seed that has been resealed in Wales, a sealed package of seed that, on each occasion it has been resealed, has been resealed —

(i) by a person to whom regulation 25(5) applies, and

(ii) in such a manner that it cannot be opened without damaging the sealing system or without leaving evidence of tampering on the official label or package;

(b) in the case of a package of seed that has been resealed in —

(i) the United Kingdom, elsewhere than in Wales, or

(ii) another member State,

a sealed package of seed that, on each occasion it has been resealed, has been resealed in accordance with the provisions of Article 11(2) of the Oil and Fibre Plant Seed Directive;

and

(c) in the case of seed that has been resealed in an equivalent third country, a sealed package of seed that, on each occasion it has been resealed, has been resealed in accordance with the provisions of paragraph B.I of Annex II to the Third Country Equivalence Decision.

Sealing of packages

25.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), no person shall seal a package of —

(a) officially certified pre-basic, basic, CS, C1, C2, C3 or commercial seed, or

(b) a varietal association of seeds to which regulation 22 applies,

except a person to whom paragraph (5) applies.

(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply in the case of a small package of officially certified pre-basic, basic, CS, C1, C2, C3 or commercial seed.

(3) Subject to paragraph (4), no person shall reseal a package of —

(a) officially certified pre-basic, basic, CS, C1, C2, C3 or commercial seed, or

(b) a varietal association of seeds to which regulation 22 applies,

except a person to whom paragraph (5) applies.

(4) Paragraph (3) shall not apply —

(a) in the case of a small package of officially certified pre-basic, basic, CS, C1, C2, C3 or commercial seed, or
(b) where a package has been resealed which had previously been opened by the final consumer of the seed for the purpose of using some of the seed in the package.

(5) This paragraph applies to —
(a) an authorised officer and any person being supervised by such a person, and
(b) a licensed seed sampler and any person being supervised by such a person.

Labelling of packages

26.—(1) Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3), no person shall market any breeder’s seed, officially certified pre-basic, basic, CS, C1, C2, C3 or commercial seed, or a varietal association of seeds to which regulation 22 applies, except in a package that is labelled in accordance with the following paragraphs of this regulation.

(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to the marketing of seed, as grown, for processing provided the identity of the seed is ensured.

(3) A person may market any seeds otherwise than in a package that does not comply with the other provisions of this regulation where —
(a) the seeds are sold in a quantity not exceeding 5 kilograms, and
(b) the seeds are taken, in the presence of the final consumer, from a container on which there is clearly and visibly marked or near which there is clearly and visibly displayed a statement containing particulars of the matters specified in paragraph 1 of Schedule 8.

(4) A package of breeder’s seed shall be labelled in accordance with paragraphs 2 and 3 of Schedule 8.

(5) A package of officially certified pre-basic seed shall be labelled —
(a) in the case of a package of seed sealed in Wales, in accordance with paragraphs 4 to 7 of Schedule 8, and
(b) in the case of a package of seed sealed —
(i) in the United Kingdom, elsewhere than in Wales, or
(ii) in another member State,

in accordance with the provisions of Article 18(c) of the Oil and Fibre Plant Seed Directive.

(6) A package of officially certified basic, CS, C1, C2 or C3 seed, other than a small package of such seed sealed in the United Kingdom, shall be labelled —
(a) in the case of a package of seed sealed in Wales, in accordance with paragraphs 8 to 12 of Schedule 8;
(b) in the case of a package of seed sealed —
(i) in the United Kingdom, elsewhere than in Wales, or
(ii) in another member State,

in accordance with the provisions of Article 12(1)(a) of the Oil and Fibre Plant Seed Directive; and

(c) in the case of a package of seed sealed in an equivalent third country, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph B.1 of Part II of the Annex to the Third Country Equivalence Decision.

(7) A small package of basic, CS, C1, C2 or C3 seed sealed in Wales shall be labelled in accordance with paragraphs 13 to 15 of Schedule 8.

(8) A package of officially certified commercial seed, other than a small package of such seed sealed in the United Kingdom, shall be labelled —
(a) in the case of a package of seed sealed in Wales, in accordance with paragraphs 16 to 20 of Schedule 8;

(b) in the case of a package of seed sealed —
   (i) in the United Kingdom, elsewhere than in Wales, or
   (ii) in another member State,
   in accordance with the provisions of Article 12(1)(a) of the Oil and Fibre Plant Seed Directive; and

(c) in the case of a package of seed sealed in an equivalent third country, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph B.I of Part II of the Annex to the Third Country Equivalence Decision.

(9) A small package of officially certified commercial seed sealed in Wales shall be labelled in accordance with paragraphs 21 to 23 of Schedule 8.

(10) A package of officially certified basic, CS, C1, C2, C3 or commercial seed (other than a small package of such seed sealed in the United Kingdom) shall contain a document that —

(a) in the case of a package of seed sealed in Wales —
   (i) is the same colour as the official label fixed to the outside of the package in accordance with the provisions of this regulation, and
   (ii) contains the particulars specified in paragraph 8(c), (e) and (f) of Schedule 8 in the case of a package of officially certified basic, CS, C1, C2 or C3 seed and the particulars specified in paragraph 16(b), (d) and (f) of Schedule 8 in the case of a package of officially certified commercial seed;

(b) in the case of a package of seed sealed —
   (i) in the United Kingdom, elsewhere than in Wales, or
   (ii) in another member State,
   is in accordance with the provisions of Article 12(1)(b) of the Oil and Fibre Plant Seed Directive; and

(c) in the case of a package of seed sealed in an equivalent third country, is in accordance with the provisions of paragraph B.I of Part II of the Annex to the Third Country Equivalence Decision.

(11) The provisions of paragraph (10) shall not apply if —

(a) in the case of a package of officially certified basic, CS, C1, C2 or C3 seed, the following particulars are printed indelibly on the outside of the package —
   (i) the reference number of the seed lot from which the seed has been taken;
   (ii) the species, indicated at least under its botanical name, which may be given in abridged form and without the author’s name, in Roman characters; and
   (iii) the variety, indicated at least in Roman characters;

(b) in the case of a package of officially certified commercial seed, the following particulars are printed indelibly on the outside of the package —
   (i) the words “Commercial seed (not certified as to variety)”;  
   (ii) the reference number of the seed lot from which the seed has been taken; and
   (iii) the species, indicated at least under its botanical name, which may be given in abridged form and without the author’s name, in Roman characters; or

(c) the official label is an adhesive or a tear resistant label.

(12) A package of a varietal association shall be labelled —
(a) in the case of a package of seed sealed in Wales, in accordance with paragraphs 24 to 28 of Schedule 8, and
(b) in the case of a package of seed sealed —
   (i) in the United Kingdom, elsewhere than in Wales, or
   (ii) in another member State,
   in accordance with point (aa) of Annex IV to the Oil and Fibre Plant Seed Directive.

(13) In the case of seed of a variety that has been genetically modified —
(a) any label or document, official or otherwise, which is fixed to or accompanies a seed lot or any part of a seed lot under the provisions of these Regulations, and
(b) any particulars given under paragraph (3),
shall clearly indicate that the variety has been genetically modified.

(14) If any breeder’s seed or officially certified pre-basic, basic, CS, C1, C2, C3 or commercial seed or a varietal association of seed has been subjected to any chemical treatment then this fact and the nature of the treatment or the proprietary name of the chemical used in the treatment shall be stated either —
(a) in a case where paragraph (3) applies, with the particulars given in accordance with that paragraph; and
(b) in a case where paragraph (3) does not apply —
   (i) on a separate supplier’s label on the package; or
   (ii) on the label required under paragraph (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9) or (12);
   and also, except where the information prescribed by this paragraph is given on an adhesive or tear-resistant label, either on the outside of the package or on a document enclosed inside the package.

(15) Subject to paragraph (16), if a package of official certified pre-basic, basic, CS, C1, C2, C3 or commercial seed, other than a small package of basic, CS, C1, C2, C3 or commercial seed, has been resealed this fact shall be stated on the official label together with the date of resealing and the name of the authority responsible for the resealing.

(16) Where a package of seed of the type specified in paragraph 16, 17(3), 22, 23(3), 30, 31(4), 38 or 39(4) of Schedule 1 is resealed, the package shall be labelled with an OECD label containing the particulars otherwise required under this regulation.

(17) The particulars and the information given in accordance with this regulation shall be given in one of the official languages of the European Community.

(18) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (6), (8) and (12) a package (other than a small package) of basic, CS, C1, C2 or C3 seed may be marketed if —
(a) the appropriate particulars of the matters specified in paragraphs 8(a) to (n) of Schedule 8 and, if so desired, the particulars specified in paragraph 9 of that Schedule are printed or stamped indelibly on the package in a panel of at least the size and of the colour so specified, and
(b) the requirements of Part VII of that Schedule are satisfied.

(19) Subject to the provisions of the Act and of these Regulations, no person shall, in the course of the marketing or the preparation for marketing of any seed by himself or herself or another person, wilfully reproduce, remove, alter, deface, conceal or misuse in any way any label fixed to, contained in or marked on any package of seed or which is to be so fixed, contained or marked.
PART IV

MISCELLANEOUS AND SUPPLEMENTAL PROVISIONS

Civil liability of sellers of seeds

27.—(1) Particulars given to a purchaser by the seller of seed in pursuance of these Regulations, whether given expressly or by implication arising from the description under which the seed is sold, shall constitute a statutory warranty for the purpose of section 17 of the Act in so far as they relate to the category of seed, the percentage germination of the seed, the percentage analytical purity of the seed, the content of seed of other plant species and the varietal identity and varietal purity of the seed or, in the case of a mixture of seed permitted by regulation 21, of each of its constituents to which these Regulations apply.

(2) Section 17(2) of the Act shall apply to any particulars given to a purchaser by the seller of seed, being particulars given or implied as in paragraph (1), in so far as they relate to the percentage germination, the percentage analytical purity or the content of seed of other plant species and there are hereby prescribed in respect of such matters the limits of variation set out in Schedule 9.

(3) Section 17(3) of the Act shall apply to any particulars given to a purchaser by the seller of the seed, being particulars given or implied as in paragraph (1), in so far as they relate to the percentage germination, the percentage analytical purity or the content of seed of other plant species.

(4) A purchaser who intends to obtain a test of seed for the purposes of section 17(3) of the Act shall, not more than ten days after delivery to him or her of the seed, give to the seller notice of his or her intention and thereupon the seller may indicate a day (not being more than twenty-one days after the delivery of the seed to the purchaser) and a reasonable time on that day at which a sample of the seed may be taken in the presence of himself or herself or his or her representative and the purchaser shall afford to the seller reasonable facilities for that purpose.

(5) On the day and at the time appointed by the seller in accordance with paragraph (4) or, if the seller shall have failed to appoint such a day and time, on a day not more than twenty-eight days after delivery of the seed to the purchaser, the purchaser or his or her representative may, and if the seller or his or her representative is present shall, take a sample of seed.

(6) A sample taken in accordance with the requirements of paragraph (5) shall be taken and divided by the purchaser or his representative into two parts in accordance with the requirements contained in Schedule 5 of the Seed (Registration, Licensing and Enforcement) (England) Regulations 2002, of which one part shall be sent to the chief officer of an official testing station for the purpose of being tested and the other part delivered or tendered to the seller or his or her representative or, if he or she or his or her representative was not present when the sample was taken, sent to him or her by post.

(7) Where a sample is taken in accordance with the requirements of paragraph (5) and divided into two parts in accordance with paragraph (6) each part of the divided sample shall be of at least the appropriate minimum weight specified in Schedule 7 (lots and sample weights) of these Regulations.

Arrangements for official measures

28.—(1) Subject to the following provisions of this regulation, the National Assembly for Wales may make arrangements, in such form as it is of the opinion may be necessary or desirable, for the purpose of enabling any person to act under its responsibility in carrying out official measures.

(2) The National Assembly for Wales shall not make an arrangement under this regulation unless it is satisfied that it will make provision for the purpose of preventing the person with whom the arrangement is made, and any other person, from —
(a) deriving any private gain from any official measures carried out under the arrangement; and

(b) carrying out any official measures under the arrangement except under the supervision of the National Assembly for Wales.

(3) An arrangement under this regulation may include such conditions as the National Assembly for Wales is of the opinion are necessary or desirable for the purposes referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) above, including conditions —

(a) specifying —

(i) the official measures that the person with whom the arrangement is made shall carry out under it;
(ii) the species and category of seed in respect of which he or she may carry out the official measures;
(iii) the methods to be used in connection with the official measures he or she carries out under the arrangement;
(iv) the fees that may be charged by the person with whom the arrangement is made in relation to the official measures he carries out under it; and
(v) the records that must be kept by the person with whom the arrangement is made in connection with the official measures he or she carries out;

(b) prohibiting the person with whom the arrangement is made from —

(i) carrying out the official measures except under official supervision, and
(ii) charging fees in relation to the official measures he or she carries out under the arrangement except to the extent that these do not exceed the costs he or she incurs in carrying them out; and

(c) prohibiting the person with whom the arrangement is made from making any further arrangement for any purpose in connection with the carrying out of any of the official measures he or she has arranged with the National Assembly for Wales to carry out, unless —

(i) the National Assembly for Wales has first approved all the conditions of the further arrangement and the person with whom the arrangement was made has received the prior approval of the National Assembly for Wales to make the further arrangement;
(ii) the further arrangement includes a condition prohibiting the making of any subsequent arrangements for any purpose in connection with the carrying out of any of the official measures in respect of which the National Assembly for Wales made the arrangement;
(iii) the further arrangement includes an acknowledgement by the person with whom it is made that the National Assembly for Wales may vary, suspend or revoke the further arrangement, whether or not it also varies, suspends or revokes the arrangement it made with the person seeking its approval for the further arrangement; and
(iv) the further arrangement includes the conditions specified in sub-paragraphs (a) and (b).

(4) The National Assembly for Wales shall not approve the making of a further arrangement by any person with whom it makes an arrangement under this regulation unless it is satisfied that the person with whom the further arrangement is to be made —

(a) will not derive any private gain from any official measures he or she is to be authorised to carry out under the further arrangement, and
(b) will not carry out any official measures under the further arrangement except under official supervision.

(5) The National Assembly for Wales may vary, suspend or revoke an arrangement or the conditions of an arrangement made under this regulation, or a further arrangement or any of the conditions of a further arrangement under this regulation, by giving notice to the person with whom the arrangement or further arrangement is made, and a further arrangement may be varied, suspended or revoked under this paragraph notwithstanding that the arrangement in respect of which it was made is not also varied, suspended or revoked.

(6) A notice of a variation, suspension or revocation of an arrangement or further arrangement, or of a condition of an arrangement or further arrangement, shall specify —

(a) in respect of a variation or a revocation, a date on and after which the variation or revocation shall have effect, and

(b) in respect of a suspension, a period during which suspension shall have effect,

and the variation, suspension or revocation shall have effect in accordance with the notice.

(7) When a variation, suspension or revocation has effect the National Assembly for Wales may, for any purposes in relation to these Regulations or a determination under these Regulations, continue to have regard to such of the official measures carried out under an arrangement which was varied, suspended or revoked as appear to it to be official measures carried out in accordance with the provisions of these Regulations.

Fees

29.—(1) The National Assembly for Wales may charge any person reasonable fees in respect of costs reasonably incurred by the National Assembly for Wales in carrying out official measures for the purposes of these Regulations.

(2) The National Assembly for Wales may charge any person concerned in any matter connected with these Regulations reasonable fees in respect of costs reasonably incurred by the National Assembly for Wales in connection with that matter for the purposes of these Regulations, including the costs reasonably incurred by an officer authorised for the purposes of these Regulations by the National Assembly for Wales in connection with —

(a) the taking of samples in accordance with regulation 23;

(b) the sealing of packages in accordance with regulations 24 and 25; and

(c) the labelling of packages in accordance with regulation 26.

(3) A person carrying out official measures in accordance with an arrangement or further arrangement under regulation 28 may charge any person, including any other person with whom an arrangement or further arrangement has been made under regulation 28, reasonable fees in respect of costs he or she reasonably incurs in carrying out official measures under the responsibility of the National Assembly for Wales in accordance with these Regulations.

(4) All fees payable under these Regulations in connection with any application shall be payable —

(a) at the time the application is made, or

(b) with the agreement of the National Assembly for Wales or a person carrying out official measures in accordance with an arrangement or further arrangement under regulation 28 (as the case may be), within twenty-eight days following notice from National Assembly for Wales or that person (as the case may be) demanding the fee payable in respect of such application.

(5) All other fees payable under these Regulations shall be payable within twenty-eight days following the issue of a notice under these Regulations demanding the payment of the fee.
(6) A fee charged in accordance with this regulation shall be recoverable as a debt from the person by whom the fee is payable.

Service of notices

30.—(1) Any notice required by virtue of these Regulations to be given to any person by the National Assembly for Wales may be given by it —

(a) by delivering it to him or her or by leaving it at his or her proper address or by sending it by post to him or her at that address;

(b) if the person is a body corporate other than a limited liability partnership, by giving it in accordance with paragraph (a) to the secretary of the body;

(c) if the person is a limited liability partnership, by giving it in accordance with paragraph (a) to a member of the partnership; or

(d) if the person is a partnership, by giving it in accordance with paragraph (a) to a partner or a person having control of the management of the partnership business.

(2) For the purposes of this section and section 7 of the Interpretation Act 1978 (service of documents by post) in its application to this section, the proper address of any person to whom a notice is to be given shall be his or her last known address, except that —

(a) in the case of a body corporate (other than a limited liability partnership) or its secretary, it shall be the address of the registered or principal office of the body;

(b) in the case of a limited liability partnership or a member of the partnership, it shall be the address of the registered or principal office of the partnership; and

(c) in the case of a partnership or a partner or a person having the control or management of a partnership business, it shall be the address of the principal office of the partnership.

(3) Paragraph (4) applies if a person to be given a notice under these Regulations by the National Assembly for Wales has specified to it an address within the United Kingdom other than his or her proper address (as determined under paragraph (2)) as the one at which he or she or someone on his or her behalf will accept notices of that description.

(4) In relation to that notice, that address shall be treated as his or her proper address for the purposes of this regulation and section 7 of the Interpretation Act 1978 in its application to this regulation, instead of that determined under paragraph (2).

Index of defined words and expressions

31. Schedule 10 contains an index of defined words and expressions used in these Regulations.

Revocations and transitional provisions

(a) 32. (1) (a) the Oil and Fibre Plant Seeds Regulations 1993 (18), the Oil and Fibre Plant Seeds (Amendment) Regulations 1994 (19), the Oil and Fibre Plant Seeds (Amendment) Regulations 1996 (20) and the Oil and Fibre Plant Seeds (Amendment) Regulations 1999 (21) are revoked insofar as they apply to Wales;

(b) the Oil and Fibre Plant Seeds (Amendment)(Wales) Regulations 2001 (22) and the Oil and Fibre Plant Seeds (Amendment) (Wales) Regulations 2003 (23) are revoked;

(17) 1978 c. 30.
(19) S.I. 1994/1423.
(20) S.I. 1996/1451.
(21) S.I. 1999/1862.
(22) S.I. 2001/3669 (W.300).
(c) the Seeds (Fees) Regulations 1985(24) are revoked in so far as they apply to Wales in relation to matters arising under the Oil and Fibre Plant Seeds Regulations 1993; and

(d) the Seeds (Fees)(Amendment)(Wales)(No. 2) Regulations 2002(25) are revoked in relation to matters arising under the Oil and Fibre Plant Seeds Regulations 1993.

(2) Section 17 of the Interpretation Act 1978 shall not apply in relation to general licences made under the Oil and Fibre Plant Seeds Regulations 1993.

Signed on behalf of the National Assembly for Wales under section 66(1) of the Government of Wales Act 1998(26)

D. Elis-Thomas

2 November 2004 The Presiding Officer of the National Assembly

(23) S.I. 2003/2529 (W.244).
(25) S.I 2002/1870 (W.183)
(26) 1998 c. 38
SCHEDULE 1

INTERPRETATION

PART I

Meaning of pre-basic seed and similar expressions

Pre-basic seed

1.—(1) In these Regulations, other than in relation to a component used in the production of a hybrid variety, “pre-basic seed” means seed of a generation prior to basic seed —
(a) that has been produced by or under the responsibility of the breeder according to accepted practices for the maintenance of the variety, and
(b) that is intended to be used for the production of more pre-basic seed, basic seed, or with the breeder’s written authority —
(i) in the case of black mustard, brown mustard, dioecious hemp, sunflower, swede rape, turnip rape or white mustard, CS seed;
(ii) in the case of flax, linseed, monoecious hemp or soya bean, C1 seed;
(iii) in the case of flax, linseed, monoecious hemp or soya bean, C2 seed; or
(iv) in the case of flax, C3 seed.

(2) In these Regulations, in relation to a component of a hybrid variety “pre-basic seed” means seed of a generation prior to basic seed that is intended to be used for the production of —
(a) more pre-basic seed of the component;
(b) basic seed; or
(c) with the breeder’s written authority, CS seed of a hybrid variety.

UK officially certified pre-basic seed of a listed variety

2.—(1) In these Regulations “UK officially certified pre-basic seed of a listed variety” means seed to which paragraph (2), (3) or (4) applies.

(2) This paragraph applies to —
(a) seed of a listed variety officially certified as pre-basic seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, and
(b) seed of a previously listed variety officially certified as pre-basic seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development and for which a marketing extension is in force.

(3) This paragraph applies to —
(a) pre-basic seed of a listed variety —
(i) that has been harvested from a crop produced in the United Kingdom for which a field inspection report has been issued stating that the crop has been found by an official UK field inspection (whenever carried out) to satisfy the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for a crop from which basic seed is to be produced;
(ii) that satisfies the conditions laid down in Parts II and IV of Schedule 4 for basic seed or satisfies all of those conditions except for the germination condition; and

(iii) for which a seed test report has been issued stating that it has been found by an official UK seed test or by a UK seed test carried out under official supervision (in either case whenever carried out) to satisfy the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for basic seed or that it has been found by such a test to satisfy all of those conditions except for the germination condition;

(b) pre-basic seed of a previously listed variety that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(i) to (iii) and for which a marketing extension is in force;

(c) pre-basic seed of a listed variety that —
   (i) has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified pre-basic seed harvested in another member State, and
   (ii) complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii);

(d) pre-basic seed of a previously listed variety —
   (i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified pre-basic seed harvested in another member State;
   (ii) that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii); and
   (iii) for which a marketing extension is in force; and

(e) pre-basic seed that —
   (i) has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified pre-basic seed harvested in another member State;
   (ii) complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii); and
   (iii) is of a variety that was unlisted at the time when the seed was imported into the United Kingdom but has since been listed,

other than seed to which paragraph (2) applies and seed for which an application for official certification has been made to the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development that has not been finally determined.

(4) Seed of a listed variety, or seed of a previously listed variety for which a marketing extension is in force, in respect of which a successful application has been made to National Assembly for Wales under regulation 13 to re-grade it as pre-basic seed.

EC officially certified pre-basic seed of a listed variety

3. In these Regulations “EC officially certified pre-basic seed of a listed variety” means —

(a) pre-basic seed of a listed variety officially certified as pre-basic seed by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in another member State, and

(b) pre-basic seed of a previously listed variety officially certified as pre-basic seed by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in another member State and for which a marketing extension is in force.

Overseas tested officially certified pre-basic seed of a listed variety

4. In these Regulations “overseas tested officially certified pre-basic seed of a listed variety” means pre-basic seed —

(a) that was harvested from a crop produced in a member State (including the United Kingdom) for which a field inspection report was issued by or on behalf of the competent
seed certification authority in the member State stating that the crop has been found to satisfy the relevant Directive crop conditions for basic seed;

(b) for which a seed test report has been issued —
   (i) by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State, or in a member State, other than the United Kingdom, into which the seed was subsequently imported, or
   (ii) by a licensed EC seed testing station in either of the member States referred to in paragraph (i),

stating that the seed has been found to satisfy the relevant Directive seed conditions for basic seed;

(c) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as pre-basic seed of a variety that was unlisted at the time when the seed was imported but has since been listed; and

(d) that is accompanied by —
   (i) an Annex V(C) document relating to the seed issued by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State referred to in paragraph (a), and
   (ii) the seed test report referred to in paragraph (b).

**UK officially certified early movement pre-basic seed of a listed variety**

5.—(1) In these Regulations “UK officially certified early movement pre-basic seed of a listed variety” means seed to which paragraph (2), (3) or (4) applies.

(2) This paragraph applies to —
   (a) seed of a listed variety officially certified as early movement pre-basic seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, and
   (b) seed of a previously listed variety officially certified as early movement pre-basic seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development and for which a marketing extension is in force.

(3) This paragraph applies to —
   (a) pre-basic seed of a listed variety —
      (i) that has been harvested from a crop produced in the United Kingdom for which a field inspection report has been issued stating that the crop has been found by an official UK field inspection (whenever carried out) to satisfy the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for a crop from which basic seed is to be produced;
      (ii) that, subject to sub-paragraph (iii), satisfies the conditions laid down in Parts II and IV of Schedule 4 for basic seed;
      (iii) for which the results of a Schedule 4 germination test are awaited but for which a provisional analytical report has been obtained indicating what the percentage of germination of the seed is likely to be; and
      (iv) for which a seed test report has been issued stating that it has been found, subject to the results of the awaited Schedule 4 germination test, by an official UK seed test or by a UK seed test carried out under official supervision (in either case whenever carried out), to satisfy the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for basic seed;
   (b) pre-basic seed of a previously listed variety that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(i) to (iv) and for which a marketing extension is in force;
   (c) pre-basic seed of a listed variety that —
(i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified pre-basic seed harvested in another member State, and
(ii) complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) to (iv); and

(d) pre-basic seed of a previously listed variety —
   (i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified pre-basic seed harvested in another member State;
   (ii) that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) to (iv); and
   (iii) for which a marketing extension is in force,
   other than seed to which paragraph (2) applies and seed for which an application for official certification has been made to the Secretary of State, Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development that has not been finally determined.

(4) Seed of a listed variety, or seed of a previously listed variety for which a marketing extension is in force, in respect of which a successful application has been made to National Assembly for Wales under regulation 13 to re-grade it as early movement pre-basic seed.

EC officially certified early movement pre-basic seed of a listed variety

6. In these Regulations “EC officially certified early movement pre-basic seed of a listed variety” means —
   (a) pre-basic seed of a listed variety officially certified as early movement pre-basic seed by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in another member State, and
   (b) pre-basic seed of a previously listed variety officially certified as early movement pre-basic seed by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in another member State and for which a marketing extension is in force.

UK officially certified pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety

7.—(1) In these Regulations “UK officially certified pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety” means seed to which paragraph (2), (3) or (4) applies.

(2) This paragraph applies to —
   (a) seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety officially certified as pre-basic seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, and
   (b) seed of a component used in the production of a previously listed hybrid variety officially certified as pre-basic seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development and for which a marketing extension is in force in respect of seed of the hybrid variety.

(3) This paragraph applies to —
   (a) pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety —
      (i) that has been harvested from a crop produced in the United Kingdom for which a field inspection report has been issued stating that the crop has been found by an official UK field inspection (whenever carried out) to satisfy the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for a crop from which basic seed is to be produced;
      (ii) that satisfies the conditions laid down in Parts II and IV of Schedule 4 for basic seed or satisfies all of those conditions except for the germination condition; and
(iii) for which a seed test report has been issued stating that it has been found by an
official UK seed test or by a UK seed test carried out under official supervision (in
either case whenever carried out) to satisfy the conditions laid down in Part II of
Schedule 4 for basic seed or that it has been found by such a test to satisfy all of
those conditions except for the germination condition;

(b) pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a previously listed hybrid variety
that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(i) to (iii) and for which a marketing
extension is in force in respect of seed of the hybrid variety;

(c) pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety —
   (i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified pre-basic
   seed harvested in another member State, and
   (ii) that complies with the requirements of sub-paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii);

(d) pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a previously listed hybrid
variety —
   (i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified pre-basic
   seed harvested in another member State;
   (ii) that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii); and
   (iii) for which a marketing extension is in force in respect of seed of the hybrid variety;

(e) pre-basic seed —
   (i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified pre-basic
   seed harvested in another member State;
   (ii) that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii); and
   (iii) that is a component used in the production of a hybrid variety that was unlisted at the
time when the seed was imported into the United Kingdom but has since been listed,
other than seed to which paragraph (2) applies and seed of a component used in the
production of a hybrid variety for which an application for official certification has been
made to the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture
and Rural Development that has not been finally determined.

(4) Seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety, or seed of a component
used in the production of a previously listed hybrid variety for which a marketing extension is in
force, in respect of which a successful application has been made to National Assembly for Wales
under regulation 13 to re-grade it as pre-basic seed.

**EC officially certified pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid
variety**

8. In these Regulations “EC officially certified pre-basic seed of a component used in the
production of a listed hybrid variety” means —

(a) pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety officially
certified as pre-basic seed by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in
another member State, and

(b) pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a previously listed hybrid variety
officially certified as pre-basic seed by or on behalf of the competent seed certification
authority in another member State and for which a marketing extension is in force in
respect of seed of the hybrid variety.
Overseas tested officially certified pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety

9. In these Regulations “overseas tested officially certified pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety” means pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety —

(a) that was harvested from a crop produced in a member State (including the United Kingdom) for which a field inspection report was issued by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State stating that the crop has been found to satisfy the relevant Directive crop conditions for basic seed;

(b) for which a seed test report has been issued —

(i) by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State, or in a member State, other than the United Kingdom, into which the seed was subsequently imported, or

(ii) by a licensed EC seed testing station in either of the member States referred to in paragraph (i), stating that the seed has been found to satisfy the relevant Directive seed conditions for basic seed;

(c) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as a component used in the production of a hybrid variety that was unlisted at the time when the seed was imported into the United Kingdom but has since been listed, and

(d) that is accompanied by —

(i) an Annex V(C) document relating to the seed issued by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State referred to in paragraph (a), and

(ii) the seed test report referred to in paragraph (b).

UK officially certified early movement pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety

10.—(1) In these Regulations “UK officially certified early movement pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety” means seed to which paragraph (2), (3) or (4) applies.

(2) This paragraph applies to —

(a) seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety officially certified as early movement pre-basic seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, and

(b) seed of a component used in the production of a previously listed hybrid variety officially certified as early movement pre-basic seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development and for which a marketing extension is in force in respect of seed of the hybrid variety.

(3) This paragraph applies to —

(a) pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety —

(i) that has been harvested from a crop produced in the United Kingdom for which a field inspection report has been issued stating that the crop has been found by an official UK field inspection (whenever carried out) to satisfy the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for a crop from which basic seed is to be produced;
(ii) that, subject to paragraph (iii), satisfies the conditions laid down in Parts II and IV of Schedule 4 for basic seed;

(iii) for which the results of a Schedule 4 germination test are awaited but for which a provisional analytical report has been obtained indicating what the percentage of germination of the seed is likely to be; and

(iv) for which a seed test report has been issued stating that it has been found, subject to the results of the awaited Schedule 4 germination test, by an official UK seed test or by a UK seed test carried out under official supervision (in either case whenever carried out) to satisfy the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for basic seed;

(b) pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a previously listed hybrid variety that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(i) to (iv) and for which a marketing extension is in force in respect of seed of the hybrid variety;

(c) pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety —

(i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified pre-basic seed harvested in another member State, and

(ii) complies with the requirements of sub-paragraph (a)(ii) to (iv); and

(d) pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a previously listed hybrid variety —

(i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified pre-basic seed harvested in another member State;

(ii) that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) to (iv); and

(iii) for which a marketing extension is in force in respect of seed of the hybrid variety, other than seed to which paragraph (2) applies and seed for which an application for official certification has been made to the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development that has not been finally determined.

(4) Seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety, or seed of a component used in the production of a previously listed hybrid variety for which a marketing extension is in force, in respect of which a successful application has been made to National Assembly for Wales under regulation 13 to re-grade it as early movement pre-basic seed.

EC officially certified early movement pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety

11. In these Regulations “EC officially certified early movement pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety” means —

(a) pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety officially certified as early movement pre-basic seed by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in another member State, and

(b) pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a previously listed hybrid variety officially certified as early movement pre-basic seed by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in another member State and for which a marketing extension is in force in respect of seed of the hybrid variety.

Officially certified pre-basic seed

12. In these Regulations “officially certified pre-basic seed” means —

(a) UK officially certified pre-basic seed of a listed variety;
(b) EC officially certified pre-basic seed of a listed variety;
(c) overseas tested officially certified pre-basic seed of a listed variety;
(d) UK officially certified early movement pre-basic seed of a listed variety;
(e) EC officially certified early movement pre-basic seed of a listed variety;
(f) UK officially certified pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety;
(g) EC officially certified pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety;
(h) overseas tested officially certified pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety;
(i) UK officially certified early movement pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety; and
(j) EC officially certified early movement pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety.

PART II

Meaning of basic seed and similar expressions

Basic seed

13.—(1) In these Regulations, in relation to black mustard, brown mustard, flax, hemp, linseed, soya bean, sunflower, swede rape, turnip rape and white mustard, other than a hybrid, “basic seed” means seed that —
(a) has been produced by or under the responsibility of the breeder according to accepted practices for the maintenance of the variety, and
(b) is intended to be used for the production of —
   (i) in the case of black mustard, brown mustard, dioecious hemp, sunflower, swede rape, turnip rape and white mustard, CS seed;
   (ii) in the case of flax, linseed, monoecious hemp and soya bean, C1 seed;
   (iii) in the case of flax, linseed, monoecious hemp and soya bean, C2 seed; or
   (iv) in the case of flax, C3 seed.

(2) In these Regulations, in relation to a component of a hybrid variety, or an inbred line that is a component of a hybrid variety, “basic seed” means seed that is intended to be used for the production of CS seed of a hybrid variety.

(3) In these Regulations, in relation to a simple hybrid that is a component of a hybrid variety, “basic seed” means seed that is intended to be used for the production of CS seed of a double or three way cross hybrid variety.

UK officially certified basic seed of a listed variety

14.—(1) In these Regulations “UK officially certified basic seed of a listed variety” means seed to which paragraph (2), (3) or (4) applies.

(2) This paragraph applies to —
(a) seed of a listed variety officially certified as basic seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, and
(b) seed of a previously listed variety officially certified as basic seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development and for which a marketing extension is in force.

(3) This paragraph applies to —

(a) basic seed of a listed variety —

(i) that has been harvested from a crop produced in the United Kingdom for which a field inspection report has been issued stating that the crop has been found by an official UK field inspection (whenever carried out) to satisfy the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for a crop from which basic seed is to be produced;

(ii) that satisfies the conditions laid down in Parts II and IV of Schedule 4 for basic seed or satisfies all of those conditions except for the germination condition; and

(iii) for which a seed test report has been issued stating that it has been found by an official UK seed test or by a UK seed test carried out under official supervision (in either case whenever carried out) to satisfy the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for basic seed or that it has been found by such a test to satisfy all of those conditions except for the germination condition;

(b) basic seed of a previously listed variety that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(i) to (iii) and for which a marketing extension is in force;

(c) basic seed of a listed variety that —

(i) has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified basic seed harvested in another member State, and

(ii) complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii);

(d) basic seed of a previously listed variety —

(i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified basic seed harvested in another member State;

(ii) that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii); and

(iii) for which a marketing extension is in force; and

(e) basic seed that —

(i) has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified basic seed harvested in another member State;

(ii) complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii); and

(iii) is of a variety that was unlisted at the time when the seed was imported into the United Kingdom but has since been listed, other than seed to which paragraph (2) applies and seed for which an application for official certification has been made to the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development that has not been finally determined.

(4) Seed of a listed variety, or seed of a previously listed variety for which a marketing extension is in force, in respect of which a successful application has been made to National Assembly for Wales under regulation 13 to re-grade it as basic seed.

EC officially certified basic seed of a listed variety

15. In these Regulations “EC officially certified basic seed of a listed variety” means —

(a) basic seed of a listed variety officially certified as basic seed by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in another member State, and
(b) basic seed of a previously listed variety officially certified as basic seed by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in another member State and for which a marketing extension is in force.

Third country officially certified basic seed of a listed variety

16.—(1) In these Regulations “third country officially certified basic seed of a listed variety” means seed to which paragraph (2) or (3) applies.

(2) This paragraph applies to basic seed of a listed variety;

(a) that was harvested from a crop that was produced —
   (i) in an equivalent third country;
   (ii) from a preceding generation of seed that was produced in accordance with the provisions specified in paragraph 6 of Part II(B) of the Annex to the Third Country Equivalence Decision;

(b) that has been officially certified as basic seed by the approved seed certification authority in that country in accordance with —
   (i) in the case of seed other than soya bean seed, the OECD Crucifer and Oil and Fibre Seed Scheme, and
   (ii) in the case of soya bean seed, the OECD Grass and Legume Seed Scheme; and

(c) that has been packed in packages that have been officially closed and marked in accordance with —
   (i) in the case of seed other than soya bean seed, the OECD Crucifer and Oil and Fibre Seed Scheme, and
   (ii) in the case of soya bean seed, the OECD Grass and Legume Seed Scheme; and

and, as regards the packaging, in accordance with the relevant conditions specified in paragraph 4 of Part II(B) of the Annex to the Third Country Equivalence Decision; and

(d) that has been imported into the United Kingdom and was accompanied by —
   (i) an OECD Certificate issued by the approved seed certification authority in respect of the seed lot from which the seed was taken approving the seed in that lot as basic seed; and

   (ii) subject to paragraph (iii), an Orange or Green International Seed Lot Certificate issued under the Rules of ISTA showing that it has been found to satisfy the relevant Directive seed conditions for basic seed other than those relating to varietal identity and varietal purity; or

   (iii) in a case where the seed has been certified in Canada or the United States of America, a Lot Inspection Certificate issued by the Official Seed Testing Laboratory under the authority of the State Seed Testing Agency showing that it has been found to satisfy those conditions instead of a certificate of the type referred to in paragraph (ii).

(3) This paragraph applies to basic seed —

(a) of a previously listed variety that is on the OECD List and for which a marketing extension is in force, and

(b) that complies with the requirements of sub-paragraph (2)(a) to (d).
**Overseas tested officially certified basic seed of a listed variety**

17.—(1) A person may market officially certified early movement pre-basic, officially certified early movement basic or officially certified early movement commercial seed before the completion of the official germination test, if the person marketing the seed —.

(a) obtains a provisional analytical report indicating what the percentage of germination of the seed is likely to be;

(b) provides the first buyer, upon or before delivery of the seed, with a written statement that the seed is marketed before the completion of the official germination test together with the result in the provisional analytical report;

(i) by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State, or in a member State, other than the United Kingdom, into which the seed was subsequently imported, or

(ii) by a licensed EC seed testing station in either of the member States referred to in paragraph (i), stating that the seed has been found to satisfy the relevant Directive seed conditions for basic seed;

(c) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as basic seed of a variety that was unlisted at the time when the seed was imported but has since been listed; and

(d) that is accompanied by —

(i) an Annex V(C) document relating to the seed issued by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State referred to in paragraph (a), and

(ii) the seed test report referred to in paragraph (b).

(2) This sub-paragraph applies to basic seed that —

(a) complies with the requirements of paragraph 16(2)(a) to (d), and

(b) that was imported into the United Kingdom as basic seed of a variety that was unlisted at the time when the seed was imported but has since been listed.

**UK officially certified early movement basic seed of a listed variety**

18.—(1) In these Regulations “UK officially certified early movement basic seed of a listed variety” means seed to which paragraph (2), (3) or (4) applies.

(2) This paragraph applies to —

(a) seed of a listed variety officially certified as early movement basic seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, and

(b) seed of a previously listed variety officially certified as early movement basic seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development and for which a marketing extension is in force.

(3) This paragraph applies to —

(a) basic seed of a listed variety —

(i) that has been harvested from a crop produced in the United Kingdom for which a field inspection report has been issued stating that the crop has been found by an official UK field inspection (whenever carried out) to satisfy the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for a crop from which basic seed is to be produced;
(ii) that, subject to sub-paragraph (iii), satisfies the conditions laid down in Parts II and IV of Schedule 4 for basic seed;

(iii) for which the results of a Schedule 4 germination test are awaited but for which a provisional analytical report has been obtained indicating what the percentage of germination of the seed is likely to be; and

(iv) for which a seed test report has been issued stating that it has been found, subject to the results of the awaited Schedule 4 germination test, by an official UK seed test or by a UK seed test carried out under official supervision (in either case whenever carried out), to satisfy the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for basic seed;

(b) basic seed of a previously listed variety that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(i) to (iv) and for which a marketing extension is in force;

(c) basic seed of a listed variety that —

(i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified basic seed harvested in another member State, and

(ii) complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) to (iv); and

(d) basic seed of a previously listed variety —

(i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified basic seed harvested in another member State;

(ii) that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) to (iv); and

(iii) for which a marketing extension is in force,

other than seed to which paragraph (2) applies and seed for which an application for official certification has been made to the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development that has not been finally determined.

(4) Seed of a listed variety, or seed of a previously listed variety for which a marketing extension is in force, in respect of which a successful application has been made to National Assembly for Wales under regulation 13 to re-grade it as early movement basic seed.

EC officially certified early movement basic seed of a listed variety

19. In these Regulations “EC officially certified early movement basic seed of a listed variety” means —

(a) basic seed of a listed variety officially certified as early movement basic seed by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in another member State, and

(b) basic seed of a previously listed variety officially certified as early movement basic seed by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in another member State and for which a marketing extension is in force.

UK officially certified basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety

20.—(1) In these Regulations “UK officially certified basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety” means seed to which paragraph (2), (3) or (4) applies.

(2) This paragraph applies to —

(a) seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety officially certified as basic seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, and

(b) seed of a component of a previously listed hybrid variety officially certified as basic seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of
Agriculture and Rural Development and for which a marketing extension is in force in
respect of seed of the hybrid variety.

(3) This paragraph applies to —

(a) basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety —

(i) that has been harvested from a crop produced in the United Kingdom for which
a field inspection report has been issued stating that the crop has been found by
an official UK field inspection (whenever carried out) to satisfy the conditions laid
down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for a crop from which basic seed is
to be produced;

(ii) that satisfies the conditions laid down in Parts II and IV of Schedule 4 for basic seed
or satisfies all of those conditions except for the germination condition; and

(iii) for which a seed test report has been issued stating that it has been found by an
official UK seed test or by a UK seed test carried out under official supervision (in
either case whenever carried out) to satisfy the conditions laid down in Part II of
Schedule 4 for basic seed or that it has been found by such a test to satisfy all of
those conditions except for the germination condition;

(b) basic seed of a component of a previously listed hybrid variety that complies with the
requirements of paragraph (a)(i) to (iii) and for which a marketing extension is in force in
respect of seed of the hybrid variety;

(c) basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety —

(i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified basic seed
harvested in another member State, and

(ii) that complies with the requirements of sub-paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii);

(d) basic seed of a component of a previously listed hybrid variety —

(i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified basic seed
harvested in another member State;

(ii) that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii); and

(iii) for which a marketing extension is in force in respect of seed of the hybrid variety;

(e) basic seed —

(i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified basic seed
harvested in another member State;

(ii) that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii); and

(iii) that is a component of a hybrid variety that was unlisted at the time when the seed
was imported into the United Kingdom but has since been listed,
other than seed to which paragraph (2) applies and seed for which an application for
official certification has been made to the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the
Department of Agriculture and Rural Development that has not been finally determined.

(4) Seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety, or seed of a component of a previously
listed hybrid variety for which a marketing extension is in force, in respect of which a successful
application has been made to the National Assembly for Wales under regulation 13 to re-grade it
as basic seed.

EC officially certified basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety

21. In these Regulations “EC officially certified basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid
variety” means —
(a) basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety officially certified as basic seed by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in another member State, and

(b) basic seed of a component of a previously listed hybrid variety officially certified as basic seed by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in another member State and for which a marketing extension is in force in respect of seed of the hybrid variety.

Third country officially certified basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety

22.—(1) In these Regulations “third country officially certified basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety” means basic seed to which sub-paragraph (2) or (3) applies.

(2) This paragraph applies to basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety —

(a) that was harvested from a crop that was produced —

(i) in an equivalent third country,

(ii) from a preceding generation of seed that was produced in accordance with the provisions specified in paragraph 6 of Part II(B) of the Annex to the Third Country Equivalence Decision; and

(b) that has been officially certified as basic seed by the approved seed certification authority in that country in accordance with —

(i) in the case of seed other than soya bean seed, the OECD Crucifer and Oil and Fibre Seed Scheme, and

(ii) in the case of soya bean seed, the OECD Grass and Legume Seed Scheme; and

(iii) in both cases, the conditions specified in paragraphs 1 and 3 of Part II(B) of the Annex to the Third Country Equivalence Decision;

(c) that has been packed in packages that have been officially closed and marked in accordance with —

(i) in the case of seed other than soya bean seed, the OECD Crucifer and Oil and Fibre Seed Scheme, and

(ii) in the case of soya bean seed, the OECD Grass and Legume Seed Scheme; and

and, as regards the packaging, in accordance with the relevant conditions specified in paragraph 4 of Part II(B) of the Annex to the Third Country Equivalence Decision; and

(d) that has been imported into the United Kingdom and was accompanied by —

(i) an OECD Certificate issued by the approved seed certification authority in respect of the seed lot from which the seed was taken approving the seed in that lot as basic seed; and

(ii) subject to paragraph (iii), an Orange or Green International Seed Lot Certificate issued under the Rules of ISTA showing that it has been found to satisfy the relevant Directive seed conditions for basic seed other than those relating to varietal identity and varietal purity; or

(iii) in a case where the seed has been certified in Canada or the United States of America, a Lot Inspection Certificate issued by the Official Seed Testing Laboratory under the authority of the State Seed Testing Agency showing that it has been found to satisfy those conditions instead of a certificate of the type referred to in paragraph (ii).

(3) This paragraph applies to basic seed —

(a) that is a component of a previously listed hybrid variety that is on the OECD List and for which a marketing extension is in force, and

(b) that complies with the requirements of sub-paragraph (2)(a) to (d).
Overseas tested officially certified basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety

23.—(1) In these Regulations “overseas tested officially certified basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety” means basic seed to which sub-paragraph (2) or (3) applies.

(2) This paragraph applies to basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety —

(a) that was harvested from a crop produced in a member State (including the United Kingdom) for which a field inspection report was issued by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State stating that the crop has been found to satisfy the relevant Directive crop conditions for basic seed;

(b) for which a seed test report has been issued —

(i) by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State, or in a member State, other than the United Kingdom, into which the seed was subsequently imported, or

(ii) by a licensed EC seed testing station in either of the member States referred to in paragraph (i), stating that the seed has been found to satisfy the relevant Directive seed conditions for basic seed;

(c) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as a component of a hybrid variety that was unlisted at the time when the seed was imported into the United Kingdom but has since been listed, and

(d) that is accompanied by —

(i) an Annex V(C) document relating to the seed issued by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State referred to in paragraph (a), and

(ii) the seed test report referred to in paragraph (b).

(3) This paragraph applies to basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety —

(a) that complies with the requirements of paragraph 22(2)(a) to (d) and

(b) that was imported into the United Kingdom as basic seed of a component of a hybrid variety that was unlisted at the time when the seed was imported into the United Kingdom but has since been listed.

UK officially certified early movement basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety

24.—(1) In these Regulations “UK officially certified early movement basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety” means seed of which paragraph (2), (3) or (4) applies.

(2) This paragraph applies to —

(a) seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety officially certified as early movement basic seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, and

(b) seed of a component of a previously listed hybrid variety officially certified as early movement basic seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development and for which a marketing extension is in force in respect of seed of the hybrid variety.

(3) This paragraph applies to —

(a) basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety —

(i) that has been harvested from a crop produced in the United Kingdom for which a field inspection report has been issued stating that the crop has been found by an official UK field inspection (whenever carried out) to satisfy the conditions laid
down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for a crop from which basic seed is to be produced;

(ii) that, subject to paragraph (iii), satisfies the conditions laid down in Parts II and IV of Schedule 4 for basic seed;

(iii) for which the results of a Schedule 4 germination test are awaited but for which a provisional analytical report has been obtained indicating what the percentage of germination of the seed is likely to be; and

(iv) for which a seed test report has been issued stating that it has been found, subject to the results of the awaited Schedule 4 germination test, by an official UK seed test or by a UK seed test carried out under official supervision (in either case whenever carried out) to satisfy the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for basic seed;

(b) basic seed of a component of a previously listed hybrid variety that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(i) to (iv) and for which a marketing extension is in force in respect of seed of the hybrid variety;

(c) basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety —

(i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified basic seed harvested in another member State, and

(ii) complies with the requirements of sub-paragraph (a)(ii) to (iv); and

(d) basic seed of a component of a previously listed hybrid variety —

(i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified basic seed harvested in another member State;

(ii) that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) to (iv); and

(iii) for which a marketing extension is in force in respect of seed of the hybrid variety, other than seed to which paragraph (2) applies and seed for which an application for official certification has been made to the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development that has not been finally determined.

(4) Seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety, or seed of a component of a previously listed hybrid variety for which a marketing extension is in force, in respect of which a successful application has been made to the National Assembly for Wales under regulation 13 to re-grade it as early movement basic seed.

EC officially certified early movement basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety

25. In these Regulations “EC officially certified early movement basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety” means —

(a) basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety officially certified as early movement basic seed by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in another member State, and

(b) basic seed of a component of a previously listed hybrid variety officially certified as early movement basic seed by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in another member State and for which a marketing extension is in force in respect of seed of the hybrid variety.

Officially certified basic seed

26. In these Regulations “officially certified basic seed” means —

(a) UK officially certified basic seed of a listed variety;
(b) EC officially certified basic seed of a listed variety;
(c) third country officially certified basic seed of a listed variety;
(d) overseas tested officially certified basic seed of a listed variety;
(e) UK officially certified early movement basic seed of a listed variety;
(f) EC officially certified early movement basic seed of a listed variety;
(g) UK officially certified basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety;
(h) EC officially certified basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety;
(i) third country officially certified basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety;
(j) overseas tested officially certified basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety;
(k) UK officially certified early movement basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety; and
(l) EC officially certified early movement basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety.

PART III

Meaning of CS, C1, C2 and C3 seed and similar expressions

CS seed
27. In these Regulations in relation to black mustard, brown mustard, dioecious hemp, sunflower, swede rape, turnip rape and white mustard, including hybrids, “CS seed” means seed that —
(a) has been produced directly from officially certified basic seed or, with the breeder’s written authority, from officially certified pre-basic seed, and
(b) is intended for purposes other than the production of oil and fibre plant seed.

UK officially certified CS seed of a listed variety
28.—(1) In these Regulations “UK officially certified CS seed of a listed variety” means seed to which paragraph (2), (3) or (4) applies.
(2) This paragraph applies to —
(a) seed of a listed variety officially certified as CS seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, and
(b) seed of a previously listed variety officially certified as CS seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers and Rural Development and for which a marketing extension is in force.
(3) This paragraph applies to —
(a) CS seed of a listed variety —
(i) that has been harvested from a crop produced in the United Kingdom for which a field inspection report has been issued stating that the crop has been found, by an official UK field inspection (whenever carried out) or, in the case of a crop that has been produced from seed that has been subject to satisfactory official post control, by a UK field inspection carried out under official supervision following the listing of the variety, to satisfy the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for a crop from which CS seed is to be produced;
(ii) that satisfies the conditions laid down in Parts II, III and IV of Schedule 4 for CS seed; and
(iii) for which a seed test report has been issued stating that it has been found by an official UK seed test or by a UK seed test carried out under official supervision (in either case whenever carried out) to satisfy the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for CS seed;

(b) CS seed of a previously listed variety that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a) (i) to (iii) and for which a marketing extension is in force;

(c) CS seed of a listed variety that —
   (i) has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified CS seed harvested in another member State, and
   (ii) complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii);

(d) CS seed of a previously listed variety —
   (i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified CS seed harvested in another member State;
   (ii) that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii); and
   (iii) for which a marketing extension is in force;

(e) CS seed —
   (i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified CS seed harvested in another member State or an equivalent third country;
   (ii) that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii); and
   (iii) that is of a variety that was unlisted at the time when the seed was imported into the United Kingdom but has since been listed;

(f) CS seed of a listed variety that —
   (i) has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified CS seed harvested in an equivalent third country, and
   (ii) complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii); and

(g) CS seed —
   (i) of a previously listed variety that is on the OECD list;
   (ii) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified CS seed harvested in an equivalent third country;
   (iii) that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii); and
   (iv) for which a marketing extension is in force,

other than seed to which paragraph (2) applies and seed for which an application for official certification has been made to the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development that has not been finally determined.

(4) Seed of a listed variety, or of a previously listed variety for which a marketing extension is in force, in respect of which a successful application has been made to the National Assembly for Wales under regulation 13 to re-grade it as CS seed.

EC officially certified CS seed of a listed variety

29. In these Regulations “EC officially certified CS seed of a listed variety” means —

(a) CS seed of a listed variety officially certified as CS seed by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in another member State, and
(b) CS seed of a previously listed variety officially certified as CS seed by or on behalf of the
competent seed certification authority in another member State and for which a marketing
extension is in force.

Third country officially certified CS seed of a listed variety

30.—(1) In these Regulations “third country officially certified CS seed of a listed variety” means
seed to which paragraph (2) or (3) applies.

(2) This paragraph applies to CS seed of a listed variety —

(a) that was harvested from a crop that was produced —
   (i) in an equivalent third country;
   (ii) from basic seed that was produced in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 7
        of Part II(B) of the Annex to the Third Country Equivalence Decision;

(b) that has been officially certified as CS seed by the approved seed certification authority
    in that country in accordance with —
    (i) in the case of seed other than soya bean seed, the OECD Crucifer and Oil and Fibre
        Seed Scheme, and
    (ii) in the case of soya bean seed, the OECD Grass and Legume Seed Scheme; and
    (iii) in both cases, the conditions specified in paragraphs 1 and 3 of Part II(B) of the
         Annex to the Third Country Equivalence Decision;

(c) that has been packed in packages that have been officially closed and marked in accordance
    with —
    (i) in the case of seed other than soya bean seed, the OECD Crucifer and Oil and Fibre
        Seed Scheme, and
    (ii) in the case of soya bean seed, the OECD Grass and Legume Seed Scheme; and
    and, as regards the packaging, in accordance with the relevant conditions specified in
    paragraph 4 of Part II(B) of the Annex to the Third Country Equivalence Decision; and

(d) that has been imported into the United Kingdom and was accompanied by —
   (i) an OECD Certificate issued by the approved seed certification authority in respect
       of the seed lot from which the seed was taken approving the seed in that lot as CS
       seed; and
   (ii) subject to paragraph (iii), an Orange or Green International Seed Lot Certificate
       issued under the Rules of ISTA showing that it has been found to satisfy the relevant
       Directive seed conditions for CS seed other than those relating to varietal identity
       and varietal purity; or
   (iii) in a case where the seed has been certified in Canada or the United States of America,
        a Lot Inspection Certificate issued by the Official Seed Testing Laboratory under the
        authority of the State Seed Testing Agency showing that it has been found to satisfy
        those conditions instead of a certificate of the type referred to in paragraph (ii).

(3) This sub-paragraph applies to CS seed —

(a) of a previously listed variety that is on the OECD List and for which a marketing extension
    is in force, and

(b) that complies with the requirements of sub-paragraph (2)(a) to (d).
Overseas tested officially certified CS seed of a listed variety

31.—(1) In these Regulations “overseas tested officially certified CS seed of a listed variety” means CS seed to which sub-paragraph (2), (3) or (4) applies.

(2) This paragraph applies to CS seed —

(a) that was harvested from a crop produced in a member State (including the United Kingdom) for which a field inspection report was issued by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State stating that the crop had been found to satisfy the relevant Directive crop conditions for CS seed;

(b) for which a seed test report has been issued —

(i) by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State, or in a member State, other than the United Kingdom, into which the seed was subsequently imported, or

(ii) by a licensed EC seed testing station in either of the member States referred to in paragraph (i), stating that the seed has been found to satisfy the relevant Directive seed conditions for CS seed;

(c) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as CS seed of a variety that was unlisted at the time when the seed was imported but has since been listed; and

(d) that is accompanied by —

(i) an Annex V(C) document relating to the seed issued by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State referred to in paragraph (a), and

(ii) the seed test report referred to in paragraph (b).

(3) This paragraph applies to CS seed —

(a) that was harvested from a crop produced in an equivalent third country for which a field inspection report was issued by the approved seed certification authority or a licensed third country inspector in that country stating that the crop had been found to satisfy the relevant Directive crop conditions for CS seed;

(b) that was subsequently imported into a member State other than the United Kingdom and for which a seed test report has been issued by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority or by a licensed EC seed testing station in that member State, stating that the seed has been found to satisfy the relevant Directive seed conditions for CS seed;

(c) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as CS seed of a variety that was unlisted at the time when the seed was imported but has since been listed; and

(d) that is accompanied by —

(i) a Part II.A(3) official certificate relating to the crop from which the seed was harvested issued by the approved seed certification authority in the third country referred to in paragraph (a) stating that the crop has been found to satisfy the relevant crop conditions for CS seed, and

(ii) the seed test report referred to in paragraph (b).

(4) This paragraph applies to CS seed that —

(a) complies with the requirements of paragraph 30(2)(a) to (d) and

(i) that was been imported into the United Kingdom as CS seed of a variety that was unlisted at the time when the seed was imported but has since been listed.
UK officially certified early movement CS seed of a listed variety

32.—(1) In these Regulations “UK officially certified early movement CS seed of a listed variety” means seed to which paragraph (2), (3) or (4) applies.

(2) This paragraph applies to —

(a) seed of a listed variety officially certified as early movement CS seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, and

(b) seed of a previously listed variety officially certified as early movement CS seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development and for which a marketing extension is in force.

(3) This paragraph applies to —

(a) CS seed of a listed variety —

(i) that has been harvested from a crop produced in the United Kingdom for which a field inspection report has been issued stating that the crop has been found by an official UK field inspection (whenever carried out) or, in the case of a crop that has been produced from seed that has been subject to satisfactory official post control, by a UK field inspection carried out under official supervision following the listing of the variety, to satisfy the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for a crop from which CS seed is to be produced;

(ii) that, subject to sub-paragraph (iii), satisfies the conditions laid down in Parts II, III and IV of Schedule 4 for CS seed;

(iii) for which the results of a Schedule 4 germination test are awaited to determine whether the seed will satisfy the applicable germination standard for CS seed but for which a provisional analytical report has been obtained indicating that the seed is likely to meet that standard; and

(iv) for which a seed test report has been issued stating that it has been found, subject to the results of the awaited Schedule 4 germination test, by an official UK seed test or by a UK seed test carried out under official supervision (in either case whenever carried out) to satisfy the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for CS seed;

(b) CS seed of a previously listed variety that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a) (i) to (iv) and for which a marketing extension is in force;

(c) CS seed of a listed variety —

(i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified CS seed harvested in another member State, and

(ii) complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) to (iv);

(d) CS seed of a previously listed variety —

(i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified CS seed harvested in another member State;

(ii) that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) to (iv); and

(iii) for which a marketing extension is in force;

(e) CS seed of a listed variety —

(i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified CS seed harvested in an equivalent third country, and

(ii) complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) to (iv);

(f) CS seed —
(i) of a previously listed variety that is on the OECD list;
(ii) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified CS seed harvested in an equivalent third country;
(iii) that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) to (iv); and
(iv) for which a marketing extension is in force,
other than seed to which paragraph (2) applies and seed for which an application for official certification has been made to the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development that has not been finally determined.

(4) Seed of a listed variety, or of a previously listed variety for which a marketing extension is in force, in respect of which a successful application has been made to the National Assembly for Wales under regulation 13 to re-grade it as early movement CS seed.

EC officially certified early movement CS seed of a listed variety

33. In these Regulations “EC officially certified early movement CS seed of a listed variety” means —

(a) CS seed of a listed variety officially certified as early movement CS seed by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in another member State, and
(b) CS seed of a previously listed variety officially certified as early movement CS seed by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in another member State and for which a marketing extension is in force.

Officially certified CS seed

34. In these Regulations “officially certified CS seed” means —

(a) UK officially certified CS seed of a listed variety;
(b) EC officially certified CS seed of a listed variety;
(c) third country officially certified CS seed of a listed variety;
(d) overseas tested officially certified CS seed of a listed variety;
(e) UK officially certified early movement CS seed of a listed variety; and
(f) EC officially certified early movement CS seed of a listed variety.

C1 seed

35. In these Regulations, in relation to flax, linseed, monoecious hemp and soya bean, “C1 seed” means seed that —

(a) has been produced directly from officially certified basic seed or, with the breeder’s written authority, from officially certified pre-basic seed, and
(b) is intended —

(i) for production of C2 seed;
(ii) in the case of flax, for the production of C3 seed; or
(iii) for purposes other than the production of oil and fibre plant seed.

UK officially certified C1 seed of a listed variety

36.—(1) In these Regulations “UK officially certified C1 seed of a listed variety” means seed to which paragraph (2), (3) or (4) applies.
(2) This paragraph applies to —

(a) seed of a listed variety officially certified as C1 seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, and

(b) seed of a previously listed variety officially certified as C1 seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development and for which a marketing extension is in force.

(3) This paragraph applies to —

(a) C1 seed of a listed variety —

(i) that has been harvested from a crop produced in the United Kingdom for which a field inspection report has been issued stating that the crop has been found, by an official UK field inspection (whenever carried out) or, in the case of a crop that has been produced from seed that has been subject to satisfactory official post control, by a UK field inspection carried out under official supervision following the listing of the variety, to satisfy the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for a crop from which C1 seed is to be produced;

(ii) that satisfies the conditions laid down in Parts II and IV of Schedule 4 for C1 seed; and

(iii) for which a seed test report has been issued stating that it has been found by an official UK seed test or by a UK seed test carried out under official supervision (in either case whenever carried out) to satisfy the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for C1 seed;

(b) C1 seed of a previously listed variety that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a) (i) to (iii) and for which a marketing extension is in force;

(c) C1 seed of a listed variety that —

(i) has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified C1 seed harvested in another member State, and

(ii) complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii);

(d) C1 seed of a previously listed variety —

(i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified C1 seed harvested in another member State;

(ii) that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii); and

(iii) for which a marketing extension is in force;

(e) C1 seed —

(i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified C1 seed harvested in another member State or an equivalent third country;

(ii) that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii); and

(iii) that is of a variety that was unlisted at the time when the seed was imported into the United Kingdom but has since been listed;

(f) C1 seed of a listed variety that —

(i) has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified C1 seed harvested in an equivalent third country, and

(ii) complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii); and

(g) C1 seed —

(i) of a previously listed variety that is on the OECD list;
(ii) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified C1 seed harvested in an equivalent third country;

(iii) that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii); and

(iv) for which a marketing extension is in force,

other than seed to which paragraph (2) applies and seed for which an application for official certification has been made to the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development that has not been finally determined.

(4) Seed of a listed variety, or of a previously listed variety for which a marketing extension is in force, in respect of which a successful application has been made to the National Assembly for Wales under regulation 13 to re-grade it as C1 seed.

EC officially certified C1 seed of a listed variety

37. In these Regulations “EC officially certified C1 seed of a listed variety” means —

(a) C1 seed of a listed variety officially certified as C1 seed by the competent seed certification authority in another member State, and

(b) C1 seed of a previously listed variety officially certified as C1 seed by the competent seed certification authority in another member State and for which a marketing extension is in force.

Third country officially certified C1 seed of a listed variety

38.—(1) In these Regulations “third country officially certified C1 seed of a listed variety” means C1 seed to which paragraph (2) or (3) applies.

(2) This paragraph applies to C1 seed of a listed variety —

(a) that was harvested from a crop that has been produced —

(i) in an equivalent third country,

(ii) from a preceding generation of seed that was produced in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 7 of Part II(B) of the Annex to the Third Country Equivalence Decision;

(b) that has been officially certified as C1 seed by the approved seed certification authority in that country in accordance with —

(i) in the case of seed other than soya bean seed, the OECD Crucifer and Oil and Fibre Seed Scheme, and

(ii) in the case of soya bean seed, the OECD Grass and Legume Seed Scheme; and

(iii) in both cases, the conditions specified in paragraphs 1 and 3 of Part II(B) of the Annex to the Third Country Equivalence Decision;

(c) that has been packed in packages that have been officially closed and marked in accordance with —

(i) in the case of seed other than soya bean seed, the OECD Crucifer and Oil and Fibre Seed Scheme, and

(ii) in the case of soya bean seed, the OECD Grass and Legume Seed Scheme; and

and, as regards the packaging, in accordance with the relevant conditions specified in paragraph 4 of Part II(B) of the Annex to the Third Country Equivalence Decision; and

(d) that has been imported into the United Kingdom and was accompanied by —
(i) an OECD Certificate issued by the approved seed certification authority in respect of the seed lot from which the seed was taken approving the seed in that lot as C1 seed; and

(ii) subject to paragraph (iii), an Orange or Green International Seed Lot Certificate issued under the Rules of ISTA showing that it has been found to satisfy the relevant Directive seed conditions for C1 seed other than those relating to varietal identity and varietal purity; or

(iii) in a case where the seed has been certified in Canada or the United States of America, a Lot Inspection Certificate issued by the Official Seed Testing Laboratory under the authority of the State Seed Testing Agency showing that it has been found to satisfy those conditions instead of a certificate of the type referred to in paragraph (ii).

(3) This paragraph applies to C1 seed —

(a) of a previously listed variety that is on the OECD List and for which a marketing extension is in force, and

(b) that complies with the requirements of sub-paragraph (2)(a) to (d).

**Overseas tested officially certified C1 seed of a listed variety**

39.—(1) In these Regulations “overseas tested officially certified C1 seed of a listed variety” means C1 seed to which paragraph (2), (3) or (4) applies.

(2) This paragraph applies to C1 seed —

(a) that was harvested from a crop produced in a member State (including the United Kingdom) for which a field inspection report has been issued by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State stating that the crop has been found to satisfy the relevant Directive crop conditions for C1 seed;

(b) for which a seed test report has been issued —

(i) by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State, or in a member State, other than the United Kingdom, into which the seed was subsequently imported, or

(ii) by a licensed EC seed testing station in either of the member States referred to in paragraph (i),

stating that the seed has been found to satisfy the relevant Directive seed conditions for C1 seed;

(c) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as C1 seed of a variety that was unlisted at the time when the seed was imported but has since been listed; and

(d) that is accompanied by —

(i) an Annex V(C) document relating to the seed issued by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State referred to in paragraph (a), and

(ii) the seed test report referred to in paragraph (b).

(3) This paragraph applies to C1 seed —

(a) that was harvested from a crop produced in an equivalent third country for which a field inspection report was issued by the approved seed certification authority or a licensed third country crop inspector in that country stating that the crop had been found to satisfy the relevant Directive crop conditions for C1 seed;

(b) that was subsequently imported into a member State other than the United Kingdom and for which a seed test report has been issued by or on behalf of the competent seed
certification authority or by a licensed EC seed testing station in that member State, stating that the seed has been found to satisfy the relevant Directive seed conditions for C1 seed;

(c) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as C1 seed of a variety that was unlisted at the time when the seed was imported but has since been listed; and

(d) that is accompanied by —

(i) a Part II.A(3) official certificate relating to the crop from which the seed was harvested issued by the approved seed certification authority in the third country referred to in paragraph (a) stating that the crop has been found to satisfy the relevant crop conditions for C1 seed, and

(ii) the seed test report referred to in paragraph (b).

(4) This paragraph applies to C1 seed that —

(a) complies with the requirements of paragraph 38(2)(a) to (d), and

(b) that was been imported into the United Kingdom as C1 seed of a variety that was unlisted at the time when the seed was imported but has since been listed.

UK officially certified early movement C1 seed of a listed variety

40.—(1) In these Regulations “UK officially certified early movement C1 seed of a listed variety” means seed to which paragraph (2), (3) or (4) applies.

(2) This paragraph applies to —

(a) seed of a listed variety officially certified as early movement C1 seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, and

(b) seed of a previously listed variety officially certified as early movement C1 seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development and for which a marketing extension is in force.

(3) This paragraph applies to —

(a) C1 seed of a listed variety —

(i) that has been harvested from a crop produced in the United Kingdom for which a field inspection report has been issued stating that the crop has been found by an official UK field inspection (whenever carried out) or, in the case of a crop that has been produced from seed that has been subject to satisfactory official post control, by a UK field inspection carried out under official supervision following the listing of the variety, to satisfy the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for a crop from which C1 seed is to be produced;

(ii) that, subject to sub-paragraph (iii), satisfies the conditions laid down in Parts II and IV of Schedule 4 for C1 seed;

(iii) for which the results of a Schedule 4 germination test are awaited to determine whether the seed will satisfy the applicable germination standard for C1 seed but for which a provisional analytical report has been obtained indicating that the seed is likely to meet that standard; and

(iv) for which a seed test report has been issued stating that it has been found, subject to the results of the awaited Schedule 4 germination test, by an official UK seed test or by a UK seed test carried out under official supervision (in either case whenever carried out) to satisfy the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for C1 seed;

(b) C1 seed of a previously listed variety that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a) (i) to (iv) and for which a marketing extension is in force;
(c) C1 seed of a listed variety —
   (i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified C1 seed harvested in another member State, and
   (ii) complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) to (iv);

(d) C1 seed of a previously listed variety —
   (i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified C1 seed harvested in another member State;
   (ii) that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) to (iv); and
   (iii) for which a marketing extension is in force;

(e) C1 seed of a listed variety —
   (i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified C1 seed harvested in an equivalent third country, and
   (ii) complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) to (iv);

(f) C1 seed —
   (i) of a previously listed variety that is on the OECD list;
   (ii) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified C1 seed harvested in an equivalent third country;
   (iii) that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) to (iv); and
   (iv) for which a marketing extension is in force,

other than seed to which paragraph (2) applies and seed for which an application for official certification has been made to the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development that has not been finally determined.

(4) Seed of a listed variety, or of a previously listed variety for which a marketing extension is in force, in respect of which a successful application has been made to the National Assembly for Wales under regulation 13 to re-grade it as early movement C1 seed.

EC officially certified early movement C1 seed of a listed variety

41. In these Regulations “EC officially certified early movement C1 seed of a listed variety” means —

   (a) C1 seed of a listed variety officially certified as early movement C1 seed by the competent seed certification authority in another member State, and
   (b) C1 seed of a previously listed variety officially certified as early movement C1 seed by the competent seed certification authority in another member State and for which a marketing extension is in force.

Officially certified C1 seed

42. In these Regulations “officially certified C1 seed” means —

   (a) UK officially certified C1 seed of a listed variety;
   (b) EC officially certified C1 seed of a listed variety;
   (c) third country officially certified C1 seed of a listed variety;
   (d) overseas tested officially certified C1 seed of a listed variety;
   (e) UK officially certified early movement C1 seed of a listed variety; and
   (f) EC officially certified early movement C1 seed of a listed variety.
C2 seed

43. In these Regulations, in relation to flax, linseed, monoecious hemp and soya bean, “C2 seed” means seed —

(a) that has been produced directly from —
   (i) officially certified basic seed;
   (ii) officially certified C1 seed; or
   (iii) with the breeder’s written authority, from officially certified pre-basic seed, and

(b) that is intended —
   (i) in the case of flax, for the production of C3 seed, or
   (ii) for purposes other than the production of oil and fibre plant seed.

UK officially certified C2 seed of a listed variety

44.—(1) In these Regulations “UK officially certified C2 seed of a listed variety” means seed to which paragraph (2), (3) or (4) applies.

(2) This paragraph applies to —

(a) seed of a listed variety officially certified as C2 seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, and

(b) seed of a previously listed variety officially certified as C2 seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development and for which a marketing extension is in force.

(3) This paragraph applies to —

(a) C2 seed of a listed variety —
   (i) that has been harvested from a crop produced in the United Kingdom for which a field inspection report has been issued stating that the crop has been found, by an official UK field inspection (whenever carried out) or, in the case of a crop that has been produced from seed that has been subject to satisfactory official post control, by a UK field inspection carried out under official supervision following the listing of the variety, to satisfy the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for a crop from which C2 seed is to be produced;
   (ii) that satisfies the conditions laid down in Parts II and IV of Schedule 4 for C2 seed; and
   (iii) for which a seed test report has been issued stating that it has been found by an official UK seed test or by a UK seed test carried out under official supervision (in either case whenever carried out) to satisfy the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for C2 seed;

(b) C2 seed of a previously listed variety that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(i) to (iii) and for which a marketing extension is in force;

(c) C2 seed of a listed variety that —
   (i) has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified C2 seed harvested in another member State, and
   (ii) complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii);

(d) C2 seed of a previously listed variety —
   (i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified C2 seed harvested in another member State;
(ii) that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii); and
(iii) for which a marketing extension is in force; and
(e) C2 seed —
   (i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified C2 seed
   harvested in another member State;
   (ii) that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii); and
   (iii) that is of a variety that was unlisted at the time when the seed was imported into the
   United Kingdom but has since been listed,
   other than seed to which paragraph (2) applies and seed for which an application for
   official certification has been made to the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the
   Department of Agriculture and Rural Development that has not been finally determined.

(4) Seed of a listed variety, or of a previously listed variety for which a marketing extension is
in force, in respect of which a successful application has been made to the National Assembly for
Wales under regulation 13 to re-grade it as C2 seed.

EC officially certified C2 seed of a listed variety

45. In these Regulations “EC officially certified C2 seed of a listed variety” means —
(a) C2 seed of a listed variety officially certified as C2 seed by the competent seed certification
    authority in another member State, and
(b) C2 seed of a previously listed variety officially certified as C2 seed by the competent seed
    certification authority in another member State and for which a marketing extension is in
    force.

Overseas tested officially certified C2 seed of a listed variety

46. In these Regulations “overseas tested officially certified C2 seed of a listed variety” means
C2 seed —
(a) that was harvested from a crop produced in a member State (including the United
    Kingdom) for which a field inspection report has been issued by or on behalf of the
    competent seed certification authority in the member State stating that the crop has been
    found to satisfy the relevant Directive crop conditions for C2 seed;
(b) for which a seed test report has been issued —
    (i) by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State, or
    in a member State, other than the United Kingdom, into which the seed was
    subsequently imported, or
    (ii) by a licensed EC seed testing station in either of the member States referred to in
        paragraph (i),
        stating that the seed has been found to satisfy the relevant Directive seed conditions for
        C2 seed;
(c) that was imported into the United Kingdom as C2 seed of a variety that was unlisted at the
time when the seed was imported but has since been listed; and
(d) that is accompanied by —
    (i) an Annex V(C) document relating to the seed issued by or on behalf of the competent
        seed certification authority in the member State referred to in paragraph (a), and
    (ii) the seed test report referred to in paragraph (b).
47.—(1) In these Regulations “UK officially certified early movement C2 seed of a listed variety” means seed to which paragraph (2), (3) or (4) applies.

(2) This paragraph applies to —

(a) seed of a listed variety officially certified as early movement C2 seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, and

(b) seed of a previously listed variety officially certified as early movement C2 seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development and for which a marketing extension is in force.

(3) This paragraph applies to —

(a) C2 seed of a listed variety —

(i) that has been harvested from a crop produced in the United Kingdom for which a field inspection report has been issued stating that the crop has been found by an official UK field inspection (whenever carried out) or, in the case of a crop that has been produced from seed that has been subject to satisfactory official post control, by a UK field inspection carried out under official supervision following the listing of the variety, to satisfy the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for a crop from which C2 seed is to be produced;

(ii) that, subject to sub-paragraph (iii), satisfies the conditions laid down in Parts II and IV of Schedule 4 for C2 seed;

(iii) for which the results of a Schedule 4 germination test are awaited to determine whether the seed will satisfy the applicable germination standard for C2 seed but for which a provisional analytical report has been obtained indicating that the seed is likely to meet that standard; and

(iv) for which a seed test report has been issued stating that it has been found, subject to the results of the awaited Schedule 4 germination test, by an official UK seed test or by a UK seed test carried out under official supervision (in either case whenever carried out) to satisfy the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for C2 seed;

(b) C2 seed of a previously listed variety that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a) (i) to (iv) and for which a marketing extension is in force;

(c) C2 seed of a listed variety —

(i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified C2 seed harvested in another member State, and

(ii) complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) to (iv); and

(d) C2 seed of a previously listed variety —

(i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified C2 seed harvested in another member State;

(ii) that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) to (iv); and

(iii) for which a marketing extension is in force, other than seed to which paragraph (2) applies and seed for which an application for official certification has been made to the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development that has not been finally determined.

(4) Seed of a listed variety, or of a previously listed variety for which a marketing extension is in force, in respect of which a successful application has been made to the National Assembly for Wales under regulation 13 to re-grade it as early movement C2 seed.
EC officially certified early movement C2 seed of a listed variety

48. In these Regulations “EC officially certified early movement C2 seed of a listed variety” means —

(a) C2 seed of a listed variety officially certified as early movement C2 seed by the competent seed certification authority in another member State, and

(b) C2 seed of a previously listed variety officially certified as early movement C2 seed by the competent seed certification authority in another member State and for which a marketing extension is in force.

Officially certified C2 seed

49. In these Regulations “officially certified C2 seed” means —

(a) UK officially certified C2 seed of a listed variety;

(b) EC officially certified C2 seed of a listed variety;

(c) overseas tested officially certified C2 seed of a listed variety;

(d) UK officially certified early movement C2 seed of a listed variety; and

(e) EC officially certified early movement C2 seed of a listed variety.

C3 seed

50. In these Regulations, in relation to flax, “C3 seed” means seed —

(a) that has been produced directly from —

(i) officially certified basic seed;

(ii) officially certified C1 seed;

(iii) officially certified C2 seed; or

(iv) with the breeder’s written authority, from officially certified pre-basic seed, and

(b) that is intended for purposes other than the production of oil and fibre plant seed.

UK officially certified C3 seed of a listed variety

51.—(1) In these Regulations “UK officially certified C3 seed of a listed variety” means seed to which paragraph (2), (3) or (4) applies.

(2) This paragraph applies to —

(a) seed of a listed variety officially certified as C3 seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, and

(b) seed of a previously listed variety officially certified as C3 seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development and for which a marketing extension is in force.

(3) This paragraph applies to —

(a) C3 seed of a listed variety —

(i) that has been harvested from a crop produced in the United Kingdom for which a field inspection report has been issued stating that the crop has been found, by an official UK field inspection (whenever carried out) or, in the case of a crop that has been produced from seed that has been subject to satisfactory official post control, by a UK field inspection carried out under official supervision following the listing of
the variety, to satisfy the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for a crop from which C3 seed is to be produced;
(ii) that satisfies the conditions laid down in Parts II and IV of Schedule 4 for C3 seed; and
(iii) for which a seed test report has been issued stating that it has been found by an official UK seed test or by a UK seed test carried out under official supervision (in either case whenever carried out) to satisfy the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for C3 seed;
(b) C3 seed of a previously listed variety that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)
(i) to (iii) and for which a marketing extension is in force;
(c) C3 seed of a listed variety that —
(i) has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified C3 seed harvested in another member State, and
(ii) complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii);
(d) C3 seed of a previously listed variety —
(i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified C3 seed harvested in another member State;
(ii) that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii); and
(iii) for which a marketing extension is in force; and
(e) C3 seed —
(i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified C3 seed harvested in another member State;
(ii) complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) and (iii); and
(iii) of a variety that was unlisted at the time when the seed was imported into the United Kingdom but has since been listed,
other than seed to which paragraph (2) applies and seed for which an application for official certification has been made to the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development that has not been finally determined.

(4) Seed of a listed variety, or of a previously listed variety for which a marketing extension is in force, in respect of which a successful application has been made to the National Assembly for Wales under regulation 13 to re-grade it as C3 seed.

EC officially certified C3 seed of a listed variety

52. In these Regulations “EC officially certified C3 seed of a listed variety” means —
(a) C3 seed of a listed variety officially certified as C3 seed by the competent seed certification authority in another member State, and
(b) C3 seed of a previously listed variety officially certified as C3 seed by the competent seed certification authority in another member State and for which a marketing extension is in force.

Overseas tested officially certified C3 seed of a listed variety

53. In these Regulations “overseas tested officially certified C3 seed of a listed variety” means C3 seed —
(a) that was harvested from a crop produced in a member State (including the United Kingdom) for which a field inspection report has been issued by or on behalf of the
competent seed certification authority in the member State stating that the crop has been found to satisfy the relevant Directive crop conditions for C3 seed;

(b) for which a seed test report has been issued —
   (i) by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State, or in a member State, other than the United Kingdom, into which the seed was subsequently imported, or
   (ii) by a licensed EC seed testing station in either of the member States referred to in paragraph (i),

   stating that the seed has been found to satisfy the relevant Directive seed conditions for C3 seed;

(c) that was imported into the United Kingdom as C3 seed of a variety that was unlisted at the time when the seed was imported but has since been listed; and

(d) that is accompanied by —
   (i) an Annex V(C) document relating to the seed issued by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State referred to in paragraph (a), and
   (ii) the seed test report referred to in paragraph (b).

UK officially certified early movement C3 seed of a listed variety

54.—(1) In these Regulations “UK officially certified early movement C3 seed of a listed variety” means seed to which paragraph (2), (3) or (4) applies.

(2) This paragraph applies to —
   (a) seed of a listed variety officially certified as early movement C3 seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, and
   (b) seed of a previously listed variety officially certified as early movement C3 seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development and for which a marketing extension is in force.

(3) This paragraph applies to —
   (a) C3 seed of a listed variety —
      (i) that has been harvested from a crop produced in the United Kingdom for which a field inspection report has been issued stating that the crop has been found by an official UK field inspection (whenever carried out) or, in the case of a crop that has been produced from seed that has been subject to satisfactory official post control, by a UK field inspection carried out under official supervision following the listing of the variety, to satisfy the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for a crop from which C3 seed is to be produced;
      (ii) that, subject to sub-paragraph (iii), satisfies the conditions laid down in Parts II and IV of Schedule 4 for C3 seed;
      (iii) for which the results of a Schedule 4 germination test are awaited to determine whether the seed will satisfy the applicable germination standard for C3 seed but for which a provisional analytical report has been obtained indicating that the seed is likely to meet that standard; and
      (iv) for which a seed test report has been issued stating that it has been found, subject to the results of the awaited Schedule 4 germination test, by an official UK seed test or by a UK seed test carried out under official supervision (in either case whenever carried out) to satisfy the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for C3 seed;
(b) C3 seed of a previously listed variety that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a) (i) to (iv) and for which a marketing extension is in force;

(c) C3 seed of a listed variety —
   (i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified C3 seed harvested in another member State, and
   (ii) complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) to (iv); and

(d) C3 seed of a previously listed variety —
   (i) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified C3 seed harvested in another member State;
   (ii) that complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) to (iv); and
   (iii) for which a marketing extension is in force, other than seed to which paragraph (2) applies and seed for which an application for official certification has been made to the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development that has not been finally determined.

(4) Seed of a listed variety, or of a previously listed variety for which a marketing extension is in force, in respect of which a successful application has been made to the National Assembly for Wales under regulation 13 to re-grade it as early movement C3 seed.

EC officially certified early movement C3 seed of a listed variety

55. In these Regulations “EC officially certified early movement C3 seed of a listed variety” means —
   (a) C3 seed of a listed variety officially certified as early movement C3 seed by the competent seed certification authority in another member State, and
   (b) C3 seed of a previously listed variety officially certified as early movement C3 seed by the competent seed certification authority in another member State and for which a marketing extension is in force.

Officially certified C3 seed

56. In these Regulations “officially certified C3 seed” means —
   (a) UK officially certified C3 seed of a listed variety;
   (b) EC officially certified C3 seed of a listed variety;
   (c) overseas tested officially certified C3 seed of a listed variety;
   (d) UK officially certified early movement C3 seed of a listed variety; and
   (e) EC officially certified early movement C3 seed of a listed variety.

PART IV

Meaning of commercial seed and similar expressions

Commercial seed

57. In these Regulations “commercial seed” means black mustard seed that is identifiable as to its species.
UK officially certified commercial seed

58.—(1) In these Regulations “UK officially certified commercial seed” means seed to which paragraph (2) or (3) applies.

(2) This paragraph applies to seed officially certified as commercial seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers, or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development.

(3) This paragraph applies to commercial seed —

(a) that satisfies the conditions laid down in Parts II and IV of Schedule 4 for commercial seed, and

(b) for which a seed test report has been issued stating that it has been found by an official UK seed test or by a UK seed test carried out under official supervision (in either case whenever carried out) to satisfy the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for commercial seed,

other than seed to which paragraph (2) applies and seed for which an application for official certification has been made to the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development that has not been finally determined.

EC officially certified commercial seed

59. In these Regulations “EC officially certified commercial seed” means commercial seed officially certified as commercial seed by the competent seed certification authority in another member State.

UK officially certified early movement commercial seed

60.—(1) In these Regulations “UK officially certified early movement commercial seed” means seed to which paragraph (2) or (3) applies.

(2) This paragraph applies to seed officially certified as early movement commercial seed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development.

(3) This paragraph applies to commercial seed —

(a) that, subject to paragraph (b), satisfies the conditions laid down in Parts II and IV of Schedule 4 for commercial seed;

(b) for which the results of a Schedule 4 germination test are awaited to determine whether the seed will satisfy the applicable germination standard for commercial seed but for which a provisional analytical report has been obtained indicating that the seed is likely to meet that standard; and

(c) for which a seed test report has been issued stating that it has been found by an official UK seed test or by a UK seed test carried out under official supervision (in either case whenever carried out) to satisfy the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for commercial seed except for the germination condition and stating that the results of the Schedule 4 germination test are awaited,

other than seed to which paragraph (2) applies and seed for which an application for official certification has been made to the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development that has not been finally determined.
EC officially certified early movement commercial seed

61. In these Regulations “EC officially certified early movement commercial seed” means commercial seed officially certified as early movement commercial seed by the competent seed certification authority in another member State.

Officially certified commercial seed

62. In these Regulations “officially certified commercial seed” means —
(a) UK officially certified commercial seed;
(b) EC officially certified commercial seed;
(c) UK officially certified early movement commercial seed; and
(d) EC officially certified early movement commercial seed.

Early multiplication

63.—(1) The requirement contained in paragraph 27(a) (that CS seed be produced directly from officially certified basic seed, or, with the breeder’s written authority, from officially certified pre-basic seed) shall be treated as having been complied with in relation to CS seed in a case where —
(a) the CS seed (in this paragraph called “the harvested CS seed”) was harvested from a crop produced from pre-basic seed to which sub-paragraph (5) or (6) applies or basic seed to which sub-paragraph (7) or (8) applies, and
(b) the variety of the harvested CS seed was not listed at the time when the pre-basic or basic seed referred to in paragraph (a) was sown but was subject to an application for listing at that time which was subsequently granted.

(2) The requirement contained in paragraph 35(a) (that C1 seed be produced directly from officially certified basic seed, or, with the breeder’s written authority, from officially certified pre-basic seed) shall be treated as having been complied with in relation to C1 seed in a case where —
(a) the C1 seed (in this paragraph called “the harvested C1 seed”) was harvested from a crop produced from pre-basic seed to which sub-paragraph (5) applies or basic seed to which sub-paragraph (7) applies, and
(b) the variety of the harvested C1 seed was not listed at the time when the pre-basic or basic seed referred to in paragraph (a) was sown but was subject to an application for listing at that time which was subsequently granted.

(3) The requirement contained in paragraph 43(a) (that C2 seed be produced directly from officially certified basic seed, officially certified C1 seed or, with the breeder’s written authority, from officially certified pre-basic seed) shall be treated as having been complied with in relation to C2 seed in a case where —
(a) the C2 seed (in this paragraph called “the harvested C2 seed”) was harvested from a crop produced from pre-basic seed to which sub-paragraph (5) applies, basic seed to which sub-paragraph (7) applies or C1 seed to which sub-paragraph (9) applies, and
(b) the variety of the harvested C2 seed was not listed at the time when the pre-basic, basic or C1 seed referred to in paragraph (a) was sown but was subject to an application for listing at that time which was subsequently granted.

(4) The requirement contained in paragraph 50(a) (that C3 seed be produced directly from officially certified basic seed, officially certified C1 seed, officially certified C2 seed or, with the breeder’s written authority, from officially certified pre-basic seed) shall be treated as having been complied with in relation to C3 seed in a case where —
(a) the C3 seed (in this paragraph called “the harvested C3 seed”) was harvested from a crop produced from pre-basic seed to which sub-paragraph (5) applies, basic seed to which sub-paragraph (7) applies, C1 seed to which sub-paragraph (9) applies or C2 seed to which sub-paragraph (10) applies, and

(b) the variety of the harvested C3 seed was not listed at the time when the pre-basic, basic, C1 or C2 seed referred to in paragraph (a) was sown but was subject to an application for listing at that time which was subsequently granted.

(5) This paragraph applies to pre-basic seed —

(a) that has been harvested from a crop —

(i) produced in the United Kingdom and found by an official UK field inspection to satisfy the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for a crop from which basic seed is to be produced, or

(ii) produced in another member State and found by a field inspection of the crop carried out by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in that State to satisfy the Directive crop conditions for basic seed,

(b) that —

(i) was found by an official UK seed test or a UK seed test carried out under official supervision to satisfy the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for basic seed, or

(ii) was found by seed testing carried out by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority or a licensed seed testing station in another member State, to satisfy the Directive seed conditions for basic seed; and

(c) that was of the same variety as the harvested CS, C1, C2 or C3 seed (as the case may be).

(6) This paragraph applies to pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a hybrid variety —

(a) that complied with the requirements of sub-paragraph (5)(a) and (b), and

(b) that was used as a component in the production of the harvested CS seed.

(7) This paragraph applies to basic seed —

(a) that has been harvested from a crop —

(i) produced in the United Kingdom and found by an official UK field inspection to satisfy the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for a crop from which basic seed is to be produced;

(ii) produced in another member State and found by a field inspection of the crop carried out by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in that State to satisfy the Directive crop conditions for basic seed; or

(iii) produced in an equivalent third country and found by a field inspection of the crop carried out by the approved seed certification authority in that country to satisfy the Directive crop conditions for basic seed;

(b) that —

(i) was found by an official UK seed test or a UK seed test carried out under official supervision to satisfy the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for basic seed,

(ii) was found by seed testing carried out by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority or a licensed EC seed testing station in another member State to satisfy the Directive seed conditions for basic seed; or
(iii) was found by seed testing carried out by the approved seed certification authority or a licensed third country seed testing station in an equivalent third country to satisfy the Directive seed conditions for basic seed; and

(c) that was of the same variety as the harvested CS, C1, C2 or C3 seed (as the case may be).

(8) This paragraph applies to basic seed of a component of a hybrid variety —

(a) that complied with the requirements of sub-paragraph (7)(a) and (b), and

(b) that was a component in the production of the harvested CS seed.

(9) This paragraph applies to C1 seed —

(a) that has been harvested from a crop —

(i) produced in the United Kingdom and found by an official UK field inspection to satisfy the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for a crop from which C1 seed is to be produced;

(ii) produced in another member State and found by a field inspection of the crop carried out by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority or a licensed EC field inspector in that State to satisfy the Directive crop conditions for C1 seed; or

(iii) produced in an equivalent third country and found by a field inspection of the crop carried out by the approved seed certification authority or a licensed third country crop inspector in that country to satisfy the Directive crop conditions for C1 seed;

(b) that —

(i) was found by an official UK seed test or a UK seed test carried out under official supervision to satisfy the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for C1 seed;

(ii) was found by seed testing carried out by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority or a licensed EC seed testing station in another member State to satisfy the Directive seed conditions for C1 seed; or

(iii) was found by seed testing carried out by the approved seed certification authority or a licensed third country seed testing station in an equivalent third country to satisfy the Directive seed conditions for C1 seed; and

(c) that was of the same variety as the harvested C2 or C3 seed.

(10) This paragraph applies to C2 seed —

(a) that has been harvested from a crop —

(i) produced in the United Kingdom and found by an official UK field inspection to satisfy the conditions laid down in Schedule 3 and Part I of Schedule 4 for a crop from which C2 seed is to be produced, or

(ii) produced in another member State and found by a field inspection of the crop carried out by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority or licensed EC field inspector in that State to satisfy the Directive crop conditions for C2 seed;

(b) that —

(i) was found by an official UK seed test or a UK seed test carried out under official supervision to satisfy the conditions laid down in Part II of Schedule 4 for C2 seed, or

(ii) was found by seed testing carried out by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority or a licensed EC seed testing station in another member State to satisfy the Directive seed conditions for C2 seed; and

(c) that was of the same variety as the harvested C3 seed.
PART V

Meaning of expressions relating to imported not finally certified seed

Not finally certified pre-basic seed harvested in another member State

64.—(1) In these Regulations “not finally certified pre-basic seed harvested in another member State” means pre-basic seed —

(a) to which paragraph (2) applies;

(b) that has been harvested from a crop produced in another member State and has been found by a field examination of the crop carried out by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State to satisfy the Directive crop conditions for basic seed;

(c) that has been packed in a sealed package in accordance with the requirements of Article 11(1) of the Oil and Fibre Plant Seed Directive and is labelled with a grey label;

(d) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified seed; and

(e) that is accompanied by an Annex V(C) document relating to the seed issued by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State in which the seed was harvested.

(2) This paragraph applies to pre-basic seed of —

(a) a listed variety;

(b) a variety that is unlisted but in respect of which an application for listing has been made that has not been withdrawn or finally determined;

(c) a previously listed variety for which a marketing extension is in force;

(d) a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety;

(e) a component used in the production of a hybrid variety that is unlisted but in respect of which an application for listing has been made that has not been withdrawn or finally determined; or

(f) a component used in the production of a previously listed hybrid variety for which a marketing extension is in force.

(3) In this paragraph “grey label” means, in relation to the seed contained in the package on which the label is affixed, a grey coloured label containing the following particulars —

(a) the authority responsible for the field inspection of the seed and the member State or their commonly used initials;

(b) the species of the seed, indicated at least in Roman characters under its botanical name, which may be given in abridged form and without the author’s name;

(c) the variety of the seed, indicated at least in Roman characters in all cases, and, in the case of a component intended to be used solely as a component in the production of a hybrid variety, followed by the word “component”;

(d) the category of the seed;

(e) in the case of a hybrid variety, the word “hybrid”;

(f) the field or lot reference number of the seed;

(g) the declared net or gross weight of the seed; and

(h) the words “seed not finally certified”.

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Not finally certified basic seed harvested in another member State

65.—(1) In these Regulations “not finally certified basic seed harvested in another member State” means basic seed —

(a) to which paragraph (2) applies;
(b) that has been harvested from a crop produced in another member State and has been found by a field examination of the crop carried out by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State to satisfy the Directive crop conditions for basic seed;
(c) that has been packed in a sealed package in accordance with the requirements of Article 11(1) of the Oil and Fibre Plant Seed Directive and is labelled with a grey label;
(d) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified seed; and
(e) that is accompanied by an Annex V(C) document relating to the seed issued by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State in which the seed was harvested.

(2) This paragraph applies to basic seed of —

(a) a listed variety;
(b) a variety that is unlisted but in respect of which an application for listing has been made that has not been withdrawn or finally determined;
(c) a previously listed variety for which a marketing extension is in force;
(d) a component of a listed hybrid variety;
(e) a component of a hybrid variety that is unlisted but in respect of which an application for listing has been made that has not been withdrawn or finally determined; or
(f) a component of a previously listed hybrid variety for which a marketing extension is in force.

(3) In this paragraph “grey label” shall have the same meaning as in paragraph 64(3).

Not finally certified CS seed harvested in another member State

66.—(1) In these Regulations “not finally certified CS seed harvested in another member State” means CS seed —

(a) to which paragraph (2) applies;
(b) that has been harvested from a crop —

(i) that has been produced in another member State directly from officially certified basic seed, and, in the case of a crop from which CS seed of a hybrid variety is to be harvested, includes a crop that has been produced from crossing basic seed officially certified by or on behalf of a competent seed certification authority in a member State with basic seed officially certified by an approved seed certified authority in an equivalent third country; and

(ii) that has been found by a field examination of the crop carried out by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State, or, in the case of seed that has been harvested from a crop that has been produced from seed that has undergone official post-control the results of which have been satisfactory, by a field examination of the crop carried out by a licensed EC crop inspector in that member State, to satisfy the Directive crop conditions for CS seed;

(c) that has been packed in a sealed package in accordance with the requirements of Article 11(1) of the Oil and Fibre Plant Seed Directive and is labelled with a grey label;
(d) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified seed; and
(e) that is accompanied by an Annex V(C) document relating to the seed issued by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State in which the seed was harvested.

(2) This paragraph applies to CS seed of —
(a) a listed variety;
(b) a variety that is unlisted but in respect of which an application for listing has been made that has not been withdrawn or finally determined; and
(c) a previously listed variety for which a marketing extension is in force.

(3) In this paragraph “grey label” shall have the same meaning as in paragraph 64(3).

Not finally certified C1 seed harvested in another member State

67.—(1) In these Regulations “not finally certified C1 seed harvested in another member State” means C1 seed —
(a) to which paragraph (2) applies;
(b) that has been harvested from a crop —
   (i) that has been produced in another member State directly from officially certified basic seed, and
   (ii) that has been found by a field examination of the crop carried out by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State, or, in the case of seed that has been harvested from a crop that has been produced from seed that has undergone official post-control the results of which have been satisfactory, by a field examination of the crop carried out by a licensed EC crop inspector in that member State, to satisfy the Directive crop conditions for C1 seed;
(c) that has been packed in a sealed package in accordance with the requirements of Article 11(1) of the Oil and Fibre Plant Seed Directive and is labelled with a grey label;
(d) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified seed; and
(e) that is accompanied by an Annex V(C) document relating to the seed issued by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State in which the seed was harvested.

(2) This paragraph applies to C1 seed of —
(a) a listed variety;
(b) a variety that is unlisted but in respect of which an application for listing has been made that has not been withdrawn or finally determined; and
(c) a previously listed variety for which a marketing extension is in force.

(3) In this paragraph “grey label” shall have the same meaning as in paragraph 64(3).

Not finally certified C2 seed harvested in another member State

68.—(1) In these Regulations “not finally certified C2 seed harvested in another member State” means C2 seed —
(a) to which paragraph (2) applies;
(b) that has been harvested from a crop —
   (i) that has been produced in another member State directly from officially certified basic seed or C1 seed, and
(ii) that has been found by a field examination of the crop carried out by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State, or, in the case of seed that has been harvested from a crop that has been produced from seed that has undergone official post-control the results of which have been satisfactory, by a field examination of the crop carried out by a licensed EC crop inspector in that member State, to satisfy the Directive crop conditions for C2 seed;

(c) that has been packed in a sealed package in accordance with the requirements of Article 11(1) of the Oil and Fibre Plant Seed Directive and is labelled with a grey label;

(d) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified seed; and

(e) that is accompanied by an Annex V(C) document relating to the seed issued by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State in which the seed was harvested.

(2) This paragraph applies to C2 seed of —

(a) a listed variety;

(b) a variety that is unlisted but in respect of which an application for listing has been made that has not been withdrawn or finally determined; and

(c) a previously listed variety for which a marketing extension is in force.

(3) In this paragraph “grey label” shall have the same meaning as in paragraph 64(3).

Not finally certified C3 seed harvested in another member State

69.—(1) In these Regulations “not finally certified C3 seed harvested in another member State” means C3 seed —

(a) to which paragraph (2) applies;

(b) that has been harvested from a crop —

(i) that has been produced in another member State directly from officially certified basic seed or C1 seed, and

(ii) that has been found by a field examination of the crop carried out by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State, or, in the case of seed that has been harvested from a crop that has been produced from seed that has undergone official post-control the results of which have been satisfactory, by a field examination of the crop carried out by a licensed EC crop inspector in that member State, to satisfy the Directive crop conditions for C3 seed;

(c) that has been packed in a sealed package in accordance with the requirements of Article 11(1) of the Oil and Fibre Plant Seed Directive and is labelled with a grey label;

(d) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified seed; and

(e) that is accompanied by an Annex V(C) document relating to the seed issued by or on behalf of the competent seed certification authority in the member State in which the seed was harvested.

(2) This paragraph applies to C3 seed of —

(a) a listed variety;

(b) a variety that is unlisted but in respect of which an application for listing has been made that has not been withdrawn or finally determined; and

(c) a previously listed variety for which a marketing extension is in force.

(3) In this paragraph “grey label” shall have the same meaning as in paragraph 64(3).
Not finally certified CS seed harvested in an equivalent third country

70.—(1) In these Regulations “not finally certified CS seed harvested in an equivalent third country” means CS seed —

(a) to which paragraph (2) applies;

(b) that has been harvested from a crop —

(i) that has been produced in an equivalent third country directly from officially certified basic seed, and, in the case of a crop from which CS seed of a hybrid variety is to be harvested, includes a crop that has been produced from crossing basic seed officially certified by or on behalf of a competent seed certification authority in a member State with basic seed officially certified by an approved seed certified authority in an equivalent third country, and

(ii) that has been found, by a field inspection of the crop carried out by the approved seed certification authority in the equivalent third country in which the crop was produced, or a licensed third country field inspector in that country, in accordance with the conditions specified in Part II.A of the Annex to the Third Country Equivalence Decision, to satisfy the Directive crop conditions for CS seed;

(c) that has been packed in a sealed package and labelled in accordance with the requirements specified in paragraph 2 of Part II.A of the Annex to the Third Country Equivalence Decision;

(d) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified seed; and

(e) that is accompanied by a Part II.A(3) official certificate relating to the seed issued by the approved seed certification authority in the equivalent third country in which the seed was harvested.

(2) This paragraph applies to CS seed of —

(a) a listed variety;

(b) a variety that is unlisted but in respect of which an application for listing has been made that has not been withdrawn or finally determined; or

(c) a previously listed variety that is on the OECD List and for which a marketing extension is in force.

Not finally certified C1 seed harvested in an equivalent third country

71.—(1) In these Regulations “not finally certified C1 seed harvested in an equivalent third country” means C1 seed —

(a) to which paragraph (2) applies;

(b) that has been harvested from a crop —

(i) that has been produced in an equivalent third country directly from officially certified basic seed, and

(ii) that has been found, by a field inspection of the crop carried out by the approved seed certification authority in the equivalent third country in which the crop was produced, or a licensed third country field inspector in that country, in accordance with the conditions specified in Part II.A of the Annex to the Third Country Equivalence Decision, to satisfy the Directive crop conditions for C1 seed;

(c) that has been packed in a sealed package and labelled in accordance with the requirements specified in paragraph 2 of Part II.A of the Annex to the Third Country Equivalence Decision;

(d) that has been imported into the United Kingdom as not finally certified seed; and
(e) that is accompanied by a Part II.A(3) official certificate relating to the seed issued by the approved seed certification authority in the equivalent third country in which the seed was harvested.

(2) This paragraph applies to C1 seed of —

(a) a listed variety;

(b) a variety that is unlisted but in respect of which an application for listing has been made that has not been withdrawn or finally determined; or

(c) a previously listed variety that is on the OECD List and for which a marketing extension is in force.

SCHEDULE 2

SPECIES OF SEED TO WHICH THESE REGULATIONS APPLY

1. Black mustard.
2. Brown mustard.
3. Flax.
4. Hemp
5. Linseed.
6. Soya bean.
7. Sunflower.
8. Swede rape including fodder rape and oilseed rape.
10. White mustard.

SCHEDULE 3

CONDITIONS RELATING TO CROPS FROM WHICH SEED IS TO BE HARVESTED

1.—(1) The previous cropping of the field shall not have been incompatible with the production of seeds of the species and variety of the crop and the field shall be sufficiently free from plants which are volunteers from previous cropping.

(2) In the case of a hybrid of swede rape the crop shall be raised in a production ground where five years have elapsed since plants of cruciferæae were last grown.
2. Subject to paragraph 3, the crop shall conform to the following standards as regards the minimum distances from neighbouring sources of pollen which may result in undesirable foreign pollination —

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crop</th>
<th>Minimum distance</th>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>(a)</td>
<td>Black mustard, brown mustard, dioecious hemp, swede rape, turnip rape and white mustard except hybrids of swede rape —</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(i)</td>
<td>for the production of basic seed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii)</td>
<td>for the production of CS seed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b)</td>
<td>Hybrids of swede rape —</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(i)</td>
<td>for the production of basic seed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii)</td>
<td>for the production of CS seed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c)</td>
<td>Sunflower —</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(i)</td>
<td>for the production of basic seed of hybrids</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii)</td>
<td>for the production of basic seed of varieties other than hybrids</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iii)</td>
<td>for the production of CS seed (hybrids and non-hybrids)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d)</td>
<td>Monoecious hemp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(i)</td>
<td>for the production of basic seed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii)</td>
<td>for the production of CS seed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Paragraph 2 shall not apply if there is sufficient protection from any undesirable foreign pollination.

4. Subject to paragraphs 5 and 6, the crop shall have sufficient varietal identity and varietal purity.

5. In the case of an inbred line the crop shall have sufficient identity and purity as regards its characteristics.

6. For the production of seed of a hybrid variety the requirement for sufficient identity and purity shall also apply to the characteristics of the components including male sterility or fertility restoration.

7. In the case of black and brown mustard and dioecious hemp, the number of plants of the crop species which are recognisable as obviously not being true to the variety shall not exceed —
   (a) one per 30 square metres for the production of basic seed, and
   (b) one per 10 square metres for the production of CS seed.

8. In the case of monoecious hemp, the number of plants of the crop species which are recognisable as obviously not being true to the variety shall not exceed
   (a) one per 30 square metres for the production of basic seed; and
   (b) one per 10 square metres for the production of C1 and C2 seed.
9. In the case of a hybrid of sunflower, the percentage by number of plants which are recognisable as obviously not being true to the inbred line or the component shall not exceed —
   (a) for the production of basic seed —
      (i) in the case of an inbred line; 0.2%;
      (ii) in the case of a male parent of a simple hybrid which has shed pollen while 2% or more of the female plants have receptive flowers; 0.2%; and
      (iii) in the case of a female parent; 0.5%;
   (b) for the production of CS seed —
      (i) in the case of a male component which has shed pollen while 5% or more of the female plants have receptive flowers; 0.5%; and
      (ii) in the case of a female component; 1%;

10. In the case of the production of seed of a hybrid variety of sunflower —
    (a) sufficient pollen shall be shed by the plants of the male component while the plants of the female component are in flower;
    (b) where the female component plants have receptive stigmas, the percentage by number of female component plants which have shed pollen or are shedding pollen shall not exceed 0.5%;
    (c) for the production of basic seed, the total percentage by number of plants of the female component which are recognisable as obviously not being true to the component and which have shed pollen or are shedding pollen shall not exceed 0.5%; and
    (d) where a female male-sterile component and a male component which contains a specific restorer line or lines which restore male fertility has been used for the production of CS seed, at least one third of the plants grown from CS seed of the resulting hybrid shall produce pollen which appears normal in all respects.

11. In the case of the production of a hybrid variety of swede rape produced using the male sterility the percentage by number of plants which are recognisable as obviously not being true to the inbred line or the component shall not exceed —
    (a) for the production of basic seed —
       (i) in the case of an inbred line; 0.1%;
       (ii) in the case of a male component of a simple hybrid; 0.1% and
       (iii) in the case of a female component of a simple hybrid; 0.2% and
    (b) for the production of CS seed
       (i) in the case of a male component; 0.3% and
       (ii) in the case of a female component; 1.0%.

12. In a case where a male-sterile component is used for the production of seed of a hybrid variety of swede rape male sterility shall be at least 99% for the production of basic seed and at least 98% for the production of CS seed. The level of male sterility shall be assessed by examining flowers for the absence of fertile anthers.

13. Harmful organisms which reduce the usefulness of the seed shall be at the lowest possible level including, in the case of soya bean, *Pseudomonas syringae pv. glycinea*, *Diaporthe phaseolorum var. caulivora* and *var. sojae*, *Phialophora gregata* and *Phytophthora megasperma f.s.p. glycinea*. 
14.—(1) A crop from which basic seed is to be produced shall be examined by an official field inspection to determine whether the crop meets the conditions set out in this Schedule and in Part I of Schedule 4.

(2) A crop from which CS, C1, C2 or C3 seed is to be produced shall be examined by means of an official field inspection or an inspection carried out under official supervision to determine whether the crop meets the conditions set out in this Schedule and in Part I of Schedule 4.

(3) Field inspections shall be carried out at a time when the condition and stage of development of the crop permit an adequate examination.

(4) Subject to sub-paragraphs (5) and (6), at least one field inspection of the crop shall be carried out.

(5) At least two field inspections shall be carried out in the case of a hybrid of sunflower.

(6) At least three field inspections shall be carried out in the case of a hybrid of swede rape and shall be carried out as follows —

(a) the first inspection shall be carried out before the flowering stage;

(b) the second inspection shall be carried out at the early flowering stage; and

(c) the third inspection shall be carried out at the end of the flowering stage.

15. For the purpose of determining whether a crop from which pre-basic seed is to be produced meets the conditions laid down in this Schedule, the crop from which such seed is to be produced shall be treated in the same way as a crop from which basic seed is to be produced.

SCHEDULE 4

| Regulations 2(1), 8(8)(a) and (b), (10) to (13), (15)(c), 10(3)(a) and (b) and (4)(a), (b), (c) and (d), 11(6), (8)(a), (10) to (13), (15)(a) and (b), 13(3) and (5)(e), (f) and (g), 14(1)(b) and (c), paragraphs 2(3)(a), 5(3)(a), 7(3)(a), 10(3)(a), 14(3)(a), 18(3)(a), 20(3)(a), 24(3)(a), 28(3)(a), 32(3)(a), 36(3)(a), 40(3)(a), 44(3)(a), 47(3)(a), 51(3)(a), 54(3)(a), 58(3)(a) and (b), 60(3)(a) and (c), 63(5)(a) and (b), (7)(a) and (b), (9)(a) and (b) and (10)(a) and (b) of Schedule 1 |

CONDITIONS TO BE SATISFIED BY THE SEED

PART I

Conditions to be examined mainly by field inspections

1. The seed shall have sufficient varietal identity and varietal purity.

2. In the case of seed of a hybrid variety of swede rape, the requirement for sufficient identity and purity shall also apply to the varietal characteristics of its components including restoration of male sterility or fertility (as the case may be)

3. In the case of seed of the species and type specified in column 1 of the table below, the minimum varietal purity shall conform to the standards specified in the corresponding entry in column 2 of the table —
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species and category</th>
<th>Minimum varietal purity(percentage)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Column (1)</strong></td>
<td><strong>Column (2)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) Flax</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(i) basic seed</td>
<td>99.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii) C1 seed</td>
<td>98.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iii) C2 seed</td>
<td>97.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iv) C3 seed</td>
<td>97.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Linseed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(i) basic seed</td>
<td>99.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii) C1 seed</td>
<td>98.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iii) C2 seed</td>
<td>97.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Soya bean</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(i) basic seed</td>
<td>99.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii) C1 seed</td>
<td>99.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iii) C2 seed</td>
<td>99.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Sunflower except hybrid varieties and components of hybrid varieties</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(i) basic seed</td>
<td>99.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii) CS seed</td>
<td>99.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(e) Swede rape and turnip rape except hybrid varieties and varieties to be used solely for fodder purposes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(i) basic seed</td>
<td>99.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii) CS seed</td>
<td>99.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(f) Swede rape and turnip rape varieties to be used solely for fodder purposes except hybrid varieties and components of hybrid varieties</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(i) basic seed</td>
<td>99.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii) CS seed</td>
<td>99.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(g) Components of hybrid varieties of swede rape and hybrid varieties produced using male sterility</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(i) basic seed, female component</td>
<td>99.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii) basic seed, male component</td>
<td>99.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iii) CS seed</td>
<td>90.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4. For the purposes of paragraph 3, the minimum varietal purity of seed shall be examined mainly in field inspections carried out in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 12 of Schedule 3.

5. Where a female male-sterile component and a male component which does not restore male fertility are used for the production of CS seed of a hybrid variety of sunflower, the seed produced by the female male sterile component shall be blended with seed produced by the male component. The ratio of seed produced by the female male sterile component to seed produced by the male fertile component shall not exceed two to one.

PART II

Conditions to be examined by seed testing

6. In the case of basic seed of a component of a hybrid variety of swede rape, the varietal purity of that seed may be assessed by a biochemical method where the official post-control of samples of the basic seed has not been carried out in accordance with paragraph 10.

7.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), the seed shall conform to the following standards or other conditions as regards analytical purity and content of seeds of other plant species —

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species and Category</th>
<th>Minimum Analytical Purity of seed of other plant species (%) by weight</th>
<th>Maximum Content by number of seeds of other plant species in a sample of the weight specified in column 4 of the table in Schedule 7</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wild oat (Avena fatua, Avena sterilis and Avena ludoviciana)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wild dodder (Cuscuta spp.)</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wild radish (Raphanus spp. raphanistother than R. acetosella)</td>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Docks (Rumex spp. other than R. acetosella)</td>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blackgrass (Alopecurus myosuroides)</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Black mustard, brown mustard.

* Hemp seed shall be free from Orobonche spp. However the presence of one seed of Orobonche spp. in a sample of 100 grams shall not be regarded as an impurity where a second sample of 200 grams is free from any such seeds.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species and Category</th>
<th>Minimum Analytical Content of</th>
<th>Maximum Content by Number of Seeds of Other Plant Species in a Sample of the Weight Specified in Column 4 of the Table in Schedule 7</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Minimum Purity (%) by Weight</td>
<td>Maximum Content (%) by Weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White mustard, swede rape and turnip rape—</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flax, hemp, linseed, basic, C1, C2 and C3 seed</td>
<td>99</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hemp, basic, CS, C1 and C2 seed</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Linseed, basic</td>
<td>99</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Hemp seed shall be free from Orobonche spp. However the presence of one seed of Orobonche spp. in a sample of 100 grams shall not be regarded as an impurity where a second sample of 200 grams is free from any such seeds.*
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species and Category</th>
<th>Minimum Analytical Purity of Seed of Other Plant Species (% by weight)</th>
<th>Maximum content by number of seeds of other plant species in a sample of the weight specified in column 4 of the table in Schedule 7</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Wild oat (Avena fatua, Avena sterilis and Avena ludoviciana)</td>
<td>All other plant species (including seeds of the species specified in columns 5 to 10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Wild Dodder (Cuscuta spp.) Raphanusex spp. Raphanus</td>
<td>Wild Docks (Rumex spp.) other than R. acetosella and Avena ludoviciana</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Blackgrass (Alopecurus myosuroides)</td>
<td>Lolium remutum</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>C1 and C2 seed</th>
<th>Soya bean-basis, C1 and C2 seed</th>
<th>Sunflower basis and CS seed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>98</td>
<td>Not 5, 0, 0</td>
<td>Not 5, 0, 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Hemp seed shall be free from Orobonche spp. However the presence of one seed of Orobonche spp. in a sample of 100 grams shall not be regarded as an impurity where a second sample of 200 grams is free from any such seeds.

(2) The presence of one seed of dodder (Cuscuta spp.) in a sample of —

(a) brown mustard;
(b) black mustard;
(c) flax;
(d) linseed;
(e) swede rape;
(f) turnip rape; or
(g) white mustard;

shall not be regarded as an impurity where a second sample of the same weight is free from any seeds of dodder.
8. It shall be determined, by way of a germination test, whether the seed attains the applicable percentage of germination set out in column 2 of the table below —

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species and category</th>
<th>Minimum germination(% of pure seed)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Column 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic, C1, C2 and C3 seed of flax</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic CS, C1 and C2 seed of hemp</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic, C1 and C2 seed of linseed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic and CS seed of black mustard, brown mustard, swede rape and turnip rape</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic and CS seed of white mustard</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic, C1 and C2 seed of soya bean</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic and CS seed of sunflower</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), in any sample of seed of the species specified in column 1 of the following table harmful organisms of the type specified in columns 2, 3 and 4 of the table shall not exceed the number specified in the relevant corresponding entry of the table —

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Harmful organisms</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Maximum percentage by number of seeds contaminated by harmful organisms (total per column)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Botrytis Alternaria spp., Ascochyta linicola (syn. Phoma linicola), Collectotrichum lini, Fusarium spp.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column (1)</th>
<th>Column (2)</th>
<th>Column (3)</th>
<th>Column (4)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flax</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hemp</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Linseed</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sunflower</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swede rape</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turnip rape</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White mustard</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(2) In the case of flax, the maximum percentage by number of seeds contaminated by Ascochyta linicola (syn Phoma linicola) shall not exceed 1%.

(3) In the case of seed of soya bean —
(a) the maximum number of sub-samples within a sample of 5,000 seeds minimum per lot subdivided into 5 sub-samples which have been found to be contaminated by Pseudomonas syringae pv. glycinea shall not exceed 4;
(b) the maximum number of seeds contaminated by Diaporthe phaseolorum shall not exceed 15%; and
(c) the percentage by weight of inert matter shall not exceed 0.3%.

PART III

Conditions to be examined by inspections of control plots

10. Subject to paragraph 6, seed of a hybrid variety of swede rape shall not be certified as CS seed unless due account has been taken of the results of official post-control tests on samples of basic seed and carried out during the growing season of the seed entered for certification as CS seed to ascertain whether the basic seed has met the requirements for basic seed laid down in these Regulations in respect of identity and purity as regards the characteristics of the components, including male sterility.

PART IV

Other conditions

11. Subject to paragraph 9, harmful organisms which reduce the usefulness of the seed shall be at the lowest possible level that can be achieved.

PART V

General provisions

12. For the purpose of determining whether seed meets the conditions laid down in this Schedule —
   (a) pre-basic seed shall be treated in the same way as basic seed, and
   (b) the provisions of Part II shall apply, insofar as they may be relevant, to commercial seed in the same way as they apply to CS seed.

SCHEDULE 5

RE-GRADING OF SEED

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column (1)</th>
<th>Column (2)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) UK, EC or overseas tested officially certified pre-basic seed of a</td>
<td>(a) UK officially certified pre-basic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>listed variety</td>
<td>seed of a listed variety</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) UK, EC, third country or overseas tested officially certified basic</td>
<td>(b) UK officially certified basic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>seed of a listed variety</td>
<td>seed of a listed variety</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(c) in the case of black mustard, brown mustard, dioecious hemp, sunflower, swede rape, turnip rape and white mustard, UK, EC, third country or overseas tested officially certified CS seed of a listed variety

(d) in the case of flax, linseed, monocoeic hemp and soya bean, UK, EC or overseas tested officially certified C1 seed of a listed variety

(e) in the case of flax, linseed, monocoeic hemp and soya bean, UK, EC or overseas tested officially certified C2 seed of a listed variety

(f) in the case of flax, UK, EC or overseas tested officially certified C3 seed of a listed variety

(a) UK or EC officially certified early movement pre-basic seed of a listed variety

(b) UK or EC officially certified early movement basic seed of a listed variety

(c) in the case of black mustard, brown mustard, dioecious hemp, sunflower, swede rape, turnip rape and white mustard, UK or EC officially certified early movement CS seed of a listed variety

(d) in the case of flax, linseed, monocoeic hemp and soya bean, UK or EC officially certified early movement C1 seed of a listed variety

(e) in the case of flax, linseed, monocoeic hemp and soya bean, UK or EC officially certified early movement C2 seed of a listed variety

(f) in the case of flax, UK or EC officially certified early movement C3 seed of a listed variety

(a) UK, EC or overseas tested officially certified pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety

(b) UK officially certified early movement basic seed of a listed variety

(c) in the case of black mustard, brown mustard, dioecious hemp, sunflower, swede rape, turnip rape and white mustard, UK or EC officially certified early movement CS seed of a listed variety

(d) in the case of flax, linseed, monocoeic hemp and soya bean, UK or EC officially certified early movement C1 seed of a listed variety

(e) in the case of flax, linseed, monocoeic hemp and soya bean, UK or EC officially certified early movement C2 seed of a listed variety

(f) in the case of flax, UK officially certified early movement C3 seed of a listed variety

(a) UK officially certified pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety
## Column (1)  Column (2)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(b) UK, EC, third country or overseas tested officially certified basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety</th>
<th>(b) UK officially certified basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) UK or EC officially certified early movement pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety</td>
<td>(a) UK officially certified early movement pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) UK or EC officially certified early movement basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety.</td>
<td>(b) UK officially certified early movement basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SCHEDULE 6

**Regulation 15(1)**

**CATEGORIES OF SEED THAT MAY BE MARKETED**

**Breeders seed**

1. Breeders seed.

**Pre-basic seed of a listed variety**

2. UK officially certified pre-basic seed of a listed variety.
3. EC officially certified pre-basic seed of a listed variety.
4. Overseas tested officially certified pre-basic seed of a listed variety.

**Basic seed of a listed variety**

5. UK officially certified basic seed of a listed variety.
6. EC officially certified basic seed of a listed variety.
7. Third country officially certified basic seed of a listed variety.
8. Overseas tested officially certified basic seed of a listed variety.

**CS seed of a listed variety**

9. UK officially certified CS seed of a listed variety.
10. EC officially certified CS seed of a listed variety.
11. Third country officially certified CS seed of a listed variety.
12. Overseas tested officially certified CS seed of a listed variety.

**C1 seed of a listed variety**

13. UK officially certified C1 seed of a listed variety.
14. EC officially certified C1 seed of a listed variety.
15. Third country officially certified C1 seed of a listed variety.
16. Overseas tested officially certified C1 seed of a listed variety.

C2 seed of a listed variety
17. UK officially certified C2 seed of a listed variety.
18. EC officially certified C2 seed of a listed variety.
19. Overseas tested officially certified C2 seed of a listed variety.

C3 seed of a listed variety
20. UK officially certified C3 seed of a listed variety.
21. EC officially certified C3 seed of a listed variety.
22. Overseas tested officially certified C3 seed of a listed variety.

Commercial seed
23. UK officially certified commercial seed.
24. EC officially certified commercial seed.

Early movement pre-basic seed of a listed variety
25. UK officially certified early movement pre-basic seed of a listed variety.
26. EC officially certified early movement pre-basic seed of a listed variety.

Early movement basic seed of a listed variety
27. UK officially certified early movement basic seed of a listed variety.
28. EC officially certified early movement basic seed of a listed variety.

Early movement CS seed of a listed variety
29. UK officially certified early movement CS seed of a listed variety.
30. EC officially certified early movement CS seed of a listed variety.

Early movement C1 seed of a listed variety
31. UK officially certified early movement C1 seed of a listed variety.
32. EC officially certified early movement C1 seed of a listed variety.

Early movement C2 seed of a listed variety
33. UK officially certified early movement C2 seed of a listed variety.
34. EC officially certified early movement C2 seed of a listed variety.
Early movement C3 seed of a listed variety

35. UK officially certified early movement C3 seed of a listed variety.
36. EC officially certified early movement C3 seed of a listed variety.

Early movement commercial seed

37. UK officially certified early movement commercial seed.
38. EC officially certified early movement commercial seed.

Pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety

39. UK officially certified pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety.
40. EC officially certified pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety.
41. Overseas tested officially certified pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety.

Basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety

42. UK officially certified basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety.
43. EC officially certified basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety.
44. Third country officially certified basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety.
45. Overseas tested officially certified basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety.

Early movement pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety

46. UK officially certified early movement pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety.
47. EC officially certified early movement pre-basic seed of a component used in the production of a listed hybrid variety.

Early movement basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety

48. UK officially certified early movement basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety.
49. EC officially certified early movement basic seed of a component of a listed hybrid variety.
SCHEDULE 7  
Regulations 2(1), 23((2), (3), (4) and 27(7)

LOT AND SAMPLE WEIGHTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Column 2 Maximum weight of a seed lot (tonnes)</th>
<th>Column 3 Minimum weight of a sample to be drawn from a seed lot (grams)</th>
<th>Column 4 Weight of the sample for determination by number in accordance with Part II of Schedule 4 (grams)</th>
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<tr>
<td>Flax</td>
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<td>Black mustard</td>
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<tr>
<td>Brown mustard</td>
<td>10</td>
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</tr>
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<td>White mustard</td>
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<td>400</td>
<td>200</td>
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<tr>
<td>Soya bean</td>
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<td>Sunflower</td>
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<td>Swede rape</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turnip rape</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SCHEDULE 8  

LABELLING

PART I

Particulars to be marked or displayed on the sale of unpackaged seeds

1. The following particulars shall be given —
   (a) “complies with legal standards”;
   (b) the species; and
   (c) except in the case of commercial seed, the variety.
PART II

Labelling of packages of breeder’s seed

2. The package shall be labelled, not later than the time of sealing, on the outside with a supplier’s label containing the following particulars —
   (a) the name and address of the supplier responsible for affixing the labels or his or her registered number;
   (b) the reference number of the seed lot;
   (c) the species;
   (d) the variety;
   (e) the words “breeder’s seed”; and
   (f) the declared net or gross weight or declared number of seeds.

3. The label referred to in paragraph 2 shall be coloured buff.

PART III

Labelling of packages of officially certified pre-basic seed

4. The package shall be labelled, not later than the time of sealing, on the outside with an official label which has not previously been used containing the following particulars —
   (a) the certification authority and member State or their commonly used initials;
   (b) the reference number of the seed lot;
   (c) the month and year of sealing or the month and year of the last official sampling for the purposes of certification, expressed respectively as follows —
      (i) by the word “Sealed” followed by the month and year of sealing, or
      (ii) by the word “Sampled” followed by the month and year of official sampling;
   (d) the species, indicated at least under its botanical name, which may be given in abridged form and without the author’s name, in Roman characters;
   (e) the variety, indicated at least in Roman characters;
   (f) the description “pre-basic seed”;
   (g) the number of generations by which the seed precedes CS seed or C1 seed;
   (h) the country of production;
   (i) the declared net or gross weight or declared number of seeds; and
   (j) where weight is indicated and granulated pesticides, pelleting substances or other solid additives are used, the nature of the additive and also the approximate ratio between the weight of pure seeds and the total weight.

5. The label referred to in paragraph 4 shall be coloured white with a diagonal violet line.

6. The minimum size of the label referred to in paragraph 4 shall be 110 mm x 67 mm.

7. The label referred to in paragraph 4 —
   (a) shall be —
      (i) an adhesive label, or
(ii) a label secured to the package by a sealing device approved by the National Assembly for Wales, the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, and

(b) shall be fixed to the package by —

(i) an authorised officer or any person being supervised by such a person, or

(ii) a licensed seed sampler or any person being supervised by such a person.

PART IV

Labelling of packages of officially certified basic, CS, C1, C2 and C3 seed

Official label for a package of officially certified basic, CS, C1, C2 or C3 seed

8. The package shall be labelled, not later than the time of sealing, on the outside with an official label which has not previously been used containing the following particulars —

(a) the words “EC rules and standards”;

(b) the name of the certifying authority and member State or their commonly used initials;

(c) the reference number of the seed lot;

(d) the month and year of sealing or the month and year of the last official sampling for the purposes of certification, expressed respectively as follows —

(i) by the word “Sealed” followed by the month and year of sealing, or

(ii) by the word “Sampled” followed by the month and year of last official sampling for the purposes of certification;

(e) the species, indicated at least under its botanical name, which may be given in abridged form and without the author’s name, in Roman characters;

(f) the variety, indicated at least in Roman characters;

(g) the category;

(h) the country of production;

(i) the declared net or gross weight;

(j) where weight is indicated and granulated pesticides, pelleting substances or other solid additives are used, the nature of the additive and also the approximate ratio between the weight of pure seeds and the total weight;

(k) in the case of basic seed which is a component of a hybrid variety, where the component has been officially accepted on a National List or the Common Catalogue, the name under which it has been officially accepted, with or without a reference to the hybrid variety, accompanied, in the case of a component intended solely as a component for a hybrid variety, by the word “component”;

(l) in the case of basic seed which is a component of a hybrid variety where the component has not been officially accepted on a National List or the Common Catalogue, the name of the component, which may be given in code form, accompanied by a reference to the hybrid variety, with or without reference to its function (male or female) and accompanied by the word “component”; and

(m) in the case of CS seed which is a hybrid, the name of the variety to which the seed belongs, accompanied by the word “hybrid”; and
(n) in the case of officially certified CS seed that is intended to be used as a component of a varietal association a reference to its function (male or female), accompanied by the word “component” and the name of the final varietal association.

9. Where at least germination has been retested, the words “retested” followed by the month and year of retesting and the service responsible for such retesting may be indicated on the official label referred to in paragraph 8 or on an official sticker attached to the official label.

10. The minimum size of the label referred to in paragraph 8 shall be 110 mm x 67 mm.

11. The label referred to in paragraph 8 shall be coloured —

   (a) white for basic seed;
   (b) blue for CS and C1 seed; and
   (c) red for C2 and C3 seed.

12. The label referred to in paragraph 8 —

   (a) shall be —
       (i) an adhesive label, or
       (ii) a label secured to the package by a sealing device approved by the National Assembly for Wales, the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, and
   (b) shall be fixed to the package by —
       (i) an authorised officer or any person being supervised by such a person, or
       (ii) a licensed seed sampler or any person being supervised by such a person

Supplier’s label for a small package of officially certified basic, CS, C1, C2 or C3 seed

13. The package shall be labelled, not later than the time of sealing —

   (a) subject to paragraph 14, on the outside;
   (b) with a label, a printed notice or stamp containing the following information —
       (i) “EC rules and standards”;
       (ii) the name and address of the supplier responsible for fixing the label or his or her registration number;
       (iii) the reference number of the seed lot;
       (iv) the species;
       (v) the variety;
       (vi) the category;
       (vii) the declared weight or declared number of seeds except in the case of packages not exceeding 15 grams net weight.

14. If the packaging material is transparent the label, notice or stamp referred to in paragraph 13 may be placed inside the package provided it can be read through the packaging.

15. The label, notice or stamp referred to in paragraph 13 shall be coloured —

   (a) white for basic seed;
   (b) blue for CS and C1 seed; and
   (c) red for C2 and C3 seed.
PART V

Labelling of packages of officially certified commercial seed

Official label for a package of officially certified commercial seed

16. The package shall be labelled, not later than the time of sealing, on the outside with an official label which has not previously been used containing the following particulars —

(a) the words “EC rules and standards”;
(b) the words “Commercial seed (not certified as to variety)”;
(c) the name of the certifying authority and member State or their commonly used initials;
(d) the reference number of the seed lot;
(e) the month and year of sealing or the month and year of the last official sampling for the purposes of certification, expressed respectively as follows —
   (i) by the word “Sealed” followed by the month and year of sealing, or
   (ii) by the word “Sampled” followed by the month and year of last official sampling for the purposes of certification;
(f) the species, indicated at least under its botanical name, which may be given in abridged form and without the author’s name, in Roman characters;
(g) the country of production or region of production within a country;
(h) the declared net or gross weight; and
(i) where weight is indicated and granulated pesticides, pelleting substances or other solid additives are used, the nature of the additive and also the approximate ratio between the weight of pure seeds and the total weight.

17. Where at least germination has been retested, the words “retested” followed by the month and year of retesting and the service responsible for such retesting may be indicated on the official label referred to in paragraph 16 or on an official sticker attached to the official label.

18. The minimum size of the label referred to in paragraph 16 shall be 110 mm x 67 mm.

19. The label referred to in paragraph 16 shall be coloured brown.

20. The label referred to in paragraph 16 —

(a) shall be —
   (i) an adhesive label, or
   (ii) a label secured to the package by a sealing device approved by the National Assembly for Wales, the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, and
(b) shall be fixed to the package by —
   (i) an authorised officer or any person being supervised by such a person, or
   (ii) a licensed seed sampler or any person being supervised by such a National Assembly for Wales in that behalf or by or under the supervision of a licensed seed sampler.

Label for a small package of officially certified commercial seed

21. The package shall be labelled, not later than the time of sealing —

(a) subject to paragraph 22, on the outside;
(b) with a label, a printed notice or stamp containing the following information —
(i) “EC rules and standards”;
(ii) the name and address of the supplier responsible for fixing the label or his or her registration number;
(iii) the reference number of the seed lot;
(iv) the species;
(v) the words “commercial seed (not certified as to variety)”;
(vi) the declared weight or declared number of seeds except in the case of packages not exceeding 15 grams net weight.

22. If the packaging material is transparent the label, notice or stamp referred to in paragraph 21 may be placed inside the package provided it can be read through the packaging.

23. The label, notice or stamp referred to in paragraph 21 shall be coloured brown.

PART VI

Labelling of packages of a varietal association of seeds

24. The package shall be labelled, not later than the time of sealing, on the outside with an official label which has not previously been used containing the following particulars —

(a) the words “EC rules and standards”;
(b) the name of the certifying authority and member State or their commonly used initials;
(c) the reference number of the seed lot;
(d) the month and year of sealing expressed by the word “Sealed” followed by the month and year of sealing;
(e) the species, indicated at least under its botanical name, which may be given in abridged form and without the author’s name, in Roman characters;
(f) the words “varietal association” followed by its name;
(g) the category;
(h) the country of production;
(i) the declared net or gross weight or declared number of pure seed;
(j) where weight is indicated and granulated pesticides, pelleting substances or other solid additives are used, the nature of the additive and also the approximate ratio between the weight of pure seeds and the total weight;
(k) the percentages by weight of the various components in the varietal association shown by variety unless this has been notified to the purchaser on request and notified to the National Assembly for Wales, the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development.

25. Where at least germination of the components of the varietal association have been retested, the words “retested” followed by the month and year of retesting and the service responsible for such retesting may be indicated on the official label referred to in paragraph 24 or on an official sticker attached to the official label.

26. The minimum size of the label referred to in paragraph 24 shall be 110 mm x 67 mm.

27. The label referred to in paragraph 24 shall be coloured blue with a diagonal green line.

28. The label referred to in paragraph 24 —
(a) shall be —  
   (i) an adhesive label, or  
   (ii) a label secured to the package by a sealing device approved by the National Assembly for Wales, the Secretary of State, the Scottish Ministers or the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, and  
(b) shall be fixed to the package by —  
   (i) an authorised officer or any person being supervised by such a person, or  
   (ii) a licensed seed sampler or any person being supervised by such a person.

PART VII

Printing of specified matters on packages (whole bag labelling)

Seed which has not been imported

29. The printing or stamping of the packages shall be under the supervision of National Assembly for Wales.

30. Each package shall have printed or stamped on it, or be perforated with, an individual serial number allocated by the National Assembly for Wales which shall appear in the same panel as the particulars of the matters specified in paragraph 8.

31. Arrangements shall be made with the printers for returns to be made to the National Assembly for Wales of the number of packages printed or stamped pursuant to regulation 26(18) and of the individual serial numbers of such packages.

32. The reference number of the seed lot and the month and year in which the package was officially sealed shall be printed or stamped under the supervision of the authorised officer or licensed seed sampler at the time of sampling for official examination.

33. There shall be kept such records or seed packaged and marketed pursuant to regulation 26(18) as may be required by the National Assembly for Wales.

34. Each package of seed marketed in accordance with regulation 26(18) shall be capable of having affixed to it, in a manner approved by the National Assembly for Wales, a label containing a statement pursuant to regulation 16.

Seed imported from another Member State

35. Such requirements of the member State from which the seed has been imported as correspond to the requirements specified in this Part for seed which has not been imported shall, in the opinion of the National Assembly for Wales, have been satisfied.
SCHEDULE 9

Regulation 27(2)

LIMITS OF VARIATION

GERMINATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stated minimum percentage of germination (expressed as an integer)</th>
<th>Limit of variation Per cent</th>
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<tr>
<td>99—100</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>97—98</td>
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<tr>
<td>94—96</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>91—93</td>
<td>5</td>
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<td>87—90</td>
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<td>82—86</td>
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<td>76—81</td>
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<td>70—75</td>
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ANALYTICAL PURITY

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<th>Limit of variation Per cent</th>
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<tr>
<td>99.8</td>
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<tr>
<td>99.6—99.7</td>
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<tr>
<td>99.3—99.5</td>
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<td>99.0—99.2</td>
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<td>98.5—98.9</td>
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<td>98.3—98.4</td>
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<td>97.5—98.2</td>
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<td>97.0—97.4</td>
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<td>95.0—95.4</td>
<td>1.3</td>
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CONTENT OF SEEDS OF OTHER SPECIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stated maximum percentage of number of seeds of other species (expressed to one decimal point)</th>
<th>Limit of variation Per cent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>0.1</td>
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### Stated maximum percentage of number of seeds of other species (expressed to one decimal point) and Limit of variation Per cent

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<th>Stated maximum percentage of number of seeds of other species</th>
<th>Limit of variation Per cent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>0.3</td>
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<tr>
<td>0.3 — 0.4</td>
<td>0.4</td>
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<tr>
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### NUMBER OF SEEDS OF OTHER SPECIES

<table>
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<th>Limit of variation number</th>
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<td>46 to 50</td>
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### SCHEDULE 10

**INDEX OF WORDS AND EXPRESSIONS USED IN THESE REGULATIONS**

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<th>Provision of these Regulations in which the expression is defined</th>
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<td>Annex V(C) document</td>
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<td>another member State</td>
<td>Regulation 2(1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>Provision of these Regulations in which the expression is defined</td>
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<td>---------------------------------------------------------------</td>
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<td><strong>Provision of these Regulations in which the expression is defined</strong></td>
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EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Regulations)

These Regulations apply in Wales and come into force on 13 December 2004. They revoke and replace, with modifications, the Oil and Fibre Plant Seeds Regulation 1993 (S.I. 1993/2007) insofar as they apply to Wales. They also revoke the Oil and Fibre Plant Seeds (Amendment) Regulations 1994 (S.I. 1994/1423), the Oil and Fibre Plant Seeds (Amendment) Regulations 1996 (S.I. 1996/1451) and the Oil and Fibre Plant Seeds (Amendment) Regulations 1999 (S.I. 1999/1862) insofar as they apply to Wales and the Oil and Fibre Plant Seeds (Amendment) (Wales) Regulations 2000 (S.I. 2000/1789), all of which amended the 1993 Regulations.


The Regulations apply to the certification and marketing of seed of oil and fibre plants of the species specified in Schedule 2 to these Regulations (regulation 5).

The Regulations include provisions that lay down the procedures relating to the certification of seed of oil and fibre plants in Wales (Part II), including provisions relating to the entry of seed lots (regulation 6), the entry of crops (regulation 7), the field inspection of crops (regulation 8), the lodging of field inspection reports and similar documents (regulation 9), the re-grading of crops (regulation 10), seed testing (regulation 11), the lodging of seed test reports (regulation 12), the re-grading of seed (regulation 13) and the withdrawal of official certification (regulation 14).

The Regulations include provisions that prohibit the marketing of seed of oil and fibre plants in Wales except for seed that falls into one of the categories listed in Schedule 6 (regulation 15). These categories are defined in Schedule 1. The prohibition does not apply in the case of seed of a category that is not listed in Schedule 6 where an authorisation has been granted for scientific purposes or selection work (regulation 18) or for the purpose of tests and trials (regulation 19) or is authorised by a general licence made under regulation 20.

The Regulations lay down requirements relating to the sampling (regulation 23) and packaging (regulation 24) of seed and the sealing (regulation 25) and labelling of packages (regulation 26) of seed.

The Regulations enable the National Assembly for Wales to make arrangements for any person to act under its responsibility in carrying out official measures (regulation 28) and include provisions relating to the charging of fees (regulation 29).

The contravention of these Regulations is a criminal offence (section 16(7) of the Plant Varieties and Seeds Act 1964).

A Regulatory Appraisal and a Transposition Note has been prepared for these Regulations. A copy of each of these documents has been placed on the National Assembly for Wales web-site (www.wales.gov.uk). Copies can be obtained from the Welsh Assembly Government, Plant Health and Biotechnology Branch, Cathays Park, Cardiff, CF10 3NQ.