

## OFFERYNNAU STATUDOL CYMRU

# 2002 Rhif 1356 (Cy.132)

## ANIFEILIAID, CYMRU

### IECHYD ANIFEILIAID

#### Gorchymyn Rheoli Clefydau (Mesurau Dros Dro) (Cymru) (Diwygio) (Rhif 2) 2002

*Wedi'i wneud* - -

*14 Mai 2002*

*Yn dod i rym* - -

*15 Mai 2002*

Mae Cynulliad Cenedlaethol Cymru a'r Ysgrifennydd Gwladol, drwy arfer y pwerau a roddwyd iddynt gan adrannau 1, a 8(1) o Ddeddf Iechyd Anifeiliaid 1981(1) a'r holl bwerau eraill sy'n eu galluogi yn y cyswylt hwnnw, drwy hyn yn gwneud y Gorchymyn canlynol:

#### Enwi, cymhwys o a chychwyn

1. Enw'r Gorchymyn hwn yw Gorchymyn Rheoli Clefydau (Mesurau Dros Dro) (Cymru) (Diwygio) (Rhif 2) 2002; mae'n gymwys i Gymru a daw i rym ar 15 Mai 2002.

#### Diwygio Gorchymyn Rheoli Clefydau (Mesurau Dros Dro) (Cymru) 2002

2.—(1) Mae Gorchymyn Rheoli Clefydau (Mesurau Dros Dro) (Cymru) 2002(2) yn cael ei ddiwygio yn unol â darpariaethau canlynol yr erthygl hon.

(2) Yn erthygl 2—

(a) o flaen y diffiniad o “the Act” ychwanegir y canlynol—

““animals” means cattle, sheep, goats, and all other ruminating animals, swine and elephants;”;

(b) yn lle'r diffiniad o “collecting centre” rhoddir y canlynol—

““collecting centre” means premises used for the intermediate reception of animals intended to be moved elsewhere and includes any place used, whether as a market or

- (1) 1981 p.22. Mewn perthynas â Chymru, trosglwyddwyd swyddogaethau “the Ministers” (fel y'i diffiniwyd yn adran 86 o'r Deddf honno) i'r graddau yr oeddent yn arferadwy gan Ysgrifennydd Gwladol Cymru i Gynulliad Cenedlaethol Cymru gan Orchymyn Cynulliad Cenedlaethol Cymru (Trosglwyddo Swyddogaethau) 1999 ([O.S. 1999/672](#)); i'r graddau yr oedd y swyddogaethau hynny yn arferadwy gan Ysgrifennydd Gwladol yr Alban mewn perthynas â Chymru, trosglwyddwyd hwy i'r Gweinidog Amaethyddiaeth, Pysgodfeydd a Bwyd gan Orchymyn Trosglwyddo Swyddogaethau (Amaethyddiaeth a Bwyd) 1999 ([O.S. 1999/3141](#)) ac fe'u trosglwyddwyd ymhellach i'r Ysgrifennydd Gwladol gan Orchymyn y Weinyddiaeth Amaethyddiaeth, Pysgodfeydd a Bwyd (Diddymu) 2002 ([O.S. 2002/794](#)).
- (2) O.S. 2002/280 (Cy.32) fel y'i diwygiwyd gan O.S. 2002/1038 (Cy.110).

otherwise, for the sale or trading of animals, but only where the animals being sold or traded are intended for immediate slaughter thereafter;”;

(c) ar ôl y diffiniad o “hunting” ychwanegir y diffiniad canlynol—

““individual identification mark” has the same meaning as in the Sheep and Goats Identification and Movement (Interim Measures) (Wales) Order 2002(3);”;

(ch) yn lle'r diffiniad o “Minister” rhoddir y diffiniad canlynol—

““Minister” means the Secretary of State except in relation to anything done before 27th March 2002 for which purpose it means the Minister of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food;”;

(d) dilëir y gair “and” lle y mae'n ymddangos ar ddiwedd y diffiniad o “sole occupancy group”;

(dd) yn lle'r atalnod llawn lle mae'n ymddangos ar ddiwedd y diffiniad o “tack land” rhoddir “; and”; ac

(e) ar ôl y diffiniad o “tack land”, ychwanegir y canlynol—

““veterinary treatment” includes, in the case of goats, the collection of semen.”.

### (3) Yn erthygl 3—

(a) yn is-baragraff (2)(a) dilëir y gair “exhibition,”;

(b) yn lle is-baragraff (2)(b) rhoddir y canlynol—

“(b) if the movement is—

(i) of a pig as referred to in article 8(3)(b) of the Pigs (Records, Identification and Movement) Order 1995<sup>(4)</sup> or to a market for pigs intended for immediate slaughter;

(ii) of an animal direct to a slaughterhouse, or to a collecting centre for animals intended for immediate slaughter, provided that in the latter case—

(aa) the collecting centre premises have not been used and will not be used on the same day for a show or exhibition or for the sale or trading of animals otherwise than for immediate slaughter; and

(bb) all animals moved to the collecting centre are moved from there direct to a slaughterhouse;

(iii) of a calf less than 30 days old (for which a cattle passport has been issued and to which eartags have been applied in accordance with article 3(3) of the Cattle Identification Regulations) from premises of origin which are either the premises on which the calf was born or other premises in the same sole occupancy group, save that this exemption shall not apply if—

(aa) any animal has been moved during the standstill period direct from a market onto the premises of origin or other premises in the same sole occupancy group;

(bb) the calf is being moved to a collecting centre or market; or

(cc) the calf is being moved to a show or exhibition;

(iv) of a lamb or kid less than 7 days old from premises of origin which are either the premises on which it was born or other premises in the same sole occupancy group to any other premises not more than 10 kilometres by road

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(3) O.S. 2002/1357 (Cy.133)

(4) O.S. 1995/11, fel y'i diwygiwyd gan O.S. 1995/2922 ac, ynghylch Cymru, gan Orchymyn Moch (Cofnodion, Adnabod a Symud) (Mesurau Dros Dro) (Cymru) 2002 (O.S. 2002/281).

from the premises of origin, where this is for the purpose of fostering that lamb or kid;

- (v) the return from tack land of a sheep to the premises from which it was originally moved or to other premises in the same sole occupancy group provided that the tack land was managed separately from and had a different CPH number from the remainder of any premises of which it was a part at all times during the period the sheep was there;
- (vi) of an animal between premises in a sole occupancy group in accordance with an authority issued by the National Assembly or the Minister;
- (vii) of an animal to a show or exhibition from another show or exhibition;
- (viii) of an animal to a show or exhibition, otherwise than from another such event or from premises to which it has been moved and where it is still subject to isolation pursuant to paragraph (x) below, provided it has been isolated for the 20 days preceding the day of the movement from all other animals on the premises of origin and any other premises in the same sole occupancy group and has been identified, marked or tagged—
  - (aa) in the case of cattle in accordance with the requirements of Cattle Identification Regulations;
  - (bb) in the case of a sheep or goat with an individual identification number;
  - (cc) in the case of a deer in accordance with the requirements of the Tuberculosis (Deer) Order 1989(5); or
  - (dd) in the case of a camelid in accordance with any requirements specified in the licence issued under paragraph (1)(a) above pursuant to which it is being moved;
- (ix) of an animal to a show or exhibition from premises to which it has been moved and on which it is still subject to isolation pursuant to paragraph (x) below;
- (x) of an animal from a show or exhibition to anywhere other than another show or exhibition provided that for the 20 days following the movement from the show or exhibition—
  - (aa) it is not moved from the new premises (except to another show or exhibition); and
  - (bb) while on the new premises is isolated from all other animals;
- (xi) of cattle from premises of origin in circumstances where—
  - (aa) the only movement of animals on to the premises of origin has been of a calf less than 30 days old brought from the premises on which it was born or from other premises in the same sole occupancy group;
  - (bb) the premises of origin are authorised to be used as a specialist calf rearing unit by a notice issued by a veterinary inspector, the National Assembly for Wales or the Minister; and
  - (cc) the cattle to be moved have been issued with cattle passports and tagged in accordance with the Cattle Identification Regulations;
- (xii) of an animal for direct export or to a collecting centre or assembly centre approved under regulation 12(2) of the Animal and Animal Products

- (Import and Export) (England and Wales) Regulations 2000(6) prior to such export;
- (xiii) of an animal which has been imported into the United Kingdom direct to any premises from its point of entry into the United Kingdom;
  - (xiv) of an animal between land over which the owner or keeper of the animal has a registered right of common and premises occupied by the owner or keeper in relation to which the registered right of common is customarily exercised;
  - (xv) of a camelid being taken on a trekking expedition;
  - (xvi) of pigs, cattle, or sheep to an artificial insemination centre, provided, in the case of sheep, that they have been isolated for the 20 days preceding the movement from all other animals on the premises of origin and any other premises linked to them in a sole occupancy group;
  - (xvii) of pigs, sheep, goats, cattle, camelids or deer to a place for veterinary treatment provided (except in the case of pigs) that the animals will be isolated from all other animals there whilst the treatment is carried out;
  - (xviii) of a bull or ram or a goat, camelid or deer of either sex for breeding purposes, provided it is identified, marked or tagged—
    - (aa) in the case of a bull in accordance with the requirements of the Cattle Identification Regulations;
    - (bb) in the case of a ram or goat with an individual identification number;
    - (cc) in the case of a deer in accordance with the requirements of the Tuberculosis (Deer) Order 1989; or
    - (dd) in the case of a camelid in accordance with any requirements specified in the licence issued under paragraph (1)(a) above pursuant to which it is being moved,
  - (xix) of sheep returning from premises to which they were moved solely for the purposes of taking part in a sheep dog trial there; or
  - (xx) of an animal being moved to a laboratory for diagnostic tests to be carried out to ascertain whether the animal is affected by or has been exposed to a disease; or”;
- (c) yn lle paragraff (3) rhoddir y canlynol—
- “(3) For the purposes of paragraph (1)(b) above no account shall be taken of the movement on to the premises of origin or other premises in the same sole occupancy group of—
- (a) a pig—
    - (i) which is being returned to those premises from a place to which it had been moved for breeding, an artificial insemination centre or a place to which

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(6) O.S. 2000/1673, fel y'i diwygwyd gan O.S. 2000/2266, O.S. 2000/2524, O.S. 2000/2900, 2000/3128, ac, ynghylch Cymru yn unig, O.S. 2002/1039 (Cy.111).

it had been moved for veterinary treatment provided it is isolated for 20 days after the date of its return from all other animals; or

- (ii) where that movement is as referred to in article 8(3)(b) of the Pigs (Records, Identification, and Movement) Order 1995;
  - (b) an animal which is being moved to those premises direct from an exhibition or show provided that—
    - (i) the animal is isolated in accordance with the requirements of paragraph (2) (b)(x) above; and
    - (ii) the attendance of the animal at that exhibition or show has been notified to the local authority;
  - (c) a bull, or a deer or camelid of either sex for breeding purposes, provided it has been identified, marked or tagged—
    - (i) in the case of a bull in accordance with the requirements of the Cattle Identification Regulations;
    - (ii) in the case of a deer in accordance with the requirements of the Tuberculosis (Deer) Order 1989; or
    - (iii) in the case of a camelid in accordance with any requirements specified in a licence issued pursuant to paragraph (1)(a) above under which it is being moved
- and is accompanied by a declaration that the movement is for breeding purposes signed by or on behalf of its owner or keeper;
- (d) a ram, or a goat of either sex for breeding purposes provided—
    - (i) it has been identified with an individual identification number and is accompanied by a declaration that it is being moved for breeding purposes signed by its owner or keeper;
    - (ii) it has not come from a market; and
    - (iii) either no animals have been brought on to the premises from which it has come or other premises linked with them in a sole occupancy group during the 20 days preceding the day of the movement, or the ram or goat has been isolated during that period from all other animals on such premises;
  - (e) a ram, or a goat of either sex which is being returned to those premises from a place to which it had been moved for breeding purposes provided it is isolated for 20 days after the date of its return from all other animals;
  - (f) a camelid brought from premises where no animals other than camelids have been present at any time during the 20 days preceding the movement of the camelid onto the premises of origin or other premises in the same sole occupancy group;
  - (g) a sheep which is being returned to those premises from tack land provided the tack land has been managed separately from and had a different CPH number from the remainder of any premises of which it is a part during the period the sheep was there;
  - (h) a calf less than 30 days old from the premises on which it was born or other premises in the same sole occupancy group, provided that the premises of origin are authorised to be used as a specialised calf rearing unit by a notice issued by a veterinary inspector, the National Assembly or the Minister;
  - (i) an animal from either—

- (i) its point of entry into the United Kingdom following its import from another Member State; or
  - (ii) the premises to which it has been moved from its point of entry into the United Kingdom;
  - (j) an animal which is brought on to those premises in a vehicle provided that—
    - (i) the animal is not unloaded from that vehicle at those premises, and
    - (ii) such movement is carried out in accordance with the conditions of a licence issued under paragraph (1)(a) above;
  - (k) a camelid which is returning to those premises from a trekking expedition or which is crossing them in the course of such an expedition;
  - (l) a lamb less than 7 days old in the circumstances described in paragraph (2)(b) (iv) above;
  - (m) cattle which are being returned to those premises from an artificial insemination centre;
  - (n) sheep and goats which are being returned to those premises from an artificial insemination centre provided they have been at that centre for the preceding 20 days;
  - (o) sheep, goats, cattle, camelids or deer being returned to those premises from a place for veterinary treatment or of any offspring to which they have given birth whilst there provided those animals and such offspring have been isolated from all other animals whilst at that place; or
  - (p) an animal moved on to those premises for diagnostic tests to be carried out to ascertain whether it is affected by or has been exposed to disease.”;
  - (ch) ar ôl paragraff (4) ychwanegir y canlynol—
    - “(4A) The requirements set out in paragraph (1) shall not apply in any case in respect of which a licence has been issued or granted on or after 15th May 2002 under the Foot-and-Mouth Disease Order 1983(7) to authorise the movement of an animal to or from any premises.” a
  - (d) yn lle paragraff (5) rhoddir y canlynol—
    - “(5) Except in the cases referred to in paragraph (2)(b)(xvii) and (3)(o) above where any animal, other than a pig, is required to be isolated for any purpose under this article, this means isolated in isolation facilities approved by a veterinary inspector.”.
- (4) Yn erthygl 5 —
- (a) yn lle paragraff (2) rhoddir y canlynol—
    - “(2) Paragraph (1) above shall not apply—
      - (a) to the occupier of any premises or his employee (other than a person employed by him primarily for the purpose of shearing or dipping sheep) in respect of the shearing or dipping of sheep kept on those premises; or
      - (b) to any person who carries out any of the activities referred to in that paragraph under the authority and in accordance with the conditions of a licence issued

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(7) O.S. 1983/1950, fel y'i diwygiwyd gan O.S. 1993/3119, O.S. 1995/2922 ac ymhellach, yngylch Cymru, gan O.S. 2001/572 (Cy.26), O.S. 2001/658 (Cy.33), O.S. 2001/968 (Cy.46), O.S. 2001/1033 (Cy.47) (a ddiwygiwyd ei hun gan O.S. 2001/1234 (Cy.67)), O.S. 2001/1406 (Cy.93), O.S. 2001/1509 (Cy.106), O.S. 2001/1874 (Cy.134), O.S. 2001/2236 (Cy.162), O.S. 2001/2813(Cy.242), O.S. 2001/2981 (Cy.248), O.S. 2001/3145 (Cy.260), O.S. 2001/3706 (Cy.303), ac O.S. 2001/4009 (Cy.335).

under article 37C(1) of the Foot-and-Mouth Disease Order 1983 on or after 15th May 2002.”; a

(b) ar ôl paragraff (3) ychwanegir y paragraff canlynol—

“(3A) A licence as referred to in paragraph (2)(b) above which would cease to be valid because of the revocation of a controlled area order shall continue to have effect under this Order as if it were a licence issued under paragraph (1) above and the provisions of this Order shall apply accordingly to it.”.

(5) Yn erthygl 6 —

(a) yn lle paragraff (2) rhoddir y canlynol—

“(2) Paragraph (1) above shall not apply—

(a) to the occupier of any premises or his employee (other than a person employed by him primarily for the purposes of carrying out ultra sound scanning of sheep) in respect of the carrying out of ultrasound scanning of sheep kept on those premises using ultrasound or scanning equipment kept or owned by the occupier; or

(b) to any person who carries out ultrasound scanning of sheep under the authority and in accordance with the conditions of a licence issued on or after 15th May 2002 under the Foot-and-Mouth Disease Order 1983.”; a

(b) ar ôl paragraff (3) ychwanegir y paragraff canlynol—

“(4) A licence as referred to in paragraph (2)(b) above which would cease to be valid because of the revocation of a controlled area order shall continue to have effect under this Order as if it were a licence issued under paragraph (1) above and the provisions of this Order shall apply accordingly to it.”.

(6) Yn erthygl 7 ar ôl paragraff (2) ychwanegir y paragraff canlynol—

“(2A) Paragraph (1) above shall not apply to any person who takes part in hunting under the authority and in accordance with the conditions of a permit issued on or after 15th May 2002 under article 36(2)(d) of the Foot-and-Mouth Disease Order 1983 but if such a permit shall cease to be valid by reason of the revocation of a controlled area order it shall instead continue to have effect as if it were a permit issued under paragraph (2)(b) above.”.

(7) Yn erthygl 8, paragraffau (3) a (4), yn lle'r geiriau ?oq?article 3(2)(b)(viii) rhoddir “article 3(2)(b)(xi)” ac yn lle “3(3)(f)” rhoddir “3(3)(h)”.

Llofnodwyd ar ran Cynulliad Cenedlaethol Cymru

14 Mai 2002

*D. Elis-Thomas*  
Llywydd y Cynulliad Cenedlaethol

Adran Amgylchedd,  
Bwyd a Materion Gwledig  
14 Mai 2002

*Lord Whitty*  
Is-ysgrifennydd Seneddol

## EXPLANATORY NOTE

*(Nid yw'r nodyn hwn yn rhan o'r Gorchymyn)*

Mae'r Gorchymyn hwn yn diwygio Gorchymyn Rheoli Clefydau (Mesurau Dros Dro) (Cymru) 2002 (y “prif Orchymyn”) ([O.S. 2002/280](#)) (fel y'i diwygiwyd gan [O.S. 2002/1038 \(Cy. 110\)](#)).

Mae'r prif ddiwygiadau a wnaed fel a ganlyn—

- (a) ychwanegir diffiniad ar gyfer anifeiliaid a rhoddir diffiniad wedi'i ddiwygio o “*collecting centre*” fel bod modd caniatáu i lefydd a ddefnyddir ar gyfer masnachu anifeiliaid y bwriedir eu lladd ar unwaith gael eu cynnwys yn y term hwnnw fel y'i defnyddir yn y prif Orchymyn (erthygl 2(2));
- (b) caiff yr esempiad presennol, yn erthygl 3(2)(a) o'r prif Orchymyn, o'r gofyniad cyfnod segur a nodwyd yn erthygl 3(1)(b) ohono (y “*standstill requirement*”) ar gyfer symud anifeiliaid o rai mathau o safleoedd ei ddiwygio er mwyn gwaredu'r cyfeiriad at “*exhibitions*” (erthygl 2(3)(a));
- (c) caiff yr esempiad, yn erthygl 3(2)(b) o'r prif Orchymyn, o'r gofyniad cyfnod segur ar gyfer symud anifail i ganolfan gasglu ar gyfer anifeiliaid y bwriedir eu lladd ar unwaith ei ddiwygio er mwyn eithrio symudiadau i ganolfannau casglu sydd hefyd i'w defnyddio ar yr un diwrnod ar gyfer sioe neu arddangosfa neu ar gyfer masnachu anifeiliaid heblaw i'w lladd ar unwaith (erthygl 2(3)(b));
- (ch) caiff yr esempiad, yn erthygl 3(2)(b) o'r prif Orchymyn, o'r gofyniad cyfnod segur ar gyfer llo i dan 30 diwrnod oed sy'n symud o'r safleoedd lle cawsant eu geni neu safleoedd eraill yn yr un grŵp unig ddeiliadaeth (fel y'i diffinnir yn erthygl 2 o'r prif Orchymyn) ei ddiwygio fel ei fod yn eithrio achosion pan fo anifail yn cael ei symud i ganolfan gasglu, marchnad, sioe neu arddangosfa (erthygl 2(3)(b));
- (d) caiff yr esempiad, yn erthygl 3(2)(b) o'r prif Orchymyn, o'r gofyniad cyfnod segur ar gyfer ŵ yn o dan 7 diwrnod oed sy'n symud o'r safleoedd lle cawsant eu geni neu safleoedd eraill yn yr un grŵp unig ddeiliadaeth i safleoedd eraill nad ydynt fwy na 10 cilomedr i ffwrdd at ddibenion maethu ei ymestyn i gynnwys symud myn geifr yn yr un amgylchiadau (erthygl 2(3)(b));
- (dd) caiff yr esempiad, yn erthygl 3(2)(b) o'r prif Orchymyn, o'r gofyniad cyfnod segur ar gyfer anifeiliaid sy'n dychwelyd o sioe ei ddiwygio er mwyn ei ymestyn i gynnwys anifeiliaid sy'n symud o sioe neu arddangosfa i unrhyw fan heblaw am ddigwyddiad arall o'r fath yn ddarostyngedig i gadw'r anifail ar y safle newydd am 20 diwrnod ar ôl y symud a'i ynysu am yr un cyfnod (oni bai iddo gael ei symud yn ystod y cyfnod i sioe neu arddangosfa arall) oddi wrth yr holl anifeiliaid eraill yno (erthygl 2(3)(b));
- (e) ychwanegir esempiadau pellach (erthygl 2(3)(b)) at y rhestr symudiadau (a nodir yn erthygl 3(2)(b) o'r prif Orchymyn) y gellir eu gwneud, oni cheir gofyniad cyfnod segur ar y safle lle mae'r symudiad yn dechrau —
  - (i) ar gyfer anifeiliaid sy'n symud i sioe neu arddangosfa o sioe neu arddangosfa arall;
  - (ii) ar gyfer anifeiliaid sy'n symud i sioe neu arddangosfa heblaw am o ddigwyddiad arall o'r fath yn ddarostyngedig i fodloni rhai gofynion adnabod penodol a'u bod wedi'u hynysu am yr 20 diwrnod cyn iddynt gael eu symud oddi wrth yr holl anifeiliaid eraill yn y safleoedd y maent wedi dod ohonynt ac ar unrhyw safleoedd eraill sydd

wedi'i gysylltu ag ef mewn grŵp unig ddeiliadaeth (fel y'i diffinnir yn erthygl 2 o'r prif Orchymyn);

- (iii) ar gyfer anifeiliaid sy'n cael eu symud i sioe neu arddangosfa o safleoedd lle maent yn cael eu hynysu oddi wrth anifeiliaid eraill yn dilyn dychweliad o sioe neu arddangosfa arall;
  - (iv) ar gyfer defaid sy'n symud o safleoedd treialon cŵn defaid yn ôl i'r safleoedd y cawsant eu symud yn wreiddiol ohonynt i gymryd rhan yn y treialon hynny;
  - (v) ar gyfer hyrddod, geifr, camelidau a cheirw sy'n cael eu symud at ddibenion bridio yn ddarostyngedig i fodloni rhai gofynion adnabod penodedig a gofynion eraill ac, yn achos hyrddod a geifr, eu bod yn cael eu hynysu oddi wrth bob anifail arall am 20 diwrnod cyn iddynt gael eu symud;
  - (vi) ar gyfer anifeiliaid sy'n cael eu symud i labordy ar gyfer profion diagnostig i ganfod a ydynt wedi cael eu heffeithio gan neu wedi cael eu hamlygu i glefyd;
  - (vii) ar gyfer defaid neu eiffr sy'n cael eu symud i ganolfan semenu artiffisial yn ddarostyngedig i'w hynysu oddi wrth anifeiliaid eraill am yr 20 diwrnod cyn iddynt gael eu symud.
- (f) diwygir hefyd y rhestr symudiadau a nodwyd yn erthygl 3(3) o'r prif Orchymyn nad ydynt yn arwain at ofyniad cyfnod segur ar y safleoedd y mae'r anifeiliaid yn cael eu symud iddynt (erthygl 2(3)(c)) er mwyn —
- (i) disodli'r esempiad presennol mewn perthynas ag anifeiliaid sy'n dychwelyd o sioe gyda darpariaeth sy'n caniatáu i anifail symud i unrhyw safle yn uniongyrchol o sioe neu arddangosfa heb fod hynny'n arwain at gyfnod segur yn y safleoedd hynny, ar yr amod bod yr anifail yn cael ei ynysu am 20 diwrnod oddi wrth yr holl anifeiliaid eraill sydd yno (neu, os yw'n cael ei symud i arddangosfa neu sioe arall yn ystod y cyfnod hwnnw, am y rhan o'r cyfnod pan fydd ar y safle hwnnw) ac yn ddarostyngedig i hysbysu presenoldeb yr anifail yn y sioe neu'r arddangosfa yn flaenorol i'r awdurdod lleol;
  - (ii) amrywio'r esempiad mewn perthynas â symud teirw sy'n bridio i unrhyw safle er mwyn gwaredu'r gofyniad i gael milfeddyg i archwilio ymlaen llaw y tarw ac anifeiliaid eraill yn yr un uned rheoli ar y safle y cafodd ei symud ohono;
  - (iii) darparu nad yw symud hyrddod, geifr, camelidau a cheirw i unrhyw safle at ddibenion bridio yn arwain at ofyniad cyfnod segur ar yr amod —
    - (aa) bod gofynion adnabod penodol a gofynion eraill yn cael eu bodloni; a,
    - (bb) yn achos hyrddod a geifr, naill ai yn yr 20 diwrnod cyn y symud, na ddaethpwyd ag unrhyw anifail ar y safleoedd lle symudwyd hyrddod neu eiffr ohonynt neu ar unrhyw safle arall lle symudwyd yr hyrddod neu eiffr ohonynt neu unrhyw safleoedd eraill sydd wedi'u cysylltu yn yr un grŵp unig ddeiliadaeth neu fel arall bod yr hyrddod neu eiffr wedi cael eu hynysu yno yn ystod y cyfnod hwnnw;
  - (iv) darparu na fydd symud anifail i labordy ar gyfer profion diagnostig yn arwain at ofyniad cyfnod segur yn y labordy; a
  - (v) darparu na fydd dychwelyd y defaid a'r geifr o ganolfan semenu artiffisial yn arwain at ofyniad cyfnod segur ar yr amod eu bod wedi bod yn y ganolfan honno am 20 diwrnod; a
- (ff) gwneir darpariaeth—
- (i) i'r gofyniad i gael trwydded symud a roddwyd o dan erthygl 3(1)(a) o'r prif Orchymyn ac i gadw at y gofyniad cyfnod segur o dan erthygl 3(1)(b) ohono i beidio â bod yn gymwys pan fo trwydded i symud anifail i neu o unrhyw safle wedi cael

**Statws** This is the original version (as it was originally made). Dim ond ar ei ffurf wreiddiol y mae'r eitem hon o ddeddfwriaeth ar gael ar hyn o bryd.

ei roi o dan Orchymyn Clwy'r Traed a'r Genau 1983 ar neu ar ôl 15 Mai 2002 ([O.S. 1983/1950](#), fel y'i diwygiwyd);

- (ii) i'r gofyniad i gael trwydded ar gyfer cneifio neu ddipio defaid neu drin a thrafod cnu neu ddefaid wrth eu dipio neu eu cneifio ac i gael trwydded i gynnal profion uwch sain ar ddefaid i beidio â bod yn gymwys pan fo trwydded gyfatebol a roddwyd, ar neu ar ôl 15 Mai 2002, o dan Orchymyn Clwy'r Traed a'r Genau 1983 yn cael ei dal (erthyglau 2(4) a (5)); a
- (iii) i hela â chŵn beidio â bod yn anghyfreithlon o dan y prif Orchymyn os rhoddir trwydded i hela o dan erthygl 36(2)(d) o Orchymyn Clwy'r Traed a'r Genau 1983 ar neu ar ôl 15 Mai 2002 (erthygl 2(6)).

Ni pharato wyd arfaniad rheoliadol ar gyfer y Gorchymyn hwn.