STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2020 No. 759

The Criminal Procedure Rules 2020

PART 33

CONFISCATION AND RELATED PROCEEDINGS

PROCEEDINGS UNDER THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE ACT 1988 AND THE DRUG TRAFFICKING ACT 1994

[Note. The relevant provisions of the 1988 and 1994 Acts were repealed on 24th March 2003, but they continue to have effect in respect of proceedings for offences committed before that date.]

Statements, etc. relevant to making confiscation orders

- **33.64.**—(1) Where a prosecutor or defendant—
 - (a) serves on the magistrates' court officer any statement or other document under section 73 of the Criminal Justice Act 1988(1) in any proceedings in respect of an offence listed in Schedule 4 to that Act; or
 - (b) serves on the Crown Court officer any statement or other document under section 11 of the Drug Trafficking Act 1994(2) or section 73 of the 1988 Act in any proceedings in respect of a drug trafficking offence or in respect of an offence to which Part VI of the 1988 Act applies,

that party must serve a copy as soon as practicable on the defendant or the prosecutor, as the case may be.

- (2) Any statement tendered by the prosecutor to the magistrates' court under section 73 of the 1988 Act or to the Crown Court under section 11(1) of the 1994 Act or section 73(1A) of the 1988 Act must include the following particulars—
 - (a) the name of the defendant;
 - (b) the name of the person by whom the statement is made and the date on which it was made;
 - (c) where the statement is not tendered immediately after the defendant has been convicted, the date on which and the place where the relevant conviction occurred; and
 - (d) such information known to the prosecutor as is relevant to the determination as to whether or not the defendant has benefited from drug trafficking or relevant criminal conduct and to the assessment of the value of any proceeds of drug trafficking or, as the case may be, benefit from relevant criminal conduct.
- (3) Where, in accordance with section 11(7) of the 1994 Act or section 73(1C) of the 1988 Act, the defendant indicates in writing the extent to which he or she accepts any allegation contained within the prosecutor's statement, the defendant must serve a copy of that reply on the court officer.

^{(1) 1988} c. 33; section 73 and Schedule 4 were repealed, with savings, by paragraphs 1 and 17 of Schedule 11 and Schedule 12 to, the Proceeds of Crime Act 2002 (c. 29).

^{(2) 1994} c. 37; section 11 was repealed, with savings, by paragraphs 1 and 25 of Schedule 11 and Schedule 12 to, the Proceeds of Crime Act 2002 (c. 29).

(4) Expressions used in this rule have the same meanings as in the 1994 Act or, where appropriate, the 1988 Act.

Postponed determinations

- **33.65.**—(1) Where an application is made by the defendant or the prosecutor
 - (a) to a magistrates' court under section 72A(5)(a) of the Criminal Justice Act 1988(3) asking the court to exercise its powers under section 72A(4) of that Act; or
 - (b) to the Crown Court under section 3(5)(a) of the Drug Trafficking Act 1994(4) asking the court to exercise its powers under section 3(4) of that Act, or under section 72A(5)(a) of the 1988 Act asking the court to exercise its powers under section 72A(4) of the 1988 Act,

the application must be in writing and the applicant must serve a copy on the prosecutor or the defendant, as the case may be.

- (2) A party served with a copy of an application under paragraph (1) must, within 28 days of the date of service, notify the applicant and the court officer, in writing, whether or not that party opposes the application, giving reasons for any opposition.
- (3) After the expiry of the period referred to in paragraph (2), the court may determine an application under paragraph (1)—
 - (a) without a hearing; or
 - (b) at a hearing at which the parties may be represented.

Confiscation orders - revised assessments

- **33.66.**—(1) Where the prosecutor makes an application under section 13, 14 or 15 of the Drug Trafficking Act 1994(5) or section 74A, 74B or 74C of the Criminal Justice Act 1988(6), the application must be in writing and a copy must be served on the defendant.
 - (2) The application must include the following particulars—
 - (a) the name of the defendant;
 - (b) the date on which and the place where any relevant conviction occurred;
 - (c) the date on which and the place where any relevant confiscation order was made or, as the case may be, varied;
 - (d) the grounds on which the application is made; and
 - (e) an indication of the evidence available to support the application.

Application to the Crown Court to discharge or vary order to make material available

33.67.—(1) Where an order under section 93H of the Criminal Justice Act 1988(7) (order to make material available) or section 55 of the Drug Trafficking Act 1994(8) (order to make material available) has been made by the Crown Court, any person affected by it may apply in writing to the

^{(3) 1988} c. 33; section 72A was inserted by section 28 of the Criminal Justice Act 1993 (c. 36) and repealed, with savings, by sections 456 and 457 of, and paragraphs 1 and 17 of Schedule 11, and Schedule 12 to, the Proceeds of Crime Act 2002 (c. 29).

^{(4) 1994} c. 37; section 3 was repealed, with savings, by paragraphs 1 and 25 of Schedule 11 and Schedule 12 to, the Proceeds of Crime Act 2002 (c. 29).

^{(5) 1994} c. 37; sections 13, 14 and 15 were repealed, with savings, by paragraphs 1 and 25 of Schedule 11 and Schedule 12 to, the Proceeds of Crime Act 2002 (c. 29).

^{(6) 1988} c. 33; sections 74A, 74B and 74C were inserted by the Proceeds of Crime Act 1995 (c. 11), sections 5, 6 and 7 respectively, and repealed, with savings by paragraphs 1 and 17 of Schedule 11 and Schedule 12 to, the Proceeds of Crime Act 2002 (c. 29).

^{(7) 1988} c. 33; section 93H was inserted by section 11 of the Proceeds of Crime Act 1995 (c. 11) and repealed, with savings, by paragraphs 1 and 17 of Schedule 11 and Schedule 12 to, the Proceeds of Crime Act 2002 (c. 29).

^{(8) 1994} c. 37; section 55 was amended by paragraphs 1 and 25 of Schedule 11 and Schedule 12 to, the Proceeds of Crime Act 2002 (c. 29) and by paragraph 364 of Schedule 8 to the Courts Act 2003 (c. 39).

court officer for the order to be discharged or varied, and on hearing such an application the court may discharge the order or make such variations to it as the court thinks fit.

- (2) Subject to paragraph (3), where a person proposes to make an application under paragraph (1) for the discharge or variation of an order, that person must give a copy of the application, not later than 48 hours before the making of the application—
 - (a) to a constable at the police station specified in the order; or
- (b) to the office of the appropriate officer who made the application, as specified in the order, in either case together with a notice indicating the time and place at which the application for discharge or variation is to be made.
- (3) The court may direct that paragraph (2) need not be complied with if satisfied that the person making the application has good reason to seek a discharge or variation of the order as soon as possible and it is not practicable to comply with that paragraph.
 - (4) In this rule:
 - 'constable' includes a person commissioned by the Commissioners for Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs;
 - 'police station' includes a place for the time being occupied by Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs.

Application to the Crown Court for increase in term of imprisonment in default of payment

- **33.68.**—(1) This rule applies to applications made, or that have effect as made, to the Crown Court under section 10 of the Drug Trafficking Act 1994(9) and section 75A of the Criminal Justice Act 1988(10) (interest on sums unpaid under confiscation orders).
- (2) Notice of an application to which this rule applies to increase the term of imprisonment or detention fixed in default of payment of a confiscation order by a person ('the defendant') must be made by the prosecutor in writing to the court officer.
 - (3) A notice under paragraph (2) shall—
 - (a) state the name and address of the defendant;
 - (b) specify the grounds for the application;
 - (c) give details of the enforcement measures taken, if any; and
 - (d) include a copy of the confiscation order.
 - (4) On receiving a notice under paragraph (2), the court officer must—
 - (a) forthwith send to the defendant and the magistrates' court required to enforce payment of the confiscation order under section 140(1) of the Powers of Criminal Courts (Sentencing) Act 2000(11), a copy of the said notice; and
 - (b) notify in writing the applicant and the defendant of the date, time and place appointed for the hearing of the application.
- (5) Where the Crown Court makes an order pursuant to an application mentioned in paragraph (1) above, the court officer must send forthwith a copy of the order—

^{(9) 1994} c. 37; section 10 was repealed, with savings, by paragraphs 1 and 25 of Schedule 11 and Schedule 12 to, the Proceeds of Crime Act 2002 (c. 29).

^{(10) 1988} c. 33; section 75A was inserted by section 9 of the Proceeds of Crime Act 1995 (c. 11) and repealed, with savings, by paragraphs 1 and 17 of Schedule 11 and Schedule 12 to, the Proceeds of Crime Act 2002 (c. 29).

^{(11) 2000} c. 6; section 140 was amended by paragraphs 74 of Schedule 3 and Part 4 of Schedule 37 to the Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44) and section 40(4) of, and paragraph 69 of Schedule 9 to, the Constitutional Reform Act 2005 (c. 4). It is further amended by sections 74 and 75 of, and paragraphs 160 and 194 of Schedule 8 to, the Criminal Justice and Court Services Act 2000 (c. 43) with effect from a date to be appointed.

- (a) to the applicant;
- (b) to the defendant;
- (c) where the defendant is at the time of the making of the order in custody, to the person having custody of him or her; and
- (d) to the magistrates' court mentioned in paragraph (4)(a).

Drug trafficking - compensation on acquittal in the Crown Court

33.69. Where the Crown Court cancels a confiscation order under section 22(2) of the Drug Trafficking Act 1994(12), the Crown Court officer must serve notice to that effect on the High Court officer and on the court officer of the magistrates' court which has responsibility for enforcing the order.

^{(12) 1994} c. 37; section 22 was repealed, with savings, by paragraphs 1 and 25 of Schedule 11 and Schedule 12 to, the Proceeds of Crime Act 2002 (c. 29).