STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2020 No. 705

EXITING THE EUROPEAN UNION SANCTIONS

The Mali (Sanctions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020

Made - - - - 7th July 2020

Laid before Parliament 9th July 2020

Coming into force in accordance with regulation 1(2)

Marginal Citations

M1 The power to make regulations under Part 1 of the Sanctions and Anti-Money Laundering Act 2018 is conferred on an "appropriate Minister". Section 1(9)(a) of the Act defines an "appropriate Minister" as including the Secretary of State.

M2 2018 c.13.

PART 1

General

Citation and commencement

- 1.—(1) These Regulations may be cited as the Mali (Sanctions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.
- (2) These Regulations come into force in accordance with regulations made by the Secretary of State under section 56 of the Act.

Commencement Information

II Reg. 1 in force at 14.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(1)

Interpretation

- **2.** In these Regulations—
 - "the Act" means the Sanctions and Anti-Money Laundering Act 2018;
 - "the Agreement on Peace and Reconciliation in Mali" means the Agreement on Peace and Reconciliation in Mali done at Bamako on 15 May 2015 M3;
 - "arrangement" includes any agreement, understanding, scheme, transaction or series of transactions, whether or not legally enforceable (but see paragraph 12 of Schedule 1 for the meaning of that term in that Schedule);
 - "the Committee" means the Committee of the Security Council established in accordance with paragraph 9 of resolution 2374;
 - "conduct" includes acts and omissions;
 - "document" includes information recorded in any form and, in relation to information recorded otherwise than in legible form, references to its production include producing a copy of the information in legible form;
 - "the EU Mali Regulation" means Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1770 of 28 September 2017 concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Mali ^{M4}, as it has effect in EU law;
 - "humanitarian assistance activity" includes the work of international and non-governmental organisations carrying out relief activities in Mali for the benefit of the civilian population there;
 - "Mali" means the Republic of Mali;
 - "resolution 2374" means resolution 2374 (2017) adopted by the Security Council on 5 September 2017;
 - "serious human rights violation or abuse" means a serious violation or abuse of any of the human rights specified in regulation 4(2)(g);
 - "Treasury licence" means a licence under regulation 22(1);
 - "United Kingdom person" has the same meaning as in section 21 of the Act.

Commencement Information

I2 Reg. 2 in force at 14.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(1)

Marginal Citations

- M3 A scanned copy of the Agreement on Peace and Reconciliation in Mali (in the original French and titled as the 'Accord Pour la Paix et la Reconciliation au Mali Issu du Processus d'Alger) is available online at https://peacemaker.un.org/node/2681.
- **M4** OJ No. L 251, 29.9.2017, p. 1.

Application of prohibitions and requirements outside the United Kingdom

- **3.**—(1) A United Kingdom person may contravene a relevant prohibition by conduct wholly or partly outside the United Kingdom.
 - (2) Any person may contravene a relevant prohibition by conduct in the territorial sea.
 - (3) In this regulation, a "relevant prohibition" means any prohibition imposed by—
 - (a) regulation 9(2) (confidential information),
 - (b) Part 3 (Finance), or

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Mali (Sanctions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020. (See end of Document for details)

- (c) a condition of a Treasury licence.
- (4) A United Kingdom person may comply, or fail to comply, with a relevant requirement by conduct wholly or partly outside the United Kingdom.
- (5) Any person may comply, or fail to comply, with a relevant requirement by conduct in the territorial sea.
 - (6) In this regulation, a "relevant requirement" means any requirement imposed—
 - (a) by or under Part 6 (Information and records), or by reason of a request made under a power conferred by that Part, or
 - (b) by a condition of a Treasury licence.
- (7) Nothing in this regulation is to be taken to prevent a relevant prohibition or a relevant requirement from applying to conduct (by any person) in the United Kingdom.

Commencement Information

I3 Reg. 3 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Purposes

- **4.**—(1) The regulations contained in this instrument that are made under section 1 of the Act have the following purposes—
 - (a) compliance with the relevant UN obligations, and
 - (b) the additional purposes mentioned in paragraph (2).
 - (2) Those additional purposes are promoting—
 - (a) the peace, stability and security of Mali,
 - (b) the implementation of the Agreement on Peace and Reconciliation in Mali,
 - (c) respect for—
 - (i) local, regional and state institutions in Mali,
 - (ii) the Malian defence and security forces, and
 - (iii) the governance or implementation mechanisms referred to in, or established in accordance with, the Agreement on Peace and Reconciliation in Mali,
 - (d) the effective delivery of the mandates of the international security, peace-support and capacity-building missions and mechanisms in Mali, including—
 - (i) the United Nations Multidimensional Integrated Stabilization Mission in Mali (MINUSMA) M5;
 - (ii) the Panel of Experts established in accordance with paragraph 11 of resolution 2374 M6.
 - (iii) the G5 Sahel Joint Force M7:
 - (iv) the European Union Training Mission Mali (EUTM Mali) M8;
 - (v) the European Union CSDP mission in Mali (EUCAP Sahel Mali) M9;
 - (vi) French forces M10.
 - (e) respect for humanitarian assistance activity in Mali,
 - (f) compliance with the rules of international humanitarian law applicable to the armed conflicts in Mali, and

- (g) respect for human rights in Mali, including, in particular, respect for—
 - (i) the right to life of persons in Mali;
 - (ii) the right of persons in Mali not to be held in slavery or required to perform forced or compulsory labour;
 - (iii) the right of persons not to be subjected to torture or cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment in Mali;
 - (iv) the right to liberty and security of persons in Mali, including freedom from arbitrary arrest or detention, or enforced disappearance;
 - (v) the right to a fair trial of persons charged with criminal offences in Mali;
 - (vi) the right of journalists, human right defenders, civil society activists and other persons in Mali to freedom of expression and peaceful assembly;
 - (vii) the enjoyment of rights and freedoms in Mali without discrimination, including on the basis of a person's sex, race, colour, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin, association with a national minority, property, birth or other status.

otherwise than by compliance with the relevant UN obligations.

- (3) In this regulation, "the relevant UN obligations" means—
 - (a) the obligations that the United Kingdom has by virtue of paragraph 4 of resolution 2374 (asset-freeze etc.) MII to take the measures required by that provision in respect of persons MII2 for the time being named for the purposes of that provision by the Security Council or the Committee;
 - (b) the obligations that the United Kingdom has by virtue of paragraph 4 of resolution 2374 in respect of persons—
 - (i) acting on behalf of or at the direction of, or
 - (ii) owned or controlled by,

the persons for the time being named by the Security Council or the Committee for the purposes of paragraph 4 of resolution 2374.

(4) In this regulation, any reference to the obligations that the United Kingdom has by virtue of paragraph 4 of resolution 2374 is to that provision read with paragraph 8 of resolution 2374.

Commencement Information

I4 Reg. 4 in force at 14.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(1)

Marginal Citations

- M5 The United Nations Multidimensional Integrated Stabilization Mission in Mali (MINUSMA) was established in accordance with paragraph 7 of resolution 2100 (2013) adopted by the Security Council on 25 April 2013; its mandate was most recently extended by paragraph 16 of resolution 2531 (2020) adopted by the Security Council on 29 June 2020.
- M6 The mandate of the Panel of Experts was most recently extended by paragraph 3 of resolution 2484 (2019) adopted by the Security Council on 29 August 2019.
- M7 The G5 Sahel Joint Force (known in French as the 'Force conjointe du G5 Sahel') was established in accordance with the resolution of the Group of Five for the Sahel (G5 Sahel) dated 6 February 2017.
- M8 The European Union Training Mission Mali (EUTM Mali) was established in accordance with Council Decision 2013/34/CFSP of 17 January 2013 concerning a European Union military mission to contribute to the training of the Malian Armed Forces (EUTM Mali); its mandate was most recently extended by Council Decision (CFSP) 2020/434 of 23 March 2020.

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- M9 The European Union CSDP mission in Mali (EUCAP Sahel Mali) was established in accordance with Council Decision 2014/219/CFSP of 15 April 2014 on the European Union CSDP mission in Mali (EUCAP Sahel Mali); its mandate was most recently extended by Council Decision (CFSP) 2019/312 of 21 February 2019.
- M10 In resolution 2374 (2017), adopted on 5 September 2017, the Security Council "welcome[ed] the continued action by the French forces, at the request and in support of the Malian authorities, to deter the terrorist threat in the North of Mali". In paragraph 41 of resolution 2531 (2020), adopted on 29 June 2020, the Security Council "authorize[d] French forces, within the limits of their capacities and areas of deployment, to use all necessary means until the end of MINUSMA's mandate as authorized in this resolution, to intervene in support of elements of MINUSMA when under imminent and serious threat upon request of the Secretary-General".
- M11 The measures provided for in paragraph 4 of resolution 2374 have been renewed by paragraph 1 of resolution 2432 (2018) adopted by the Security Council on 30 August 2018 and paragraph 1 of resolution 2484 (2019) adopted by the Security Council on 29 August 2019.
- **M12** "Person" is defined by section 9(5) of the Sanctions and Anti-Money Laundering Act 2018 to include (in addition to an individual and a body of persons corporate or unincorporate) any organisation and any association or combination of persons.

PART 2

Designation of persons

Power to designate persons

- **5.**—(1) The Secretary of State may designate persons by name for the purposes of any of the following—
 - (a) regulations 12 to 16 (asset-freeze etc.);
 - (b) regulation 18 (immigration).
- (2) The Secretary of State may designate different persons for the purposes of different provisions mentioned in paragraph (1).

Commencement Information

I5 Reg. 5 in force at 14.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(1)

Designation criteria

- **6.**—(1) The Secretary of State may not designate a person under regulation 5 (power to designate persons) unless the Secretary of State—
 - (a) has reasonable grounds to suspect that that person is an involved person, and
 - (b) considers that the designation of that person is appropriate, having regard to—
 - (i) the purposes stated in regulation 4 (purposes), and
 - (ii) the likely significant effects of the designation on that person (as they appear to the Secretary of State to be on the basis of the information that the Secretary of State has).
 - (2) In this regulation an "involved person" means a person who—
 - (a) is or has been involved in a relevant activity,

- (b) is owned or controlled directly or indirectly (within the meaning of regulation 7) by a person who is or has been so involved,
- (c) is acting on behalf of or at the direction of a person who is or has been so involved, or
- (d) is a member of, or associated with, a person who is or has been so involved.
- (3) In this regulation a "relevant activity" means—
 - (a) failing to comply with or to implement, including through prolonged delay, the Agreement on Peace and Reconciliation in Mali;
 - (b) engaging in armed hostilities in violation of the Agreement on Peace and Reconciliation in Mali;
 - (c) an attack against, or obstruction of the activities of—
 - (i) diplomatic personnel in Mali,
 - (ii) personnel undertaking humanitarian assistance activity in Mali, or
 - (iii) the institutions, bodies, missions and mechanisms falling within regulation 4(2)(c) and (d);
 - (d) obstruction of the delivery or distribution of, or access to, humanitarian assistance in Mali;
 - (e) the commission of a serious human rights violation or abuse, or violation of international humanitarian law, in Mali including, in particular, in relation to—
 - (i) extrajudicial killing or maiming and other forms of torture;
 - (ii) rape and other forms of sexual and gender-based violence;
 - (iii) deliberate targeting of civilians, schools, hospitals, religious sites or locations where civilians are seeking refuge;
 - (iv) forced displacement of civilians;
 - (v) recruitment or use of children in the context of the armed conflicts in Mali;
 - (f) the production in Mali of narcotic drugs and their precursors;
 - (g) the smuggling or trafficking into, through or from Mali of—
 - (i) persons,
 - (ii) cultural property,
 - (iii) [F1 arms or material related to arms], or
 - (iv) narcotic drugs and their precursors;
 - (h) any other action, policy or activity which threatens the peace, stability and security of Mali or undermines efforts to implement the Agreement on Peace and Reconciliation in Mali.
- (4) Any reference in this regulation to being involved in a relevant activity includes being so involved in whatever way and wherever any actions constituting the involvement take place, and in particular includes—
 - (a) being responsible for, engaging in, providing support for, or promoting, any such activity;
 - (b) providing financial services, or making available funds or economic resources, that could contribute to any such activity;
 - (c) being involved in assisting the contravention or circumvention of any relevant provision.
 - (5) In this regulation "relevant provision" means—
 - (a) any provision of Part 3 (Finance);
 - (b) any provision of the law of a country other than the United Kingdom made for purposes corresponding to a purpose of any provision of Part 3;

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- (c) any provision of resolution 2374.
- (6) Nothing in any sub-paragraph of paragraph (3) or (4) is to be taken to limit the meaning of any of the other sub-paragraphs of those paragraphs.

F2(7)																

Textual Amendments

- Words in reg. 6(3)(g)(iii) substituted (31.12.2020 immediately after IP completion day) by The Sanctions (EU Exit) (Miscellaneous Amendments) (No. 5) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1397), regs. 1(2), 2(2)(a); S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 22
- F2 Reg. 6(7) omitted (31.12.2020 immediately after IP completion day) by virtue of The Sanctions (EU Exit) (Miscellaneous Amendments) (No. 5) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1397), regs. 1(2), 2(2)(b); S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 22

Commencement Information

I6 Reg. 6 in force at 14.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(1)

Meaning of "owned or controlled directly or indirectly"

- 7.—(1) A person who is not an individual ("C") is "owned or controlled directly or indirectly" by another person ("P") if either of the following two conditions is met (or both are met).
 - (2) The first condition is that P—
 - (a) holds directly or indirectly more than 50% of the shares in C,
 - (b) holds directly or indirectly more than 50% of the voting rights in C, or
 - (c) holds the right directly or indirectly to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of C.
 - (3) Schedule 1 contains provision applying for the purpose of interpreting paragraph (2).
- (4) The second condition is that it is reasonable, having regard to all the circumstances, to expect that P would (if P chose to) be able, in most cases or in significant respects, by whatever means and whether directly or indirectly, to achieve the result that affairs of C are conducted in accordance with P's wishes.

Commencement Information

I7 Reg. 7 in force at 14.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(1)

Notification and publicity where designation power used

- **8.**—(1) Paragraph (2) applies where the Secretary of State—
 - (a) has made a designation under regulation 5 (power to designate persons), or
 - (b) has by virtue of section 22 of the Act varied or revoked a designation made under that regulation.
- (2) The Secretary of State—
 - (a) must without delay take such steps as are reasonably practicable to inform the designated person of the designation, variation or revocation, and
 - (b) must take steps to publicise the designation, variation or revocation.

- (3) The information given under paragraph (2)(a) where a designation is made must include a statement of reasons.
- (4) In this regulation a "statement of reasons", in relation to a designation, means a brief statement of the matters that the Secretary of State knows, or has reasonable grounds to suspect, in relation to the designated person which have led the Secretary of State to make the designation.
- (5) Matters that would otherwise be required by paragraph (4) to be included in a statement of reasons may be excluded from it where the Secretary of State considers that they should be excluded—
 - (a) in the interests of national security or international relations,
 - (b) for reasons connected with the prevention or detection of serious crime in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, or
 - (c) in the interests of justice.
 - (6) The steps taken under paragraph (2)(b) must—
 - (a) unless one or more of the restricted publicity conditions is met, be steps to publicise generally—
 - (i) the designation, variation or revocation, and
 - (ii) in the case of a designation, the statement of reasons;
 - (b) if one or more of those conditions is met, be steps to inform only such persons as the Secretary of State considers appropriate of the designation, variation or revocation and (in the case of a designation) of the contents of the statement of reasons.
 - (7) The "restricted publicity conditions" are as follows—
 - (a) the designation is of a person believed by the Secretary of State to be an individual under the age of 18;
 - (b) the Secretary of State considers that disclosure of the designation, variation or revocation should be restricted—
 - (i) in the interests of national security or international relations,
 - (ii) for reasons connected with the prevention or detection of serious crime in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, or
 - (iii) in the interests of justice.
 - (8) Paragraph (9) applies if—
 - (a) when a designation is made, one or more of the restricted publicity conditions is met, but
 - (b) at any time when the designation has effect, it becomes the case that none of the restricted publicity conditions is met.
 - (9) The Secretary of State must—
 - (a) take such steps as are reasonably practicable to inform the designated person that none of the restricted publicity conditions is now met, and
 - (b) take steps to publicise generally the designation and the statement of reasons relating to it.

Commencement Information

I8 Reg. 8 in force at 14.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(1)

Confidential information in certain cases where designation power used

- **9.**—(1) Where the Secretary of State in accordance with regulation 8(6)(b) informs only certain persons of a designation, variation or revocation and (in the case of a designation) of the contents of the statement of reasons, the Secretary of State may specify that any of that information is to be treated as confidential.
 - (2) A person ("P") who—
 - (a) is provided with information that is to be treated as confidential in accordance with paragraph (1), or
 - (b) otherwise obtains such information,

must not, subject to paragraph (3), disclose it if P knows, or has reasonable cause to suspect, that the information is to be treated as confidential.

- (3) The prohibition in paragraph (2) does not apply to any disclosure made by P with lawful authority.
 - (4) For this purpose information is disclosed with lawful authority only if and to the extent that—
 - (a) the disclosure is by, or is authorised by, the Secretary of State,
 - (b) the disclosure is by or with the consent of the person who is or was the subject of the designation,
 - (c) the disclosure is necessary to give effect to a requirement imposed under or by virtue of these Regulations or any other enactment, or
 - (d) the disclosure is required, under rules of court, tribunal rules or a court or tribunal order, for the purposes of legal proceedings of any description.
- (5) This regulation does not prevent the disclosure of information that is already, or has previously been, available to the public from other sources.
 - (6) A person who contravenes the prohibition in paragraph (2) commits an offence.
 - (7) The High Court (in Scotland, the Court of Session) may, on the application of—
 - (a) the person who is the subject of the information, or
 - (b) the Secretary of State,

grant an injunction (in Scotland, an interdict) to prevent a breach of the prohibition in paragraph (2).

(8) In paragraph (4)(c), "enactment" has the meaning given by section 54(6) of the Act.

Commencement Information

I9 Reg. 9 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, **reg. 13(2)**

Designation of persons named by or under UN Security Council Resolutions

- **10.**—(1) Each person for the time being named for the purposes of paragraph 4 of resolution 2374 by the Security Council or the Committee is a designated person for the purposes of regulations 12 to 16 (asset-freeze etc.) (whose purposes include compliance with the UN obligations mentioned in regulation 4(3)(a) M13).
- (2) Nothing in this regulation affects the power under regulation 5 to designate persons (in addition to those designated by this regulation) for the purposes of regulations 12 to 16.

Commencement Information

I10 Reg. 10 in force at 14.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(1)

Marginal Citations

M13 Section 13 of the Sanctions and Anti-Money Laundering Act 2018 requires that where the purposes of a provision of regulations under section 1 include compliance with a UN obligation to take particular measures in relation to UN-named persons (which is the case with the regulations mentioned in regulation 10), the regulations must provide for those persons to be designated persons for the purposes of that provision.

PART 3

Finance

Meaning of "designated person" in Part 3

- 11. In this Part a "designated person" means—
 - (a) a person who is designated under regulation 5 for the purposes of regulations 12 to 16 (asset-freeze etc.), or
 - (b) a person who is a designated person for the purposes of those regulations by reason of regulation 10.

Commencement Information

III Reg. 11 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Asset-freeze in relation to designated persons

- **12.**—(1) A person ("P") must not deal with funds or economic resources owned, held or controlled by a designated person if P knows, or has reasonable cause to suspect, that P is dealing with such funds or economic resources.
 - (2) Paragraph (1) is subject to Part 5 (Exceptions and licences).
 - (3) A person who contravenes the prohibition in paragraph (1) commits an offence.
 - (4) For the purposes of paragraph (1), a person "deals with" funds if the person—
 - (a) uses, alters, moves, transfers or allows access to the funds,
 - (b) deals with the funds in any other way that would result in any change in volume, amount, location, ownership, possession, character or destination, or
 - (c) makes any other change, including portfolio management, that would enable use of the funds.
 - (5) For the purposes of paragraph (1), a person "deals with" economic resources if the person—
 - (a) exchanges the economic resources for funds, goods or services, or
 - (b) uses the economic resources in exchange for funds, goods or services (whether by pledging them as security or otherwise).
- (6) The reference in paragraph (1) to funds or economic resources that are "owned, held or controlled" by a person includes, in particular, a reference to—

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- (a) funds or economic resources in which the person has any legal or equitable interest, regardless of whether the interest is held jointly with any other person and regardless of whether any other person holds an interest in the funds or economic resources;
- (b) any tangible property (other than real property), or bearer security, that is comprised in funds or economic resources and is in the possession of the person.
- (7) For the purposes of paragraph (1), funds or economic resources are to be treated as owned, held or controlled by a designated person if they are owned, held or controlled by a person who is owned or controlled directly or indirectly (within the meaning of regulation 7) by the designated person.
- (8) For the avoidance of doubt, the reference in paragraph (1) to a designated person includes P if P is a designated person.

Commencement Information

I12 Reg. 12 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Making funds available to designated persons

- **13.**—(1) A person ("P") must not make funds available directly or indirectly to a designated person if P knows, or has reasonable cause to suspect, that P is making the funds so available.
 - (2) Paragraph (1) is subject to Part 5 (Exceptions and licences).
 - (3) A person who contravenes the prohibition in paragraph (1) commits an offence.
- (4) The reference in paragraph (1) to making funds available indirectly to a designated person includes, in particular, a reference to making them available to a person who is owned or controlled directly or indirectly (within the meaning of regulation 7) by the designated person.

Commencement Information

II3 Reg. 13 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Making funds available for benefit of designated persons

- **14.**—(1) A person ("P") must not make funds available to any person for the benefit of a designated person if P knows, or has reasonable cause to suspect, that P is making the funds so available.
 - (2) Paragraph (1) is subject to Part 5 (Exceptions and licences).
 - (3) A person who contravenes the prohibition in paragraph (1) commits an offence.
 - (4) For the purposes of this regulation—
 - (a) funds are made available for the benefit of a designated person only if that person thereby obtains, or is able to obtain, a significant financial benefit, and
 - (b) "financial benefit" includes the discharge (or partial discharge) of a financial obligation for which the designated person is wholly or partly responsible.

Commencement Information

I14 Reg. 14 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Mali (Sanctions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020. (See end of Document for details)

Making economic resources available to designated persons

- **15.**—(1) A person ("P") must not make economic resources available directly or indirectly to a designated person if P knows, or has reasonable cause to suspect—
 - (a) that P is making the economic resources so available, and
 - (b) that the designated person would be likely to exchange the economic resources for, or use them in exchange for, funds, goods or services.
 - (2) Paragraph (1) is subject to Part 5 (Exceptions and licences).
 - (3) A person who contravenes the prohibition in paragraph (1) commits an offence.
- (4) The reference in paragraph (1) to making economic resources available indirectly to a designated person includes, in particular, a reference to making them available to a person who is owned or controlled directly or indirectly (within the meaning of regulation 7) by the designated person.

Commencement Information

I15 Reg. 15 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Making economic resources available for benefit of designated persons

- **16.**—(1) A person ("P") must not make economic resources available to any person for the benefit of a designated person if P knows, or has reasonable cause to suspect, that P is making the economic resources so available.
 - (2) Paragraph (1) is subject to Part 5 (Exceptions and licences).
 - (3) A person who contravenes the prohibition in paragraph (1) commits an offence.
 - (4) For the purposes of paragraph (1)—
 - (a) economic resources are made available for the benefit of a designated person only if that person thereby obtains, or is able to obtain, a significant financial benefit, and
 - (b) "financial benefit" includes the discharge (or partial discharge) of a financial obligation for which the designated person is wholly or partly responsible.

Commencement Information

I16 Reg. 16 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Circumventing etc. prohibitions

- 17.—(1) A person must not intentionally participate in activities knowing that the object or effect of them is, whether directly or indirectly—
 - (a) to circumvent any of the prohibitions in regulations 12 to 16 (asset-freeze etc.), or
 - (b) to enable or facilitate the contravention of any such prohibition.
 - (2) A person who contravenes a prohibition in paragraph (1) commits an offence.

Commencement Information

II7 Reg. 17 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

PART 4

Immigration

Immigration

18. A person who is designated under regulation 5 for the purposes of this regulation is an excluded person for the purposes of section 8B of the Immigration Act 1971 M14.

Commencement Information

I18 Reg. 18 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Marginal Citations

M14 1971 c. 77. Section 8B was inserted by the Immigration and Asylum Act 1999 (c.33), section 8 and amended by the Immigration Act 2016 (c.19), section 76; and the Sanctions and Anti-Money Laundering Act 2018, section 59 and Schedule 3, Part 1.

PART 5

Exceptions and licences

Finance: exceptions from prohibitions

- 19.—(1) The prohibition in regulation 12 (asset-freeze in relation to designated persons) is not contravened by an independent person ("P") transferring to another person a legal or equitable interest in funds or economic resources where, immediately before the transfer, the interest—
 - (a) is held by P, and
 - (b) is not held jointly with the designated person.
 - (2) In paragraph (1) "independent person" means a person who—
 - (a) is not the designated person, and
 - (b) is not owned or controlled directly or indirectly (within the meaning of regulation 7) by the designated person.
- (3) The prohibitions in regulations 12 to 14 (asset-freeze in relation to, and making funds available to, or for the benefit of, designated persons) are not contravened by a relevant institution crediting a frozen account with interest or other earnings due on the account.
- (4) The prohibitions in regulations 13 and 14 (making funds available to, or for the benefit of, designated persons) are not contravened by a relevant institution crediting a frozen account where it receives funds transferred to that institution for crediting to that account.
- (5) The prohibitions in regulations 13 and 14 are not contravened by the transfer of funds to a relevant institution for crediting to an account held or controlled (directly or indirectly) by a designated person, where those funds are transferred in discharge (or partial discharge) of an obligation which arose before the date on which the person became a designated person.
- (6) The prohibitions in regulations 12 to 14 are not contravened in relation to a designated person ("P") by a transfer of funds from account A to account B, where—
 - (a) account A is with a relevant institution which carries on an excluded activity within the meaning of section 142D of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 M15,

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Mali (Sanctions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020. (See end of Document for details)

- (b) account B is with a ring-fenced body within the meaning of section 142A of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 M16, and
- (c) accounts A and B are held or controlled (directly or indirectly) by P.
- (7) In this regulation—
 - "designated person" has the same meaning as it has in Part 3 (Finance);
 - "frozen account" means an account with a relevant institution which is held or controlled (directly or indirectly) by a designated person;
 - "relevant institution" means a person that has permission under Part 4A of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 M17 (Permission to carry on regulated activities).
- (8) The definition of "relevant institution" in paragraph (7) is to be read with section 22 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 M18, any relevant order under that section M19 and Schedule 2 to that Act M20.

Commencement Information

I19 Reg. 19 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Marginal Citations

- M15 2000 c.8. Section 142D was inserted by the Financial Services (Banking Reform) Act 2013 (c.33), section 4(1).
- M16 Section 142A was inserted by the Financial Services (Banking Reform) Act 2013, section 4(1).
- M17 Part 4A was inserted by the Financial Services Act 2012 (c.21), section 11(2) and was most recently amended by S.I. 2018/546; it is prospectively amended by S.I. 2019/632.
- M18 Section 22 was amended by the Financial Guidance and Claims Act 2018 (c.10), section 27(4); the Financial Services Act 2012 (c.21), section 7(1); and S.I. 2018/135.
- **M19** S.I. 2001/544, as most recently amended by S.I. 2019/679; S.I. 2020/117; and S.I. 2020/480; and prospectively amended by S.I. 2019/710.
- M20 Schedule 2 was amended by the Regulation of Financial Services (Land Transactions) Act 2005 (c.24), section 1; the Dormant Bank and Building Society Accounts Act 2008 (c.31), section 15 and Schedule 2, paragraph 1; the Financial Services Act 2012, sections 7(2) to (5) and 8; the Financial Guidance and Claims Act 2018, section 27(13); S.I. 2013/1881; S.I. 2018/135; and it is prospectively amended by S.I. 2019/632.

Finance: exception for authorised conduct in a relevant country

- **20.**—(1) Where a person's conduct in a relevant country would, in the absence of this regulation, contravene a prohibition in any of regulations 12 to 16 (asset-freeze etc.) ("the relevant prohibition"), the relevant prohibition is not contravened if the conduct is authorised by a licence or other authorisation which is issued—
 - (a) under the law of the relevant country, and
 - (b) for the purpose of disapplying a prohibition in that jurisdiction which corresponds to the relevant prohibition.
 - (2) In this regulation, "relevant country" means—
 - (a) any of the Channel Islands,
 - (b) the Isle of Man, or
 - (c) any British overseas territory.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Mali (Sanctions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020. (See end of Document for details)

(3) Nothing in this regulation affects the application of a prohibition in a case where it would be incompatible with a UN obligation for the prohibition not to apply.

Commencement Information

I20 Reg. 20 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Exception for acts done for purposes of national security or prevention of serious crime

- **21.**—(1) Where an act would, in the absence of this paragraph, be prohibited by regulation 9(2) (confidentiality) or any prohibition in Part 3 (Finance), that prohibition does not apply to the act if the act is one which a responsible officer has determined would be in the interests of—
 - (a) national security, or
 - (b) the prevention or detection of serious crime in the United Kingdom or elsewhere.
- (2) Where, in the absence of this paragraph, a thing would be required to be done under or by virtue of a provision of Part 6 (Information and records), that requirement does not apply if a responsible officer has determined that not doing the thing in question would be in the interests of—
 - (a) national security, or
 - (b) the prevention or detection of serious crime in the United Kingdom or elsewhere.
- (3) In this regulation "responsible officer" means a person in the service of the Crown or holding office under the Crown, acting in the course of that person's duty.
- (4) Nothing in this regulation affects the application of a prohibition or requirement in a case where it would be incompatible with a UN obligation for the prohibition or requirement not to apply.

Commencement Information

I21 Reg. 21 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Treasury licences

- **22.**—(1) The prohibitions in regulations 12 to 16 (asset-freeze etc.) do not apply to anything done under the authority of a licence issued by the Treasury under this paragraph.
 - (2) A licence—
 - (a) must specify the acts authorised by it;
 - (b) may be general or may authorise acts by a particular person or persons of a particular description;
 - (c) may—
 - (i) contain conditions;
 - (ii) be of indefinite duration or a defined duration.
- (3) The Treasury may issue a licence which authorises acts in relation to a UN designated person only where the Treasury consider that it is appropriate to issue the licence for a purpose set out in Part 2 or 3 of Schedule 2.
- (4) The Treasury may issue a licence which authorises acts by a particular person in relation to a non-UN designated person only where the Treasury consider that it is appropriate to issue the licence for a purpose set out in Part 2 or 4 of Schedule 2.
 - (5) Where the Treasury issue a licence, the Treasury may vary, revoke or suspend it at any time.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Mali (Sanctions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020. (See end of Document for details)

- (6) Where the Treasury issue, vary, revoke or suspend a licence which authorises acts by a particular person, the Treasury must give written notice to that person of the issue, variation, revocation or suspension of the licence.
- (7) Where the Treasury issue, vary, revoke or suspend a licence which is general or which authorises acts by persons of a particular description, the Treasury must take such steps as the Treasury consider appropriate to publicise the issue, variation, revocation or suspension of the licence.
 - (8) In this regulation "UN designated person" means—
 - (a) a person who is a designated person for the purposes of regulations 12 to 16 by reason of regulation 10 (designation of persons named by or under UN Security Council resolutions), or
 - (b) a person who is designated under regulation 5 (power to designate persons) for the purposes of regulations 12 to 16 and whose designation is (in the opinion of the Secretary of State) required by a provision mentioned in regulation 4(3).

Commencement Information

I22 Reg. 22 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Finance: licensing offences

- 23.—(1) A person ("P") commits an offence if P knowingly or recklessly—
 - (a) provides information that is false in a material respect, or
 - (b) provides or produces a document that is not what it purports to be,

for the purpose of obtaining a Treasury licence (whether for P or anyone else).

(2) A person who purports to act under the authority of a Treasury licence but who fails to comply with any condition of the licence commits an offence.

Commencement Information

I23 Reg. 23 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Section 8B(1) to (3) of the Immigration Act 1971: directions

- **24.**—(1) The Secretary of State may direct that, in relation to any person within regulation 18 whose name is specified, or who is of a specified description, section 8B(1) and (2) of the Immigration Act 1971, or section 8B(3) of that Act, have effect subject to specified exceptions.
 - (2) A direction may contain conditions.
- (3) A direction must be of a defined duration (and that duration may be expressed in any way, including, for example, being expressed in a way such that the direction ceases to have effect on, or within a specified period after, the occurrence of a specified event).
 - (4) The Secretary of State may vary, revoke or suspend a direction at any time.
- (5) On the issue, variation, revocation or suspension of a direction, the Secretary of State may take such steps as the Secretary of State considers appropriate to publicise the issue, variation, revocation or suspension of the direction.
 - (6) In this regulation "specified" means specified in a direction.

Commencement Information

I24 Reg. 24 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

PART 6

Information and records

Finance: reporting obligations

- 25.—(1) A relevant firm must inform the Treasury as soon as practicable if—
 - (a) it knows, or has reasonable cause to suspect, that a person—
 - (i) is a designated person, or
 - (ii) has committed an offence under any provision of Part 3 (Finance) or regulation 23 (finance: licensing offences), and
 - (b) the information or other matter on which the knowledge or cause for suspicion is based came to it in the course of carrying on its business.
- (2) Where a relevant firm informs the Treasury under paragraph (1), it must state—
 - (a) the information or other matter on which the knowledge or suspicion is based, and
 - (b) any information it holds about the person by which the person can be identified.
- (3) Paragraph (4) applies if—
 - (a) a relevant firm informs the Treasury under paragraph (1) that it knows, or has reasonable cause to suspect, that a person is a designated person, and
 - (b) that person is a customer of the relevant firm.
- (4) The relevant firm must also state the nature and amount or quantity of any funds or economic resources held by it for the customer at the time when it first had the knowledge or suspicion.
 - (5) A relevant institution must inform the Treasury without delay if that institution—
 - (a) credits a frozen account in accordance with regulation 19(4) (finance: exceptions from prohibitions), or
 - (b) transfers funds from a frozen account in accordance with regulation 19(6).
- (6) A person who fails to comply with a requirement in paragraph (1), (2) or (4) commits an offence.
 - (7) In this regulation—
 - "designated person" has the same meaning as it has in Part 3;
 - "frozen account" has the same meaning as it has in regulation 19;
 - "relevant firm" is to be read in accordance with regulation 26;
 - "relevant institution" has the same meaning as it has in regulation 19.

Commencement Information

I25 Reg. 25 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

"Relevant firm"

- **26.**—(1) The following are relevant firms for the purposes of regulation 25 (finance: reporting obligations)—
 - (a) a person that has permission under Part 4A of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Permission to carry on regulated activities);
 - (b) an undertaking that by way of business—
 - (i) operates a currency exchange office,
 - (ii) transmits money (or any representation of monetary value) by any means, or
 - (iii) cashes cheques that are made payable to customers;
 - (c) a firm or sole practitioner that is—
 - (i) a statutory auditor within the meaning of Part 42 of the Companies Act 2006 (Statutory auditors) M21, or
 - (ii) a local auditor within the meaning of section 4(1) of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (general requirements for audit) M22;
 - (d) a firm or sole practitioner that provides to other persons, by way of business—
 - (i) accountancy services,
 - (ii) legal or notarial services,
 - (iii) advice about tax affairs, or
 - (iv) trust or company services within the meaning of paragraph (2);
 - (e) a firm or sole practitioner that carries out, or whose employees carry out, estate agency work;
 - (f) the holder of a casino operating licence within the meaning given by section 65(2)(a) of the Gambling Act 2005 (nature of a licence) M23;
 - (g) a person engaged in the business of making, supplying, selling (including selling by auction) or exchanging—
 - (i) articles made from gold, silver, platinum or palladium, or
 - (ii) precious stones or pearls.
 - (2) In paragraph (1) "trust or company services" means any of the following services—
 - (a) forming companies or other legal persons;
 - (b) acting, or arranging for another person to act—
 - (i) as a director or secretary of a company,
 - (ii) as a partner of a partnership, or
 - (iii) in a similar capacity in relation to other legal persons;
 - (c) providing a registered office, business address, correspondence or administrative address or other related services for a company, partnership or any other legal person or arrangement;
 - (d) acting, or arranging for another person to act, as—
 - (i) a trustee of an express trust or similar legal arrangement, or
 - (ii) a nominee shareholder for a person.
 - (3) In paragraph (1)—

"estate agency work" is to be read in accordance with section 1 of the Estate Agents Act 1979 but as if references in that section to disposing of or acquiring an interest in land included

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(despite anything in section 2 of that Act) references to disposing of or acquiring an estate or interest in land outside the United Kingdom where that estate or interest is capable of being owned or held as a separate interest;

"firm" means any entity that, whether or not a legal person, is not an individual, and includes a body corporate and a partnership or other unincorporated body.

- (4) Sub-paragraphs (a) and (b) of paragraph (1) are to be read with section 22 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, any relevant order under that section and Schedule 2 to that Act.
- (5) For the purposes of regulation 25(1), information or another matter comes to a relevant firm "in the course of carrying on its business" if the information or other matter comes to the firm—
 - (a) in the case of a relevant firm within paragraph (1)(a), in the course of carrying on an activity in respect of which the permission mentioned in that provision is required;
 - (b) in the case of a relevant firm within paragraph (1)(c)(i), in the course of carrying out statutory audit work within the meaning of section 1210 of the Companies Act 2006 (meaning of "statutory auditor" etc.) M25;
 - (c) in the case of a relevant firm within paragraph (1)(c)(ii), in the course of carrying out an audit required by the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014;
 - (d) in the case of a relevant firm within paragraph (1)(f), in the course of carrying on an activity in respect of which the licence mentioned in that provision is required;
 - (e) in the case of a relevant firm within any other provision of paragraph (1), in the course of carrying on an activity mentioned in that provision.

Commencement Information

I26 Reg. 26 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Marginal Citations

M21 2006 c.46.

M22 2014 c.2.

M23 2005 c.19.

M24 1979 c.38. Section 1 was amended by the Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Act 1985 (c.73), Schedule 1, paragraph 40; the Planning (Consequential Provisions) Act 1990 (c.11), Schedule 2, paragraph 42; the Planning (Consequential Provisions) (Scotland) Act 1997 (c.11), Schedule 2, paragraph 28; the Planning Act (Northern Ireland) 2011 (c.25), Schedule 6, paragraph 21; the Enterprise and Regulatory Reform Act 2013 (c.24), section 70; S.I. 1991/1220; S.I. 1991/2684; S.S.I. 2000/121 and S.I. 2001/1283.

M25 Section 1210 was amended by S.I. 2005/1433; S.I. 2008/565; S.I. 2008/1950; S.I. 2011/99; S.I. 2012/1809; S.I. 2013/3115; S.I. 2017/516; and S.I. 2017/1164; and it is prospectively amended by S.I. 2019/177.

Finance: powers to request information

- **27.**—(1) The Treasury may request a designated person to provide information about—
 - (a) funds or economic resources owned, held or controlled by or on behalf of the designated person, or
 - (b) any disposal of such funds or economic resources.
- (2) The Treasury may request a designated person to provide such information as the Treasury may reasonably require about expenditure—
 - (a) by the designated person, or

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- (b) for the benefit of the designated person.
- (3) For the purposes of paragraph (2), expenditure for the benefit of a designated person includes expenditure on the discharge (or partial discharge) of a financial obligation for which the designated person is wholly or partly responsible.
- (4) The power in paragraph (1) or (2) is exercisable only where the Treasury believe that it is necessary for the purpose of monitoring compliance with or detecting evasion of any provision of Part 3 (Finance).
- (5) The Treasury may request a person acting under a Treasury licence to provide information about—
 - (a) funds or economic resources dealt with under the licence, or
 - (b) funds or economic resources made available under the licence.
- (6) The Treasury may request a person to provide information within paragraph (7) if the Treasury believe that the person may be able to provide the information.
- (7) Information within this paragraph is such information as the Treasury may reasonably require for the purpose of—
 - (a) establishing for the purposes of any provision of Part 3—
 - (i) the nature and amount or quantity of any funds or economic resources owned, held or controlled by or on behalf of a designated person,
 - (ii) the nature and amount or quantity of any funds or economic resources made available directly or indirectly to, or for the benefit of, a designated person, or
 - (iii) the nature of any financial transactions entered into by a designated person;
 - (b) monitoring compliance with or detecting evasion of—
 - (i) any provision of Part 3,
 - (ii) regulation 25 (finance: reporting obligations), or
 - (iii) any condition of a Treasury licence;
 - (c) detecting or obtaining evidence of the commission of an offence under Part 3 or regulation 23 (finance: licensing offences) or regulation 25.
- (8) The Treasury may specify the way in which, and the period within which, information is to be provided.
- (9) If no such period is specified, the information which has been requested must be provided within a reasonable time.
- (10) A request may include a continuing obligation to keep the Treasury informed as circumstances change, or on such regular basis as the Treasury may specify.
- (11) Information requested under this regulation may relate to any period of time during which a person is, or was, a designated person.
- (12) Information requested by virtue of paragraph (1)(b), (2) or (7)(a)(iii) may relate to any period before a person became a designated person (as well as, or instead of, any subsequent period).
 - (13) Expressions used in this regulation have the same meaning as they have in Part 3.

Commencement Information

I27 Reg. 27 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Finance: production of documents

- **28.**—(1) A request under regulation 27 (finance: powers to request information) may include a request to produce specified documents or documents of a specified description.
 - (2) Where the Treasury request that documents be produced, the Treasury may—
 - (a) take copies of or extracts from any document so produced,
 - (b) request any person producing a document to give an explanation of it, and
 - (c) where that person is a body corporate, partnership or unincorporated body other than a partnership, request any person who is—
 - (i) in the case of a partnership, a present or past partner or employee of the partnership, or
 - (ii) in any other case, a present or past officer or employee of the body concerned, to give such an explanation.
- (3) Where the Treasury request a designated person or a person acting under a Treasury licence to produce documents, that person must—
 - (a) take reasonable steps to obtain the documents (if they are not already in the person's possession or control);
 - (b) keep the documents under the person's possession or control (except for the purpose of providing them to the Treasury or as the Treasury may otherwise permit).
 - (4) In this regulation "designated person" has the same meaning as it has in Part 3 (Finance).

Commencement Information

I28 Reg. 28 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Finance: information offences

- **29.**—(1) A person commits an offence if that person—
 - (a) without reasonable excuse, refuses or fails within the time and in the manner specified (or, if no time has been specified, within a reasonable time) to comply with any request under regulation 27 (finance: powers to request information);
 - (b) knowingly or recklessly gives any information, or produces any document, which is false in a material particular in response to such a request;
 - (c) with intent to evade any provision of regulation 27 or 28 (finance: production of documents), destroys, mutilates, defaces, conceals or removes any document;
 - (d) otherwise intentionally obstructs the Treasury in the exercise of their powers under regulation 27 or 28.
- (2) Where a person is convicted of an offence under this regulation, the court may make an order requiring that person, within such period as may be specified in the order, to comply with the request.

Commencement Information

I29 Reg. 29 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Disclosure of information

- **30.**—(1) The Secretary of State or the Treasury may, in accordance with this regulation, disclose—
 - (a) any information obtained under or by virtue of Part 5 (Exceptions and licences) or this Part, or
 - (b) any information held in connection with—
 - (i) anything done under or by virtue of Part 2 (Designation of persons) or Part 3 (Finance), or
 - (ii) any exception or licence under Part 5 or anything done in accordance with such an exception or under the authority of such a licence.
- (2) Information referred to in paragraph (1) may be disclosed for, or in connection with, any of the following purposes—
 - (a) any purpose stated in regulation 4;
 - (b) the exercise of functions under these Regulations;
 - (c) facilitating, monitoring or ensuring compliance with these Regulations;
 - (d) taking any action with a view to instituting, or otherwise for the purposes of, any proceedings in the United Kingdom—
 - (i) for an offence under any provision of these Regulations, or
 - (ii) in relation to a monetary penalty under section 146 of the Policing and Crime Act 2017 (breach of financial sanctions legislation) M26;
 - (e) taking any action with a view to instituting, or otherwise for the purposes of, any proceedings in any of the Channel Islands, the Isle of Man or any British overseas territory for an offence under a provision in any such jurisdiction that is similar to a provision of these Regulations;
 - (f) compliance with an international obligation M27;
 - (g) facilitating the exercise by an authority outside the United Kingdom or by an international organisation of functions which correspond to functions under these Regulations.
 - (3) Information referred to in paragraph (1) may be disclosed to the following persons—
 - (a) a police officer;
 - (b) any person holding or acting in any office under or in the service of—
 - (i) the Crown in right of the Government of the United Kingdom,
 - (ii) the Crown in right of the Scottish Government, the Northern Ireland Executive or the Welsh Government,
 - (iii) the States of Jersey, Guernsey or Alderney or the Chief Pleas of Sark,
 - (iv) the Government of the Isle of Man, or
 - (v) the Government of any British overseas territory;
 - (c) any law officer of the Crown for Jersey, Guernsey or the Isle of Man;
 - (d) the Scottish Legal Aid Board;
 - (e) the Financial Conduct Authority, the Prudential Regulation Authority, the Bank of England, the Jersey Financial Services Commission, the Guernsey Financial Services Commission or the Isle of Man Financial Services Authority;
 - (f) any other regulatory body (whether or not in the United Kingdom);
 - (g) any organ of the United Nations;

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- (h) the Council of the European Union, the European Commission or the European External Action Service;
- (i) the Government of any country;
- (j) any other person where the Secretary of State or the Treasury (as the case may be) consider that it is appropriate to disclose the information.
- (4) Information referred to in paragraph (1) may be disclosed to any person with the consent of a person who, in their own right, is entitled to the information.
- (5) In paragraph (4) "in their own right" means not merely in the capacity as a servant or agent of another person.
 - (6) In paragraph (1)(b)—
 - (a) the reference to information includes information obtained at a time when any provision of these Regulations is not in force, and
 - (b) the reference to a licence under Part 5 includes a licence which has effect or is treated as if it were a licence which had been issued under that Part.

Commencement Information

I30 Reg. 30 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Marginal Citations

M26 2017 c.3.

M27 Section 1(8) of the Sanctions and Anti-Money Laundering Act 2018 defines an "international obligation" as an obligation of the United Kingdom created or arising by or under any international agreement.

Part 6: supplementary

- **31.**—(1) A disclosure of information under regulation 30 (disclosure of information) does not breach any restriction on such disclosure imposed by statute or otherwise.
 - (2) But nothing in that regulation authorises a disclosure that—
 - (a) contravenes the data protection legislation, or
 - (b) is prohibited by any of Parts 1 to 7 or Chapter 1 of Part 9 of the Investigatory Powers Act 2016 M28.
- (3) Nothing in this Part is to be read as requiring a person who has acted or is acting as counsel or solicitor for any person to disclose any privileged information in their possession in that capacity.
- (4) Regulation 30 does not limit the circumstances in which information may be disclosed apart from that regulation.
 - (5) Nothing in this Part limits any conditions which may be contained in a Treasury licence.
 - (6) In this regulation—
 - "the data protection legislation" has the same meaning as in the Data Protection Act 2018 (see section 3 of that Act) M29;
 - "privileged information" means information with respect to which a claim to legal professional privilege (in Scotland, to confidentiality of communications) could be maintained in legal proceedings.

Commencement Information

I31 Reg. 31 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Marginal Citations

M28 2016 c.25. Amendments have been made by the Policing and Crime Act 2017, Schedule 9, paragraph 74; the Data Protection Act 2018 (c.12), Schedule 19, paragraphs 198-203; S.I. 2018/652 and S.I. 2018/1123. Saving provisions are made by S.I. 2017/859.

M29 2018 c.12. There are amendments to this Act but none is relevant to these Regulations.

PART 7

Enforcement

Penalties for offences

- **32.**—(1) A person who commits an offence under any provision of Part 3 (Finance) or regulation 23 (finance: licensing offences), is liable—
 - (a) on summary conviction in England and Wales, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 12 months or a fine (or both);
 - (b) on summary conviction in Scotland, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 12 months or a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum (or both);
 - (c) on summary conviction in Northern Ireland, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 6 months or a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum (or both);
 - (d) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 7 years or a fine (or both).
 - (2) A person who commits an offence under regulation 9(6) (confidentiality) is liable—
 - (a) on summary conviction in England and Wales, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 12 months or a fine (or both);
 - (b) on summary conviction in Scotland, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 12 months or a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum (or both);
 - (c) on summary conviction in Northern Ireland, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 6 months or a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum (or both);
 - (d) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 2 years or a fine (or both).
- (3) A person who commits an offence under regulation 25(6) or 29 (information offences in connection with Part 3) is liable—
 - (a) on summary conviction in England and Wales, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 6 months or a fine (or both);
 - (b) on summary conviction in Scotland, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 6 months or a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale (or both);
 - (c) on summary conviction in Northern Ireland, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 6 months or a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale (or both).
- (4) In relation to an offence committed before section 154(1) of the Criminal Justice Act 2003 m³⁰ comes into force, the reference in each of paragraphs (1)(a) and (2)(a) to 12 months is to be read as a reference to 6 months.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Mali (Sanctions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020. (See end of Document for details)

Commencement Information

I32 Reg. 32 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Marginal Citations

M30 2003 c.44. Amendments have been made to section 154(1), but none is relevant to these Regulations.

Liability of officers of bodies corporate etc.

- **33.**—(1) Where an offence under these Regulations, committed by a body corporate—
 - (a) is committed with the consent or connivance of any director, manager, secretary or other similar officer of the body corporate, or any person who was purporting to act in any such capacity, or
 - (b) is attributable to any neglect on the part of any such person,

that person as well as the body corporate is guilty of the offence and is liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.

- (2) In paragraph (1), "director", in relation to a body corporate whose affairs are managed by its members, means a member of the body corporate.
- (3) Paragraph (1) also applies in relation to a body that is not a body corporate, with the substitution for the reference to a director of the body of a reference—
 - (a) in the case of a partnership, to a partner;
 - (b) in the case of an unincorporated body other than a partnership—
 - (i) where the body's affairs are managed by its members, to a member of the body;
 - (ii) in any other case, to a member of the governing body.

Commencement Information

I33 Reg. 33 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Jurisdiction to try offences

- **34.**—(1) Wherever an offence under these Regulations is committed (whether in the United Kingdom or outside the United Kingdom)—
 - (a) proceedings for the offence may be taken at any place in the United Kingdom, and
 - (b) the offence may for all incidental purposes be treated as having been committed at any such place.
- (2) In the application of paragraph (1) to Scotland, where an offence is committed outside the United Kingdom any such proceedings against a person may be taken—
 - (a) in any sheriff court district in which the person is apprehended or is in custody, or
 - (b) in such sheriff court district as the Lord Advocate may determine.
- (3) In paragraph (2) "sheriff court district" is to be read in accordance with the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995 (see section 307(1) of that Act) M31.

Commencement Information

I34 Reg. 34 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Marginal Citations

M31 1995 c.46.

Procedure for offences by unincorporated bodies

- **35.**—(1) Paragraphs (2) and (3) apply if it is alleged that an offence under these Regulations has been committed by an unincorporated body (as opposed to by a member of the body).
- (2) Proceedings in England and Wales or Northern Ireland for such an offence must be brought against the body in its own name.
 - (3) For the purposes of proceedings for such an offence brought against an unincorporated body—
 - (a) rules of court relating to the service of documents have effect as if the body were a body corporate;
 - (b) the following provisions apply as they apply in relation to a body corporate—
 - (i) section 33 of the Criminal Justice Act 1925 M32 and Schedule 3 to the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 M33;
 - (ii) section 18 of the Criminal Justice Act (Northern Ireland) 1945 M34 and Article 166 of, and Schedule 4 to, the Magistrates' Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 1981 M35.
- (4) A fine imposed on an unincorporated body on its conviction of an offence under these Regulations is to be paid out of the funds of the body.

Commencement Information

I35 Reg. 35 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Marginal Citations

M32 1925 c.86 as amended by the Statute Law (Repeals) Act 2004 (c.14), section 1(1) and Schedule 1, Part 17. Other amendments have been made to section 33 that are not relevant to these Regulations.

M33 1980 c.43. Amendments have been made to Schedule 3 that are not relevant to these Regulations.

M34 1945 c. 15 (N.I.).

M35 S.I. 1981/1675 (N.I.26).

Time limit for proceedings for summary offences

- **36.**—(1) Proceedings for an offence under these Regulations which is triable only summarily may be brought within the period of 12 months beginning with the date on which evidence sufficient in the opinion of the prosecutor to justify the proceedings comes to the prosecutor's knowledge.
- (2) But such proceedings may not be brought by virtue of paragraph (1) more than 3 years after the commission of the offence.
- (3) A certificate signed by the prosecutor as to the date on which the evidence in question came to the prosecutor's knowledge is conclusive evidence of the date on which it did so; and a certificate to that effect and purporting to be so signed is to be treated as being so signed unless the contrary is proved.
 - (4) In relation to proceedings in Scotland—

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Mali (Sanctions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020. (See end of Document for details)

- (a) section 136(3) of the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995 (date of commencement of summary proceedings) applies for the purposes of this regulation as it applies for the purposes of that section, and
- (b) references in this regulation to the prosecutor are to be treated as references to the Lord Advocate.

Commencement Information

I36 Reg. 36 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Application of Chapter 1 of Part 2 of the Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005

37. Chapter 1 of Part 2 of the Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (investigatory powers) M36 applies to any offence under Part 3 (Finance) or regulation 23 (finance: licensing offences).

Commencement Information

I37 Reg. 37 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Marginal Citations

M36 2005 c.15. Chapter 1 of Part 2 has been amended by the Terrorism Act 2006 (c.11), section 33(3) and (4); the Northern Ireland (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2006 (c.33), sections 26(2) and 30(2) and Schedules 3 and 5; the Bribery Act 2010 (c.23), section 17(2) and Schedule 1; the Criminal Justice and Licensing (Scotland) Act 2010 (asp.13), section 203 and Schedule 7, paragraph 77; the Crime and Courts Act 2013 (c.22), section 15 and Schedule 8, paragraphs 157 and 159; the Criminal Finances Act 2017 (c.22), section 51(1); the Sanctions and Anti-Money Laundering Act 2018, section 59(4) and Schedule 3, paragraph 4; and S.I. 2014/834.

PART 8

Supplementary and final provision

Notices

- **38.**—(1) This regulation applies in relation to a notice required by regulation 22 (Treasury licences) to be given to a person.
 - (2) The notice may be given to an individual—
 - (a) by delivering it to the individual,
 - (b) by sending it to the individual by post addressed to the individual at his or her usual or last-known place of residence or business, or
 - (c) by leaving it for the individual at that place.
 - (3) The notice may be given to a person other than an individual—
 - (a) by sending it by post to the proper officer of the body at its principal office, or
 - (b) by addressing it to the proper officer of the body and leaving it at that office.
- (4) The notice may be given to the person by other means, including by electronic means, with the person's consent.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Mali (Sanctions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020. (See end of Document for details)

- (5) In this regulation, the reference in paragraph (3) to a "principal office"—
 - (a) in relation to a registered company, is to be read as a reference to the company's registered office:
 - (b) in relation to a body incorporated or constituted under the law of a country other than the United Kingdom, includes a reference to the body's principal office in the United Kingdom (if any).
- (6) In this regulation—
 - "proper officer"—
 - (a) in relation to a body other than a partnership, means the secretary or other executive officer charged with the conduct of the body's general affairs, and
 - (b) in relation to a partnership, means a partner or a person who has the control or management of the partnership business;

"registered company" means a company registered under the enactments relating to companies for the time being in force in the United Kingdom.

Commencement Information

I38 Reg. 38 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Revocations and amendments

- **39.**—(1) Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1770 of 28 September 2017 concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Mali is revoked.
- (2) The Republic of Mali (European Union Financial Sanctions) Regulations 2017 M37 are revoked.
- (3) In the Schedule to the United Nations and European Union Financial Sanctions (Linking) Regulations 2017 M38, omit the following row from the table—

"United Nations Security Council Resolution Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1770 of 28th 2374 (2017)

September 2017 concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Mali"

Commencement Information

I39 Reg. 39 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Marginal Citations

M37 S.I. 2017/972, amended by S.I. 2018/682; it is prospectively amended by S.I. 2018/1149 and S.I. 2019/380.

 $\textbf{M38} \quad S.I.\ 2017/478, amended by \ S.I.\ 2017/1071; there are other amending instruments but none is relevant.$

Transitional provision: Treasury licences

- **40.**—(1) Paragraphs (2) to (4) apply to a licence which—
 - (a) was granted by the Treasury under regulation 9 of the 2017 Regulations,
 - (b) was in effect immediately before the relevant date, and

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Mali (Sanctions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020. (See end of Document for details)

- (c) authorises conduct which would (on and after the relevant date, and in the absence of paragraphs (2) to (4)) be prohibited under Part 3 (Finance),
- and such a licence is referred to in this regulation as "an existing financial sanctions licence".
- (2) An existing financial sanctions licence which authorises an act which would otherwise be prohibited has effect on and after the relevant date as if it had been issued by the Treasury under regulation 22(1) (Treasury licences).
- (3) Any reference in an existing financial sanctions licence to the 2017 Regulations is to be treated on and after the relevant date as a reference to these Regulations.
 - (4) Any reference in an existing financial sanctions licence to a prohibition in—
 - (a) the 2017 Regulations, or
 - (b) the EU Mali Regulation,
- is to be treated on and after the relevant date as a reference to the corresponding prohibition in Part 3.
 - (5) Paragraph (6) applies where—
 - (a) an application for a licence, or for the variation of a licence, under the 2017 Regulations was made before the relevant date,
 - (b) the application is for the authorisation of conduct which would (on and after the relevant date) be prohibited under Part 3, and
 - (c) a decision to grant or refuse the application has not been made before that date.
- (6) The application is to be treated on and after the relevant date as an application for a licence, or for the variation of a licence (as the case may be), under regulation 22(1) (Treasury licences).
 - (7) In this regulation—
 - "the 2017 Regulations" means the Republic of Mali (European Union Financial Sanctions) Regulations 2017;
 - "the relevant date" means—
 - (a) where regulations under section 56 of the Act provide that Part 3 comes into force at a specified time on a day, that time on that day;
 - (b) otherwise, the date on which Part 3 comes into force.

Commencement Information

I40 Reg. 40 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Transitional provision: prior obligations

- **41.**—(1) Where, immediately before the relevant date, a person was named by the Security Council or the Committee for the purposes of paragraph 4 of resolution 2374, any reference in a provision mentioned in paragraph (2) to the date on which a person became a designated person is to be read as a reference to the date on which the person was so named.
 - (2) The provisions referred to in paragraph (1) are—
 - (a) regulation 19(5) (finance: exceptions from prohibitions), and
 - (b) paragraphs 6(b)(i), 8(a) and 9(a) of Schedule 2 (Treasury licences: purposes).
 - (3) In this regulation—
 - "designated person" has the same meaning as it has in Part 3 (Finance);
 - "the relevant date" means—

Status: Point in time view as at 31/12/2020.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Mali (Sanctions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020. (See end of Document for details)

- (a) where regulations under section 56 of the Act provide that Part 3 comes into force at a specified time on a day, that time on that day;
- (b) otherwise, the date on which Part 3 comes into force.

Commencement Information

I41 Reg. 41 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Foreign and Commonwealth Office

Ahmad Minister of State

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Mali (Sanctions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020. (See end of Document for details)

SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE 1

Regulation 7(3)

Rules for interpretation of regulation 7(2)

Application of Schedule

- 1.—(1) The rules set out in the following paragraphs of this Schedule apply for the purpose of interpreting regulation 7(2).
 - (2) They also apply for the purpose of interpreting this Schedule.

Commencement Information

I42 Sch. 1 para. 1 in force at 14.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(1)

Joint interests

2. If two or more persons each hold a share or right jointly, each of them is treated as holding that share or right.

Commencement Information

I43 Sch. 1 para. 2 in force at 14.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(1)

Joint arrangements

- **3.**—(1) If shares or rights held by a person and shares or rights held by another person are the subject of a joint arrangement between those persons, each of them is treated as holding the combined shares or rights of both of them.
- (2) A "joint arrangement" is an arrangement between the holders of shares or rights that they will exercise all or substantially all the rights conferred by their respective shares or rights jointly in a way that is pre-determined by the arrangement.
 - (3) "Arrangement" has the meaning given by paragraph 12.

Commencement Information

I44 Sch. 1 para. 3 in force at 14.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(1)

Calculating shareholdings

- **4.**—(1) In relation to a person who has a share capital, a reference to holding "more than 50% of the shares" in that person is to holding shares comprised in the issued share capital of that person of a nominal value exceeding (in aggregate) 50% of that share capital.
 - (2) In relation to a person who does not have a share capital—

Status: Point in time view as at 31/12/2020.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Mali (Sanctions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020. (See end of Document for details)

- (a) a reference to holding shares in that person is to holding a right or rights to share in the capital or, as the case may be, profits of that person;
- (b) a reference to holding "more than 50% of the shares" in that person is to holding a right or rights to share in more than 50% of the capital or, as the case may be, profits of that person.

Commencement Information I45 Sch. 1 para. 4 in force at 14.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(1)

Voting rights

- **5.**—(1) A reference to the voting rights in a person is to the rights conferred on shareholders in respect of their shares (or, in the case of a person not having a share capital, on members) to vote at general meetings of the person on all or substantially all matters.
- (2) In relation to a person that does not have general meetings at which matters are decided by the exercise of voting rights—
 - (a) a reference to holding voting rights in the person is to be read as a reference to holding rights in relation to the person that are equivalent to those of a person entitled to exercise voting rights in a company;
 - (b) a reference to holding "more than 50% of the voting rights" in the person is to be read as a reference to holding the right under the constitution of the person to block changes to the overall policy of the person or to the terms of its constitution.

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Commencement Information
146 Sch. 1 para. 5 in force at 14.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(1)
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6. In applying regulation 7(2) and this Schedule, the voting rights in a person are to be reduced by any rights held by the person itself.

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Commencement Information

I47 Sch. 1 para. 6 in force at 14.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(1)
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Rights to appoint or remove members of the board

7. A reference to the right to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of a person is to the right to appoint or remove directors holding a majority of the voting rights at meetings of the board on all or substantially all matters.

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Commencement Information

148 Sch. 1 para. 7 in force at 14.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(1)
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8. A reference to a board of directors, in the case of a person who does not have such a board, is to be read as a reference to the equivalent management body of that person.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Mali (Sanctions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020. (See end of Document for details)

Commencement Information

I49 Sch. 1 para. 8 in force at 14.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(1)

Shares or rights held "indirectly"

- **9.**—(1) A person holds a share "indirectly" if the person has a majority stake in another person and that other person—
 - (a) holds the share in question, or
 - (b) is part of a chain of persons—
 - (i) each of whom (other than the last) has a majority stake in the person immediately below it in the chain, and
 - (ii) last of whom holds the share.
- (2) A person holds a right "indirectly" if the person has a majority stake in another person and that other person—
 - (a) holds that right, or
 - (b) is part of a chain of persons—
 - (i) each of whom (other than the last) has a majority stake in the person immediately below it in the chain, and
 - (ii) the last of whom holds that right.
 - (3) For these purposes, a person ("A") has a "majority stake" in another person ("B") if—
 - (a) A holds a majority of the voting rights in B,
 - (b) A is a member of B and has the right to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of B,
 - (c) A is a member of B and controls alone, pursuant to an agreement with other shareholders or members, a majority of the voting rights in B, or
 - (d) A has the right to exercise, or actually exercises, dominant influence or control over B.
- (4) In the application of this paragraph to the right to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors, a person ("A") is to be treated as having the right to appoint a director if—
 - (a) any person's appointment as director follows necessarily from that person's appointment as director of A, or
 - (b) the directorship is held by A itself.

Commencement Information

I50 Sch. 1 para. 9 in force at 14.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(1)

Shares held by nominees

10. A share held by a person as nominee for another is to be treated as held by the other (and not by the nominee).

Commencement Information

I51 Sch. 1 para. 10 in force at 14.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(1)

Status: Point in time view as at 31/12/2020.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Mali (Sanctions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020. (See end of Document for details)

Rights treated as held by person who controls their exercise

- 11.—(1) Where a person controls a right, the right is to be treated as held by that person (and not by the person who in fact holds the right, unless that person also controls it).
- (2) A person "controls" a right if, by virtue of any arrangement between that person and others, the right is exercisable only—
 - (a) by that person,
 - (b) in accordance with that person's directions or instructions, or
 - (c) with that person's consent or concurrence.

Commencement Information

I52 Sch. 1 para. 11 in force at 14.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(1)

- 12. "Arrangement" includes—
 - (a) any scheme, agreement or understanding, whether or not it is legally enforceable, and
 - (b) any convention, custom or practice of any kind.

Commencement Information

I53 Sch. 1 para. 12 in force at 14.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(1)

Rights exercisable only in certain circumstances etc.

- **13.**—(1) Rights that are exercisable only in certain circumstances are to be taken into account only—
 - (a) when the circumstances have arisen, and for so long as they continue to obtain, or
 - (b) when the circumstances are within the control of the person having the rights.
- (2) But rights that are exercisable by an administrator or by creditors while a person is subject to relevant insolvency proceedings are not to be taken into account while the person is subject to those proceedings.
 - (3) "Relevant insolvency proceedings" means—
 - (a) administration within the meaning of the Insolvency Act 1986 M³⁹.
 - (b) administration within the meaning of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989 M40, or
 - (c) proceedings under the insolvency law of another country during which a person's assets and affairs are subject to the control or supervision of a third party or creditor.
- (4) Rights that are normally exercisable but are temporarily incapable of exercise are to continue to be taken into account.

Commencement Information

I54 Sch. 1 para. 13 in force at 14.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(1)

Marginal Citations

M39 1986 c.45.

M40 S.I. 1989/2405 (N.I.19).

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Status: Point in time view as at 31/12/2020.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Mali (Sanctions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020. (See end of Document for details)

Rights attached to shares held by way of security

- **14.** Rights attached to shares held by way of security provided by a person are to be treated for the purposes of this Schedule as held by that person—
 - (a) where apart from the right to exercise them for the purpose of preserving the value of the security, or of realising it, the rights are exercisable only in accordance with that person's instructions, and
 - (b) where the shares are held in connection with the granting of loans as part of normal business activities and apart from the right to exercise them for the purpose of preserving the value of the security, or of realising it, the rights are exercisable only in that person's interests.

Commencement Information

I55 Sch. 1 para. 14 in force at 14.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(1)

SCHEDULE 2

Regulation 22

Treasury licences: purposes

PART 1

Interpretation

1. In this Schedule—

"designated person" has the same meaning as it has in Part 3 (Finance);

"frozen funds or economic resources" means funds or economic resources frozen by virtue of regulation 12, and any reference to a person's frozen funds or economic resources is to funds or economic resources frozen as a consequence of the designation of that person for the purpose of that regulation.

Commencement Information

I56 Sch. 2 para. 1 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

PART 2

Purposes

Basic needs

- **2.**—(1) To enable the basic needs of a designated person, or (in the case of an individual) any dependent family member of such a person, to be met.
 - (2) In the case of an individual in sub-paragraph (1), "basic needs" includes—
 - (a) medical needs;

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Mali (Sanctions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020. (See end of Document for details)

- (b) needs for—
 - (i) food;
 - (ii) payment of insurance premiums;
 - (iii) payment of tax;
 - (iv) rent or mortgage payments;
 - (v) utility payments.
- (3) In the case of a person other than an individual in sub-paragraph (1), "basic needs" includes needs for—
 - (a) payment of insurance premiums;
 - (b) payment of reasonable fees for the provision of property management services;
 - (c) payment of remuneration, allowances or pensions of employees;
 - (d) payment of tax;
 - (e) rent or mortgage payments;
 - (f) utility payments.
 - (4) In sub-paragraph (1)—

"dependent" means financially dependent;

"family member" includes—

- (a) the wife or husband of the designated person;
- (b) the civil partner of the designated person;
- (c) any parent or other ascendant of the designated person;
- (d) any child or other descendant of the designated person;
- (e) any person who is a brother or sister of the designated person, or a child or other descendant of such a person.

Commencement Information

I57 Sch. 2 para. 2 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Legal services

- 3. To enable the payment of—
 - (a) reasonable professional fees for the provision of legal services, or
 - (b) reasonable expenses associated with the provision of legal services.

Commencement Information

I58 Sch. 2 para. 3 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Maintenance of frozen funds and economic resources

- 4. To enable the payment of—
 - (a) reasonable fees, or
 - (b) reasonable service charges,

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Mali (Sanctions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020. (See end of Document for details)

arising from the routine holding or maintenance of frozen funds or economic resources.

Commencement Information

I59 Sch. 2 para. 4 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Extraordinary expenses

5. To enable an extraordinary expense of a designated person to be met.

Commencement Information

I60 Sch. 2 para. 5 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Pre-existing judicial decisions etc.

- **6.** To enable, by the use of a designated person's frozen funds or economic resources, the implementation or satisfaction (in whole or in part) of a judicial, administrative or arbitral decision or lien, provided that—
 - (a) the funds or economic resources so used are the subject of the decision or lien,
 - (b) the decision or lien—
 - (i) was made or established before the date on which the person became a designated person, and
 - (ii) is enforceable in the United Kingdom, and
 - (c) the use of the frozen funds or economic resources does not directly or indirectly benefit any other designated person.

Commencement Information

I61 Sch. 2 para. 6 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Peace and national reconciliation in Mali etc.

7. To enable anything to be done that would further the objectives of peace and national reconciliation in Mali and stability in the region.

Commencement Information

I62 Sch. 2 para. 7 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Mali (Sanctions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020. (See end of Document for details)

PART 3

Purposes relating only to UN designated persons

Prior obligations

- **8.** To enable, by the use of a designated person's frozen funds or economic resources, the satisfaction of an obligation of that person arising under a contract, provided that—
 - (a) the obligation arose before the date on which the person became a designated person, and
 - (b) no payments are made to another designated person, whether directly or indirectly.

Commencement Information

I63 Sch. 2 para. 8 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

PART 4

Purposes relating only to non-UN designated persons

Prior obligations

- **9.** To enable, by the use of a designated person's frozen funds or economic resources, the satisfaction of an obligation of that person (whether arising under a contract, other agreement or otherwise), provided that—
 - (a) the obligation arose before the date on which the person became a designated person, and
 - (b) no payments are made to another designated person, whether directly or indirectly.

Commencement Information

I64 Sch. 2 para. 9 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Humanitarian assistance activities etc.

10. To enable anything to be done in connection with the performance of any humanitarian assistance activity.

Commencement Information

I65 Sch. 2 para. 10 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Diplomatic missions etc.

- 11.—(1) To enable anything to be done in order that the functions of a diplomatic mission or consular post in Mali or of an international organisation enjoying immunities in accordance with international law may be carried out.
 - (2) In this paragraph—

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Mali (Sanctions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020. (See end of Document for details)

"consular post" has the same meaning as in the Vienna Convention on Consular Relations done at Vienna on 24 April 1963 M41, and any reference to the functions of a consular post is to be read in accordance with that Convention:

"diplomatic mission" and any reference to the functions of a diplomatic mission are to be read in accordance with the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations done at Vienna on 18 April 1961 M42.

Commencement Information

I66 Sch. 2 para. 11 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

Marginal Citations

M41 United Nations Treaty Series, vol. 596, p.261.

M42 United Nations Treaty Series, vol. 500, p. 95.

Extraordinary situation

12. To enable anything to be done to deal with an extraordinary situation.

Commencement Information

I67 Sch. 2 para. 12 in force at 31.12.2020 by S.I. 2020/1514, reg. 13(2)

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Regulations)

These Regulations are made under the Sanctions and Anti-Money Laundering Act 2018 (c.13) to establish a sanctions regime in relation to the Republic of Mali ("Mali") for the purposes of compliance with the United Kingdom's United Nations obligations and promoting the peace, stability and security of Mali and related purposes. Following the United Kingdom's withdrawal from the European Union, these Regulations also replace the European Union sanctions measures in relation to Mali which are currently implemented via an EU Council Decision and Regulation. The Regulations confer a power on the Secretary of State to designate persons who, for example, are or have been involved in activities which threaten the peace, stability and security of Mali or undermine efforts to implement the Agreement on Peace and Reconciliation in Mali. Designated persons may be excluded from the United Kingdom and may be made subject to financial sanctions, including having their funds and/or economic resources frozen.

The Regulations provide for certain exceptions to this sanctions regime, for example to allow for frozen accounts to be credited with interest or other earnings and also for acts done for the purpose of national security or the prevention of serious crime. The Regulations also confer powers on the Treasury to issue licences in respect of activities that would otherwise be prohibited under the financial sanctions imposed. Schedule 2 to these Regulations sets out the purposes pursuant to which the Treasury may issue such licences.

The Regulations make it a criminal offence to contravene, or circumvent, any of the prohibitions in these Regulations and prescribe the mode of trial and penalties that apply to such offences. The

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Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Mali (Sanctions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020. (See end of Document for details)

Regulations prescribe powers for the provision and sharing of information to enable the effective implementation and enforcement of the sanctions regime.

Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1770 of 28 September 2017 concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Mali is revoked by these Regulations. The Republic of Mali (European Union Financial Sanctions) Regulations 2017 (S.I. 2017/972) are revoked and certain provisions of the United Nations and European Union Financial Sanctions (Linking) Regulations 2017 (S.I. 2017/478) are amended by these Regulations.

An Impact Assessment has not been produced for these Regulations, as they are intended to ensure existing sanctions remain in place following the United Kingdom's withdrawal from the European Union. These Regulations are intended to deliver substantially the same policy effects as the existing European Union sanctions. An Impact Assessment was, however, produced for the Sanctions and Anti-Money Laundering Act 2018 and can be found at: https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/653271/Sanctions and Anti-Money Laundering Bill Impact Assessment 18102017.pdf.

Status:

Point in time view as at 31/12/2020.

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Mali (Sanctions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.