

2020 No. 1485

TRANSPORT AND WORKS, ENGLAND

TRANSPORT, ENGLAND

**The Network Rail (Cambridgeshire Level Crossing Reduction)
Order 2020**

Made - - - - - *10th December 2020*

Coming into force - - - - - *31st December 2020*

CONTENTS

**PART 1
PRELIMINARY**

1. Citation and commencement
2. Interpretation
3. Application of the 1991 Act
4. Disapplication of legislative provisions

**PART 2
CROSSINGS**

5. Power to construct and maintain works
 6. Power to deviate
 7. Power to alter layout etc. of streets
 8. Power to execute street works
 9. Stopping up of streets
 10. Temporary stopping up of streets
 11. Construction and maintenance of new or altered streets
 12. Access to works
 13. Highways subject to redesignation
 14. Closure of level crossings subject to opening of new rights of way
 15. Closure of Black Horse Drove level crossing
 16. Creation and maintenance of new highways
- Supplemental Powers*
17. Discharge of water
 18. Power to survey and investigate land

PART 3
ACQUISITION AND POSSESSION OF LAND
Powers of acquisition

- 19. Power to acquire land
- 20. Application of Part 1 of the 1965 Act
- 21. Application of the Compulsory Purchase (Vesting Declarations) Act 1981
- 22. Power to acquire new rights

Temporary possession or use of land

- 23. Temporary use of land for construction of works
- 24. Temporary use of land for maintenance of works

Compensation

- 25. Disregard of certain interests and improvements

Supplementary

- 26. Extinction or suspension of private rights of way
- 27. Extinguishment of private rights over accommodation crossings
- 28. Grant of rights over level crossings
- 29. Time limit for exercise of powers of acquisition

PART 4
TRAFFIC REGULATION

- 30. Traffic signs
- 31. Traffic regulation

PART 5
MISCELLANEOUS AND GENERAL

- 32. Power to lop trees overhanging the authorised works
- 33. Obstruction of construction of authorised works
- 34. Statutory undertakers, etc.
- 35. Certification of plans, etc.
- 36. Service of notices
- 37. Protection of interests
- 38. No double recovery
- 39. Arbitration

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- SCHEDULE 1 — SCHEDULED WORKS
 - SCHEDULE 2 — CLOSURE OF LEVEL CROSSINGS SUBJECT TO OPENING OF NEW HIGHWAY
 - SCHEDULE 3 — LAND IN WHICH PRIVATE RIGHTS OF ACCESS MAY BE ACQUIRED
 - SCHEDULE 4 — REDESIGNATION OF HIGHWAYS
 - SCHEDULE 5 — ACQUISITION OF LAND FOR AUTHORISED WORKS
 - SCHEDULE 6 — LAND IN WHICH ONLY NEW RIGHTS ETC., MAY BE ACQUIRED
 - SCHEDULE 7 — LAND OF WHICH TEMPORARY POSSESSION MAY BE TAKEN
 - SCHEDULE 8 — STREETS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION OF LAYOUT

- SCHEDULE 9 — STREETS SUBJECT TO STREET WORKS
- SCHEDULE 10 — STREETS TO BE PERMANENTLY STOPPED UP
- SCHEDULE 11 — STREETS TO BE TEMPORARILY STOPPED UP
- SCHEDULE 12 — ACCESS TO WORKS
- SCHEDULE 13 — APPARATUS AND RIGHTS OF STATUTORY UNDERTAKERS ETC. IN STOPPED UP STREETS
- SCHEDULE 14 — MODIFICATION OF COMPENSATION AND COMPULSORY PURCHASING ENACTMENTS FOR CREATION OF NEW RIGHTS
- SCHEDULE 15 — TRAFFIC REGULATION
- SCHEDULE 16 — FOR THE PROTECTION OF DRAINAGE AUTHORITIES AND THE ENVIRONMENT AGENCY

An application has been made to the Secretary of State in accordance with the Transport and Works (Applications and Objections Procedure) (England and Wales) Rules 2006(a) for an Order under sections 1 and 5 of the Transport and Works Act 1992(b) (“the 1992 Act”).

The Secretary of State caused an inquiry to be held for the purposes of the application pursuant to section 11 of the 1992 Act.

The Secretary of State, having considered the objections made and not withdrawn and the report of the person who held the inquiry, has determined to make an Order giving effect to the proposals comprised in the application with modifications which in the opinion of the Secretary of State do not make any substantial change in the proposals.

Notice of the Secretary of State’s determination was published in the London Gazette on 4th November 2020.

The Secretary of State, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 1 and 5 of, and paragraphs 2 to 5, 7, 8, 10, 11 and 16 of Schedule 1 to, the 1992 Act makes the following Order—

PART 1

PRELIMINARY

Citation and commencement

1. This Order may be cited as the Network Rail (Cambridgeshire Level Crossing Reduction) Order 2020 and comes into force on 31st December 2020.

Interpretation

2.—(1) In this Order—

“the 1961 Act” means the Land Compensation Act 1961(c);

“the 1965 Act” means the Compulsory Purchase Act 1965(d);

(a) S.I. 2006/1466, as amended by S.I. 2010/439, S.I. 2011/556, S.I. 2011/2085, S.I. 2012/147, S.I. 2012/1658, S.I. 2013/755, S.I. 2014/469, S.I. 2015/377, S.I. 2015/627, S.I. 2015/1682, S.I. 2017/979 and S.I. 2017/1070.

(b) 1992 c. 42. Section 1 was amended by paragraphs 51 and 52 of Schedule 2 to the Planning Act 2008 (c. 29). Section 5 was amended by S.I. 2012/1659.

(c) 1961 c. 33.

(d) 1965 c. 56.

“the 1980 Act” means the Highways Act 1980(a);

“the 1981 Act” means the Compulsory Purchase (Vesting Declarations) Act 1981(b);

“the 1984 Act” means the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984(c);

“the 1990 Act” means the Town and Country Planning Act 1990(d);

“the 1991 Act” means the New Roads and Street Works Act 1991(e);

“address” includes any number or address used for the purposes of electronic transmission;

“authorised user” means any person to whom Network Rail grants a permit on written request to use any crossing referred to in this Order for such purposes or to access such land as may be specified in the permit on such terms and conditions as Network Rail may reasonably specify;

“authorised works” means the works authorised by the Order;

“book of reference” means the book of reference certified by the Secretary of State as the book of reference for the purposes of this Order;

“bridleway” has the same meaning as in the 1980 Act;

“building” includes any structure or erection or any part of a building, structure or erection;

“byway open to all traffic” has the same meaning as in the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981(f);

“carriageway” has the same meaning as in the 1980 Act;

“cycle track” has the same meaning as in section 329(1) (further provisions as to interpretation) of the 1980 Act(g);

“deposited plans” means the plans certified by the Secretary of State as the deposited plans for the purposes of this Order;

“deposited sections” means the sections certified by the Secretary of State as the sections for the purposes of this Order;

“electronic transmission” means a communication transmitted—

(a) by means of an electronic communications network; or

(b) by other means but while in electronic form,

and in this definition “electronic communications network” has the same meaning as in section 32(1) (meaning of electronic communications networks and services) of the Communications Act 2003(h);

“footpath” has the same meaning as in the 1980 Act;

“footway” has the same meaning as in the 1980 Act;

“highway authority” has the same meaning as in the 1980 Act;

“limits of deviation” means the limits of deviation for the scheduled works shown on the deposited plans;

“maintain” includes inspect, repair, adjust, alter, remove, reconstruct and replace and maintenance is to be construed accordingly;

“Network Rail” means Network Rail Infrastructure Limited (company registration number 02904587) whose registered office is at 1 Eversholt Street, London NW1 2DN;

“restricted byway” has the same meaning as in the 1980 Act;

(a) 1980 c. 66.

(b) 1918 c. 66.

(c) 1984 c. 27.

(d) 1990 c. 8.

(e) 1991 c. 22.

(f) 1981 c. 69.

(g) The definition of “cycle track” (in section 329(1)) was amended by section 1 of the Cycle Tracks Act 1984 (c. 38) and paragraph 21(2) of Schedule 3 to the Road Traffic (Consequential Provisions) Act 1988 (c. 54).

(h) 2003 c. 21. Section 32(1) was amended by S.I. 2011/1210.

“Order limits” means the limits of deviation and the limits of land to be acquired or used shown on the deposited plans;

“owner”, in relation to land, has the same meaning as in section 7 (interpretation) of the Acquisition of Land Act 1981(a);

“scheduled works” means the works specified in Schedule 1 (scheduled works) or any part of them;

“statutory undertaker” means —

- (a) any person who is a statutory undertaker for the purposes of the 1990 Act; and
- (b) any public communications provider within the meaning of section 151(1) (interpretation of Chapter 1) of the Communications Act 2003;

“street” includes part of a street;

“street authority”, in relation to a street, has the same meaning as in Part 3 (street works in England and Wales) of the 1991 Act;

“the tribunal” means the Lands Chamber of the Upper Tribunal; and

“the undertaking” means the railway undertaking of Network Rail as existing from time to time.

(2) All distances, directions and lengths referred to in this Order are approximate and are taken to be measured between the points shown on the deposited plans.

(3) References in this Order to points identified by letters and numbers are construed as references to a point so shown on the deposited plans.

(4) References in this Order to rights over land include references to rights to do, or to place and maintain, anything in, on or under land or in the airspace over its surface.

(5) References in this Order to numbered plots are references to plot numbers shown on the deposited plans.

Application of the 1991 Act

3.—(1) Works executed under this Order in relation to a highway which consists of or includes a carriageway are to be treated for the purposes of Part 3 of the 1991 Act as major transport works if—

- (a) they are of a description mentioned in any of paragraphs (a), (c) to (e), (g) and (h) of section 86(3) (which defines what highway authority works are major highway works) of that Act; or
- (b) they are works which, had they been executed by the highway authority, might have been carried out in exercise of the powers conferred by section 64(b) (dual carriageways and roundabouts) of the 1980 Act.

(2) The provisions of the 1991 Act mentioned in paragraph (3) (which, together with other provisions of that Act, apply in relation to the carrying out of street works) and any regulations made, or code of practice issued or approved under, those provisions apply (with the necessary modifications) in relation to any stopping up, alteration or diversion of a street of a temporary nature by Network Rail under the powers conferred by article 10 (temporary stopping up of streets) and the carrying out of works under article 8 (power to execute street works) whether or not the stopping up, alteration or diversion, or the carrying out of such works, constitutes street works within the meaning of that Act.

(3) The provisions of the 1991 Act(c) referred to in paragraph (2) are—

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- (a) 1981 c. 67. The definition of “owner” was amended by paragraph 9 of Schedule 15 to the Planning and Compensation Act 1991 (c. 34). There are other amendments to section 7 which are not relevant to the Order.
 - (b) Section 64 was amended by section 102 of, and Schedule 17 to, the Local Government Act 1985 (c. 51) and section 168(2) of, and Schedule 9 to, the New Roads and Street Works Act 1991 (c. 22).
 - (c) Sections 54, 55, 57, 60, 68 and 69 were amended by section 40(1) and (2) of, and Schedule 1 to, the Traffic Management Act 2004 (c. 18).

- section 59(a) (general duty of street authority to co-ordinate works);
- section 60 (general duty of undertakers to co-operate);
- section 68 (facilities to be afforded to street authority);
- section 69 (works likely to affect other apparatus in the street);
- section 76 (liability for cost of temporary traffic regulation); and
- section 77 (liability for cost of use of alternative route);

and all such other provisions as apply for the purposes of the provisions mentioned above.

- (4) Nothing in article 11 (construction and maintenance of new or altered streets)—
- (a) prejudices the operation of section 87 (prospectively maintainable highways) of the 1991 Act; and Network Rail is not, by reason of any duty under that article to maintain a street, to be taken to be a street authority in relation to that street for the purposes of Part 3 of that Act; or
 - (b) has effect in relation to street works with regard to which the provisions of Part 3 of the 1991 Act apply.

Disapplication of legislative provisions

4.—(1) The following provisions do not apply in relation to any works executed under the powers conferred by this Order—

- (a) regulation 12(1)(a) (requirement for environmental permit) of the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016(b) in relation to the carrying out of a relevant flood risk activity;
- (b) section 23 (prohibition on obstacles etc. in watercourses) of the Land Drainage Act 1991(c);
- (c) the provisions of any byelaws made under, or having effect as if made under, section 66 (powers to make byelaws) of the Land Drainage Act 1991, which require consent or approval for the carrying out of the works; and
- (d) the Neighbourhood Planning Act 2017(d) in so far as it relates to temporary occupation of land under articles 23 (temporary use of land for construction of works) and 24 (temporary use of land for maintenance of works).

(2) The following provisions are repealed or revoked on completion of the relevant authorised works—

- (a) Section 23 of the Lynn and Ely Railway Act 1845(e);
- (b) The British Railways Board (Cambridge and Newmarket Railway) (Westley Road Level Crossing) Order 1964;
- (c) The British Railway Board (Cambridge and Newmarket Railway) (Westley Road Level Crossing) (Amendment) Order 1976; and
- (d) The British Railways Board (Cambridge and Newmarket Railway) (Westley Road Level Crossing) (Amendment No. 2) Order 1983.

(a) Section 59 was amended by section 42 of the Traffic Management Act 2004.

(b) S.I. 2016/1154.

(c) 1991 c. 59.

(d) 2017 c. 20.

(e) 1845 c. lv. Copies of the Orders referred to in sub-paragraphs (b) to (d) may be obtained from Network Rail National Records Centre, Unit 5, Audax Road, Clifton Moor, York YO30 4US.

PART 2 CROSSINGS

Power to construct and maintain works

5.—(1) Network Rail may construct and maintain the scheduled works.

(2) Subject to article 6 (power to deviate) the scheduled works may only be constructed in the lines or situations shown on the deposited plans and in accordance with the levels shown on the deposited sections.

(3) Subject to paragraph (5), Network Rail may construct and maintain within the Order limits such works as are required—

- (a) to provide the public rights of way to the extent specified in column (4) of Schedule 2 (closure of level crossings subject to opening of new highway);
- (b) in connection with the extinguishment of the rights of way specified in column (3) of Schedule 2 and in article 15(2) (closure of Black Horse Drove level crossing);
- (c) to provide the private rights of access to the extent specified in column (1) of Schedule 3 (land in which private rights of access may be acquired); and
- (d) in connection with the redesignation of highways specified in columns (3) and (4) and to the extent specified in column (2) of Schedule 4 (redesignation of highways);

including —

- (e) works to lay out byways open to all traffic, footpaths, footways, bridleways and cycle tracks, including any surfacing, fencing, stiles, gates, signs, ramps, steps, other means of access, and mounting blocks;
- (f) works or other operations, for the purposes of drainage and flood prevention, including embankments, including ground reprofiling and culverts;
- (g) works or other operations to level or stabilise the condition of any land, including ground reprofiling and embankments;
- (h) works to install or alter the position of apparatus, including mains, sewers, drains and cables;
- (i) works in the highway including provision of lighting, bollards and other traffic restraint systems, signage and signalling and installation of road side equipment,

or other conveniences as may be necessary or expedient for the purposes of the provision or extinguishment of the rights of way or redesignation of highways.

(4) Subject to paragraph (5), Network Rail may carry out such other works (of whatever nature) as may be necessary or expedient for the purposes of, or for purposes ancillary to, the construction of the scheduled works and authorised works described in paragraph (3).

(5) Paragraphs (3) and (4) only authorise the carrying out or maintenance of works outside the limits of deviation if such works are carried out on—

- (a) land specified in columns (1) and (2) of Schedule 5 (acquisition of land for authorised works) for the purpose specified in relation to that land in column (3) of that Schedule;
- (b) land specified in column (1) and (2) of Schedule 6 (land in which only new rights etc., may be acquired) for the purposes specified in relation to that land in column (3) of that Schedule; or
- (c) land specified in columns (1) and (2) of Schedule 7 (land of which temporary possession may be taken) for the purposes specified in relation to that land in column (3) of that Schedule.

(6) Network Rail may, within the Order limits—

- (a) carry out and maintain landscaping and other works to mitigate any adverse effects of the construction, maintenance and operation of the authorised works (other than works authorised by this paragraph); and
- (b) carry out and maintain works for the benefit or protection of land affected by the authorised works (other than works authorised by this paragraph).

Power to deviate

6. In constructing or maintaining any of the scheduled works, Network Rail may—
- (a) deviate laterally from the lines or situations shown on the deposited plans to the extent of the limits of deviation for that work; and
 - (b) deviate vertically from the levels shown on the deposited sections—
 - (i) to any extent upwards not exceeding 3 metres or
 - (ii) to any extent downwards as may be found to be necessary or convenient.

Power to alter layout etc. of streets

7.—(1) Network Rail may for the purposes of the authorised works alter the layout of, or carry out any works in, the street specified in columns (1) and (2) of Schedule 8 (streets subject to alteration of layout) in the manner specified in relation to that street in column (3).

(2) Without limitation on the scope of the specific powers conferred by paragraph (1) but subject to paragraph (3), Network Rail may, for the purposes of constructing and maintaining any authorised work, alter the layout of any street within the Order limits and the layout of any street having a junction with such a street; and, without limitation on the scope of that power, Network Rail may—

- (a) increase the width of the whole or part of any carriageway of the street by reducing the width of any kerb, footpath, footway, cycle track or verge within the street;
- (b) alter the level, create or increase the width of any such kerb, footpath, footway, bridleway, cycle track or verge;
- (c) reduce the width of the whole or part of any carriageway of the street; and
- (d) provide turning heads and pedestrian refuges.

(3) Network Rail must restore to the reasonable satisfaction of the street authority any street which has been temporarily altered under this article.

(4) The powers conferred by paragraph (2) are not to be exercised without the consent of the street authority, but such consent must not be unreasonably withheld.

(5) If within 28 days of receiving an application for consent under paragraph (4) a street authority fails to notify Network Rail of its decision or refuses consent without giving any grounds for its refusal that street authority is deemed to have granted consent.

Power to execute street works

8.—(1) Network Rail may, for the purposes of the authorised works, enter on any of the streets specified in Schedule 9 (streets subject to street works) as are within the Order limits to the extent necessary and may—

- (a) break up or open the street, or any sewer, drain or tunnel under it;
- (b) place apparatus in the street;
- (c) maintain apparatus in the street or change its position; and
- (d) execute any works required for or incidental to any works referred to in sub-paragraphs (a), (b) and (c).

(2) In this article “apparatus” has the same meaning as in Part 3 of the 1991 Act.

Stopping up of streets

9.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this article, Network Rail may, in connection with the carrying out of the authorised works, stop up each of the streets specified in columns (1) and (2) of Schedule 10 (streets to be permanently stopped up) to the extent specified in column (3) of that Schedule.

(2) No street specified in columns (1) and (2) of Schedule 10 is to be wholly or partly stopped up under this article unless—

- (a) the new street to be constructed and substituted for it, which is specified in column (4) of that Schedule, has been constructed and completed to the reasonable satisfaction of the street authority and is open for use; or
- (b) a temporary alternative route for the passage of such traffic as could have used the street to be stopped up is first provided and subsequently maintained by Network Rail, to the reasonable satisfaction of the street authority, between the commencement and termination points for the stopping up of the street until the completion and opening of the new street in accordance with sub-paragraph (a).

(3) Where a street has been stopped up under this article—

- (a) all rights of way over or along the street so stopped up are extinguished; and
- (b) Network Rail may appropriate and use for the purposes of its railway undertaking so much of the site of the street as is bounded on both sides by land owned by Network Rail.

(4) Any person who suffers loss by the suspension or extinguishment of any private right of way under this article is entitled to compensation to be determined, in case of dispute, under Part 1 of the 1961 Act.

Temporary stopping up of streets

10.—(1) Network Rail, during and for the purposes of the execution of the authorised works, may temporarily stop up, alter or divert any street and may for any reasonable time—

- (a) divert the traffic from the street; and
- (b) subject to paragraph (3), prevent all persons from passing along the street.

(2) Without limitation on the scope of paragraph (1), Network Rail may use any street stopped up under the powers conferred by this article within the Order limits as a temporary working site.

(3) Network Rail must provide reasonable access for pedestrians going to or from premises abutting on a street affected by the temporary stopping up, alteration or diversion of a street under this article if there would otherwise be no such access.

(4) Without limitation on the scope of paragraph (1), Network Rail may temporarily stop up, alter or divert the streets specified in columns (1) and (2) of Schedule 11 (streets to be temporarily stopped up) to the extent specified, by reference to the letters and numbers shown on the deposited plans, in column (3) of that Schedule.

(5) Network Rail must not exercise the powers conferred by this article—

- (a) in relation to any street specified as mentioned in paragraph (4) without first consulting the street authority; and
- (b) in relation to any other street without the consent of the street authority which may attach reasonable conditions to any consent, but such consent must not be unreasonably withheld.

(6) Any person who suffers loss by the suspension of any private right of way under this article is entitled to compensation to be determined, in case of dispute, under Part 1 of the 1961 Act.

(7) If within 28 days of receiving an application for consent under paragraph (5)(b) a street authority fails to notify Network Rail of its decision or refuses consent without giving any grounds for its refusal that street authority is deemed to have granted consent.

Construction and maintenance of new or altered streets

11.—(1) This article applies to streets which are not a byway open to all traffic, restricted byway, bridleway or footpath.

(2) Any street to be constructed under this Order must be completed to the reasonable satisfaction of the highway authority and, unless otherwise agreed between Network Rail and the highway authority, must be maintained by and at the expense of Network Rail for a period of 12 months from its completion and from the expiry of that period by and at the expense of the highway authority.

(3) Where a street is altered or diverted under this Order, the altered or diverted part of the street must, when completed to the reasonable satisfaction of the street authority, unless otherwise agreed with the street authority, be maintained by and at the expense of Network Rail for a period of 12 months from its completion and from the expiry of that period by and at the expense of the street authority.

(4) Paragraphs (2) and (3) do not apply in relation to the structure of any bridge or tunnel carrying a street over or under any railway of Network Rail and except as provided in those paragraphs Network Rail is not liable to maintain the surface of any street under or over which the scheduled works are constructed, or the immediate approaches to any such street.

(5) In any action against Network Rail in respect of loss or damage resulting from any failure by it to maintain a street under this article, it is a defence (without affecting any other defence or the application of the law relating to contributory negligence) to prove that Network Rail had taken such care as in all the circumstances was reasonably required to secure that the part of the street to which the action relates was not dangerous to traffic.

(6) For the purposes of a defence under paragraph (5), the court must in particular have regard to the following matters—

- (a) the character of the street and the traffic which was reasonably to be expected to use it;
- (b) the standard of maintenance appropriate for a street of that character and used by such traffic;
- (c) the state of repair in which a reasonable person would have expected to find the street;
- (d) whether Network Rail knew, or could reasonably have been expected to know, that the condition of the part of the street to which the action relates was likely to cause danger to users of the street; and
- (e) where Network Rail could not reasonably have been expected to repair that part of the street before the cause of action arose, what warning notices of its condition had been displayed,

but for the purposes of such a defence it is not relevant to prove that Network Rail had arranged for a competent person to carry out or supervise the maintenance of the part of the street to which the action relates unless it is also proved that Network Rail had given the competent person proper instructions with regard to the maintenance of the street and that the competent person had carried out those instructions.

(7) Nothing in this article—

- (a) affects the operation of section 87 (prospectively maintainable highways) of the 1991 Act; and Network Rail is not, by reason of any duty under this article to maintain a street, to be taken to be a street authority in relation to that street for the purposes of Part 3 of that Act; or
- (b) has effect in relation to the street works with regard to which the provisions of Part 3 of the 1991 Act apply.

Access to works

12.—(1) Network Rail may, for the purposes of the authorised works—

- (a) form and lay out means of access, or improve existing means of access, in the locations specified in columns (1) and (2) of Schedule 12 (access to works); and

- (b) with the approval of the highway authority, form and lay out such other means of access or improve existing means of access, at such locations within the Order limits as Network Rail reasonably requires for the purposes of the authorised works.

(2) If a highway authority fails to notify Network Rail of its decision within 28 days of receiving an application for approval under paragraph (1), that highway authority is deemed to have granted approval.

Highways subject to redesignation

13.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this article, the highways specified in column (2) of Schedule 4 (redesignation of highways) shall, on completion of works, cease to be highways of the description specified on the definitive map and statement or in the list of streets as specified in column (3) and are designated as highways as described in column (4) of Schedule 4.

(2) In each case where a highway has been redesignated, the redesignation is to have effect as if that highway had been stopped up and immediately redesignated as described in column (4) of Schedule 4.

(3) Expressions used in this article and in the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981^(a) are to have the same meaning in this article as in that Act and “list of streets” means the list described in section 36(6) of the 1980 Act.

Closure of level crossings subject to opening of new rights of way

14.—(1) Subject to paragraphs (3) and (5), the level crossings specified in column (2) of Schedule 2 (closure of level crossings subject to opening of new highway) are stopped-up and discontinued.

(2) Subject to paragraph (5), upon the stopping up and discontinuance of the level crossings referred to in paragraph (1)—

- (a) any rights of way over those crossings are extinguished to the extent specified in column (2) of Schedule 2; and
- (b) any public rights of way specified in column (3) of Schedule 2 are extinguished to the extent specified, by reference to the numbers and letters shown on the deposited plans.

(3) Paragraphs (1) and (2) are not to have effect until, in respect of each level crossing in that Schedule, the new highway specified in column (4) has been constructed and completed, to the extent specified by reference to the numbers and letters shown on the deposited plans, to the reasonable satisfaction of the highway authority in accordance with article 16 (creation and maintenance of new highway) and is open for use.

(4) Any person who suffers loss by the suspension or extinguishment of any private right of way under this article is entitled to compensation to be determined, in case of dispute, under Part 1 of the 1961 Act.

(5) This article does not extinguish the rights of statutory undertakers.

Closure of Black Horse Drove level crossing

15.—(1) Subject to paragraphs (3) to (7), the level crossing at Black Horse Drove between points P136 and P137 in the Parish of Littleport is stopped-up and discontinued.

(2) Upon the stopping up and discontinuance of the level crossing referred to in paragraph (1)—

- (a) any rights of way over this crossing are extinguished; and
- (b) the public right of way between points P136 and P137 is extinguished by reference to the numbers and letters shown on the deposited plans.

^(a) 1981 c. 69.

(3) Paragraphs (1) and (2) are not to have effect until Network Rail has made provision for the vehicular use of the crossing by authorised users.

(4) Any person who suffers loss by the suspension or extinguishment of any private right of way under this article is entitled to compensation to be determined, in case of dispute, under Part 1 of the 1961 Act.

(5) If any part of Black Horse Drove lying west of the level crossing at any time ceases, in consequence of this article, to be a road over which the public has a right of way for all traffic, the owners and occupiers of properties who, until the downgrade of the level crossing have obtained access to their property over that part of Black Horse Drove which lies to the west of the level crossing (and their successors in title), shall have such rights of passage over it as shall be necessary to enable them to pass and repass to and from that land and from and to the level crossing as if there had been no such cessation.

(6) A right to compensation under section 10 (further provision as to compensation for injurious affection) of the 1965 Act shall apply in respect of any land or any interest in land which has been injuriously affected by the stopping up and discontinuance of the level crossing referred to in paragraph (1) or by the cessation of public rights of access referred to in paragraph (5).

(7) This article does not extinguish the rights of statutory undertakers to maintain their apparatus.

Creation and maintenance of new highways

16.—(1) The new highways specified in column (4) of Schedule 2 (closure of level crossings subject to opening of new highway) are to be completed to the reasonable satisfaction of the highway authority and are to be maintained by and at the expense of Network Rail for a period of 12 months from their completion and after the expiry of that period by and at the expense of the highway authority.

(2) On completion of each new highway in accordance with paragraph (1), and subject to article 31 (traffic regulation), it is to have the designation specified in column (4) of Schedule 2.

(3) Section 28 (compensation for loss caused by public path creation order) of the 1980 Act is to apply to each new highway specified in column (4) of Schedule 2 as if that new highway had been created by a public path creation order.

(4) The application of section 28 of the 1980 Act, as applied by paragraph (3), has effect with the modifications in paragraphs (5) to (7).

(5) In subsection (1), substitute “Network Rail” for “the authority by whom the Order was made”.

(6) For subsection (2), substitute—

“(2) A claim for compensation under this section is to be made to Network Rail in writing before the end of the period of 6 months beginning with the day on which the public right of way first becomes exercisable and is to be served on Network Rail by delivering it at, or by sending it by pre-paid post to the registered office of Network Rail Infrastructure Limited.”

(7) Subsection (3) is omitted.

(8) For the purposes of paragraphs (3) to (7), section 307 (disputes as to compensation which are to be determined by Upper Tribunal and related provisions) of the 1980 Act, in its application to section 28 by virtue of section 307(1), is to have effect as if in subsection (2) for “the authority from whom the compensation in question is claimed”, the words “Network Rail” are substituted.

(9) In any action against Network Rail in respect of loss or damage resulting from any failure by it to maintain the new highway, it is a defence (without affecting any other defence or the application of the law relating to contributory negligence) to prove that Network Rail had taken such care as in all the circumstances was reasonably required to secure that the part of the new highway to which the action relates was not dangerous to traffic.

(10) For the purposes of a defence under paragraph (9), the court must in particular have regard to the following matters—

- (a) the character of the new highway and the traffic which was reasonably to be expected to use it;
- (b) the standard of maintenance appropriate for a highway of that character and used by such traffic;
- (c) the state of repair in which a reasonable person would have expected to find the new highway;
- (d) whether Network Rail knew, or could reasonably have been expected to know, that the condition of the part of the new highway to which the action relates was likely to cause danger to users of the new highway;
- (e) where Network Rail could not reasonably have been expected to repair that part of the new highway before the cause of action arose, what warning notices of its condition had been displayed,

but for the purposes of such a defence it is not relevant to prove that Network Rail had arranged for a competent person to carry out or supervise the maintenance of the part of the new highway to which the action relates unless it is also proved that Network Rail had given the competent person proper instructions with regard to the maintenance of the new highway and that the competent person had carried out those instructions.

(11) The new highways are to be treated as completed to the satisfaction of the highway authority for the purpose of paragraph (1) if it fails to reply to a request for certification that it is satisfied with the work within 28 days of receiving the request.

(12) Where any highway created under this article passes over a scheduled work, the highway extends to include the scheduled work.

Supplemental Powers

Discharge of water

17.—(1) Network Rail may use any watercourse or any public sewer or drain for the drainage of water in connection with the construction, operation or maintenance of the authorised works and for that purpose may lay down, take up and alter pipes and may, on any land within the Order limits, make openings into, and connections with, the watercourse, public sewer or drain.

(2) Any dispute arising from the making of connections to or the use of a public sewer or drain by Network Rail under paragraph (1) is to be determined as if it were a dispute under section 106 (right to communicate with public sewers) of the Water Industry Act 1991(a).

(3) Network Rail must not discharge any water into any watercourse, public sewer or drain except with the consent of the person to whom it belongs; and such consent may be given subject to such terms and conditions as that person may reasonably impose, but must not be unreasonably withheld.

(4) Network Rail must not make any opening into any public sewer or drain except—

- (a) in accordance with plans approved by the person to whom the sewer or drain belongs, but such approval must not be unreasonably withheld; and
- (b) where that person has been given the opportunity to supervise the making of the opening.

(5) Network Rail must not, in the exercise of the powers conferred by this article, damage or interfere with the bed or banks of any watercourse forming part of a main river.

(6) Network Rail must take such steps as are reasonably practicable to secure that any water discharged into a watercourse or public sewer or drain under the powers conferred by this article is as free as may be practicable from gravel, soil or other solid substance, oil or matter in suspension.

(a) 1991 c. 56. Section 106 was amended by sections 35(1) and (8) and 43(2) of, and Schedule 2 to, the Competition and Service (Utilities) Act 1992 (c. 43), sections 36(2) and 99 of the Water Act 2003 (c. 37) and paragraph 16(1) of Schedule 3 to the Flood and Water Management Act 2010 (c. 29).

(7) Nothing in this article overrides the requirement for an environmental permit under regulation 12(1)(b) of the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016^(a).

(8) If a person who receives an application for consent or approval fails to notify Network Rail of a decision within 28 days of receiving an application for consent under paragraph (3) or approval under paragraph (4)(a) that person is deemed to have granted consent or given approval, as the case may be.

(9) In this article—

- (a) “public sewer or drain” means a sewer or drain which belongs to a sewerage undertaker, the Environment Agency, an internal drainage board, or a local authority; and
- (b) other expressions, excluding watercourse, used both in this article and in the Water Resources Act 1991^(b) have the same meaning as in that Act.

Power to survey and investigate land

18.—(1) Network Rail may for the purposes of this Order—

- (a) survey or investigate any land shown within the Order limits;
- (b) without limitation on the scope of sub-paragraph (a), make trial holes in such positions on the land as Network Rail thinks fit to investigate the nature of the surface layer and subsoil and remove soil samples;
- (c) without limitation on the scope of sub-paragraph (a), carry out ecological or archaeological investigations on such land;
- (d) place on, leave on and remove from the land apparatus for use in connection with the survey and investigation of land and making of trial holes; and
- (e) enter on the land for the purpose of exercising the powers conferred by sub-paragraphs (a) to (d).

(2) No land may be entered or equipment placed or left on or removed from the land under paragraph (1) unless at least 7 days’ notice has been served on every owner and occupier of the land.

(3) Notice given in accordance with paragraph (2) must include—

- (a) a statement of the recipient’s rights under paragraph (15); and
- (b) a copy of the warrant issued under paragraph (8).

(4) If Network Rail proposes to do any of the following, the notice must include details of what is proposed—

- (a) searching, boring or excavating;
- (b) leaving apparatus on the land;
- (c) taking samples;
- (d) carrying out any other activities that may be required to facilitate compliance with the instruments mentioned in paragraph (5).

(5) The instruments referred to in paragraph (4)(e) are—

- (a) Directive 2011/92/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 December 2011 on the assessment of the effects of certain public and private projects on the environment^(c); or
- (b) Council Directive 92/42/EEC of 21 May 1992 on the conservation of natural habitats and of fauna and flora^(d).

(a) S.I. 2016/1154.

(b) 1991 c.57.

(c) O.J. No. L 26, 28.1.2012, p. 1.

(d) O.J. No. L 206, 22.7.1992, p.7.

(6) If Network Rail obtains a warrant after giving notice in accordance with paragraph (2) it must give a copy of the warrant to all those to whom it gave notice.

(7) Any person entering land under this article on behalf of Network Rail—

- (a) must, if so required, before or after entering the land produce written evidence of authority to do so including any warrant issued under paragraph (8); and
- (b) may not use force unless a justice of the peace has issued a warrant under paragraph (5) authorising the person to do so,
- (c) may take onto the land such vehicles and equipment as are necessary to carry out the survey or investigation or to make the trial holes;
- (d) may only enter and survey at a reasonable time; and
- (e) must, if the land is unoccupied or the occupier is absent from the land when the person enters it, leave it as secure against trespassers as when the person entered it.

(8) A justice of the peace may issue a warrant authorising a person to use force in the exercise of the power conferred by this article if satisfied—

- (a) that another person has prevented or is likely to prevent the exercise of that power, and
- (b) that it is reasonable to use force in the exercise of that power.

(9) The force that may be authorised by the warrant is limited to that which is reasonably necessary.

(10) A warrant authorising the person to use force must specify the number of occasions on which Network Rail can rely on the warrant when entering and surveying or valuing land.

(11) The number specified must be the number which the justice of the peace considers appropriate to achieve the purpose for which the entry and survey or valuation are required.

(12) Any evidence in proceedings for a warrant under this article must be given on oath.

(13) No trial holes are to be made under this article—

- (a) in a carriageway or footway without the consent of the highway authority; or
- (b) in a private street without the consent of the street authority,

but such consent must not be unreasonably withheld.

(14) If either a highway authority or a street authority which receives an application for consent fails to notify Network Rail of its decision within 28 days of receiving the application for consent—

- (a) under paragraph (13)(a) in the case of a highway authority; or
- (b) under paragraph (13)(b) in the case of a street authority,

that authority is deemed to have granted consent.

(15) Network Rail must compensate the owners and occupiers of the land for any loss or damage arising by reason of the exercise of the powers conferred by this article, such compensation to be determined, in case of dispute, under Part 1 of the 1961 Act.

PART 3

ACQUISITION AND POSSESSION OF LAND

Powers of acquisition

Power to acquire land

19.—(1) Network Rail may acquire compulsorily—

- (a) so much of the land shown on the deposited plans as lying within the limits of deviation and described in the book of reference as may be required for the purposes of the authorised works; and

- (b) so much of the land specified in columns (1) and (2) of Schedule 5 (acquisition of land for authorised works) (being land shown on the deposited plans and described in the book of reference) as may be required for the purpose specified in relation to that land in column (3) of that Schedule,

and may use any land so acquired for those purposes, or for any other purposes that are ancillary to its railway undertaking.

(2) This article is subject to paragraph (2) of article 22 (power to acquire new rights) and paragraph (8) of article 23 (temporary use of land for construction of works).

Application of Part 1 of the 1965 Act

20.—(1) Part 1 of the 1965 Act, in so far as not modified by or inconsistent with the provisions of this Order, applies to the acquisition of land under this Order—

- (a) as it applies to a compulsory purchase to which the Acquisition of Land Act 1981(a) applies; and
(b) as if this Order were a compulsory purchase order under that Act.

(2) Part 1 of the 1965 Act as so applied, has effect with the following modifications.

(3) Omit section 4 (which provides a time limit for compulsory purchase of land).

(4) In section 4A(1)(b) (extension of time limit during challenge) for “section 23 of the Acquisition of Land Act 1981 (application to the High Court in respect of compulsory purchase order), the three year period mentioned in section 4”, substitute “section 22 of the Transport and Works Act 1992 (validity of orders under section 1 or 3), the five year period mentioned in article 29 (time limit for exercise of powers of acquisition) of the Network Rail (Cambridgeshire Level Crossing Reduction) Order 2020.”

(5) In section 11(1B)(c) (power of entry) in a case where the notice to treat relates only to the acquisition of an easement or other right over land, for “3 months” substitute “1 month”.

(6) In section 11A(d)(powers of entry: further notices of entry)—

- (a) in subsection (1)(a), after “land” insert “under that provision”;
(b) in subsection (2), after “land” insert “under that provision.”.

(7) In section 22(2) (expiry of time limit for exercise of compulsory purchase power not to affect acquisition of interests omitted from purchase), for “section 4 of this Act” substitute “article 29 (time limit for exercise of powers of acquisition) of the Network Rail (Cambridgeshire Level Crossing Reduction) Order 2020”.

(8) In Schedule 2A(e) (counter-notice requiring purchase of land not in notice to treat)—

- (a) omit paragraphs 1(2) and 14(2); and
(b) after paragraph 29 insert—

“PART 4

INTERPRETATION

30. In this Schedule, references to entering on and taking possession of land do not include doing so under article 23 (temporary use of land for construction of works) and article 24 (temporary use of land for maintenance of works) of the Network Rail (Cambridgeshire Level Crossing Reduction) Order 2020.”

(a) 1981 c. 67.

(b) Section 4A(1) was inserted by section 202(1) of the Housing and Planning Act 2016 (c. 22).

(c) Subsection (1B) of section 11 was inserted by section 186(1) and (2)(b) of the Housing and Planning Act 2016.

(d) Section 11A was inserted by 186(3) of the Housing and Planning Act 2016.

(e) Schedule 2A was inserted by paragraph 3 of Schedule 17 to the Housing and Planning Act 2016.

Application of the 1981 Act

21.—(1) The 1981 Act applies as if this Order were a compulsory purchase order.

(2) The 1981 Act, as so applied by paragraph (1), has effect with the following modifications.

(3) In section 5 (earliest date for execution of declaration), in subsection (2), omit the words from “, and this subsection” to the end.

(4) Omit section 5A(a) (time limit for general vesting declaration).

(5) In section 5B(b) (extension of time limit during challenge) for “section 23 of the Acquisition of Land Act 1981 (application to High Court in respect of compulsory purchase order), the three year period mentioned in section 5A” substitute “section 22 of the Transport and Works Act 1992 (validity of orders under section 1 or 3), the five year period mentioned in article 29 (time limit for exercise of powers of acquisition) of the Network Rail (Cambridgeshire Level Crossing Reduction) Order 2020”.

(6) In section 6(c) (notices after execution of declaration), in subsection (1)(b), for “section 15 of, or paragraph 6 of Schedule 1 to, the Acquisition of Land Act 1981” substitute “section 14A of the Transport and Works Act 1992”.

(7) In section 7(d) (constructive notice to treat), in subsection (1)(a), omit “(as modified by section 4 of the Acquisition of Land Act 1981)”.

(8) In Schedule A1(e) (counter-notice requiring purchase of land not in general vesting declaration), omit paragraph 1(2).

(9) References to the 1965 Act are construed as references to that Act as applied to the acquisition of land under article 19 (power to acquire land) by article 20 (application of Part 1 of the 1965 Act).

Power to acquire new rights

22.—(1) Network Rail may acquire compulsorily such rights of access or other easements specified in column (3) of Schedule 3 (land in which private rights of access may be acquired) to the extent specified in column (1) of that Schedule as may be required for the benefit of the land specified in column (2) of that Schedule, by creating them as well as by acquiring rights of access or other easements already in existence.

(2) Network Rail may acquire compulsorily such easements or other rights over the land specified in column (2) of Schedule 6 (land in which only new rights etc., may be acquired) as may be required for the purposes specified in column (3) of that Schedule, by creating them as well as by acquiring such rights of access or other easements already in existence.

(3) Subject to Schedule 2A (counter-notice requiring purchase of land not in notice to treat) to the 1965 Act (as substituted by paragraph 5(8) of Schedule 14 (modification of compensation and compulsory purchasing enactments for creation of new rights) where Network Rail acquires a right over land under paragraphs (1) or (2), Network Rail is not required to acquire a greater interest in that land.

(4) Schedule 14 has effect for the purpose of modifying the enactments relating to compensation, and the provisions of the 1965 Act, in their application in relation to the compulsory acquisition under this article of a right over land by the creation of a new right.

(a) Section 5A was inserted by section 182(2) of the Housing and Planning Act 2016.

(b) Section 5B was inserted by section 202(2) of the Housing and Planning Act 2016.

(c) Section 6 was amended by paragraph 52(2) of Schedule 2 to the Planning (Consequential Provisions) Act 1990 (c.11) and paragraph 7 of Schedule 15 to the Housing and Planning Act 2016 (c.22).

(d) Section 7 was amended by paragraph 3 of Schedule 18 to the Housing and Planning Act 2016.

(e) Schedule A1 was inserted by paragraph 6 of Schedule 18 to the Housing and Planning Act 2016.

Temporary use of land for construction of works

23.—(1) Network Rail may in connection with the carrying out of the authorised works enter upon and take temporary possession of the land specified in columns (1) and (2) of Schedule 7 (land of which temporary possession may be taken) for the purposes specified in relation to that land in column (3) of that Schedule.

(2) Not less than 14 days before entering upon and taking temporary possession of land under this article Network Rail must serve notice of the intended entry on the owners and occupiers of the land.

(3) Network Rail may not, without the agreement of the owners of the land, remain in possession of any land under this article after the end of the period of one year beginning with the date of completion of the authorised works for the purposes of which temporary possession of that land was taken.

(4) Before giving up possession of land of which temporary possession has been taken under this article, Network Rail must remove all temporary works and restore the land to the reasonable satisfaction of the owners of the land; but Network Rail is not required to—

- (a) replace a building removed in connection with the carrying out of the authorised works; or
- (b) restore the land on which any permanent works have been constructed under article 5 (power to construct and maintain works).

(5) Network Rail must pay compensation to the owners and occupiers of land of which temporary possession is taken under this article for any loss or damage arising from the exercise in relation to the land of the powers conferred by this article.

(6) Any dispute as to a person's entitlement to compensation under paragraph (5), or as to the amount of the compensation, is to be determined under Part 1 of the 1961 Act.

(7) Without affecting article 38 (no double recovery), nothing in this article affects any liability to pay compensation under section 10(2)(a) (further provision as to compensation for injurious affection) of the 1965 Act or under any other enactment in respect of loss or damage for which compensation is payable under paragraph (5).

(8) Where Network Rail takes possession of land under this article, it is not required to acquire the land or any interest in it.

(9) Section 13(b) (refusal to give possession to the acquiring authority) of the 1965 Act applies to the temporary use of land under this article to the same extent as it applies to the acquisition of land under this Order by virtue of article 20(1) (application of Part 1 of the 1965 Act).

Temporary use of land for maintenance of works

24.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), at any time during the maintenance period relating to any of the authorised works, Network Rail may—

- (a) enter upon and take temporary possession of any Order land if such possession is reasonably required for the purpose of maintaining the authorised works; and
- (b) construct such temporary works (including the provision of means of access) as may be reasonably necessary for that purpose.

(2) Paragraph (1) does not authorise Network Rail to take temporary possession of—

- (a) any house or garden belonging to a house; or

(a) Section 10 was amended by section 4 of, and paragraph 13(2) of Schedule 2 to, the Planning (Consequential Provisions) Act 1990 (c. 11) and S.I. 2009/1307.

(b) Section 13 was amended by sections 62(3) and 139 of, and paragraphs 27 and 28 of Schedule 13, and Part 3 of Schedule 23 to, the Tribunals, Courts and Enforcement Act 2007 (c. 15).

(b) any building (other than a house) if it is for the time being occupied.

(3) Not less than 28 days before entering upon and taking temporary possession of land under this article Network Rail must serve notice of the intended entry on the owners and occupiers of the land.

(4) Network Rail may only remain in possession of land under this article for so long as may be reasonably necessary to carry out the maintenance of works for which possession of the land was taken.

(5) Before giving up possession of land of which temporary possession has been taken under this article, Network Rail must remove all temporary works and restore the land to the reasonable satisfaction of the owners of the land.

(6) Network Rail must pay compensation to the owners and occupiers of land of which temporary possession is taken under this article for any loss or damage arising from the exercise in relation to the land of the powers conferred by this article.

(7) Any dispute as to a person's entitlement to compensation under paragraph (6), or as to the amount of the compensation, is to be determined under Part 1 of the 1961 Act.

(8) Without affecting article 38 (no double recovery), nothing in this article affects any liability to pay compensation under section 10(2) (further provision as to compensation for injurious affection) of the 1965 Act or under any other enactment in respect of loss or damage arising from the execution of any works, other than loss or damage for which compensation is payable under paragraph (6).

(9) Where Network Rail takes possession of land under this article, it is not required to acquire the land or any interest in it.

(10) Section 13 (refusal to give possession to the acquiring authority) of the 1965 Act applies to the temporary use of land under this article to the same extent as it applies to the compulsory acquisition of land under this Order by virtue of article 20 (application of Part 1 of the 1965 Act).

(11) In this article "the maintenance period" in relation to an authorised work means the period of one year beginning with the date on which the work is opened for use.

Compensation

Disregard of certain interests and improvements

25.—(1) In assessing the compensation payable to any person on the acquisition from that person of any land under this Order, the tribunal must not take into account—

- (a) any interest in land; or
- (b) any enhancement of the value of any interest in land by reason of any building erected, works executed or improvement or alteration made on relevant land,

if the tribunal is satisfied that the creation of the interest, the erection of the building, the execution of the works or the making of the improvement or alteration was not reasonably necessary and was undertaken with a view to obtaining compensation or increased compensation.

(2) In paragraph (1), "relevant land" means the land acquired from the person concerned or any other land with which that person is, or was at the time when the building was erected, the works executed or the improvement or alteration made, directly or indirectly concerned.

Supplementary

Extinction or suspension of private rights of way

26.—(1) All private rights of way over land subject to compulsory acquisition under this Order are extinguished—

- (a) as from the date of acquisition of the land by Network Rail, whether compulsorily or by agreement; or

- (b) on the date of entry on the land by Network Rail under section 11(1)(a) (powers of entry) of the 1965 Act,

whichever is the sooner.

(2) All private rights of way over land owned by Network Rail which, being within the Order limits, is required for the purposes of this Order are extinguished on the appropriation of the land for any of those purposes by Network Rail.

(3) Subject to the provisions of this article, all private rights of way over land subject to the compulsory acquisition of rights under this Order are extinguished in so far as their continuance would be inconsistent with the exercise of the right—

- (a) as from the date of the acquisition of the right by Network Rail, whether compulsorily or by agreement; or

- (b) on the date of entry on the land by Network Rail under section 11(1) of the 1965 Act,

whichever is the sooner.

(4) Subject to paragraph (6), all private rights of way over land of which Network Rail takes temporary possession under this Order are suspended and unenforceable for as long as Network Rail remains in lawful possession of the land.

(5) Any person who suffers loss by the extinguishment or suspension of any private right of way under this article is entitled to compensation to be determined, in case of dispute, under Part 1 of the 1961 Act.

(6) Paragraphs (1), (2), (3) and (4) have effect subject to—

- (a) any notice given by Network Rail before—

- (i) the completion of the acquisition of;

- (ii) Network Rail's appropriation of;

- (iii) Network Rail's entry onto; or

- (iv) Network Rail's taking temporary possession of,

the land, that any or all of those paragraphs do not apply to any right of way specified in the notice; and

- (b) any agreement made between Network Rail and the person in or to whom the right of way in question is vested or belongs which makes reference to this article; whether that agreement was made before or after any of the events mentioned in sub-paragraph (a), or before or after the coming into force of this Order.

(7) If any such agreement as is mentioned in sub-paragraph (6)(b) is expressed to have effect also for the benefit of those deriving title from or under the person in or to whom the right of way in question is vested or belongs, it is effective in respect of the persons so deriving title, whether the title was derived before or after the making of the agreement.

Extinguishment of private rights over accommodation crossings

27.—(1) Subject to paragraphs (3) and (4), all private rights of way (if any) over the level crossings specified in paragraph (2) are extinguished.

(2) The level crossings referred to in paragraph (1) are—

- (a) Nairns No. 117 crossing between points P099 and P100 in the Parish of Strettham;

- (b) Jack O'Tell (Adam's Crossing) between points P104A and P105A in the Parish of Waterbeach;

(a) Section 11 was amended by section 34(1) of, and Schedule 4 to, the Acquisition of Land Act 1981 (c. 67), section 3 of, and Part 1 of Schedule 1 to, the Housing (Consequential Provisions) Act 1985 (c. 71), section 14, of and paragraph 12(1) of Schedule 5 to, the Church of England (Miscellaneous Provisions) Measures 2006 (2006 No. 1), sections 186(2), 187(2) and 188 of, and paragraph 6 of Schedule 14 and paragraph 3 of Schedule 16 to, the Housing and Planning Act 2016 (c. 22) and S.I. 2009/1307.

(c) Fysons crossing between points P106 and P107 in the Parish of Waterbeach; and

(d) Ballast Pit crossing between points P108 and P109 in the Parish of Waterbeach.

(3) Paragraph (1) must not take effect with respect to the extinguishment of the private rights of way by means of the level crossings specified in paragraph (2), until the authorised works relating to those crossings have been completed.

(4) Any person who suffers loss by the extinguishment of any private right of way under this article is entitled to compensation to be determined, in case of dispute, under Part 1 of the 1961 Act.

Grant of rights over level crossings

28.—(1) The level crossings specified in paragraph (2) are subject to continued rights of access for vehicular traffic for authorised users.

(2) The level crossings referred to in paragraph (1) are—

(a) Silt Drove crossing between points P012 and P013 in the Parish of March;

(b) Black Horse Drove crossing between points P136 and P137 in the Parish of Littleport; and

(c) Westley Road crossing between points P111 and P114 in the Parish of Westley Waterless.

Time limit for exercise of powers of acquisition

29.—(1) After the end of the period of 5 years beginning on the day on which this Order comes into force—

(a) no notice to treat is to be served under Part 1 of the 1965 Act as applied to the acquisition of land by article 20 (application of Part 1 of the 1965 Act); and

(b) no declaration is to be executed under section 4 (execution of declaration) of the 1981 Act as applied by article 21 (application of the 1981 Act).

(2) The powers conferred by article 22 (power to acquire new rights) and article 23 (temporary use of land for construction of works) cease at the end of the period referred to in paragraph (1), except that nothing in this paragraph prevents Network Rail from remaining in possession of land after the end of that period, if the land was entered and possession of it was taken before the end of that period.

PART 4

TRAFFIC REGULATION

Traffic signs

30.—(1) Network Rail may, for the purposes of or in connection with the construction or operation of the authorised works, place or maintain traffic signs on any street within the Order limits, or on any street in connection with any instrument made under article 31 (traffic regulation) or any other street as reasonably required for conveying information to traffic.

(2) Network Rail—

(a) must consult with the traffic authority as to the placing of signs; and

(b) unless the traffic authority is unwilling to do so and subject to any directions given under section 65(a) (powers and duties of traffic authorities as to placing of traffic signs) of the

(a) Section 65 was amended by section 153 of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989 (c. 42); section 168(1) of, and paragraph 48 of Part 2 of Schedule 8 to, the New Roads and Street Works Act 1991; section 48 of, and paragraph 29 of

1984 Act, must enter into arrangements with the traffic authority for any such signs other than traffic light signals to be placed and maintained by the traffic authority.

(3) Any power conferred by section 65 of the 1984 Act to give directions to a traffic authority or local traffic authority as to traffic signs includes a power to give directions to Network Rail as to traffic signs under this article; and, accordingly, the powers conferred by paragraph (1) are exercisable subject to and in conformity with any directions given under that section.

(4) Expressions used in this article and in the 1984 Act have the same meaning in this article as in that Act.

Traffic regulation

31.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this article, and the consent of the traffic authority in whose area the road concerned is situated, which consent must not be unreasonably withheld, Network Rail may, for the purposes of the authorised works—

- (a) permit or prohibit vehicular access in the manner specified in Schedule 15 (prohibition of vehicular traffic) to those roads specified in column (2) and along the lengths, between the points specified in column (3) of that Schedule; and
- (b) revoke, amend or suspend in whole or in part any order made, or having effect as if made, under the 1984 Act in so far as it is inconsistent with any prohibition, restriction or other provision made by Network Rail under this paragraph.

(2) Without limitation on the scope of the specific powers conferred by paragraph (1) but subject to the provisions of this article and the consent of the traffic authority in whose area the road concerned is situated, but such consent must not be unreasonably withheld, Network Rail may, in so far as may be necessary or expedient for the purposes of, in connection with, or in consequence of the construction, maintenance or operation of the authorised works—

- (a) revoke, amend or suspend in whole or in part any order made, or having effect as if made, under the 1984 Act;
- (b) permit, prohibit or restrict the stopping, waiting, loading or unloading of vehicles on any road;
- (c) authorise the use as a parking place of any road;
- (d) make provision as to the direction or priority of vehicular traffic on any road;
- (e) make provision for vehicular speed limits on any road; and
- (f) permit or prohibit vehicular access to any road

either at all times or at times, on days or during such periods as may be specified by Network Rail.

(3) The powers conferred by paragraphs (1) and (2) may be exercised at any time prior to the opening of the authorised works for use but subject to paragraph (6) any prohibition, restriction or other provision made under paragraph (1) or (2) may have effect both before and after that time.

(4) Network Rail must consult the chief officer of police and the traffic authority in whose area the road is situated before complying with the provisions of paragraph (5).

(5) Network Rail must not exercise the powers conferred by paragraph (1) or (2) unless it has—

- (a) given not less than—
 - (i) 12 weeks' notice in writing of its intention to do so in the case of a permission, prohibition, restriction or other provision intended to have effect permanently; or
 - (ii) 4 weeks' notice in writing of its intention to do so in the case of a permission, prohibition, restriction or other provision intended to have effect temporarily,to the chief officer of police and to the traffic authority in whose area the road is situated; and

Schedule 4 to, the Road Traffic Act 1991 (c. 40) and section 1(6) of, and paragraphs 70 and 82 of Schedule 1 to, the Infrastructure Act 2015 (c. 7).

- (b) advertised its intention in such manner as the traffic authority may specify in writing within 28 days of its receipt of notice of Network Rail's intention in the case of subparagraph (a)(i), or within 7 days of its receipt of notice of Network Rail's intention in the case of sub-paragraph (a)(ii).

(6) Any prohibition, restriction or other provision made by Network Rail under paragraph (1) or (2)—

- (a) has effect as if duly made by, as the case may be—
 - (i) the traffic authority in whose area the road is situated, as a traffic regulation order under the 1984 Act or, in the case of provision for vehicle speed limits, as an order under section 84(a) (speed limits on roads other than restricted roads) of that Act; or
 - (ii) the local authority in whose area the road is situated, as an order under section 32(b) (power of local authorities to provide parking places) or section 45(c) (designation of paying parking places on highways) of the 1984 Act,and the instrument by which it is effected may specify savings and exemptions (in addition to those mentioned in Schedule 15) to which the prohibition, restriction or other provision is subject; and
- (b) except in the case of provision for vehicle speed limits, is deemed to be a traffic order for the purposes of Schedule 7 (road traffic contraventions subject to civil enforcement) to the Traffic Management Act 2004(d).

(7) Any prohibition, restriction or other provision made under this article may be suspended, varied or revoked by Network Rail from time to time by subsequent exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph (2) within a period of 24 months from the opening of the authorised works for use.

(8) Before exercising the powers conferred by paragraph (2) Network Rail must consult such persons as it considers necessary and appropriate and must take into consideration any representations made to it by any such person.

(9) Expressions used in this article and in the 1984 Act have the same meaning in this article as in that Act.

(10) The powers conferred on Network Rail by this article with respect to any road have effect subject to any agreement entered into by Network Rail with any person with an interest in (or who undertakes activities in relation to) premises served by the road.

PART 5

MISCELLANEOUS AND GENERAL

Power to lop trees overhanging the authorised works

32.—(1) Network Rail may fell or lop any tree or shrub near any part of the authorised works, or cut back its roots, if it reasonably believes it to be necessary to do so to prevent the tree or shrub—

-
- (a) Section 84 was amended by section 168(1) of, and paragraph 61 of Part 2 of Schedule 8 to, the New Roads and Street Works Act 1991 (c. 22); section 45 of the Road Traffic Act 1991 (c. 40) and section 1(6) of, and paragraphs 70 and 88 of Part 2 of Schedule 1 to, the Infrastructure Act 2015 (c. 7).
 - (b) Section 32 was amended by section 102 of, and Schedule 17 to, the Local Government Act 1985 (c. 51) and section 168(1) of, and paragraph 39 of Schedule 8 to the New Roads and Street Works Act 1991. There are other amendments to section 32 that are not relevant to this Order.
 - (c) Section 45 was amended by sections 8 and 102 of, and paragraph 4(19)(b) of Schedule 5 and Schedule 17 to, the Local Government Act 1985 (c. 51); section 1 of the Road Traffic Regulation (Parking) Act 1986 (c. 27); section 168(1) of, and paragraph 44 of Part 2 of Schedule 8 to, the New Roads and Street Works Act 1991 and section 281 of, and Part 6 of Schedule 34 to, the Greater London Authority Act 1999 (s. 29). There are other amendments to section 45 that are not relevant to this Order.
 - (d) 2004 c. 18.

- (a) from obstructing or interfering with the construction, maintenance or operation of the authorised works or any apparatus used on the authorised works; or
- (b) from constituting a danger to persons using the authorised works.

(2) In exercising the powers conferred by paragraph (1), Network Rail must not cause unnecessary damage to any tree or shrub and must pay compensation to any person for any loss or damage arising from the exercise of those powers.

(3) Any dispute as to a person's entitlement to compensation under paragraph (2), or as to the amount of compensation, is to be determined under Part 1 of the 1961 Act.

Obstruction of construction of authorised works

33. Any person who, without reasonable excuse—

- (a) obstructs any person acting under the authority of Network Rail in setting out the lines of the scheduled works or in constructing any authorised work; or
- (b) interferes with, moves or removes any apparatus belonging to any person acting under the authority of Network Rail,

is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.

Statutory undertakers, etc.

34. The provisions of Schedule 13 (apparatus and rights of statutory undertakers etc. in stopped up streets) have effect.

Certification of plans, etc.

35. Network Rail must, as soon as practicable after the making of this Order, submit copies of the book of reference, the deposited sections and the deposited plans to the Secretary of State for certification that they are true copies of, respectively, the book of reference and deposited plans referred to in this Order; and a document so certified is admissible in any proceedings as evidence of the contents of the document of which it is a copy.

Service of notices

36.—(1) A notice or other document required or authorised to be served for the purposes of this Order may be served—

- (a) by post; or
- (b) with the consent of the recipient, and subject to paragraphs (6) to (8), by electronic transmission.

(2) Where the person on whom a notice or other document to be served for the purposes of this Order is a body corporate, the notice or document is duly served if it is served on the secretary or clerk of that body.

(3) For the purposes of section 7 (references to service by post) of the Interpretation Act 1978(a) as it applies for the purposes of this article, the proper address of any person in relation to the service on that person of a notice or document under paragraph (1) is, if that person has given an address for service, that address, and otherwise—

- (a) in the case of the secretary or clerk of a body corporate, the registered or principal office of that body; and
- (b) in any other case, the last known address of that person at the time of service.

(a) 1978 c. 30.

(4) Where for the purposes of this Order a notice or other document is required or authorised to be served on a person as having any interest in, or as the occupier of, land and the name or address of that person cannot be ascertained after reasonable enquiry, the notice may be served by—

- (a) addressing it to that person by name or by the description of “owner” or, as the case may be, “occupier” of the land (describing it); and
- (b) either leaving it in the hands of a person who is or appears to be resident or employed on the land or leaving it conspicuously affixed to some building or object on or near the land.

(5) Where a notice or other document required to be served or sent for the purposes of this Order is served or sent by electronic transmission, the requirement is taken to be fulfilled where the recipient of the notice or other document to be transmitted has given consent to the use of electronic transmission either in writing or by electronic transmission.

(6) Where the recipient of a notice or other document served or sent by electronic transmission notifies the sender within 7 days of receipt that the recipient requires a paper copy of all or any part of that notice or other document, the sender must provide such a copy as soon as reasonably practicable.

(7) Any consent to the use of electronic transmission given by a person may be revoked by that person in accordance with paragraph (8).

(8) Where a person is no longer willing to accept the use of electronic transmission for any of the purposes of this Order—

- (a) that person must give notice in writing or by electronic transmission revoking any consent given by that person for that purpose; and
- (b) such revocation is final and takes effect on a date specified by the person in the notice but that date must not be less than 7 days after the date on which the notice is given.

(9) This article does not exclude the employment of any method of service not expressly provided for by it.

Protection of interests

37. Schedule 16 (for the protection of drainage authorities and the environment agency) has effect.

No double recovery

38. Compensation is not payable in respect of the same matter both under this Order and under any other enactment, any contract or any rule of law.

Arbitration

39. Any difference under any provision of this Order, unless otherwise provided for, must be referred to and settled by a single arbitrator to be agreed between the parties or, failing agreement, to be appointed on the application of either party (after giving notice in writing to the other) by the President of the Institution of Civil Engineers.

Signed by authority of the Secretary of State

10th December 2020

Natasha Kopala
Head of the Transport and Works Act Orders Unit
Department for Transport

SCHEDULE 1

Article 2

SCHEDULED WORKS

In the County of Cambridgeshire

District of Fenland, Parish of Whittlesey

Work No. 2 – A footbridge, commencing at a point 15 metres north-west of Wype Road crossing the Ely to Peterborough railway and terminating at a point 10 metres north-east of its commencement.

District of East Cambridgeshire, Parish of Ely

Work No. 3 – A footbridge, commencing at a point 115 metres south-west of Footpath 50 crossing the Ely to King's Lynn railway and terminating at a point 10 metres north-east of its commencement.

Work No. 4 – A footbridge, commencing at a point 20 metres south-west of Footpath 50 crossing the Ely to King's Lynn railway and terminating at a point 10 metres north-east of its commencement.

Work No. 5 – A footbridge, commencing at a point 370 metres south of the south-west corner of the Pump House (located in the Parish of Ely) and terminating at a point 20 metres north of its commencement.

District of South Cambridgeshire, Parish of Waterbeach

Work No. 8 – A footbridge, commencing at a point 100 metres north-west of Footpath 18 crossing the Ely to King's Lynn railway and terminating at a point 10 metres north-east of its commencement.

Work No. 9 – A footbridge, commencing at a point 230 metres north-west of Footpath 18 crossing the Ely to King's Lynn railway and terminating at a point 10 metres north of its commencement.

SCHEDULE 2

Articles 5, 14 and 16

CLOSURE OF LEVEL CROSSINGS SUBJECT TO OPENING OF NEW HIGHWAY

<i>(1)</i> Area	<i>(2)</i> Extent of level crossing to be stopped up and discontinued	<i>(3)</i> Extent of highway to be extinguished	<i>(4)</i> Status and extent of new highway
County of Cambridgeshire District of Fenland Parish of Whittlesey			
	Eastrea Cross Drove between points P005 and P005A	Footpath 50 between points P004, P005, P005A and P006	Footpath between points P006, P007 and P009 and between points P007 and P008
District of East Cambridgeshire Parish of Downham			
	Coffue Drove between points P024 and P025	BOAT 44 between points P023, P024, P025 and P026	Byway open to all traffic between points P023, P027 and P026
Parish of Ely	Cross Keys between points P033 and P034	Footpath 50 between points P033, P034 and P035	Footpath between points P038 and P039 and between points P033 and P040
		Footpath not on definitive map between points P033, P037 and P035	Footpath between points P038 and P039 and between points P033 and P040
	Prickwillow 1 between points P054 and P055	Footpath 17 between points P054 and P055	Footpath between points P054 and P056 and between points P057 and P055
	Prickwillow 2 between points P058 and P059	Footpath 57 between points P058 and P059	Footpath between points P058 and P060 and between points P061 and P059
District of South Cambridgeshire Parish of Waterbeach	Chittering between points P101A and P102	Footpath 18 between points P101, P101B, P102B, P103 and P104	Footpath between points P101 and P105
		Footpath not on the definitive map between points P101, P101A, P102 and P103	Footpath between points P101 and P105
District of South Cambridgeshire	Cassells between point P116 and P117	Footpath 1 between points	Footpath between points P118 and P119

<i>(1)</i> <i>Area</i>	<i>(2)</i> <i>Extent of level crossing to be stopped up and discontinued</i>	<i>(3)</i> <i>Extent of highway to be extinguished</i>	<i>(4)</i> <i>Status and extent of new highway</i>
Parish of Little Wilbraham and District of East Cambridgeshire Parish of Brinkley		P115, P116 and P117	
		Footpath not on definitive map between points P116 and P122	Footpath between points P118 and P119

SCHEDULE 3

Articles 5 and 22

LAND IN WHICH PRIVATE RIGHTS OF ACCESS MAY BE ACQUIRED

<i>(1)</i> <i>Extent of new private right of way</i>	<i>(2)</i> <i>Land having benefit of new right</i>	<i>(3)</i> <i>Purpose for which new private right may be acquired</i>
Between points P109 and P110 on sheet 31	Land cross-hatched on sheet 31	Vehicular access

SCHEDULE 4

Articles 5 and 13

REDESIGNATION OF HIGHWAYS

<i>(1)</i> <i>Area</i>	<i>(2)</i> <i>Highway</i>	<i>(3)</i> <i>Current designation</i>	<i>(4)</i> <i>Proposed designation</i>
County of Cambridgeshire District of Fenland Parish of March	Silt Road between points P012 and P013	Public Road	Bridleway (subject to the use of vehicular traffic by persons authorised by Network Rail)
District of East Cambridgeshire Parish of Westley Waterless	Westley Bottom Road/BOAT 1 between points P111, P112, P113 and P114	Public Road/Byway Open to All Traffic	Byway Open to All Traffic with width restriction (subject to the use by vehicular traffic by persons authorised by Network Rail)

SCHEDULE 5

Articles 5 and 19

ACQUISITION OF LAND FOR AUTHORISED WORKS

<i>(1)</i> Area	<i>(2)</i> Number of land shown on the deposited plans	<i>(3)</i> Purposes for which land may be acquired
County of Cambridgeshire District of East Cambridgeshire Parish of Burrough Green	01A, 05A	Provision of a turning head
Parish of Westley Waterless	01B	Provision of a turning head
District of Fenland Parish of March	16, 17	Provision of a turning head

SCHEDULE 6

Articles 5 and 22

LAND IN WHICH ONLY NEW RIGHTS ETC., MAY BE ACQUIRED

<i>(1)</i> Area	<i>(2)</i> Number of land shown on the deposited plans	<i>(3)</i> Purpose for which rights may be acquired
County of Cambridgeshire District of East Cambridgeshire Parish of Ely	09, 10 12, 13, 14	Access for construction and maintenance of the authorised works Access for construction, maintenance of the authorised works and access for removal of level crossing
Parish of Downham	12, 18	Access for maintenance
Parish of Stretham	07, 08	Access for removal of level crossing
District of South Cambridgeshire Parish of Waterbeach	01, 08, 20, 22, 24, 32, 33, 34, 35 45, 47 37, 38, 39, 40	Access for construction and maintenance of the authorised works Access for removal of level crossing and access for maintenance Access
District of Fenland	18, 19	Access for construction of the authorised works

SCHEDULE 7

Article 5, 23 and 31

LAND OF WHICH TEMPORARY POSSESSION MAY BE TAKEN

<i>(1)</i> <i>Area</i>	<i>(2)</i> <i>Number of land shown on the land plans</i>	<i>(3)</i> <i>Purpose for which temporary possession may be taken</i>
County of Cambridgeshire District of East Cambridgeshire Parish of Brinkley	01 03	Worksite Access for removal of level crossing
Parish of Burrough Green	01, 05, 06	Worksite and access for removal of level crossing
Parish of Downham District of East Cambridgeshire Parish of Ely	15, 16 12, 18 02, 03, 03A, 04, 05, 06, 27, 28, 29, 31, 33, 35, 36, 37 06A 07, 34, 43, 45, 46A, 47, 49, 50, 51, 53, 54, 56, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 88, 89 08, 32, 38, 39 44, 48, 52, 55, 84 85, 87	Worksite Worksite and creation of public right of way Access for construction of the authorised works and creation of public right of way Access for construction of the authorised works, worksite and creation of public right of way Worksite Footbridge Access for removal of level crossing, worksite and creation of new public right of way Worksite and creation of new public right of way
District of South Cambridgeshire Parish of Little Wilbraham	01, 07 04	Worksite Creation of public right of way
District of East Cambridgeshire Parish of Littleport	18, 21, 22	Worksite
District of Fenland Parish of March	11	Worksite
District of South Cambridgeshire Parish of Waterbeach	21, 23, 30, 31 03, 05, 13, 25, 26, 27, 28, 37A 02, 04, 09, 16 06, 07, 10, 12, 14, 15, 17 11 36, 37, 38, 39, 40	Access for removal of level crossing Worksite Footbridges Worksite and access Worksite and creation of public right of way Worksite and access for creation

<i>(1)</i> <i>Area</i>	<i>(2)</i> <i>Number of land shown on the land plans</i>	<i>(3)</i> <i>Purpose for which temporary possession may be taken</i>
	45, 47	of new track for a third party Access for removal of level crossing
District of Fenland Parish of Whittlesey	31 23, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41 17, 21 22, 24A, 25 20, 26 42	Access for removal of level crossing Creation of public right of way Access for construction of the authorised works and creation of public right of way Construction of footbridge Worksite Access for removal of level crossing and creation of new public right of way

SCHEDULE 8

Article 7

STREETS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION OF LAYOUT

<i>(1)</i> <i>Area</i>	<i>(2)</i> <i>Street subject to alteration of layout</i>	<i>(3)</i> <i>Description of alteration</i>
County of Cambridgeshire District of East Cambridgeshire Parish of Littleport	Station Road/Lynn Road	Provision of footway

SCHEDULE 9

Article 8

STREETS SUBJECT TO STREET WORKS

<i>(1)</i> <i>Area</i>	<i>(2)</i> <i>Street subject to street works</i>
County of Cambridgeshire District of Fenland Parish of Whittlesey Parish of March	Wype Road
District of East Cambridgeshire Parish of Littleport District of East Cambridgeshire Parish of Westley Waterless	Black Horse Drove Station Road/Lynn Road Westley Bottom Road
District of South Cambridgeshire Parish of Little Wilbraham and District of East Cambridgeshire Parish of Brinkley	Brinkley Road

SCHEDULE 10

Article 9

STREETS TO BE PERMANENTLY STOPPED UP

<i>(1)</i> Area	<i>(2)</i> Street to be stopped up permanently	<i>(3)</i> Extent	<i>(4)</i> New highway to be provided
County of Cambridgeshire District of East Cambridgeshire Parish of Ely	Footpath 24	Between points P072, P073, P074 and P075	Footpath between points P072, P076 and P075

SCHEDULE 11

Article 10

STREETS TO BE TEMPORARILY STOPPED UP

<i>(1)</i> Area	<i>(2)</i> Street to be stopped up	<i>(3)</i> Extent of temporary stopping up
County of Cambridgeshire District of Fenland Parish of Whittlesey	Wype Road Eastrea Cross Drove Footpath 50 BOAT 49	Within Order limits Within Order limits Between points P004, P005, P005A and P006 Within Order limits
Parish of March	Silt Road	Within Order limits
District of East Cambridgeshire Parish of Downham	BOAT 44 Byway not on definitive map	Between points P023, P024, P025 and P026 Between points P023, P027 and P026
Parish of Ely	Footpath 50 Footpath not on definitive map	Between points T001, P038, P033, P034, P035 and P036 Between points P033, P037, P035 and P036A
Parish of Littleport	Lynn Road / Station Road Black Horse Drove	Within Order limits Within Order limits
Parish of Ely	Footpath 17 Footpath 57 Padnal Bank Branch Bank Footpath 23 Footpath 24	Between points P054 and P055 Between points P058 and P059 Within Order limits Within Order limits Between points P067, P068, P069 and P070 Between points P072, P073, P074 and P075
	Path not on definitive map	Between points P072, P076 and P075
District of South Cambridgeshire Parish of Waterbeach	Footpath 18 Footpath not on the definitive	Between points P101, P101B, P102B and P103 Between points P101, P101A,

<i>(1)</i> Area	<i>(2)</i> Street to be stopped up	<i>(3)</i> Extent of temporary stopping up
	map Footpath 16	P102, P103 and P104 Between points T004 and P104 and within Order limits
	Bannold Drove/BOAT 14 Westley Bottom Road BOAT 1	Within Order limits Within Order limits Within Order limits
District of South Cambridgeshire Parish of Little Wilbraham and District of East Cambridgeshire Parish of Brinkley	Brinkley Road Footpath not on definitive map	Within Order limits Between points P116 and P122
District of East Cambridgeshire Parish of Brinkley	Footpath 1	Between points P115, P116 and P117
District of South Cambridgeshire Parish of Little Wilbraham	Footpath 10	Between points T005, P118, P122 and P117

SCHEDULE 12

Article 12

ACCESS TO WORKS

<i>(1)</i> Area	<i>(2)</i> Location of Access
County of Cambridgeshire District of East Cambridgeshire Parish of Ely	Access to pumping station off Lynn Road opposite Brick Kiln Farm

SCHEDULE 13

Article 34

APPARATUS AND RIGHTS OF STATUTORY UNDERTAKERS ETC. IN STOPPED UP STREETS

1.—(1) Sections 271 to 274(a) (power to extinguish rights of statutory undertakers etc. and power of statutory undertakers etc. to remove or re-site apparatus) of the 1990 Act apply in relation to any land acquired or appropriated by Network Rail under this Order subject to the following provisions of this paragraph; and all such other provisions of that Act as apply for the purposes of those provisions (including sections 275 to 278, which contain provisions consequential on the extinguishment of any rights under sections 271 and 272, and sections 279(2) to (4), 280 and 282(b), which provide for the payment of compensation) have effect accordingly.

(2) In the provisions of the 1990 Act, as applied by sub-paragraph (1), references to the appropriate Minister are references to the Secretary of State.

(a) Sections 272 to 274 were amended by paragraph 103(1) and (2) of Schedule 17 to the Communications Act 2003 (c. 21).

(b) Section 279(3) was amended by paragraphs 103(1) and (2), and section 280 was amended by paragraph 104 of Schedule 17 to the Communications Act 2003. Sections 280 and 282 were amended by S.I. 2009/1307.

(3) Where any apparatus of public utility undertakers or of a public communications provider is removed in pursuance of a notice or order given or made under section 271, 272 or 273 of the 1990 Act, as applied by sub-paragraph (1), any person who is the owner or occupier of premises to which a supply was given from that apparatus is entitled to recover from Network Rail compensation in respect of expenditure reasonably incurred by that person, in consequence of the removal, for the purpose of effecting a connection between the premises and any other apparatus from which a supply is given.

(4) Sub-paragraph (3) does not apply in the case of the removal of a public sewer but where such a sewer is removed in pursuance of such a notice or order as is mentioned in that sub-paragraph, any person who is—

- (a) the owner or occupier of premises the drains of which communicated with that sewer; or
- (b) the owner of a private sewer which communicated with that sewer,

is entitled to recover from Network Rail compensation in respect of expenditure reasonably incurred by that person, in consequence of the removal, for the purpose of making the drain or sewer belonging to that person communicate with any other public sewer or with a private sewerage disposal plant.

(5) The provisions of the 1990 Act mentioned in sub-paragraph (1), as applied by that sub-paragraph, do not have effect in relation to apparatus as respects which paragraph 2 or Part 3 of the 1991 Act applies.

(6) In this paragraph—

“public communications provider” has the same meaning as in section 151(1) of the Communications Act 2003;

“public utility undertakers” has the same meaning as in the 1980 Act^(a); and

“apparatus” has the same meaning as in Part 3 of the 1991 Act.

SCHEDULE 14

Article 22

MODIFICATION OF COMPENSATION AND COMPULSORY PURCHASING ENACTMENTS FOR CREATION OF NEW RIGHTS

Compensation enactments

1. The enactments for the time being in force with respect to compensation for the compulsory purchase of land apply, with the necessary modifications as respects compensation, in the case of a compulsory acquisition under this Order of a right by the creation of a new right, as they apply as respects compensation on the compulsory purchase of land and interests in land.

2.—(1) Without limitation on the scope of paragraph 1, the 1961 Act has effect subject to the following modification set out in sub-paragraph (2).

(2) For section 5A (5A) of the 1961 Act (relevant valuation date), substitute—

“(5A) If—

- (a) the acquiring authority enters on land for the purpose of exercising a right in pursuance of a notice of entry under section 11(1) of the 1965 Act (as modified by paragraph 5(5) of Schedule 14 to the Network Rail (Cambridgeshire Level Crossing Reduction) Order 2020 (“the 2020 Order”);
- (b) the acquiring authority is subsequently required by a determination under paragraph 12 of Schedule 2A to the 1965 Act (as substituted by paragraph 5(8) of Schedule 14 to the 2020 Order) to acquire an interest in the land, and
- (c) the acquiring authority enters on and takes possession of that land,

(a) The definition of “public utility undertakers” was amended by section 190(3) of, and Part 1 of Schedule 27 to, the Water Act 1989 (c. 15) and section 112(4) of, and Schedule 18 to, the Electricity Act 1989 (c. 29).

the authority is deemed for the purposes of subsection (3)(a) to have entered on that land when it entered on that land for the purpose of exercising that right.”

3.—(1) Without limitation on the scope of paragraph 1, the Land Compensation Act 1973(a) has effect subject to the modifications set out in sub-paragraph (2).

(2) In section 44(1) (compensation for injurious affection), as it applies to compensation for injurious affection under section 7 (measure of compensation in case of severance) of the 1965 Act as substituted by paragraph 5(3)—

- (a) for “land is acquired or taken” substitute “a right over land is purchased”; and
- (b) for “acquired or taken from him” substitute “over which the right is exercisable”.

Application of Part 1 of the 1965 Act

4. Part 1 (compulsory purchase under Acquisition of Land Act 1946) of the 1965 Act, as applied by article 20 (application of Part 1 of the 1965 Act) to the acquisition of land under article 19(1) (power to acquire land), applies to a compulsory acquisition of rights under article 22(1) (power to acquire new rights)—

- (a) with the modifications specified in paragraph 5, and
- (b) with such other modifications as may be necessary.

5.—(1) The modifications referred to in paragraph 4(a) are as follows.

(2) References in the 1965 Act to land are, in appropriate contexts, to be read (according to the requirements of the particular context) as referring to, or as including references to—

- (a) the right acquired or to be acquired, or
- (b) the land over which the right is, or is to be, exercisable.

(3) For section 7 (measure of compensation in the case of severance) of the 1965 Act substitute—

“7. In assessing the compensation to be paid by the acquiring authority under this Act, regard shall be had not only to the extent (if any) to which the value of the land over which the right is acquired is depreciated by the acquisition of the right, but also to the damage (if any) to be sustained by the owner of the land by reason of its severance from other land of the owner, or injuriously affecting that other land by the exercise of the powers conferred by this or the special Act.”.

(4) The following provisions of the 1965 Act (which state the effect of a deed poll executed in various circumstances where there is no conveyance by persons with interests in the land)—

- (a) section 9(4) (failure of owners to convey),
- (b) paragraph 10(3) of Schedule 1 (owners under incapacity),
- (c) paragraph 2(3) of Schedule 2 (absent and untraced owners), and
- (d) paragraphs 2(3) and 7(2) of Schedule 4 (common land),

are so modified as to secure that, as against persons with interests in the land which are expressed to be overridden by the deed, the right which is to be acquired compulsorily is vested absolutely in the acquiring authority.

(5) Section 11(b) (powers of entry) of the 1965 Act is modified so as to secure that, where the acquiring authority has served notice to treat in respect of any right as well as the notice required by subsection (1) of that section (as it applies to a compulsory acquisition under article 20(1)), it

(a) 1973 c. 26.

(b) Section 11 was amended by section 34(1) of, and Schedule 4 to, the Acquisition of Land Act 1981 (c. 67), section 3 of, and Part 1 of Schedule 1 to, the Housing (Consequential Provisions) Act 1985 (c. 71), section 14 of, and paragraph 12(1) of Schedule 5 to, the Church of England (Miscellaneous Provisions) Measure 2006 (No. 1), sections 186(2), 187(2) and 188 of, and paragraph 6 of Schedule 14 and paragraph 3 of Schedule 16 to, the Housing and Planning Act 2016 (c. 22) and S.I. 2009/1307.

has power, exercisable in the same circumstances and subject to the same conditions, to enter for the purpose of exercising that right; and sections 11A(a)(powers of entry: further notices of entry), 11B(b) (counter-notice requiring possession to be taken on a specified date), 12(c) (penalty for unauthorised entry) and 13(d) (refusal to give possession to acquiring authority) of that Act are modified accordingly.

(6) Section 20(e) (tenants at will etc.) of the 1965 Act applies with the modifications necessary to secure that persons with such interests in land as are mentioned in that section are compensated in a manner corresponding to that in which they would be compensated on a compulsory acquisition under this Order of that land, but taking into account only the extent (if any) of such interference with such interests as is actually caused, or likely to be caused, by the exercise of the right in question.

(7) Section 22 (interests omitted from purchase) of the 1965 Act (as modified by article 20(7)) is modified so as to enable the acquiring authority, in circumstances corresponding to those referred to in that section, to continue to be entitled to exercise the right acquired, subject to compliance with that section as respects compensation.

(8) For Schedule 2A to the 1965 Act substitute—

“SCHEDULE 2A COUNTER-NOTICE REQUIRING PURCHASE OF LAND

Introduction

1. This Schedule applies where an acquiring authority serve a notice to treat in respect of a right over the whole or part of a house, building or factory.

2. In this Schedule, “house” includes any park or garden belonging to a house.

Counter-notice requiring purchase of land

3. A person who is able to sell the house, building or factory (“the owner”) may serve a counter-notice requiring the authority to purchase the owner’s interest in the house, building or factory.

4. A counter-notice under paragraph 3 must be served within the period of 28 days beginning with the day on which the notice to treat was served.

Response to counter-notice

5. On receiving a counter-notice, the authority must decide whether to—

- (a) withdraw the notice to treat,
- (b) accept the counter-notice, or
- (c) refer the counter-notice to the Upper Tribunal.

6. The authority must serve notice of its decision on the owner within the period of 3 months beginning with the day on which the counter-notice is served (“the decision period”).

(a) Section 11A was inserted by section 186(3) of the Housing and Planning Act 2016.
(b) Section 11B was inserted by section 187(3) of the Housing and Planning Act 2016.
(c) Section 12 was amended by section 56(2) of, and Part 1 of Schedule 9 to, the Courts Act 1971 (c. 23) and paragraph 4 of Schedule 16 to the Housing and Planning Act 2016.
(d) Section 13 was amended by sections 62(3), 139(4) to (9) and 146 of, and paragraphs 27 and 28 of Schedule 13 and Part 3 of Schedule 23 to, the Tribunals, Courts and Enforcement Act 2007 (c. 15).
(e) Section 20 was amended by section 70 of, and paragraph 4 of Schedule 15 to, the Planning and Compensation Act 1991 (c. 34) and S.I. 2009/1307.

7. If the authority decides to refer the counter-notice to the Upper Tribunal it must do so within the decision period.

8. If the authority does not serve notice of a decision within the decision period it is to be treated as if it had served notice of a decision to withdraw the notice to treat at the end of that period.

9. If the authority serves notice of a decision to accept the counter-notice, the compulsory purchase order and the notice to treat are to have effect as if they included the owner's interest in the house, building or factory.

Determination by Upper Tribunal

10. On a referral under paragraph 7, the Upper Tribunal must determine whether the acquisition of the right would—

- (a) in the case of a house, building or factory, cause material detriment to the house, building or factory, or
- (b) in the case of a park or garden, seriously affect the amenity or convenience of the house to which the park or garden belongs.

11. In making its determination, the Upper Tribunal must take into account—

- (a) the effect of the acquisition of the right,
- (b) the use to be made of the right proposed to be acquired, and
- (c) if the right is proposed to be acquired for works or other purposes extending to other land, the effect of the whole of the works and the use of the other land.

12. If the Upper Tribunal determines that the acquisition of the right would have either of the consequences described in paragraph 10, it must determine how much of the house, building or factory the authority ought to be required to take.

13. If the Upper Tribunal determines that the authority ought to be required to take some or all of the house, building or factory, the compulsory purchase order and the notice to treat are to have effect as if they included the owner's interest in that land.

14.—(1) If the Upper Tribunal determines that the authority ought to be required to take some or all of the house, building or factory, the authority may at any time within the period of 6 weeks beginning with the day on which the Upper Tribunal makes its determination withdraw the notice to treat in relation to that land.

(2) If the acquiring authority withdraws the notice to treat under this paragraph it must pay the person on whom the notice was served compensation for any loss or expense caused by the giving and withdrawal of the notice.

(3) Any dispute as to the compensation is to be determined by the Upper Tribunal.”

SCHEDULE 15

Article 31

PROHIBITION OF VEHICULAR TRAFFIC

In the County of Cambridgeshire, District of East Cambridgeshire—

<i>(1)</i> <i>Area</i>	<i>(2)</i> <i>Road</i>	<i>(3)</i> <i>Extent</i>
Parish of Downham	BOAT 44	No vehicles exceeding two metres in width and exceeding 1.95 metres in height between points TR001 and TR002
Parish of Littleport	Lynn Road/Station Road	No vehicles except bicycles between points TR003 and TR004
Parish of Westley Waterless	Westley Bottom Road/BOAT 1	No vehicles exceeding 1.525 metres in width between points P111 and P114

SCHEDULE 16

Article 37

FOR THE PROTECTION OF DRAINAGE AUTHORITIES AND THE ENVIRONMENT AGENCY

1.—(1) The following provisions of this Schedule apply for the protection of the drainage authority unless otherwise agreed in writing between Network Rail and the drainage authority.

(2) In this Schedule—

“the Agency” means the Environment Agency;

“a category 1 specified work” means so much of any permanent or temporary work or operation authorised by this Order (which includes any dredging and any -geotechnical investigations that may be undertaken) as consists of—

- (a) erecting any structure (whether temporary or permanent) in, over or under a main river if the work is likely to affect any drainage work which is or includes a main river or the volumetric rate of flow of water in or flowing to or from any main river;
- (b) the carrying out of any work of alteration or repair of any structure (whether temporary or permanent) in, over or under a main river if the work is likely to affect the flow of water in the main river or to affect any drainage work;
- (c) erecting or altering any structure (whether temporary or permanent) designed to contain or divert the floodwaters of any part of a main river; or
- (d) any work or operation that is in, on, under, over or within 16 metres of a drainage work which is or includes a main river or is otherwise likely to affect any such drainage work or the volumetric rate of flow of water in or flowing to or from any drainage work.

“a category 2 specified work” means any of the following—

- (a) erecting any mill dam, weir or other like obstruction to the flow of any ordinary watercourse, or raising or otherwise altering any such obstruction;
- (b) erecting a culvert in any ordinary watercourse;
- (c) altering a culvert in a manner that would be likely to affect the flow of any ordinary watercourse; or

(d) altering, removing or replacing a structure or feature designated by a local drainage authority under Schedule 1 to the Flood and Water Management Act 2010(a);

“construction” includes execution, placing, altering, replacing, relaying and removal and “construct” and “constructed” are construed accordingly;

“the drainage authority” means—

(a) in relation to a category 1 specified work, the Agency;

(b) in relation to a category 2 specified work, the drainage board concerned within the meaning of section 23 (prohibition on obstructions etc in watercourses) of the Land Drainage Act 1991(b).

“drainage work” means any watercourse and includes any land which provides or is expected to provide flood storage capacity for any watercourse and any bank, wall, embankment or other structure, or any appliance, constructed or used for land drainage, flood defence or tidal monitoring;

“the fishery” means any waters containing fish and the spawn, habitat or food of such fish;

“a main river” and “ordinary watercourse” have the meanings given by respectively the Water Resources Act 1991 and the Land Drainage Act 1991;

“plans” includes sections, drawings, specifications and method statements;

“specified work” means a category 1 specified work or a category 2 specified work.

2.—(1) Before beginning to construct any specified work, Network Rail must submit to the drainage authority plans of the specified work and such further particulars available to it as the drainage authority may within 28 days of the receipt of the plans reasonably require.

(2) Any such specified work must not be constructed except in accordance with such plans as may be approved in writing by the drainage authority, or determined under paragraph 12.

(3) Any approval of the drainage authority required under this paragraph—

(a) must not be unreasonably withheld;

(b) is deemed to have been given if it is neither given nor refused within 2 months of the submission of the plans for approval and, in the case of a refusal, accompanied by a statement of the grounds of refusal; and

(c) may be given subject to such reasonable requirements as the drainage authority may make for the protection of any drainage work, fishery, water resources, or for the prevention of flooding or pollution or in the discharge of its environmental duties.

(4) The drainage authority must use its reasonable endeavours to respond to the submission of any plans before the expiration of the period mentioned in sub-paragraph (3)(b).

3. Without limitation on the scope of paragraph 2, the requirements which the drainage authority may make under that paragraph include conditions requiring Network Rail at its own expense to construct such protective works, whether temporary or permanent, before or during the construction of the specified works (including the provision of flood banks, walls or embankments or other new works and the strengthening, repair or renewal of existing banks, walls or embankments) as are reasonably necessary—

(a) to safeguard any drainage work against damage; or

(b) to secure that its efficiency for flood defence purposes is not impaired and that the risk of flooding is not otherwise increased,

by reason of any specified work.

4.—(1) Subject to sub-paragraph (2), any specified work, and all protective works required by the drainage authority under paragraph 3, must be constructed—

(a) 2010 c. 29.

(b) 1991 c. 59.

- (a) without unnecessary delay in accordance with the plans approved or settled under this Schedule; and
- (b) to the reasonable satisfaction of the drainage authority,

and an officer of the drainage authority is entitled to watch and inspect the construction of such works.

(2) Network Rail must give to the drainage authority not less than 14 days' notice in writing of its intention to commence construction of any specified work and notice in writing of its completion not later than 7 days after the date on which it is completed.

(3) If any part of a specified work or any protective work required by the drainage authority is constructed otherwise than in accordance with the requirements of this Schedule, the drainage authority may by notice in writing require Network Rail at Network Rail's own expense to comply with the requirements of this Schedule or (if Network Rail so elects and the drainage authority in writing consents, such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed) to remove, alter or pull down the work and, where removal is required, to restore the site to its former condition to such extent and within such limits as the drainage authority reasonably requires.

(4) Subject to sub-paragraph (5) and paragraph 8, if within a reasonable period, being not less than 28 days from the date when a notice under sub-paragraph (3) is served upon Network Rail, it has failed to begin taking steps to comply with the requirements of the notice and subsequently to make reasonably expeditious progress towards their implementation, the drainage authority may execute the works specified in the notice and any expenditure incurred by it in so doing is recoverable from Network Rail.

(5) In the event of any dispute as to whether sub-paragraph (3) is properly applicable to any work in respect of which notice has been served under that sub-paragraph, or as to the reasonableness of any requirement of such a notice, the drainage authority must not except in an emergency exercise the powers conferred by sub-paragraph (4) until the dispute has been finally determined.

(6) If by reason of construction of the specified work the Agency's access to flood defences or equipment maintained for flood defence purposes is materially obstructed, Network Rail must provide such alternative means of access to allow the Agency to maintain the flood defence or use the equipment no less effectively than before the obstruction.

5.—(1) Subject to sub-paragraph (5) Network Rail must from the commencement of the construction of the specified works maintain in good repair and condition and free from obstruction any drainage work which is situated within the limits of deviation and on land held by Network Rail for the purposes of or in connection with the specified works, whether or not the drainage work is constructed under the powers conferred by this Order or is already in existence.

(2) If any such drainage work which Network Rail is liable to maintain is not maintained to the reasonable satisfaction of the drainage authority, the drainage authority may by notice in writing require Network Rail to repair and restore the work, or any part of such work, or (if Network Rail so elects and the drainage authority in writing consents, such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed), to remove the work and restore the site to its former condition, to such extent and within such limits as the drainage authority reasonably requires.

(3) Subject to sub-paragraph (5) and paragraph 8, if, within a reasonable period being not less than 28 days beginning with the date on which a notice in respect of any drainage work is served under sub-paragraph (2) on Network Rail, Network Rail has failed to begin taking steps to comply with the reasonable requirements of the notice and has not subsequently made reasonably expeditious progress towards their implementation, the drainage authority may do what is necessary for such compliance and may recover any expenditure reasonably incurred by it in so doing from Network Rail.

(4) In the event of any dispute as to the reasonableness of any requirement of a notice served under sub-paragraph (2), the drainage authority must not except in a case of an emergency exercise the powers conferred by sub-paragraph (3) until the dispute has been finally determined.

(5) This paragraph does not apply to—

- (a) drainage works which are vested in the drainage authority, or which the drainage authority or another person is liable to maintain and is not precluded by the powers of the Order from doing so; and
- (b) any obstruction of a drainage work for the purpose of a work or operation authorised by this Order and carried out in accordance with the provisions of this Schedule.

6. Subject to paragraph 8, if by reason of the construction of any specified work or of the failure of any such work the efficiency of any drainage work for flood defence purposes is impaired, or that drainage work is otherwise damaged, such impairment or damage must be made good by Network Rail to the reasonable satisfaction of the drainage authority and if Network Rail fails to do so, the drainage authority may make good the same and recover from Network Rail the expense reasonably incurred by it in so doing.

7.—(1) Network Rail must take all such measures as may be reasonably practicable to prevent any interruption of the free passage of fish in the fishery during the construction of any specified work.

(2) If by reason of—

- (a) the construction of any specified work; or
- (b) the failure of any such work,

damage to a fishery is caused, or the Agency has reason to expect that such damage may be caused, the drainage authority may serve notice on Network Rail requiring it to take such steps as may be reasonably practicable to make good the damage, or, as the case may be, to protect the fishery against such damage.

(3) Subject to paragraph 8, if within such time as may be reasonably practicable for that purpose after the receipt of written notice from the Agency of any damage or expected damage to a fishery, Network Rail fails to take such steps as are described in sub-paragraph (2), the drainage authority may take those steps and may recover from Network Rail the expense reasonably incurred by it in doing so.

(4) Subject to paragraph 8, in any case where immediate action by the Agency is reasonably required in order to secure that the risk of damage to the fishery is avoided or reduced, the drainage authority may take such steps as are reasonable for the purpose, and may recover from Network Rail the reasonable cost of so doing provided that notice specifying those steps is served on Network Rail as soon as reasonably practicable after the Agency has taken, or commenced to take, the steps specified in the notice.

8. Nothing in paragraphs 4(4), 5(3), 6, 7(3) and (4) authorises the drainage authority to execute works on or affecting an operational railway forming part of Network Rail's network without the prior consent in writing of Network Rail such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed.

9. Network Rail must indemnify the drainage authority in respect of all costs, charges and expenses which the drainage authority may reasonably incur or have to pay or which it may sustain—

- (a) in the examination or approval of plans under this Schedule;
- (b) in the inspection of the construction of the specified works or any protective works required by the drainage authority under this Schedule.

10.—(1) Without affecting the other provisions of this Schedule, Network Rail must indemnify the drainage authority from all claims, demands, proceedings, costs, charges, penalties, damages, expenses and losses, which may be made or taken against, recovered from, or incurred by, the drainage authority by reason of—

- (a) any damage to any drainage work so as to impair its efficiency for the purposes of flood defence;
- (b) any damage to the fishery;
- (c) any raising or lowering of the water table in land adjoining the authorised development or any sewers, drains and watercourses;

- (d) any flooding or increased flooding of any such lands, or
- (e) inadequate water quality in any watercourse or other surface waters or in any groundwater,

which is caused by the construction of any of the specified works or any act or omission of Network Rail, its contractors, agents or employees whilst engaged upon the work.

(2) The drainage authority must give to Network Rail reasonable notice of any such claim or demand and no settlement or compromise may be made without the agreement of Network Rail which agreement must not be unreasonably withheld or delayed.

11. The fact that any work or thing has been executed or done by Network Rail in accordance with plans approved by the drainage authority, or to the drainage authority's satisfaction, or in accordance with any directions or award of an arbitrator, does not relieve Network Rail from any liability under the provisions of this Schedule.

12. Any dispute arising between Network Rail and the drainage authority under this Schedule, if the parties agree, is to be determined by arbitration under article 39 (arbitration), but otherwise is to be determined by the Secretary of State for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs and the Secretary of State for Transport acting jointly on a reference to them by Network Rail or the drainage authority, after notice in writing by one to the other.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Order)

This Order confers powers on Network Rail to close or downgrade the level crossings specified in articles 15 and 28, Schedule 2 and Schedule 4 and for the temporary use of land in connection with the construction of public rights of way and other works in the highway where these are required in connection with the level crossing changes.

The Order authorises the construction of works in connection with the closure of the level crossings, the extinguishment of existing public and private rights of way and the creation of alternative rights of way and other rights in land.

A copy of the deposited plans and the book of reference referred to in the Order may be inspected at the offices of the Company Secretary and Solicitor to Network Rail Infrastructure Limited at Network Rail National Records Centre, Unit 5, Audax Road, Clifton Moor, York, YO30 4US.

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