

## SCHEDULE 11

Emergency measures: *Anoplophora chinensis* (Forster)

### PART C

#### Measures to be taken in a demarcated area

**10.** Where an area is demarcated under paragraph 3, the appropriate UK plant health authority must ensure that measures are taken to eradicate the plant pest in the area or, where it has concluded that this is no longer possible, to contain the spread of the plant pest from the area.

**11.** The eradication measures must include—

- (a) the felling of all infested plants and plants with symptoms caused by the plant pest, other than any plant to which sub-paragraph (d) applies, and the complete removal of their roots at the appropriate time;
- (b) the felling of all susceptible plants within a radius of 100 m of an infested plant, other than any plant to which sub-paragraph (d) applies, and the examination of those plants for any sign of infestation;
- (c) the removal, examination and disposal of plants felled in accordance with sub-paragraphs (a) and (b) and their roots, taking all necessary precautions to avoid the spread of the plant pest during and after felling;
- (d) in any case where the appropriate UK plant health authority concludes that the felling of an infested tree, any tree with symptoms caused by the plant pest or a susceptible plant within a radius of 100 m of an infested plant would not be appropriate and alternative eradication measures can be applied to offer the same level of protection to those measures, those alternative eradication measures;
- (e) the prevention of any movement of potentially infested plants out of the demarcated area;
- (f) the tracing back to the origin of the infestation and the tracing of plants associated with the infestation as far as possible, along with examinations of the plants traced for any sign that they are infested with the plant pest, which must include targeted destructive sampling;
- (g) where appropriate, the replacement of susceptible plants by other plants;
- (h) the prohibition on the planting of susceptible plants in the open air within a radius of 100 m of an infested plant, except in a place of production;
- (i) intensive monitoring for the presence of the plant pest by annual inspections at appropriate times on host plants, with specific focus on the buffer zone, including, where appropriate, targeted destructive sampling;
- (j) activities to raise public awareness of the threat of the plant pest and the measures adopted to prevent its introduction into and spread within the relevant UK territory, including the conditions relating to the movement of susceptible plants from the demarcated area;
- (k) where necessary, specific measures to address any particularity or complication that could reasonably be expected to prevent, hinder or delay eradication of the plant pest; and
- (l) any other measure which may contribute to the eradication of the plant pest, taking into account the guidelines in ISPM No. 9 and ISPM No. 14.

**12.** The containment measures must include—

- (a) the felling of all infested plants and plants with symptoms caused by the plant pest, other than any plant to which sub-paragraph (c) applies, and the complete removal of their roots at the appropriate time;

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- (b) the removal, examination and disposal of plants felled in accordance with subparagraph (a) and their roots, taking all necessary precautions to avoid the spread of the plant pest after felling;
- (c) in any case where the appropriate UK plant health authority concludes that the felling and the disposal of an infested tree or any tree with symptoms caused by the plant pest would not be appropriate and alternative containment measures can be applied to offer the same level of protection to those measures, those alternative containment measures;
- (d) the prevention of any movement of potentially infested plants out of the demarcated area;
- (e) where appropriate, the replacement of susceptible plants by other plants;
- (f) the prohibition on the planting of susceptible plants in the open air within a radius of 100 m of an infested plant, except in a place of production;
- (g) intensive monitoring for the presence of the plant pest by annual inspections at appropriate times on host plants, which must include targeted destructive sampling;
- (h) activities to raise public awareness of the threat of the plant pest and the measures adopted to prevent its introduction into and spread within the relevant UK territory, including the conditions relating to the movement of susceptible plants from the demarcated area;
- (i) where necessary, specific measures to address any particularity or complication that could reasonably be expected to prevent, hinder or delay containment of the plant pest; and
- (j) any other measure which may contribute to the containment of the plant pest.

**13.** The appropriate UK plant health authority must set time periods for the implementation of the measures to be carried out.

**14.** The appropriate UK plant health authority may only conclude that it is not possible to eradicate the plant pest from a demarcated area where the results of official surveys carried out over a period of four or more consecutive years have confirmed the presence of the plant pest in the demarcated area and there is evidence that the plant pest can no longer be eradicated from the area.