

SCHEDULE 1

Article 3(1)

The Combined Authority Mayoral Elections Rules

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Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

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PART 1

General provisions

Citation

1. These Rules may be cited as the Combined Authority Mayoral Elections Rules.

Interpretation

2.—(1) In these Rules, “the Appendix” means the Appendix to these Rules contained in Part 9 of this Schedule.

(2) Other expressions used both in these Rules and in the 1983 Act (as it applies to local government elections), except for those defined in article 2 or modified by article 3, shall have the same meaning in these Rules as they have in that Act.

PART 2

Provisions as to time

Timetable

3. The proceedings at the election shall be conducted in accordance with the following Timetable:

<i>Proceeding</i>	<i>Time</i>
Publication of notice of election	Not later than the twenty-fifth day before the day of election
Delivery of nomination papers	Between 10 am and 4 pm on any day after the date of publication of the notice of election but not later than the 19th day before the day of the election
The making of objections to nomination papers	<p>(1) Subject to paragraph (2), during the hours allowed for delivery of nomination papers on the last day for their delivery and the hour following.</p> <p>(2) No objection may be made in the afternoon of that last day except to a nomination paper delivered within 24 hours of the last time for its delivery and, in the case of a nomination paper so delivered, no objection may be made to the sufficiency or nature of the particulars of the candidate unless made at or immediately after the time of the delivery of the nomination paper.</p>
Publication of statement as to persons nominated	Not later than 4 pm on the eighteenth day before the day of election
Delivery of notices of withdrawal of candidature	Not later than 4 pm on the nineteenth day before the day of election
Notice of poll	Not later than the sixth day before the day of election
Polling	Between the hours of 7 am and 10 pm on the day of election

Computation of time

4.—(1) In computing any period of time for the purposes of the Timetable—

- (a) a Saturday or Sunday,
- (b) Christmas Eve, Christmas Day, Good Friday or a bank holiday, or
- (c) a day appointed for public thanksgiving or mourning,

shall be disregarded, and any such day shall not be treated as a day for the purpose of any proceedings up to the completion of the poll nor shall the returning officer be obliged to proceed with the counting of the votes on such a day.

(2) In this rule, “bank holiday” means a day which is a bank holiday under the Banking and Financial Dealings Act 1971 in England and Wales⁽¹⁾.

PART 3

Stages common to contested and uncontested elections

Notice of Election and provision of information to calculate election expense limits

5.—(1) The combined authority returning officer must publish notice of the election stating—

- (a) the place and times at which nomination papers are to be delivered, and
- (b) the date of the poll in the event of a contest,

and the notice must state that forms of nomination papers may be obtained at that place and those times.

(2) The notice of election must also state the arrangements which apply for the payment of the deposit required by rule 10 to be made by means of the electronic transfer of funds.

(3) The notice of election must state the date by which—

- (a) applications to vote by post or by proxy, and
- (b) other applications and notices about postal or proxy voting,

must reach the registration officer in order that they may be effective for the election.

(4) Paragraphs (5) and (6) apply for the purposes of enabling persons to calculate the limitation of election expenses in accordance with section 76 of the Representation of the People Act 1983 (as modified by paragraph 1(21) of Schedule 2 to this Order).

(5) The combined authority returning officer must calculate the total number of entries in the register of electors to be used at the election as it has effect on the last day for publication of notice of the election in accordance with rule 3 and must, on written request, provide that information together with the total number of constituent councils.

(6) The information referred to in paragraph (5) must be provided as soon as practicable after the written request is received.

Nomination of candidates

6.—(1) Each candidate must be nominated by a separate nomination paper.

(2) A nomination paper must be in the appropriate form in the Appendix or a form to the like effect and shall be delivered at the place fixed for the purpose by the combined authority returning officer.

(3) Subject to paragraph (7), a nomination paper must state the candidate’s—

- (a) full names,
- (b) home address, in full, and
- (c) if desired, description,

and the surname must be placed first in the list of names.

(4) If a candidate commonly uses—

- (a) a surname which is different from any other surname the candidate has, or
- (b) a forename which is different from any other forename the candidate has,

(1) 1971 c. 80.

the nomination paper may state the commonly used surname or forename in addition to the other name.

(5) The description (if any) can only be—

- (a) one authorised as mentioned in rule 7(1) or (3), or
- (b) the word “Independent”.

(6) Paragraph (7) applies where the mayor is to exercise functions of a police and crime commissioner in accordance with an order made under Schedule 5C(2) to the 2009 Act.

(7) Where this paragraph applies, the nomination paper, instead of stating the candidate’s home address—

- (a) may contain a statement made and signed by the candidate that he or she requires the home address not to be made public, and
- (b) if it does so, must state the name of the relevant local government electoral area.

(8) In this rule, “relevant local government electoral area” means—

- (a) where a candidate is registered in the register of local government electors at an address within the area of a constituent council, the area of that council;
- (b) where a candidate is not so-registered but is qualified to be elected as mayor(3) by virtue of residing, occupying land or other premises, or having his or her principal or only place of work, within the area of a constituent council, the area of that council.

Nomination papers: name of registered political party

7.—(1) A nomination paper may not include a description of a candidate which is likely to lead electors to associate the candidate with a registered political party unless the party is a qualifying party in relation to the electoral area and the description is authorised by a certificate—

- (a) issued by or on behalf of the registered nominating officer of the party, and
- (b) received by the combined authority returning officer before the last time for the delivery of nomination papers set out in the Timetable in rule 3.

(2) In paragraph (1) an authorised description may be either—

- (a) the name of the party registered under section 28 of the Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act 2000(4), or
- (b) a description of the party registered under section 28A of that Act.

(3) A nomination paper may not include a description of a candidate which is likely to lead electors to associate the candidate with two or more registered political parties unless the parties are each qualifying parties in relation to the electoral area and the description is a registered description authorised by a certificate—

- (a) issued by or on behalf of the registered nominating officer of each of the parties, and
- (b) received by the combined authority returning officer before the last time for the delivery of nomination papers set out in the Timetable in rule 3.

(4) For the purposes of paragraph (3), a description is a registered description if it is a description registered for use by the parties under section 28B of the Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act 2000.

(2) Schedule 5C was inserted by the Cities and Local Government Devolution Act 2016 (c. 1), section 4 and Schedule 2.

(3) See paragraph 8 of Schedule 5B to the Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 for qualification requirements for mayoral candidates.

(4) 2000 c. 41. Section 28A was inserted by the Electoral Administration Act 2006 (c. 22), section 49(1).

(5) A person shall be guilty of a corrupt practice if that person fraudulently purports to be authorised to issue a certificate under paragraph (1) or (3) on behalf of a registered political party's nominating officer.

(6) For the purposes of the application of this rule in relation to an election—

(a) “registered political party” means a party which was registered under Part 2 of the Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act 2000 on the day (“the relevant day”) which is two days before the last day for the delivery of nomination papers at that election;

(b) a registered political party is a qualifying party in relation to an electoral area if the party was on the relevant day registered in respect of that part of Great Britain in the Great Britain register maintained under that Part of that Act.

(7) For the purposes of paragraph (6)(a), any day falling within rule 4(1) must be disregarded.

Subscription of nomination paper

8.—(1) Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3), the nomination paper must be subscribed by two electors as proposer and seconder, and by at least ninety-eight other electors as assenting to the nomination.

(2) The subscribers referred to in paragraph (1) must include at least 10 local government electors in respect of each relevant constituent council.

(3) Where there are more than 10 relevant constituent councils, the minimum number of subscribers referred to in paragraph (1) shall be the number of relevant constituent councils multiplied by 10.

(4) Where a nomination paper has the signatures of more than the required number of persons as proposing, seconding or assenting to the nomination of a candidate, the signature or signatures (up to the required number) appearing first on the paper in each category must be taken into account to the exclusion of any others in that category.

(5) The nomination paper must give the electoral number⁽⁵⁾ of each person subscribing it.

(6) The combined authority returning officer—

(a) must supply any elector with as many forms of nomination paper and forms of consent to nomination as may be required at the place and during the time for delivery of nomination papers, and

(b) must at any elector's request prepare a nomination paper for signature,

but it is not necessary for a nomination or consent to nomination to be on a form supplied by the combined authority returning officer.

(7) In this rule—

“elector” means a person entitled to vote as elector at the combined authority mayoral election⁽⁶⁾;

“local government elector” means a person who is registered in the register of local government electors at an address within the constituent council's area;

“relevant constituent council” means a district council which is a constituent council, or in the case of an area for which there is no district council, the county council.

(8) But, in this rule, “elector” does not include a person who has an anonymous entry in the register of local government electors.

⁽⁵⁾ See section 9(3) of the Representation of the People Act 1983 (c. 2) for meaning of “electoral number”.

⁽⁶⁾ See paragraph 6 of Schedule 5B to the Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 for entitlement to vote.

Consent to nomination

- 9.—**(1) A person shall not be validly nominated unless his or her consent to nomination—
- (a) is given in writing, on or within one month before the last day for the delivery of nomination papers,
 - (b) is in the appropriate form in the Appendix or a form to the like effect and includes a copy of paragraph 9 of Schedule 5B to the 2009 Act, section 34 of the Localism Act 2011⁽⁷⁾ and, where the combined authority mayor is to exercise functions of a police and crime commissioner in accordance with an order made under Schedule 5C to the 2009 Act, sections 64 to 68 of the Police Reform and Social Responsibility Act 2011⁽⁸⁾,
 - (c) is attested by one witness, and
 - (d) is delivered at the place and within the time for the delivery of nomination papers.

Deposits

10.—(1) A person shall not be validly nominated unless the sum of £5000 is deposited by that person or on that person's behalf, with the combined authority returning officer at the place and within the time for delivery of nomination papers.

- (2) The deposit may be made either—
- (a) by the deposit of any legal tender, or
 - (b) by means of a banker's draft, or
 - (c) with the combined authority returning officer's consent, in any other manner (including by means of a debit or credit card or the electronic transfer of funds),

but the combined authority returning officer may refuse to accept a deposit sought to be made by means of a banker's draft if the combined authority returning officer does not know that the drawer carries on business as a banker in the United Kingdom.

(3) Where the deposit is made on behalf of the candidate, the person making the deposit must at the time it is made give his or her name and address to the combined authority returning officer (unless they have previously been given to the combined authority returning officer under section 67⁽⁹⁾ (appointment of election agent) of the 1983 Act.

Place for delivery of nomination papers and right to attend nomination

11.—(1) The combined area returning officer must fix the place in the area of the combined authority at which nomination papers are to be delivered to that officer, and must attend there during the time for their delivery and for the making of objections to them.

(2) Except for the purpose of delivering a nomination paper or of assisting the combined authority returning officer, no other person is entitled to attend the proceedings during the time for delivery of nomination papers or for making objections to them unless that person is—

- (a) a person standing nominated as a candidate, or
- (b) the election agent, proposer or seconder of such a person, or
- (c) a person who is entitled to attend by virtue of section 6A or 6B of the Political Parties and Referendums Act 2000 Act⁽¹⁰⁾.

⁽⁷⁾ 2011 c. 20.

⁽⁸⁾ 2011 c. 13.

⁽⁹⁾ Section 67 was amended by the Greater London Authority Act 1999 (c. 29), section 17 and Schedule 3 and by the Representation of the People Act 1985 (c. 50), section 24 and Schedule 4.

⁽¹⁰⁾ 2000 c. 41. Section 6A and 6B were inserted by section 29 of the Electoral Administration Act 2006 (c.22). Section 6A(5) was amended by paragraph 10 of Schedule 10 to the Police Reform and Social Responsibility Act 2011 (c.13) and by S.I. 2007/1388.

(3) Where a candidate is the candidate's own election agent, the candidate may name one other person and that person is entitled to attend in place of the election agent.

(4) Where a person stands nominated by more than one nomination paper, only the persons subscribing as proposer and seconder—

(a) to such one of those papers as the candidate may select, or

(b) in default of such a selection, to that one of those papers which is first delivered,

are entitled to attend as the person's proposer and seconder.

(5) The right to attend conferred by this rule includes the right—

(a) to inspect, and

(b) to object to the validity of,

any nomination paper.

(6) Paragraph (5) does not apply to a person mentioned in paragraph (2)(c).

(7) One other person chosen by each candidate is entitled to be present at the delivery of the candidate's nomination, and may afterwards (so long as the candidate stands nominated) attend the proceedings referred to in paragraph (2) but without the right referred to in paragraph (5).

Decisions as to validity of nomination papers

12.—(1) Where a nomination paper and the candidate's consent to nomination are delivered in accordance with these Rules, the candidate shall be deemed to stand nominated unless and until—

(a) the combined authority returning officer decides that the nomination paper is invalid, or

(b) where it applies, the combined authority returning officer decides that rule 6(7) has not been complied with, or

(c) proof is given to the combined authority returning officer's satisfaction of the candidate's death, or

(d) the candidate withdraws.

(2) The combined authority returning officer is entitled to hold the nomination paper of a person invalid only on one of the following grounds—

(a) that the particulars of the candidate or of the persons subscribing the paper are not as required by law, and

(b) that the paper is not subscribed as so required.

(3) Subject to paragraph (4), the combined authority returning officer must, as soon as practicable after each nomination paper has been delivered, examine it and decide whether the candidate has been validly nominated.

(4) If in the combined authority returning officer's opinion a nomination paper breaks rule 7(1) or (3), the combined authority returning officer must give a decision to that effect—

(a) as soon as practicable after the delivery of the nomination paper, and

(b) in any event, before the end of the period of 24 hours starting with the last time for delivery of nomination papers set out in the Timetable in rule 3.

(5) Where the combined authority returning officer decides that a nomination paper is invalid, the combined authority returning officer must endorse and sign on the paper the fact and the reasons for that decision.

(6) The combined authority returning officer must send notice of the decision that a nomination paper is valid or invalid to each candidate at the candidate's home address as given in the nomination paper.

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

(7) The combined authority returning officer's decision that a nomination paper is valid shall be final and shall not be questioned in any proceeding whatsoever.

(8) Subject to paragraph (7), nothing in this rule prevents the validity of a nomination being questioned on an election petition.

Publication of statement of persons nominated

13.—(1) The combined authority returning officer must prepare and publish a statement showing the persons who have been and stand nominated and any other persons who have been nominated, with the reason why they no longer stand nominated.

(2) The statement must show the names, addresses and descriptions of the persons nominated as given in their nomination papers.

(3) If a person's nomination paper gives a commonly used surname or forename in addition to another name, the statement must show the person's commonly used surname or forename (as the case may be) instead of any other name.

(4) Paragraph (3) does not apply if the combined authority returning officer thinks—

(a) that the use of the person's commonly used name may be likely to mislead or confuse electors, or

(b) that the commonly used name is obscene or offensive.

(5) If paragraph (4) applies, the combined authority returning officer must give notice in writing to the candidate of the combined authority returning officer's reasons for refusing to allow the use of a commonly used name.

(6) The statement must show the persons standing nominated arranged alphabetically in the order of their surnames, and if there are two or more of them with the same surname, of their other names.

(7) In the case of a person nominated by more than one nomination paper, the combined authority returning officer must take the particulars required by the foregoing provisions of this rule from such one of the papers as the candidate (or the combined authority returning officer in default of the candidate) may select.

(8) In relation to a nominated person in whose case the nomination (or, if the person is nominated by more than one nomination paper, any of the nominations) contains—

(a) the statement mentioned in rule 6(7)(a), and

(b) the information mentioned in rule 6(7)(b),

the reference in paragraph (2) to the person's address shall be read as a reference to the information mentioned in rule 6(7)(b).

(9) Where—

(a) two or more of the names shown on the statement are the same or so similar as to be likely to cause confusion,

(b) the statement mentioned in rule 6(7)(a) has been made in relation to each of the persons in question, and

(c) the information mentioned in rule 6(7)(b) is the same for each of them,

the combined authority returning officer may cause any of their particulars to be shown on the statement with such amendments or additions as the officer thinks appropriate in order to reduce the likelihood of confusion.

Correction of minor errors

14.—(1) The combined authority returning officer may, if he or she thinks fit, at any time before the publication under rule 13 of the statement of persons nominated, correct minor errors in a nomination paper.

(2) Errors which may be corrected include—

- (a) errors as to a person's electoral number,
- (b) obvious errors of spelling in relation to the details of a candidate.

(3) Anything done by the combined authority returning officer in pursuance of this rule shall not be questioned in any proceedings other than proceedings on an election petition.

(4) The combined authority returning officer must have regard to any guidance issued by the Electoral Commission for the purposes of this rule.

Withdrawal of candidature

15.—(1) A candidate may withdraw their candidature by notice of withdrawal—

- (a) signed by the candidate and attested by one witness, and
- (b) delivered to the combined authority returning officer at the place for delivery of nomination papers.

(2) Where a candidate is outside the United Kingdom, a notice of withdrawal signed by the candidate's proposer and accompanied by a written declaration also so signed of the candidate's absence from the United Kingdom shall be of the same effect as a notice of withdrawal signed by the candidate; but where the candidate stands nominated by more than one nomination paper a notice of withdrawal under this paragraph shall be effective if, and only if—

- (a) it and the accompanying declaration are signed by all the proposers except any who is, and is stated in that declaration to be, outside the United Kingdom, or
- (b) it is accompanied, in addition to that declaration, by a written statement signed by the candidate that the proposer giving the notice is authorised to do so on the candidate's behalf during his absence from the United Kingdom.

Method of election

16. If, after any withdrawals under rule 15—

- (a) three or more candidates remain validly nominated, a poll shall be taken in accordance with Parts 4 and 5 of these Rules,
- (b) only two candidates remain validly nominated, a poll shall be taken in accordance with Part 4,
- (c) only one candidate remains validly nominated, that person shall be declared to be elected in accordance with Part 6.

PART 4

Contested elections

Poll to be taken by ballot

17. The votes at the poll shall be given by ballot.

The ballot papers

- 18.**—(1) The ballot of every person entitled to a vote at the election shall consist of a ballot paper.
- (2) The persons remaining validly nominated, after any withdrawals, and no others, shall be entitled to have their names inserted in the ballot paper at that election.
- (3) Every ballot paper must be in the appropriate form, and must be printed in accordance with the appropriate directions set out in the Appendix, and—
- (a) must contain the names and other particulars of the candidates as shown in the statement of persons nominated,
 - (b) must be capable of being folded up, and
 - (c) must have a number and other unique identifying mark printed on the back.
- (4) If a candidate who is the subject of a party's authorisation under rule 7(1) so requests, the ballot paper must contain, against the candidate's particulars, the party's registered emblem (or, as the case may be, one of the party's registered emblems).
- (5) If a candidate who is the subject of an authorisation by two or more parties under rule 7(3) so requests, the ballot paper must contain, against the candidate's particulars, the registered emblem (or, as the case may be, one of the registered emblems) of one of those parties.
- (6) The candidate's request under paragraph (4) or (5) must—
- (a) be made in writing to the returning officer, and
 - (b) be received by the returning officer before the last time for the delivery of nomination papers set out in the Timetable in rule 3.
- (7) The order of the names in the ballot paper must be the same as in the statement of persons nominated.

The corresponding number list

- 19.**—(1) The returning officer must prepare a list containing the numbers and other unique identifying marks of all of the ballot papers to be issued by the returning officer in pursuance of rule 24 or provided in pursuance of rule 28.
- (2) The list must be in the appropriate form in the Appendix or a form to the like effect.

The official mark

- 20.**—(1) Every ballot paper must contain an appropriate security marking (the official mark).
- (2) The official mark must be kept secret, and an interval of not less than five years shall intervene between the use of the same official mark at an election for the same combined authority.
- (3) The returning officer may use a different official mark for different purposes at the same election.

Prohibition of disclosure of vote

- 21.** No person who has voted at the election shall, in any legal proceeding to question the election, be required to state for whom he or she has voted.

Use of schools and public rooms

- 22.**—(1) The returning officer may use, free of charge, for the purpose of taking the poll or counting the votes—

- (a) a room in a school maintained or assisted by a local authority (as defined in the Education Act 1996⁽¹¹⁾) or a school in respect of which grants are made out of moneys provided by Parliament to the person or body of persons responsible for the management of the school,
 - (b) a room the expense of maintaining which is met by any local authority.
- (2) The use of a room in an unoccupied hereditament for that purpose or those purposes does not render a person liable to any payment by way of council tax or non-domestic rate in respect of that hereditament and any day on which it is so used.
- (3) The returning officer must make good any damage done to, and defray any expense incurred by the persons having control over, any such room as is mentioned in paragraph (1) by reason of its being used for the purpose of taking the poll or counting the votes.

Notice of poll

- 23.**—(1) The combined authority returning officer must publish notice of the poll stating—
- (a) the day and hours fixed for the poll,
 - (b) the particulars of each candidate remaining validly nominated (the names and other particulars of the candidates, and the order of the candidates' names being the same as in the statement of persons nominated), and
 - (c) the names of all persons signing a candidate's nomination paper.
- (2) Where a candidate is nominated by more than one nomination paper, the nomination paper referred to in paragraph (1)(c) must be that from which the names and other particulars of the candidate shown in the statement of persons nominated are taken.
- (3) The returning officer must, not later than the time of the publication of the notice of the poll, give public notice of—
- (a) the situation of each polling station, and
 - (b) the description of voters entitled to vote there,
- and the returning officer must as soon as practicable after giving such a notice give a copy of it to each of the election agents.

Postal ballot papers

- 24.**—(1) The returning officer must, in accordance with regulations made under the 1983 Act, issue to those entitled to vote by post a ballot paper and a postal voting statement in the appropriate form in the Appendix, or a form to the like effect, together with such envelopes for their return as may be prescribed by such regulations.
- (2) The returning officer must also issue to those entitled to vote by post such information as he thinks appropriate about how to obtain—
- (a) translations into languages other than English of any directions to or guidance for voters sent with the ballot paper,
 - (b) a translation into Braille of such directions or guidance,
 - (c) graphical representations of such directions or guidance,
 - (d) the directions or guidance in any other form (including any audible form).
- (3) The postal voting statement must include provision for the form to be signed and for stating the date of birth of the elector or proxy (as the case may be).

(11) 1996 c. 56.

(4) In the case of a ballot paper issued to a person at an address in the United Kingdom, the returning officer must ensure that the return of the ballot paper and postal voting statement is free of charge to the voter.

Provision of polling stations

25.—(1) The returning officer must provide a sufficient number of polling stations and, subject to the following provisions of this rule, must allot the electors to the polling stations in such manner as the returning officer thinks most convenient.

(2) One or more polling stations may be provided in the same room.

(3) The polling station allotted to electors from any parliamentary polling district wholly or partly within the electoral area must, in the absence of special circumstances, be in the parliamentary polling place for that district, unless that place is outside the electoral area.

(4) The returning officer must provide each polling station with such number of compartments as may be necessary in which the voters can mark their votes screened from observation.

Appointment of presiding officers and polling clerks

26.—(1) The returning officer must appoint and pay a presiding officer to attend at each polling station and such clerks as may be necessary for the purposes of the election, but the returning officer must not appoint any person who has been employed by or on behalf of a candidate in or about the election.

(2) The returning officer may, if the returning officer thinks fit, preside at a polling station and the provisions of these Rules relating to a presiding officer shall apply to a returning officer so presiding with the necessary modifications as to things to be done by the returning officer to the presiding officer or by the presiding officer to the returning officer.

(3) A presiding officer may do, by the clerks appointed to assist him or her, any act (including the asking of questions) which the presiding officer is required or authorised by these Rules to do at a polling station except order the arrest, exclusion or removal of any person from the polling station.

Issue of official poll cards

27.—(1) The returning officer must as soon as practicable after the publication of the notice of the election send to electors and their proxies an official poll card.

(2) An elector's official poll card must be sent or delivered to the elector's qualifying address⁽¹²⁾, and a proxy's to the proxy's address as shown in the list of proxies.

(3) The official poll card must be in the appropriate form in the Appendix, or a form to the like effect, and must set out—

- (a) the name of the combined authority to which the election relates,
- (b) that the election is a combined authority mayoral election,
- (c) the elector's name, qualifying address and number on the register,
- (d) the date and hours of the poll and the situation of the elector's polling station,
- (e) such other information as the returning officer thinks appropriate,

and different information may be provided in pursuance of sub-paragraph (e) to different electors or descriptions of elector.

⁽¹²⁾ See section 8(8)(b) of the Representation of the People Act 1983 (c. 2) for meaning of "qualifying address".

(4) In the case of an elector with an anonymous entry, instead of containing the matter mentioned in paragraph (3)(c), the poll card must contain such matter as is specified in the appropriate form in the Appendix.

(5) Paragraph (7) of rule 8 shall apply for the interpretation of this rule.

Equipment of polling stations

28.—(1) The returning officer must provide each presiding officer with such number of ballot boxes and ballot papers as in the returning officer's opinion may be necessary.

(2) Every ballot box must be so constructed that the ballot papers can be put in it, but cannot be withdrawn from it, without the box being unlocked or, where the box has no lock, the seal being broken.

(3) The returning officer must provide each polling station with—

- (a) materials to enable voters to mark the ballot papers,
- (b) copies of the register of electors for the electoral area or such part of it as contains the names of the electors allotted to the station,
- (c) the parts of any special lists prepared for the election corresponding to the register of electors for the electoral area or the part of it provided under sub-paragraph (b),
- (d) a list consisting of that part of the list prepared under rule 19 which contains the numbers (but not the other unique identifying marks) corresponding to those on the ballot papers provided to the presiding officer of the polling station.

(4) The reference in paragraph (3)(b) to the copies of the register of electors includes a reference to copies of any notices issued under section 13B(3B) or (3D)(13) of the 1983 Act in respect of alterations to the register.

(5) The returning officer must also provide each polling station with—

- (a) at least one large version of the ballot paper which must be displayed inside the polling station for the assistance of voters who are partially sighted,
- (b) an enlarged hand-held sample copy of the ballot paper for the assistance of voters who are partially sighted which must be clearly marked as a specimen provided only for the guidance of voters, and
- (c) a device of such description as is set out in paragraph (9) for enabling voters who are blind or partially sighted to vote without any need for assistance from the presiding officer or any companion (within the meaning of rule 39(1)).

(6) The combined authority returning officer must prepare and provide each returning officer with—

- (a) a notice in the appropriate form in the Appendix giving directions for the guidance of voters in voting, which must be printed in conspicuous characters and exhibited inside and outside every polling station; and
- (b) the following notice which must be exhibited in every compartment of every polling station—

*[Specify name of combined authority] COMBINED AUTHORITY MAYORAL ELECTION

*[Vote for ONLY ONE CANDIDATE by putting a cross [X] in the box next to your choice.]

(13) 1983 c. 2. Section 13B was inserted by the Representation of the People Act 2000 (c. 2), section 8 and Schedule 1; subsections (3B) and (3D) were inserted by the Electoral Administration Act 2000 (c. 22), section 11.

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

*[Vote by putting a cross [X] in the box—

In column A next to your FIRST CHOICE candidate

In column B next to your SECOND CHOICE candidate

Your first and second choices should be different.]

PUT NO OTHER MARK ON THE BALLOT PAPER OR YOUR VOTE MAY NOT COUNT.

*Complete or omit as necessary.

(7) The combined authority returning officer may also provide copies of the notices mentioned in paragraph (6) in such other form described in section 199B(2) or (3) of the Representation of the People Act 1983⁽¹⁴⁾ as the combined authority returning officer thinks appropriate and, if the returning officer agrees, these may also be exhibited inside and outside the polling station.

(8) Where the Electoral Commission publishes information about the supplementary vote system to be used at combined authority mayoral elections, the combined authority returning officer may provide each returning officer with a copy of that information for exhibition at a polling station.

(9) The device referred to in paragraph (5)(c) must—

- (a) allow a ballot paper to be inserted into and removed from, or attached to and detached from, the device easily and without damage to the paper,
- (b) hold the ballot paper firmly in place during use, and
- (c) provide suitable means for the voter to—
 - (i) identify the spaces on the ballot paper on which to mark a vote, and
 - (ii) identify the candidate to which each such space refers, and
 - (iii) mark the vote on the space the voter has chosen.

Appointment of polling and counting agents

29.—(1) Subject to paragraphs (5), (6) and (7), before the commencement of the poll each candidate may appoint—

- (a) polling agents to attend at polling stations for the purpose of detecting personation, and
- (b) counting agents to attend at the counting of the votes.

(2) The same person may be appointed as a polling agent or counting agent by more than one candidate.

(3) For each count, one (but not more than one) counting agent may be designated as a person authorised to require a re-count under rule 53.

(4) A designation under paragraph (3) must be made at the same time as the person's appointment as a counting agent.

(5) Not more than four polling agents, or such greater number as the returning officer may by notice allow, shall be permitted to attend at any particular polling station.

(6) If the number of such agents appointed to attend at a particular polling station exceeds the allowed number, the returning officer must determine which agents are permitted to attend by lot, and only the agents on whom the lot falls shall be deemed to have been duly appointed.

(7) The returning officer may limit the number of counting agents, but in doing so must ensure that—

- (a) the number is the same in the case of each candidate, and

⁽¹⁴⁾ Section 199B was inserted by the Electoral Administration Act 2006 (c. 22), section 36.

- (b) the number allowed to a candidate must not (except in special circumstances) be less than the number obtained by dividing the number of clerks employed on the counting by the number of candidates.
- (8) For the purposes of the calculations required by paragraph (5), a counting agent appointed for more than one candidate is a separate agent for each of the candidates for whom the agent has been appointed.
- (9) Notice in writing of the appointment, stating the names and addresses of the persons appointed, must be given by the candidate to the returning officer and must be so given not later than the fifth day (disregarding any day referred to in rule 4(1)) before the day of the poll.
- (10) If an agent dies, or becomes incapable of acting, the candidate may appoint another person in his or her place, and must forthwith give to the returning officer notice in writing of the name and address of that other person.
- (11) Any appointment for a candidate authorised by this rule may be made and the notice of appointment given to the returning officer by the candidate's election agent, instead of by the candidate.
- (12) In the following provisions of these Rules references to polling agents and counting agents shall be taken as references to agents—
 - (a) whose appointments have been duly made and notified, and
 - (b) where the number of agents is restricted, who are within the permitted numbers.
- (13) Any notice required to be given to a counting agent by the returning officer may be delivered at, or sent by post to, the address stated in the notice of appointment.
- (14) A candidate may do any act or thing which any polling or counting agent of the candidate's, if appointed, would have been authorised to do, or may assist his or her agent in doing any such act or thing.
- (15) A candidate's election agent may do or assist in doing anything which the candidate's polling or counting agent is authorised to do, and anything required or authorised by these Rules to be done in the presence of the polling or counting agent may be done in the presence of a candidate's election agent instead of his polling agent or counting agent.
- (16) Where by these Rules any act or thing is required or authorised to be done in the presence of the polling or counting agent, the non-attendance of any agent or agents at the time and place appointed for the purpose shall not, if the act or thing is otherwise duly done, invalidate the act or thing done.

Notification of requirement of secrecy

- 30.**—(1) The returning officer must make such arrangements as the returning officer thinks fit to ensure that—
- (a) every person attending at a polling station (otherwise than for the purpose of voting or assisting a voter with disabilities to vote or as a constable on duty there) has been given a copy in writing of the provisions of subsections (1), (3) and (6) of section 66 of the 1983 Act, and
 - (b) every person attending at the counting of the votes (other than any constable on duty at the counting) has been given a copy in writing of the provisions of subsections (2) and (6) of that section.
- (2) In this rule, a reference to a constable includes a person designated as a community support officer under section 38 of the Police Reform Act 2002⁽¹⁵⁾ (police powers for employees).

(15) 2002 c. 30.

Return of postal ballot papers**31.—(1) Where—**

- (a) a postal vote has been returned in respect of a person who is entered on the postal voters list, or
- (b) a proxy postal vote has been returned in respect of a proxy who is entered on the proxy postal voters list,

the returning officer must mark the list in the manner prescribed by regulations made under the 1983 Act.

(2) Rule 47(4) does not apply for the purpose of determining whether, for the purposes of this rule, a postal vote or a proxy postal vote is returned.

Admission to polling station**32.—(1) The presiding officer must exclude all persons from the polling station except—**

- (a) voters,
- (b) persons under the age of 18 who accompany voters to the polling station,
- (c) the candidates and their election agents,
- (d) the polling agents appointed to attend at the polling station,
- (e) the clerks appointed to attend at the polling station,
- (f) persons who are entitled to attend by virtue of any of sections 6A to 6D of the Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act 2000(16),
- (g) the returning officer and the returning officer's clerks;
- (h) the combined authority returning officer and the combined authority returning officer's clerks,
- (i) the constables on duty, and
- (j) the companions of voters with disabilities.

(2) The presiding officer must regulate the total number of voters and persons under the age of 18 who accompany them to be admitted to the polling station at the same time.

(3) Not more than one polling agent shall be admitted at the same time to a polling station on behalf of the same candidate.

(4) A constable or person employed by a returning officer or by the combined authority returning officer must not be admitted to vote in person elsewhere than at their own polling station allotted to them under these Rules, except on production and surrender of a certificate as to that person's employment which must be in the appropriate form in the Appendix, or a form to the like effect, and signed by an officer of police of or above the rank of inspector or by the returning officer or combined authority returning officer, as the case may be.

(5) Any certificate surrendered under this rule must forthwith be cancelled.

(6) In this rule, a reference to a constable includes a person designated as a community support officer under section 38 of the Police Reform Act 2002.

Keeping of order in station**33.—(1) It is the presiding officer's duty to keep order at the polling station.**

(16) 2000 c. 41. Sections 6A to 6D were inserted by the Electoral Administration Act 2006 (c. 22) and relevant amendments were made by the Police Reform and Social Responsibility Act 2011 (c. 13), section 74 and Schedule 10 and by the Recall of MPs Act 2015 (c. 25), section 20 and Schedule 6.

(2) If a person misconducts themselves in a polling station, or fails to obey the presiding officer's lawful orders, that person may immediately, by the presiding officer's order, be removed from the polling station—

(a) by a constable in or near that station, or

(b) by any other person authorised in writing by the returning officer to remove him or her, and the person so removed shall not, without the presiding officer's permission, again enter the polling station during the day.

(3) Any person so removed may, if charged with the commission in the polling station of an offence, be dealt with as a person taken into custody by a constable for an offence without a warrant.

(4) The powers conferred by this rule must not be exercised so as to prevent a voter who is otherwise entitled to vote at a polling station from having an opportunity of voting at that station.

Sealing of ballot boxes

34. Immediately before the commencement of the poll, the presiding officer must—

(a) show the ballot box, empty, to such persons, if any, as are present in the polling station, so that they may see that the box is empty,

(b) lock up the box (if it has a lock),

(c) place the presiding officer's seal—

(i) on the lock, or

(ii) where the ballot box has no lock, on the box,

in such a manner as to prevent its being opened without breaking the seal,

(d) place the box in his or her view for the receipt of ballot papers, and

(e) keep the box locked and sealed or, as the case may be, sealed.

Questions to be put to voters

35.—(1) At the time of the application for a ballot paper (but not afterwards), the questions specified in the second column of the following Table—

(a) may be put by the presiding officer to a person applying for a ballot paper who is mentioned in the first column, and

(b) must be put if the letter "R" appears after the question and the candidate or his election or polling agent requires the question to be put:

<i>Q No</i>	<i>Person applying for ballot paper</i>	<i>Question</i>
1	A person applying as an elector	<p>(a) Are you the person registered in the register of local government electors for this election as follows? <i>read the whole entry from the register</i> [R]</p> <p>(b) Have you already voted here or elsewhere at this election for a combined authority mayor otherwise than as proxy for some other person? [R]</p>
2	A person applying as proxy	(a) Are you the person whose name appears as AB in the list of proxies for this election

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

<i>Q No</i>	<i>Person applying for ballot paper</i>	<i>Question</i>
		as entitled to vote as proxy on behalf of CD? [R]
		(b) Have you already voted here or elsewhere at this election for a combined authority mayor as proxy on behalf of CD? [R]
		(c) Are you the spouse, civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, child or grandchild of CD? [R]
3	A person applying as proxy for an elector with an anonymous entry (instead of the questions at entry 2)	(a) Are you the person entitled to vote as proxy on behalf of the elector whose number on the register of electors is (<i>read out the number</i>)? [R]
		(b) Have you already voted here or elsewhere as proxy on behalf of the elector whose number on the register of electors is (<i>read out the number</i>)? [R]
		(c) Are you the spouse, civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, child or grandchild of the person whose number on the register of electors is (<i>read out the number</i>)? [R]
4	A person applying as proxy if the question at entry 2(c) or 3(c) is not answered in the affirmative	Have you already voted at this election for a combined authority mayor on behalf of two persons of whom you are not the spouse, civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, child or grandchild? [R]
5	A person applying as an elector in relation to whom there is an entry in the postal voters list	(a) Did you apply to vote by post? (b) Why have you not voted by post?
6	A person applying as proxy who is named in the proxy postal voters list	(a) Did you apply to vote by post as proxy? (b) Why have you not voted by post as proxy?

(2) In the case of an elector in respect of whom a notice has been issued under section 13B(3B) or (3D) of the 1983 Act, the references in the questions at entries 1(a) and 3(a), (b) and (c) to reading from the register shall be taken as references to reading from the notice issued under section 13B(3B) or (3D) of the 1983 Act.

(3) A ballot paper must not be delivered to any person required to answer any of the above questions unless he has answered each question satisfactorily.

(4) Except as authorised by this rule, no inquiry shall be permitted as to the right of any person to vote.

Challenge of voter

36. A person must not be prevented from voting by reason only that—

- (a) a candidate or the candidate's election or polling agent declares that he or she has reasonable cause to believe that the person has committed an offence of personation, or
- (b) the person is arrested on the grounds that he or she is suspected of committing or of being about to commit such an offence.

Voting procedure

37.—(1) A ballot paper must be delivered to a voter who applies for one, and immediately before delivery—

- (a) the number and (unless paragraph (2) applies) name of the elector as stated in the copy of the register of electors must be called out,
- (b) the number of the elector must be marked on the list mentioned in rule 28(3)(d) beside the number of the ballot paper to be issued to the elector,
- (c) a mark must be placed in the copy of the register of electors against the number of the elector to note that a ballot paper has been received but without showing the particular ballot paper which has been received, and
- (d) in the case of a person applying for a ballot paper as proxy, a mark must also be placed against his name in the list of proxies.

(2) In the case of an elector who has an anonymous entry, the elector (E) must show the presiding officer E's official poll card and only E's number shall be called out in pursuance of paragraph (1)(a).

(3) In the case of an elector who is added to the register in pursuance of a notice issued under section 13B(3B) or (3D) of the 1983 Act, paragraph (1) is modified as follows—

- (a) in sub-paragraph (a), for "copy of the register of electors" substitute "copy of the notice issued under section 13B(3B) or (3D) of the 1983 Act",
- (b) in sub-paragraph (c), for "in the register of electors" substitute "on the copy of the notice issued under section 13B(3B) or (3D) of the 1983 Act".

(4) The voter, on receiving the ballot paper, must forthwith proceed into one of the compartments in the polling station and there secretly mark the paper and fold it up so as to conceal the vote, and must then show to the presiding officer the back of the paper, so as to disclose the number and other unique identifying mark, and put the ballot paper so folded up into the ballot box in the presiding officer's presence.

(5) The voter must vote without undue delay, and must leave the polling station as soon as the voter's ballot paper has been put into the ballot box.

(6) A voter who at the close of the poll is in the polling station, or in a queue outside the polling station, for the purposes of voting shall (despite the close of the poll) be entitled to apply for a ballot paper under paragraph (1); and these Rules apply in relation to such a voter accordingly.

Votes marked by presiding officer

38.—(1) The presiding officer, on the application of a voter—

- (a) who is incapacitated by blindness or other disability from voting in the manner directed by these Rules, or
- (b) who declares orally that he or she is unable to read,

must, in the presence of the polling agents, cause the voter's vote to be marked on a ballot paper in the manner directed by the voter, and the ballot paper to be placed in the ballot box.

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

(2) The name and number on the register of electors of every voter whose vote is marked in pursuance of this rule, and the reason why it is so marked, must be entered on a list (in these Rules called “the list of votes marked by the presiding officer”).

(3) In the case of a person voting as proxy for an elector, the number to be entered together with the voter’s name shall be the elector’s number.

(4) In the case of a person in respect of whom a notice has been issued under section 13B(3B) or (3D) of the 1983 Act, paragraph (2) applies as if for “on the register of electors of every voter” there were substituted “relating to every voter in respect of whom a notice has been issued under section 13B(3B) or (3D) of the 1983 Act”.

Voting by persons with disabilities

39.—(1) If a voter makes an application to the presiding officer to be allowed, on the ground of—

- (a) blindness or other disability, or
- (b) inability to read,

to vote with the assistance of another person by whom the voter is accompanied (in these Rules referred to as “the companion”), the presiding officer must require the voter to declare, orally or in writing, whether the voter is so incapacitated by blindness or other disability, or by inability to read, as to be unable to vote without assistance.

(2) If the presiding officer—

- (a) is satisfied that the voter is so incapacitated, and
- (b) is also satisfied by a written declaration made by the companion (in these Rules referred to as “the declaration made by the companion of a voter with disabilities”) that the companion—
 - (i) is a qualified person within the meaning of this rule, and
 - (ii) has not previously assisted more than one voter with disabilities to vote at the election,

the presiding officer must grant the application, and then anything which is by these Rules required to be done to or by that voter in connection with the giving of the voter’s vote may be done to, or with the assistance of, the companion.

(3) For the purposes of these Rules—

- (a) a person is a voter with disabilities if the voter has made such a declaration as is mentioned in paragraph (1), and
- (b) a person shall be qualified to assist a voter with disabilities to vote if that person is either—
 - (i) a person who is entitled to vote as an elector at the election, or
 - (ii) the father, mother, brother, sister, spouse, civil partner, son or daughter of the voter and has attained the age of 18 years.

(4) Subject to paragraph (5), the name and number in the register of electors of every voter whose vote is given in accordance with this rule and the name and address of the companion must be entered on a list (in these Rules referred to as “the list of voters with disabilities assisted by companions”).

(5) In the case of a person voting as proxy for an elector, the number to be entered together with the voter’s name shall be the elector’s number.

(6) In the case of a person in respect of whom a notice has been issued under section 13B(3B) or (3D) of the 1983 Act, paragraph (4) applies as if for “in the register of electors of every voter” there were substituted “relating to every voter in respect of whom a notice has been issued under section 13B(3B) or (3D) of the 1983 Act”.

- (7) The declaration made by the companion of a voter with disabilities—
 - (a) must be in the appropriate form in the Appendix or a form to the like effect,
 - (b) must be made before the presiding officer at the time when the voter applies to vote with the assistance of the companion, and
 - (c) must forthwith be given to the presiding officer who must attest and retain it.
- (8) No fee or other payment shall be charged in respect of the declaration.

Tendered ballot papers—circumstances where available

40.—(1) If a person, representing themselves to be—

- (a) a particular elector named on the register and not named in the absent voters list, or
- (b) a particular person named in the list of proxies as proxy for an elector and not entitled to vote by post as proxy,

applies for a ballot paper after another person has voted in person either as the elector or his proxy, the applicant shall, on satisfactorily answering the questions permitted by law to be asked at the poll, be entitled, subject to the provisions of rule 41, to mark a ballot paper (in these Rules referred to as “a tendered ballot paper”) in the same manner as any other voter.

(2) Paragraph (4) applies if—

- (a) a person (P) applies for a ballot paper representing themselves to be a particular elector named on the register,
- (b) P is also named in the postal voters list, and
- (c) P claims that P did not make an application to vote by post at the election.

(3) Paragraph (4) also applies if—

- (a) a person (P) applies for a ballot paper representing themselves to be a particular person named as a proxy in the list of proxies,
- (b) P is also named in the proxy postal voters list, and
- (c) P claims that they did not make an application to vote by post as proxy.

(4) P shall, on satisfactorily answering the questions permitted by law to be asked at the poll, be entitled, subject to the provisions of rule 41, to mark a ballot paper (in these Rules referred to as a “tendered ballot paper”) in the same manner as any other voter.

(5) Paragraph (6) applies if, before the close of the poll but after the last time at which a person may apply for a replacement postal ballot paper, a person represents themselves to be—

- (a) a particular elector named on the register who is also named in the postal voters list, or
- (b) a particular person named as a proxy in the list of proxies and who is also named in the proxy postal voters list,

and claims to have lost or not received the postal ballot paper.

(6) The person shall, on satisfactorily answering the questions permitted by law to be asked at the poll, be entitled, subject to the provisions of rule 41, to mark a ballot paper (in these Rules referred to as a “tendered ballot paper”) in the same manner as any other voter.

Tendered ballot papers—general provisions

41.—(1) A tendered ballot paper must—

- (a) be of a colour differing from that of the other ballot papers,

- (b) instead of being put into the ballot box, be given to the presiding officer and endorsed by the presiding officer with the name of the voter and the voter's number in the register of electors, and set aside in a separate packet.
- (2) The name of the voter and the voter's number in the register of electors must be entered on a list (in these Rules referred to as the "tendered votes list").
- (3) In the case of a person voting as proxy for an elector, the number to be endorsed or entered together with the voter's name shall be the number of that elector.
- (4) In the case of an elector who has an anonymous entry, this rule and rule 40 apply subject to the following modifications—
 - (a) in paragraphs (1)(b) and (2) above, the references to the name of the voter shall be ignored,
 - (b) otherwise, a reference to a person named on a register or list shall be construed as a reference to a person whose number appears in the register or list (as the case may be).
- (5) In the case of a person in respect of whom a notice has been issued under section 13B(3B) or (3D) of the 1983 Act, this rule and rule 40 shall apply as if—
 - (a) in rule 40(1)(a), (2)(a) and (5)(a), for "named on the register" there were substituted "in respect of whom a notice under section 13B(3B) or (3D) of the 1983 Act has been issued",
 - (b) in paragraph (1)(b) of this rule for "the voter's number in the register of electors" there were substituted "the number relating the voter on a notice issued under section 13B(3B) or (3D) of the 1983 Act",
 - (c) in paragraph (2) of this rule, for "the voter's number in the register of electors" there were substituted "the number relating to the voter on a notice issued under section 13B(3B) or (3D) of the 1983 Act".

Spoilt ballot papers

42. A voter who has inadvertently dealt with the ballot paper in such manner that it cannot be conveniently used as a ballot paper may, on delivering it to the presiding officer and proving to the officer's satisfaction the fact of the inadvertence, obtain another ballot paper in the place of the ballot paper so delivered (in these Rules referred to as "a spoilt ballot paper"), and the spoilt ballot paper must be immediately cancelled.

Correction of errors on day of poll

43. The presiding officer must keep a list of persons to whom ballot papers are delivered in consequence of an alteration to the register made by virtue of section 13B(3B) or (3D) of the 1983 Act which takes effect on the day of the poll.

Adjournment of poll in case of riot

44.—(1) Where the proceedings at any polling station are interrupted or obstructed by riot or open violence, the presiding officer must adjourn the proceedings till the following day and must forthwith give notice to the returning officer.

- (2) Where the poll is adjourned at any polling station—
 - (a) the hours of polling on the day to which it is adjourned must be the same as for the original day, and
 - (b) references in these Rules to the close of the poll shall be construed accordingly.

Procedure on close of poll

45.—(1) As soon as practicable after the close of the poll, the presiding officer must, in the presence of the polling agents, make up into separate packets, sealed with the presiding officer's own seal and the seals of such polling agents as desire to affix their seals—

- (a) each ballot box in use at the station, sealed so as to prevent the introduction of additional ballot papers and unopened, but with the key, if any, attached,
- (b) the unused and spoilt ballot papers placed together,
- (c) the tendered ballot papers,
- (d) the marked copies of the register of electors (including any marked copy notices issued under section 13B(3B) or (3D) of the 1983 Act) and of the list of proxies,
- (e) the lists prepared under rule 19 including the parts which were completed in accordance with rule 37(1)(b) (together referred to in these Rules as “the completed corresponding number lists”),
- (f) the certificates as to employment on duty on the day of the poll,
- (g) the tendered votes list, the list of voters with disabilities assisted by companions, the list of votes marked by the presiding officer, a statement of the number of voters whose votes are so marked by the presiding officer under the heads “disability” and “unable to read”, the list maintained under rule 43 (correction of errors on day of poll), and the declarations made by the companions of voters with disabilities,

and must deliver the packets or cause them to be delivered to the returning officer to be taken charge of by the returning officer; but if the packets are not delivered by the presiding officer personally to the returning officer, the arrangements for their delivery shall require the returning officer's approval.

(2) The marked copies of the register of electors and of the list of proxies must be in one packet but must not be in the same packet as the completed corresponding number lists or the certificates as to employment on duty on the day of the poll.

(3) The packets must be accompanied by a statement (in these Rules referred to as “the ballot paper account”) made by the presiding officer showing the number of ballot papers entrusted to the presiding officer, and accounting for them under the heads—

- (a) ballot papers issued and not otherwise accounted for,
- (b) unused ballot papers,
- (c) spoilt ballot papers and
- (d) tendered ballot papers.

Attendance at verification

46.—(1) The returning officer must make arrangements for the verification of the ballot paper accounts in the presence of the counting agents as soon as practicable after the close of the poll.

(2) The returning officer must give to the counting agents notice in writing of the time and place at which the verification of the ballot paper accounts will begin.

(3) No person other than—

- (a) the returning officer and the returning officer's clerks,
- (b) the candidates and one other person chosen by each of them,
- (c) the election agents,
- (d) the counting agents,

- (e) persons who are entitled to attend by virtue of any of sections 6A to 6D of the Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act 2000,
- (f) the combined authority returning officer and the combined authority returning officer's clerks,

may be present at the verification of the ballot papers, unless permitted by the returning officer to attend.

(4) A person not entitled to attend at the verification of the ballot papers shall not be permitted to do so by the returning officer unless the returning officer—

- (a) is satisfied that the efficient counting of the votes will not be impeded, and
- (b) has either consulted the election agents or thought it impracticable to do so.

(5) The returning officer must give the counting agents all such reasonable facilities for overseeing the proceedings, and all such information with respect to them, as the returning officer can give them consistently with the orderly conduct of the proceedings and the discharge of the returning officer's duties in connection with them.

Procedure at verification of ballot paper accounts

47.—(1) The returning officer must, in the presence of the counting agents—

- (a) open each ballot box and count and record the number of ballot papers in it,
- (b) verify each ballot paper account,
- (c) count such of the postal ballot papers as have been duly returned and record the number counted.

(2) A postal ballot paper must not be taken to be duly returned unless—

- (a) it is returned in the manner set out in paragraph (3) and reaches the returning officer or any polling station in the local authority area for which the returning officer acts before the close of the poll, and
- (b) the postal voting statement, duly signed, is also returned in the manner set out in paragraph (3) and reaches the returning officer or such a polling station before that time,
- (c) the postal voting statement also states the date of birth of the elector or proxy (as the case may be), and
- (d) in a case where steps for verifying the date of birth and signature of an elector or proxy have been prescribed by regulations made under the 1983 Act, the returning officer (having taken such steps) verifies the date of birth and signature of the elector or proxy (as the case may be).

(3) The manner in which any postal ballot paper or postal voting statement may be returned—

- (a) to the returning officer, is by hand or by post,
- (b) to a polling station, is by hand.

(4) A postal ballot paper or postal voting statement that reaches the returning officer or a polling station on or after the close of the poll is treated for the purposes of this rule as reaching that officer or polling station before the close of the poll if it is delivered by a person who, at the close of the poll, is in the polling station, or in a queue outside the polling station, for the purpose of returning it.

(5) The returning officer, while counting and recording the number of ballot papers, must keep the ballot papers with their faces upwards and take all proper precautions for preventing any person from seeing the numbers or other unique identifying marks printed on the back of the papers.

(6) Unless otherwise directed by the combined authority returning officer, the returning officer must determine the hours during which the procedure under this rule is to be carried out and must take proper precautions for the security of the ballot papers and documents.

(7) The returning officer (R) must verify each ballot paper account by comparing it with the number of ballot papers recorded by R, and the unused and spoilt ballot papers in R's possession and the tendered votes list (opening and resealing the packets containing the unused and spoilt ballot papers and the tendered votes list) and must draw up a provisional statement as to the result of the verification, which any election agent may copy.

(8) As soon as practicable after the returning officer has drawn up the statement as to the result of the verification, the returning officer must inform the combined authority returning officer of its contents.

Additional steps: verification and count carried out at different places

48.—(1) This rule applies where the votes at an election are to be counted at a place other than that at which the procedures for the verification of the ballot paper accounts are carried out.

(2) The returning officer must on completing the procedure under rule 47—

- (a) make up into packets the ballot papers and the postal ballot papers for the election and seal them up into containers endorsing on each the description of the voting area to which those ballot papers relate; and
- (b) deliver or cause to be delivered to the place at which the counting of the votes is to be carried out—
 - (i) those containers together with a list of them and of the contents of each, and
 - (ii) the ballot paper accounts together with a copy of the statement as to the result of their verification.

(3) If the packets are not delivered by the returning officer personally, their delivery must be in accordance with arrangements approved by the combined authority returning officer.

(4) The combined authority returning officer may give a returning officer directions which, once the packets have been delivered to the place where the votes at the election are to be counted, require the returning officer to take specified steps for the carrying out of further specified verification procedures in relation to the ballot papers and other documents relating to the election.

(5) In paragraph (4), “specified” means specified by the combined authority area returning officer in directions given under that paragraph.

Attendance at the count

49.—(1) The returning officer must make arrangements for counting the votes in the presence of the counting agents as soon as practicable after the close of the poll, and must give to the counting agents notice in writing of the time and place—

- (a) at which the returning officer will begin to count the votes, and
- (b) at which the returning officer will begin any count of the second preference votes.

(2) No person other than—

- (a) the returning officer and the returning officer's clerks,
- (b) the candidates and one other person chosen by each of them,
- (c) the election agents,
- (d) the counting agents,

- (e) persons who are entitled to attend by virtue of any of sections 6A to 6D of the Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act 2000,
- (f) the combined authority returning officer and the combined authority returning officer's clerks,

may be present at the counting of the votes, unless permitted by the returning officer to attend.

(3) A person not entitled to attend at the counting of the votes shall not be permitted to do so by the returning officer unless the returning officer—

- (a) is satisfied that the efficient counting of the votes will not be impeded, and
- (b) has either consulted the election agents or thought it impracticable to do so.

(4) The returning officer must give the counting agents all such reasonable facilities for overseeing the proceedings, and all such information with respect to them, as the returning officer can give them consistently with the orderly conduct of the proceedings and the discharge of the returning officer's duties in connection with them.

(5) In particular, where the votes are counted by sorting the ballot papers according to the candidate for whom the vote is given and then counting the number of ballot papers for each candidate, the counting agents shall be entitled to satisfy themselves that the ballot papers are correctly sorted.

The first count

50.—(1) Where the containers referred to in rule 48 are delivered to the place where the counting of votes is to be carried out, the returning officer must open in the presence of the counting agents all the packets of ballot papers other than those containing unused, spoilt or tendered ballot papers.

(2) The returning officer must not count the votes given on any ballot papers until—

- (a) in the case of postal ballot papers, they have been mixed with the ballot papers from at least one ballot box, and
- (b) in the case of ballot papers from a ballot box, they have been mixed with the ballot papers from at least one other ballot box.

(3) The returning officer shall then—

- (a) where the election is contested by three or more candidates, count the first preference votes given on them,
- (b) where the election is contested by only two candidates, count the votes given on them.

(4) The returning officer must not count any tendered ballot paper.

(5) The returning officer, while counting the votes, must keep the ballot papers with their faces upwards and take all proper precautions for preventing any person from seeing the numbers or other unique identifying marks printed on the back of the papers.

(6) The returning officer must so far as practicable proceed continuously with counting the votes, allowing only time for refreshment, except that the returning officer may exclude the hours between 7 in the evening and 9 on the following morning.

(7) During the time so excluded the returning officer must—

- (a) place the ballot papers and other documents relating to the election under the returning officer's own seal and the seals of such of the counting agents as desire to affix their seals, and
- (b) otherwise take proper precautions for the security of the papers and documents.

Rejected ballot papers

51.—(1) Any ballot paper—

- (a) which does not bear the official mark, or
- (b) on which more than one first preference vote is given, or
- (c) on which anything is written or marked by which the voter can be identified except the printed number and other unique identifying mark on the back, or
- (d) which is unmarked or void for uncertainty as to the first preference vote,

shall, subject to paragraph (2), be void and not counted.

(2) A ballot paper on which the vote is marked—

- (a) elsewhere than in the proper place, or
- (b) otherwise than by means of a cross, or
- (c) by more than one mark,

shall not for such reason be deemed to be void if—

- (i) at an election at which three or more candidates remain validly nominated, an intention that a vote shall be given, by way of a first preference vote, for not more than one of the candidates clearly appears, or
- (ii) at any other election, an intention that a vote shall be for one only of the candidates clearly appears,

and (in either case) the way the paper is marked does not itself identify the voter and it is not shown that he can be identified by it.

(3) A ballot paper which is not otherwise void and on which not more than one first preference vote is marked (whether or not a second preference vote is marked) shall be valid as respects that vote, and counted accordingly.

(4) The returning officer must endorse the word “rejected” on any ballot paper which under this rule is not to be counted, and shall add to the endorsement the words “rejection objected to” if any objection is made to the returning officer’s decision by a counting agent.

(5) The returning officer must draw up a provisional statement showing the number of ballot papers rejected, under the several heads of—

- (a) want of official mark,
- (b) voting for more than one candidate as to the first preference vote,
- (c) writing or mark by which the voter could be identified, and
- (d) unmarked or void for uncertainty as to the first preference vote.

(6) As soon as practicable after the completion of that statement, the returning officer shall inform the combined authority returning officer of its contents.

(7) In the case of an election where only two candidates remain validly nominated, this rule is to apply as if—

- (a) in paragraph (1)(b), for “first preference vote” there were substituted “vote”,
- (b) in paragraphs (1)(d), (5)(b) and (d), the words “as to the first preference vote” were omitted,
- (c) paragraph (3) were omitted.

Decisions on ballot papers

52. The decision of the returning officer on any question arising in respect of a ballot paper shall be final, but shall be subject to review on an election petition.

Re-count

53.—(1) A candidate, the candidate's election agent or the counting agent designated under rule 29(3) may, if present when the counting or any re-count of the votes or, as the case may be, the first preference votes, is completed, require the returning officer to have the votes re-counted or again re-counted but the returning officer may refuse to do so if in the returning officer's opinion the request is unreasonable.

(2) No step shall be taken on the completion of the counting or any re-count of votes, or as the case may be, the first preference votes, until the candidates and election agents present at its completion have been given a reasonable opportunity to exercise the right conferred by this rule.

Procedure at conclusion of first count

54.—(1) As soon as practicable after the conclusion of the first count (including any re-count), the returning officer must draw up a provisional statement showing—

- (a) the total number of ballot papers used,
- (b) the total number of rejected ballot papers,
- (c) at an election contested by three or more candidates—
 - (i) the number of first preference votes given for each candidate, and
 - (ii) the total number of first preference votes given, and
- (d) at an election contested by only two candidates, the number of votes given for each candidate.

(2) As soon as practicable after completion of the statement, the returning officer must—

- (a) inform such of the candidates and their election agents as are then present of the contents of the statements prepared in accordance with rule 51(5) and paragraph (1) of this rule, and
- (b) as soon as practicable, inform the combined authority returning officer of the contents of those statements.

PART 5**Further provision: three or more candidates****The count of second preference votes**

55.—(1) If directed by the combined authority returning officer in accordance with rule 58, the returning officer must, at the time and place notified to the counting agents, count the number of second preference votes for each of the candidates remaining in the contest given by voters who did not give their first preference vote to any of those candidates.

(2) A ballot paper which is not otherwise void and on which not more than one second preference vote is marked shall be valid as respects that vote and shall be counted accordingly if, but only if, a valid first preference vote has also been marked.

(3) Rules 49(2) to (5), 50(4) to (7), 51 (except paragraph (3)) and 53 (except the words "the votes, or as the case may be," in both paragraphs where they appear) shall apply in relation to the

count of second preference votes as they apply in relation to the count of first preference votes as if references to first preference votes were references to second preference votes.

- (4) The returning officer shall not be required to re-examine any decision taken under rule 52.

The calculation of total votes

56.—(1) The returning officer must add the number of second preference votes given for a candidate to the number of first preference votes given for that candidate, to give that candidate's total number of votes.

- (2) The returning officer must then draw up a provisional statement showing—
- (a) the total number of first preference votes given for each candidate,
 - (b) the total number of second preference votes given for each of the candidates remaining in the contest after the count of the first preference votes,
 - (c) the total number of votes given for each of those candidates, and
 - (d) the number of ballot papers that were—
 - (i) valid as respects a first preference vote given for a candidate who did not remain in the contest after the count of the first preference votes, and
 - (ii) rejected for the purposes of the count of second preference votes on the ground that they were unmarked or void for uncertainty as to the second preference vote.
- (3) As soon as practicable after completion of the statement, the returning officer must—
- (a) provide such of the election agents for those candidates who remain in the contest as are then present with a copy of the statement, and shall give them a reasonable opportunity to satisfy themselves as to the accuracy of the calculation,
 - (b) as soon as practicable inform the combined authority returning officer of its contents.

PART 6

Final proceedings in contested and uncontested elections

Combined authority returning officer's re-count

57.—(1) Once the combined authority returning officer has received the report of any returning officer on the contents of his or her provisional statement prepared under rule 47(7), 54(1) or 56(2), the combined authority returning officer may direct the returning officer to re-count (or further re-count) the votes.

(2) A re-count directed by the combined authority returning officer under paragraph (1) may be of the votes in all the electoral area, or in such part of the electoral area as the combined authority returning officer considers reasonable.

(3) A returning officer must proceed with a re-count as soon as practicable after receipt of the combined authority returning officer's direction, and if not proceeding forthwith shall notify those counting observers entitled to be present at the re-count of the time and place at which the returning officer will begin to re-count the votes.

Combined authority returning officer's direction to count second preference votes

- 58.**—(1) This rule applies if there are more than two candidates to be a combined authority mayor.

(2) If none of the candidates receive more than half of all first preference votes given in the election, the combined authority returning officer must direct each returning officer to count the number of second preference votes for each of the candidates remaining in the contest.

Returning officer's final statement, central calculation and declaration of result

59.—(1) When the combined authority returning officer has determined not to direct that any re-count (or further re-count) must take place, he or she must direct the returning officers to draw up a final statement of the matters referred to in rule 47(7), 54(1) and, where applicable, 56(2) and to provide final versions of their statements of rejected ballot papers.

(2) The returning officer, having drawn up the final statement, must—

- (a) forthwith inform the combined authority returning officer of its contents, and
- (b) as soon as reasonably practicable give the combined authority returning officer notice of the number of rejected ballot papers under each head shown in the final statement of rejected ballot papers.

(3) When authorised by the combined authority returning officer to do so, the returning officer must—

- (a) make a declaration of the matters referred to in the final statement, and
- (b) give public notice of those matters together with the number of rejected ballot papers under each head shown in the final statement of rejected ballot papers.

(4) The combined authority area returning officer—

- (a) must make arrangements for the making of the calculation under this rule in the presence of the election agents, and
- (b) must give to those agents notice in writing of the time and place at which the calculation will begin.

(5) No person other than—

- (a) the combined authority area returning officer and the officer's clerks;
- (b) the returning officers and a clerk chosen by each of them;
- (c) the candidates and one person chosen by each of them;
- (d) the election agents;
- (e) persons who are entitled to attend by virtue of any of sections 6A to 6D of the Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act 2000(17),

may be present at a calculation, unless permitted by the combined authority returning officer to attend.

(6) A person not entitled to attend a calculation must not be permitted to do so by the combined authority area returning officer unless the officer—

- (a) is satisfied that the efficiency of the calculation will not be impeded, and
- (b) has either consulted the election agents or thought it impracticable to do so.

(7) As soon as the combined authority returning officer has received the information required by paragraph (3) from every returning officer, the combined authority returning officer must—

- (a) in relation to an election contested by three or more candidates, ascertain the total of the first preference votes given to each candidate and, where relevant, the total of the second preference votes given to each candidate;

(17) 2000 c. 41. Sections 6A to 6D were inserted by the Electoral Administration Act 2006 (c. 22), section 29.

- (b) in relation to an election contested by only two candidates, ascertain the total number of votes given to each candidate.

(8) As soon as the combined authority area returning officer has ascertained the result of the calculation, the officer must inform such of the election agents as are then present of the relevant figures and must give them a reasonable opportunity to satisfy themselves as to the accuracy of the calculation.

(9) A person informed of the relevant figures under paragraph (8) may require the combined authority returning officer to make a calculation again but the officer may refuse to do so if in the officer's opinion the request is unreasonable.

(10) In paragraphs (8) and (9), "the relevant figures" means—

- (a) in the case of an election contested by three or more candidates—
 - (i) the number of first preference votes given for each candidate,
 - (ii) the calculation undertaken by the combined authority returning officer for the purpose of ascertaining whether a candidate is to be returned in accordance with paragraph 5(2) of Schedule 5B to the 2009 Act (candidate with overall majority of first preference votes);
 - (iii) where relevant—
 - (aa) the number of second preference votes given for each of the candidates remaining in the contest, and
 - (bb) the calculation undertaken by the combined authority returning officer for the purpose of ascertaining the total number of first and second preference votes given to each of those candidates.
- (b) in the case of an election contested by only two candidates, the total number of votes given for each candidate.

(11) Where—

- (a) an election is contested by only two candidates, and
- (b) the total number of votes for each of them is unequal,

the combined authority returning officer must declare the candidate to whom the majority of the votes is given as the person to be returned as the combined authority mayor.

(12) Where—

- (a) an election is contested by only two candidates, and
- (b) the total number of votes given for each of them is equal,

the combined authority returning officer must decide by lots which of them is to be returned as the combined authority mayor.

(13) Where an election is contested by three or more candidates, the combined authority returning officer must—

- (a) if one of candidates receives more than half of all the first preference votes given in the election, declare that candidate as the person to be returned as the combined authority mayor, or
- (b) if none of the candidates receive more than half of all the first preference votes given in the election, declare the candidate with the most total preference votes as the person to be returned as the combined authority mayor.

(14) If, after the second preference votes have been counted, the total number of votes given for two or more candidates remaining in the contest is equal, the combined authority returning officer must decide by lots which of them is to be returned as the combined authority mayor.

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

- (15) The combined authority returning officer must give public notice of—
- (a) the name of the successful candidate,
 - (b) the total number of first preference votes given for each candidate,
 - (c) the number of rejected ballot papers at the election under each head shown in the statement of rejected ballot papers (rule 51(5)), and
 - (d) if second preference votes were counted—
 - (i) the total number of second preference votes given for each of the candidates remaining in the contest after the count of the first preference votes, and
 - (ii) the number of ballot papers rejected for the purposes of the count of second preference votes on the ground that they were unmarked or void for uncertainty as to the second preference vote.
- (16) In an uncontested election, the combined authority returning officer must as soon as practicable after the latest time for the delivery of notices of withdrawals of candidature—
- (a) declare to be elected the person remaining validly nominated,
 - (b) give public notice of the name of the person declared to be elected.
- (17) The combined authority returning officer must inform the proper officer of the combined authority concerned of the result of the election.

Return or forfeiture of candidate's deposit

- 60.**—(1) Unless forfeited in accordance with paragraph (5), the deposit made under rule 10 of these Rules shall be returned to the person making it or that person's personal representative.
- (2) Subject to paragraph (4), the deposit shall be returned not later than the next day after that on which the result of the election is declared.
- (3) For the purposes of paragraph (2)—
- (a) a day shall be disregarded if it would be disregarded under rule 4 in computing any period of time for the purpose of the timetable for a combined authority mayoral election, and
 - (b) the deposit shall be treated as being returned on a day if a cheque for the amount of the deposit is posted on that day.
- (4) If the candidate is not shown as standing nominated in the statement of persons nominated, or if proof of the candidate's death has been given to the combined authority returning officer before the conclusion of the first count, the deposit shall be returned as soon as practicable after the publication of the statement or after the death, as the case may be.
- (5) Where a poll is taken, if, after the conclusion of the first count, the candidate is found not to have polled more than one-twentieth of the total number of first preference votes polled by all the candidates, the deposit shall be forfeited to the combined authority.

PART 7

Disposal of documents

Sealing up of ballot papers

- 61.**—(1) On the completion of the counting at a contested election the returning officer must seal up in separate packets the counted and rejected ballot papers, including ballot papers rejected in part.
- (2) The returning officer must not open the sealed packets of—

- (a) tendered ballot papers,
- (b) the completed corresponding number lists,
- (c) certificates as to employment on duty on the day of the poll, or
- (d) marked copies of the register of electors (including any marked copy notices issued under section 13B(3B) or (3D) of the 1983 Act) and lists of proxies.

Delivery and retention of documents

62. The returning officer must then forward to the relevant registration officer of the constituent authority concerned the following documents—

- (a) the packets of ballot papers in the returning officer's possession,
- (b) the ballot paper accounts and the statements of rejected ballot papers and of the result of the verification of the ballot paper accounts,
- (c) the tendered votes lists, the lists of voters with disabilities assisted by companions, the lists of votes marked by the presiding officer and the related statements, the lists maintained under rule 43 and the declarations made by the companions of voters with disabilities,
- (d) the packets of the completed corresponding number lists,
- (e) the packets of certificates as to employment on duty on the day of the poll,
- (f) the packets containing marked copies of registers (including any marked copy notices issued under section 13B(3B) or (3D) of the 1983 Act) and of the postal voters list, of the lists of proxies and of the proxy postal voters list,

endorsing on each packet a description of its contents, the date of the election to which they relate and the name of the electoral area for which the election was held.

Orders for production of documents

63.—(1) An order—

- (a) for the inspection or production of any rejected ballot papers, including ballot papers rejected in part, in the custody of the relevant registration officer, or
- (b) for the opening of a sealed packet of the completed corresponding number lists or certificates as to employment on duty on the day of the poll or for the inspection of any counted ballot papers in his custody,

may be made by the County Court, if the court is satisfied by evidence on oath that the order is required for the purpose of instituting or maintaining a prosecution for an offence in relation to ballot papers, or for the purpose of an election petition.

(2) An order for the opening of a sealed packet of completed corresponding number lists or of certificates as to employment on duty on the day of the poll or for the inspection of any counted ballot papers in the custody of the relevant registration officer may be made by an election court.

(3) An order under this rule may be made subject to such conditions as to—

- (a) persons,
- (b) time,
- (c) place and mode of inspection,
- (d) production or opening,

as the court making the order may think expedient.

(4) In making and carrying into effect an order for the opening of a packet of completed corresponding number lists or of certificates as to employment on duty on the day of the poll or for

the inspection of counted ballot papers, care must be taken that the way in which the vote of any particular elector has been given shall not be disclosed until it has been proved—

- (i) that the elector's vote was given, and
- (ii) that the vote has been declared by a competent court to be invalid.
- (5) An appeal lies to the High Court from any order of the County Court under this rule.
- (6) Any power given under this rule to the County Court may be exercised by any judge of the court otherwise than in open court.
- (7) Where an order is made for the production by the relevant registration officer of any document in his possession relating to any specified election—
 - (a) the production by the registration officer or agent of the document ordered in such manner as may be directed by that order shall be conclusive evidence that the document relates to the specified election, and
 - (b) any endorsement on any packet of ballot papers so produced shall be prima facie evidence that the ballot papers are what they are stated to be by the endorsement.
- (8) The production from proper custody of—
 - (a) a ballot paper purporting to have been used at any election, and
 - (b) a completed corresponding number list with a number marked in writing beside the number of the ballot paper,

shall be prima facie evidence that the elector whose vote was given by that ballot paper was the person whose entry in the register of electors or on a notice issued under section 13B(3B) or (3D) of the 1983 Act at the time of the election contained the same number as the number written as mentioned in sub-paragraph (b) of this paragraph.

(9) Save as provided by this rule, no person shall be allowed to inspect any rejected or counted ballot papers in the possession of the relevant registration officer or open any sealed packets of completed corresponding number lists or of certificates as to employment on duty on the day of the poll.

Retention of documents

64. The relevant registration officer must retain for one year all documents relating to an election forwarded to him or her in pursuance of these Rules by a returning officer, and then, unless otherwise directed by an order of the County Court, the Crown Court, a magistrates' court or an election court, must cause them to be destroyed.

PART 8

Death of candidate

Countermand or abandonment of poll on death of a candidate

65.—(1) If at a contested election proof is given to the combined authority returning officer's satisfaction before the result of the election is declared that one of the persons named or to be named as candidate in the ballot papers has died, then the combined authority returning officer must countermand notice of the poll or, if polling has begun, direct that the poll be abandoned, and the provisions of subsections (1) and (5) of section 39 of the 1983 Act apply in respect of any vacancy which remains unfilled.

(2) Subject to paragraph (4), where the poll is abandoned by reason of a candidate's death no further ballot papers shall be issued, and the presiding officer at any polling station must take the

like steps (so far as not already taken) for the delivery to the returning officer of ballot boxes and ballot papers and other documents as the presiding officer is required to take on the close of the poll in due course.

(3) The returning officer must dispose of ballot papers and other documents in the returning officer's possession as the officer is required to do on the completion in due course of the counting of the votes, subject to paragraphs (4) and (5).

(4) It is not necessary for any ballot paper account to be prepared or verified.

(5) The returning officer must seal up all the ballot papers, whether the votes on them have been counted or not, and it is not necessary to seal up counted and rejected ballot papers in separate packets.

(6) The provisions of these Rules as to the inspection, production, retention and destruction of ballot papers and other documents relating to a poll at an election apply to any such documents relating to a poll abandoned by reason of a candidate's death subject to paragraphs (7) and (8).

(7) Ballot papers on which the votes were neither counted nor rejected must be treated as counted ballot papers.

(8) No order is to be made for—

(a) the inspection or production of any ballot papers, or

(b) for the opening of a sealed packet of the completed corresponding number lists or certificates as to employment on duty on the day of the poll,

unless the order is made by a court with reference to a prosecution.

PART 9

Appendix of forms

Notes: In this Appendix any reference to a numbered rule is a reference to the rule of that number in the Combined Authority Mayoral Elections Rules.

The forms contained in this Appendix may be adapted so far as circumstances require.

Forms

Form 1: Nomination paper

Form 2: Candidate's consent to nomination

Form 3: Ballot paper (two candidates) including directions as to printing

Form 4: Ballot paper (three or more candidates) including directions as to printing

Form 5: Corresponding number List L1

Form 6: Corresponding number List L2

Form 7: Postal voting statement

Form 8: Elector's official poll card

Form 9: Official postal poll card

Form 10: Official proxy poll card

Form 11: Official proxy postal poll card

Form 12: Directions for guidance of voters

Form 13: Certificate of employment

Form 14: Declaration to be made by the companion of a voter with disabilities.

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

Form 1 – Form of nomination paper

Form of Nomination Paper				Office use only	
(for use at combined authority mayoral elections)				Date Delivered	Time delivered
				Details	

ELECTION OF MAYOR for the Combined Authority of.....

Date of election

We, the undersigned, being local government electors for the said [*combined authority area*] do hereby nominate the person whose name appears below as a candidate at the mayoral election.

Candidate's surname	Other forenames in full	Commonly used surname (if any)	Commonly used forenames (if any)	Description (if any) use no more than six words	*Home Address in full / Local Government Electoral Area

**Delete as Appropriate*

I am content for my home address to be made public and have provided it above

I do not wish for my home address to be made public and have instead provided my electoral area above

**Delete whichever is inappropriate*

#Candidate's Signature:

Combined Authority Returning Officer to insert in case of elections for Mayors exercising Police and Crime Commissioner functions.

Mr/Mrs/Miss/Ms/Dr/Other

Signature	Print name	Local Authority	Electoral Polling District	number
Proposer.....
Secunder.....
We, the undersigned being local government electors for the said [electoral area], do hereby assent to the foregoing nomination				
Signature				
1.....
2.....
3.....
4.....

5.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
90.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
91.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
92.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
93.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
94.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
95.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
96.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
97.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
98.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

NOTES

1. The attention of candidates and electors is drawn to the rules for filling up nomination papers and other provisions relating to nomination papers contained in rules in Schedule 1 to the Combined Authorities (Mayoral Elections) Order 2017.
2. Where a candidate is commonly known by some title they may be described by their title as if it were their surname.
3. Where a candidate commonly uses a name which is different from any other name they have, the commonly used name may also appear on the nomination paper, but if it does so, the commonly used name (instead of any other name) will appear on the ballot paper.
4. But the ballot paper will show the other name if the combined authority returning officer
 - (a) thinks that the use of the commonly used name may be likely to mislead or confuse electors, or
 - (b) that the commonly used name is obscene or offensive.
5. The description, if any, can only be
 - (a) one certified as an authorised or registered description as mentioned in rule 7 of the election rules, or
 - (b) the word "Independent".

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

6. In this form "elector"

- (a) means a person whose name is registered in the register of local government electors for the electoral area in question on the last day for the publication of notice of election; and
- (b) includes a person then shown in the register as below voting age if (but only if) it appears from the register that he will be of voting age on the day fixed for the poll.

7. However, a person who has an anonymous entry in the register of local government electors cannot nominate a candidate for election.

Form 2 – Candidate’s consent to nomination

Form of Candidate's Consent to Nomination **(for use at combined authority mayoral elections)**

Front of form

Date of election

I (name in full)

Of (home address in full)

hereby consent to my nomination as a candidate for election as the mayor for the
[insert name] Combined Authority

I declare that on the day of my nomination I am qualified and that, if there is a poll on
the day of election, I will be qualified to be so elected by virtue of being on that day
or those days a qualifying Commonwealth citizen, a citizen of the Republic of Ireland
or a citizen of another Member State of the European Union, who has attained the
age of 18 years and that

*(a) I am registered as a local government elector within the area of the combined
authority named above in respect of (qualifying address in full) and
my electoral number (see Note below) is; or

*(b) I have during the whole of the 12 months preceding that day or those days
occupied as owner or tenant of the following land or other premises in that area
(description and address of land or premises)
.....; or

*(c) my principal or only place of work during those 12 months has been in that
combined authority area at [give address of place of work and, where appropriate,
name of employer]; or

*(d) I have during the whole of those 12 months resided in that area at
..... (give address in full)

**Delete whichever is inappropriate*

I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief I am not disqualified for being
elected by reason of any disqualification set out in, or decision made under,
paragraph 9 of Schedule 5B of the Local Democracy, Economic Development and
Construction Act 2009, section 34 of the Localism Act 2011, *[sections 64 to 68 of
the Police Reform and Social Responsibility Act 2011] (copies of which are printed
overleaf), and I do not hold a politically restricted post, within the meaning of Part 1
of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989, under a local authority, within the
meaning of that Part.

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

**Relevant Returning or Counting Officer to insert in case of elections for Mayors exercising Police and Crime Commissioner functions.*

Date of birth

Signature

Date of consent

Signed in my presence

Signature of witness

Name and address of witness
(WRITE CLEARLY)

NOTES

1. A person's electoral number is that person's number in the register to be used at the election (including the distinctive letter of the parliamentary polling district in which that person is registered).
2. A candidate who is qualified by more than one qualification may complete any of those that may apply.

Back of form

Set out paragraph 9 of Schedule 5B of the Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009, section 34 of the Localism Act 2011, **[and sections 64 to 68 of the Police Reform and Social Responsibility Act 2011]* (as amended from time to time.

**Relevant Returning or Counting Officer to insert in case of elections for Mayors exercising Police and Crime Commissioner functions.*

Form 3 – Ballot paper (two candidates)

Front of ballot paper – addresses shown

Election of the Mayor for *(insert name of combined authority)*

Vote for **only one** candidate by putting a cross ☐ in the box next to your choice.

BASWRA, Paresh

2 The Cottages, Anytown XY8 9JG

Cream Party

Cream
Party
emblem

☐

CRANLEY, Alana

4 The Walk, Anytown XY9 5JJ

Purple Party

Purple
Party
emblem

☐

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

Back of Ballot Paper

Number

Other unique identifying mark

Election for the Mayor of *[insert name of Combined Authority]*

on..... 20

Front of ballot paper – address withheld

Election of the Mayor for *(insert name of combined authority)*

Vote for **only one candidate** by putting a cross ☐ in the box next to your choice.

BASWRA, Paresh

2 The Cottages, Anytown XY8 9JG

Cream Party

Cream
Party
emblem

☐

CRANLEY, Alana

(address in the [] local government electoral area)

Purple Party

Purple
Party
emblem

☐

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

Back of Ballot Paper

Number

Other unique identifying mark

Election for the Mayor of *[insert name of Combined Authority]*

on..... 20

Directions as to printing the ballot paper

1. Nothing is to be printed on the ballot paper except in accordance with these directions.
2. So far as is practicable, the arrangements set out in paragraphs 3 to 14 must be observed in the printing of the ballot paper.
3. No word may be printed on the face except:
 - a. the heading "Election of the Mayor for"
 - b. within that heading, the name of the combined authority
 - c. the direction "Vote for only one candidate by putting a cross [X] in the box next to your choice."
 - d. the particulars of the candidates and words forming part of emblems mentioned at paragraphs 6 and 7 below.
4. A box must be printed around the direction referred to in paragraph 3 (c)
5. No rule may be printed on the face except:
 - a. as part of a box around the direction mentioned in paragraph 3(c)
 - b. the horizontal rule separating the direction mentioned in paragraph 3(c) from the particulars of the candidates
 - c. the horizontal rule separating the particulars of the candidates from one another;
 - d. a final horizontal rule below the particulars of the second candidate
 - e. as part of the boxes on the right-hand side of the ballot paper where the vote is to be marked.
6. The horizontal rules referred to in paragraphs 5(b) and 5(c) must:
 - (a) be equally spaced and the space between each of them must be a minimum of 2.5 centimetres; and
 - (b) extend from a point at least in line with the text on the left hand side of the page to a point directly above the centre of the box below that rule
7. The horizontal rule referred to in paragraph 5(d) must:
 - (a) extend from a point at least in line with the text on the left hand side of the page to a point directly below the right hand edge of the box above that rule; and
 - (b) be thicker than the other horizontal lines
8. Where a registered emblem is to be printed against a candidates particulars;
 - (a) it is to be printed adjacent to and to the right of the candidate's particulars;
 - (b) its size as printed must not exceed two centimetres square.
9. The heading "Elections of the Mayor for....." must be in very large bold type.
10. The direction referred to in paragraph 3 (c) must be printed in bold type.
11. The candidates' names and descriptions, if any, must appear in bold type.

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

12. The surname of each candidate is to be printed in capitals with their other name(s) printed in lower case with initial capitals.
13. The descriptions of the candidates must appear in lower case with initial capitals.
14. The number and other unique identifying mark must be printed close to each other on the back of the ballot paper.

Form 4 – Ballot paper (three or more candidates)

Front of ballot paper – all addresses shown

Election of the Mayor for *(insert name of combined authority)*

Vote once ☐ in column A for your first choice, and
Vote once ☐ in column B for your second choice

	Column A first choice	Column B second choice
BASWRA, Paresh 2 The Cottages, Anytown XY8 9JG Liberal Democrats	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
CRANLEY, Alana 4 The Walk, Anytown XY9 5JJ Green Party	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
EDGBASTON, Richard 6 The Heath, Anytown XY4 0BH Common Good	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
GUNNIL-WALKER, Roger 33 The Lane, Anytown XY6 3GD Labour Party	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SMITH, Catherine Angelina 21 The Grove, Anytown XY2 5JP Independent	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SMITH, Keith James 3 The Road, Anytown XY3 4JN Conservative Party	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
ZANUCK, George Henry 17 The Parade, Anytown XY9 5KP United Kingdom Independence Party	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

Back of Ballot Paper

Number

Other unique identifying mark

Election for the Mayor of *[insert name of Combined Authority]*

on..... 20

Front of ballot paper – address withheld

Election of the Mayor for *(insert name of combined authority)*

Vote once ☐ in column A for your first choice, and
Vote once ☐ in column B for your second choice

	Column A first choice	Column B second choice
BASWRA, Paresh 2 The Cottages, Anytown XY8 9JG Liberal Democrats	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
CRANLEY, Alana 4 The Walk, Anytown XY9 5JJ Green Party	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
EDGBASTON, Richard (address in the [] local government electoral area) Common Good	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
GUNNIL-WALKER, Roger 33 The Lane, Anytown XY6 3GD Labour Party	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SMITH, Catherine Angelina 21 The Grove, Anytown XY2 5JP Independent	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SMITH, Keith James 3 The Road, Anytown XY3 4JN Conservative Party	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
ZANUCK, George Henry 17 The Parade, Anytown XY9 5KP United Kingdom Independence Party	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

Back of Ballot Paper

Number

Other unique identifying mark

Election for the Mayor of *[insert name of Combined Authority]*

on..... 20....

Directions as to printing the ballot paper

1. Nothing is to be printed on the ballot paper except in accordance with these directions.
2. So far as is practicable, the arrangements set out in paragraphs 3 to 17 must be observed in the printing of the ballot paper.
3. No word may be printed on the face except:
 - (a) the heading "Election of the Mayor for";
 - (b) within that heading, the name of the combined authority;
 - (c) the direction "Vote once [X] in column A for your first choice, and Vote once [X] in column B for your second choice";
 - (d) the indicators "Column A first choice" and "Column B second choice" above the boxes on the right hand side;
 - (e) the particulars of the candidates; and
 - (f) words forming part of emblems mentioned at paragraph 9 below.
4. A box must be printed around the direction referred to in paragraph 3(c).
5. No rule may be printed on the face except:
 - (a) as part of the box referred to in paragraph 4;
 - (b) a horizontal rule above the particulars of the first candidate;
 - (c) the horizontal rules separating the particulars of the candidates from one another;
 - (d) a final horizontal rule below the particulars of the last candidate; and
 - (e) as part of the boxes in column A and column B on the right-hand side of the ballot paper where the vote is to be marked.
6. The horizontal rules referred to in paragraph 5(b) and 5(c) must:
 - (a) be equally spaced and the space between each of them must be a minimum of 2.5 centimetres; and
 - (b) extend from a point at least in line with the text on the left hand side of the page to a point immediately before the shading around the boxes in column A.
7. The horizontal rule referred to in paragraph 5(d) must:
 - (a) extend from a point at least in line with the text on the left hand side of the page to a point directly below the shading beyond the right hand edge of the box in column B above that rule; and
 - (b) be thicker than the other horizontal lines.

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

8. The boxes in columns A and B referred to in paragraph 5(e) must each be bordered by a shaded area no more than 0.4 cm thick at the outside edge. Each shaded area must include an embedded arrow pointing downwards from the top of the column underneath the words "Column A first choice" and "Column B second choice"
9. Where a registered emblem is to be printed against a candidate's particulars:
 - (a) it is to be printed adjacent to and to the right of the candidate's particulars;
 - (b) its size as printed must not exceed two centimetres square.
10. The heading "Election of the Mayor for" must be in very large bold type.
11. All other words must appear in type that is smaller than the heading.
12. The direction referred to in paragraph 3(c) must be printed in bold type.
13. The candidates' names and descriptions, if any, must appear in bold type.
14. The words "first choice" and "second choice" above the boxes where the vote is to be marked must be printed in bold type.
15. The surname of each candidate is to be printed in capitals with their other name(s) printed in lower case with initial capitals.
16. The particulars of the candidates must appear in lower case with initial capitals.
17. The number and other unique identifying mark must be printed close to each other on the back of the ballot paper.

Form 5 – Corresponding number list L1

[illegible]

Status: *This is the original version (as it was originally made).*

Form 6 – Corresponding number list L2

[illegible]

Form 7 – Postal voting statement

Front of statement

<h2 style="margin: 0;">Postal voting statement</h2>	<p style="text-align: center; font-style: italic;">[Space for barcode]</p>
<p>Election of the Mayor for <i>[insert name of combined authority]</i></p>	
<p>Date of election <i>[day] [date] [month] [year]</i></p>	
<p>Important – you must fill in and return this postal voting statement with your completed ballot paper for it to be counted.</p> <p>Please read the instructions carefully and use a black pen.</p> <p>* Name _____ Ballot paper number _____</p> <p><i>* Returning Officer to insert name but omit where sent to an anonymous elector</i></p> <p>(!) Check that the number on the back of your ballot paper matches the number shown above. If these do not match, call us immediately on <i>(insert helpline number)</i>.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p>I am the person the ballot paper numbered above was sent to.</p> <p>My Date of Birth is:</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-end;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 30px; height: 30px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 30px; height: 30px; display: inline-block;"></div> <p style="margin-top: 5px;">Day</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 30px; height: 30px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 30px; height: 30px; display: inline-block;"></div> <p style="margin-top: 5px;">Month</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 30px; height: 30px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 30px; height: 30px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 30px; height: 30px; display: inline-block;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 30px; height: 30px; display: inline-block;"></div> <p style="margin-top: 5px;">Year</p> </div> </div> <p style="margin-top: 10px;">* My Signature is: (You must sign inside the box)</p> <p><i>* Returning Officer to omit box where the elector has been granted a waiver</i></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 300px; height: 80px; margin-top: 10px;"></div> <p style="margin-top: 10px;">We will check this information against our records for security.</p> </div> <p style="margin-top: 10px;">It is an offence to vote using a ballot paper that was not sent for your use or interfere with another voter's ballot paper. It is an offence to vote more than once (unless you are appointed as a proxy) at the same election.</p> <p><i>Returning Officer to add pictorial guidance as appropriate.</i></p>	

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

Back of statement

Instructions for voting by post

Please read through carefully. If you need help, please call us on *[insert helpline number]*

1. For your vote to be counted, you must fill in and return this postal voting statement with your ballot paper.
2. Make sure you have filled in the **date of birth** **[and signature]* box[es] on this postal voting statement.
** Returning Officer to delete where elector is granted a waiver.*
3. #Vote for **only one candidate** by putting a cross ☒ in the box next to your choice.]
#Vote by putting a cross ☒ in the box
In column A next to your first choice candidate
In column B next to your second choice candidate
Your first and second choices should be different.]
Returning Officer to amend when there are only two candidates for the office of Mayor
4. Do not mark the ballot paper in any other way or your vote may not count.
5. We must get your postal vote by **10pm on [day] [date of poll]**. If you miss the post, you can hand it in at our office or at any polling station in the local authority area before **10pm on [day] [date of poll]**.
6. After receiving this postal vote, you cannot vote in person at a polling station in this election.

Getting help

- If you need help to vote, you can ask someone you know or get independent help by calling the helpline on *[insert helpline number]*. The person helping you must not tell anyone how you voted.
- Please call the helpline if you require copies of this form or guidance in Braille or languages other than English.
- If you make a mistake, or lose your postal ballot paper or this statement, you can get a replacement. Call us immediately as **we can only issue a replacement before 5pm on [day] [date] [month]**.
If you apply after **5pm on [day before poll]** we can only issue a replacement if you return this ballot pack by hand.

Electoral fraud is a crime. It is an offence to vote more than once in this election unless you are voting on your own behalf and as a proxy for another person.

The Returning Officer issued this statement.

Returning Officer to add pictorial guidance as appropriate.

Form 8 – Elector’s official poll card

Front of card

Front of card

Poll card	
Election of Mayor for [insert name of combined authority]	
Date of election [day] [date] [month] [year]	

Voting information	
Polling Day	
Voting hours	
Your polling station will be	

Please turn over

<p>Your details:</p> <p>* [Elector's name and qualifying address details here]</p> <p>*Returning Officer to omit where poll card sent to an anonymous elector. Poll card to an anonymous elector must be delivered in a sealed envelope</p> <p>Number on register:</p>

** [You do not need to take this card with you in order to vote.]

** [You must have this card with you. You cannot vote without it.]

** If anonymous elector omit the words in the first set of brackets. If not omit the words in the second set of brackets.


[insert helpline and other details including website]

Back of card

<p>This space for map or other information such as helpline and website details</p>

It is an offence to:

- vote more than once at this election, unless you are voting on your own behalf and as a proxy for another person
- vote as a proxy at this election for more than two people, unless you are their spouse, civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, child or grandchild
- vote as a proxy for someone if you know that by law they are not allowed to vote

<p> If you need any help or to find out if your polling station is accessible, please contact us.</p> <p>[Returning Officer to add contact details including website if appropriate]</p>

If undelivered return to:

[insert return address]

<p>If you are away or cannot go to the polling station on [day] [date of poll] you can do one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply to vote by post. Completed applications must reach us before 5pm on [day] [date of deadline]. If you are given a postal vote, you will not be able to vote in person at this election. <p>OR</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply to vote by proxy (this means someone else can vote on your behalf). Completed applications must reach us before 5pm on [day] [date of deadline]. If you appoint a proxy, you can vote if you wish, but only if your proxy has not already voted on your behalf and has not got a postal vote for you.

<p>If after 5pm on [the sixth day before the date of the poll] you are unable to vote in person because you:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Have a medical emergency • Learn you cannot go to the polling station because of work reasons <p>You can apply to vote by proxy. Completed applications must reach us before 5pm on [day] [date of deadline]. To find out how to apply, call the helpline immediately.</p>
--

The Returning Officer issued this card.

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

Form 9 – Official postal poll card

Front of card

Postal poll card
Election of Mayor for [insert name of combined authority]
Date of election [day] [date] [month] [year]

Voting information
We will send your postal vote around [day] [date] [month] [year] *[addressed to:]
*[Electors name and address]

Please turn over

Your details:

* [Elector's name and qualifying address details here]

*Returning Officer to omit in both places where poll card sent to an anonymous elector. Poll card to an anonymous elector must be delivered in a sealed envelope

Number on register:

Your postal vote

- You will receive a postal vote for this election because you asked to vote by post.
- You will not be able to vote in a polling station.
- If you have not received your postal vote by [day] [date] [month] call [insert helpline number].

Back of card

How to vote
1. When you receive your postal vote, read the instructions carefully.
2. Your postal vote includes your ballot paper and a postal voting statement.
3. Complete both of these and return them immediately.
4. We need to receive your postal vote by 10pm on [day/date of poll].

📞 If you need information in another format, please call our helpline below:

📞 If you need help to vote, you can ask someone you know or get independent help by calling our helpline:

[insert helpline and other details including website]

If you lose your postal vote or make a mistake

- Please phone the helpline immediately.
- We can only issue a replacement postal vote before 5pm on [day/date of deadline].

If you would rather vote in person, or ask someone else to vote on your behalf, you must cancel your postal vote **before 5pm on [day/date of deadline]**. For more information, please call the helpline.

It is an offence to:

- vote using a ballot paper that was not sent for your use or interfere with another voter's ballot paper
- vote more than once at this election, unless you are voting on your own behalf and as a proxy for another person
- vote as a proxy at this election for more than two people, unless you are their spouse, civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, child or grandchild
- vote as a proxy for someone if you know that by law they are not allowed to vote

The Returning Officer issued this card.

If undelivered, return to:

[insert return address]

Form 10 – Official proxy poll card

Front of card

Proxy poll card	
Election of Mayor for [insert name of combined authority]	
Date of election [day] [date] [month] [year]	

Voting information	
Polling Day	
Voting hours	
Your polling station will be	

Please turn over

Back of card


For this election you are proxy for:

*[Elector's name]
 [Elector's address]
 [Elector's number on register]
 [the person with this elector number: (insert elector's number on register)]

*If anonymous elector omit the words in the first set of square brackets, if not omit the words in the second set of square brackets.

The person you are proxy for can vote themselves if they wish – but only if you have not already voted on their behalf.

This space for map or other information such as helpline and website details.

 If you need any help or to find out if your polling station is accessible, please contact us.

[Returning Officer to add contact details including website if appropriate]

How to vote as a proxy

1. "At the polling station, tell the staff that you are a proxy for the person named above. They will give you that person's ballot paper." "At the polling station, ask to speak to the presiding officer and show them this card. They will give you the ballot paper of the person you are proxy for." "If anonymous elector omit the words in the first set of square brackets, if not omit the words in the second set of square brackets"
2. Go to one of the voting booths.
3. Follow the instructions on how to mark the ballot paper.
4. Fold the ballot paper and put in the ballot box.

If you need any help, just ask the staff.

Your details:

* [Proxy's name and qualifying address details here]

*Returning Officer to omit where poll card sent to the proxy of an anonymous elector. Poll card to proxy of an anonymous elector must be delivered in a sealed envelope

You will receive a proxy vote

** [The person named on the back of this card] [Another person] has appointed you as a proxy to vote on their behalf at this election.

** [You do not need to take this card with you to vote.] [You must have this card with you. You cannot vote as a proxy without it.]

** If sent to the proxy of an anonymous elector omit the words in the first set of brackets. If not omit the words in the each of the second sets of brackets.

[Insert helpline and other details including website]

If you are away or cannot go to the polling station on [day] [date of poll].

- You can apply to vote by post. The deadline for completed applications is 5pm on [day] [date of deadline].
- If you are given a postal vote, you or the person you are proxy for will not be able to vote in person at this election.
- To find out how to apply, please call us on [insert helpline number or other contact details.]

It is an offence to:

- vote more than once at this election, unless you are voting on your own behalf and as a proxy for another person
- vote as a proxy at this election for more than two people, unless you are their spouse, civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, child or grandchild
- vote as a proxy for someone if you know that by law they are not allowed to vote

The Returning Officer issued this card.

If undelivered return to
 [insert return address]

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

Form 11 – Official proxy postal poll card

Front of card

Proxy postal poll card
Election of Mayor for [insert name of combined authority]
Date of election [day] [date] [month] [year]

Voting information
We will send your postal vote around [day] [date] [month] [year] *addressed to:]
*[Proxy's name and address details here]
*Returning Officer to omit where poll card sent to the proxy of an anonymous elector. Poll card to proxy of an anonymous elector must be delivered in a sealed envelope

Please turn over

Back of card

For this election you are proxy for:


*[Elector's name]
[Elector's address]
[Elector's number on register]
[the person with this elector number: (insert elector's number on register)]

*If anonymous elector omit the words in the first set of square brackets, if not omit the words in the second set of square brackets.

How to vote

1. When you receive your postal vote, read the instructions carefully.
2. Your postal vote includes your ballot paper and a postal voting statement.
3. Complete both of these and return them immediately.
4. We need to receive your postal vote by 10pm on [day/date of poll].

 If you need information in another format, please call our helpline below.

 If you need help to vote, you can ask someone you know or get independent help by calling our helpline:

[insert helpline and other details including website]

Voting as a proxy

** [The person named on the back of this card]
[Another person] has appointed you as a proxy to vote on their behalf at this election.

** If sent to the proxy of an anonymous elector omit the words in the first set of brackets. If not omit the words in the each of the second sets of brackets.

Your postal vote

- You will receive a postal vote for this election because you asked to vote by post.
- You will not be able to vote as a proxy in a polling station.
- If you have not received your postal vote by [day] [date] [month] call [insert helpline number]

If you lose your postal vote or make a mistake

- Please phone the helpline immediately.
- We can only issue a replacement postal vote before 5pm on [day/date of deadline].

If you would rather vote in person you must cancel your postal vote before 5pm on [day/date of deadline]. For more information, please call the helpline.

It is an offence to:

- vote using a ballot paper that was not sent for your use or interfere with another voter's ballot paper
- vote more than once at this election, unless you are voting on your own behalf and as a proxy for another person
- vote as a proxy at this election for more than two people, unless you are their spouse, civil partner, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, child or grandchild
- vote as a proxy for someone if you know that by law they are not allowed to vote

The Returning Officer issued this card.

If undelivered, return to:

[insert return address]

Form 12 – Directions for the guidance of voters

How to vote at this election

1

Go to the desk and tell the staff your name and address.
They will give you your ballot paper.



2

Take your ballot paper to a voting booth.



3

Read the instructions in the booth and mark your ballot paper.



4

When you have marked your ballot paper, fold it so that nobody can see how you have voted.



5

Put your folded ballot paper into the ballot box.



(!) Voting is secret. Do not let anyone see how you have voted.

❗ If you make a mistake or need some help, just ask the staff.

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

Form 13 – Certificate of employment

Certificate of Employment
Election of the Mayor for the area of [insert name of combined authority]
*Relevant constituent council:
Date of election (day) (date) (month) (year)
The person named below is entitled to vote at any polling station in the area of the above named relevant constituent council on production and surrender of this certificate to the Presiding Officer.
<p>I certify that _____ (name of elector)</p> <p>Who is numbered** _____ in the register of electors for the area of the relevant constituent council named above, cannot reasonably be expected to go in person to the polling station allotted to him/her at this election by reason of his/her employment on the above date for a purpose connected with this election:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - as a constable*** - as a Police Community Support Officer*** - by me (only applies to Returning Officer's staff)*** <p>Signature _____ Returning Officer / Police Officer (Inspector or above)***</p> <p>Date _____</p> <p>*A relevant constituent council is a district council, the area of which is part of the area of the combined authority, or in the case of a part of the combined authority area for which there is a county council but no district councils, the county council. ** The elector's number can be found on the poll card which was sent to them shortly after the election was announced, or can be checked by contacting the Electoral Registration Officer. *** Person completing the form to delete whichever does not apply.</p>

Form 14 – Declaration of the companion of a voter with disabilities

Declaration for the companion of a voter with disabilities	
Election of the Mayor for <i>[insert name of combined authority]</i>	
Date of election <i>[day] [date] [month] [year]</i>	
<p>A voter with disabilities is a voter who has made a declaration that he or she is so incapacitated by his or her blindness or other disability, or by his or her inability to read, as to be unable to vote at this election without assistance.</p> <p>In this form, "voter" means the person casting the vote at the election and includes a person voting as a proxy.</p>	
Part 1 To be completed by the voter's companion	
Companion's name	
Companion's address	
Voter's name	
<i>[Only for use if the disabled voter is acting as a proxy]</i> Voter is acting as proxy for:	
Elector's number <i>[If the disabled voter is acting as a proxy, this is the number of the person for whom the voter is acting]</i>	
<p>I have been requested to assist the voter named above to record their vote at this election. I declare that:</p> <p>(1)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I am entitled to vote as an elector at this election <p>or</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I am the *spouse/*civil partner/*parent/*brother/*sister/*child of the voter with disabilities and am 18 years of age or over <p><i>*Please delete whichever does not apply</i></p> <p>AND</p> <p>(2)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I have not previously assisted more than one voter with disabilities at this election. <p>If I have assisted one other voter their name and address is:</p>	
<i>[Complete if appropriate]</i> Name and address of other person assisted	

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

NOTE – It is a criminal offence to communicate at any time to any person any information as to the way in which the voter intends to vote or has voted.			
Companion's signature		Date	
Part 2 To be completed by the Presiding Officer			
I, the undersigned, being the Presiding Officer for:			
Polling station		Electoral area of	
certify that the above declaration was signed in my presence.		Presiding Officer signature	
Date		Time (exact)	