STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2016 No. 853

The River Humber Gas Pipeline Replacement Order 2016

PART 3 E+W+S

Acquisition and possession of land

Compulsory acquisition of land E+W+S

21.—(1) Subject to article 24 (acquisition of subsoil only) and article 27 (temporary use of land for carrying out the authorised project, the undertaker may acquire compulsorily so much of the Order land as is required for the authorised project or to facilitate it, or is incidental to it.

Commencement Information

II Art. 21 in force at 15.9.2016, see art. 1

Compulsory acquisition of rights E+W+S

- **22.**—(1) The undertaker may acquire compulsorily the existing rights and create and acquire compulsorily the new rights described in the book of reference and shown on the land plans.
- (2) Subject to section 8 of the 1965 Act, as substituted by article 32 (acquisition of part of certain properties), where the undertaker acquires an existing right over land under paragraph (1), the undertaker is not required to acquire a greater interest in that land.
- (3) Schedule 11 (modification of compensation and compulsory purchase enactments for creation of new rights) has effect.

Commencement Information

12 Art. 22 in force at 15.9.2016, see art. 1

Extinguishment and suspension of private rights E+W+S

- **23.**—(1) Subject to the provision of this article, all private rights and restrictive covenants over land subject to compulsory acquisition under this Order are extinguished—
 - (a) as from the date of acquisition by the undertaker of the land whether compulsorily or by agreement; or
 - (b) on the date of entry, on the land by the undertaker under section 11(1) of the 1965 Act (power of entry),

whichever is the earliest.

(2) Subject to the provisions of this article, all private rights and restrictive covenants over land owned by the undertaker which, being within the Order limits, is required for the purposes of

this Order, are extinguished on the commencement of any activity authorised by this Order which interferes with or breaches such rights or such restrictive covenants.

- (3) Subject to the provisions of this article, all private rights or restrictive covenants over land subject to compulsory acquisition of rights or the imposition of restrictions under this Order shall be extinguished in so far as their continuance would be inconsistent with the exercise of the right acquired or the burden of the restriction imposed—
 - (a) as from the date of the acquisition of the right or the benefit of the restriction by the undertaker, whether compulsorily or by agreement; or
 - (b) on the date of entry on the land by the undertaker under section 11(1) of the 1965 Act in pursuance of the right;

whichever is the earliest.

- (4) Subject to the provisions of this article, all private rights or restrictive covenants over land of which the undertaker takes temporary possession under this Order are suspended and unenforceable for as long as the undertaker remains in lawful possession of the land.
- (5) Any person who suffers loss by the extinguishment or suspension of any private right or restrictive covenant under this article is entitled to compensation to be determined, in case of dispute, under Part 1 of the 1961 Act.
- (6) This article does not apply in relation to any right to which section 138 of the 2008 Act (extinguishment of rights, and removal of apparatus, of statutory undertakers etc.) or article 33 (statutory undertakers) applies.
 - (7) Paragraphs (1) to (3) and (5) have effect subject to—
 - (a) any notice given by the undertaker before—
 - (i) the completion of the acquisition of the land or rights or the imposition of restrictive covenants over or affecting the land;
 - (ii) the undertaker's appropriation of it;
 - (iii) the undertaker's entry onto it; or
 - (iv) the undertaker's taking temporary possession of it,

that any or all of those paragraphs do not apply to any right specified in the notice; and

- (b) any agreement made, in so far as it relates to the authorised project, at any time between the undertaker and the person in or to whom the right or restrictive covenant in question is vested, belongs or benefits.
- (8) If any such agreement as is referred to in paragraph 7(b)—
 - (a) is made with a person in or to whom the right is vested or belongs; and
 - (b) is expressed to have effect also for the benefit of those deriving title from or under that person,

it is effective in respect of the persons so deriving title, whether the title was derived before or after the making of the agreement.

(9) Reference in this article to private rights and restrictive covenants over land includes any trust, incident, easement, wayleave, liberty, privilege, right or advantage annexed to land and adversely affecting other land, including any natural right to support.

Commencement Information

I3 Art. 23 in force at 15.9.2016, see art. 1

Acquisition of subsoil only E+W+S

- **24.**—(1) The undertaker may acquire compulsorily so much of, or such rights in, the subsoil of the land referred to in paragraph 20(1) of article 21 (compulsory acquisition of land) as may be required for any purpose for which that land may be acquired under that provision instead of acquiring the whole of the land.
- (2) Where the undertaker acquires any part of, or rights in, the subsoil of land under paragraph (1), the undertaker is not required to acquire an interest in any other part of the land.
- (3) Paragraph (2) does not prevent article 32 (acquisition of part of certain properties) from applying where the undertaker acquires a cellar, vault, arch or other construction forming part of a house, building or manufactory.

Commencement Information

I4 Art. 24 in force at 15.9.2016, see art. 1

Power to override easements and other rights E+W+S

- **25.**—(1) Any authorised activity which takes place on land within the Order limits (whether the activity is undertaken by the undertaker or by any person deriving title from the undertaker or by any servants or agents of the undertaker) is authorised by this Order if it is done in accordance with the terms of this Order, notwithstanding that it involves—
 - (a) an interference with an interest or right to which this article applies; or
 - (b) a breach of a restriction as to the user of land arising by virtue of a contract.
 - (2) In this article "authorised activity" means—
 - (a) the erection, construction or carrying out, operation or maintenance of any part of the authorised project;
 - (b) the exercise of any power authorised by this Order; or
 - (c) the use of any land (including the temporary use of land).
- (3) The interests and rights to which this article applies include any easement, liberty, privilege, right or advantage annexed to land and adversely affecting other land, including any natural right to support and include restrictions as to the user of land arising by virtue of a contract.
 - (4) Where an interest, right or restriction is overridden by paragraph (1), compensation—
 - (a) is payable under section 7 or 10 of the 1965 Act(1); and
 - (b) must be assessed in the same manner and subject to the same rules as in the case of other compensation under those sections where—
 - (i) the compensation is to be estimated in connection with a purchase under that Act; or
 - (ii) the injury arises from the execution of works on or use of land acquired under that Act.
- (5) Nothing in this article may be construed as authorising any act or omission on the part of any person which is actionable at the suit of any person on any grounds other than such an interference or breach as is mentioned in paragraph (1) of this article.

⁽¹⁾ There are amendments that are not relevant to this Order.

Commencement Information

I5 Art. 25 in force at 15.9.2016, see art. 1

Application of the Compulsory Purchase (Vesting Declarations) Act 1981 E+W+S

- **26.**—(1) The 1981 Act applies as if this Order were a compulsory purchase order and as if the undertaker were a public authority under section 1(2) of that Act.
 - (2) The 1981 Act, as so applied, has effect with the following modifications.
 - (3) In section 3 (preliminary notices), for subsection (1) there is substituted—
 - "(1) Before making a declaration under section 4 with respect to any land which is subject to a compulsory purchase order, the acquiring authority must include the particulars specified in subsection (3) in a notice which is—
 - (a) given to every person with a relevant interest in the land with respect to which the declaration is to be made (other than a mortgagee who is not in possession); and
 - (b) published in a local newspaper circulating in the area in which the land is situated."
- (4) In that section, in subsection (2), for "(1)(b)" there is substituted "(1)" and after "given" there is inserted "and published".
 - (5) In that section, for subsections (5) and (6) there is substituted—
 - "(5) For the purposes of this section, a person has a relevant interest in land if—
 - (a) that person is for the time being entitled to dispose of the fee simple of the land, whether in possession or in reversion; or
 - (b) that person holds, or is entitled to the rents and profits of, the land under a lease or agreement, the unexpired term of which exceeds one month."
 - (6) In section 5 (earliest date for execution of declaration)—
 - (a) in subsection (1), after "publication" there is inserted "in a local newspaper circulating in the area in which the land is situated"; and
 - (b) subsection (2) is omitted.
- (7) In section 7 (constructive notice to treat), in subsection (1)(a), the words "(as modified by section 4 of the Acquisition of Land Act 1981)" are omitted.
- (8) References to the 1965 Act in the 1981 Act are to be construed as references to that Act as applied by section 125 of the 2008 Act to the compulsory acquisition of land under this Order.

Commencement Information

I6 Art. 26 in force at 15.9.2016, see art. 1

Temporary use of land for carrying out the authorised project E+W+S

- 27.—(1) The undertaker may, in connection with the carrying out of the authorised project—
 - (a) enter on and take temporary possession of—
 - (i) the land specified in column (2) of Schedule 8 (land of which temporary possession may be taken) for the purpose specified in relation to that land in column (3) of that

- Schedule relating to the part of the authorised project specified in column (4) of that Schedule;
- (ii) any Order land in respect of which no notice of entry has been served under section 11 of the 1965 Act (powers of entry) (other than in connection with the requisition of rights only) and no declaration has been made under section 4 of the 1981 Act (execution of declaration) for the purposes of constructing and carrying out the authorised project;
- (b) remove any buildings and vegetation from that land referred to in paragraphs (1)(a)(i) and (a)(ii);
- (c) construct temporary works (including the provision of means of access) and buildings on that land referred to in paragraphs (1)(a)(i) and (a)(ii); and
- (d) construct and carry out any mitigation works on that land referred to in paragraphs (a)(i) and (a)(ii).
- (2) Not less than 14 days before entering on and taking temporary possession of land under this article the undertaker must serve notice of the intended entry on the owners and occupiers of the land.
- (3) The undertaker may not, without the agreement of the owners of the land, remain in possession of any land under this article—
 - (a) in the case of land specified in paragraph (1)(a)(i) after the end of the period of two years beginning with the date of completion of the authorised project; or
 - (b) in the case of land referred to in paragraph (1)(a)(ii), after the end of the period of one year beginning with the date of completion of the authorised project unless the undertaker has, before the end of that period, served a notice of entry under section 11 of the 1965 Act or made a declaration under section 4 of the 1981 Act,

and in this paragraph the date on which the authorised project is completed means the date on which the undertaker has certified that it is first capable of being brought into operational use for the purpose for which it was designed.

- (4) Before giving up possession of land of which temporary possession has been taken under this article, unless otherwise agreed by the owners of the land, the undertaker must remove all temporary works and restore the land to the reasonable satisfaction of the owners of the land; but the undertaker is not required to—
 - (a) replace a building removed under this article;
 - (b) restore the land on which any permanent works have been constructed under sub-paragraph (1)(d); or
 - (c) remove any ground-strengthening works which have been placed in that land to facilitate construction of the authorised project.
- (5) The undertaker must pay compensation to the owners and occupiers of land of which temporary possession is taken under this article for any loss or damage arising from the exercise in relation to the land of the provisions of any power conferred by this article.
- (6) Any dispute as to a person's entitlement to compensation under paragraph (5), or as to the amount of the compensation, must be determined under Part 1 of the 1961 Act by the tribunal using established relevant valuation principles under the Act notwithstanding that paragraph (5) relates to temporary possession rather than the compulsory acquisition of land.
- (7) Nothing in this article affects any liability to pay compensation under section 10(2) of the 1965 Act (further provisions as to compensation for injurious affection) or under any other enactment in respect of loss or damage arising from the carrying out of the authorised project, other than loss or damage for which compensation is payable under paragraph (5).

- (8) The undertaker may not compulsorily acquire under this Order the land referred to in paragraph (1)(a)(i) except that the undertaker is not to be precluded from—
 - (a) acquiring new rights over any part of that land under article 22 (compulsory acquisition of rights); or
 - (b) acquiring any part of the subsoil or of the airspace over (or rights in the subsoil or of the airspace over) that land (other than plot 132 on the land plans) under article 24 (acquisition of subsoil only).
- (9) Where the undertaker takes possession of land under this article, the undertaker is not required to acquire the land or any interest in it.
- (10) Section 13 of the 1965 Act(2) (refusal to give possession to acquiring authority) applies to the temporary use of land pursuant to this article to the same extent as it applies to the compulsory acquisition of land under this Order by virtue of section 125 of the 2008 Act (application of compulsory acquisition provisions).
- (11) Subject to paragraph (3), nothing in this article prevents the taking of temporary possession pursuant to it more than once in relation to any land specified in paragraph (1).

Commencement Information

17 Art. 27 in force at 15.9.2016, see art. 1

Temporary use of land for maintaining the authorised project E+W+S

- 28.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2) the undertaker may during the maintenance period—
 - (a) enter on and take temporary possession of any land within the Order limits if such possession is reasonably required for the purpose of maintaining the authorised project;
 - (b) enter on any land within the Order limits for the purpose of gaining access as is reasonably required for the purpose of maintaining the authorised project; and
 - (c) construct such temporary works (including the provision of means of access) and buildings on the land as may be reasonably necessary for that purpose.
- (2) Paragraph (1) does not authorise the undertaker to take temporary possession of—
 - (a) any house or garden belonging to a house; or
 - (b) any building (other than a house) if it is for the time being occupied.
- (3) Not less than 28 days before entering on and taking temporary possession of land under this article the undertaker must serve notice of the intended entry on the owners and occupiers of the land, except as provided in paragraph (11).
- (4) The undertaker may only remain in possession of land under this article for so long as may be reasonably necessary to carry out the maintenance of the part of the authorised project for which possession of the land was taken.
- (5) Before giving up possession of land of which temporary possession has been taken under this article, the undertaker must remove all temporary works and restore the land to the reasonable satisfaction of the owners of the land.
- (6) The undertaker must pay compensation to the owners and occupiers of land of which temporary possession is taken under this article for any loss or damage arising from the exercise in relation to the land of the provisions of this article.

- (7) Any dispute as to a person's entitlement to compensation under paragraph (6), or as to the amount of the compensation, must be determined under Part 1 of the 1961 Act.
- (8) Nothing in this article affects any liability to pay compensation under section 10(2) of the 1965 Act (further provisions as to compensation for injurious affection) or under any other enactment in respect of loss or damage arising from the maintenance of the authorised project, other than loss or damage for which compensation is payable under paragraph (6).
- (9) Where the undertaker takes possession of land under this article, the undertaker is not required to acquire the land or any interest in it.
- (10) Section 13 of the 1965 Act (refusal to give possession to acquiring authority) applies to the temporary use of land pursuant to this article to the same extent as it applies to the compulsory acquisition of land under this Order by virtue of section 125 of the 2008 Act (application of compulsory acquisition provisions).
 - (11) Where the undertaker has identified a potential risk to the safety of—
 - (a) the authorised project or any part of it; or
 - (b) the public; or
 - (c) the surrounding environment,

the requirement to serve not less than 28 days' notice under paragraph (3) does not apply and the undertaker may enter the land pursuant to paragraph (1) subject to giving such period of notice (if any) as is reasonably practicable in all the circumstances.

(12) In this article the "maintenance period" means in relation to any part of the authorised project the period of five years beginning with the date on which the authorised project is first brought into operational use for the purpose for which it was designed.

Commencement Information

I8 Art. 28 in force at 15.9.2016, see art. 1

Disregard of certain interests and improvements E+W+S

- **29.**—(1) In assessing the compensation payable to any person on the acquisition from that person of any land or right over any land under this Order, the tribunal must not take into account—
 - (a) any interest in land; or
 - (b) any enhancement of the value of any interest in land by reason of any building erected, works executed or improvement or alteration made on relevant land,

if the tribunal is satisfied that the creation of the interest, the erection of the building, the execution of the works or the making of the improvement or alteration as part of the authorised project was not reasonably necessary and was undertaken with a view to obtaining compensation or increased compensation.

(2) In paragraph (1) "relevant land" means the land acquired from the person concerned or any other land with which that person is, or was at the time when the building was erected, the works executed or the improvement or alteration made as part of the authorised project, directly or indirectly concerned.

Commencement Information

I9 Art. 29 in force at 15.9.2016, see art. 1

Set-off for enhancement in value of retained land E+W+S

- **30.**—(1) In assessing the compensation payable to any person in respect of the acquisition from that person under this Order of any land (including the subsoil) the tribunal must set off against the value of the land so acquired any increase in value of any contiguous or adjacent land belonging to that person in the same capacity which will accrue to that person by reason of the construction of the authorised project.
- (2) In assessing the compensation payable to any person in respect of the acquisition from that person of any new rights over land (including the subsoil), under article 22 (compulsory acquisition of rights), the tribunal must set off against the value of the rights so acquired—
 - (a) any increase in the value of the land over which the new rights are required; and
 - (b) any increase in value of any contiguous or adjacent land belonging to that person in the same capacity,

which will accrue to that person by reason of the construction of the authorised project.

(3) The 1961 Act has effect, subject to paragraphs (1) and (2), as if this Order were a local enactment for the purposes of that Act.

Commencement Information

I10 Art. 30 in force at 15.9.2016, see art. 1

No double recovery E+W+S

31. Compensation is not payable in respect of the same matter both under this Order and under any other enactment, any contract or any rule of law, or under two or more different provisions under this Order.

Commencement Information

III Art. 31 in force at 15.9.2016, see art. 1

Acquisition of part of certain properties E+W+S

- **32.**—(1) This article applies instead of section 8(1) of the 1965 Act (other provisions as divided land) (as applied by section 125 of the 2008 Act) where—
 - (a) a notice to treat is served on a person ("the owner") under the 1965 Act (as so applied) in respect of land forming only part of a house, building or manufactory or of land consisting of a house with a park or garden ("the land subject to the notice to treat"); and
 - (b) a copy of this article is served on the owner with the notice to treat.
- (2) In such a case, the owner may, within the period of 21 days beginning with the day on which the notice was served, serve on the undertaker a counter-notice objecting to the sale of the land subject to the notice to treat which states that the owner is willing and able to sell the whole ("the land subject to the counter-notice").
- (3) If no such counter-notice is served within that period, the owner is required to sell the land subject to the notice to treat.
- (4) If such a counter-notice is served within that period, the question whether the owner is required to sell only the land subject to the notice to treat must, unless the undertaker agrees to take the land subject to the counter-notice, be referred to the tribunal.

- (5) If on such a reference the tribunal determines that the land subject to the notice to treat can be taken—
 - (a) without material detriment to the remainder of the land subject to the counter-notice; or
 - (b) where the land subject to the notice to treat consists of a house with a park or garden, without material detriment to the remainder of the land subject to the counter-notice and without seriously affecting the amenity and convenience of the house,

the owner must sell the land subject to the notice to treat.

- (6) If on such a reference the tribunal determines that only part of the land subject to the notice to treat can be taken—
 - (a) without material detriment to the remainder of the land subject to the counter-notice; or
 - (b) where the land subject to the notice to treat consists of a house with a park or garden, without material detriment to the remainder of the land subject to the counter-notice and without seriously affecting the amenity and convenience of the house,

the notice to treat is deemed to be a notice to treat for that part.

- (7) If on such a reference the tribunal determines that—
 - (a) the land subject to the notice to treat cannot be taken without material detriment to the remainder of the land subject to the counter-notice; but
- (b) the material detriment is confined to a part of the land subject to the counter-notice, the notice to treat is deemed to be a notice to treat for the land to which the material detriment is confined in addition to the land already subject to the notice, whether or not the additional land is land which the undertaker is authorised to acquire compulsorily under this Order.
- (8) If the undertaker agrees to take the land subject to the counter-notice, or if the tribunal determines that—
 - (a) none of the land subject to the notice to treat can be taken without material detriment to the remainder of the land subject to the counter-notice or, as the case may be, without material detriment to the remainder of the land subject to the counter-notice and without seriously affecting the amenity and convenience of the house; and
- (b) the material detriment is not confined to a part of the land subject to the counter-notice, the notice to treat is deemed to be a notice to treat for the land subject to the counter-notice whether or not the whole of that land is land which the undertaker is authorised to acquire compulsorily under this Order.
- (9) Where, by reason of a determination by the tribunal under this article, a notice to treat is deemed to be a notice to treat for less land or more land than that specified in the notice, the undertaker may, within the period of 6 weeks beginning with the day on which the determination is made, withdraw the notice to treat; and, in that event, must pay the owner compensation for any loss or expense occasioned to the owner by the giving and withdrawal of the notice, to be determined in case of dispute by the tribunal.
- (10) Where the owner is required under this article to sell only part of a house, building or manufactory or of land consisting of a house with a park or garden, the undertaker must pay the owner compensation for any loss sustained by the owner due to the severance of that part in addition to the value of the interest acquired.

Commencement Information

I12 Art. 32 in force at 15.9.2016, see art. 1

Statutory undertakers E+W+S

- 33.—(1) Subject to the provisions of Schedule 10 (protective provisions), the undertaker may—
 - (a) acquire compulsorily the land belonging to statutory undertakers within the Order limits as shown on the land plans and described in the book of reference;
 - (b) extinguish the rights of, remove or reposition the apparatus belonging to statutory undertakers where such apparatus is anywhere within the Order limits; and
 - (c) acquire compulsorily the new rights over land belonging to statutory undertakers within the Order limits described in the book of reference and shown on the land plans.

Commencement Information

I13 Art. 33 in force at 15.9.2016, see art. 1

Recovery of costs of new connections E+W+S

- **34.**—(1) Where any apparatus of a public utility undertaker or of a public communications provider is removed under article 33 (statutory undertakers) any person who is the owner or occupier of premises to which a supply was given from that apparatus is entitled to recover from the undertaker compensation in respect of expenditure reasonably incurred by that person, in consequence of the removal, for the purpose of effecting a connection between the premises and any other apparatus from which a supply is given.
- (2) Paragraph (1) does not apply in the case of the removal of a public sewer but where such a sewer is removed under article 33 (statutory undertakers) any person who is—
 - (a) the owner or occupier of premises the drains of which communicated with that sewer; or
 - (b) the owner of a private sewer which communicated with that sewer,

is entitled to recover from the undertaker compensation in respect of expenditure reasonably incurred by that person, in consequence of the removal, for the purpose of making the drain or sewer belonging to that person communicate with any other public sewer or with a private sewerage disposal plant.

- (3) This article does not have effect in relation to apparatus to which Part 3 of the 1991 Act applies.
 - (4) In this article—

"public communications provider" has the same meaning as in section 151(1) of the 2003 Act; and

"public utility undertaker" has the same meaning as in the 1980 Act.

Commencement Information

I14 Art. 34 in force at 15.9.2016, see art. 1

Time limit for exercise of authority to acquire land compulsorily E+W+S

- **35.**—(1) After the end of the period of five years beginning on the day on which this Order is made—
 - (a) no notice to treat is to be served under Part 1 of the 1965 Act; and
 - (b) no declaration is to be executed under section 4 of the 1981 Act as applied by article 26 (application of the Compulsory Purchase (Vesting Declarations) Act 1981).

(2) The authority conferred by article 27 (temporary use of land for carrying out the authorised project) ceases at the end of the period referred to in paragraph (1), save that nothing in this paragraph prevents the undertaker remaining in possession of land after the end of that period, if the land was entered and possession was taken before the end of that period.

Commencement Information

I15 Art. 35 in force at 15.9.2016, see art. 1

Rights under or over streets E+W+S

- **36.**—(1) The undertaker may enter on and appropriate so much of the subsoil of, or air-space over, any street within the Order limits as may be required for the purposes of the development and may use the subsoil or air-space for those purposes or any other purpose ancillary to the authorised project.
- (2) Subject to paragraph (3), the undertaker may exercise any power conferred by paragraph (1) in relation to a street without being required to acquire any part of the street or any easement or right in the street.
 - (3) Paragraph (2) does not apply in relation to—
 - (a) any subway or underground building; or
 - (b) any cellar, vault, arch or other construction in, on or under a street which forms part of a building fronting onto the street.
- (4) Subject to paragraph (5), any person who is an owner or occupier of land appropriated under paragraph (1) without the undertaker acquiring any part of that person's interest in the land, and who suffers loss as a result, is entitled to compensation to be determined, in case of dispute, under Part 1 of the 1961 Act.
- (5) Compensation is not payable under paragraph (4) to any person who is an undertaker to whom section 85 of the 1991 Act (sharing cost of necessary measures) applies in respect of measures of which the allowable costs are to be borne in accordance with that section.

Commencement Information

I16 Art. 36 in force at 15.9.2016, see art. 1

Incorporation of the mineral code E+W+S

- **37.** Parts 2 and 3 of Schedule 2 to the Acquisition of Land Act 1981(3) (minerals) are incorporated in this Order subject to the modifications that—
 - (a) for "the acquiring authority" substitute "the undertaker";
 - (b) for "undertaking" substitute "authorised project"; and
 - (c) for "compulsory purchase order" substitute "this Order".

Commencement Information

II7 Art. 37 in force at 15.9.2016, see art. 1

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The River Humber Gas Pipeline Replacement Order 2016, PART 3. (See end of Document for details)

Changes to legislation:There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The River Humber Gas Pipeline Replacement Order 2016, PART 3.