

## SCHEDULE 2

Regulation 20(3)

### Measures in a feral pig investigation or control zone

#### **Requirement to report a carcass of a feral pig found on premises**

1. An occupier must—
  - (a) report to the appropriate authority as soon as possible the location of any carcass of a feral pig (including where it has been shot by hunters) found on the premises; and
  - (b) not move such carcass other than under a licence granted by a veterinary inspector.

#### **Requirements on occupier of premises containing domestic pigs**

2. Following confirmation of classical swine fever or African swine fever in a feral pig occupiers of premises containing domestic pigs must ensure that—
  - (a) all pigs on premises are kept in a place on the premises where they are isolated from feral pigs;
  - (b) no person moves a pig on or off premises except under a licence granted by a veterinary inspector;
  - (c) appropriate means of cleansing and disinfection are undertaken;
  - (d) all persons entering or leaving the premises must observe appropriate biosecurity measures that include cleansing and disinfecting footwear, outer clothing, exposed skin and any possessions they have on them; and
  - (e) vector control is carried out in accordance with any instructions from a veterinary inspector.
3. Following confirmation of swine vesicular disease in a feral pig, the occupier may be required by a veterinary inspector to comply with one or more of the requirements specified in paragraph 2.

#### **Movement of genetic material**

4. Following confirmation of classical swine fever or African swine fever in a feral pig, a person must not move pig semen, ova or embryos off the premises unless licensed to do so by a veterinary inspector.

#### **Killing of feral pigs**

5. A person must not kill a feral pig unless licensed to do so by a veterinary inspector.

#### **Feeding of feral pigs**

6. A person must not feed any feral pig other than in accordance with a licence granted by a veterinary inspector.