#### SCHEDULE 1

## Supplies and emissions

#### SECTION 5

### Deductions from supplies

## **Deductions from supplies**

- **13.**—(1) This section provides for deductions in calculating the amount of a supply of electricity or gas under section 1, 2, 3 or 4 of this Schedule.
  - (2) The deductions apply only where provided under this Order.

## **Unconsumed supply: electricity**

- **14.**—(1) Sub-paragraph (3) applies where A does not consume for its own use some or all of the supply to it of electricity.
  - (2) The amount not consumed by A is "unconsumed supply".
- (3) Subject to paragraph 16(3), A may deduct from its electricity supply the unconsumed supply measured by—
  - (a) a metering device; or
  - (b) a device which measures electricity supplied but the measurements are not used for the purpose of charging for that electricity.

### Unconsumed supply: gas

- **15.**—(1) Sub-paragraph (3) applies where A does not consume for its own use some or all of the supply to it of gas.
  - (2) The amount not consumed by A is "unconsumed supply".
- (3) Subject to paragraph 16(3), A may deduct from its gas supply the unconsumed supply measured by—
  - (a) a metering device; or
  - (b) a device which measures gas supplied but the measurements are not used for the purpose of charging for that gas.

# Occupation of premises

- **16.**—(1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies where—
  - (a) A has an unconsumed supply; and
  - (b) that unconsumed supply is consumed by a person ("B") in respect of premises which B occupies with the permission of A.
- (2) Subject to sub-paragraph (3), paragraphs 14(3) and 15(3) do not apply to an unconsumed supply to which sub-paragraph (1) applies.
  - (3) Sub-paragraph (2) does not apply where—
    - (a) B is a Northern Ireland Department which occupies premises with the permission of A, and A is another Northern Ireland Department; or

- (b) B has entered into a construction lease with A in respect of the premises described in paragraph (1)(b).
- (4) A "construction lease" is a lease entered into between A and B for a minimum period of 30 years where—
  - (a) B covenants—
    - (i) to obtain all necessary consents and approvals and to erect fencing or erect a building on the premises within a period of not more than 2 years from the lease commencement date;
    - (ii) to install all necessary gas, electricity and water supplies to the premises to comply with statutory requirements within a period of not more than 2 years from the lease commencement date; and
    - (iii) if required by A, to remove any buildings or works constructed by B on the premises at termination of the lease; and
  - (b) A covenants to compensate B for any improvements made to the premises by B during the period of the lease.

## Consumption outside the United Kingdom

17. A is not supplied with electricity or gas to the extent that supply is consumed by A outside the United Kingdom.

#### **Domestic accommodation**

- **18.**—(1) Subject to sub-paragraph (2), A is not supplied with electricity or gas—
  - (a) to the extent that supply is consumed by A for the purposes of domestic accommodation; and
  - (b) where the conditions in sub-paragraph (4) are satisfied concerning that accommodation.
- (2) A is supplied with electricity or gas in respect of common areas described in sub-paragraph (5) (b) where a decision has been made under sub-paragraph (6) that those common areas are not part of the domestic accommodation.
- (3) "Domestic accommodation" means premises or that part of premises intended to be used as a person's permanent home.
  - (4) The conditions referred to in sub-paragraph (1) are—
    - (a) the accommodation is not provided in relation to a person's education, employment or service; and
    - (b) no services are provided for the care of a person in residence in that accommodation by the person to whom the supply of electricity or gas is made.
- (5) Where common areas of premises are used in relation to domestic accommodation and the premises are used—
  - (a) solely for domestic accommodation; or
  - (b) partly for domestic accommodation,

the common areas are part of that accommodation.

- (6) A may decide that the common areas where sub-paragraph (5)(b) applies are not part of the domestic accommodation.
  - (7) A decision made under sub-paragraph (6)—
    - (a) may be made in respect of—

- (i) the supply in the qualification year of a phase and where so made, applies to the phase;
- (ii) a phase where it was not made in respect of the qualification year, where such a decision is made on or before the participant submits its first annual report for that phase;
- (b) must not be altered during the phase.

#### Caravan sites: accommodation

- **19.**—(1) A is not supplied with electricity or gas to the extent that supply is consumed by A directly for the purposes of accommodation at a caravan site.
  - (2) "Caravan site" means—
    - (a) in England and Wales and Scotland, a caravan site within the meaning of section 1(4) of the Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act 1960(1) which is in accordance with Part 1 of that Act—
      - (i) licensed;
      - (ii) exempt from requiring a licence; or
      - (iii) provided by a local authority as defined by that Part;
    - (b) in England and Wales, land licensed under section 269 of the Public Health Act 1936(2) for use as a site for a moveable dwelling within the meaning of that section;
    - (c) in Northern Ireland, a caravan site within the meaning of section 1(4) of the Caravans Act (Northern Ireland) 1963(3) which is—
      - (i) licensed in accordance with section 1(1) of that Act;
      - (ii) exempt from requiring a licence under section 2 of that Act;
      - (iii) provided by a district council as defined by section 21 of that Act(4); or
      - (iv) provided by the Northern Ireland Housing Executive pursuant to Article 28A of the Housing (Northern Ireland) Order 1981(5).

# **Emergency and temporary accommodation**

- **20.**—(1) Where A is a housing body, A is not supplied with electricity or gas to the extent the supply is consumed by A for the purposes of emergency or temporary accommodation.
  - (2) In sub-paragraph (1)—
    - (a) "emergency or temporary accommodation" means accommodation provided in discharge of a duty on the housing body under—
      - (i) in England and Wales, Part VII of the Housing Act 1996(6);
      - (ii) in Scotland, Part II of the Housing (Scotland) Act 1987(7);

<sup>(1) 1960</sup> c. 62.

<sup>(2) 1936</sup> c. 49. Section 269 was amended by sections 30(1) and 48(1) of and Schedule 4 to the Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act 1960 (c. 62). There are other amendments to section 269 which are not relevant.

<sup>(3) 1963</sup> c. 17. Paragraph 9 of the Schedule was amended by article 133(1) of and Schedule 5 to the Planning (Northern Ireland) Order 1991 (S.I. 1991/1220 (N.I. 11)).

<sup>(4)</sup> Section 21 was amended by S.R. (NI) 1973 No 285.

<sup>(5)</sup> S.I. 1981/156 (N.I. 3). Article 28A was inserted by S.I. 2003/412 (N.I. 2).

<sup>(6) 1996</sup> c. 52. Part VII is subject to various amendments under Schedule 1 to the Homelessness Act 2002 (c. 7).

<sup>(7) 1987</sup> c. 26. Part II is subject to various amendments under section 3 of and Schedule 10 to the Housing (Scotland) Act 2001 (asp. 10) and section 25 is amended by section 1 of the Homelessness etc (Scotland) Act 2003 (asp. 10).

- (iii) in Northern Ireland, Part II of the Housing (Northern Ireland) Order 1988(8);
- (b) "housing body" means—
  - (i) in England and Wales, a local housing authority within the meaning of Part VII of the Housing Act 1996;
  - (ii) in Scotland, a local authority within the meaning of Part II of the Housing (Scotland) Act 1987;
  - (iii) in Northern Ireland, the Northern Ireland Housing Executive.

## **Transport consumption**

- **21.**—(1) Subject to sub-paragraph (2), A is not supplied with electricity or gas to the extent that supply is consumed by A for the purposes of transport.
- (2) A is supplied with an un-metered electricity or gas transport supply where a decision has been made that such a supply is not consumed for the purposes of transport under paragraph 22 or 23.

## Un-metered transport supply: electricity

- 22.—(1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies where—
  - (a) A has consumed a supply of electricity for the purposes of transport; and
  - (b) part of that supply so consumed was not measured by a meter of any sort ("un-metered electricity transport supply").
- (2) Where this sub-paragraph applies, A may decide that un-metered electricity transport supply is not consumed for the purposes of transport.
  - (3) A decision made under sub-paragraph (2)—
    - (a) may be made in respect of—
      - (i) qualifying electricity in the qualification year of a phase and where so made, applies also to supplies of electricity during the phase;
      - (ii) a phase where it was not made in respect of the qualification year, where such a decision is made on or before the participant submits its first annual report for that phase;
    - (b) must not be altered during the phase.

# Un-metered transport supply: gas

- 23.—(1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies where—
  - (a) A has consumed gas for the purposes of transport; and
  - (b) part of that supply so consumed was not measured by a meter of any sort ("un-metered gas transport supply").
- (2) Where this sub-paragraph applies, A may decide that un-metered gas transport supply during a phase is not consumed for the purposes of transport.
  - (3) A decision made under sub-paragraph (2)—
    - (a) may be made in respect of a phase where such a decision is made on or before the participant submits its first annual report for that phase;
    - (b) must not be altered during the phase.

<sup>(8)</sup> S.I. 1988/1990 (N.I. 23). Part II is subject to various amendments under chapter IV of the Housing (Northern Ireland) Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/412 (N.I. 2)).

## Purposes of transport

- **24.**—(1) In paragraph 21, electricity or gas is consumed for the purposes of transport where it is used—
  - (a) by a road going vehicle, a vessel, an aircraft or a train;
  - (b) in relation to railways, for network services except where electricity or gas is used to provide power, heat or light to a building; or
  - (c) to provide power for the operation of a conveyor belt which is—
    - (i) at least 8 kilometres in length; and
    - (ii) used to transport materials to an off site facility from which facility the materials will be transported on a railway or a vessel using inland waters.
  - (2) The following definitions have effect for the purposes of sub-paragraph (1)—
    - "aircraft" means a self-propelled machine that can move through the air other than against the earth's surface:
    - "inland waters" means—
    - (a) any river, stream or other watercourse, whether natural or artificial and whether tidal or not;
    - (b) any lough, lake or pond, whether natural or artificial, and any reservoir or dock; and
    - (c) any channel, creek, bay, estuary or arm of the sea;
    - "network services" has the same meaning it has in section 82 of the Railways Act 1993(9) but as if section 82(3)(h) of that Act did not apply;
    - "railway" has the meaning given in section 67(1) of the Transport and Works Act 1992(10);
    - "road going vehicle" means any vehicle—
    - (a) in respect of which a vehicle licence is required under the Vehicle Excise and Registration Act 1994(11);
    - (b) which is an exempt vehicle under that Act; or
    - (c) which is required to display a certificate of Crown exemption under regulation 31 of the Road Vehicles (Registration and Licensing) Regulations 2002(12);

# Consumption of gas for purposes other than heating

**25.** A is not supplied with gas to the extent that supply is consumed by A for purposes other than for the purposes of heating.

### **Purposes of heating**

- **26.**—(1) In paragraph 25, gas is consumed for the purposes of heating where it is used as part of a process where the primary purpose of that process is the generation of heat.
- (2) Gas used in the process of combined heat and power generation is not consumed for the purposes of heating.

<sup>&</sup>quot;train" has the same meaning it has in section 83 of the Railways Act 1993;

<sup>&</sup>quot;vessel" means any boat or ship which is self-propelled and operates in or under water.

<sup>(</sup>**9**) 1993 c. 43.

<sup>(10) 1992</sup> c. 42.

<sup>(11) 1994</sup> c. 22.

<sup>(12)</sup> S.I. 2002/2742.

### Minimal gas heating supply levels

- 27.—(1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies where the amount of gas supplied to A for the purposes of heating is less than 2% of the amount of electricity supplied to A in the first annual reporting year of a phase ("minimal gas heating supply").
- (2) Where this sub-paragraph applies, A may decide that minimal gas heating supply is not consumed for the purposes of heating.
  - (3) A decision under sub-paragraph (2)—
    - (a) may be made in respect of a phase where such a decision is made on or before the participant submits its first annual report for that phase;
    - (b) must not be altered during the phase.

#### **EU ETS installations**

- **28.**—(1) Subject to sub-paragraph (2), A is not supplied with electricity or gas to the extent that supply is consumed by A for the purposes of operating an EU ETS installation.
- (2) A is supplied with electricity or gas where A decides that such a supply is not consumed for the purposes of operating an EU ETS installation.
  - (3) A decision made under sub-paragraph (2)—
    - (a) may be made in respect of a phase where such a decision is made on or before the participant submits its first annual report for that phase;
    - (b) must not be altered during the phase.

## **CCA** facility consumption

- **29.**—(1) Subject to sub-paragraph (2), A is not supplied with electricity or gas to the extent that supply is consumed by A for the purposes of operating a CCA facility specified in a current specified facility certificate.
- (2) A is supplied with electricity or gas where A decides that such a supply is not consumed for the purposes of operating a CCA facility specified in a specified facility certificate.
  - (3) A decision made under sub-paragraph (2)—
    - (a) may be made in respect of a phase where such a decision is made on or before the participant submits its first annual report for that phase;
    - (b) must not be altered during the phase.
- (4) For the purposes of the initial phase, A is not supplied with electricity or gas to the extent that it is consumed by A for the purposes of operating a CCA facility that is subject to a CCA target that ends no earlier than 2 months before the beginning of that phase.