STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2009 No. 1804

The Limited Liability Partnerships (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2009

PART 15

THE REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES

Supplementary provisions

69. Sections 1112 and 1113 apply to LLPs, modified so that they read as follows—

"General false statement offence

- 1112.—(1) It is an offence for a person knowingly or recklessly—
 - (a) to deliver or cause to be delivered to the registrar, for any purpose of this Act or the Limited Liability Partnerships Act 2000 (c. 12), a document, or
- (b) to make to the registrar, for any such purpose, a statement, that is misleading, false or deceptive in a material particular.
 - (2) A person guilty of an offence under this section is liable—
 - (a) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or a fine (or both);
 - (b) on summary conviction—
 - (i) in England and Wales or Scotland, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months or to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum (or both);
 - (ii) in Northern Ireland, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, or to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum (or both).

Enforcement of LLP's filing obligations

- **1113.**—(1) This section applies where an LLP has made default in complying with any obligation under this Act or the Limited Liability Partnerships Act 2000 (c. 12)—
 - (a) to deliver a document to the registrar, or
 - (b) to give notice to the registrar of any matter.
- (2) The registrar, or any member or creditor of the LLP, may give notice to the LLP requiring it to comply with the obligation.
- (3) If the LLP fails to make good the default within 14 days after service of the notice, the registrar, or any member or creditor of the LLP, may apply to the court for an order directing the LLP, and any specified member of it, to make good the default within a specified time.

- (4) The court's order may provide that all costs (in Scotland, expenses) of or incidental to the application are to be borne by the LLP or by any members of it responsible for the default.
- (5) This section does not affect the operation of any enactment making it an offence, or imposing a civil penalty, for the default.".