#### STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

## 2008 No. 1276

# The Business Protection from Misleading Marketing Regulations 2008

## PART 1

### DEFINITIONS AND PROHIBITIONS

#### Prohibition of advertising which misleads traders

- **3.**—(1) Advertising which is misleading is prohibited.
- (2) Advertising is misleading which-
  - (a) in any way, including its presentation, deceives or is likely to deceive the traders to whom it is addressed or whom it reaches; and by reason of its deceptive nature, is likely to affect their economic behaviour; or
  - (b) for those reasons, injures or is likely to injure a competitor.

(3) In determining whether advertising is misleading, account shall be taken of all its features, and in particular of any information it contains concerning—

- (a) the characteristics of the product (as defined in paragraph (4));
- (b) the price or manner in which the price is calculated;
- (c) the conditions on which the product is supplied or provided; and
- (d) the nature, attributes and rights of the advertiser (as defined in paragraph (5)).
- (4) In paragraph (3)(a) the "characteristics of the product" include—
  - (a) availability of the product;
  - (b) nature of the product;
  - (c) execution of the product;
  - (d) composition of the product;
  - (e) method and date of manufacture of the product;
  - (f) method and date of provision of the product;
  - (g) fitness for purpose of the product;
  - (h) uses of the product;
  - (i) quantity of the product;
  - (j) specification of the product;
  - (k) geographical or commercial origin of the product;
  - (l) results to be expected from use of the product; or
  - (m) results and material features of tests or checks carried out on the product.

(5) In paragraph (3)(d) the "nature, attributes and rights" of the advertiser include the advertiser's—

(a) identity;

(b) assets;

(c) qualifications;

(d) ownership of industrial, commercial or intellectual property rights; or

(e) awards and distinctions.