#### STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

## 2006 No. 964

# The Authorised Investment Funds (Tax) Regulations 2006

# [F1PART 4A PROPERTY AIFS CHAPTER 2

#### ENTRY INTO AND MEMBERSHIP OF THE PROPERTY AIF REGIME

The corporate ownership condition

### [F1The corporate ownership condition: further provisions

- **69L.**—(1) The open-ended investment company meets conditions B and C of the corporate ownership condition if it provides in its instrument of incorporation and its prospectus that a body corporate is prohibited from acquiring shares in the open-ended investment company.
- (2) The open-ended investment company meets conditions B and C of the corporate ownership condition if—
  - (a) it provides in its instrument of incorporation and its prospectus that a body corporate is prohibited from acquiring shares [F2 as a participant] in the open-ended investment company,
  - (b) a body corporate ("BC") acquires shares in the open-ended investment company,
  - (c) BC does not hold those shares as beneficial owner, and
  - (d) BC gives a certificate in accordance with paragraph (3).
  - (3) The certificate is a certificate—
    - (a) that BC does not hold any of the shares in the open-ended investment company as beneficial owner, and
    - (b) that none of the beneficial owners of BC's shares in the open-ended investment company is a body corporate.
  - (4) Paragraph (5) applies if the trustees of a unit trust scheme—
    - (a) hold shares in the open-ended investment company, and
    - (b) are chargeable, in the United Kingdom, either to income tax or to corporation tax in their capacity as trustees of that unit trust scheme.
- (5) For the purposes of regulation 69K [F3 the unit trust scheme is treated] as the beneficial owners of the shares; and a person holding units in the unit trust shall not be treated as beneficially entitled (directly or indirectly) to 10% or more of the net asset value of the open-ended investment company's fund by virtue of holding the units.
  - (6) In this Part "body corporate" means—

- (a) a body corporate incorporated under the laws of any part of the United Kingdom or any other territory, or
- (b) an entity which is treated as a body corporate for tax purposes—
  - (i) in accordance with the law of a territory outside the United Kingdom with which relevant arrangements have been entered into, or
  - (ii) in accordance with an international agreement containing relevant arrangements.
- (7) In paragraph (6) "relevant arrangements" means arrangements which—
  - (a) have been entered into with a view to affording relief from double taxation, and
  - (b) have effect by virtue of an Order in Council under section 788 of ICTA.]

#### **Textual Amendments**

- F1 Pt. 4A inserted (6.4.2008) by The Authorised Investment Funds (Tax) (Amendment) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/705), regs. 1, 5
- F2 Words in reg. 69L(2)(a) inserted (1.1.2009) by The Authorised Investment Funds (Tax) (Amendment No. 3) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/3159), regs. 1(1), 22(2)
- **F3** Words in reg. 69L(5) substituted (1.1.2009) by The Authorised Investment Funds (Tax) (Amendment No. 3) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/3159), regs. 1(1), **22(3)**

Changes to legislation:
There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Authorised Investment Funds (Tax)
Regulations 2006, Section 69L.