STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2006 No. 223

The Child Benefit (General) Regulations 2006

PART 6

Residence

Circumstances in which a child or qualifying young person treated as being in Great Britain

- **21.**—(1) For the purposes of section 146(1) of SSCBA, a child or qualifying young person who is temporarily absent from Great Britain shall be treated as being in Great Britain during—
 - (a) the first 12 weeks of any period of absence;
 - (b) any period during which that person is absent by reason only of—
 - (i) his receiving full-time education by attendance at a [F1school or college] in an EEA State or in Switzerland; or
 - (ii) his being engaged in an educational exchange or visit made with the written approval of the [FI school or college] which he normally attends;
 - (c) any period as is determined by the Commissioners during which the child or qualifying young person is absent for the specific purpose of being treated for an illness or physical or mental disability which commenced before his absence began; or
 - (d) any period when he is in Northern Ireland.
- (2) For the purposes of section 146(1) of SSCBA, where a child is born while his mother is absent from Great Britain in accordance with regulation 24, he shall be treated as being in Great Britain during such period of absence after his birth as is within 12 weeks of the date on which his mother became absent from Great Britain.
 - **F1** Words in reg. 21(1)(b) substituted (16.8.2007) by The Child Benefit (General) (Amendment) Regulations 2007 (S.I. 2007/2150), regs. 1, 7

Application of regulation 24 where the person is in Northern Ireland

22. If a person who is in Northern Ireland is treated as being in Great Britain in accordance with regulation 24, he is treated as not being in Northern Ireland for the purposes of section 142 MI of SSCB(NI)A.

Marginal Citations

M1 Section 142 of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits (Northern Ireland) Act (c.4) was substituted by section 56 of the Tax Credits Act 2002 (c. 21) and is further substituted, with effect from 10th April 2006, by section 2(2) of the Child Benefit Act 2005 (c. 6).

Circumstances in which person treated as not being in Great Britain

- 23.—(1) A person shall be treated as not being in Great Britain for the purposes of section 146(2) M2 of SSCBA if he is not ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom.
 - (2) [F2Paragraph (1) does] not apply to a Crown servant posted overseas or his partner.
- (3) A person who is in Great Britain as a result of his deportation, expulsion or other removal by compulsion of law from another country to Great Britain shall be treated as being ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom ^{F3}....
- (4) A person shall be treated as not being in Great Britain for the purposes of section 146(2) of SSCBA where he I^{F4}makes a claim for child benefit on or after 1st May 2004II^{F5} and
 - (a) does not have a right to reside in the United Kingdom; [F6...
 - [F7(b) has a right to reside by virtue of paragraph (1) of regulation 16 of the Immigration (European Economic Area) Regulations 2016, but only in a case where a right exists under that regulation because that person satisfies the criteria in paragraph (5) of that regulation][F8; or]
 - (c) would fall within sub-paragraph (a) or (b) but for the fact that that person has limited leave to enter, or remain in, the United Kingdom under the Immigration Act 1971 which has been granted by virtue of
 - [F9(i) Appendix EU to the immigration rules; or
 - (ii) having arrived in the United Kingdom with an entry clearance that was granted under Appendix EU (Family Permit) to the immigration rules.]
 - [F10(4A) Paragraph (4)(b) does not apply to a person who is lawfully working in Great Britain—
 - (a) who—
 - (i) made a claim for child benefit before 1st January 2021, and
 - (i) is a national of a State with which the European Union had, before 1st January 2021, concluded an agreement under Article 217 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union providing in the field of social security for the equal treatment of workers who are nationals of the signatory State and their families; or
 - (b) who is a national of a State with which the United Kingdom has concluded an agreement which replaces, in whole or in part, an EU Agreement which has ceased to apply in the United Kingdom.]
 - [F11(4B) Paragraph (4)(c) [F12(i)] does not apply to a person who—
 - (a) has limited leave to enter, or remain in, the United Kingdom under the Immigration Act 1971 which has been granted by virtue of Appendix EU to the Immigration Rules;
 - (b) has been granted such leave in reliance of being a family member of a relevant person of Northern Ireland in accordance with those Rules; and
 - (c) would have a right to reside under the Immigration (European Economic Area) Regulations 2016 if the relevant person of Northern Ireland were an EEA national within the meaning of regulation 2 of those Regulations.]

F13(5)																
F13(6)																
F13(7)																

F2 Words in reg. 23(2) substituted (27.10.2023) by The Child Benefit and Tax Credits (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1139), regs. 1, 2(2)(a)

- **F3** Words in reg. 23(3) omitted (27.10.2023) by virtue of The Child Benefit and Tax Credits (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1139), regs. 1, **2(2)(b)**
- F4 Words in reg. 23(4) inserted (16.8.2007) by The Child Benefit (General) (Amendment) Regulations 2007 (S.I. 2007/2150), regs. 1, 8
- Words in reg. 23(4) substituted (8.11.2012) by The Child Benefit and Child Tax Credit (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2012 (S.I. 2012/2612), regs. 1, 3
- Word in reg. 23(4)(a) omitted (7.5.2019) by virtue of The Child Benefit and Child Tax Credit (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/867), regs. 1, 2(2)(a)
- F7 Reg. 23(4)(b) substituted (21.3.2019) by The Tax Credits, Child Benefit and Childcare Payments (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/364), regs. 1, 11(4)(a)
- F8 Reg. 23(4)(c) and preceding word inserted (7.5.2019) by The Child Benefit and Child Tax Credit (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/867), regs. 1, 2(2)(b)
- F9 Reg. 23(4)(c)(i)(ii) substituted for words (31.12.2020 immediately after IP completion day) by The Immigration (Citizens' Rights etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1372), regs. 1(2)(a)(3)(d), 22(2)(a)
- F10 Reg. 23(4A) substituted (1.1.2021) by The Social Security, Child Benefit and Child Tax Credit (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1505), regs. 1(1), 6(3)
- F11 Reg. 23(4B) inserted (24.8.2020) by The Child Benefit and Child Tax Credit (Persons of Northern Ireland) (Amendment) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/672), regs. 1, 2(3)(a)
- F12 Word in reg. 23(4B) inserted (31.12.2020 immediately after IP completion day) by The Immigration (Citizens' Rights etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1372), regs. 1(2)(a)(3)(d), 22(2)(b)
- F13 Reg. 23(5)-(7) omitted (27.10.2023) by virtue of The Child Benefit and Tax Credits (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1139), regs. 1, 2(2)(c)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C1 Reg. 23 applied (with modifications) (31.12.2020) by The Citizens' Rights (Application Deadline and Temporary Protection) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1209), regs. 1(1), **3(3)**, 4(4), 11(j)

Marginal Citations

M2 Section 146 of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (c. 4) was substituted by section 56 of the Tax Credits Act 2002 (c. 21).

Persons temporarily absent from Great Britain

- **24.**—(1) A person who is ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom and is temporarily absent from Great Britain shall be treated as being in Great Britain during the first—
 - (a) 8 weeks of any period of absence; or
 - (b) 12 weeks of any period of absence where that period of absence, or any extension to that period of absence, is in connection with—
 - (i) the treatment of his illness or physical or mental disability;
 - (ii) the treatment of his partner's illness or physical or mental disability;
 - (iii) the death of a person who, immediately prior to the date of death, was his partner;
 - (iv) the death, or the treatment of the illness or physical or mental disability, of a child or qualifying young person for whom either he or his partner is, or both of them are, responsible; or
 - (v) the death, or the treatment of the illness or physical or mental disability, of his or his partner's relative.

Here "relative" means brother, sister, forebear or lineal descendant.

(2) A person is temporarily absent from Great Britain if at the beginning of the period of absence his absence is unlikely to exceed 52 weeks.

Circumstances in which a child or qualifying young person treated as being in Northern Ireland

- **25.**—(1) For the purposes of section 142(1) of SSCB(NI)A a child or qualifying young person who is temporarily absent from Northern Ireland shall be treated as being in Northern Ireland during—
 - (a) the first 12 weeks of any period of absence;
 - (b) any period during which the child or qualifying young person is absent by reason only of—
 - (i) his receiving full-time education by attendance at a [F14school or college] in an EEA State or in Switzerland; or
 - (ii) his being engaged in an educational exchange or visit made with the written approval of the [F14school or college] which he normally attends;
 - (c) any period as is determined by the Commissioners during which the child or qualifying young person is absent for the specific purpose of being treated for an illness or physical or mental disability which commenced before his absence began; or
 - (d) any period when he is in Great Britain.
- (2) For the purposes of section 142(1) of SSCB(NI)A, where a child is born while his mother is absent from Northern Ireland in accordance with regulation 28, he shall be treated as being in Northern Ireland during such period of absence after his birth as is within 12 weeks of the date on which his mother became absent from Northern Ireland.
 - F14 Words in reg. 25(1)(b) substituted (16.8.2007) by The Child Benefit (General) (Amendment) Regulations 2007 (S.I. 2007/2150), regs. 1, 9

Application of regulation 28 where person in Great Britain

26. Where a person who is in Great Britain is treated as being in Northern Ireland in accordance with regulation 28, he is treated as not being in Great Britain for the purposes of section 146 of SSCBA.

Circumstances in which person treated as not being in Northern Ireland

- 27.—(1) A person shall be treated as not being in Northern Ireland for the purposes of section 142(2) of SSCB(NI)A if he is not ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom.
- (2) A person who is in Northern Ireland as a result of his deportation, expulsion or other removal by compulsion of law from another country to Northern Ireland shall be treated as being ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom ^{F15}....
- (3) A person shall be treated as not being in Northern Ireland for the purposes of section 142(2) of SSCB(NI)A where he [F16makes a claim for child benefit on or after 1st May 2004][F17and
 - (a) does not have a right to reside in the United Kingdom; 1^{F18}...
 - [F19(b)] has a right to reside in the United Kingdom by virtue of paragraph (1) of regulation 16 of the Immigration (European Economic Area) Regulations 2016, but only in a case where a right exists under that regulation because that person satisfies the criteria in paragraph (5) of that regulation][F20]; or

- (c) would fall within sub-paragraph (a) or (b) but for the fact that that person has limited leave to enter, or remain in, the United Kingdom under the Immigration Act 1971 which has been granted by virtue of
- [F21(i) Appendix EU to the immigration rules; or
 - (ii) having arrived in the United Kingdom with an entry clearance that was granted under Appendix EU (Family Permit) to the immigration rules.]
- [F22(3A) Paragraph (3)(b) does not apply to a person who is lawfully working in Northern Ireland—
 - (a) who—
 - (i) made a claim for child benefit before 1st January 2021, and
 - (ii) is a national of a State with which the European Union had, before 1st January 2021, concluded an agreement under Article 217 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union providing in the field of social security for the equal treatment of workers who are nationals of the signatory state and their families; or
 - (b) who is a national of a State with which the United Kingdom has concluded an agreement which replaces, in whole or in part, an EU Agreement which has ceased to apply in the United Kingdom.]
 - [F23(3B) Paragraph (3)(c)[F24(i)] does not apply to a person who—
 - (a) has limited leave to enter, or remain in, the United Kingdom under the Immigration Act 1971 which has been granted by virtue of Appendix EU to the Immigration Rules;
 - (b) has been granted such leave in reliance of being a family member of a relevant person of Northern Ireland in accordance with those Rules; and
 - (c) would have a right to reside under the Immigration (European Economic Area) Regulations 2016 if the relevant person of Northern Ireland were an EEA national within the meaning of regulation 2 of those Regulations.]

$F^{25}(4)$																
F25(5)																
F25(6)																

- F15 Words in reg. 27(2) omitted (27.10.2023) by virtue of The Child Benefit and Tax Credits (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1139), regs. 1, 2(3)(a)
- **F16** Words in reg. 27(3) inserted (16.8.2007) by The Child Benefit (General) (Amendment) Regulations 2007 (S.I. 2007/2150), regs. 1, 10
- F17 Words in reg. 27(3) substituted (8.11.2012) by The Child Benefit and Child Tax Credit (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2012 (S.I. 2012/2612), regs. 1, 4
- F18 Word in reg. 27(3)(a) omitted (7.5.2019) by virtue of The Child Benefit and Child Tax Credit (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/867), regs. 1, 2(3)(a)
- F19 Reg. 27(3)(b) substituted (21.3.2019) by The Tax Credits, Child Benefit and Childcare Payments (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/364), regs. 1, 11(5)(a)
- **F20** Reg. 27(3)(c) and preceding word inserted (7.5.2019) by The Child Benefit and Child Tax Credit (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/867), regs. 1, **2(3)(b)**
- F21 Reg. 27(3)(c)(i)(ii) substituted for words (31.12.2020 immediately after IP completion day) by The Immigration (Citizens' Rights etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1372), regs. 1(2)(a)(3)(d), 22(3)(a)
- F22 Reg. 27(3A) substituted (1.1.2021) by The Social Security, Child Benefit and Child Tax Credit (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1505), regs. 1(1), 6(4)

- F23 Reg. 27(3B) inserted (24.8.2020) by The Child Benefit and Child Tax Credit (Persons of Northern Ireland) (Amendment) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/672), regs. 1, 2(4)(a)
- **F24** Word in reg. 27(3B) inserted (31.12.2020 immediately after IP completion day) by The Immigration (Citizens' Rights etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1372), regs. 1(2)(a)(3)(d), **22(3)(b)**
- F25 Reg. 27(4)-(6) omitted (27.10.2023) by virtue of The Child Benefit and Tax Credits (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1139), regs. 1, 2(3)(b)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C2 Reg. 27 applied (with modifications) (31.12.2020) by The Citizens' Rights (Application Deadline and Temporary Protection) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1209), regs. 1(1), **3(3)**, 4(4), 11(j)

Persons temporarily absent from Northern Ireland

- **28.**—(1) A person who is ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom and is temporarily absent from Northern Ireland shall be treated as being in Northern Ireland during the first—
 - (a) 8 weeks of any period of absence; or
 - (b) 12 weeks of any period of absence where that period of absence, or any extension to that period of absence, is in connection with—
 - (i) the treatment of his illness or physical or mental disability;
 - (ii) the treatment of his partner's illness or physical or mental disability;
 - (iii) the death of a person who, immediately prior to the date of death, was his partner;
 - (iv) the death, or the treatment of the illness or physical or mental disability, of a child for whom either he or his partner is, or both of them are, responsible; or
 - (v) the death, or the treatment of the illness or physical or mental disability, of his or his partner's relative.

Here "relative" has the same meaning as in regulation 24.

(2) A person is temporarily absent from Northern Ireland if, at the beginning of the period of absence, his absence is unlikely to exceed 52 weeks.

Overlap of entitlement to child benefit under both the legislation of Northern Ireland and Great Britain

- **29.**—(1) Where by virtue of these Regulations two or more persons would be entitled to child benefit in respect of the same child or qualifying young person for the same week under both the legislation of Northern Ireland and Great Britain, one of them only shall be so entitled.
- (2) Where the child is in Great Britain (except where regulation 25(1)(d) applies) or is treated as being in Great Britain, the question of which of the persons is entitled shall be determined in accordance with the legislation applying to Great Britain.
- (3) Where the child is in Northern Ireland (except where regulation 21(1)(d) applies) or is treated as being in Northern Ireland, the question of which of the persons is entitled shall be determined in accordance with the legislation applying to Northern Ireland.

Crown servants posted overseas

- **30.**—(1) For the purposes of section [F26146(2)] of the Social Security and Contributions and Benefits Act, a Crown servant posted overseas shall be treated as being in Great Britain.
- (2) A Crown servant posted overseas is a person performing overseas (but not in Northern Ireland) the duties of any office or employment under the Crown in right of the United Kingdom—

- (a) who is, or was, immediately prior to his posting or his first of consecutive postings, ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom; or
- (b) who, immediately prior to his posting or his first of consecutive postings, was in the United Kingdom in connection with that posting.

F26 Word in reg. 30(1) substituted (16.8.2007) by The Child Benefit (General) (Amendment) Regulations 2007 (S.I. 2007/2150), regs. 1, **11(1)**

Partners of Crown servants posted overseas

- **31.**—(1) For the purposes of section [F²⁷146(2)] of the Social Security and Contributions and Benefits Act the partner of a Crown servant posted overseas who is accompanying the Crown servant posted overseas shall be treated as being in Great Britain when the partner is either—
 - (a) in the country where the Crown servant is posted, or
 - (b) absent from that country in accordance with regulation 24 as modified by paragraphs (3) and (4).
- (2) Regulations 22 and 24 apply to the partner of a Crown servant posted overseas with the modifications set out in paragraphs (3) and (4).
- (3) References to "Great Britain" in the phrase "temporarily absent from Great Britain" in paragraphs (1) and (2) of regulation 24 shall be construed as references to the country where the Crown servant is posted and regulation 21(2) shall apply, where appropriate, accordingly.
 - (4) In regulation 24 omit the words "ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom and is".

F27 Word in reg. 31(1) substituted (16.8.2007) by The Child Benefit (General) (Amendment) Regulations 2007 (S.I. 2007/2150), regs. 1, **11(2)**

Child or qualifying young persons normally living with Crown servants posted overseas

- **32.**—(1) For the purposes of section [F28146(1)] of the Social Security and Contributions and Benefits Act a child or qualifying young person who normally lives with a Crown servant posted overseas shall be treated as being in Great Britain when he is either—
 - (a) in the country where the Crown servant is posted, or
 - (b) absent from that country in accordance with regulation 21 as modified by paragraph (2).
- (2) The reference to "Great Britain" in paragraph (1) of that regulation shall be construed as a reference to the country where the Crown servant is posted.

F28 Word in reg. 32(1) substituted (16.8.2007) by The Child Benefit (General) (Amendment) Regulations 2007 (S.I. 2007/2150), regs. 1, **11(3)**

Transitional provisions for Part 6

- **33.**—(1) In relation to a period of temporary absence which commenced before 7th April 2003, and continues after the coming into force of these Regulations, regulations 24 and 28 shall have effect subject to the modifications in paragraphs (2) and (3) respectively.
 - (2) For regulation 24(2) substitute—

- "(2) A person is temporarily absent from Great Britain if at the beginning of the period of absence his absence was intended to be temporary and has throughout continued to be so intended.".
- (3) For regulation 28(2) substitute—
 - "(2) A person is temporarily absent from Northern Ireland if at the beginning of the period of absence his absence was intended to be temporary and has throughout continued to be so intended."

Changes to legislation:
There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Child Benefit (General)
Regulations 2006, PART 6.