STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2006 No. 1908

INTERNATIONAL IMMUNITIES AND PRIVILEGES

The International Criminal Court (Immunities and Privileges) (No. 2) Order 2006

Made - - - - 19th July 2006

Coming into force in accordance with Article 1

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 19th day of July 2006 Present,

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council

In accordance with paragraph 4 of Schedule 1 to the International Criminal Court Act 2001(1) ("the Act") a draft of this Order was laid before Parliament and the Scottish Parliament and has been approved by a resolution of each House of Parliament and of the Scottish Parliament:

Her Majesty in exercise of the powers conferred on Her by paragraph 1 of Schedule 1 to the Act is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order, and it is ordered as follows—

Citation and commencement

- 1.—(1) This Order may be cited as the International Criminal Court (Immunities and Privileges) (No. 2) Order 2006.
- (2) It shall come into force on the date, to be notified in the London, Edinburgh and Belfast Gazettes, on which the Agreement on the Privileges and Immunities of the International Criminal Court done at New York on 9th September 2002(2) enters into force in respect of the United Kingdom.

Interpretation

2. In this Order—

^{(1) 2001} c. 17 as amended by the International Organisations Act 2005 (c. 20.)

⁽²⁾ Cm. 5839.

"Assembly" means the Assembly of States Parties to the Rome Statute and its subsidiary organs;

"the 1961 Convention Articles" means the Articles (being certain Articles of the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations signed in 1961) which are set out in Schedule 1 to the Diplomatic Privileges Act 1964(3);

"the Court" means the International Criminal Court established by the Rome Statute;

"representatives"-

- (a) in relation to intergovernmental organisations, means the executive heads of those organisations and any officials acting on their behalf, and
- (b) in relation to States, means all delegates, deputy delegates, advisers, technical experts and secretaries of delegations;

"Rome Statute" means the Statute of the International Criminal Court done at Rome on 17th July 1998(4);

"States Parties" means States Parties to the Rome Statute.

Representatives of States participating in the Assembly and its subsidiary organs and representatives of intergovernmental organisations

- **3.**—(1) Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the State or intergovernmental organisation which they represent, representatives of States Parties attending meetings of the Assembly, representatives of other States attending meetings of the Assembly as observers in accordance with article 112, paragraph 1, of the Rome Statute, and representatives of States and of intergovernmental organisations invited to meetings of the Assembly shall, while exercising their official functions and during their journey to and from the place of meeting, enjoy the following privileges and immunities—
 - (a) the like immunity from personal arrest or detention and the like inviolability for all papers and documents as is accorded to a diplomatic agent;
 - (b) immunity from suit and legal process (even after they have ceased to exercise their functions as representatives) in respect of acts, including words written or spoken, performed by them in the exercise of their official functions;
 - (c) the like exemptions and privileges in respect of their personal baggage as in accordance with paragraph 2 of Article 36 of the 1961 Convention Articles are accorded to a diplomatic agent;
 - (d) exemption from income tax in respect of salaries and emoluments paid to them as representatives;
 - (e) exemptions whereby, for the purposes of the enactments relating to national insurance and social security, including enactments in force in Northern Ireland,—
 - (i) services rendered for the Court by the representative shall be deemed to be excepted from any class of employment in respect of which contributions or premiums under those enactments are payable, but
 - (ii) no person shall be rendered liable to pay any contribution or premium which he would not be required to pay if those services were not deemed to be so excepted.
- (2) Where the incidence of any form of taxation depends upon residence, a representative shall not be deemed to be resident in the United Kingdom during any period when he is present in the United Kingdom for the discharge of his duties.

^{(3) 1964} c. 81; as amended by section 2(2) and paragraph 4 of the Schedule to the Hong Kong Act 1985 (c. 15.) and by section 1(1) of the Arms Control and Disarmament (Privileges and Immunities) Act 1988 (c. 2.).

⁽⁴⁾ Cm. 4555.

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made). This item of legislation is currently only available in its original format.

(3) Paragraphs (1) and (2) shall not operate so as to confer any privilege or immunity on any person as a representative of the United Kingdom or on any person who is a British citizen, a British overseas territories citizen, a British Overseas citizen, or a British National (Overseas).

A .K. Galloway Clerk of the Privy Council

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Order)

This Order confers privileges and immunities, in accordance with the Agreement on the Privileges and Immunities of the International Criminal Court, on representatives of States participating in the Assembly of States Parties to the Statue of the International Criminal Court and its subsidiary organs and on representatives of States and intergovernmental organisations invited to Assembly meetings.