
STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2005 No. 1640

**The Landfill (England and Wales)
(Amendment) Regulations 2005**

Amendment of the Landfill (England and Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2004

15. For paragraph 19 (interpretation of Part 4) of the schedule substituted by the Schedule substitute—

“Interpretation

19. In this Schedule—

“BS 1924-2:1990” means the British Standard entitled “Stabilized materials for civil engineering purposes – Part 2: Methods of test for cement-stabilized and lime-stabilized materials”, which came into effect in October 1990;

“BS 1377-9:1990” means the standard described in the British Standard entitled “Methods of test for Soils for Civil Engineering Purposes. Part 9: in-situ tests”, which came into effect on 31st August 1990;

“DD CEN/TS 14405:2004” means the standard described in the draft document entitled “Characterisation of waste - Leaching behaviour test - Up-flow percolation test”, which was published by the British Standards Institute on 13th July 2004;

“EA NEN 7375:2004” means the Environment Agency document based on a translation of the Netherlands Normalisation Institute Standard NEN 73745:2004 entitled “Leaching characteristics of soil and stony building and waste materials. Leaching tests. Determination of leaching of inorganic components from building and monolithic waste materials with the diffusion test”, published by the Environment Agency on its website on 14th April 2005;

“EA NEN 7371:2004” means the Environment Agency document based on a translation of the Netherlands Normalisation Institute Standard NEN 73741:2004 entitled “Leaching characteristics of solid (earth and stony) building and waste material. Leaching tests. Determination of the availability of inorganic components for leaching”, published by the Environment Agency on its website on 14th April 2005;

“EN 12457/1” means the standard described in the British Standard entitled “Characterisation of waste. Leaching. Compliance test for leaching of granular waste materials and sludges. One stage batch test at a liquid to solid ratio of 2 l/kg for materials with high solid content and with particle size below 4 mm (without or with size reduction)”, published under the numbers BS EN 12457-1:2002 which came into effect on 15th October 2002;

“EN 12457/2” means the standard described in the British Standard entitled “Characterisation of waste. Leaching. Compliance test for leaching of granular waste materials and sludges. One stage batch test at a liquid to solid ratio of 10 l/kg for materials with particle size below 4 mm (without or with size reduction)”, published under the numbers BS EN 12457-2:2002 which came into effect on 15th October 2002;

“EN 12457/3” means the standard described in the British Standard entitled “Characterisation of waste. Leaching. Compliance test for leaching of granular waste materials and sludges. Two stage batch test at a liquid to solid ratio of 2 l/kg and 8 l/kg for materials with a high solid content and with a particle size below 4 mm (without or with size reduction)”, published under the numbers BS EN 12457-3:2002 which came into effect on 15th October 2002;

“EN 12506” means the standard described in the British Standard entitled “Characterisation of waste. Analysis of eluates. Determination of pH, As, Ba, Cd, Cl⁻, Co, Cr, Cr VI, Cu, Mo, Ni, NO₂⁻, Pb, total S, SO₄²⁻, V and Zn”, published under the numbers BS EN 12506:2003 which came into effect on 11th June 2003;

“EN 12879” means the standard described in the British Standard entitled “Characterisation of sludges. Determination of the loss on ignition of dry mass”, published under the numbers BS EN 12879:2000 which came into effect on 15th October 2000;

“EN 13137” means the standard described in the British Standard entitled “Characterisation of waste. Determination of total organic carbon (TOC) in waste, sludges and sediments”, published under the numbers BS EN 13137:2001 which came into effect on 28th September 2001;

“EN 13370” means the standard described in the British Standard entitled “Characterisation of waste. Analysis of eluates. Determination of Ammonium, AOX, conductivity, Hg, phenol index, TOC, easily liberatable CN⁻, F⁻”, published under the numbers BS EN 13370:2003 which came into effect on 11th June 2003;

“EN 13656” means the standard described in the British Standard entitled “Characterisation of waste. Microwave assisted digestion with hydrofluoric (HF), nitric (HNO₃), and hydrochloric (HCl) acid mixture for subsequent determination of elements”, published under the numbers BS EN 13656:2002 which came into effect on 22nd October 2002;

“EN 13657” means the standard described in the British Standard entitled “Characterisation of waste. Digestion for subsequent determination of aqua regia soluble portion of elements”, published under the numbers BS EN 13657:2002 which came into effect on 22nd October 2002;

“EN 14039” means the standard described in the British Standard entitled “Characterisation of waste - Determination of hydrocarbon content in the range of C10 - C40 by gas chromatography”, published under the numbers BS EN 14039:2004 which came into effect on 29th October 2004;

“PrCEN/TS 14429” means the standard described in the draft document entitled “Characterisation of waste - Leaching behaviour test - Influence of pH on leaching with initial acid/base addition”, which came into effect in February 2004;

“PrEN 14346” means the standard described in the draft document entitled “Characterisation of waste - Calculation of dry matter by determination of dry residue or water content”, which came into effect in July 2004; and

“PrEN 14899” means the standard described in the draft document entitled “Characterisation of waste - Sampling of waste materials: Framework for the preparation and application of a sampling plan”, which came into effect in March 2004.”.