#### STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

## 2004 No. 2696

# SEA FISHERIES, ENGLAND

## CONSERVATION

# The Solent European Marine Site (Prohibition of Method of Dredging) Order 2004

Made - - - - 19th October 2004

Laid before Parliament 20th October 2004

Coming into force - - 21st October 2004

The Secretary of State for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs and the Secretary of State concerned with the sea fishing industry in Northern Ireland, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 3 and 15(3) of the Sea Fish (Conservation) Act 1967(1), and now vested in them(2), make the following Order:

<sup>(1) 1967</sup> c. 84. Section 3 was amended by the Fishery Limits Act 1976 (c. 86), Schedule 2, paragraph 16(1), the Inshore Fishing (Scotland) Act 1984 (c. 26), Schedule 1 and the Scotland Act 1998 (Consequential Modifications) (No. 2) Order 1999 (S.I.1999/1820), Schedule 2, paragraph 43(1), (2) and (4). Section 15(3) was substituted by the Sea Fisheries Act 1968 (c. 77), Schedule 1, paragraph 38(3) and amended by the Fishery Limits Act 1976 (c. 86), Schedule 2, paragraph 16(1) and S.I. 1999/1820, Schedule 2, paragraph 43(2)(b). See section 22(2)(a) for definitions of "the Ministers" for the purposes of sections 3 and 15(3); section 22(2) was amended by the Fisheries Act 1981 (c. 29), sections 19(2)(d) and 45(b) and (c) and by S.I. 1999/1820, Schedule 2, paragraph 43(12).

By virtue of article 2(a) and 2(b) of, and Schedule 1 to, the National Assembly for Wales (Transfer of Functions) Order 1999 (S.I. 1999/672) the functions exercisable under sections 3 and 15(3) of the 1967 Act were transferred to the National Assembly in so far as exercisable in relation to Wales (defined in section 155(1) of the Government of Wales Act 1998 (c. 38) as including "the sea adjacent to Wales out as far as the seaward boundary of the territorial sea"); by virtue of those provisions, the transferred functions under section 15(3) remained concurrently exercisable by the Ministers as well as the Assembly, while in respect of waters beyond Wales the functions under section 3 remain exercisable solely by the Ministers. Section 53 of the Scotland Act 1998 (c. 46) as read with article 3(1) of, and Schedule 1 to, the Scotland Act 1998 (Concurrent Functions) Order 1999 (S.I. 1999/1592) provides for the functions under sections 3(1), (3) and (4) and 15(3) of the 1967 Act to be transferred to the Scottish Ministers in so far as it applies in or as regards Scotland, but to be exercisable by the Ministers, concurrently with Scottish Ministers, in relation to relevant British fishing boats within the Scottish zone, and Scottish fishing boats within British fishery limits but outside the Scottish zone. By virtue of article 2(1) of, and the Schedule to, the Transfer of Functions (Agriculture and Fisheries) Order 2000 (S.I. 2000/1812) any remaining functions of the Secretaries of State for Scotland and Wales under sections 3 and 15(3) of the 1967 Act were transferred to the Minister of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food. By virtue of paragraphs 3(1)(b) and (m) of Schedule 1 to the Sea Fisheries (Northern Ireland) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/790), the functions of the Ministers under sections 3 (of making an order requiring nets and other fishing gear carried in Northern Ireland fishing boats or in the Northern Ireland zone to comply with prescribed requirements) and 15(3) (of making an order conferring on British sea- fishery officers powers relating to fishing boats in the Northern Ireland zone or any Northern Ireland fishing boats outside that zone) of the 1967 Act were transferred to the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development. However, by virtue of paragraph 3(2), the Ministers retain a concurrent function to make an order in relation to British fishing boats, other than Northern Ireland fishing boats, within the Northern Ireland zone and to Northern Ireland fishing boats within British fishery limits but outside the Northern Ireland zone. The functions of the Minister of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food and one or more named Secretaries of State (however described) acting jointly were transferred to the Secretary of State for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs and the one or more Secretaries of State acting jointly by virtue of article 2(5) of the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food (Dissolution) Order 2002 (S.I. 2002/794).

#### Citation, commencement and extent

- 1.—(1) This Order may be cited as the Solent European Marine Site (Prohibition of Method of Dredging) Order 2004 and shall come into force on 21st October 2004.
- (2) Subject to paragraph (3), this Order shall not form part of the law of Scotland or Northern Ireland.
- (3) Paragraph (2) shall not prejudice the effect of section 14 of the Sea Fish (Conservation) Act 1967 in relation to, or for purposes incidental to, any provision which creates an offence.

## Interpretation

- **2.**—(1) In this Order—
  - "dredge" means any form of shellfish dredge used in conjunction with any means of injecting water into the dredge or into the vicinity of the dredge;
  - "highest astronomical tide" means the highest level of tide which can be predicted to occur under average meteorological conditions and any combination of astronomical conditions;
  - "latitude" means the angular distance north or south of the earth's equator, measured in degrees along a meridian, as on a map or globe;
  - "longitude" means the angular distance of any place on the earth's surface east or west of the meridian at Greenwich, England, measured in degrees up to 180 degrees east or west;
  - "Northern Ireland zone" has the same meaning as in the Northern Ireland Act(3); and
  - "Solent European Marine Site" means the areas specified in the Schedule to this Order.
- (2) In this Order—
  - (a) the term "relevant British fishery limits" does not include—
    - (i) the Northern Ireland zone;
    - (ii) the territorial sea adjacent to Wales;
    - (iii) the territorial sea adjacent to the Isle of Man;
    - (iv) the territorial sea adjacent to the Bailiwick of Jersey; and
    - (v) seas within British fishery limits adjacent to Guernsey, as defined by section 8 of the Fishery Limits Act 1976(4) as extended to Guernsey.
  - (b) the term "relevant British fishing boat" does not include a vessel whose entry in the register maintained under section 8 of the Merchant Shipping Act 1995(5) specifies a port in Northern Ireland as the port to which the vessel is to be treated as belonging.

#### Prohibition on deploying a dredge

**3.** No fishing boat shall deploy a dredge in any part of the Solent European Marine Site.

#### Prohibition on carrying a dredge

**4.** No fishing boat shall carry a dredge in any part of the Solent European Marine Site unless the dredge is inboard, secured and stowed.

<sup>(3) 1998</sup> c. 47

<sup>(4) 1976</sup> c. 86; see also paragraph 3(c) of the Schedule to the Fishery Limits Act (Guernsey) Order 1989 (S.I. 1989/2407).

<sup>(5) 1995</sup> c. 21.

#### Powers of British sea-fishery officers

- **5.**—(1) For the purposes of enforcing this Order, a British sea fishery officer may exercise the powers conferred by this article in relation to—
  - (a) any fishing boat within relevant British fishery limits; and
  - (b) any relevant British fishing boat wherever it may be.
- (2) He may go on board the boat, with or without persons assigned to assist him in his duties, and for that purpose may require the boat to stop and do anything else which will facilitate the boarding of the boat.
- (3) He may require the attendance of the master and other persons on board the boat and may make any examination and inquiry which appear to him to be necessary for the purpose of enforcing this Order and, in particular—
  - (a) may examine any fish on the boat and the equipment of the boat, including the fishing gear, and require persons on board the boat to do anything which appears to him to be necessary for facilitating the examination;
  - (b) may require any person on board the boat to produce any document relating to the boat, to its fishing operations or other operations ancillary thereto or to the persons on board which is in his custody or possession and may take copies of any such document;
  - (c) for the purpose of ascertaining whether the master, owner or charterer of the boat has committed an offence under section 3(5) of the Sea Fish (Conservation) Act 1967 as read with this Order, may search the boat for any such document and may require any person on board the boat to do anything which appears to him to be necessary for facilitating the search; and
  - (d) where the boat is one in relation to which he has reason to suspect that such an offence has been committed, may seize and detain any such document produced to him or found on board for the purpose of enabling the document to be used as evidence in proceedings for the offence;

but nothing in sub-paragraph (d) shall permit any document required by law to be carried on board the boat to be seized and detained except while the boat is detained in a port.

- (4) Where it appears to a British sea-fishery officer that a contravention of any provision of this Order has at any time taken place, he may—
  - (a) require the master of the boat in relation to which the contravention took place to take, or himself take, the boat and its crew to the port which appears to him to be the nearest convenient port; and
  - (b) detain or require the master to detain the boat in the port;

and where such an officer detains or requires the detention of a boat he shall serve on the master a notice in writing stating that the boat will be or is required to be detained until the notice is withdrawn by the service on the master of a further notice in writing signed by a British sea-fishery officer.

Ben Bradshaw
Parliamentary Under Secretary of State,
Department for Environment, Food and Rural
Affairs

19th October 2004

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

Ian Pearson
Parliamentary Under Secretary of State,
Northern Ireland Office

19th October 2004

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

SCHEDULE Article 2

## The Solent European Marine Site

This data is taken from Admiralty Charts and stated in longitude and latitude co-ordinate points and positions. The landward boundary is the Highest Astronomical Tide.

## Area 1 - Hurst to Lee-on-Solent

All waters North of the direct line joining the following points and positions:

50° 43' 05" N	001° 34' 54" W
50° 43' 01" N	001° 34' 59" W
50° 42' 09" N001° 33' 12" W	

Beacon marking Pennington Outfall (50° 43' 32" N 001° 31' 53" W)

Starting platform at Entrance to Lymington River (50° 45' 25"N 001° 30' 25" W)

Fixed beacon with quick red light marking obstruction off Sowley (50° 45' 24" N 001° 27' 03" W)

Lepe Spit South Cardinal Buoy (50° 46' 47" N 001° 20' 39" W)

Fixed beacon marking outfall in position (50° 48′ 17" N 001° 18′ 49" W)

Castle Point Buoy (50° 48′ 42" N 001° 17′ 41" W)

Black Jack Buoy (50° 49' 07" N 001° 18' 06" W)

Fixed Green Pile with triangle topmark marking extremity of small craft moorings in position:

(50° 49' 40" N	001° 17' 09" W)
50° 48' 54" N	001° 15′ 06" W
50° 48' 42" N	001° 14' 00" W

Fixed Green pile with triangle topmark on Lee Point (50° 47' 23"N 001° 11' 23" W)

## **Area 2 Portsmouth Harbour**

All waters of Portsmouth Harbour North of the line between the navigation lights at Gilkicker Point and Southsea Castle.

## **Area 3 Langstone and Chichester Harbours**

All waters North of the direct line joining the following positions and including the two harbours:

50° 47' 06" N	001° 02' 18" W
50° 47' 04" N	001° 02' 15" W
50° 46' 17" N	001° 01' 16" W
50° 47' 04" N	001° 00' 28" W
50° 45' 23" N	000° 54' 42" W
50° 47' 03" N	000° 53' 38" W
50° 46' 11" N	000° 53' 27" W

## **Area 4 Fort Victoria to Culver Cliff (North Wight)**

All waters inshore of the direct line joining the following points and positions:

Dir 332° T from Sconce Point to Sconce North Cardinal Mark

50° 42' 32"N 001° 31' 23" W

Fixed Red Lights on Yarmouth Pier H (50° 42' 31"N 001° 29' 58" W)

Gurnard Ledge Bouy (50° 45' 30"N 001° 20' 36" W)

Gurnard North Cardinal Mark (50° 46' 13"N 001° 18' 49" W)

Prince Consort North Cardinal Mark (50° 46' 25"N 001° 17' 34" W)

West Ryde Middle West Cardinal buoy (50° 46' 29"N 001° 15' 45" W)

North West corner of charted water ski area (50° 45' 17"N 001° 14' 03" W)

Fixed North Cardinal Pile marking Wooton Fairway (50° 44' 32"N 001° 12' 07" W)

Northernmost part of Ryde Pierhead (50° 44' 22"N 001° 09' 36" W)

South West Mining Ground Yellow Can Buoy (50° 44′ 40"N 001° 08′ 02" W)

Red Conical buoy in position 50° 44′ 33"N 001° 06′ 11" W

50° 44' 00"N 001° 06' 00" W

Tide Gauge at St Helen's Fort (50° 42' 27"N 001°05' 01" W)

Bembridge Ledge East Cardinal Bouy (50° 41' 09"N 001° 02' 49" W)

Shag Rock (50°39' 55"N 001° 05' 52" W)

## **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

(This note is not part of the Order)

This Order prohibits the deployment of dredges (as defined in article 2(1)) in the Solent European Marine Site (article 3) which is specified in the Schedule. The areas to be protected from dredging enclose a combination of Special Areas of Conservation and Special Protection Areas established under Council Directives 92/43/EEC and 79/409/EEC respectively(6). The carriage of such dredges within the Solent European Marine Site is also prohibited unless all parts of the dredge are completely inboard, secured and stowed (article 4).

The Order comes into force on 21st October 2004.

<sup>(6)</sup> OJ L206 22/07/92 p 0007-0050 and OJ L103 25/04/79 p 0001-0018 respectively.

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally made).

If any boat contravenes any restriction under this Order, the master, owner and charterer is guilty of an offence and is liable to a fine not exceeding £5,000 on summary conviction and on conviction on indictment to a fine (sections 3(5) and 11(1)(b) of the Sea Fish (Conservation) Act 1967). The court may also impose an additional fine not exceeding the value of the fish caught with the dredge or order the dredge's forfeiture (section 11(2)–(3) of the 1967 Act).

Additionally the Order confers powers of enforcement on British sea fishery officers for the purposes of enforcing this Order. These powers may be exercised in relation to any fishing boat within relevant British fishery limits, and in relation to a relevant British fishing boat wherever it may be (article 5).

Powers to board vessels and to search for, examine and seize fishing gear for the enforcement of this Order are conferred on an officer of a local fisheries committee by virtue of section 17 of the 1967 Act.