STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2000 No. 2619

Protection of Children Act Tribunal Regulations 2000

PART V

Hearing

Hearing to be in public

- **26.**—(1) The hearing must be in public except where a direction has been made under regulation 25 that the press and public shall be excluded.
 - (2) Whether or not the hearing is held in public—
 - (a) a member of the Council on Tribunals;
 - (b) the President; and
 - (c) the clerk,

are entitled to attend the hearing.

- (3) Whether or not the hearing is held in public—
 - (a) a member of the Council on Tribunals, and
 - (b) the President,

may remain present during the Tribunal's deliberations, but must not take part in the deliberations.

Procedure at the hearing

- **27.**—(1) The Tribunal may regulate its own procedure.
- (2) At the beginning of the hearing the chairman must explain the order of proceedings which the Tribunal proposes to adopt.
 - (3) The parties may be represented or assisted at the hearing by any person.
- (4) If either party fails to attend or be represented at the hearing, the Tribunal may hear and determine the case in that party's absence.
 - (5) The Tribunal may from time to time adjourn the hearing.

Evidence

- **28.**—(1) The Tribunal may consider any evidence, whether or not it would be admissible in a court of law.
- (2) The applicant has the right to give evidence at the hearing in person, and any other witness may do so unless the President has directed otherwise.
 - (3) No child may be asked any question except by a person appointed under regulation 22.
- (4) The Tribunal may require any witness to give evidence on oath or affirmation which may be administered for the purpose by the chairman or the clerk.