1967 No. 1584

CUSTOMS AND EXCISE

The European Free Trade Association (Origin of Goods) (Amendment No. 3) Regulations 1967

Made - - - 25th October 1967

Laid before the

House of Commons

31st October 1967 1st November 1967

Coming into Operation

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The Board of Trade, in pursuance of the powers conferred upon them by section 1(1) of the European Free Trade Association Act 1960(a), hereby make the following Regulations:—

1. The European Free Trade Association (Origin of Goods) Regulations 1964(b), as amended(c), shall have effect as if—

in Schedule 2, after the entry in relation to tariff heading 59.02, there were inserted the following entry:—

"Tariff heading and description

Qualifying process

59.02 Needled felt, whether or not impregnated or coated

Manufacture from natural fibres, not spun or thrown, and, in the case of fibres falling in Chapter 53 or 55, not carded or combed; or from fibres of polypropylene provided that the value of any such fibres imported from outside the Area or of undetermined origin does not exceed 40 per cent of the export price of the finished product; or from waste of man-made fibres falling in 56.03 or waste of natural fibres; or from materials not falling in Chapters 50 to 62."

- 2. The Interpretation Act 1889(d) shall apply to the interpretation of these Regulations as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.
- 3. These Regulations may be cited as the European Free Trade Association (Origin of Goods) (Amendment No. 3) Regulations 1967 and shall come into force on 1st November 1967.

Brown,

Minister of State,

Board of Trade.

25th October 1967.

⁽a) 1960 c. 19. (b) S.I. 1964/1966 (1964 III, p. 4296). (c) There is no amendment which relates expressly to the subject matter of these Regulations. (d) 1889 c. 63.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This Note is not part of the Regulations.)

These Regulations further amend the European Free Trade Association (Origin of Goods) Regulations 1964. Subject to the limitations set out in Regulation 1, needled felt manufactured in the E.F.T.A. area from fibres of polypropylene may now be eligible for E.F.T.A. tariff treatment.