



Sale of Goods Act 1893

1894 CHAPTER 71 56 and 57 Vict

PART IV

RIGHTS OF UNPAID SELLER AGAINST THE GOODS

Unpaid Seller's Lien

41 Seller's lien

- (1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, the unpaid seller of goods who is in possession of them is entitled to retain possession of them until payment or tender of the price in the following cases, namely:—
 - (a) Where the goods have been sold without any stipulation as to credit;
 - (b) Where the goods have been sold on credit, but the term of credit has expired;
 - (c) Where the buyer becomes insolvent.
- (2) The seller may exercise his right of lien notwithstanding that he is in possession of the goods as agent or bailee or custodian for the buyer.

42 Part delivery

Where an unpaid seller has made part delivery of the goods, he may exercise his right of lien or retention on the remainder, unless such part delivery has been made under such circumstances as to show an agreement to waive the lien or right of retention.

43 Termination of lien

- (1) The unpaid seller of goods loses his lien or right of retention thereon—
 - (a) When he delivers the goods to a carrier or other bailee or custodian for the purpose of transmission to the buyer without reserving the right of disposal of the goods;
 - (b) When the buyer or his agent lawfully obtains possession of the goods;
 - (c) By waiver thereof.

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally enacted). This item of legislation is currently only available in its original format.

- (2) The unpaid seller of goods, having a lien or right of retention thereon, does not lose his lien or right of retention by reason only that he has obtained judgment or decree for the price of the goods.