SCHEDULES

F1FIRST SCHEDULE

ORDINARY CAUSE RULES 1993

Textual Amendments

F1 Sch. 1 (with appendices 1 and 2) substituted (1.1.1994) for Sch. 1 (with appendix) by S.I. 1993/1956, para. 2, Sch.1.

Sch. 1 (except rule 29.10) excluded (1.4.1997) by S.I. 1997/291, rule 3.24, Sch. 3

Sch. 1 extended (14.2.2000) by S.I. 2000/124, reg. 30(5)

[F1]INITIATION ANDPROGRESS OF CAUSES

CHAPTER 1

CITATION, INTERPRETATION, REPRESENTATION AND FORMS

Citation

1.1. These Rules may be cited as the Ordinary Cause Rules 1993.

Interpretation

- 1.2. (1) In these Rules, unless the context otherwise requires—
 - "document" has the meaning assigned to it in section 9 of the MICivil Evidence (Scotland) Act 1988;
 - "period of notice" means the period determined under rule 3.6 (period of notice after citation).
 - (2) For the purposes of these Rules—
 - (a) "affidavit" includes an affirmation and a statutory or other declaration; and
 - (b) an affidavit shall be sworn or affirmed before a notary public or any other competent authority.
 - (3) Where a provision in these Rules requires a party to intimate or send a document to another party, it shall be sufficient compliance with that provision if the document is intimated or sent to the solicitor acting in the cause for that party.
 - (4) Unless the context otherwise requires, anything done or required to be done under a provision in these Rules by a party may be done by the agent for that party acting on his behalf.
 - (5) Unless the context otherwise requires, a reference to a specified Chapter, Part, rule or form, is a reference to the Chapter, Part, rule or form in Appendix 1, so specified

in these Rules; and a reference to a specified paragraph, sub-paragraph or head is a reference to that paragraph of the rule or form, that sub-paragraph of that paragraph or that head of that sub-paragraph, in which the reference occurs.

Marginal Citations M1 1988 c.32.

Representation

- 1.3. (1) Subject to paragraph (2), a party to any proceedings arising solely under the provisions of the M2Debtors (Scotland) Act 1987 shall be entitled to be represented by a person other than a solicitor or an advocate provided that the sheriff is satisfied that such person is a suitable representative and is duly authorised to represent that party.
 - (2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to an appeal to the sheriff principal.

Marginal Citations M2 1987 c.18.

Forms

1.4. Where there is a reference to the use of a form in these Rules, that form in Appendix 1 or Appendix 2, as the case may be, to these Rules, or a form substantially to the same effect, shall be used with such variation as circumstances may require.

CHAPTER 2

RELIEF FROM COMPLIANCE WITH RULES

Relief from failure to comply with rules

- 2.1. (1) The sheriff may relieve a party from the consequences of failure to comply with a provision in these Rules which is shown to be due to mistake, oversight or other excusable cause, on such conditions as he thinks fit.
 - (2) Where the sheriff relieves a party from the consequences of a failure to comply with a provision in these Rules under paragraph (1), he may make such order as he thinks fit to enable the cause to proceed as if the failure to comply with the provision had not occurred.

CHAPTER 3

COMMENCEMENT OF CAUSES

Form of initial writ

3.1. (1) An ordinary cause shall be commenced by initial writ in Form G1.

- (2) The initial writ shall be written, typed or printed on A4 size paper of durable quality and shall not be backed or folded.
- (3) Where the pursuer has reason to believe that an argreement exists prorogating jurisdiction over the subject-matter of the cause to another court, the intitial writ shall contain details of that agreement.
- (4) Where the pursuer has reason to believe that proceedings are pending before another court involving the same cause of action and between the same parties as those named in the instance of the initial writ, the intial writ shall contain details of those proceedings.
- (5) An article of condescendence shall be included in the intitial writ averring—
 - (a) the ground of jurisdiction; and
 - (b) the facts upon which the ground of jurisdiction is based.
- (6) Where the residence, registered office or place of business, as the case may be, of the defender is not known and cannot reasonably be ascertained, the pursuer shall set out in the instance that the whereabouts of the defender are not known and aver in the condescendence what steps have been taken to ascertain his present whereabouts.
- (7) The initial writ shall be signed by the pursuer or his solicitor (if any) and the name and address of that solicitor shall be stated on the back of every service copy of that writ.

Actions relating to heritable property

- 3.2. (1) In an action relating to heritable property, it shall not be necessary to call as a defender any person by reason only of any interest he may have as the holder of a heritable security over the heritable property.
 - (2) Intimation of such an action shall be made to the holder of the heritable security referred to in paragraph (1)—
 - (a) where the action relates to any heritable right or title; and
 - (b) in any other case, where the sheriff so orders.

Warrants of citation

- 3.3. (1) The warrant of citation in any cause other than—
 - (a) a family action within the meaning of rule 33.1(1),
 - (b) an action of multiplepoinding,
 - (c) an action in which a time to pay direction under the Debtors (Scotland) Act 1987 may be applied for by the defender,

shall be in Form 01.

- (2) In a cause in which a time to pay direction under the Debtors (Scotland) Act 1987 may be applied for the defender, the warrant of citation shall be in Form 02.
- (3) In a cause in which a warrant of citation in accordance with Form 02 is appropriate, there shall be served on the defender (with the initial writ and warrant) a notice in Form 03

Warrants for arrestment to found jurisdiction

- 3.4. (1) Where an application for a warrant for arrestment to found jurisdiction may be made, it shall be made in the crave of the intitial writ.
 - (2) Averments to justify the granting of such a warrant shall be included in the condescendence.

Warrants and precepts for arrestment on dependence

- 3.5. (1) A copy of—
 - (a) an initial writ with warrant to cite which includes a warrant to arrest on the dependence,
 - (b) defences which include, or a minute of amendment which includes, a counterclaim with warrant granted to arrest on the dependence endorsed on that writ.

certified as a true copy by the pursuer or defender, as the case may be, or his solicitor, shall be sufficient warrant to arrest on the dependence if it is otherwise competent to do so.

- (2) A precept of arrestment may be issued by the sheriff clerk on production to him of—
 - (a) an initial writ containing a crave for payment of money on which a warrant of citation has been issued;
 - (b) defences which include, or a minute of amendment which includes, a counterclaim containing a crave for payment of money; or
 - (c) a document of liquid debt.

Period of notice after citation

- 3.6. (1) Subject to rule 5.6(1) (service where address of person is not known) and to paragraph (2) of this rule, a cause shall proceed after one of the following periods of notice has been given to the defender:—
 - (a) where the defender is resident or has a place of business within Europe, 21 days after the date of execution of service; or
 - (b) where the defender is resident or has a place of business outside Europe, 42 days after the date of execution of service.
 - (2) Subject to paragraph (3), the sheriff may, on cause shown, shorten or extend the period of notice on such conditions as to the method or manner of service as he thinks fit.
 - (3) A period of notice may not be reduced to a period of less than 2 days.
 - (4) Where a period of notice expires on a Saturday, Sunday, or public or court holiday, the period of notice shall be deemed to expire on the next day on which the sheriff clerk's office is open for civil court business.

CHAPTER 4

CAVEATS

Orders against which caveats may be lodged

- 4.1. A person may lodge a caveat against—
 - (a) an interim interdict sought in an action before he has lodged a notice of intention to defend; or
 - (b) an interim order (other than an order under section 1 of the M3Administration of Justice (Scotland) Act 1972(orders for inspection of documents and other property, etc.)) sought before the expiry of the period within which he could lodge a notice of intention to defend.

Marginal Citations

M3 1972 c.59.

Form lodging and renewal of caveats

- 4.2. (1) A caveat shall be in Form G2 and shall be lodged with the sheriff clerk.
 - (2) A caveat shall remain in force for a period of one year from the date on which it was lodged and may be renewed on its expiry for a further period of one year and yearly thereafter.
 - (3) Where a caveat has been lodged and has not expired, no order in respect of which the caveat was lodged may be pronounced unless the sheriff is satisfied that all reasonable steps have been taken to afford the person lodging the caveat an opportunity of being heard; and the sheriff may continue the hearing on such an order until he is satisfied that such steps have been taken.

CHAPTER 5

CITATION, SERVICE AND INTIMATION

Signature of warrants

- 5.1. (1) Subject to paragraph (2), a warrant for citation, intimation or arrestment on the dependence may be signed by the sheriff or sheriff clerk.
 - (2) The following warrants shall be signed by the sheriff:—
 - (a) a warrant containing an order shortening or extending the period of notice or any other order other than a warrant which the sheriff clerk may sign;
 - (b) a warrant for arrestment on the dependence in a family action within the meaning of rule 33.1(1) in respect of a claim to which section 19 of the M4Family Law (Scotland) Act 1985 (arrestment in action for aliment or claim for financial provision) applies; and
 - (c) a warrant for intimation ordered under rule 33.8 (intimation where improper association).

(3) Where the sheriff clerk refuses to sign a warrant which he may sign, the party presenting the initial writ may apply to the sheriff for the warrant.

Marginal Citations M4 1985 c.37.

Form of citation and certificate

- 5.2. (1) Subject to rule 5.6 (service where address of person is not known), in any cause other than—
 - (a) a family action within the meaning of rule 33.1(1),
 - (b) an action of multiplepoinding, or
 - (c) an action in which a time to pay direction under the Debtors (Scotland) Act 1987 may be applied for by the defender,

citation by any person shall be in Form O4 which shall be attached to a copy of the intial writ and warrant of citation and shall have appended to it a notice of intention to defend in Form O7.

- (2) In a cause in which a time to pay direction under the Debtors (Scotland) Act 1987 may be applied for by the defender, citation shall be in Form O5 which shall be attached to a copy of the initial writ and warrant of citation and shall have appended to it a notice of intention to defend in Form O7.
- (3) The certificate of citation in any cause other than a family action within the meaning of rule 33.1(1) or an action of multiplepoinding shall be in Form O6 which shall be attached to the initial writ.
- (4) Where citation is by a sheriff officer, one witness shall be sufficient for the execution of citation.
- (5) Where citation is by a sheriff officer, the certificate of citation shall be signed by the sheriff officer and the witness and shall state—
 - (a) the method of citation; and
 - (b) where the method of citation was other than personal or postal citation, the full name and designation of any person to whom the citation was delivered.
- (6) Where citation is executed under paragraph 3 of rule 5.4 (depositing or affixing by sheriff officer), the certificate shall include a statement—
 - (a) of the method of service previously attempted;
 - (b) of the circumstances which prevented such service being executed; and
 - (c) that a copy was sent in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (4) of that rule.

Postal service or intimation

- 5.3. (1) In any cause in which service or intimation of any document or citation of any person may be by recorded delivery, such service, intimation or citation shall be by the first class recorded delivery service.
 - (2) Notwithstanding the terms of section 4(2) of the M5Citation Amendment (Scotland) Act 1882 (time from which period of notice reckoned), where service or intimation

- is by post, the period of notice shall run from the beginning of the day after the date of posting.
- (3) On the face of the envelope used for postal service or intimation under this rule there shall be written or printed the following notice:—

"This envelope contains a citation to or intimation from (*specify the court*). If delivery cannot be made at the address shown it is to be returned immediately to:- The Sheriff Clerk (*insert address of sheriff clerk's office*)."

Marginal Citations

M5 1882 c.77.

Service within Scotland by sheriff officer

- 5.4. (1) An initial writ, decree, charge, warrant or any other order or writ following upon such initial writ or decree served by a sheriff officer on any person shall be served—
 - (a) personally; or
 - (b) by being left in the hands of a resident at the person's dwelling place or an employee at his place of business.
 - (2) Where service is executed under paragraph (1)(b), the certificate of citation or service shall contain the full name and designation of any person in whose hands the intial writ, decree, charge, warrant or other order or writ, as the case may be, was left.
 - (3) Where a sheriff officer has been unsuccessful in executing service in accordance with paragraph (1), he may, after making diligent enquiries, serve the document in question—
 - (a) by depositing it in that person's dwelling place or place of business; or
 - (b) by affixing it to the door of that person's dwelling place or place of business.
 - (4) Subject to rule 6.1 (service of schedule of arrestment), where service is executed under paragraph (3), the sheriff officer shall, as soon as possible after such service, send a letter containing a copy of the document by ordinary first class post to the address at which he thinks it most likely that the person on whom service has been executed may be found.

Service on persons furth of Scotland

- 5.5. (1) Subject to the following provisions of this rule, an initial writ, decree, charge, warrant or any other order or writ following upon such initial writ or decree served on a person furth of Scotland shall be served—
 - (a) at a known residence or place of business in England, Wales, Northern Ireland, the Isle of Man, the Channel Islands or any country with which the United Kingdom does not have a convention providing for service of writs in that country—
 - (i) in accordance with the rules for personal service under the domestic law of the place in which service is to be executed; or
 - (ii) by posting in Scotland a copy of the document in question in a registered letter addressed to the person at his residence or place of business;

- (b) in a country which is a party to the Hague Convention on the Service Abroad of Judicial and Extra-Judicial Documents in Civil or Commercial Matters dated 15th November 1965 F2 or the Convention in Schedule 1 or 3C to the Civil Jurisdiction and Judgments Act 1982 F3—
 - (i) by a method prescribed by the internal law of the country where service is to be executed for the service of documents in domestic actions upon persons who are within its territory;
 - (ii) by or through the central, or other appropriate, authority in the country where service is to be executed at the request of the Foreign Office:
 - (iii) by or through a British Consular Office in the country where service is to be executed at the request of the Foreign Office;
 - (iv) where the law of the country in which the person resides permits, by posting in Scotland a copy of the document in a registered letter addressed to the person at his residence; or
 - (v) where the law of the country in which service is to be executed permits, service by an huissier, other judicial officer or competent official of the country where service is to be executed; or
- (c) in a country with which the United Kingdom has a convention on the service of writs in that country other than the conventions mentioned in subparagraph (b), by one of the methods approved in the relevant convention.
- (2) Any document which requires to be posted in Scotland for the purposes of this rule shall be posted by a solicitor or a sheriff officer; and on the face of the envelope there shall be written or printed the notice set out in rule 5.3(3).
- (3) In the case of service by a method referred to in paragraph (1)(b)(ii) and (iii), the pursuer shall—
 - (a) send a copy of the writ and warrant of service with citation attached, or other document, as the case may be, with a request for service by the method indicated in the request to the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs; and
 - (b) lodge in process a certificate signed by the authority which executed service stating that it has been, and the manner in which it was, served.
- (4) In the case of service by a method referred to in paragraph (1)(b)(v), the pursuer or the sheriff officer, shall—
 - (a) send a copy of the writ and warrant for service with citation attached, or other document, as the case may be, with a request for service by the method indicated in the request to the official in the country in which service is to be executed; and
 - (b) lodge in process a certificate of the official who executed service stating that it has been, and the manner in which is was, served.
- (5) Where service is executed in accordance with paragraph (1)(a)(i) or (1)(b)(i) other than on another party in the United Kingdom, the Isle of Man or the Channel Islands, the party executing service shall lodge a certificate by a person who is conversant with the law of the country concerned and who practises or has practised law in that country or is a duly accredited representative of the Government of that country, stating that the method of service employed is in accordance with the law of the place where service was executed.

- (6) Every writ, document, citation or notice on the face of the envelope mentioned in rule 5.3(3) shall be accompanied by a translation in an official language of the country in which service is to be executed unless English is an official language of that country.
- (7) A translation referred to in paragraph (6) shall be certified as correct by the person making it; and the certificate shall—
 - (a) include his full name, address and qualifications; and
 - (b) be lodged with the execution of citation or service.

Textual Amendments

- **F2** Cmnd. 3986 (1969).
- F3 1982 c.27; Schedule 3C was inserted by the Civil Jurisdiction and Judgments Act 1991 (c.12), section 1(3).

Service where address of person is not known

- 5.6. (1) Where the address of a person to be cited or served with a document is not known and cannot reasonably be ascertained, the sheriff shall grant warrant for citation or service upon that person—
 - (a) by the publication of an advertisement in Form G3 in a specified newspaper circulating in the area of the last known address of that person, or
 - (b) by displaying on the walls of court a copy of the instance and crave of the initial writ, the warrant of citation and a notice in Form G4;

and the period of notice fixed by the sheriff shall run from the date of publication of the advertisement or display on the walls of court, as the case may be.

- (2) Where service requires to be executed under paragraph (1), the pursuer shall lodge a service copy of the intial writ and a copy of any warrant of citation with the sheriff clerk from whom they may be uplifted by the person for whom they are intended.
- (3) Where a person has been cited or served in accordance with paragraph (1) and, after the cause has commenced, his address becomes known, the sheriff may allow the initial writ to be amended subject to such conditions as to re-service, intimation, expenses or transfer of the cause as he thinks fit.
- (4) Where advertisement in a newspaper is required for the purpose of citation or service under this rule, a copy of the newspaper containing the advertisement shall be lodged with the sheriff clerk by the pursuer.
- (5) Where display on the walls of court is required under paragraph (1)(b), the pursuer shall supply to the sheriff clerk for that purpose a certified copy of the instance and crave of the initial writ and any warrant of citation.

Persons carrying on business under trading or descriptive name

- 5.7. (1) A person carrying on a business under a trading or descriptive name may sue or be sued in such trading or descriptive name alone; and an extract—
 - (a) of a decree pronounced in the sheriff court, or
 - (b) of a decree proceeding upon any deed, decree arbitral, bond, protest of a bill, promissory note or banker's note or upon any other obligation or document

on which execution may proceed, recorded in the sheriff court books against such person under such trading or descriptive name,

shall be a valid warrant for diligence against such person.

- (2) An initial writ, decree, charge, warrant or any other order or writ following upon such initial writ or decree in a cause in which a person carrying on business under a trading or descriptive name sues or is sued in that name shall be served—
 - (a) at any place of business or office at which such business is carried on within the sheriffdom of the sheriff court in which the cause is brought; or
 - (b) where there is no place of business within that sheriffdom, at any place where such business is carried on (including the place of business or office of the clerk or secretary of any company, corporation or association or firm).

Endorsation unnecessary

5.8. An initial writ, decree, charge, warrant or any other order or writ following upon such initial writ or decree may be served, enforced or otherwise lawfully executed anywhere in Scotland without endorsation by a sheriff clerk; and, if executed by a sheriff officer, may be so executed by a sheriff officer of the court which granted it or by a sheriff officer of the sheriff court district in which it is to be executed.

Re-service

5.9. Where it appears to the sheriff that there has been any failure or irregularity in citation or service on a person, he may order the pursuer to re-serve the initial writ on such conditions as he thinks fit.

No objection to regularity of citation, service or intimation

- 5.10. (1) A person who appears in a cause shall not be entitled to state any objection to the regularity of the execution of citation, service or intimation on him; and his appearance shall remedy any defect in such citation, service or intimation.
 - (2) Nothing in paragraph (1) shall preclude a party from pleading that the court has no jurisdiction.

CHAPTER 6

ARRESTMENT

Service of schedule of arrestment

- 6.1. If a schedule of arrestment has not been personally served on an arrestee, the arrestment shall have effect only if a copy of the schedule is also sent by registered post or the first class recorded delivery service to—
 - (a) the last known place of residence of the arrestee, or
 - (b) if such place of residence is not known, or if the arrestee is a firm or corporation, to the arrestee's principal place of business if known, or, if not known, to any known place of business of the arrestee;

and the sheriff officer shall, on the certificate of execution, certifiy that this has been done and specify the address to which the copy of the schedule was sent.

Arrestment on dependence before service

- 6.2 (1) An arrestment on the dependence of a cause used before service shall cease to have effect unless—
 - (a) the initial writ is served within 20 days from the date of arrestment; and
 - (b) in the case of an undefended cause, decree in absence has been pronounced within 20 days after the expiry of the period of notice.
 - (2) After such an arrestment has been executed, the party who executed it shall forthwith report the execution to the sheriff clerk.

Movement of arrested property

- 6.3 (1) Any person having an interest may apply by motion for a warrant authorising the movement of a vessel or cargo which is the subject of an arrestment to found jurisdiction or on the dependence of a cause.
 - (2) Where the court grants a warrant sought under paragraph (1), it may make such further order as it thinks fit to give effect to that warrant.

CHAPTER 7

UNDEFENDED CAUSES

Application of this Chapter

7.1. This Chapter applies to any cause other than an action in which the sheriff may not grant decree without evidence.

Minute for granting of decree without attendance

- 7.2. (1) Subject to the following paragraphs, where the defender—
 - (a) does not lodge a notice of intention to defend,
 - (b) does not lodge an application for a time to pay direction under the Debtors (Scotland) Act 1987 ^{F4},
 - (c) has lodged such an application for a time to pay direction and the pursuer does not object to the application or to any recall or restriction of an arrestment sought in the application,

the sheriff may, on the pursuer endorsing a minute for decree on the initial writ, at any time after the expiry of the period for lodging that notice or application, grant decree in absence or other order in terms of the minute so endorsed without requiring the attendance of the pursuer in court.

- (2) The sheriff shall not grant decree under paragraph (1)—
 - (a) unless it appears ex facie of the initial writ that a ground of jurisdiction exists under the Civil Jurisdiction and Judgments Act 1982 F5 where that Act applies; and
 - (b) the cause is not a cause—
 - (i) in which decree may not be granted without evidence;
 - (ii) to which paragraph (4) applies; or

- (iii) to which rule 33.31 (procedure in undefended family action for parental rights) applies.
- (3) Where a defender is domiciled in another part of the United Kingdom or in another Contracting State, the sheriff shall not grant decree in absence until it has been shown that the defender has been able to receive the initial writ in sufficient time to arrange for his defence or that all necessary steps have been taken to that end; and for the purposes of this paragraph—
 - (a) the question whether a person is domiciled in another part of the United Kingdom shall be determined in accordance with sections 41 and 42 of the Civil Jurisdiction and Judgments Act 1982;
 - (b) the question whether a person is domiciled in another Contracting State shall be determined in accordance with Article 52 of Schedule 1 or 3C to that Act; and
 - (c) the term "Contracting State" has the meaning assigned in section 1 of that Act.
- (4) Where an initial writ has been served in a country to which the Hague Convention on the Service Abroad of Judicial and Exta-Judicial Documents in Civil and Commercial Matters dated 15th November 1965 ^{F6} applies, decree shall not be granted until it is established to the satisfaction of the sheriff that the requirements of Article 15 of that Convention have been complied with.

Textual Amendments

F4 1987 c.18.

F5 1982 c.27.

F6 Cmnd. 3986 (1969).

Applications for time to pay directions in undefended causes

- 7.3. (1) This rule applies to a cause in which a time to pay direction may be applied for under the Debtors (Scotland) Act 1987.
 - (2) A defender in a cause which is otherwise undefended, who wishes to apply for a time to pay direction, and where appropriate, to have an arrestment recalled or restricted, shall complete and lodge with the sheriff clerk the appropriate part of Form O3 before the expiry of the period of notice.
 - (3) Where the pursuer does not object to the application of the defender made in accordance with paragraph (2), he shall minute for decree in accordance with rule 7.2; and the sheriff may grant decree or other order in terms of the application and minute.
 - (4) Where the pursuer objects to the application of the defender made in accordance with paragraph (2), he shall minute for decree in accordance with rule 7.2; and the sheriff clerk shall thereafter fix a hearing on the application of the defender and intimate the hearing to the pursuer and defender.
 - (5) The sheriff may determine an application in which a hearing has been fixed under paragraph (4) whether or not any of the parties appear.

Decree for expenses

7.4. On granting decree in abence or thereafter, the sheriff may grant decree for expenses.

Finality of decree in absence

- 7.5. Subject to section 9(7) of the Land Tenure Reform (Scotland) Act 1974 F7 (decree in action of removing for breach of condition of long lease to be final when extract recorded in Register of Sasines), a decree in absence which has not been recalled or brought under review by suspension or by reduction shall become final and shall have effect as a decree in foro contentioso—
 - (a) on the expiry of six months from the date of the decree or from the date of a charge made under it, where the service of the initial writ or of the charge has been personal; and
 - (b) in any event, on the expiry of 20 years from the date of the decree.

Textual Amendments

F7 1974 c.38.

Amendment of initial writ

- 7.6. (1) In an undefended cause, the sheriff may—
 - (a) allow the pursuer to amend the initial writ in any way permitted by rule 18.2 (powers of sheriff to allow amendment); and
 - (b) order the amended intial writ to be re-served on the defender on such period of notice as he thinks fit.
 - (2) The defender shall not be liable for the expense occasioned by any such amendment unless the sheriff so orders.
 - (3) Where an amendment has been allowed under paragraph (1), the amendment—
 - (a) shall not validate diligence used on the dependence of a cause so as to prejudice the rights of creditors, of the party against whom the diligence has been executed, who are interested in defeating such diligence; and
 - (b) shall preclude any objection to such diligence stated by a party or any person by virtue of a title acquired or in right of a debt contracted by him subsequent to the execution of such diligence.

CHAPTER 8

REPONING

Reponing

- 8.1. (1) In any cause other than—
 - (a) a cause mentioned in rule 33.1(1)(a) to (h) (certain family actions), or
 - (b) a cause to which Chapter 37 (causes under the Presumption of death (Scotland) Act 1977) applies,

the defender may apply to be reponed by lodging with the sheriff clerk, before implement in full of a decree in absence, a reponing note setting out his proposed defence and explaining his failure to appear.

- (2) A copy of the note lodged under paragraph (1) shall be served on the pursuer.
- (3) The sheriff may, on considering the reponing note, recall the decree so far as not implemented subject to such order as to expenses as he thinks fit; and the cause shall thereafter proceed as if the defender had lodged a notice of intention to defend and the period of notice had expired on the date on which the decree in absence was recalled.
- (4) A reponing note, when duly lodged with the sheriff clerk and served upon the pursuer, shall have effect to sist diligence.
- (5) Any interlocutor or order recalling, or incidental to the recall of, a decree in absence shall be final and not subject to appeal.

CHAPTER 9

STANDARD PROCEDURE IN DEFENDED CAUSES

Notice of intention to defend

- 9.1. (1) Subject to rules 33.34 (notice of intention to defend and defences in family action) and 35.8 (lodging of notice of appearance in action of multiplepoinding), where the defender intends to—
 - (a) challenge the jurisdiction of the court,
 - (b) state a defence, or
 - (c) make a counterclaim,

he shall, before the expiry of the period of notice, lodge with the sheriff clerk a notice of intention to defend in Form O7.

(2) The lodging of a notice of intention to defend shall not imply acceptance of the jurisdiction of the court.

Fixing date for Options Hearing

- 9.2. (1) On the lodging of a notice of intention to defend, the sheriff clerk shall fix a date and time for an Options Hearing which date shall be on the first suitable court day occurring not sooner than 10 weeks after the expiry of the period of notice.
 - (2) On fixing the date for the Options Hearing, the sheriff clerk shall—
 - (a) forthwith intimate to the parties in Form G5—
 - (i) the last date for lodging defences;
 - (ii) the last date for adjustment; and
 - (iii) the date of the Options hearing; and
 - (b) prepare and sign an interlocutor recording those dates.
 - (3) The fixing of the date for the Options Hearing shall not affect the right of parties to make any incidental application to the court.

Return of initial writ

9.3. Subject to rule 9.4 (lodging of pleadings before Options Hearing), the pursuer shall return the initial writ, unbacked and unfolded, to the sheriff clerk within 7 days after the expiry of the period of notice.

Lodging of pleadings before Options Hearing

9.4. Where any hearing, whether by motion or otherwise, is fixed before the Options Hearing, each party shall lodge in process a copy of his pleadings, or, where the pleadings have been adjusted, the pleadings as adjusted, not later than 2 days before the hearing.

Process folder

- 9.5. (1) On receipt of the notice of intention to defend, the sheriff clerk shall prepare a process folder which shall include—
 - (a) interlocutor sheets;
 - (b) duplicate interlocutor sheets;
 - (c) a production file;
 - (d) a motion file; and
 - (e) an inventory of process.
 - (2) Any production or part of process lodged in a cause shall be placed in the process folder.

Defences

- 9.6. (1) Where a notice of intention to defend has been lodged, the defender shall lodge defences within 14 days after the expiry of the period of notice.
 - (2) Subject to rule 19.1(3) (form of defences where counterclaim included), defences shall be in the form of answers in numbered paragraphs corresponding to the articles of the condescendence and shall have appended a note of the pleas-in-law of the defender.

Implied admissions

9.7. Every statement of fact made by a party shall be answered by every other party, and if such a statement by one party within the knowledge of another party is not denied by that other party, that other party shall be deemed to have admitted that statement of fact.

Adjustment of pleadings

- 9.8. (1) Parties may adjust their pleadings until 14 days before the date of the Options Hearing or any continuation of it.
 - (2) Any adjustments shall be exchanged between parties and not lodged in process.
 - (3) Parties shall be responsible for maintaining a record of adjustments made during the period for adjustment.

(4) No adjustments shall be permitted after the period mentioned in paragraph (1) except with leave of the sheriff.

Effect of sist on adjustment

- 9.9. (1) Where a cause has been sisted, any period for adjustment before the sist shall be reckoned as a part of the period for adjustment.
 - (2) On recall of the sist of a cause, the sheriff clerk shall—
 - (a) fix a new date for the Options Hearing;
 - (b) prepare and sign an interlocutor recording that date; and
 - (c) intimate that date to each party.

Open record

9.10. The sheriff may, at any time before the closing of the record in a cause to which this Chapter applies, of his own motion or on the motion of a party, order any party to lodge a copy of the pleadings in the form of an open record containing any adjustments and amendments made as at the date of the order.

Record for Options Hearing

- 9.11. (1) The pursuer shall, at the end of the period for adjustment referred to in rule 9.8(1) and before the Options Hearing, make a copy of the pleadings and any adjustments and amendments in the form of a record.
 - (2) Not later than 2 days before the Options Hearing, the pursuer shall lodge a certified copy of the record in process.

Options Hearing

- 9.12 (1) At the Options Hearing the sheriff shall seek to secure the expeditious progress of the cause by ascertaining from the parties the matters in dispute and information about any other matter referred to in paragraph (3).
 - (2) It shall be the duty of the parties to provide the sheriff with sufficient information to enable him to conduct the hearing as provided for in this rule.
 - (3) At the Options Hearing the sheriff shall, except where the cause is ordered to proceed under the procedure in Chapter 10 (additional procedure), close the record and—
 - (a) appoint the cause to a proof and make such orders as to the extent of proof, the lodging of a joint minute of admissions or agreement, or such other matter as he thinks fit;
 - (b) after having heard parties and considered any note lodged under rule 22.1 (note of basis of preliminary plea), appoint the cause to a proof before answer and make such orders as to the extent of proof, the lodging of a joint minute of admissions or agreement, or such other matter as he thinks fit; or
 - (c) after having heard parties and considered any note lodged under rule 22.1, appoint the cause to a debate if satisfied that there is a preliminary matter of law which justifies a debate.
 - (4) At the Options Hearing the sheriff may, having heard parties—
 - (a) of his own motion or on the motion of any party, and

- (b) on being satisfied that the difficulty or complexity of the cause makes it unsuitable for the procedure under this Chapter,
- order that the cause proceed under the procedure in Chapter 10 (additional procedure).
- (5) The sheriff may, on cause shown, of his motion or on the motion of any party, allow a continuation of the Options Hearing on one occasion only for a period not exceeding 28 days or to the first suitable court day thereafter.
- (6) On closing the record—
 - (a) where there are no adjustments made since the lodging of the record under rule 9.11.(2), that record shall become the closed record; and
 - (b) where there are such adjustments, the sheriff may order that a closed record including such adjustments be lodged within 7 days after the date of the interlocutor closing the record.
- (7) For the purposes of rules 16.2 (decrees where party in default) and 33.37 (decree by default in family action), an Options Hearing shall be a diet in accordance with those rules.

Inspection and recovery of documents

- 9.13. (1) Each party shall, within 14 days after the date of the interlocutor allowing proof or proof before answer, intimate to every other party a list of the documents, which are or have been in his possession or control which he intends to use or put in evidence at the proof, including the whereabouts of those documents.
 - (2) A party who has received a list of documents from another party under paragraph (1) may inspect those documents which are in the possession or control of the party intimating the list at a time and place fixed by that party which is reasonable to both parties.
 - (3) A party who seeks to use or put in evidence at a proof a document not on his list intimated under paragraph (1) shall, if any other party objects to such document being used or put in evidence, seek leave of the sheriff to do so; and such leave may be granted on such conditions, if any, as the sheriff thinks fit.
 - (4) Nothing in this rule shall affect—
 - (a) the law relating, or the right of a party to object, to the inspection of a document on the ground of privilege or confidentiality; or
 - (b) the right of a party to apply under rule 28.2 for a commission and diligence for recovery of documents or an order under section 1 of the M6Administration of Justice (Scotland) Act 1972

Marginal Citations

1972 c.59; section 1 was amended by the Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Act 1985 (c.73); section 19 and Schedule 2, paragraph 15.

Exchange of lists of witnesses

- 9.14. (1) Within 14 days after the date of the interlocutor allowing a proof or proof before answer, each party shall intimate to every other party a list of witnesses, including any skilled witnesses, whom he intends to call to give evidence.
 - (2) A party who seeks to call as a witness a person not on his list intimated under paragraph (1) shall, if any other party objects to such a witness being called, seek leave of the sheriff to call that person as a witness; and such leave may be granted on such conditions, if any, as the sheriff thinks fit.
 - (3) The list of witnesses intimated under paragraph (1) shall include the name, occupation (where known) and address of each intended witness.

Applications for time to pay directions

9.15. An application for a time to pay direction under section 1(1) of the M7Debtors (Scotland) Act 1987 or for the recall or restriction of an arrestment under section 2(3) or 3(1) of that Act in a cause which is defended shall be made by motion lodged before the sheriff grants decree.

Marginal Citations

M7 1987 c.18.

VALID FROM 21/05/2004

[F8CHAPTER 9A

DOCUMENTS AND WITNESSES

Textual Amendments

F8 Sch. 1 Chapter 9A inserted (21.5.2004) by Act of Sederunt (Ordinary Cause, Summary Application, Summary Cause and Small Claim Rules) Amendment (Miscellaneous) 2004 (S.S.I. 2004/197), art. 2(8)

Application of this Chapter

9A.1. This Chapter applies to any cause proceeding under Chapters 9 and 10.

Inspection and recovery of documents

- 9A.2. (1) Each party shall, within 14 days after the date of the interlocutor allowing proof or proof before answer, intimate to every other party a list of the documents, which are or have been in his possession or control and which he intends to use or put in evidence at the proof, including the whereabouts of those documents.
 - (2) A party who has received a list of documents from another party under paragraph (1) may inspect those documents which are in the possession or control of the party

intimating the list at a time and place fixed by that party which is reasonable to both parties.

- (3) A party who seeks to use or put in evidence at a proof a document not on his list intimated under paragraph (1) shall, if any other party objects to such document being used or put in evidence, seek leave of the sheriff to do so; and such leave may be granted on such conditions, if any, as the sheriff thinks fit.
- (4) Nothing in this rule shall affect-
 - (a) the law relating, or the right of a party to object, to the inspection of a document on the ground of privilege or confidentiality; or
 - (b) the right of a party to apply under rule 28.2 for a commission and diligence for recovery of documents or an order under section 1 of the Administration of Justice (Scotland) Act 1972 F9.

Textual Amendments

F9 1972 c. 59; section 1 was amended by the Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Act 1985 (c. 73); section 19 and Schedule 2, paragraph 15.

Applications in respect of time to pay directions, and arrestments

9A.4. An application for a time to pay direction under section 1(1) of the Debtors (Scotland) Act 1987 ^{F10}, or for the recall or restriction of an arrestment under section 2(3) or 3(1) of that Act, in a cause which is defended, shall be made by motion lodged before the sheriff grants decree.]

Textual Amendments

F10 1987 c. 18; section 1 was repealed in part by the Social Security Act 1998 (c. 14) ("the 1998 Act"), Schedule 8 and by the Abolition of Poindings and Warrant Sales (Scotland) Act 2001 (asp 1) (now repealed), Schedule, Part 1 and was amended by the Child Support Act 1991 (c. 48), Schedule 5, paragraph 8, the Local Government Finance Act 1992 (c. 14), Schedule 13, paragraph 53, the Local Government etc. (Scotland) Act 1994 (c. 39), Schedule 13, paragraph 151, the 1998 Act, Schedule 7, paragraph 12, the Social Security Contributions (Transfer of Functions, etc.) Act 1999 (c. 2), Schedule 9, paragraph 1, and the Water Industry (Scotland) Act 2002 (asp 3), schedule 7, paragraph 17.

CHAPTER 10

ADDITIONAL PROCEDURE

Additional period for adjustment

10.1. (1) Where, under rule 9.12(4) (order at Options Hearing to proceed under Chapter 10), the sheriff orders that a cause shall proceed in accordance with the procedure in this Chapter, he shall continue the cause for adjustment for a period of 8 weeks.

(2) Paragraphs (2) and (3) of rule 9.8 (exchange and record of adjustments) shall apply to a cause in which a period for adjustment under paragraph (1) of this rule has been allowed as they apply to the period for adjustment under that rule.

Effect of sist on adjustment period

10.2. Where a cause has been sisted, any period for adjustment before the sist shall be reckoned as part of the period for adjustment.

Variation of adjustment period

- 10.3. (1) At any time before the expiry of the period for adjustment the sheriff may close the record if parties, of consent or jointly, lodge a motion seeking such an order.
 - (2) The sheriff may, if satisfied that there is sufficient reason for doing so, extend the period for adjustment for such period as he thinks fit, if any party—
 - (a) lodges a motion seeking such an order; and
 - (b) lodges a copy of the record adjusted to the date of lodging of the motion.
 - (3) A motion lodged under paragraph (2) shall set out—
 - (a) the reasons for seeking an extension of the period for adjustment; and
 - (b) the period for adjustment sought.

Order for open record

10.4. The sheriff may, at any time before the closing of the record in a cause to which this Chapter applies, of his own motion or on the motion of a party, order any party to lodge a copy of the pleadings in the form of an open record containing any adjustments and amendments made as at the date of the order.

Closing record

- 10.5. (1) On the expiry of the period for adjustment, the record shall be closed and, without the attendance of parties, the sheriff clerk shall forthwith—
 - (a) prepare and sign an interlocutor recording the closing of the record and fixing the date of the Procedural Hearing under rule 10.6, which date shall be on the first suitable court day occurring not sooner than 21 days after the closing of the record; and
 - (b) intimate the date of the hearing to each party.
 - (2) The pursuer shall, within 14 days after the date of the interlocutor closing the record, lodge a certified copy of the closed record in process.
 - (3) The closed record shall contain only the pleadings of the parties.

Procedural Hearing

- 10.6. (1) At the Procedural Hearing, the sheriff shall seek to secure the expeditious progress of the cause by ascertaining from the parties the matters in dispute and information about any other matter referred to in paragraph (3).
 - (2) It shall be the duty of the parties to provide the sheriff with sufficient information to enable him to conduct the hearing as provided for in this rule.

- (3) At the Procedural Hearing the sheriff shall—
 - (a) appoint the cause to a proof and make such orders as to the extent of proof, the lodging of a joint minute of admissions or agreement, or such other matter as he thinks fit;
 - (b) after having heard the parties and considered any note lodged under rule 22.1 (note of basis of preliminary plea), appoint the cause to a proof before answer and make such orders as to the extent of proof, the lodging of a joint minute of admissions or agreement, or such other matter as he thinks fit; or
 - (c) after having heard the parties and considered any note lodged under rule 22.1, appoint the cause to a debate if satisfied that there is a preliminary matter of law which justifies a debate.
- (4) For the purposes of rule 33.37 (decree by default in family action), a Procedural Hearing shall be a diet in accordance with that rule.

CHAPTER 11

THE PROCESS

Form and lodging of parts of process

All parts of process shall be written, typed or printed on A4 size paper of durable quality and shall be lodged, unbacked and unfolded, with the sheriff clerk.

Custody of process

- 11.2. (1) The initial writ, and all other parts of process lodged in a cause, shall be placed by the sheriff clerk in the process folder.
 - (2) The initial writ, interlocutor sheets, borrowing receipts and the process folder shall remain in the custody of the sheriff clerk.
 - (3) The sheriff clerk, may on cause shown, authorise the initial writ to be borrowed by the pursuer, his solicitor or the solicitor's authorised clerk.

Borrowing and returning of process

- 11.3. (1) Subject to paragraph (3), a process, or any part of a process which may be borrowed, may be borrowed only by a solicitor or by his authorised clerk.
 - (2) All remedies competent to enforce the return of a borrowed process may proceed on the warrant of the court from the custody of which the process was obtained.
 - (3) A party litigant—
 - (a) may borrow a process only—
 - (i) with leave of the sheriff; and
 - (ii) subject to such conditions as the sheriff may impose; or
 - (b) may inspect a process and obtain copies, where practicable, from the sheriff clerk.
 - (4) The sheriff may, on the motion of any party, ordain any other party who has borrowed a part of process to return it within such time as the sheriff thinks fit.

Failure to return parts of process

- 11.4. (1) Where a solicitor or party litigant has borrowed any part of process and fails to return it for any diet or hearing at which it is required, the sheriff may impose on such solicitor or party litigant a fine not exceeding £50, which shall be payable to the sheriff clerk; but an order imposing a fine may, on cause shown, be recalled by the sheriff.
 - (2) An order made under this rule shall not be subject to appeal.

Replacement of lost documents

Where any part of process is lost or destroyed, a copy of it, authenticated in such manner as the sheriff thinks fit, may be substituted for and shall, for the purposes of the cause to which the process relates, be treated as having the same force and effect as the original.

Intimation of parts of process and adjustments

- 11.6. (1) After a notice of intention to defend has been lodged, any party lodging a part of process or making an adjustment to his pleadings shall intimate such lodging or adjustment to every other party who has entered the process by delivering to every other party a copy of each part of process or adjustment, including, where practicable, copies of any documentary production.
 - (2) Unless otherwise provided in these Rules, the party required to give intimation under paragraph (1) shall deliver to every other party who has entered the process a copy of the part of process or adjustment or other document, as the case may be, by—
 - (a) any of the methods of service provided for in Chapter 5 (citation, service and intimation); or
 - (b) where intimation is to a party represented by a solicitor—
 - (i) personal delivery,
 - (ii) facsimile transmission,
 - (iii) first class ordinary post,
 - (iv) delivery to a document exchange,

to that solicitor.

- (3) Subject to paragraph (4), where intimation is given under—
 - (a) paragraph (2)(b)(i) or (ii), it shall be deemed to have been given—
 - (i) on the day of transmission or delivery where it is given before 5.00 pm on any day; or
 - (ii) on the day after transmission or delivery where it is given after 5.00 pm on any day; or
 - (b) paragraph (2)(b)(iii) or (iv), it shall be deemed to have been given on the day after posting or delivery.
- (4) Where intimation is given on a Saturday, Sunday or public or court holiday, it shall be deemed to have been given on the next day on which the sheriff clerk's office is open for civil court business.

Retention and disposal of parts of process by sheriff clerk

- 11.7. (1) Where any cause has been finally determined and the period for marking an appeal has expired without an appeal having been marked, the sheriff clerk shall—
 - (a) retain—
 - (i) the initial writ;
 - (ii) any closed record;
 - (iii) the interlocutor sheets;
 - (iv) any joint minute;
 - (v) any offer and acceptance of tender;
 - (vi) any report from a person of skill;
 - (vii) any affidavit; and
 - (viii) any extended shorthand notes of the proof; and
 - (b) dispose of all other parts of process (except productions) in such a manner as seems appropriate.
 - (2) Where an appeal has been marked on the final determination of the cause, the sheriff clerk shall exercise his duties mentioned in paragraph (1) after the final disposal of the appeal and any subsequent procedure.

Uplifting of productions from process

- 11.8. (1) Each party who has lodged productions in a cause shall—
 - (a) within 14 days after the final determination of the cause, where no subsequent appeal has been marked, or
 - (b) within 14 days after the disposal of any appeal marked on the final determination of the cause,

uplift the productions from process.

- (2) Where any production has not been uplifted as required by paragraph (1), the sheriff clerk shall intimate to—
 - (a) the solicitor who lodged the production, or
 - (b) where no solicitor is acting, the party himself or such other party as seems appropriate,

that if he fails to uplift the production within 28 days after the date of such intimation, it will be disposed of in such a manner as the sheriff directs.

CHAPTER 12

THE PROCESS

Signature of interlocutors by sheriff clerk

- 12.1. In accordance with any directions given by the sheriff principal, any interlocutor other than a final interlocutor may be written and signed by the sheriff clerk and—
 - (a) any interlocutor written and signed by a sheriff clerk shall be treated for all purposes as if it had been written and signed by the sheriff; and
 - (b) any extract of such an interlocutor shall not be invalid by reason only of its being written and signed by a sheriff clerk.

Further provisions in relation to interlocutors

- 12.2. (1) The sheriff may sign an interlocutor when furth of his sheriffdom.
 - (2) At any time before extract, the sheriff may correct any clerical or incidental error in an interlocutor or note attached to it.
 - (3) In any cause other than a family action within the meaning of rule 33.1(1) which has proceeded as undefended, the sheriff shall—
 - (a) in the final interlocutor on the merits, include findings in fact and law; and
 - (b) append to that interlocutor a note setting out the reasons for his decision.
 - (4) In any interlocutor other than an interlocutor disposing of the merits, the sheriff may, and shall when requested by a party, append a note setting out the reasons for his decision.
 - (5) Where the sheriff reserves his decision and gives his decision at a date later than the date of the hearing outwith the presence of the parties—
 - (a) the date of the interlocutor of the sheriff shall be the date on which it is received by the sheriff clerk; and
 - (b) the sheriff clerk shall—
 - (i) enter that date in the interlocutor; and
 - (ii) forthwith send a copy of the interlocutor and any note attached to it free of charge to each party.

CHAPTER 13

PARTY MINUTER PROCEDURE

Person claiming title and interest to enter process as defender

- 13.1. (1) A person who has not been called as a defender or third party may apply by minute for leave to enter a process as a party minuter and to lodge defences.
 - (2) A minute under paragraph (1) shall specify—
 - (a) the applicant's title and interest to enter the process; and
 - (b) the grounds of the defence he proposes to state.
 - (3) Subject to paragraph (4), after hearing the applicant and any party, the sheriff may—
 - (a) if he is satisfied that the applicant has shown title and interest to enter the process, grant the applicant leave to enter the process as a party minuter and to lodge defences; and
 - (b) make such order as to expenses or otherwise as he thinks fit.
 - (4) Where an application under paragraph (1) is made after the closing of the record, the sheriff shall only grant leave under paragraph (3) if he is satisfied as to the reason why earlier application was not made.

Procedure following leave to enter process

13.2. (1) Where a party minuter lodges answers, the sheriff clerk shall fix a date and time under rule 9.2 for a hearing under rule 9.12 (Options Hearing) as if the party minuter

had lodged a notice of intention to defend and the period of notice had expired on the date for lodging answers.

- (2) At the Options Hearing, or at any time thereafter, the sheriff may grant such decree or other order as he thinks fit.
- (3) A decree or other order against the party minuter shall have effect and be extractable in the same way as a decree or other order against a defender.

VALID FROM 01/07/2008

[F11CHAPTER 13A

INTERVENTIONS BY THE COMMISSION FOR EQUALITY AND HUMAN RIGHTS

Textual Amendments

F11 Sch. 1 Chapters 13A 13B inserted (1.7.2008) by Act of Sederunt (Sheriff Court Rules) (Miscellaneous Amendments) 2008 (S.S.I. 2008/223), para. 4(2)

Interpretation

In this Chapter "the CEHR" means the Commission for Equality and Human Rights.

Interventions by the CEHR

- 13A.2.(1) The CEHR may apply to the sheriff for leave to intervene in any cause in accordance with this Chapter.
 - (2) This Chapter is without prejudice to any other entitlement of the CEHR by virtue of having title and interest in relation to the subject matter of any proceedings by virtue of section 30(2) of the Equality Act 2006 ^{F12} or any other enactment to seek to be sisted as a party in those proceedings.
 - (3) Nothing in this Chapter shall affect the power of the sheriff to make such other direction as he considers appropriate in the interests of justice.
 - (4) Any decision of the sheriff in proceedings under this Chapter shall be final and not subject to appeal.

Textual Amendments

F12 2006 c. 3.

Applications to intervene

- 13A.3.(1) An application for leave to intervene shall be by way of minute of intervention in Form O7A and the CEHR shall—
 - (a) send a copy of it to all the parties; and

- (b) lodge it in process, certifying that subparagraph (a) has been complied with.
- (2) A minute of intervention shall set out briefly—
 - (a) the CEHR's reasons for believing that the proceedings are relevant to a matter in connection with which the CEHR has a function;
 - (b) the issue in the proceedings which the CEHR wishes to address; and
 - (c) the propositions to be advanced by the CEHR and the CEHR's reasons for believing that they are relevant to the proceedings and that they will assist the sheriff.
- (3) The sheriff may-
 - (a) refuse leave without a hearing;
 - (b) grant leave without a hearing unless a hearing is requested under paragraph (4);
 - (c) refuse or grant leave after such a hearing.
- (4) A hearing, at which the applicant and the parties may address the court on the matters referred to in paragraph (6)(c), may be held if, within 14 days of the minute of intervention being lodged, any of the parties lodges a request for a hearing.
- (5) Any diet in pursuance of paragraph (4) shall be fixed by the sheriff clerk who shall give written intimation of the diet to the CEHR and all the parties.
- (6) The sheriff may grant leave only if satisfied that—
 - (a) the proceedings are relevant to a matter in connection with which the CEHR has a function;
 - (b) the propositions to be advanced by the CEHR are relevant to the proceedings and are likely to assist him; and
 - (c) the intervention will not unduly delay or otherwise prejudice the rights of the parties, including their potential liability for expenses.
- (7) In granting leave the sheriff may impose such terms and conditions as he considers desirable in the interests of justice, including making provision in respect of any additional expenses incurred by the parties as a result of the intervention.
- (8) The sheriff clerk shall give written intimation of a grant or refusal of leave to the CEHR and all the parties.

Form of intervention

- 13A.4.(1) An intervention shall be by way of a written submission which (including any appendices) shall not exceed 5000 words.
 - (2) The CEHR shall lodge the submission and send a copy of it to all the parties by such time as the sheriff may direct.
 - (3) The sheriff may in exceptional circumstances—
 - (a) allow a longer written submission to be made;
 - (b) direct that an oral submission is to be made.
 - (4) Any diet in pursuance of paragraph (3)(b) shall be fixed by the sheriff clerk who shall give written intimation of the diet to the CEHR and all the parties.

VALID FROM 01/07/2008

CHAPTER 13B

INTERVENTIONS BY THE SCOTTISH COMMISSION FOR HUMAN RIGHTS

Interpretation

13B.1. In this Chapter–

"the Act of 2006" means the Scottish Commission for Human Rights Act 2006; and

"the SCHR" means the Scottish Commission for Human Rights.

Application to intervene

- 13B.2.(1) An application for leave to intervene under section 14(2)(a) of the Act of 2006 shall be by way of minute of intervention in Form O7B and the SCHR shall—
 - (a) send a copy of it to all the parties; and
 - (b) lodge it in process, certifying that subparagraph (a) has been complied with.
 - (2) In granting leave the sheriff may impose such terms and conditions as he considers desirable in the interests of justice, including making provision in respect of any additional expenses incurred by the parties as a result of the intervention.
 - (3) The sheriff clerk shall give written intimation of a grant or refusal of leave to the SCHR and all the parties.
 - (4) Any decision of the sheriff in proceedings under this Chapter shall be final and not subject to appeal.

Invitation to intervene

- 13B.3.(1) An invitation to intervene under section 14(2)(b) of the Act of 2006 shall be in Form O7C and the sheriff clerk shall send a copy of it to the SCHR and all the parties.
 - (2) An invitation under paragraph (1) shall be accompanied by—
 - (a) a copy of the pleadings in the proceedings; and
 - (b) such other documents relating to those proceedings as the sheriff thinks relevant.
 - (3) In issuing an invitation under section 14(2)(b) of the Act of 2006, the sheriff may impose such terms and conditions as he considers desirable in the interests of justice, including making provision in respect of any additional expenses incurred by the parties as a result of the intervention.

Form of intervention

- 13B.4.(1) An intervention shall be by way of a written submission which (including any appendices) shall not exceed 5000 words.
 - (2) The SCHR shall lodge the submission and send a copy of it to all the parties by such time as the sheriff may direct.

- (3) The sheriff may in exceptional circumstances—
 - (a) allow a longer written submission to be made;
 - (b) direct that an oral submission is to be made.
- (4) Any diet in pursuance of paragraph (3)(b) shall be fixed by the sheriff clerk who shall give written intimation of the diet to the SCHR and all the parties.]

CHAPTER 14

APPLICATIONS BY MINUTE

Application of this Chapter

- 14.1. (1) Where an application may be made by minute, the form of the minute and the procedure to be adopted shall, unless otherwise provided in these Rules, be in accordance with this Chapter.
 - (2) This Chapter shall not apply to—
 - (a) a minute of amendment; or
 - (b) a minute of abandonment.

Form of minute

- 14.2. A minute to which this Chapter applies shall contain—
 - (a) a crave;
 - (b) where appropriate, a condescendence in the form of a statement of facts supporting the crave; and
 - (c) where appropriate, pleas-in-law.

Procedure in minutes

- [14.3. (1) Where the minute includes a crave seeking leave—
 - (a) for a person—
 - (i) to be sisted as a party to the action,
 - (ii) to appear in the proceedings, or
 - (b) for the cause to be transferred against the representatives of a party who has died or is under a legal incapacity,

the minuter may also seek leave for a date for a hearing under rule 9.12 (Options Hearing) to be fixed.

- (2) Where leave is granted under paragraph (1), the sheriff clerk shall fix a date and time for a hearing under rule 9.12.
- (3) For the purpose of fixing the date for the Options Hearing referred to in paragraph (1), the date of granting the minute shall be deemed to be the date of expiry of the period of notice.
- (4) Where the minute includes a crave for any order including the variation or recall of an existing order or makes any application by minute, as provided in these Rules,

the minuter may also seek leave for the lodging of answers within a period specified in the minute.

(5) Rules 15.2 (intimation of motions), 15.3 (opposition to motions) and 15.4 (hearing of motions) shall, with the necessary modifications, apply to the intimation of, opposition to, or hearing of, a minute as they apply to a motion.]

CHAPTER 15

MOTIONS

F13 Lodging of motions

- 15.1. (1) A motion may be made—
 - (a) orally with leave of the court during any hearing of a cause; or
 - (b) by lodging a written motion in Form G6.
 - (2) Any document referred to in the motion and not already lodged in process shall, so far as practicable, be lodged with the written motion.
 - (3) On the lodging of a motion in accordance with paragraph (1)(b), the sheriff clerk shall fix a hearing of the motion and shall advise the party lodging the motion of the date, time and place of the hearing.

Textual Amendments

F13 Chapter 15 substituted (1.11.1996) by S.I. 1996/2445, **para. 3(22)**

F14 Intimation of motions

- 15.2. (1) Subject to paragraph (7), the party lodging a motion in accordance with rule 15.1(1) (b) shall intimate the motion in Form G7, and a copy of any document referred to in the motion, to every other party.
 - (2) Unless a period of intimation of a motion is otherwise specified in these Rules, intimation under paragraph (1) shall be made not less than 7 days before the date fixed for the hearing of the motion.
 - (3) Subject to paragraph (4), intimation of a motion may be given by—
 - (a) any of the methods of service provided for in Chapter 5 (citation, service and intimation); or
 - (b) where intimation is to a party represented by a solicitor, by—
 - (i) personal delivery,
 - (ii) facsimile transmission,
 - (iii) first class ordinary post, or
 - (iv) delivery to a document exchange, to that solicitor.
 - (4) Subject to paragraph (5), where intimation is given—
 - (a) under paragraph (3)(b)(i) or (ii), it shall be deemed to have been given—
 - (i) on the day of transmission or delivery where it is given before 5.00 pm on any day; or

- (ii) on the day after transmission or delivery where it is given after 5.00 pm on any day; or
- (b) under paragraph 3(b)(iii) or (iv), it shall be deemed to have been given on the day after posting or delivery.
- (5) Where intimation is given on a Saturday, Sunday or public or court holiday, it shall be deemed to have been given on the next day on which the sheriff clerk's office is open for civil court business.
- (6) Where intimation has been given, a certificate of intimation of the motion in Form G8 shall be returned to the sheriff clerk not later than 2 days, or such other period as the sheriff has determined, before the date fixed for the hearing of that motion.
- (7) The sheriff may, on cause shown, dispense with or reduce the period of intimation specified in paragraph (2) or the period specified in paragraph (6).

Textual Amendments

F14 Chapter 15 substituted (1.11.1996) by S.I. 1996/2445, para. **3(22)**

F15 Opposition to motions

- 15.3. (1) Where a party seeks to oppose a motion lodged under rule 15.1(1)(b), he shall—
 - (a) complete a notice of opposition in Form G9;
 - (b) forthwith intimate a copy of that notice to every other party; and
 - (c) lodge the notice with the sheriff clerk not later than 2 days before the date fixed for the hearing of the motion.
 - (2) Paragraphs (3), (4) and (5) of rule 15.2 (methods and time of intimation of motions) shall apply to the intimation of opposition to a motion under paragraph (1)(b) of this rule as they apply to intimation under that rule.
 - (3) The sheriff may, on cause shown, dispense with or reduce the period for lodging the notice mentioned in paragraph (1)(c).

Textual Amendments

F15 Chapter 15 substituted (1.11.1996) by S.I. 1996/2445, para. 3(22)

F16 Hearing of motions

- 15.4. (1) Subject to paragraph (2), where no notice ⅔ of opposition is lodged, the motion shall be determined by the sheriff in chambers without the attendance of parties, unless the sheriff otherwise directs.
 - (2) In accordance with any directions given by the sheriff principal, the sheriff clerk may determine any motion other than a motion which seeks a final interlocutor.
 - (3) Where the sheriff clerk considers that a motion dealt with by him under paragraph (2) should not be granted, he shall refer that motion to the sheriff who shall deal with it in accordance with paragraph (1).

- (4) Where the sheriff requires to hear a party on a motion, the sheriff clerk shall inform that party that the motion will be heard on the date fixed under rule 15.1(3).
- (5) Where a notice of opposition is intimated and lodged, the motion shall be heard by the sheriff on the date fixed under rule 15.1(3).

Textual Amendments

F16 Chapter 15 substituted (1.11.1996) by S.I. 1996/2445, para. **3(22)**

CHAPTER 16

DECREES BY DEFAULT

Application of this Chapter

- 16.1. This rule applies to any cause other than—
 - (a) an action to which rule 33.37 (decree by default in family action) applies;
 - (b) an action of multiplepoinding; or
 - (c) a cause under the Presumption of Death (Scotland) Act 1977 F17.

Textual Amendments

F17 1977 c.27.

Decrees where party in default

- 16.2. (1) In a cause to which this Chapter applies, where a party fails—
 - (a) to lodge, or intimate the lodging of, any production or part of process within the period required under a provision in these Rules or an order of the sheriff,
 - (b) to implement an order of the sheriff within a specified period, or
 - (c) to appear or be represented at any diet,

that party shall be in default.

- (2) Where a party is in default, the sheriff may grant decree as craved, decree of absolvitor or dismiss the cause, as the case may be, with expenses.
- (3) Where no party appears at a diet, the sheriff may dismiss the cause.
- (4) In this rule, "diet" includes—
 - (a) a hearing under rule 9.12 (Options Hearing);
 - (b) a hearing under rule 10.6 (Procedural Hearing);
 - (c) a proof or proof before answer; and
 - (d) a debate.

Prorogation of time where party in default

In an action to which this Chapter applies, the sheriff may, on cause shown, prorogate the time for lodging any production or part of process or for giving intimation or for implementing any order.

CHAPTER 17

SUMMARY DECREES

Application of this Chapter

- 17.1. This Chapter applies to any action other than—
 - (a) a family action within the meaning of rule 33.1(1);
 - (b) an action of multiplepoinding; or
 - (c) a cause under the Presumption of Death (Scotland) Act 1977.

Applications for summary decree

- 17.2. (1) Subject to paragraphs (2) to (5) of this rule, a pursuer may, at any time after a defender has lodged defences, apply by motion for summary decree against that defender on the ground that there is no defence to the action, or part of it, disclosed in the defences.
 - (2) In applying for summary decree, the pursuer may move the sheriff—
 - (a) to grant decree in terms of all or any of the craves of the initial writ;
 - (b) to pronounce an interlocutor sustaining or repelling a plea-in-law; or
 - (c) to dispose of the whole or part of the subject-matter of the cause.
 - (3) The pursuer shall intimate a motion under paragraph (1) by registered post or the first class recorded delivery service to every other party not less than 14 days before the date fixed for the hearing of the motion
 - (4) On a motion under paragraph (1), the sheriff may—
 - (a) if satisfied that there is no defence to the action or to any part of it to which the motion relates, grant the motion for summary decree in whole or in part, as the case may be; or
 - (b) ordain any party, or a partner, director, officer or office-bearer of, any party—
 - (i) to produce any relevant document or article; or
 - (ii) to lodge an affidavit in support of any assertion of fact made in the pleadings or at the hearing of the motion.
 - (5) Notwithstanding the refusal of all or part of a motion for summary decree, a subsequent motion may be made where there has been a change of circumstances.

Application of summary decree to counterclaims, etc.

- 17.3. (1) Where a defender has lodged a counterclaim—
 - (a) he may apply by motion for summary decree against the pursuer on that counterclaim on the ground that there is no defence to the counterclaim, or a part of it, disclosed in the answers to it; and

- (b) paragraphs (2) to (5) of rule 17.2 shall, with the necessary modifications, apply to a motion by a defender under this paragraph as they apply to a motion by a pursuer under paragraph (1) of that rule.
- (2) Where a defender or third party has made a claim against another defender or third party who has lodged defences or answers, as the case may be—
 - (a) he may apply by motion for summary decree against that other defender or third party on the ground that there is no defence to the claim, or a part of it, disclosed in the defences or answers, as the case may be; and
 - (b) paragraphs (2) to (5) of rule 17.2 shall, with the necessary modifications, apply to a motion by a defender or third party under this paragraph as they apply to a motion by a pursuer under paragraph (1) of that rule.

CHAPTER 18

AMENDMENT OF PLEADINGS

Alteration of sum sued for

- 18.1. (1) In a cause in which all other parties have lodged defences or answers, the pursuer may, before the closing of the record, alter any sum sued for by amending the crave of the initial writ, the certified copy of the initial writ and any record.
 - (2) The pursuer shall forthwith intimate any such amendment in writing to every other party.

Powers of sheriff to allow amendment

- 18.2. (1) The sheriff may, at any time before final judgment, allow an amendment mentioned in paragraph (2).
 - (2) Paragraph (1) applies to the following amendments:—
 - (a) an amendment of the initial writ which may be necessary for the purpose of determining the real question in controversy between the parties, notwithstanding that in consequence of such amendment—
 - (i) the sum sued for is increased or restricted after the closing of the record; or
 - (ii) a different remedy from that originally craved is sought;
 - (b) an amendment which may be necessary—
 - (i) to correct or supplement the designation of a party to the cause;
 - (ii) to enable a party who has sued or has been sued in his own right to sue or be sued in a representative capacity;
 - (iii) to enable a party who has sued or has been sued in a representative capacity to sue or be sued in his own right or in a different representative capacity;
 - (iv) to add the name of an additional pursuer or person whose concurrence is necessary;
 - (v) where the cause has been commenced or presented in the name of the wrong person, or it is doubtful whether it has been commenced or presented in the name of the right person, to allow any other person

to be sisted in substitution for, or in addition to, the original person; or

- (vi) to direct a crave against a third party brought into an action under Chapter 20 (third party procedure);
- (c) an amendment of a condescendence, defences, answers, pleas-in-law or other pleadings which may be necessary for determining the real question in controversy between the parties; and
- (d) where it appears that all parties having an interest have not been called or that the cause has been directed against the wrong person, an amendment inserting in the initial writ an additional or substitute party and directing existing or additional craves, averments and pleas-in-law against that party.

Applications to amend

- 18.3. (1) A party seeking to amend shall lodge a minute of amendment in process setting out his proposed amendment and, at the same time, lodge a motion—
 - (a) to allow the minute of amendment to be received; and
 - (b) to allow—
 - (i) amendment in terms of the minute of amendment and, where appropriate, to grant an order under rule 18.5(1)(a) (service of amendment for additional or substitute party); or
 - (ii) where the minute of amendment may require to be answered, any other person to lodge answers within a specified period.
 - (2) Where the sheriff has pronounced an interlocutor allowing a minute of amendment to be received and answered, he may allow a period for adjustment of the minute of amendment and answers and, on so doing, shall fix a date for parties to be heard on the minute of amendment and answers as adjusted.

Applications for diligence on amendment

- 18.4. (1) Where a minute of amendment is lodged by a pursuer under rule 18.2(2)(d) (all parties not, or wrong person, called), he may apply by motion for warrant to use any form of diligence which could be used on the dependence of a separate action.
 - (2) A copy certified by the sheriff clerk of the interlocutor granting warrant for diligence on the dependence applied for under paragraph (1) shall be sufficient authority for the execution of that diligence.

Service of amended pleadings

- 18.5. (1) Where an amendment under rule 18.2(2)(d) (all parties not, or wrong person, called) has been made—
 - (a) the sheriff shall order that a copy of the initial writ or record, as the case may be, as so amended be served by the party who made the amendment on that additional or substitute party with—
 - (i) in a cause in which a time to pay direction under the Debtors (Scotland) Act 1987 F18 may be applied for, a notice in Form O8 specifying the date by which a notice of intention to defend must be lodged in process, a notice in Form O3 and a notice of intention to defend in Form O7; or

- (ii) in any other cause, a notice in Form O9 specifying the date by which a notice of intention to defend must be lodged in process and a notice of intention to defend in Form O7; and
- (b) the party who made the amendment shall lodge in process—
 - (i) a copy of the initial writ or record as amended;
 - (ii) a copy of the notice sent in Form O8 or Form O9; and
 - (iii) a certificate of service.
- (2) When paragraph (1) has been complied with, the cause as so amended shall proceed in every respect as if that party had originally been made a party to the cause.
- (3) Where a notice of intention to defend is lodged by virtue of paragraph (1)(a), the sheriff clerk shall fix a date and time for a hearing under rule 9.12 (Options Hearing).

Textual Amendments

F18 1987 c.18.

Expenses and conditions of amendment

18.6. The sheriff shall find the party making an amendment liable in the expenses occasioned by the amendment unless it is shown that it is just and equitable that the expenses occasioned by the amendment should be otherwise dealt with, and may attach such other conditions as he thinks fit.

Effect of amendment on diligence

- 18.7. Where an amendment has been allowed, the amendment—
 - (a) shall not validate diligence used on the dependence of a cause so as to prejudice the rights of creditors, of the party against whom the diligence has been executed, who are interested in defeating such diligence; and
 - (b) shall preclude any objection to such diligence stated by a party or any person by virtue of a title acquired or in right of a debt contracted by him subsequent to the execution of such diligence.

Preliminary pleas inserted on amendment

- 18.8. (1) Where a party seeks to add a preliminary plea by amendment or answers to an amendment, or by adjustment thereto, a note of the basis for the plea shall be lodged at the same time as the minute, answers or adjustment, as the case may be.
 - (2) If a party fails to comply with paragraph (1), that party shall be deemed to be no longer insisting on the preliminary plea and the plea shall be repelled by the sheriff.

CHAPTER 19

COUNTERCLAIMS

Counterclaims

- 19.1. (1) In any action other than a family action within the meaning of rule 33.1(1) or an action of multiplepoinding, a defender may counterclaim against a pursuer—
 - (a) where the counterclaim might have been made in a separate action in which it would not have been necessary to call as defender any person other than the pursuer; and
 - (b) in respect of any matter—
 - (i) forming part, or arising out of the grounds, of the action by the pursuer;
 - (ii) the decision of which is necessary for the determination of the question in controversy between the parties; or
 - (iii) which, if the pursuer had been a person not otherwise subject to the jurisdiction of the court, might have been the subject-matter of an action against that pursuer in which jurisdiction would have arisen by reconvention.
 - (2) A counterclaim shall be made in the defences—
 - (a) when the defences are lodged or during the period for adjustment;
 - (b) by amendment at any other stage, with the leave of the sheriff and subject to such conditions, if any, as to expenses or otherwise as the sheriff thinks fit.
 - (3) Defences which include a counterclaim shall commence with a crave setting out the counterclaim in such form as, if the counterclaim had been made in a separate action, would have been appropriate in the initial writ in that separate action and shall include—
 - (a) answers to the condescendence of the initial writ as required by rule 9.6(2) (form of defences);
 - (b) a statement of facts in numbered paragraphs setting out the facts on which the counterclaim is founded, incorporating by reference, if necessary, any matter contained in the defences; and
 - (c) appropriate pleas-in-law.

Warrants for diligence on counterclaims

- 19.2. (1) A defender who makes a counterclaim may apply for a warrant for arrestment on the dependence which would have been permitted had the warrant been sought in an initial writ in a separate action.
 - (2) An application for a warrant under paragraph (1) shall be made—
 - (a) at the time of making the counterclaim, by inserting before the crave of the counterclaim the words "Warrant for arrestment on the dependence applied for."; or
 - (b) after the counterclaim has been made, for a precept of arrestment.
 - (3) An application for a warrant under paragraph (2)(a) may be granted by the sheriff clerk writing on the defences, defences as adjusted or minute of amendment, as the

case may be, the words "Warrant granted as craved." after the warrant sought, and adding his signature and the date below those words.

(4) A warrant granted under paragraph (3) shall have the same effect as if the warrant had been in an initial writ.

Effect of abandonment of cause

- 19.3. (1) The right of a pursuer to abandon a cause under rule 23.1 shall not be affected by a counterclaim; and any expenses for which the pursuer is found liable as a condition of, or in consequence of, such abandonment shall not include the expenses of the counterclaim.
 - (2) Notwithstanding abandonment by the pursuer, a defender may insist in his counterclaim; and the proceedings in the counterclaim shall continue in dependence as if the counterclaim were a separate action.

Disposal of counterclaims

- 19.4. The sheriff may—
 - (a) deal with a counterclaim as if it had been stated in a separate action;
 - (b) regulate the procedure in relation to the counterclaim as he thinks fit; and
 - (c) grant decree for the counterclaim in whole or in part or for the difference between it and the sum sued for by the pursuer.

CHAPTER 20

THIRD PARTY PROCEDURE

Applications for third party notice

- 20.1. (1) Where, in an action, a defender claims that—
 - (a) he has in respect of the subject-matter of the action a right of contribution, relief or indemnity against any person who is not a party to the action, or
 - (b) a person whom the pursuer is not bound to call as a defender should be made a party to the action along with the defender in respect that such person is—
 - (i) solely liable, or jointly or jointly and severally liable with the defender, to the pursuer in respect of the subject-matter of the action, or
 - (ii) liable to the defender in respect of a claim arising from or in connection with the liability, if any, of the defender to the pursuer,

he may apply by motion for an order for service of a third party notice on that other person in Form O10 for the purpose of convening that other person as a third party to the action.

- (2) Where—
 - (a) a pursuer against whom a counterclaim has been made, or
 - (b) a third party convened in the action,

seeks, in relation to the claim against him, to make against a person who is not a party, a claim mentioned in paragraph (1) as a claim which could be made by a defender against a third party, he shall apply by motion for an order for service of a third party

notice in Form O10 in the same manner as a defender under that paragraph; and rules 20.2 to 20.7 shall, with the necessary modifications, apply to such a claim as they apply in relation to such a claim by a defender.

Averments where order for service of third party notice sought

- 20.2. (1) Where a defender intends to apply by motion for an order for service of a third party notice before the closing of the record, he shall, before lodging the motion, set out in his defences, by adjustment to those defences, or in a separate statement of facts annexed to those defences—
 - (a) averments setting out the grounds on which he maintains that the proposed third party is liable to him by contribution, relief or indemnity or should be made a party to the action; and
 - (b) appropriate pleas-in-law.
 - (2) Where a defender applies by motion for an order for service of a third party notice after the closing of the record, he shall, on lodging the motion, lodge a minute of amendment containing—
 - (a) averments setting out the grounds on which he maintains that the proposed third party is liable to him by contribution, relief or indemnity or should be made a party to the action, and
 - (b) appropriate pleas-in-law,

unless those grounds and pleas-in-law have been set out in the defences in the closed record.

(3) A motion for an order for service of a third party notice shall be lodged before the commencement of the hearing of the merits of the cause.

Warrants for diligence on third party notice

- 20.3. (1) A defender who applies for an order for service of a third party notice may apply for a warrant for arrestment to found jurisdiction or for arrestment on the dependence which would have been permitted had the warrant been sought in an initial writ in a separate action.
 - (2) Averments in support of the application for such a warrant shall be included in the defences or the separate statement of facts referred to in rule 20.2(1).
 - (3) An application for a warrant under paragraph (1) shall be made by motion—
 - (a) at the time of applying for the third party notice; or
 - (b) if not applied for at that time, at any stage of the cause thereafter.
 - (4) A certified copy of the interlocutor granting warrant for diligence applied for under paragraph (2) shall be sufficient authority for execution of the diligence.

Service on third party

- 20.4. (1) A third party notice shall be served on the third party within 14 days after the date of the interlocutor allowing service of that notice.
 - (2) Where service of a third party notice has not been made within the period specified in paragraph (1), the order for service of it shall cease to have effect; and no service of the notice may be made unless a further order for service of it has been applied for and granted.

- (3) There shall be served with a third party notice a copy of the pleadings (including any adjustments and amendments).
- (4) A copy of the third party notice, with a certificate of service attached to it, shall be lodged in process by the defender.

Answers to third party notice

- 20.5. (1) An order for service of a third party notice shall specify 28 days, or such other period as the sheriff on cause shown may specify, as the period within which the third party may lodge answers.
 - (2) Answers for a third party shall be headed "Answers for [E.F.], Third Party in the action at the instance of [A.B.], Pursuer against [C.D.], Defender" and shall include—
 - (a) answers to the averments of the defender against him in the form of numbered paragraphs corresponding to the numbered articles of the condescendence in the initial writ and incorporating, if the third party so wishes, answers to the averments of the pursuer; or
 - (b) where a separate statement of facts has been lodged by the defender under rules 20.2(1), answers to the statement of facts in the form of numbered paragraphs corresponding to the numbered paragraphs of the statement of facts; and
 - (c) appropriate pleas-in-law.

Procedure following answers

- 20.6 (1) Where a third party lodges answer, the sheriff clerk shall fix a date and time under rule 9.2 for a hearing under rule 9.12 (Options Hearing) as if the third party had lodged a notice of intention to defend and the period of notice had expired on the date for lodging answers.
 - (2) At the Options Hearing, or at any time thereafter, the sheriff may grant such decree or other order as he thinks fit.
 - (3) A decree or other order against the third party shall have effect and be extractable in the same way as a decree or other order against a defender.

CHAPTER 21

DOCUMENTS FOUNDED ON OR ADOPTED IN PLEADINGS

Lodging documents founded on or adopted

- 21.1. (1) Subject to any other provision in these Rules, any document founded on by a party, or adopted as incorporated, in his pleadings shall, so far as in his possession or within his control, be lodged in process as a production by him—
 - (a) when founded on or adopted in an initial writ, at the time of returning the initial writ under rule 9.3;
 - (b) when founded on or adopted in a minute, defences, counterclaim or answers, at the time of lodging that part of process; and

- (c) when founded on or adopted in an adjustment to any pleadings, at the time when such adjustment is intimated to any other party.
- (2) Paragraph (1) shall be without prejudice to any power of the sheriff to order the production of any document or grant a commission and diligence for recovery of it.

Consequences of failure to lodge documents founded on or adopted

21.2. Where a party fails to lodge a document in accordance with rule 21.1(1), he may be found liable in the expenses of any order for production or recovery of it obtained by any other party.

Objection to documents founded on

- 21.3. (1) Where a deed or writing is founded on by a party, any objection to it by any other party may be stated and maintained by exception without its being reduced.
 - (2) Where an objection is stated under paragraph (1) and an action of reduction would otherwise have been competent, the sheriff may order the party stating the objection to find caution or give such other security as the sheriff thinks fit.

CHAPTER 22

PRELIMINARY PLEAS

Note of basis of preliminary plea

- 22.1. (1) A party intending to insist on a preliminary plea shall, not later than 3 days before the Options Hearing under rule 9.12 or the Procedural Hearing under rule 10.6—
 - (a) lodge in process a note of the basis for the plea; and
 - (b) intimate a copy of it to every other party.
 - (2) If a party fails to comply with paragraph (1), he shall be deemed to be no longer insisting on the preliminary plea; and the plea shall be repelled by the sheriff at the Options Hearing or Procedural Hearing.
 - (3) At any proof before answer or debate, parties may raise matters in addition to those set out in the note mentioned in paragraph (1).

CHAPTER 23

ABANDONMENT

Abandonment of causes

- 23.1. (1) A pursuer may abandon a cause at any time before decree of absolvitor or dismissal by lodging a minute of abandonment and—
 - (a) consenting to decree of absolvitor; or
 - (b) seeking decree of dismissal.

- (2) The sheriff shall not grant decree of dismissal under paragraph (1)(b) unless full judicial expenses have been paid to the defender, and any third party against whom he has directed any crave, within 28 days after the date of taxation.
- (3) If the pursuer fails to pay the expenses referred to in paragraph (2) to the party to whom they are due within the period specified in that paragraph, that party shall be entitled to decree of absolvitor with expenses.

Application of abandonment to counterclaims

23.2. Rule 23.1 shall, with the necessary modifications, apply to the abandonment by a defender of his counterclaim as it applies to the abandonment of a cause.

CHAPTER 24

WITHDRAWAL OF SOLICITORS

Intimation of withdrawal to court

- 24.1. (1) Where a solicitor withdraws from acting on behalf of a party, he shall intimate his withdrawal by letter to the sheriff clerk and to every other party.
 - (2) The sheriff clerk shall lodge such letter in process.

Intimation to party whose solicitor has withdrawn

- 24.2. (1) The sheriff shall, of his own motion, or on the motion of any other party, pronounce an interlocutor ordaining the party whose solicitor has withdrawn from acting to appear or be represented at a specified diet fixed by the sheriff to state whether or not he intends to proceed, under certification that if he fails to do so the sheriff may grant decree or make such other order or finding as he thinks fit.
 - (2) The diet fixed in the interlocutor under paragraph (1) shall not be less than 14 days after the date of the interlocutor unless the sheriff otherwise orders.
 - (3) The party who has lodged the motion under paragraph (1), or any other party appointed by the sheriff, shall forthwith serve on the party whose solicitor has withdrawn a copy of the interlocutor and a notice in Form G10; and a certificate of service shall be lodged in process.

Consequences of failure to intimate intention to proceed

24.3. Where a party on whom a notice and interlocutor has been served under rule 24.2(2) fails to appear or be represented at a diet fixed under rule 24.2(1) and to state his intention as required by that paragraph, the sheriff may grant decree or make such other order or finding as he thinks fit.

CHAPTER 25

WITHDRAWAL OF SOLICITORS

Minutes of sist

Where a party dies or comes under legal incapacity while a cause is depending, any person claiming to represent that party or his estate may apply by minute to be sisted as a party to the cause.

Minutes of transference

- 25.2. (1) Where a party dies or comes under legal incapacity while a cause is depending and the provisions of rule 25.1 are not invoked, any other party may apply by minute to have the cause transferred in favour of or against, as the case may be, any person who represents that party or his estate.
 - (2) The party intimating a minute of transference on a person referred to in paragraph (1) of this rule in accordance with rule 15.2 by virtue of rule 14.3 (5) (intimation of minutes) shall at the same time intimate a copy of the pleadings (including any adjustments and amendments) to that person.

CHAPTER 26

TRANSFER AND REMIT OF CAUSES

Transfer to another sheriff court

- 26.1. (1) The sheriff may, on cause shown, remit any cause to another sheriff court.
 - (2) Subject to paragraph (4), where a cause in which there are two or more defenders has been brought in the sheriff court of the residence or place of business of one of them, the sheriff may transfer the cause to any other sheriff court which has jurisdiction over any of the defenders.
 - (3) Subject to pargagraph (4), where a plea of no jurisdiction is sustained, the sheriff may transfer the cause to the sheriff court before which it appears to him the cause ought to have been brought.
 - (4) The sheriff shall not transfer a cause to another sheriff court under paragraph (2) or (3) except—
 - (a) on the motion of a party; and
 - (b) where he considers it expedient to do so having regard to the convenience of the parties and their witnesses.
 - (5) On making an order under paragraph (1), (2) or (3), the sheriff—
 - (a) shall state his reasons for doing so in the interlocutor; and
 - (b) may make the order on such conditions as to expenses or otherwise as he thinks fit
 - (6) The court to which a cause is transferred under paragraph (1), (2) or (3) shall accept the cause.

- (7) A transferred cause shall proceed in all respects as if it had been originally brought in the court to which it is transferred.
- (8) An interlocutor transferring a cause may, with leave of the sheriff, be appealed to the sheriff principal but shall not be subject to appeal to the Court of Session.

Remit to Court of Session

- 26.2. (1) The sheriff clerk shall, within four days after the sheriff has pronounced an interlocutor remitting a cause to the Court of Session, transmit the process to the Deputy Principal Clerk of Session.
 - (2) The sheriff clerk shall, within the period specified in paragraph (1), send written notice of the remit to each party and certify on the interlocutor sheet that he has done so.
 - (3) Failure by a sheriff clerk to comply with paragraph (2) shall not affect the validity of a remit made under paragraph (1).

Remit from Court of Session

- 26.3. On receipt of the process in an action which has been remitted from the Court of Session under section 14 of the M8Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Act 1985, the sheriff clerk shall—
 - (a) record the date of receipt on the interlocutor sheet;
 - (b) fix a hearing to determine further procedure on the first suitable court day occurring not earlier than 14 days after the date of receipt of the process; and
 - (c) forthwith send written notice of the date of the hearing fixed under subparagraph (b) to each party.

Marginal Citations

M8 1985 c.73.

CHAPTER 27

CAUTION AND SECURITY

Application of this Chapter

- 27.1. This Chapter applies to—
 - (a) any cause in which the sheriff has power to order a person to find caution or give other security; and
 - (b) security for expenses ordered to be given by the election court or the sheriff under section 136(2)(i) of the M9Representation of the People Act 1983 in an election petition.

Marginal Citations

M9 1983 c.2; section 136 was amended by the Representation of the People Act 1985 (c.50), Schedule 4, paragraph 48.

Form of applications

- 27.2. (1) An application for an order for caution or other security, or for variation or recall of such an order, shall be made by motion.
 - (2) The grounds on which such an application is made shall be set out in the motion.

Orders

Subject to section 726(2) of the M10Companies Act 1985 (expenses by certain limited companies), an order to find caution or give other security shall specify the period within which such caution is to be found or such security given.

Marginal Citations

M10 1985 c.6.

Methods of finding caution or giving security

- 27.4. (1) A person ordered—
 - (a) to find caution, shall do so by obtaining a bond of caution; or
 - (b) to consign a sum of money into court, shall do so by consignation under the MII Sheriff Court Consignations (Scotland) Act 1893 in the name of the sheriff clerk.
 - (2) The sheriff may approve a method of security other than one mentioned in paragraph (1), including a combination of two or more methods of security.
 - (3) Subject to paragraph (4), any document by which an order to find caution or give other security is satisfied shall be lodged in process.
 - (4) Where the sheriff approves a security in the form of a deposit of a sum of money in the joint names of the agents of parties, a copy of the deposit receipt, and not the principal, shall be lodged in process.
 - (5) Any document lodged in process, by which an order to find caution or give other security is satisifed, shall not be borrowed from process.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C1 Rule 27.4 applied (with modifications) (1.1.1994) by S.I. 1993/3128, para. 3(2).

Marginal Citations

M11 1893 c.44.

Cautioners and quarantors

27.5. A bond of caution or other security obtained from an insurance company shall be given only by a company authorised under section 3 or 4 of the Insurance Companies Act 1982 F19 to carry on insurance business of class 15(b) in Schedule 2 to that Act.

Textual Amendments

F19 1982 c.50.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C2 Rule 27.5 applied (with modifications) (1.1.1994) by S.I. 1993/3128, para. 3(2).

Forms of bonds of caution and other securities

- 27.6. (1) A bond of caution shall oblige the cautioner, his heirs and executors to make payment of the sums for which he has become cautioner to the party to whom he is bound, as validity and in the same manner as the party and his heirs and successors, for whom he is cautioner, are obliged.
 - (2) A bond of caution or other security document given by an insurance company shall state whether the company is authorised under section 3 or 4 of the Insurance Companies Act 1982 to carry on insurance business of class 15(b) in Schedule 2 to that Act.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C3 Rule 27.6 applied (with modifications) (1.1.1994) by S.I. 1993/3128, para. 3(2).

Sufficiency of caution or security and objections

- 27.7. (1) The sheriff clerk shall satisfy himself that any bond of caution, or other document lodged in process under rule 27.4(3), is in proper form.
 - (2) A party who is dissatisified with the sufficiency or form of the caution or other security offered in obedience to an order of the court may apply by motion for an order under rule 27.9 (failure to find caution or give security).

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C4 Rule 27.7 applied (with modifications) (1.1.1994) by S.I. 1993/3128, para. 3(2).

Insolvency or death of cautioner or guarantor

- 27.8. Where caution has been found by bond of caution or security has been given by guarantee and the cautioner or guarantor, as the case may be—
 - (a) becomes apparently insolvent within the meaning assigned by section 7 of the M12Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act 1985(constitution of apparent insolvency),
 - (b) calls a meeting of his creditors to consider the state of his affairs,

- (c) dies unrepresented, or
- (d) is a company and—
 - (i) an administration or winding up order has been made, or a resolution for a voluntary winding up has been passed, with respect to it,
 - (ii) a receiver of all or any part of its undertaking has been appointed, or
 - (iii) a voluntary arrangement (within the meaning assigned by section 1(1) of the MI3 Insolvency Act 1986) has been approved under Part I of that Act,

the party entitled to benefit from the caution or guarantee may apply by motion for a new security or further security to be given.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C5 Rule 27.8 applied (with modifications) (1.1.1994) by S.I. 1993/3128, para. 3(2).

Marginal Citations

M12 1985 c.66.

M13 1986 c.65.

Failure to find caution or give security

- Where a party fails to find caution or give other security (in this rule referred to as "the party in default"), any other party may apply by motion—
 - (a) where the party in default is a pursuer, for decree of absolvitor; or
 - (b) where the party in default is a defender or a third party, for decree by default or for such other finding or order as the sheriff thinks fit.

CHAPTER 28

RECOVERY OF EVIDENCE

Application and interpretation of this Chapter

- 28.1. (1) This Chapter applies to the recovery of any evidence in a cause depending before the sheriff.
 - (2) In this Chapter, "the Act of 1972" means the M14Administration of Justice (Scotland) Act 1972.

Marginal Citations

M14 1972 c.59.

Applications for commission and diligence for recovery of documents or for orders under section 1 of the Act of 1972

28.2. (1) An application by a party for—

- (a) a commission and diligence for the recovery of a document, or
- (b) an order under section 1 of the Act of 1972 F20,

shall be made by motion.

- (2) At the time of lodging a motion under paragraph (1), a specification of—
 - (a) the document or other property sought to be inspected, photographed, preserved, taken into custody, detained, produced, recovered, sampled or experimented on or with, as the case may be, or
 - (b) the matter in respect of which information is sought as to the identity of a person who might be a witness or a defender,

shall be lodged in process.

- (3) A copy of the specification lodged under paragraph (2) and intimation of the motion made under paragraph (1) shall be sent by the applicant to every other party, any third party haver and, where necessary, the Lord Advocate.
- (4) Where the sheriff grants a motion made under paragraph (1) in whole or in part, he may order the applicant to find such caution or give such other security as he thinks fit.
- (5) The Lord Advocate may appear at the hearing of any motion under paragraph (1).

Textual Amendments

F20 Section 1 of the Administration of Justice (Scotland) Act 1972 was amended by the Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Act 1985 (c.73), **section 19** and Schedule 2, paragraph 15.

Optional procedure before executing commission and diligence

- 28.3. (1) The party who has obtained a commission and diligence for the recovery of a document on an application made under rule 28.2(1)(a), may at any time before executing it against a haver, serve on the haver an order in Form G11 (in this rule referred to as "the order"); and if so, the provisions of this rule shall apply.
 - (2) The order shall be served on the haver or his known solicitor and shall be complied with by the haver in the manner and within the period specified in the order.
 - (3) Not later than the day after the date on which the order, a certificate in Form G12 and any document is received by the sheriff clerk from a haver, he shall intimate that fact to each party.
 - (4) No party, other than the party who served the order, may uplift such a document until after the expiry of 7 days after the date of intimation under paragraph (3).
 - (5) Where the party who served the order fails to uplift such a document within 7 days after the date of intimation under paragraph (3), the sheriff clerk shall intimate that failure to every other party.
 - (6) Where no party has uplifted such a document within 14 days after the date of intimation under paragraph (5), the sheriff clerk shall return it to the haver who delivered it to him.
 - (7) Where a party who has uplifted such a document does not wish to lodge it, he shall return it to the sheriff clerk who shall—

- (a) intimate the return of the document to every other party; and
- (b) if no other party uplifts the document within 14 days after the date of intimation, return it to the haver.
- (8) If the party who served the order is not satisfied—
 - (a) that full compliance has been made with the order, or
 - (b) that adequate reasons for non-compliance have been given,

he may execute the commission and diligence under rule 28.4.

- (9) Where an extract from a book of any description (whether the extract is certified or not) is produced under the order, the sheriff may, on the motion of the party who served the order, direct that that party shall be allowed to inspect the book and take copies of any entries falling within the specification.
- (10) Where any question of confidentiality arises in relation to a book directed to be inspected under paragraph (9), the inspection shall be made, and any copies shall be taken, at the sight of the commissioner appointed in the interlocutor granting the commission and diligence.
- (11) The sheriff may, on cause shown, order the production of any book (not being a banker's book or book of public record) containing entries falling under a specification, notwithstanding the production of a certified extract.

Execution of commission and diligence for recovery of documents

- 28.4. (1) The party who seeks to execute a commission and diligence for recovery of a document obtained on an application made under rule 28.2(1)(a) shall—
 - (a) provide the commissioner with a copy of the specification, a copy of the pleadings (including any adjustments and amendments) and a certified copy of the interlocutor of his appointment; and
 - (b) instruct the clerk and any shorthand writer considered necessary by the commissioner or any party; and
 - (c) be responsible for the fees of the commissioner and his clerk, and of any shorthand writer.
 - (2) The commissioner shall, in consultation with the parties, fix a diet for the execution of the commission.
 - (3) The interlocutor granting such a commission and diligence shall be sufficient authority for citing a haver to appear before the commissioner.
 - (4) A citation in Form G13 shall be served on the haver with a copy of the specification and, where necessary for a proper understanding of the specification, a copy of the pleadings (including any adjustments and amendments).
 - (5) The parties and the haver shall be entitled to be represented by a solicitor or person having a right of audience before the sheriff at the execution of the commission.
 - (6) At the commission, the commissioner shall—
 - (a) administer the oath de fideli administratione to any shorthand writer appointed for the commission; and
 - (b) administer to the haver the oath in Form G14, or, where the haver elects to affirm, the affirmation in Form G15.

- (7) The report of the execution of the commission and diligence, any document recovered and an inventory of that document, shall be sent by the commissioner to the sheriff clerk.
- (8) Not later than the day after the date on which such a report, document and inventory, if any, are received by the sheriff clerk, he shall intimate to the parties that he has received them.
- (9) No party, other than the party who served the order, may uplift such a document until after the expiry of 7 days after the date of intimation under paragraph (8).
- (10) Where the party who served the order fails to uplift such a document within 7 days after the date of intimation under paragraph (8), the sheriff clerk shall intimate that failure to every other party.
- (11) Where no party has uplifted such a document within 14 days after the date of intimation under paragraph (10), the sheriff clerk shall return it to the haver.
- (12) Where a party who has uplifted such a document does not wish to lodge it, he shall return it to the sheriff clerk who shall—
 - (a) intimate the return of the document to every other party; and
 - (b) if no other party uplifts the document within 14 days of the date of intimation, return it to the haver.

Execution of orders for production or recovery of documents or other property under section 1(1) of the Act of 1972

- 28.5. (1) An order under section 1(1) of the Act of 1972 for the production or recovery of a document or other property shall grant a commission and diligence for the production or recovery of that document or other property.
 - (2) Rules 28.3 (optional procedure before executing commission and diligence) and 28.4 (execution of commission and diligence for recovery of documents) shall apply to an order to which paragraph (1) applies as they apply to a commission and diligence for the recovery of a document.

Execution of orders for inspection etc. of documents or other property under section 1(1) of the Act of 1972

- 28.6. (1) An order under section 1(1) of the Act of 1972 for the inspection or photographing of a document or other property, the taking of samples or the carrying out of any experiment thereon or therewith, shall authorise and appoint a specified person to photograph, inspect, take samples of, or carry out any experiment on or with any such document or other property, as the case may be, subject to such conditions, if any, as the sheriff thinks fit.
 - (2) A certified copy of the interlocutor granting such an order shall be sufficient authority for the person specified to execute the order.
 - (3) When such an order is executed, the party who obtained the order shall serve on the haver a copy of the interlocutor granting it, a copy of the specification and, where necessary for a proper understanding of the specification, a copy of the pleadings (including any adjustments and amendments).

Execution of orders for preservation etc. of documents or other property under section 1(1) of the Act of 1972

- 28.7. (1) An order under section 1(1) of the Act of 1972 for the preservation, custody and detention of a document or other property, other than in the hands of a haver, shall grant a commission and diligence for the detention and custody of that document or other property.
 - (2) The party who has obtained an order under paragraph (1) shall—
 - (a) provide the commissioner with a copy of the specification, a copy of the pleadings (including any adjustments and amendments) and a certified copy of the interlocutor of his appointment;
 - (b) be responsible for the fees of the commissioner and his clerk; and
 - (c) serve a copy of the order on the haver.
 - (3) The report of the execution of the commission and diligence, any document or other property taken by the commissioner and an inventory of such property, shall be sent by the commissioner to the sheriff clerk for the further order of the sheriff.

Confidentiality

- 28.8. (1) Where confidentiality is claimed for any evidence sought to be recovered under any of the following rules, such evidence shall be enclosed in a sealed packet:—
 - (28) (optional procedure before executing commission and diligence),
 - (28) (execution of commission and diligence for recovery of documents),
 - (28) (execution of orders for production or recovery of documents or other property under section 1(1) of the Act of 1972),
 - (28) (execution of orders for preservation etc. of documents or other property under section 1(1) of the Act of 1972).
 - (2) A motion to have such a sealed packet opened up may be lodged by—
 - (a) the party who obtained the commission and diligence; or
 - (b) any other party after the date of intimation by the sheriff clerk under rule 28.3(5) or 28.4(10) (intimation of failure to uplift documents).
 - (3) In addition to complying with rule 15.2 (intimation of motions), the party lodging such a motion shall intimate the terms of the motion to the haver by post by the first class recorded delivery service.
 - (4) The person claiming confidentiality may oppose a motion made under paragraph (2).

Warrants for production of original documents from public records

- 28.9. (1) Where a party seeks to obtain from the keeper of any public record production of the original of any register or deed in his custody for the purposes of a cause, he shall apply to the sheriff by motion.
 - (2) Intimation of a motion under paragraph (1) shall be given to the keeper of the public record concerned at least 7 days before the motion is lodged.
 - (3) In relation to a public record kept by the Keeper of the Registers of Scotland or the Keeper of the Records of Scotland, where it appears to the sheriff that it is

necessary for the ends of justice that a motion under this rule should be granted, he shall pronounce an interlocutor containing a certificate to that effect; and the party applying for production may apply by letter (enclosing a copy of the interlocutor duly certified by the sheriff clerk), addressed to the Deputy Principal Clerk of Session, for an order from the Court of Session authorising the Keeper of the Registers or the Keeper of the Records, as the case may be, to exhibit the original of any register or deed to the sheriff.

- (4) The Deputy Principal Clerk of Session shall submit the application sent to him under paragraph (3) to the Lord Ordinary in chambers who, if satisfied, shall grant a warrant for production or exhibition of the original register or deed sought.
- (5) A certified copy of the warrant granted under paragraph (4) shall be served on the keeper of the public record concerned.
- (6) The expense of the production or exhibition of such an original register or deed shall be met, in the first instance, by the party who applied by motion under paragraph (1).

Commissions for examination of witnesses

- 28.10.(1) This rule applies to a commission—
 - (a) to take the evidence of a witness who—
 - (i) is resident beyond the jurisdiction of the court;
 - (ii) although resident within the jurisdiction of the court, resides at some place remote from that court; or
 - (iii) by reason of age, infirmity or sickness, is unable to attend the diet of proof; or
 - (b) in respect of the evidence of a witness which is in danger of being lost, to take the evidence to lie in retentis.
 - (2) An application by a party for a commission to examine a witness shall be made by motion; and that party shall specify in the motion the name and address of at least one proposed commissioner for approval and appointment by the sheriff.
 - (3) The interlocutor granting such a commission shall be sufficient authority for citing the witness to appear before the commissioner.
 - (4) At the commission, the commissioner shall—
 - (a) administer the oath de fideli administratione to any shorthand writer appointed for the commis sion; and
 - (b) administer to the witness the oath in Form G14, or where the witness elects to affirm, the affirmation in Form G15.
 - (5) Where a commission is granted for the examination of a witness, the commission shall proceed without interrogatories unless, on cause shown, the sheriff otherwise directs.

Commissions on interrogatories

- 28.11. (1) Where interrogatories have not been dispensed with, the party who obtained the commis sion to examine a witness under rule 28.10 shall lodge draft interrogatories in process.
 - (2) Any other party may lodge cross-interrogatories.

- (3) The interrogatories and any cross-interrogatories, when adjusted, shall be extended and returned to the sheriff clerk for approval and the settlement of any dispute as to their contents by the sheriff.
- (4) The party who has obtained the commission shall—
 - (a) provide the commissioner with a copy of the pleadings (including any adjustments and amend ments), the approved interrogatories and any cross-interrogatories and a certified copy of the interlocutor of his appointment;
 - (b) instruct the clerk; and
 - (c) be responsible, in the first instance, for the fee of the commissioner and his clerk
- (5) The commissioner shall, in consultation with the parties, fix a diet for the execution of the commission to examine the witness.
- (6) The executed interrogatories, any document produced by the witness and an inventory of that document, shall be sent by the commissioner to the sheriff clerk.
- (7) Not later than the day after the date on which the executed interrogatories, any document and an inventory of that document, are received by the sheriff clerk, he shall intimate to each party that he has received them.
- (8) The party who obtained the commission to examine the witness shall lodge in process—
 - (a) the report of the commission; and
 - (b) the executed interrogatories and any cross-interrogatories.

Commissions without interrogatories

- 28.12.(1) Where interrogatories have been dispensed with, the party who has obtained a commis sion to examine a witness under rule 28.10 shall—
 - (a) provide the commissioner with a copy of the pleadings (including any adjustments and amend ments) and a certified copy of the interlocutor of his appointment;
 - (b) fix a diet for the execution of the commission in consultation with the commissioner and every other party;
 - (c) instruct the clerk and any shorthand writer; and
 - (d) be responsible for the fees of the commissioner, his clerk and any shorthand writer.
 - (2) All parties shall be entitled to be present and represented at the execution of the commission.
 - (3) The report of the execution of the commission, any document produced by the witness and an inventory of that document, shall be sent by the commissioner to the sheriff clerk.
 - (4) Not later than the day after the date on which such a report, any document and an inventory of that document are received by the sheriff clerk, he shall intimate to each party that he has received them.
 - (5) The party who obtained the commission to examine the witness shall lodge the report in process.

Evidence taken on commission

- 28.13.(1) Subject to the following paragraphs of this rule and to all questions of relevancy and admissibility, evidence taken on commission under rule 28.11 or 28.12 may be used as evidence at any proof of the cause.
 - (2) Any party may object to the use of such evidence at a proof; and the objection shall be determined by the sheriff.
 - (3) Such evidence shall not be used at a proof if the witness becomes available to attend the diet of proof.
 - (4) A party may use such evidence in accordance with the preceding paragraphs of this rule not withstanding that it was obtained at the instance of another party.

Letters of request

- 28.14.(1) This rule applies to an application for a letter of request to a court or tribunal outside Scotland to obtain evidence of the kind specified in paragraph (2), being evidence obtainable within the jurisdiction of that court or tribunal, for the purposes of a cause depending before the sheriff.
 - (2) An application to which paragraph (1) applies may be made in relation to a request—
 - (a) for the examination of a witness;
 - (b) for the inspection, photographing, preservation, custody, detention, production or recovery of, or the taking of samples of, or the carrying out of any experiment on or with, a document or other property, as the case may be.
 - (3) Such an application shall be made by minute in Form G16 together with a proposed letter of request in Form G17.
 - (4) It shall be a condition of granting a letter of request that any solicitor for the applicant shall become personally liable for the whole expenses which may become due and payable in respect of the letter of request to the court or tribunal obtaining the evidence and to any witness who may be examined for the purpose; and he shall consign into court such sum in respect of such expenses as the sheriff thinks fit.
 - (5) Unless the court or tribunal to which a letter of request is addressed is a court or tribunal in a country or territory—
 - (a) where English is an official language, or
 - (b) in relation to which the sheriff clerk certifies that no translation is required, then the applicant shall, before the issue of the letter of request, lodge in process a translation of that letter and any interrogatories and cross-interrogatories into the official language of that court or tribunal.
 - (6) The letter of request when issued, any interrogatories and cross-interrogatories adjusted as required by rule 28.11 and the translations (if any), shall be forwarded by the sheriff clerk to the Foreign and Commonwealth Office or to such person and in such manner as the sheriff may direct.

Citation of witnesses and havers

28.15. The following rules shall apply to the citation of a witness or haver to a commission under this Chapter as they apply to the citation of a witness for a proof:—
rule 29.7 (citation of witnesses), except paragraph (4),

rule 29.9 (second diligence against a witness), rule 29.10 (failure of witness to attend).

VALID FROM 18/08/2006

[F21CHAPTER 28A

PRE-PROOF HEARING

Textual Amendments

F21 Sch. 1 Chapter 28A inserted (18.8.2006) by Act of Sederunt (Ordinary Cause and Summary Application Rules) Amendment (Miscellaneous) 2006 (S.S.I. 2006/410), art. 2(6)

Pre-proof hearing

- 28A.1.(1) On the appointment of a cause to a proof or proof before answer or thereafter on the motion of any party or of his own motion, the sheriff may appoint the cause to a pre-proof hearing.
 - (2) It shall be the duty of the parties to provide the sheriff with sufficient information to enable him to conduct the hearing as provided for in this rule.
 - (3) At a pre-proof hearing the sheriff shall ascertain, so far as is reasonably practicable, whether the cause is likely to proceed to proof on the date fixed for that purpose and, in particular—
 - (a) the state of preparation of the parties; and
 - (b) the extent to which the parties have complied with their duties under rules 9A.2, 9A.3, 29.11 and 29.15 and any orders made by the sheriff under rules 9.12(3)(a) or (b) or 10.6(3)(a) or (b).
 - (4) At a pre-proof hearing the sheriff may-
 - (a) discharge the proof or proof before answer and fix a new date for such proof or proof before answer;
 - (b) adjourn the pre-proof hearing; or
 - (c) make such other order as he thinks fit to secure the expeditious progress of the cause.
 - (5) For the purposes of rules 16.2 (decrees where party in default), 33.37 (decree by default in family action) and 33A.37 (decree by default in civil partnership action), a pre-proof hearing shall be a diet in accordance with those rules.]

CHAPTER 29

PROOF

Reference to oath

- 29.1. (1) Where a party intends to refer any matter to the oath of his opponent he shall lodge a motion to that effect.
 - (2) If a party fails to appear at the diet for taking his deposition on the reference to his oath, the sheriff may hold him as confessed and grant decree accordingly.

Remit to person of skill

- 29.2. (1) The sheriff may, on a motion by any party or on a joint motion, remit to any person of skill, or other person, to report on any matter of fact.
 - (2) Where a remit under paragraph (1) is made by joint motion or of consent of all parties, the report of such person shall be final and conclusive with respect to the subject-matter of the remit.
 - (3) Where a remit under paragraph (1) is made—
 - (a) on the motion of one of the parties, the expenses of the remit shall, in the first instance, be met by that party; and
 - (b) on a joint motion or of consent of all parties, the expenses shall, in the first instance, be met by the parties equally, unless the sheriff otherwise orders.

Evidence generally

- 29.3. (1) A party may apply by motion for the evidence of a witness to be received by way of affidavit; and the sheriff, after considering the affidavit, may make such order as he thinks fit.
 - (2) A party may apply by motion for a specified statement or document to be admitted as evidence without calling as a witness the maker of the statement or document; and the sheriff, after considering the statement or document, may make such order on such conditions, if any, as he thinks fit.

Renouncing probation

- 29.4. (1) Where, on or at any time after, the closing of the record, the parties seek to renounce probation, they shall lodge in process a joint minute to that effect with or without a statement of admitted facts and any productions.
 - (2) On the lodging of a joint minute under paragraph (1), the sheriff may order a debate.

Orders for proof

Where proof is necessary in any cause, the sheriff shall fix a date for taking the proof and may limit the mode of proof.

Hearing parts of proof separately

29.6. (1) In action with pecuniary conclusions, the sheriff may—

- (a) of his own motion, or
- (b) on the motion of any party,

order that proof on liability or any specified issue be heard separately from proof on the question of the amount for which decree may be pronounced and determine the order in which the proofs shall be heard.

(2) The sheriff shall pronounce such interlocutor as he thinks fit at the conclusion of the first proof of any cause ordered to be heard in separate parts under paragraph (1).

Citation of witnesses

- 29.7. (1) A witness shall be cited for a proof—
 - (a) by registered post or the first class recorded delivery service by the solicitor for the party on whose behalf he is cited; or
 - (b) by a sheriff officer—
 - (i) personally;
 - (ii) by a citation being left with a resident at the person's dwelling place or an employee at his place of business;
 - (iii) by depositing it in that person's dwelling place or place of business;
 - (iv) by affixing it to the door of that person's dwelling place or place of business; or
 - (v) by registered post or the first class recorded delivery service.
 - (2) Where service is executed under paragraph (1)(b)(iii) or (iv), the sheriff officer shall, as soon as possible after such service, send, by ordinary post to the address at which he thinks it most likely that the person may be found, a letter containing a copy of the citation.
 - (3) A certified copy of the interlocutor allowing a proof shall be sufficient warrant to a sheriff officer to cite a witness on behalf of a party.
 - (4) A witness shall be cited on a period of notice of 7 days in Form G13 and the party citing the witness shall lodge a certificate of citation in Form G12.
 - (5) A solicitor who cites a witness shall be personally liable for his fees and expenses.
 - (6) In the event of a solicitor intimating to a witness that his citation is cancelled, the solicitor shall advise him that the cancellation is not to affect any other citation which he may have received from another party.

Citation of witnesses by party litigants

- 29.8. (1) Where a party to a cause is a party litigant, he shall—
 - (a) not later than 4 weeks before the diet of proof, apply to the sheriff by motion to fix caution in such sum as the sheriff considers reasonable having regard to the number of witnesses he proposes to cite and the period for which they may be required to attend court; and
 - (b) before instructing a sheriff officer to cite a witness, find caution for such expenses as can reasonably be anticipated to be incurred by the witness in answering the citation.

(2) A party litigant who does not intend to cite all the witnesses referred to in his application under paragraph (1)(a), may apply by motion for variation of the amount of caution.

Second diligence against a witness

- 29.9. (1) The sheriff may, on the motion of a party, grant a second diligence to compel the attendance of a witness under pain of arrest and imprisonment until caution can be found for his due attendance.
 - (2) The warrant for a second diligence shall be effective without endorsation and the expenses of such a motion and diligence may be decerned for against the witness.

Failure of witness to attend

- 29.10.(1) Where a witness fails to answer a citation after having been duly cited, the sheriff may, on the motion of a party and on production of a certificate of citation, grant warrant for the apprehension of the witness and for bringing him to court; and the expenses of such a motion and apprehension may be decerned for against the witness.
 - (2) Where a witness duly cited and after having demanded and been paid his travelling expenses fails to attend a diet, either before the sheriff or before a commissioner, the sheriff may—
 - (a) ordain the witness to forfeit and pay a penalty not exceeding £250 unless a reasonable excuse be offered and sustained; and
 - (b) grant decree for that penalty in favour of the party on whose behalf the witness was cited.

Lodging productions

- 29.11. (1) Where a proof has been allowed, all productions which are intended to be used at the proof shall be lodged in process not later than 14 days before the diet of proof.
 - (2) A production which is not lodged in accordance with paragraph (1) shall not be used or put in evidence at a proof unless—
 - (a) by consent of parties; or
 - (b) with leave of the sheriff on cause shown and on such conditions, if any, as to expenses or otherwise as the sheriff thinks fit.

Copy productions

- 29.12.(1) A copy of every production, marked with the appropriate number of process of the principal production, shall be lodged for the use of the sheriff at a proof not later than 48 hours before the diet of proof.
 - (2) Each copy production consisting of more than one sheet shall be securely fastened together by the party lodging it.

Returning borrowed parts of process and productions before proof

29.13. All parts of process and productions which have been borrowed shall be returned to process before 12.30 pm on the day preceding the diet of proof.

Notices to admit and notices of non-admission

- 29.14.(1) At any time after a proof has been allowed, a party may intimate to any other party a notice or notices calling on him to admit for the purposes of that cause only—
 - (a) such facts relating to an issue averred in the pleadings as may be specified in the notice;
 - (b) that a particular document lodged in process and specified in the notice is—
 - (i) an original and properly authenticated document; or
 - (ii) a true copy of an original and properly authenticated document.
 - (2) Where a party on whom a notice is intimated under paragraph (1)—
 - (a) does not admit a fact specified in the notice, or
 - (b) does not admit, or seeks to challenge, the authenticity of a document specified in the notice,

he shall, within 21 days after the date of intimation of the notice under paragraph (1), intimate a notice of non-admission to the party intimating the notice to him under paragraph (1) stating that he does not admit the fact or document specified.

- (3) A party who fails to intimate a notice of non-admission under paragraph (2) shall be deemed to have admitted the fact or document specified in the notice intimated to him under paragraph (1); and such fact or document may be used in evidence at a proof if otherwise admissible in evidence, unless the sheriff, on special cause shown, otherwise directs.
- (4) A party who fails to intimate a notice of non-admission under paragraph (2) within 14 days after the notice to admit intimated to him under paragraph (1) shall be liable to the party intimating the notice to admit for the expenses of proving the fact or document specified in that notice unless the sheriff, on special cause shown, otherwise directs.
- (5) The party serving a notice under paragraph (1) or (2) shall lodge a copy of it in process.
- (6) A deemed admission under paragraph (3) shall not be used against the party by whom it was deemed to be made other than in the cause for the purpose for which it was deemed to be made or in favour of any person other than the party by whom the notice was given under paragraph (1).

Instruction of shorthand writer

Where a shorthand writer is to record evidence at a proof, the responsibility for instructing a shorthand writer shall lie with the pursuer.

Administration of oath or affirmation to witnesses

29.16. The sheriff shall administer the oath to a witness in Form G14 or, where the witness elects to affirm, the affirmation in Form G15.

Proof to be taken continuously

29.17. A proof shall be taken continuously so far as possible; but the sheriff may adjourn the diet from time to time.

Recording of evidence

- 29.18. Evidence in a cause shall be recorded by—
 - (a) a shorthand writer, to whom the oath de fideli administratione in connection with the sheriff court service generally has been administered, or
 - (b) tape recording or other mechanical means approved by the court, unless the parties, by agreement and with the approval of the sheriff, dispense with the recording of evidence.
 - (2) Where a shorthand writer is employed to record evidence, he shall, in the first instance, be paid by the parties equally.
 - (3) Where evidence is recorded by tape recording or other mechanical means, any fee payable shall, in the first instance, be paid by the parties in equal proportions.
 - (4) The solicitors for the parties shall be personally liable for the fees payable under paragraph (2) or (3), and the sheriff may make an order directing payment to be made.
 - (5) The record of the evidence at a proof shall include—
 - (a) any objection taken to a question or to the line of evidence;
 - (b) any submission made in relation to such an objection; and
 - (c) the ruling of the court in relation to the objection and submission.
 - (6) A transcript of the record of the evidence shall be made only on the direction of the sheriff; and the cost shall, in the first instance, be borne—
 - (a) in an undefended cause, by the solicitor for the pursuer; and
 - (b) in a defended cause, by the solicitor for the parties in equal proportions.
 - (7) The transcript of the record of the evidence provided for the use of the court shall be certified as a faithful record of the evidence by—
 - (a) the shorthand writer who recorded the evidence; or
 - (b) where the evidence was recorded by tape recording or other mechanical means, by the persons who transcribed the record.
 - (8) The sheriff may make such alterations to the transcript of the record of the evidence as appear to him to be necessary after hearing the parties; and, where such alterations are made, the sheriff shall authenticate the alterations.
 - (9) Where a transcript of the record of the evidence has been made for the use of the sheriff, copies of it may be obtained by any party from the person who transcribed the record on payment of his fee.
 - (10) Except with leave of the sheriff, the transcript of the record of the evidence may be borrowed from process only for the purpose of enabling a party to consider whether to appeal against the interlocutor of the sheriff on the proof.
 - (11) Where a transcript of the record of the evidence is required for the purpose of an appeal but has not been directed to be transcribed under paragraph (6), the appellant—
 - (a) may request such a transcript from the shorthand writer or as the case may be, the cost of the transcript being borne by the solicitor for the appellant in the first instance; and
 - (b) shall lodge the transcript in process;

and copies of it may be obtained by any party from the shorthand writer or as the case may be, on payment of his fee.

- (12) Where the recording of evidence has been dispensed with under paragraph (1), the sheriff, if called upon to do so, shall—
 - (a) in the case of an objection to—
 - (i) the admissibility of evidence on the ground of confidentiality, or
 - (ii) the production of a document on any ground,
 - note the terms in writing of such objections and his decisions on the objection; and
 - (b) in the case of any other objection, record, in the note to his interlocutor disposing of the merits of the cause, the terms of the objection and his decision on the objection.
- (13) This rule shall, with the necessary modifications, apply to the recording of evidence at a commis sion as it applies to the recording of evidence at a proof.

Incidental appeal against rulings on confidentiality of evidence and production of documents

- 29.19.(1) Where a party or any other person objects to the admissibility of oral or documentary evidence on the ground of confidentiality or to the production of a document on any ground, he may, if dissatisfied with the ruling of the sheriff on the objection, express immediately his formal dissatisfaction with the ruling and, with leave of the sheriff, appeal to the sheriff principal.
 - (2) The sheriff principal shall dispose of an appeal under paragraph (1) with the least possible delay.
 - (3) Except as provided in paragraph (1), no appeal may be made during a proof against any decision of the sheriff as to the admissibility of evidence or the production of documents.
 - (4) The appeal referred to in paragraph (1) shall not remove the cause from the sheriff who may proceed with the cause in relation to any issue which is not dependent on the ruling appealed against.

Parties to be heard at close of proof

29.20. At the close of the proof, or at an adjourned diet if for any reason the sheriff has postponed the hearing, the sheriff shall hear parties on the evidence and thereafter shall pronounce judgment with the least possible delay.

CHAPTER 30

DECREES, EXTRACTS AND EXECUTION

Interpretation of this Chapter

30.1. In this Chapter, "decree" includes any judgment, deliverance, interlocutor, act, order, finding or authority which may be extracted.

Taxes on money under control of the court

- 30.2. (1) Subject to paragraph (2), in a cause in which money has been consigned into court under the M15 Sheriff Court Consignations (Scotland) Act 1893, no decree, warrant or order for payment to any person shall be granted until there has been lodged with the sheriff clerk a certificate by an authorised officer of the Inland Revenue stating that all taxes or duties payable to the Commissioners of Inland Revenue have been paid or satisfied.
 - (2) In an action of multiplepoinding, it shall not be necessary for the grant of a decree, warrant or order for payment under paragraph (1) that all of the taxes or duties payable on the estate of a deceased claimant have been paid or satisfied.

Marginal Citations M15 1893 c.44.

Decrees for payment in foreign currency

- 30.3. (1) Where decree has been granted for payment of a sum of money in a foreign currency or the sterling equivalent, a party requesting extract of the decree shall do so by minute endorsed on or annexed to the initial writ stating the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of the decree sought to be extracted or the date, or within 3 days before the date, on which the extract is ordered, and the sterling equivalent at that rate for the principal sum and interest decerned for.
 - (2) A certificate in Form G18, from the Bank of England or a bank which is an institution authorised under the M16 Banking Act 1987 certifying the rate of exchange and the sterling equivalent shall be lodged with the minute requesting extract of the decree.
 - (3) The extract decree issued by the sheriff clerk shall mention any certificate referred to in paragraph (2).

Marginal Citations M16 1987 c.22.

When decrees extractable

- 30.4. (1) Subject to the following paragraphs:—
 - (a) a decree in absence may be extracted after the expiry of 14 days from the date of decree;
 - (b) any decree pronounced in a defended cause may be extracted at any time after whichever is the later of the following:—
 - (i) the expiry of the period within which an application for leave to appeal may be made and no such application has been made;
 - (ii) the date on which leave to appeal has been refused and there is no right of appeal from such refusal;
 - (iii) the expiry of the period within which an appeal may be marked and no appeal has been marked; or
 - (iv) the date on which an appeal has been finally disposed of; and

- (c) where the sheriff has, in pronouncing decree, reserved any question of expenses, extract of that decree may be issued only after the expiry of 14 days from the date of the interlocutor disposing of the question of expenses unless the sheriff otherwise directs.
- (2) The sheriff may, on cause shown, grant a motion to allow extract to be applied for and issued earlier than a date referred to in paragraph (1).
- (3) In relation to a decree referred to in paragraph (1)(b) or (c), paragraph (2) shall not apply unless—
 - (a) the motion under that paragraph is made in the presence of parties; or
 - (b) the sheriff is satisfied that proper intimation of the motion has been made in writing to every party not present at the hearing of the motion.
- (4) Nothing in this rule shall affect the power of the sheriff to supersede extract.

Extract of certain awards notwithstanding appeal

30.5. The sheriff clerk may issue an extract of an award of custody, access or aliment notwithstanding that an appeal had been made against an interlocutor containing such an award unless an order under rule 31.5 (appeals in connection with custody, access or aliment) has been made excusing obedience to or implement of that interlocutor.

Form of extract decree

- 30.6. (1) The extract of a decree mentioned in Appendix 2 shall be in the appropriate form for that decree in Appendix 2.
 - (2) In the case of a decree not mentioned in Appendix 2, the extract of the decree shall be modelled on a form in that Appendix with such variation as circumstances may require.

Form of warrant for execution

3.7. An extract of a decree on which execution may proceed shall include a warrant for execution in the following terms:— "This extract is warrant for all lawful execution hereon.".

Date of decree in extract

- 30.8. (1) Where the sheriff principal has adhered to the decision of the sheriff following an appeal, the date to be inserted in the extract decree as the date of decree shall be the date of the decision of the sheriff principal.
 - (2) Where a decree has more than one date it shall not be necessary to specify in an extract what was done on each date.

Service of charge where address of defender not known

- 30.9. (1) Where the address of a defender is not known to the pursuer, a charge shall be deemed to have been served on the defender if it is—
 - (a) served on the sheriff clerk of the sheriff court district where the defender's last known address is located; and

- (b) displayed by the sheriff clerk on the walls of court for the period of the charge.
- (2) On receipt of such a charge, the sheriff clerk shall display it on the walls of court and it shall remain displayed for the period of the charge.
- (3) The period specified in the charge shall run from the first date on which it was displayed on the walls of court.
- (4) On the expiry of the period of charge, the sheriff clerk shall endorse a certificate on the charge certifying that it has been displayed in accordance with this rule and shall thereafter return it to the sheriff officer by whom service was executed.

CHAPTER 31

APPEALS

Time limit for appeal

31.1. Subject to the provisions of any other enactment, an interlocutor which may be appealed against may be appealed within 14 days after the date of the interlocutor unless it has been extracted following a motion under rule 30.4(2) (early extract).

Applications for leave to appeal

- 31.2. (1) Where leave to appeal is required, applications for leave to appeal against an interlocutor of a sheriff shall be made within 7 days after the date of the interlocutor against which it is sought to appeal unless the interlocutor has been extracted following a motion under rule 30.4(2) (early extract).
 - (2) Subject to the provisions of any other enactment, where leave to appeal has been granted, an appeal shall be made within 7 days after the date on which leave was granted.
 - (3) An application for leave to appeal from a decision in relation to a time to pay direction made under section 1 of the M17 Debtors (Scotland) Act 1987 or the recall or restriction of an arrestment made under section 3(4) of that Act shall specify the question of law on which the appeal is made.

Marginal Citations

M17 1987 c.18.

Form of appeal and notice to parties

- [31.3. (1) An appeal shall be marked by writing a note of appeal on the interlocutor sheet, or other written record containing the interlocutor appealed against, or on a separate sheet lodged with the sheriff clerk, in the following terms:— "The pursuer [or applicant, claimant, defender, respondent or other party, as the case may be] appeals to the sheriff principal [or the Court of Session].".
 - (2) A note of appeal shall be—

Status: Point in time view as at 01/08/1995. This version of this schedule contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time. Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to Sheriff Courts (Scotland) Act 1907. Any changes that have already been made by the

team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- signed by the appellant;
- bear the date on which it is signed; and (b)
- where the appeal is to the Court of Session and the appellant is represented. specify the name and address of the solicitor or other agent who will be acting for him in the appeal.
- (3) The sheriff clerk shall transmit the process of a cause within 4 days after the appeal is marked—
 - (a) in an appeal to the sheriff principal, to him;
 - in an appeal to the Court of Session, to the Deputy Principal Clerk of Session.
- (4) Within the period specified in paragraph (3), the sheriff clerk shall
 - send written notice of the appeal to every other party; and
 - certify on the interlocutor sheet that he has done so.
- (5) Failure of the sheriff clerk to comply with paragraph (4) shall not invalidate the appeal.]

I^{F22} Reclaiming petition or oral hearing ordered or dispensed with

In an appeal to him, the sheriff principal may— [F2331.4.

- order a reclaiming petition and answers;
- (b) hear parties orally; or
- on the motion of the parties, if he thinks fit, dispose of the appeal without (c) ordering either a reclaiming petition and answers or an oral hearing.

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Textual Amendments
 F22 Rule 31.4 inserted (1.11.1996) by S.I. 1996/2445, para. 3(43)(d)
 F23 Rule 31.4 omitted and replaced (1.11.1996) by virtue of S.I. 1996/2445, para. 3(43)(a)(d)
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I^{F24} Appeals in connection with custody, access or aliment]

Where an appeal is marked against an interlocutor containing an award of custody, [F2531.5. access or aliment, the marking of that appeal shall not excuse obedience to or implement of the award of custody, access or aliment unless by order of the sheriff, the sheriff principal or the Court of Session, as the case may be.]

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Textual Amendments
 F24 Rule 31.5 inserted (1.11.1996) by S.I. 1996/2445, para. 3(43)(d)
 F25 Rule 31.5 omitted and replaced (1.11.1996) by virtue of S.I. 1996/2445, para. 3(43)(a)(d)
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Interim possession etc. pending appeal

- 31.6. (1) Notwithstanding an appeal, the sheriff or sheriff principal from whose decision an appeal has been taken shall have power
 - to regulate all matters relating to interim possession;
 - (b) to make any order for the preservation of any property to which the action relates or for its sale if perishable;

- (c) to make provision for the preservation of evidence; or
- (d) to make any interim order which a due regard to the interests of the parties may require.
- (2) An order made under paragraph (1) may be reviewed—
 - (a) by the sheriff principal, on an appeal to him; or
 - (b) the Court of Session, on an appeal to it.

Abandonment of appeal

- 31.7. After an appeal to the sheriff principal has been marked, the appellant shall not be entitled to abandon his appeal unless—
 - (a) of consent of all other parties; or
 - (b) with leave of the sheriff principal.

CHAPTER 32

TAXATION OF EXPENSES

Taxation before decree for expenses

Expenses allowed in any cause, whether in absence or in foro contentioso, unless modified at a fixed amount, shall be taxed before decree is granted for them.

Decree for expenses in name of solicitor

32.2. The sheriff may allow a decree for expenses to be extracted in the name of the solicitor who conducted the cause.

Procedure for taxation

- 32.3. (1) Where an account of expenses awarded in a cause is lodged for taxation, the account and process shall be transmitted by the sheriff clerk to the auditor of court.
 - (2) The auditor of court shall—
 - (a) assign a diet of taxation not earlier than 7 days from the date he receives the account from the sheriff clerk; and
 - (b) intimate that diet forthwith to the party who lodged the account.
 - (3) The party who lodged the account of expenses shall, on receiving intimation from the auditor of court under paragraph (2)—
 - (a) send a copy of the account, and
 - (b) intimate the date, time and place of the diet of taxation,

to every other party.

- (4) After the account has been taxed, the auditor of court shall transmit the process with the account and his report to the sheriff clerk.
- (5) Where the auditor of court has reserved consideration of the account at the diet of taxation, he shall intimate his decision to the parties who attended the taxation.

(6) Where no objections are lodged under rule 32.4 (objections to auditor's report), the sheriff may grant decree for the expenses as taxed.

Objections to auditor's report

- 32.4. (1) A party may lodge a note of objections to an account as taxed only where he attended the diet of taxation.
 - (2) Such a note shall be lodged within 7 days after—
 - (a) the diet of taxation; or
 - (b) where the auditor of court reserved consideration of the account under paragraph (5) of rule 32.3, the date on which the auditor of court intimates his decision under that paragraph.
 - (3) The sheriff shall dispose of the objection in a summary manner, with or without answers.

VALID FROM 29/01/2007

[F26CHAPTER32A

LIVE LINKS

Textual Amendments

F26 Sch. 1 Chapter 32A inserted (29.1.2007) by Act of Sederunt (Ordinary Cause, Summary Application, Summary Cause and Small Claim Rules) Amendment (Miscellaneous) 2007 (S.S.I. 2007/6), para. 2(13)

- 32A.1.(1) On cause shown, a party may apply by motion for authority for the whole or part of-
 - (a) the evidence of a witness or the party to be given; or
 - (b) a submission to be made,

through a live link.

(2) In paragraph (1)–

"witness" means a person who has been or may be cited to appear before the court as a witness;

"submission" means any oral submission which would otherwise be made to the court by the party or his representative in person including an oral submission in support of a motion; and

"live link" means a live television link or such other arrangement as may be specified in the motion by which the witness, party or representative, as the case may be, is able to be seen and heard in the proceedings or heard in the proceedings and is able to see and hear or hear the proceedings while at a place which is outside the courtroom.]

SPECIAL PROVISIONS IN RELATION TO PARTICULAR CAUSES

CHAPTER 33

FAMILY ACTIONS

PART I GENERAL PROVISIONS

Intepretation of this Chapter

- 33.1. (1) In this Chapter, "family action" means—
 - (a) an action of divorce;
 - (b) an action of separation;
 - (c) an action of declarator of legitimacy;
 - (d) an action of declarator of illegitimacy;
 - (e) an action of declarator of parentage;
 - (f) an action of declarator of non-parentage;
 - (g) an action of declarator of legitimation;
 - (h) an action or application for any parental rights;
 - (i) an action of affiliation and aliment;
 - (j) an action of, or application for or in respect of, aliment;
 - (k) an action or application for financial provision after a divorce or annulment in an overseas country within the meaning of Part IV of the Martimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 F27;
 - (l) an action or application for an order under the Act of 1981;
 - (m) an application for the variation or recall of an order mentioned in section 8(1) of the Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Act 1966 F28.
 - (2) In this Chapter, unless the context otherwise requires—
 - "the Act of 1975" means the Children Act 1975 F29;
 - "the Act of 1976" means the Divorce (Scotland) Act 1976 F30;
 - "the Act of 1981" means the Matrimonial Homes (Family Protection) (Scotland) Act 1981 F31;
 - "the Act of 1985" means the Family Law (Scotland) Act 1985 F32;
 - "child" means a person under the age of 16 years;
 - "local authority" means a regional or islands council;
 - "mental disorder" means mental illness or mental handicap however cased or manifested;
 - "order for financial provision" means, except in Part VII of this Chapter (financial provision after overseas divorce or annulment), an order mentioned in section 8(1) of the Act of 1985;
 - "parental rights" has the meaning assigned in section 8 of the Law Reform (Parent and Child) (Scotland) Act 1986 F33.
 - (3) For the purposes of rules 33.2 (averments in actions of divorce or separation about other proceed ings) and 33.3 (averments where custody sought) and, in relation to

proceedings in another jurisdiction, Schedule 3 to the Domicile and Matrimonial Proceedings Act 1973 ^{F34} (sisting of consistorial actions in Scotland), proceedings are continuing at any time after they have commenced and before they are finally disposed of.

Textual Amendments

- F27 1984 c.42; Part IV was amended by the Family Law (Scotland) Act 1985 (c.37), Schedule 1, paragraphs 12 and 13.
- F28 1966 c.19; section 8(1) was amended by the Guardianship Act 1973 (c.29), Schedule 5, the Divorce (Scotland Act 1976 (c.39), Schedule 1, the Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 (c.42), Schedule 1, paragraph 7 and the Family Law (Scotland) Act 1985 (c.37), Schedule 1, paragraph 5.
- **F29** 1975 c.72.
- F30 1976 c.39.
- F31 1981 c.59.
- **F32** 1985 c.37.
- F33 1986 c.9.
- F34 1973 c.45; Schedule 3 was amended by the Divorce Jurisdiction, Court Fees and Legal Aid (Scotland) Act 1983 (c.12), Schedule 1, paragraphs 19 and 20.

Averments in actions of divorce or separation about other proceedings

- 33.2. (1) This rule applies to an action of divorce or separation.
 - (2) In an action to which this rule applies, the pursuer shall state in the condescendence of the initial writ—
 - (a) whether to his knowledge any proceedings are continuing in Scotland or in any other country in respect of the marriage to which the initial writ relates or are capable of affecting its validity or subsistence; and
 - (b) where such proceedings are continuing—
 - (i) the court, tribunal or authority before which the proceedings have been commenced;
 - (ii) the date of commencement;
 - (iii) the names of the parties;
 - (iv) the date, or expected date of any proof (or its equivalent) in the proceedings; and
 - (v) such other facts as may be relevant to the question of whether or not the action before the sheriff should be sisted under Schedule 3 to the Domicile and Matrimonial Proceedings Act 1973.
 - (3) Where—
 - (a) such proceedings are continuing;
 - (b) the action before the sheriff is defended; and
 - (c) either—
 - (i) the initial writ does not contain the statement referred to in paragraph (2)(a), or
 - (ii) the particulars mentioned in paragraph (2)(b) as set out in the initial writ are incomplete or incorrect,

any defences or minute, as the case may be, lodged by any person to the action shall include that statement and, where appropriate, the further or correct particulars mentioned in paragraph (2)(b).

Averments where custody sought

- 33.3. (1) A party to a family action, who makes an application in that action for a custody order (within the meaning assigned in section 1(1)(b) of the Family Law Act 1986

 F35 in respect of a child shall include in his pleadings—
 - (a) where that action is an action of divorce or separation, averments giving particulars of any other proceedings known to him, whether in Scotland or elsewhere and whether concluded or not, which relate to the child in respect of whom the custody order is sought;
 - (b) in any other family action—
 - (i) the averments mentioned in paragraph (a); and
 - (ii) averments giving particulars of any proceedings known to him which are continuing, whether in Scotland or elsewhere, and which relate to the marriage of the parents of that child.
 - (2) Where such other proceedings are continuing or have taken place and the averments of the applicant for such a custody order—
 - (a) do not contain particulars of the other proceedings, or
 - (b) contain particulars which are incomplete or incorrect,

any defences or minute, as the case may be, lodged by any person to the family action shall include such particulars or such further or correct particulars as are known to him.

(3) In paragraph 1(b)(ii), "child" includes a child of the family within the meaning assigned in section 42(4) of the Family Law Act 1986.

Textual Amendments

F35 1986 c.55.

Averments where identity or address of person not known

In a family action, where the identity or address of any person referred to in rule 33.7 as a person in respect of whom a warrant for intimation requires to be applied for is not known and cannot reasonably be ascertained, the party required to apply for the warrant shall include in his pleadings an averment of that fact and averments setting out what steps have been taken to ascertain the identity or address, as the case may be, of that person.

Averments about maintenance orders

In a family action in which an order for aliment or periodical allowance is sought, or is sought to be varied or recalled, by any party, the pleadings of that party shall contain an averment stating whether and, if so, when and by whom, a maintenance order (within the meaning of section 106 of the M18 Debtors (Scotland) Act 1987) has been granted in favour of or against that party or of any other person in respect of whom the order is sought.

Marginal Citations

M18 1987 c.18; section 106 was amended by the Child Support Act 1991 (c.48), Schedule 5, paragraph 8(7).

Averments where aliment or financial provision sought

33.6. (1) In this rule—

"the Act of 1991" means the M19 Child Support Act 1991;

"child" has the meaning assigned in section 55 of the Act of 1991;

"crave relating to aliment" means—

- (a) for the purposes of paragraph (2), a crave for decree of aliment in relation to a child or for recall or variation of such a decree; and
- (b) for the purposes of paragraph (3), a crave for decree of aliment in relation to a child or for recall or variation of such a decree or for the variation or termination of an agreement on aliment in relation to a child;

"maintenance assessment" has the meaning assigned in section 55 of the Act of 1991.

- (2) A family action containing a crave relating to aliment and to which section 8(6), (7), (8) or (10) of the Act of 1991 (top up maintenance orders) applies shall—
 - (a) include averments stating, where appropriate—
 - (i) that a maintenance assessment under section 11 of that Act (maintenance assessments) is in force;
 - (ii) the date of the maintenance assessment;
 - (iii) the amount and frequency of periodical payments of child support maintenance fixed by the maintenance assessment; and
 - (iv) the grounds on which the sheriff retains jurisdiction under section 8(6), (7), (8) or (10) of that Act; and
 - (b) unless the sheriff on cause shown otherwise directs, be accompanied by any document issued by the Secretary of State to the party intimating the making of the maintenance assessment referred to in sub-paragraph (a).
- (3) A family action containing a crave relating to aliment, and to which section 8(6), (7), (8) or (10) of the Act of 1991 does not apply, shall include averments stating—
 - (a) that the habitual residence of the absent parent, person with care or qualifying child, within the meaning of section 3 of that Act, is furth of the United Kingdom;
 - (b) that the child is not a child within the meaning of section 55 of that Act; or
 - (c) where the action is lodged for warranting before 7th April 1997, the grounds on which the sheriff retains jurisdiction.
- (4) In an action for declarator of non-parentage or illegitimacy—
 - (a) the initial writ shall include an article of condescendence stating whether the pursuer previously has been alleged to be the parent in an application for a maintenance assessment under section 4, 6 or 7 of the Act of 1991 (applications for maintenance assessment); and
 - (b) where an allegation of paternity has been made against the pursuer, the Secretary of State shall be named as a defender in the action.

- (5) A family action involving parties in respect of whom a decision has been made in any application, review or appeal under the Act of 1991 relating to any child of those parties, shall—
 - (a) include averments stating that such a decision has been made and giving details of that decision; and
 - (b) unless the sheriff on cause shown otherwise directs, be accompanied by any document issued by the Secretary of State to the parties intimating that decision.

Marginal Citations

M19 1991 c.48.

Warrants and forms for intimation

- 33.7. (1) In the initial writ in a family action, the pursuer shall include a crave for a warrant for intimation—
 - (a) in an action where the address of the defender is not known to the pursuer and cannot reasonably be ascertained, to—
 - (i) every child of the marriage between the parties who has reached the age of 16 years, and
 - (ii) one of the next-of-kin of the defender who has reached that age, unless the address of such a person is not known to the pursuer and cannot reasonably be ascertained, and a notice of intimation in Form F1 shall be attached to the copy of the initial writ intimated to any such person;
 - (b) in an action where the pursuer alleges that the defender has committed adultery with another person, to that person, unless—
 - (i) that person is not named in the initial writ and, if the adultery is relied on for the purposes of section 1(2)(a) of the Act of 1976 (irretrievable breakdown of marriage by reason of adultery), the initial writ contains an averment that his or her identity is not known to the pursuer and cannot reasonably be ascertained, or
 - (ii) the pursuer alleges that the defender has been guilty of rape upon or incest with, that named person,

and a notice of intimation in Form F2 shall be attached to the copy of the initial writ intimated to any such person;

- (c) in an action where the defender is a person who is suffering from a mental disorder, to—
 - (i) those persons mentioned in sub-paragraph (a)(i) an (ii), unless the address of such person is not known to the pursuer and cannot reasonably be ascertained, and
 - (ii) the curator bonis to the defender, if one has been appointed, and a notice of intimation in Form F3 shall be attached to the copy of the initial writ intimated to any such person;
- (d) in an action relating to a marriage which was entered into under a law which permits polygamy where—
 - (i) one of the decrees specified in section 2(2) of the Matrimonial Proceedings (Polygamous Marriages) Act 1972 F36 is sought, and

(ii) either party to the marriage in question has any spouse additional to the other party,

to any such additional spouse, and a notice of intimation in Form F4 shall be attached to the initial writ intimated to any such person;

- (e) in an action of divorce or separation where the sheriff may make an order for any parental rights in respect of a child—
 - (i) who is in the care of a local authority, to that authority and a notice of intimation in Form F5 shall be attached to the initial writ intimated to that authority;
 - (ii) who, being a child of one party to the marriage, has been accepted as a child of the family by the other party to the marriage and who is liable to be maintained by a third party, to that third party, and a notice of intimation in Form F5 shall be attached to the initial writ intimated to that third party; or
 - (iii) in respect of whom a third party exercises such rights de facto, to that third party, and a notice of intimation in Form F6 shall be attached to the initial writ intimated to that third party;
- (f) in an action where the pursuer craves the custody of a child, to any parent or guardian of the child who is not a party to the action, and a notice of intimation in Form F7 shall be attached to the initial writ intimated to any such parent or guardian;
- (g) in an action where the pursuer craves the custody of a child and he is—
 - (i) not a parent of that child, and
 - (ii) resident in Scotland when the initial writ is lodged,

to the local authority within which area the pursuer resides, and a notice of intimation in Form F8 shall be attached to the intitial writ intimated to that authority;

- (h) in an action which affects a child, to that child if not a party to the action, and a notice of intimation in Form F9 shall be attached to the initial writ intimated to that child;
- (i) in an action where the pursuer makes an application for an order under section 8(1)(aa) of the Act of 1985 F37 (transfer of property) and—
 - (i) the consent of a third party to such a transfer is necessary by virtue of an obligation, enactment or rule of law, or
 - (ii) the property is subject to a security,

to the third party or creditor, as the case may be, and a notice of intimation in Form F10 shall be attached to the initial writ intimated to any such person;

- (j) in an action where the pursuer makes an application for an order under section 18 of the Act of 1985 (which relates to avoidance transactions), to—
 - (i) any third party in whose favour the transfer of, or transaction involving, the property is to be or was made, and
 - (ii) any other person having an interest in the transfer of, or transaction involving, the property,

and a notice of intimation in Form F11 shall be attached to the initial writ intimated to any such person; and

- (k) in an action where the pursuer makes an application for an order under the Act of 1981 F38—
 - (i) where he is a non-entitled partner and the entitled partner has a spouse, to that spouse, or

(ii) where the application is under section 2(1)(e), 2(4)(a), 3(1), 3(2), 4, 7, 13 or 18 of that Act, and the entitled spouse or entitled partner is a tenant or occupies the matrimonial home by permission of a third party, to the landlord or the third party, as the case may be,

and a notice of intimation in Form F12 shall be attached to the initial writ intimated to any such person.

- (2) Expressions used in paragraph (1)(k) which are also used in the Act of 1981 have the same meaning as in that Act.
- (3) A notice of intimation under paragraph (1) shall be on a period of notice of 21 days unless the sheriff otherwise orders; but the sheriff shall not order a period of notice of less than 2 days.
- (4) In a family action, where the pursuer—
 - (a) craves for the custody of a child, and
 - (b) is not resident in Scotland when the initial writ is lodged for warranting, he shall include a crave for an order for intimation in form F8 to such local authority as the sheriff thinks fit.
- (5) Where the address of a person mentioned in paragraph (1)(b), (d), (e), (f), (h), (i), (j) or (k) is not known and cannot reasonably be ascertained, the pursuer shall include a crave in the initial writ to dispense with intimation; and the sheriff may grant that crave or make such other order as he thinks fit.
- (6) Where the identity or address of a person to whom intimation of a family action is required becomes known during the course of the action, the party who would have been required to insert a warrant for intimation to that person shall lodge a motion for a warrant for intimation to that person or to dispense with such intimation.

Textual Amendments

- F36 1972 c.38; section 2(2) was amended by the Divorce Jurisdiction, Court Fees and Legal Aid (Scotland) Act 1983 (c.12), Schedule 1, paragraphs 13, the Law Reform (Husband and Wife) (Scotland) Act 1984 (c.15), Schedule 1, paragraph 6, the Family Law (Scotland) Act 1985 (c.37), Schedule 1, paragraph 8 and the Statute Law (Repeals) Act 1986 (c.12), Schedule 1, Part I.
- F37 1985 c.37; section 8(1)(aa) was inserted by the Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Act 1990 (c.40), Schedule 8, paragraph 34.
- **F38** 1981 c.59.

Intimation where improper association

- 33.8. (1) In a family action where the pursuer alleges an improper association between the defender and another named person, the pursuer shall, immediately after the expiry of the period of notice, lodge a motion for an order for intimation to that person or to dispense with such intimation
 - (2) In determining a motion under paragraph (1), the sheriff may—
 - (a) make such order for intimation as he thinks fit; or
 - (b) dispense with intimation; and
 - (c) where he dispenses with intimation, order that the name of that person be deleted from the condescendence of the initial writ.

- (3) Where intimation is ordered under paragraph (2), a copy of the initial writ and an intimation in Form F13 shall be intimated to the named person.
- (4) In paragraph (1), "improper association" means sodomy, incest or any homosexual relationship.

Productions in action of divorce or where order for custody may be made

- 33.9. Unless the sheriff otherwise directs—
 - (a) in an action of divorce, a warrant for citation shall not be granted without there being produced with the initial writ an extract of the relevant entry in the register of marriages or an equivalent document; and
 - (b) in an action where the sheriff may make an order in respect of the custody of a child, a warrant for citation shall not be granted without there being produced with the initial writ an extract of the relevant entry in the register of births or an equivalent document.

Warrant of citation

33.10. The warrant of citation in a family action shall be in Form F14.

Form of citation and certificate

- 33.11.(1) Subject to rule 5.6 (service where address of person is not known), citation of a defender shall be in Form F15, which shall be attached to a copy of the initial writ and warrant of citation and shall have appended to it a notice of intention to defend in Form F26.
 - (2) The certificate of citation shall be in Form F16 which shall be attached to the initial writ.

Execution of service on, or intimation to, local authority

- 33.12.(1) Where a local authority referred to in rule 33.7(1)(g) (custody sought by non-parent resident in Scotland) or 33.7(4) (custody sought by pursuer not resident in Scotland) is named as a defender in an initial writ at the time it is lodged, service of the initial writ on that local authority shall be executed within 7 days after the date of granting of the warrant of citation.
 - (2) Where in a family action—
 - (a) to which rule 33.7(1)(g) applies, or
 - (b) in which a motion under rule 33.7(4) is required,
 - the local authority referred to in that provision is named as a defender in the initial writ at the time it is lodged, a notice in Form F8 shall be attached to the copy of the initial writ served on that local authority.
 - (3) Where, by virtue of rule 33.7(1)(g), 33.7(4) or 33.15(2), intimation of an application for custody is to be made to a local authority, intimation to that local authority shall be given within 7 days after the date on which a warrant of citation, or an order for intimation, as the case may be, has been granted.

Service in cases of mental disorder of defender

- 33.13.(1) In a family action where the defender suffers or appears to suffer from mental disorder and is resident in a hospital or other similar institution, citation shall be executed by registered post or the first class recorded delivery service addressed to the medical officer in charge of that hospital or institution; and there shall be included with the copy of the initial writ—
 - (a) a citation in Form F15;
 - (b) any notice required by rule 33.14(1);
 - (c) a request in Form F17;
 - (d) a form of certificate in Form F18 requesting the medical officer to—
 - (i) deliver and explain the initial writ, citation and any notice or form of notice of consent required under rule 33.14(1) personally to the defender; or
 - (ii) certify that such delivery or explanation would be dangerous to the health or mental condition of the defender; and
 - (e) a stamped envelope addressed for return of that certificate to the pursuer or his solicitor, if he has one.
 - (2) The medical officer referred to in paragraph (1) shall send the certificate in Form F18 duly completed to the pursuer or his solicitor, as the case may be.
 - (3) The certificate mentioned in paragraph (2) shall be attached to the certificate of citation.
 - (4) Where such a certificate bears that the initial writ has not been delivered to the defender, the sheriff may, at any time before decree—
 - (a) order such further medical inquiry, and
 - (b) make such order for further service or intimation, as he thinks fit.

Notices in certain actions of divorce or separation

- 33.14.(1) In the following actions of divorce or separation there shall be attached to the copy of the initial writ served on the defender—
 - (a) in an action relying on section 1(2)(d) of the Act of 1976 F39 (no cohabitation for two years with consent of defender to decree)—
 - (i) which is an action of divorce, a notice in form F19 and a notice of consent in form F20;
 - (ii) which is an action of separation, a notice in Form F21 and a form of notice of consent in form F22;
 - (b) in an action relying on section 1(2)(e) of the Act of 1976 (no cohabitation for five years)—
 - (i) which is an action of divorce, a notice in Form F23;
 - (ii) which is an action of separation, a notice in Form F24.
 - (2) The certificate of service of an initial writ in an action mentioned in paragraph (1) shall state which notice or form mentioned in paragraph (1) has been attached to the initial writ.

Textual Amendments

F39 1976 c.39.

Orders for intimation by sheriff

- [33.15(1) In any family action, the sheriff may order intimation to be made to such person as he thinks fit.
 - (2) Where a party makes an application or averment in a family action which, had it been made in an initial writ, would have required a warrant for intimation under rule 33.7, that party shall lodge a motion for a warrant for intimation or to dispense with such intimation.]

Appointment of curators ad litem to defenders

- 33.16.(1) This rule applies to an action of divorce or separation where it appears to the court that the defender is suffering from a mental disorder.
 - (2) In an action to which this rule applies, the sheriff shall—
 - (a) appoint a curator ad litem to the defender;
 - (b) where the facts set out in section 1(2)(d) of the Act of 1976 (no cohabitation for two years with consent of defender to decree) are relied on—
 - (i) make an order for intimation of the ground of the action to the Mental Welfare Commission for Scotland; and
 - (ii) include in such an order a requirement that the Commission sends to the sheriff clerk a report indicating whether in its opinion the defender is capable of deciding whether or not to give consent to the granting of decree.
 - (3) Within 7 days after the appointment of a curator ad litem under paragraph (2)(a), the pursuer shall send to him—
 - (a) a copy of the initial writ and any defences (including any adjustments and amendments) lodged; and
 - (b) a copy of the notice in Form G5 sent to him by the sherrif clerk.
 - (4) On receipt of a report required under paragraph (2)(b)(ii), the sheriff clerk shall—
 - (a) lodge the report in process; and
 - (b) intimate that this has been done to—
 - (i) the pursuer;
 - (ii) the solicitor for the defender, if known; and
 - (iii) the curator ad litem.
 - (5) The curator ad litem shall lodge in process one of the writs mentioned in paragraph (6)—
 - (a) within 14 days after the report required under paragraph (2)(b)(ii) has been lodged in process; or
 - (b) where no such report is required, within 21 days after the date of his appointment under paragraph (2)(a).
 - (6) The writs referred to in paragraph (5) are—

- (a) a notice of intention to defend;
- (b) defences to the action;
- (c) a minute adopting defences already lodged; and
- (d) a minute stating that the curator ad litem does not intend to lodge defences.
- (7) Notwithstanding that he has lodged a minute stating that he does not intend to lodge defences, a curator ad litem may appear at any stage of the action to protect the interests of the defender.
- (8) If, at any time, it appears to the curator ad litem that the defender is not suffering from mental disorder, he may report that fact to the court and seek his own discharge.
- (9) The pursuer shall be responsible, in the first instance, for payment of the fees and outlays of the curator ad litem incurred during the period from his appointment until—
 - (a) he lodges a minute stating that he does not intend to lodge defences;
 - (b) he decides to instruct the lodging of defences or a minute adopting defences already lodged; or
 - (c) being satisfied after investigation that the defender is not suffering from mental disorder, he is discharged.

Applications for sist

An application for a sist, or the recall of a sist, under Schedule 3 to the M20 Domicile and Matrimonial Proceedings Act 1973 shall be made by written motion.

Marginal Citations

M20 1973 c.45; Schedule 3 was amended by the Divorce Jurisdiction, Court Fees and Legal Aid (Scotland) Act 1983 (c.12), **Schedule 1**, paragraphs 19 and 20.

Notices of consent to divorce or separation

- 33.18.(1) Where, in an action of divorce or separation in which the facts in section 1(2)(d) of the Act of 1976 (no cohabitation for two years with consent of defender to decree) are relied on, the defender wishes to consent to the grant of decree of divorce or separation he shall do so by giving notice in writing in Form F20 (divorce) or Form F22 (separation), as the case may be, to the sheriff clerk.
 - (2) The evidence of one witness shall be sufficient for the purpose of establishing that the signature on a notice of consent under paragraph (1) is that of the defender.
 - (3) In an action of divorce or separation where the initial writ includes, for the purposes of section 1(2)(d) of the Act of 1976, an averment that the defender consents to the grant of decree, the defender may give notice by letter sent to the sheriff clerk stating that he has not so consented or that he withdraws any consent which he has already given.
 - (4) On receipt of a letter under paragraph (3), the sheriff clerk shall intimate the terms of the letter to the pursuer.

- (5) On receipt of any intimation under paragraph (4), the pursuer may, within 14 days after the date of the intimation, if none of the other facts mentioned in section 1(2) of the Act of 1976 is averred in the initial writ, lodge a motion for the action to be sisted.
- (6) If no such motion is lodged, the pursuer shall be deemed to have abandoned the action and the action shall be dismissed.
- (7) If a motion under paragraph (5) is granted and the sist is not recalled or renewed within a period of 6 months from the date of the interlocutor granting the sist, the pursuer shall be deemed to have abandoned the action and the action shall be dismissed.

Consents to grant of custody

- [33.19(1) Where a party who requires a consent under section 47(2) of the Act of 1975 ^{F40} to the grant of custody, executes service on, or gives intimation to, a person who may give such consent, he shall—
 - (a) include with the copy of the initial writ or other pleadings, as the case may be—
 - (i) a notice in Form F7; and
 - (ii) a form of notice of consent in Form F25; and
 - (b) in the certificate of service or intimation, as the case may be, state expressly that such notice and form of notice of consent was included.
 - (2) Where a parent or guardian wishes to consent to the grant of an application for custody, he shall—
 - (i) complete and sign the notice of consent in Form F25;
 - (ii) have his signature witnessed; and
 - (iii) send the notice of consent to the sheriff clerk.
 - (3) Where a person, who has consented under paragraph (2) to the grant of such an application, wishes to withdraw that consent, he shall give notice by letter sent to the sheriff clerk stating that he withdraws his consent.
 - (4) On receipt of a letter under paragraph (3), the sheriff clerk shall intimate the terms of the letter to the applicant and to every other party.]

Textual Amendments

F40 1975 c.72; section 47(2) was amended by the Law Reform (Parent and Child) (Scotland) Act 1986 (c.9), **Schedule 1**, paragraph 14(1).

Reports by local authorities under section 49(2) of the Act of 1975

- 33.20.(1) On completion of a report made under section 49(2) of the Act of 1975 (reports by local authority on child in certain custody applications), the local authority shall—
 - (a) send the report, with a copy for each party, to the sheriff clerk; and
 - (b) where a curator ad litem has been appointed to the child in respect of whom the application for custody has been made, send a copy of the report to him.
 - (2) On receipt of such a report, the sheriff clerk shall send a copy of the report to each party.

- (3) Where intimation is given to a local authority under rule 33.7(1)(g) or (4) for the purposes of section 49(2) of the Act of 1975, an application for the custody of the child shall not be determined until the report of the local authority has been lodged.
- (4) When disposing of an application for custody, the sheriff shall determine which party or parties are to be liable for the expenses of the local authority incurred in the preparation of any report made under section 49(2) of the Act of 1975.

Appointment of local authority or reporter to report on a child

- 33.21.(1) This rule applies where, at any stage of a family action, the sheriff appoints—
 - (a) a local authority under section 11(1) of the Matrimonial Proceedings (Children) Act 1958 ^{F41} or section 12(2)(a) of the Guardianship Act 1973 ^{F42} (which both relate to a report on a child with respect to custody, or
 - (b) another person (referred to in this rule as a "reporter"), whether under a provision mentioned in sub-paragraph (a) or otherwise,

to investigate and report to the court on the circumstances of a child and on proposed arrangements for the care and upbringing of the child.

- (2) On making an appointment referred to in paragraph (1), the sheriff shall direct that the party who sought the appointment or, where the court makes the appointment of its own motion, the pursuer or minuter, as the case may be, shall—
 - (a) instruct the local authority or reporter; and
 - (b) be responsible, in the first instance, for the fees and outlays of the local authority or reporter appointed.
- (3) Where a local authority or reporter is appointed—
 - (a) the party who sought the appointment, or
 - (b) where the sheriff makes the appointment of his own motion, the pursuer or minuter, as the case may be,

shall, within 7 days after the date of the appointment, intimate the name and address of the local authority or reporter to any local authority to which intimation of the family action has been made.

- (4) On completion of a report referred to in paragraph (1), the local authority or reporter, as the case may be, shall send the report, with a copy of it for each party, to the sheriff clerk.
- (5) On receipt of such a report, the sheriff clerk shall send a copy of the report to each party.
- (6) Where a local authority or reporter has been appointed to investigate and report in respect of a child, an application for the custody of that child shall not be determined until the report of the local authority or reporter, as the case may be, has been lodged.

Textual Amendments

- F41 1958 c.40; section 11(1) was amended by the Law Reform (Parent and Child) (Scotland) Act 1986 (c.9), Schedule 2 and the Family Law Act 1986 (c.55), Schedule 1, paragraph 7.
- **F42** 1973 c.29; section 12(2)(a) was amended by the Children Act 1975 (c.72), section 48(4).

Referral to family mediation and conciliation service

[33.22. In any family action in which the custody of, or access to, a child is in dispute, the sheriff may, at any stage of the action, where he considers it appropriate to do so, refer that dispute to a specified family mediation and conciliation service.]

Applications for orders to disclose whereabouts of children

- 33.23.(1) An application for an order under section 33(1) of the M21 Family Law Act 1986 (which relates to the disclosure of the whereabouts of a child) shall be made by motion.
 - (2) Where the sheriff makes an order under section 33(1) of the Family Law Act 1986, he may ordain the person against whom the order has been made to appear before him or to lodge an affidavit.

Marginal Citations

M21 1986 c.55.

Applications in relation to removal of children

- 33.24.(1) An application for leave under section 51(1) of the Act of 1975 ^{F43} (authority to remove a child from the care and possession of the applicant for custody) or for an order under section 35(3) of the Family Law Act 1986 (application for interdict or interim interdict prohibiting removal of child from jurisdiction) shall be made—
 - (a) by a party to the action, by motion; or
 - (b) by a person who is not a party to the action, by minute.
 - (2) An application under section 35(3) of the Family Law Act 1986 need not be served or intimated.
 - (3) An application under section 23(2) of the Child Abduction and Custody Act 1985 ^{F44} (declarator that removal of child from United Kingdom was unlawful) shall be made—
 - (a) in an action depending before the sheriff—
 - (1) by a party, in the initial writ, defences or minute, as the case may be, or by motion; or
 - (ii) by any other person, by minute; or
 - (b) after final decree, by minute in the process of the action to which the application relates.

Textual Amendments

- **F43** Section 51(1) was amended by the Health and Social Services and Social Security Adjudications Act 1983 (c.41), **Schedule 2**, paragraph 25.
- **F44** 1985 c.60.

Intimation to local authority before supervised access

- Where the sheriff, of his own motion or on the motion of a party, is considering making an award of access or interim access subject to supervision by the social work department of a local authority, he shall ordain the party moving for access or interim access to intimate to the chief executive of that local authority (where not already a party to the action and represented at the hearing at which the issue arises)—
 - (a) the terms of any relevant motion;
 - (b) the intention of the sheriff to order that access be supervised by the social work department of that local authority; and
 - (c) that the local authority shall, within such period as the sheriff has determined—
 - (i) notify the sheriff clerk whether it intends to make representations to the sheriff; and
 - (ii) where it intends to make representations in writing, to do so within that period.

Joint minutes

- 33.26. Where any parties have reached agreement in relation to—
 - (a) any parental rights in respect of a child,
 - (b) aliment for a child, or
 - (c) an order for financial provision,

a joint minute may be entered into expressing that agreement; and the sheriff may grant decree in respect of those parts of the joint minute in relation to which he could otherwise make an order, whether or not such a decree would include a matter for which there was no crave.

Affidavits

33.27. The sheriff may accept evidence by affidavit at any hearing for an order or interim order.

PART II UNDEFENDED FAMILY ACTIONS

Evidence in certain undefended family actions

33.28.(1) This rule—

- (a) subject to sub-paragraph (b), applies to all family actions in which no notice of intention to defend has been lodged, other than a family action—
 - (i) for any parental rights or aliment;
 - (ii) of affiliation and aliment;
 - (iii) for financial provision after an overseas divorce or annulment within the meaning of Part IV of the Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 ^{F45}; or
 - (iv) for an order under the Act of 1981 F46;

- (b) applies to a family action in which a curator ad litem has been appointed under rule 33.16 where the curator ad litem to the defender has lodged a minute intimating that he does not intend to lodge defences;
- (c) applies to any family action which proceeds at any stage as undefended where the sheriff so directs;
- (d) applies to the merits of a family action which is undefended on the merits where the sheriff so directs, notwithstanding that the action is defended on an ancillary matter.
- (2) Unless the sheriff otherwise directs, evidence shall be given by affidavit.
- (3) Unless the sheriff otherwise directs, evidence relating to the welfare of a child shall be given by affidavit, at least one affidavit being emitted by a person other than a parent or party to the action.
- (4) Evidence in the form of a written statement bearing to be the professional opinion of a duly qualified medical practitioner, which has been signed by him and lodged in process, shall be admissible in place of parole evidence by him.

Textual Amendments

F45 1984 c.42; Part IV was amended by the Act of 1985 (c.37), Schedule 1, paragraphs 12 and 13.

F46 1981 c.59.

Procedure for decree in actions under rule 33.28

- 33.29.(1) In an action to which rule 33.28 (evidence in certain undefended family actions) applies, the pursuer shall at any time after the expiry of the period for lodging a notice of intention to defend—
 - (a) lodge in process the affidavit evidence; and
 - (b) endorse a minute in Form F27 on the initial writ.
 - (2) The sheriff may, at any time after the pursuer has complied with paragraph (1), without requiring the appearance of parties—
 - (a) grant decree in terms of the motion for decree; or
 - (b) remit the cause for such further procedure, if any, including proof by parole evidence, as the sheriff thinks fit.

Extracts of undefended decree

33.30. In an action to which rule 33.28 (evidence in certain undefended family actions) applies, the sheriff clerk shall, after the expiry of 14 days after the grant of decree under rule 33.29 (procedure for decree in actions under rule 33.28), issue to the pursuers and the defender an extract decree.

Procedure in undefended family actions for parental rights

33.31.(1) Where no notice of intention to defend has been lodged in a family action for any parental rights or any right or authority relating to the welfare or upbringing of a child, any proceedings in the cause shall be dealt with by the sheriff in chambers.

(2) In an action to which paragraph (1) applies, decree may be pronounced after such inquiry as the sheriff thinks fit.

No recording of evidence

33.32. It shall not be necessary to record the evidence in any proof in a family action which is not defended.

Disapplication of Chapter 15

Chapter 15 (motions) shall not apply to a family action in which no notice of intention to defend has been lodged.

PART III DEFENDED FAMILY ACTIONS

Notice of intention to defend and defences

- 33.34. (1) This rule applies where the defender in a family action seeks—
 - (a) to oppose any crave in the initial writ;
 - (b) to make a claim for—
 - (i) aliment;
 - (ii) an order for financial provision within the meaning of section 8(3) of the Act of 1985; or
 - (iii) an order relating to parental rights; or
 - (c) an order—
 - (i) under section 16(1)(b) or (3) of the Act of 1985 F47 (setting aside or varying agreement as to financial provision);
 - (ii) under section 18 of the Act of 1985 (which relates to avoidance transactions); or
 - (iii) under the Act of 1981; or
 - (d) to challenge the jurisdiction of the court.
 - (2) In an action to which this rule applies, the defender shall—
 - (a) lodge a notice of intention to defend in Form F26 before the expiry of the period of notice; and
 - (b) make any claim or seek any order referred to in paragraph (1), as the case may be, in those defences by setting out in his defences—
 - (i) craves;
 - (ii) averments in the answers to the condescendence in support of those craves; and
 - (iii) appropriate pleas-in-law.

Textual Amendments

F47 1985 c.37.

Abandonment by pursuer

33.35. Notwithstanding abandonment by a pursuer, the court may allow a defender to pursue an order or claim sought in his defences; and the proceedings in relation to that order or claim shall continue in dependence as if a separate cause.

Attendance of parties at Options Hearing

All parties shall, except on cause shown, attend personally the hearing under rule 9.12 (Options Hearing).

Decree by default

- 33.37.(1) In a family action in which the defender has lodged a notice of intention to defend, where a party fails—
 - (a) to lodge, or intimate the lodging of, any production or part of process,
 - (b) to implement an order of the sheriff within a specified period, or
 - (c) to appear to be represented at any diet,

that party shall be in default.

- (2) Where a party is in default under paragraph (1), the sheriff may—
 - (a) where the family action is one mentioned in rule 33.1(1)(a) to (h), allow that action to proceed as undefended under Part II of this Chapter; or
 - (b) where the family action is one mentioned in rule 33.1(1)(i) to (m), grant decree as craved; or
 - (c) grant decree of absolvitor; or
 - (d) dismiss the family action or any claim made or order sought; and
 - (e) award expenses.
- (3) Where no party appears at a diet in a family action, the sheriff may dismiss that action.
- (4) In a family action, the sheriff may, on cause shown, prorogate the time for lodging any production or part of process, or for intimating or implementing any order.

PART IV

APPLICATIONS AND ORDERS RELATING TO CHILDREN IN CERTAIN ACTIONS

Application and interpretation of this Part

- 33.38. (1) This Part applies to an action of divorce or separation.
 - (2) In this Part, "the Act of 1958" means the Matrimonial Proceedings (Children) Act 1958 F48.

Textual Amendments

F48 1958 c.40.

Applications in actions to which this Part applies

33.39.(1) An application for an order mentioned in paragraph (2) shall be made—

- (a) by a crave in the initial writ or defences, as the case may be, in an action to which this Part applies; or
- (b) where the application is made by a person other than the pursuer or defender, by minute in that action.
- (2) The orders referred to in paragraph (1) are:—
 - (a) an order for any parental rights; and
 - (b) an order for aliment for a child.

Intimation before committal to care or supervison

- Where the sheriff is considering making an order under section 10(1) of the Act 1958 ^{F49} (committal of care of child to an individual other than one of the parties to the marriage or to a local authority) or under section 12(1) of that Act ^{F50} (placing child under supervision of a local authority), he shall ordain one of the parties to intimate to that person or to the chief executive of the appropriate local authority, as the case may be, where not already a party to the action and represented at the hearing at which the issue arises—
 - (a) a copy of the pleadings (including any adjustments and amendments);
 - (b) the terms of any relevant motion; and
 - (c) notice of intimation in Form F28 requiring any representations which that person or that local authority wishes to make to the sheriff to be made by minute in the process of the action within the period specified.

Textual Amendments

- **F49** Section 10(1) of the Act of 1958 was amended by the Law Reform (Parent and Child) (Scotland) Act 1986 (c.9), **Schedule 2** and the Family Law (Scotland) Act 1986 (c.55), **Schedule 1**, paragraph 6.
- F50 Section 12(1) of the Act of 1958 was amended by the Social Work (Scotland) Act 1968 (c.49), Schedule

Care or supervision orders

Where the sheriff makes, varies or recalls an order under section 10(1) (committal of care of child to an individual other than one of the parties to the marriage or to a local authority), or section 12(1) (placing child under supervision of a local authority), of the Act of 1958, the sheriff clerk shall send a copy of the interlocutor making the order and a notice of intimation in Form F29 to the chief executive of the local authority or other person concerned.

Intimation of certain applications to local authorities or other persons

Where a child is subject to an order under section 10(1) (committal of care of child to an individual other than one of the parties to the marriage or to a local authority), or section 12(1) (placing child under supervision of a local authority), of the Act of 1958, any motion or minute lodged which relates to that child shall be intimated to the chief executive of the local authority or other person concerned.

Applications in depending actions by motion

- [33.43. An application by a party in an action depending before the court to which this Part applies—
 - (a) for, or for variation of, an order—
 - (i) for interim aliment for a child under the age of 18 years, or
 - (ii) for interim custody of, or interim access to, a child, or
 - (b) for variation or recall of an order under section 10(1) (committal of care of child to an individual other than one of the parties to the marriage or to a local authority), or section 12(1) (placing child under supervision of a local authority), of the Act of 1958,

shall be made by motion.]

Applications after decree relating to parental rights, care or supervision

- 33.44.(1) An application after final decree—
 - (a) for, or for the variation or recall of, an order relating to parental rights,
 - (b) for an order under section 10(1) of the Act of 1958 (committal of care of child to an individual other than one of the parties to the marriage or to a local authority), or
 - (c) an order under section 12(1) of the Act of 1958 (placing child under supervision of a local authority),

shall be made by minute in the process of the action to which the application relates.

(2) Where a minute has been lodged under paragraph (1), any party may apply by motion for any interim order which may be made pending the determination of the application.

Applications after decree relating to aliment

- 33.45.(1) An application after final decree for, or for the variation or recall of, an order for aliment for a child shall be made by minute in the process of the action to which the application relates.
 - (2) Where a minute has been lodged under paragraph (1), any party may lodge a motion for any interim order which may be made pending the determination of the application.

Applications after decree by persons over 18 years for aliment

33.46.(1) A person—

- (a) to whom an obligation of aliment is owed under section 1 of the M22Act of 1985.
- (b) in whose favour an order for aliment while under the age of 18 years was made in an action to which this Part applies, and
- (c) who seeks, after attaining that age, an order for aliment against the person in that action against whom the order for aliment in his favour was made,

shall apply by minute in the process of that action.

(2) An application for interim aliment pending the determination of an application under paragraph (1) shall be made by motion.

(3) Where a decree has been pronounced in an application under paragraph (1) or (2), any application for variation or recall of any such decree shall be made by minute in the process of the action to which the application relates.

Marginal Citations

M22 1985 c.37.

PART V ORDERS RELATING TO FINANCIAL PROVISION

Application and interpretation of this Part

- 33.47.(1) This Part applies to an action of divorce.
 - (2) In this Part, "incidental order" has the meaning assigned in section 14(2) of the Act of 1985.

Applications in actions to which this Part applies

- 33.48. (1) An application for an order mentioned in paragraph (2) shall be made—
 - (a) by a crave in the initial writ or defences, as the case may be, in an action to which this Part applies; or
 - (b) where the application is made by a person other than the pursuer or defender, by minute in that action.
 - (2) The orders referred to in paragraph (1) are:—
 - (a) an order for financial provision within the meaning of section 8(3) of the Act of 1985:
 - (b) an order under section 16(1)(b) or (3) of the Act of 1985 (setting aside or varying agreement as to financial provision);
 - (c) an order under section 18 of the Act of 1985 (which relates to avoidance transactions); and
 - (d) an order under section 13 of the M23Act of 1981 (transfer or vesting of tenancy).

Marginal Citations

M23 1981 c.59; section 13 was amended by the Family Law (Scotland) Act 1985 (c.37), Schedule 1, paragraph 11 and the Housing (Scotland) Act 1987 (c.26), Schedule 23, paragraph 26.

Applications in depending actions relating to incidental orders

- 33.49.(1) In an action depending before the sheriff to which this Part applies—
 - (a) the pursuer or defender, notwithstanding rules 33.34(2) (application by defender for order for financial provision) and 33.48(1)(a) (application for order for financial provision in initial writ or defences), may apply by motion for an incidental order; and

- (b) the sheriff shall not be bound to determine such a motion if he considers that the application should properly by a crave in the initial writ or defences, as the case may be.
- (2) In an action depending before the sheriff to which this Part applies, an application under section 14(4) of the Act of 1985 for the variation or recall of an incidental order shall be made by minute in the process of the action to which the application relates.

Applications relating to interim aliment

An application for, or for the variation or recall of, an order for interim aliment for the pursuer or defender shall be made by motion.

Applications relating to orders for financial provision

33.51.(1) An application—

- (a) after final decree under any of the following provisions of the Act of 1985—
 - (i) section 8(1) for periodical allowance,
 - (ii) section 12(1)(b) (payment of capital sum or transfer of property),
 - (iii) section 12(4) (variation of date or method of payment of capital sum or date of transfer of property), or
 - (iv) section 13(4) (variation, recall, backdating or conversion of periodical allowance), or
- (b) after the grant or refusal of an application under—
 - (i) section 8(1) or 14(3) for an incidental order, or
 - (ii) section 14(4) (variation or recall of incidental order),

shall be made by minute in the process of the action to which the application relates.

(2) Where a minute is lodged under paragraph (1), any party may lodge a motion for any interim order which may be made pending the determination of the application.

Applications after decree relating to agreements and avoidance transactions

- 33.52. An application for an order—
 - (a) under section 16(1)(a) or (3) of the Act of 1985 (setting aside or varying agreements as to financial provision), or
 - (b) under section 18 of the Act of 1985 (which relates to avoidance transactions).

made after final decree shall be made by minute in the process of the action to which the application relates.

PART VI

APPLICATIONS RELATING TO AVOIDANCE TRANSACTIONS

Form of applications

33.53.(1) An application for an order under section 18 of the Act of 1985 (which relates to avoidance transactions) by a party to an action shall be made by including in the

initial writ, defences or minute, as the case may be, appropriate craves, averments and pleas-in-law.

(2) An application for an order under section 18 of the Act of 1985 after final decree in an action, shall be made by minute in the process of the action to which the application relates.

PART VII

FINANCIAL PROVISION AFTER OVERSEAS DIVORCE OR ANNULMENT

Interpretation of this Part

33.54. In this Part—

"the Act of 1984" means the M24 Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984; "order for financial provision" has the meaning assigned in section 30(1) of the Act of 1984;

"overseas country" has the meaning assigned in section 30(1) of the Act of 1984.

Marginal Citations

M24 1984 c.42.

Applications for financial provision

- 33.55.(1) An application under section 28 of the Act of 1984 F51 for an order for financial provision after a divorce or annulment in an overseas country shall be made by initial writ.
 - (2) An application for an order in an action to which paragraph (1) applies made before final decree under—
 - (a) section 13 of the Act of 1981 F52 (transfer of tenancy of matrimonal home),
 - (b) section 29(4) of the Act of 1984 for interim periodical allowance, or
 - (c) section 14(4) of the Act of 1985 (variation or recall of incidental order), shall be made by motion.
 - (3) An application for an order in an action to which paragraph (1) applies made after final decree under—
 - (a) section 12(4) of the Act of 1985 (variation of date or method of payment of capital sum or date of transfer of property),
 - (b) section 13(4) of the Act of 1985 (variation, recall, backdating or conversion or periodical allowance), or
 - (c) section 14(4) of the Act of 1985 (variation or recall of incidental order), shall be made by minute in the process of the action to which the application relates.
 - (4) Where a minute has been lodged under paragraph (3), any party may apply by motion for an interim order pending the determination of the application.

Textual Amendments

- **F51** Section 28 was extended by section 29A (inserted by the Act of 1985, Schedule 1, paragraph 12) to an annulment.
- F52 1981 c.51; section 13(2) was amended by the Act of 1985, Schedule 1, paragraph 11.

PART VIII ACTIONS OF ALIMENT

Interpretation of this Part

33.56. In this Part, "action of aliment" means a claim for aliment under section 2(1) of the Act of 1985.

Undefended actions of aliment

- 33.57.(1) Where a motion for decree in absence under Chapter 7 (undefended causes) is lodged in an action of aliment, the pursuer shall, on lodging the motion, lodge all documentary evidence of the means of the parties available to him in support of the amount of aliment sought.
 - (2) Where the sheriff requires the appearance of parties, the sheriff clerk shall fix a hearing.

Applications relating to aliment

- 33.58.(1) An application for, or for variation of, an order for interim aliment in a depending action of aliment shall be made by motion.
 - (2) An application after final decree for the variation or recall of an order for aliment in an action of aliment shall be made by minute in the process of the action to which the application relates.
 - (3) A person—
 - (a) to whom an obligation of aliment is owed under section 1 of the M25Act of 1985.
 - (b) in whose favour an order for aliment while under the age of 18 years was made in an action of aliment, or
 - (c) who seeks, after attaining that age, an order for aliment against the person in that action against whom the order for aliment in his favour was made,

shall apply by minute in the process of that action.

- (4) An application for interim aliment pending the determination of an application under paragraph (2) or (3) shall be made by motion.
- (5) Where a decree has been pronounced in an application under paragraph (2) or (3), any application for variation or recall of any such decree shall be made by minute in the process of the action to which the application relates.

Marginal Citations

M25 1985 c.37.

Applications relating to agreements on aliment

- 33.59.(1) Subject to paragraph (2), an application under section 7(2) of the Act of 1985 (variation or termination of agreement on aliment) shall be made by summary application.
 - (2) In a family action in which a crave for aliment may be made, an application under section 7(2) of the Act of 1985 shall be made by a crave in the initial writ or in defences, as the case may be.

PART IX

ACTIONS RELATING TO PARENTAL RIGHTS

Application and interpretation of this Part

- [33.60(1) This Part applies to an application for any parental rights in a family action other than in an action of divorce or separation.
 - (2) In this Part, "the Act of 1973" means the Guardianship Act 1973 F53.]

Textual Amendments

F53 1973 c.29.

Form of applications

- 33.61. Subject to any other provision in this Chapter, an application for an order for any parental rights in respect of a child shall be made—
 - (a) by an action for parental rights;
 - (b) by a crave in the initial writ or defences, as the case may be, in any other family action to which this Part applies; or
 - (c) where the application is made by a person other than a party to an action mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b), by minute in that action.

Defences in actions for parental rights

- 33.62. In an action for parental rights, the pursuer shall call as a defender—
 - (a) the parents or other parent of the child in respect of whom the order is sought;
 - (b) any guardian of the child;
 - (c) any person who has accepted the child into his family;
 - (d) any person having the de facto custody of the child;
 - (e) any local authority in whose care or under whose supervision the child is; and

(f) in any case where there is no person falling within paragraphs (a) to (e), the Lord Advocate.

Applications relating to interim orders in depending actions

- An application, in an action depending before the sheriff to which this Part applies, for, or for the variation or recall of, an order for interim custody or interim access shall be made—
 - (a) by a party to the action, by motion; or
 - (b) by a person who is not a party to the action, by minute.

Care and supervision by local authorities

- 33.64.(1) Where the sheriff is considering making an order under section 11(1) of the Act of 1973 F54 (committal of care of child to a local authority or order that child be under supervision of a local authority), he shall ordain one of the parties to intimate to the chief executive of the appropriate local authority unless a party to the cause and represented at the hearing at which the issue arises—
 - (a) a copy of the pleadings (including any adjustments and amendments);
 - (b) the terms of any relevant motion;
 - (c) a notice of intimation in Form F28 requiring any representations which the local authority wishes to make to the court to be made by minute in the process of the action within the period specified.
 - (2) Where the sheriff makes, varies or recalls an order placing a child under the supervision of a local authority under section 11(1) of the Act of 1973, the sheriff clerk shall send a copy of the interlocutor making the order and a notice of intimation in Form F29 to the chief executive of that local authority.
 - (3) Where a child is subject to an order made under section 11(1) of the Act of 1973, any motion or minute lodged which relates to that child shall be intimated to the chief executive of the local authority concerned.

Textual Amendments

F54 Section 11(1) was amended by the Act of 1975 (c.72), section 48(3).

Applications after decree

- 33.65.(1) An application after final decree—
 - (a) for variation or recall of an order relating to parental rights, or
 - (b) for, or for variation or recall of, an order under section 11(1) of the Act of 1973 (committal of care of child to a local authority or order that child be under the supervision of a local authority),

shall be made by minute in the process of the action to which the application relates.

(2) Where a minute has been lodged under paragraph (1), any party may apply by motion for an interim order pending the determination of the application.

PARTX

ACTIONS UNDER THE MATRIMONIAL HOMES (FAMILY PROTECTION) (SCOTLAND) ACT 1981

Interpretation of this Part

33.66. Unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions used in this Part which are also used in the M26Act of 1981 have the same meaning as in that Act.

Marginal Citations M26 1981 c.59.

Form of applications

- 33.67.(1) Subject to any other provision in this Chapter, an application for an order under the Act of 1981 shall be made—
 - (a) by an action for such an order;
 - (b) by a crave in the initial writ or in defences, as the case may be, in any other family action; or
 - (c) where the application is made by a person other than a party to any action mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b), by minute in that action.
 - (2) An application under section 7(1) (dispensing with consent of non-entitled spouse to a dealing) or section 11 (application in relation to poinding) shall, unless made in a depending family action, be made by summary application.

Defenders

- 33.68. The applicant for an order under the Act of 1981 shall call as a defender—
 - (a) where he is seeking an order as a spouse, the other spouse;
 - (b) where he is a third party making an application under section 7(1) (dispensing with consent of non-entitled spouse to a dealing), or 8(1) (payment from non-entitled spouse in respect of loan), of the Act of 1981, both spouses; and
 - (c) where the application is made under section 18 of the Act of 1981 M27 (occupancy rights of cohabiting couples), or is one to which that section applies, the other partner.

Marginal Citations

M27 Section 18 was amended by the Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Act 1985 (c.73), section 13(9).

Applications by motion

- 33.69. (1) An application under any of the following provisions of the Act of 1981 shall be made by motion in the process of the depending action to which the application relates:—
 - (a) section 3(4) (interim order for regulation of rights of occupancy, etc.);

- (b) section 4(6) (interim order suspending occupancy rights);
- (c) section 7(1) (dispensing with consent of non-entitled spouse to a dealing);
- (d) section 15(1) (order attaching power of arrest), if made after application for matrimonial interdict; and
- (e) the proviso to section 18(1) F55 (extension of period of occupancy rights).
- (2) Intimation of a motion under paragraph (1) shall be given—
 - (a) to the other spouse or partner, as the case may be;
 - (b) where the motion is under paragraph (1)(a), (b) or (e) and the entitled spouse or partner is a tenant or occupies the matrimonial home by the permission of a third party, to the landlord or third party, as the case may be; and
 - (c) to any other person to whom intimation of the application was or is to be made by virtue of rule 33.7(1)(k) (warrant for intimation to certain persons in actions for orders under the Act of 1981) or 33.15 (order for intimation by sheriff).

Textual Amendments

F55 Section 18(1) of the Act of 1981 was amended by the Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Act 1985 (c.73), section 13(9)(a).

Applications by minute

- 33.70.(1) An application for an order under—
 - (a) section 5 of the Act of 1981 (variation and recall of orders regulating occupancy rights and of exclusion order), or
 - (b) section 15(2) and (5) of the Act of 1981 (variation and recall of matrimonial interdict and power of arrest),

shall be made by minute.

- (2) A minute under paragraph (1) shall be intimated—
 - (a) to the other spouse or partner, as the case may be;
 - (b) where the entitled spouse or partner is a tenant or occupies the matrimonial home by the permission of a third party, to the landlord or third party, as the case may be; and
 - (c) to any other person to whom intimation of the application was or is to be made by virtue of rule 33.7(1)(k) (warrant for intimation to certain persons in actions for orders under the Act of 1981) or 33.15 (order for intimation by sheriff).

Sist of actions to enforce occupancy rights

Unless the sheriff otherwise directs, the sist of an action by virtue of section 7(4) of the Act of 1981 (where action raised by non-entitled spouse to enforce occupancy rights) shall apply only to such part of the action as relates to the enforcement of occupancy rights by a non-entitled spouse.

Certificates of delivery of documents to chief constable

- 33.72.(1) Where an applicant is required to comply with section 15(4) or (5), as the case may be, of the Act of 1981 ^{F56} (delivery of documents to chief constable where power of arrest attached to matrimonial interdict is granted, varied or recalled), he shall, after such compliance, lodge in process a certificate of delivery in Form F30.
 - (2) Where a matromonial interdict to which a power of arrest under section 15(1) of the Act of 1981 has been attached ceases to have effect by reason of a decree of divorce being pronounced by the sheriff, the pursuer shall send—
 - (a) to the chief constable of the police area in which the matrimonial home is situated, and
 - (b) if the applicant spouse (within the meaning of section 15(6) of the Act 1981) resides in another police area, to the chief constable of that other police area,

a copy of the interlocutor granting decree and lodge in process a certificate of delivery in Form F30.

Textual Amendments

F56 Section 15(4) was amended by the Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Act 1990 (c.40), section 64(b).

PART XI SIMPLIFIED DIVORCE APPLICATIONS

Application and interpretation of this Part

- 33.73.(1) This Part applies to an application for divorce by a party to a marriage made in the manner prescribed in rule 33.74 (form of applications) if, but only if—
 - (a) that party relies on the facts set out in section 1(2)(d) (no cohabitation for two years with consent of defender to decree), or section 1(2)(e) (no cohabitation for five years), of the M28 Act of 1976;
 - (b) in an application under section 1(2)(d) of the Act of 1976, the other party consents to decree of divorce being granted;
 - (c) no other proceedings are pending in any court which could have the effect of bringing the marriage to an end;
 - (d) there are no children of the marriage under the age of 16 years;
 - (e) neither party to the marriage applies for an order for financial provision on divorce; and
 - (f) neither party to the marriage suffers from mental disorder.
 - (2) If an application ceases to be one to which this Part applies at any time before final decree, it shall be deemed to be abandoned and shall be dismissed.
 - (3) In this Part "simplified divorce application" means an application mentioned in paragraph (1).

Marginal Citations

M28 1976 c.39.

Form of applications

- 33.74.(1) A simplified divorce application in which the facts set out in section 1(2)(d) of the Act of 1976 (no cohabitation for two years with consent of defender to decree) are relied on shall be made in Form F31 and shall only be of effect if—
 - (a) it is signed by the applicant; and
 - (b) the form of consent in Part 2 of Form F32 is signed by the party to the marriage giving consent.
 - (2) A simplified divorce application in which the facts set out in section 1(2)(e) of the Act of 1976 (no cohabitation for five years) are relied on shall be made in Form F33 and shall only be of effect if it is signed by the applicant.

Lodging of applications

- 33.75. The applicant shall send a simplified divorce application to the sheriff clerk with—
 - (a) an extract or certified copy of the marriage certificate; and
 - (b) the appropriate fee.

Citation and intimation

- 33.76.(1) This rule is subject to rule 33.77 (citation where address not known).
 - (2) It shall be the duty of the sheriff clerk to cite any person or intimate any document in connection with a simplified divorce application.
 - (3) The form of citation—
 - (a) in an application relying on the facts in section 1(2)(d) of the Act of 1976 shall be in Form F34; and
 - (b) in an application relying on the facts in section 1(2)(e) of the Act of 1976 shall be in Form F35.
 - (4) The sheriff clerk shall arrange for the citation or intimation required by paragraph (2) to be made—
 - (a) by registered post or the first class recorded delivery service in accordance with rule 5.3 (postal service or intimation);
 - (b) on payment of an additional fee, by a sheriff officer in accordance with rule 5.4(1) and (2) (service within Scotland by sheriff officer); or
 - (c) where necessary, in accordance with rule 5.5 (service on persons furth of Scotland).

Citation where address not known

- 33.77.(1) In a simplified divorce application in which the facts in section 1(2)(e) of the Act of 1976 (no cohabitation for five years) are relied on and the address of the other party to the marriage is not known and cannot reasonably be ascertained—
 - (a) citation shall be executed by displaying a copy of the application and a notice in Form F36 on the walls of court on a period of notice of 21 days; and
 - (b) intimation shall be made to—
 - (i) every child of the marriage between the parties who has reached the age of 16 years, and

- (ii) one of the next-of-kin of the other party to the marriage who has reached that age, unless the address of such person is not known and cannot reasonably be ascertained.
- (2) Intimation to a person referred to in paragraph (1)(b) shall be given by intimating a copy of the application and a notice of intimation in Form F37.

Opposition to applications

- 33.78.(1) Any person on whom service or intimation of a simplified divorce application has been made may give notice by letter sent to the sheriff clerk that he challenges the jurisdiction of the court or opposes the grant of decree of divorce and giving the reasons for his opposition to the application.
 - (2) Where oposition to a simplified divorce application is made under paragraph (1), the sheriff shall dismiss the application unless he is satisfied that the reasons given for the opposition are frivolous.
 - (3) The sheriff clerk shall intimate the decision under paragraph (2) to the applicant and the respondent.
 - (4) The sending of a letter under paragraph (1) shall not imply acceptance of the jurisdiction of the court.

Evidence

33.79. Parole evidence shall not be given in a simplified divorce application.

Decree

- 33.80.(1) The sheriff may grant decree in terms of the simplified divorce application on the expiry of the period of notice if such application has been properly served provided that, when the application has been served in a country to which the M29 Hague Convention on the Service Abroad of Judicial and Extra-Judicial Documents in Civil or Commercial Matters dated 15 November 1965 applies, decree shall not be granted until it is established to the satisfaction of the sheriff that the requirements of article 15 of that Convention have been complied with.
 - (2) The sheriff clerk shall, not sooner than 14 days after the granting of decree in terms of paragraph (1), issue to each party to the marriage an extract of the decree of divorce in Form F38.

Marginal Citations

M29 Cmnd. 3986 (1969).

Appeals

Any appeal against an interlocutor granting decree of divorce under rule 33.80 (decree) may be made, within 14 days after the date of decree, by sending a letter to the court giving reasons for the appeal.

Applications after decree

Any application to the court after decree of divorce has been granted in a simplified divorce application which could have been made if it had been made in an action of divorce shall be made by minute.

PART XII VARIATION OF COURT OF SESSION DECREES

Application and interpretation of this Part

- 33.83.(1) This Part applies to an application to the sheriff for variation or recall of any order to which section 8 of the M30 Act of 1966(variation of certain Court of Session orders) applies.
 - (2) In this Part, the "Act of 1966" means the Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Act 1966.

Marginal Citations

M30 1966 c.19; section 8 was amended by the Guardianship Act 1973 (c.29), Schedule 5, the Divorce (Scotland) Act 1976 (c.39), Schedule 1, the Matrimonial and Family Proceedings Act 1984 (c.42), Schedule 1, paragraph 7, the Family Law (Scotland) Act 1985 (c.37), Schedule 1, paragraph 5 and the Family Law Act 1986 (c.53), Schedule 1, paragraph 8 and Schedule 2.

Form of applications and intimation to Court of Session

- 33.84. (1) An application to which this Part applies shall be made by initial writ.
 - (2) In such an application there shall be lodged with the initial writ a copy of the interlocutor, certified by a clerk of the Court of Session, which it is sought to vary.
 - (3) Before lodging the initial writ, a copy of the initial writ certified by the pursuer or his solicitor shall be lodged, or sent by first class recorded delivery post to the Deputy Principal Clerk of Session to be lodged in the process of the cause in the Court of Session in which the original order was made.
 - (4) The pursuer or his solicitor shall attach a certificate to the initial writ stating that paragraph (3) has been complied with.
 - (5) The sheriff may, on cause shown, prorogate the time for lodging the certified copy of the interlocutor required under paragraph (1).

Defended actions

- 33.85.(1) Where a notice of intention to defend has been lodged and no request is made under rule 33.87 (remit of applications to Court of Session), the pursuer shall within 14 days after the date of the lodging of a notice of intention to defend or within such other period as the sheriff may order, lodge in process the following documents (or copies) from the process in the cause in the Court of Session in which the original order was made:—
 - (a) the pleadings;
 - (b) the interlocutor sheets;

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- (c) any opinion of the court; and
- (d) any productions on which he seeks to found.
- (2) The sheriff may, on the joint motion of parties made at any time after the lodging of the documents mentioned in paragraph (1)—
 - (a) dispense with proof;
 - (b) whether defences have been lodged or not, hear the parties; and
 - (c) thereafter, grant decree or otherwise dispose of the cause as he thinks fit.

Transmission of process to Court of Session

- 33.86.(1) Where decree has been granted or the cause otherwise disposed of—
 - (a) and the period for marking an appeal has elapsed without an appeal being marked, or
 - (b) after the determination of the cause on any appeal,

the sheriff clerk shall transmit to the Court of Session the sheriff court process and the documents from the process of the cause in the Court of Session which have been lodged in the sheriff court process.

(2) A sheriff court process transmitted under paragraph (1) shall form part of the process of the cause in the Court of Session in which the original order was made.

Remit of applications to Court of Session

- 33.87.(1) A request for a remit to the Court of Session under section 8(3) of the Act of 1966 shall be made by motion.
 - (2) The sheriff shall, in respect of any such motion, order that the cause be remitted to the Court of Session; and, within four days after the date of such order, the sheriff clerk shall transmit the whole sheriff court process to the Court of Session.
 - (3) A cause remitted to the Court of Session under paragraph (2) shall form part of the process of the cause in the Court of Session in which the original order was made.

PART XIII CHILD SUPPORT ACT 1991

Interpretation of this Part

33.88.(1) In this Part—

"the Act of 1991" means the Child Support Act 1991 F57;

"child" has the meaning assigned in section 55 of the Act of 1991;

"maintenance assessment" has the meaning assigned in section 55 of the Act of 1991.

Textual Amendments

F57 1991 c.48.

Restriction of expenses

Where the Secretary of State is named as a defender in an action for declarator of nonparentage or illegitimacy, and the Secretary of State does not defend the action, no expenses shall be awarded against the Secretary of State.

Effect of maintenance assessments

33.90. The sheriff clerk shall, on receiving notification that a maintenance assessment has been made, cancelled or has ceased to have effect so as to affect an order of a kind prescribed for the purposes of section 10 of the Act of 1991, endorse on the intelocutor sheet relating to that order a certificate, in Form F39 or F40, as the case may be.

Effect of maintenance assessments on extracts relating to aliment

- 33.91.(1) Where an order relating to aliment is affected by a maintenance assessment, any extract of that order issued by the sheriff clerk shall be endorsed with the following certificate:—
 - "A maintenance assessment having been made under the Child Support Act 1991 on (insert date), this order, in so far as it relates to the making or securing of periodical payments to or for the benefit of (insert name(s) of child/children), ceases to have effect from (insert date two days after the date on which the maintenance assessment was made)".
 - (2) Where an order relating to aliment has ceased to have effect on the making of a maintenance assessment, and that maintenance assessment is later cancelled or ceases to have effect, any extract of that order issued by the sheriff clerk shall be endorsed also with the following certificate:—
 - "The jurisdiction of the child support officer under the Child Support Act 1991 having terminated on (insert date), this order, in so far as it relates to (insert name(s) of child/children), again shall have effect as from (insert date of termination of child support officer's jurisdiction)".

VALID FROM 08/12/2005

CHAPTER 33A

CIVIL PARTNERSHIP ACTIONS

PART I GENERAL PROVISIONS

Interpretation of this Chapter

33A.1.(1) In this Chapter, "civil partnership action" means-

(a) an action of dissolution of civil partnership;

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- (b) an action of separation of civil partners;
- (c) an action or application for an order under Chapter 3 or Chapter 4 of Part 3 of the Act of 2004;
- (d) an application for a declarator or other order under section 127 of the Act of 2004;
- (e) an action or application for financial provision after overseas proceedings as provided for in Schedule 11 to the Act of 2004;
- (2) In this Chapter, unless the context otherwise requires—

"the Act of 1985" means the Family Law (Scotland) Act 1985 M31;

"the Act of 1995" means the Children (Scotland) Act 1995 M32;

"the Act of 2004" means the Civil Partnership Act 2004 M33;

"civil partnership" has the meaning assigned in section 1(1) of the Act of 2004;

"contact order" has the meaning assigned in section 11(2)(d) of the Act of 1995;

"Gender Recognition Panel" is to be construed in accordance with Schedule 1 to the Gender Recognition Act 2004 M34;

"interim gender recognition certificate" means the certificate issued under section 4 of the Gender Recognition Act 2004;

"local authority" means a council constituted under section 2 of the Local Government etc. (Scotland) Act 1994 M35;

"mental disorder" has the meaning assigned in section 328 of the Mental Health (Care and Treatment) (Scotland) Act 2003 M36;

"order for financial provision" means, except in Part VII of this Chapter (financial provision after overseas proceedings as provided for in Schedule 11 to the Act of 2004), an order mentioned in section 8(1) of the Act of 1985;

"parental responsibilities" has the meaning assigned in section 1(3) of the Act of 1995;

"parental rights" has the meaning assigned in section 2(4) of the Act of 1995;

"relevant interdict" has the meaning assigned in section 113(2) of the Act of 2004;

"residence order" has the meaning assigned in section 11(2)(c) of the Act of 1995;

"section 11 order" means an order under section 11 of the Act of 1995 M37

(3) For the purposes of rules 33A.2 (averments in actions of dissolution of civil partnership or separation of civil partners about other proceedings) and 33A.3 (averments where section 11 order sought) and, in relation to proceedings in another jurisdiction, Part XIII of this Chapter (sisting of civil partnership actions in Scotland), proceedings are continuing at any time after they have commenced and before they are finally disposed of.

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M32 1995 c. 36.
M33 2004 c. 33.
M34 2004 c. 7.
M35 1994 c. 39; section 2(2) was amended by the Environment Act 1995 (c. 25), Schedule 22, paragraph 232(1).
M36 2003 asp 13.
M37 Section 11 was amended by S.S.I. 2005/42.
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Averments in actions of dissolution of civil partnership or separation of civil partners about other proceedings

- 33A.2.(1) This rule applies to an action of dissolution of civil partnership or separation of civil partners.
 - (2) In an action to which this rule applies, the pursuer shall state in the condescendence of the initial writ—
 - (a) whether to his knowledge any proceedings are continuing in Scotland or in any other country in respect of the civil partnership to which the initial writ relates or are capable of affecting its validity or subsistence; and
 - (b) where such proceedings are continuing-
 - (i) the court, tribunal or authority before which the proceedings have been commenced;
 - (ii) the date of commencement;
 - (iii) the names of the parties;
 - (iv) the date, or expected date of any proof (or its equivalent) in the proceedings; and
 - (v) such other facts as may be relevant to the question of whether or not the action before the sheriff should be sisted under Part XIII of this Chapter.
 - (3) Where-
 - (a) such proceedings are continuing;
 - (b) the action before the sheriff is defended; and
 - (c) either-
 - (i) the initial writ does not contain the statement referred to in paragraph (2)(a); or
 - (ii) the particulars mentioned in paragraph (2)(b) as set out in the initial writ are incomplete or incorrect,

any defences or minute, as the case may be, lodged by any person to the action shall include that statement and, where appropriate, the further or correct particulars mentioned in paragraph (2)(b).

Averments where section 11 order sought

- 33A.3.(1) A party to a civil partnership action who makes an application in that action for a section 11 order in respect of a child shall include in his pleadings—
 - (a) where that action is an action of dissolution of civil partnership or separation of civil partners, averments giving particulars of any other proceedings known to him, whether in Scotland or elsewhere and whether concluded or not, which relate to the child in respect of whom the section 11 order is sought;

- (b) in any other civil partnership action—
 - (i) the averments mentioned in paragraph (a); and
 - (ii) averments giving particulars of any proceedings known to him which are continuing, whether in Scotland or elsewhere, and which relate to the civil partnership of either of the parents of that child.
- (2) Where such other proceedings are continuing or have taken place and the averments of the applicant for such a section 11 order—
 - (a) do not contain particulars of the other proceedings, or
 - (b) contain particulars which are incomplete or incorrect,

any defences or minute, as the case may be, lodged by any party to the civil partnership action shall include such particulars or such further or correct particulars as are known to him.

(3) In paragraph 1(b)(ii), "child" includes a child of the family within the meaning assigned in section 101(7) of the Act of 2004.

Averments where identity or address of person not known

In a civil partnership action, where the identity or address of any person referred to in rule 33A.7 as a person in respect of whom a warrant for intimation requires to be applied for is not known and cannot reasonably be ascertained, the party required to apply for the warrant shall include in his pleadings an averment of that fact and averments setting out what steps have been taken to ascertain the identity or address, as the case may be, of that person.

Averments about maintenance orders

In a civil partnership action in which an order for aliment or periodical allowance is sought, or is sought to be varied or recalled, by any party, the pleadings of that party shall contain an averment stating whether and, if so, when and by whom, a maintenance order (within the meaning of section 106 of the Debtors (Scotland) Act 1987 F58) has been granted in favour of or against that party or of any other person in respect of whom the order is sought.

Textual Amendments

F58 1987 c. 18; section 106 wad amended by the Child Support, Pensions and Social Security Act 2000 (c. 19), **Schedule 3**, paragraph 7(3).

Averments where aliment or financial provision sought

33A.6.(1) In this rule-

"the Act of 1991" means the Child Support Act 1991 F59;

"child" has the meaning assigned in section 55 of the Act of 1991;

"crave relating to aliment" means-

- (a) for the purposes of paragraph (2), a crave for decree of aliment in relation to a child or for recall or variation of such a decree; and
- (b) for the purposes of paragraph (3), a crave for decree of aliment in relation to a child or for recall or variation of such a decree or for

the variation or termination of an agreement on aliment in relation to a child;

"maintenance calculation" has the meaning assigned in section 54 of the Act of 1991.

- (2) A civil partnership action containing a crave relating to aliment and to which section 8(6), (7), (8), or (10) of the Act of 1991 F60 (top up maintenance orders) applies shall—
 - (a) include averments stating, where appropriate—
 - (i) that a maintenance calculation under section 11 of that Act (maintenance calculations) is in force;
 - (ii) the date of the maintenance calculation;
 - (iii) the amount and frequency of periodical payments of child support maintenance fixed by the maintenance calculation; and
 - (iv) the grounds on which the sheriff retains jurisdiction under section 8(6), (7), (8) or (10) of that Act; and
 - (b) unless the sheriff on cause shown otherwise directs, be accompanied by any document issued by the Secretary of State to the party intimating the making of the maintenance calculation referred to in sub paragraph (a).
- (3) A civil partnership action containing a crave relating to aliment, and to which section 8(6), (7), (8) or (10) of the Act of 1991 does not apply, shall include averments stating—
 - (a) that the habitual residence of the absent parent, person with care or qualifying child, within the meaning of section 3 of that Act, is furth of the United Kingdom; or
 - (b) that the child is not a child within the meaning of section 55 of that Act.
- (4) A civil partnership action involving parties in respect of whom a decision has been made in any application, review or appeal under the Act of 1991 relating to any child of those parties, shall—
 - (a) include averments stating that such a decision has been made and giving details of that decision; and
 - (b) unless the sheriff on cause shown otherwise directs, be accompanied by any document issued by the Secretary of State to the parties intimating that decision.

Textual Amendments

F59 1991 c. 48.

F60 Section 8 was amended by S.I. 2003/192.

Warrants and forms for intimation

- 33A.7.(1) Subject to paragraphs (5) and (7), in the initial writ in a civil partnership action, the pursuer shall include a crave for a warrant for intimation—
 - (a) in an action where the address of the defender is not known to the pursuer and cannot reasonably be ascertained, to—
 - (i) every person who was a child of the family (within the meaning of section 101(7) of the Act of 2004) and who has reached the age of 16 years, and

- (ii) one of the next of kin of the defender who has reached that age, unless the address of such a person is not known to the pursuer and cannot reasonably be ascertained, and a notice of intimation in Form CP1 shall be attached to the copy of the initial writ intimated to any such person;
- (b) in an action where the defender is a person who is suffering from a mental disorder, to—
 - (i) those persons mentioned in sub paragraph (a)(i) and (ii), unless the address of such person is not known to the pursuer and cannot reasonably be ascertained; and
 - (ii) any person who holds the office of guardian, or continuing or welfare attorney to the defender under or by virtue of the Adults with Incapacity (Scotland) Act 2000 M38,

and a notice of intimation in Form CP2 shall be attached to the copy of the initial writ intimated to any such person;

- (c) in an action of dissolution of civil partnership or separation of civil partners where the sheriff may make a section 11 order in respect of a child—
 - (i) who is in the care of a local authority, to that authority and a notice of intimation in Form CP3 shall be attached to the initial writ intimated to that authority;
 - (ii) who, being a child of one party to the civil partnership, has been accepted as a child of the family by the other party to the civil partnership and who is liable to be maintained by a third party, to that third party, and a notice of intimation in Form CP3 shall be attached to the initial writ intimated to that third party; or
 - (iii) in respect of whom a third party in fact exercises care or control, to that third party, and a notice of intimation in Form CP4 shall be attached to the initial writ intimated to that third party;
- (d) in an action where the pursuer craves a section 11 order, to any parent or guardian of the child who is not a party to the action, and a notice of intimation in Form CP5 shall be attached to the initial writ intimated to any such parent or guardian;
- (e) in an action where the pursuer craves a residence order in respect of a child and he is—
 - (i) not a parent of that child; and
 - (ii) resident in Scotland when the initial writ is lodged,

to the local authority within which area the pursuer resides, and a notice of intimation in Form CP6 shall be attached to the initial writ intimated to that authority;

- (f) in an action which includes a crave for a section 11 order, to the child to whom such an order would relate if not a party to the action, and a notice of intimation in Form CP7 shall be intimated to that child;
- (g) in an action where the pursuer makes an application for an order under section 8(1)(aa) of the Act of 1985 M39 (transfer of property) and—
 - (i) the consent of a third party to such a transfer is necessary by virtue of an obligation, enactment or rule of law, or
 - (ii) the property is subject to a security,

to the third party or creditor, as the case may be, and a notice of intimation in Form CP8 shall be attached to the initial writ intimated to any such person;

- (h) in an action where the pursuer makes an application for an order under section 18 of the Act of 1985 (which relates to avoidance transactions), to—
 - (i) any third party in whose favour the transfer of, or transaction involving, the property is to be or was made, and
 - (ii) any other person having an interest in the transfer of, or transaction involving, the property,

and a notice of intimation in Form CP9 shall be attached to the initial writ intimated to any such person;

- (i) in an action where the pursuer makes an application for an order under Chapter 3 of Part 3 of the Act of 2004, where the application is under section 102(1)(e), 102(4)(a), 103(1), 103(2), 104, 107 or 112 of that Act, and the entitled civil partner is a tenant or occupies the family home by permission of a third party, to the landlord or the third party, as the case may be and a notice of intimation in Form CP10 shall be attached to the initial writ intimated to any such person;
- (j) in an action where the pursuer makes an application for an order under section 8(1)(ba) of the Act of 1985 M40 (orders under section 12A of the Act of 1985 for pension lump sum), to the person responsible for the pension arrangement, and a notice of intimation in Form CP11 shall be attached to the initial writ intimated to any such person; and
- (k) in an action where a pursuer makes an application for an order under section 8(1)(baa) of the Act of 1985 M41 (pension sharing orders), to the person responsible for the pension arrangement and a notice of intimation in Form CP12 shall be attached to the initial writ intimated to any such person.
- (2) Expressions used in paragraph (1)(i) which are also used in Chapter 3 of Part 3 of the Act of 2004 have the same meaning as in that Chapter.
- (3) A notice of intimation under paragraph (1) shall be on a period of notice of 21 days unless the sheriff otherwise orders; but the sheriff shall not order a period of notice of less than 2 days.
- (4) In a civil partnership action, where the pursuer–
 - (a) craves a residence order in respect of a child;
 - (b) is not a parent of the child, and
 - (c) is not resident in Scotland when the initial writ is lodged for warranting, he shall include a crave for an order for intimation in Form CP6 to such local authority as the sheriff thinks fit.
- (5) Where the address of a person mentioned in paragraph (1)(c), (d), (f), (g), (h), (i), (j) or (k) is not known and cannot reasonably be ascertained, the pursuer shall include a crave in the initial writ to dispense with intimation; and the sheriff may grant that crave or make such other order as he thinks fit.
- (6) Where the identity or address of a person to whom intimation of a civil partnership action is required becomes known during the course of the action, the party who would have been required to insert a warrant for intimation to that person shall lodge a motion for a warrant for intimation to that person or to dispense with such intimation.
- (7) Where a pursuer considers that to order intimation to a child under paragraph (1) (f) is inappropriate, he shall—

- (a) include a crave in the initial writ to dispense with intimation to that child; and
- (b) include in the initial writ averments setting out the reasons why such intimation is inappropriate;

and the sheriff may dispense with such intimation or make such other order as he thinks fit.

Marginal Citations

M38 2000 asp 4.

M39 Section 8(1)(aa) was inserted by the Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Act 1990 (c. 40), section 74 and Schedule 8, paragraph 34(b).

M40 Section 8(1)(ba) was inserted by the Pensions Act 1995 (c. 26), section 167(1).

M41 Section 8(1)(baa) was inserted by the Welfare Reform and Pensions Act 1999 (c. 30), section 20(1).

Intimation where alleged association

- 33A.8.(1) In a civil partnership action where the pursuer founds upon an alleged association between the defender and another named person, the pursuer shall, immediately after the expiry of the period of notice, lodge a motion for an order for intimation to that person or to dispense with such intimation.
 - (2) In determining a motion under paragraph (1), the sheriff may-
 - (a) make such order for intimation as he thinks fit; or
 - (b) dispense with intimation; and
 - (c) where he dispenses with intimation, order that the name of that person be deleted from the condescendence of the initial writ.
 - (3) Where intimation is ordered under paragraph (2), a copy of the initial writ and an intimation in Form CP13 shall be intimated to the named person.
 - (4) In paragraph (1), "association" means sodomy, incest, or any homosexual or heterosexual relationship.

Productions in action of dissolution of civil partnership or where section 11 order may be made

- 33A.9.(1) This rule applies unless the sheriff directs otherwise.
 - (2) In an action of dissolution of civil partnership, a warrant for citation shall not be granted without there being produced with the initial writ—
 - (a) an extract of the relevant entry in the civil partnership register or an equivalent document; and
 - (b) where the ground of action is that an interim gender recognition certificate has, after the date of registration of the civil partnership, been issued to either of the civil partners—
 - (i) where the pursuer is the subject of the interim gender recognition certificate, the interim gender recognition certificate or, failing that, a certified copy of the interim gender recognition certificate;

- (ii) where the defender is the subject of the interim gender recognition certificate, a certified copy of the interim gender recognition certificate.
- (3) In a civil partnership action which includes a crave for a section 11 order, a warrant for citation shall not be granted without there being produced with the initial writ an extract of the relevant entry in the register of births or an equivalent document.
- (4) For the purposes of this rule, a certified copy of an interim gender recognition certificate shall be a copy of that certificate sealed with the seal of the Gender Recognition Panels and certified to be a true copy by an officer authorised by the President of Gender Recognition Panels.

Warrant of citation

33A.10. The warrant of citation in a civil partnership action shall be in Form CP14.

Form of citation and certificate

- 33A.1(1) Subject to rule 5.6 (service where address of person is not known), citation of a defender shall be in Form CP15, which shall be attached to a copy of the initial writ and warrant of citation and shall have appended to it a notice of intention to defend in Form CP16.
 - (2) The certificate of citation shall be in Form CP17 which shall be attached to the initial writ.

Execution of service on, or intimation to, local authority

- 33A.121) Where a local authority referred to in rule 33A.7(1)(e)(residence order sought by non parent resident in Scotland) or rule 33A.7(4) (residence order sought by pursuer not resident in Scotland) is named as a defender in an initial writ at the time it is lodged, service of the initial writ on that local authority shall be executed within 7 days after the date of granting of the warrant of citation.
 - (2) Where in a civil partnership action—
 - (a) to which rule 33A.7(1)(e) applies, or
 - (b) in which a crave under rule 33A.7(4) is required,

the local authority referred to in that provision is named as a defender in the initial writ at the time it is lodged, a notice in Form CP6 shall be attached to the copy of the initial writ served on that local authority.

- (3) In any civil partnership action, the sheriff may, if he thinks fit, order intimation to a local authority; and such intimation shall be in Form CP6; and
- (4) Where, by virtue of paragraph (3) of this rule, or rule 33A.7(1)(e), or rule 33A.7(4), intimation of an application for a residence order is to be made to a local authority, intimation to that local authority shall be given within 7 days after the date on which a warrant of citation, or an order for intimation, as the case may be, has been granted.

Service in cases of mental disorder of defender

33A.131) In a civil partnership action where the defender suffers or appears to suffer from mental disorder and is resident in a hospital or other similar institution, citation shall

be executed by registered post or the first class recorded delivery service addressed to the medical officer in charge of that hospital or institution; and there shall be included with the copy of the initial writ—

- (a) a citation in Form CP15;
- (b) any notice required by rule 33A.14(1);
- (c) a request in Form CP18;
- (d) a form of certificate in Form CP19 requesting the medical officer to-
 - (i) deliver and explain the initial writ, citation and any notice or form of notice of consent required under rule 33A.14(1) personally to the defender; or
 - (ii) certify that such delivery or explanation would be dangerous to the health or mental condition of the defender; and
- (e) a stamped envelope addressed for return of that certificate to the pursuer or his solicitor, if he has one.
- (2) The medical officer referred to in paragraph (1) shall send the certificate in Form CP19 duly completed to the pursuer or his solicitor, as the case may be.
- (3) The certificate mentioned in paragraph (2) shall be attached to the certificate of citation.
- (4) Where such a certificate bears that the initial writ has not been delivered to the defender, the sheriff may, at any time before decree—
 - (a) order such further medical inquiry, and
 - (b) make such order for further service or intimation, as he thinks fit.

Notices in certain actions of dissolution of civil partnership or separation of civil partners

- 33A.141) In the following actions of dissolution of civil partnership or separation of civil partners there shall be attached to the copy of the initial writ served on the defender—
 - (a) in an action relying on section 117(3)(c) of the Act of 2004 (no cohabitation for two years with consent of defender to decree)—
 - (i) which is an action of dissolution of civil partnership, a notice in Form CP20 and a notice of consent in Form CP21;
 - (ii) which is an action of separation of civil partners, a notice in Form CP22 and a form of notice of consent in Form CP23;
 - (b) in an action relying on section 117(3)(d) of the Act of 2004 (no cohabitation for five years)—
 - (i) which is an action of dissolution of civil partnership, a notice in Form CP24;
 - (ii) which is an action of separation of civil partners, a notice in Form CP25.
 - (2) The certificate of citation of an initial writ in an action mentioned in paragraph (1) shall state which notice or form mentioned in paragraph (1) has been attached to the initial writ.

Orders for intimation

33A.15(1) In any civil partnership action, the sheriff may, at any time-

- (a) subject to paragraph (2), order intimation to be made on such person as he thinks fit;
- (b) postpone intimation, where he considers that such postponement is appropriate and, in that case, the sheriff shall make such order in respect of postponement of intimation as he thinks fit; or
- (c) dispense with intimation, where he considers that such dispensation is appropriate.
- (2) Where the sheriff is considering whether to make a section 11 order by virtue of section 12 of the Act of 1995 (restrictions on decrees for dissolution of civil partnership, separation or annulment affecting children), he shall, subject to paragraph (1)(c) and without prejudice to paragraph (1)(b) of this rule, order intimation in Form CP7 to the child to whom the section 11 order would relate unless—
 - (a) intimation has been given to the child under rule 33A.7(1)(f); or
 - (b) the sheriff considers that the child is not of sufficient age or maturity to express his views.
- (3) Where a party makes a crave or averment in a civil partnership action which, had it been made in an initial writ, would have required a warrant for intimation under rule 33.7, that party shall include a crave in his writ for a warrant for intimation or to dispense with such intimation; and rule 33A.7 shall, with the necessary modifications, apply to a crave for a warrant under this paragraph as it applies to a crave for a warrant under that rule.

Appointment of curators ad litem to defenders

- 33A.161) This rule applies to an action of dissolution of civil partnership or separation of civil partners where it appears to the court that the defender is suffering from a mental disorder.
 - (2) In an action to which this rule applies, the sheriff shall—
 - (a) appoint a curator *ad litem* to the defender;
 - (b) where the facts set out in section 117(3)(c) of the Act of 2004 (no cohabitation for two years with consent of defender to decree) are relied on—
 - (i) make an order for intimation of the ground of the action to the Mental Welfare Commission for Scotland; and
 - (ii) include in such an order a requirement that the Commission sends to the sheriff clerk a report indicating whether in its opinion the defender is capable of deciding whether or not to give consent to the granting of decree.
 - (3) Within 7 days after the appointment of a curator *ad litem* under paragraph (2)(a), the pursuer shall send to him—
 - (a) a copy of the initial writ and any defences (including any adjustments and amendments) lodged; and
 - (b) a copy of any notice in Form G5 sent to him by the sheriff clerk.
 - (4) On receipt of a report required under paragraph (2)(b)(ii), the sheriff clerk shall—
 - (a) lodge the report in process; and
 - (b) intimate that this has been done to-

- (i) the pursuer;
- (ii) the solicitor for the defender, if known; and
- (iii) the curator ad litem.
- (5) The curator *ad litem* shall lodge in process one of the writs mentioned in paragraph (6)—
 - (a) within 14 days after the report required under paragraph (2)(b)(ii) has been lodged in process; or
 - (b) where no such report is required, within 21 days after the date of his appointment under paragraph (2)(a).
- (6) The writs referred to in paragraph (5) are-
 - (a) a notice of intention to defend;
 - (b) defences to the action;
 - (c) a minute adopting defences already lodged; and
 - (d) a minute stating that the curator *ad litem* does not intend to lodge defences.
- (7) Notwithstanding that he has lodged a minute stating that he does not intend to lodge defences, a curator *ad litem* may appear at any stage of the action to protect the interests of the defender.
- (8) If, at any time, it appears to the curator *ad litem* that the defender is not suffering from mental disorder, he may report that fact to the court and seek his own discharge.
- (9) The pursuer shall be responsible, in the first instance, for payment of the fees and outlays of the curator *ad litem* incurred during the period from his appointment until—
 - (a) he lodges a minute stating that he does not intend to lodge defences;
 - (b) he decides to instruct the lodging of defences or a minute adopting defences already lodged; or
 - (c) being satisfied after investigation that the defender is not suffering from mental disorder, he is discharged.

Applications for sist

An application for a sist, or the recall of a sist, under Part XIII of this Chapter shall be made by written motion.

Notices of consent to dissolution of civil partnership or separation of civil partners

- 33A.1§1) Where, in an action of dissolution of civil partnership or separation of civil partners in which the facts in section 117(3)(c) of the Act of 2004 (no cohabitation for two years with consent of defender to decree) are relied on, the defender wishes to consent to the grant of decree of dissolution of civil partnership or separation of civil partners he shall do so by giving notice in writing in Form CP21 (dissolution) or Form CP23 (separation), as the case may be, to the sheriff clerk.
 - (2) The evidence of one witness shall be sufficient for the purpose of establishing that the signature on a notice of consent under paragraph (1) is that of the defender.
 - (3) In an action of dissolution of civil partnership or separation of civil partners where the initial writ includes, for the purposes of section 117(3)(c) of the Act of 2004, an

- averment that the defender consents to the grant of decree, the defender may give notice by letter sent to the sheriff clerk stating that he has not so consented or that he withdraws any consent which he has already given.
- (4) On receipt of a letter under paragraph (3), the sheriff clerk shall intimate the terms of the letter to the pursuer.
- (5) On receipt of any intimation under paragraph (4), the pursuer may, within 14 days after the date of the intimation, if none of the other facts mentioned in section 117(3) of the Act of 2004 is averred in the initial writ, lodge a motion for the action to be sisted.
- (6) If no such motion is lodged, the pursuer shall be deemed to have abandoned the action and the action shall be dismissed.
- (7) If a motion under paragraph (5) is granted and the sist is not recalled or renewed within a period of 6 months from the date of the interlocutor granting the sist, the pursuer shall be deemed to have abandoned the action and the action shall be dismissed.

Procedure in respect of children

- 33A.1(1) In a civil partnership action, in relation to any matter affecting a child, where that child has—
 - (a) returned to the sheriff clerk Form CP7, or
 - (b) otherwise indicated to the court a wish to express views on a matter affecting him, the sheriff shall not grant any order unless an opportunity has been given for the views of that child to be obtained or heard.
 - (2) Where a child has indicated his wish to express his views, the sheriff shall order such steps to be taken as he considers appropriate to ascertain the views of that child.
 - (3) The sheriff shall not grant an order in a civil partnership action, in relation to any matter affecting a child who has indicated his wish to express his views, unless due weight has been given by the sheriff to the views expressed by that child, having due regard to his age and maturity.

Recording of views of the child

- 33A.201) This rule applies where a child expresses a view on a matter affecting him whether expressed personally to the sheriff or to a person appointed by the sheriff for that purpose or provided by the child in writing.
 - (2) The sheriff, or the person appointed by the sheriff, shall record the views of the child in writing; and the sheriff may direct that such views, and any written views, given by a child shall—
 - (a) be sealed in an envelope marked "Views of the child confidential";
 - (b) be kept in the court process without being recorded in the inventory of process;
 - (c) be available to a sheriff only;
 - (d) not be opened by any person other than a sheriff; and
 - (e) not form a borrowable part of the process.

Appointment of local authority or reporter to report on a child

- 33A.2(1) This rule applies where, at any stage of a civil partnership action, the sheriff appoints—
 - (a) a local authority, whether under section 11(1) of the Matrimonial Proceedings (Children) Act 1958 ^{F61} (reports as to arrangements for future care and upbringing of children) or otherwise, or
 - (b) another person (referred to in this rule as a "reporter"), whether under a provision mentioned in sub paragraph (a) or otherwise,

to investigate and report to the court on the circumstances of a child and on proposed arrangements for the care and upbringing of the child.

- (2) On making an appointment referred to in paragraph (1), the sheriff shall direct that the party who sought the appointment or, where the court makes the appointment of its own motion, the pursuer or minuter, as the case may be, shall—
 - (a) instruct the local authority or reporter; and
 - (b) be responsible, in the first instance, for the fees and outlays of the local authority or reporter appointed.
- (3) Where a local authority or reporter is appointed—
 - (a) the party who sought the appointment, or
 - (b) where the sheriff makes the appointment of his own motion, the pursuer or minuter, as the case may be,

shall, within 7 days after the date of the appointment, intimate the name and address of the local authority or reporter to any local authority to which intimation of the family action has been made.

- (4) On completion of a report referred to in paragraph (1), the local authority or reporter, as the case may be, shall send the report, with a copy of it for each party, to the sheriff clerk.
- (5) On receipt of such a report, the sheriff clerk shall send a copy of the report to each party.
- (6) Where a local authority or reporter has been appointed to investigate and report in respect of a child, an application for a section 11 order in respect of that child shall not be determined until the report of the local authority or reporter, as the case may be, has been lodged.

Textual Amendments

F61 1958 c. 40; section 11(1) was amended by the Children (Scotland) Act 1995 (c. 36), **Schedule 4**, paragraph 9.

Referral to family mediation

In any civil partnership action in which an order in relation to parental responsibilities or parental rights is in issue, the sheriff may, at any stage of the action, where he considers it appropriate to do so, refer that issue to a mediator accredited to a specified family mediation organisation.

Applications for orders to disclose whereabouts of children

- 33A.241) An application in a civil partnership action for an order under section 33(1) of the Family Law Act 1986 ^{F62} (which relates to the disclosure of the whereabouts of a child) shall be made by motion.
 - (2) Where the sheriff makes an order under section 33(1) of the Family Law Act 1986, he may ordain the person against whom the order has been made to appear before him or to lodge an affidavit.

Textual Amendments

F62 1986 c. 55.

Applications in relation to removal of children

- 33A.23(1) An application in a civil partnership action for leave under section 51(1) of the Children Act 1975 ^{F63} (authority to remove a child from the care and possession of the applicant for a residence order) or for an order under section 35(3) of the Family Law Act 1986 (application for interdict or interim interdict prohibiting removal of child from jurisdiction) shall be made—
 - (a) by a party to the action, by motion; or
 - (b) by a person who is not a party to the action, by minute.
 - (2) An application under section 35(3) of the Family Law Act 1986 need not be served or intimated.
 - (3) An application in a civil partnership action under section 23(2) of the Child Abduction and Custody Act 1985 ^{F64} (declarator that removal of child from United Kingdom was unlawful) shall be made—
 - (a) in an action depending before the sheriff—
 - (i) by a party, in the initial writ, defences or minute, as the case may be, or by motion; or
 - (ii) by any other person, by minute; or
 - (b) after final decree, by minute in the process of the action to which the application relates.

Textual Amendments

F63 1975 c. 72. **F64** 1985 c. 60.

Intimation to local authority before supervised contact order

- Where in a civil partnership action the sheriff, at his own instance or on the motion of a party, is considering making a contact order or an interim contact order subject to supervision by the social work department of a local authority, he shall ordain the party moving for such an order to intimate to the chief executive of that local authority (where not already a party to the action and represented at the hearing at which the issue arises)—
 - (a) the terms of any relevant motion;

- (b) the intention of the sheriff to order that the contact order be supervised by the social work department of that local authority; and
- (c) that the local authority shall, within such period as the sheriff has determined—
 - (i) notify the sheriff clerk whether it intends to make representations to the sheriff; and
 - (ii) where it intends to make representations in writing, do so within that period.

Joint minutes

- Where any parties in a civil partnership action have reached agreement in relation to—
 - (a) a section 11 order;
 - (b) aliment for a child; or
 - (c) an order for financial provision,

a joint minute may be entered into expressing that agreement; and, subject to rule 33A.19(3) (no order before views of child expressed), the sheriff may grant decree in respect of those parts of the joint minute in relation to which he could otherwise make an order, whether or not such a decree would include a matter for which there was no crave.

Affidavits

The sheriff in a civil partnership action may accept evidence by affidavit at any hearing for an order or interim order.

[^{F65}PART II UNDEFENDED CIVIL PARTNERSHIP ACTIONS

Textual Amendments

F65 Sch. 1 Ch. 33A inserted (8.12.2005) by Act of Sederunt (Ordinary Cause Rules) Amendment (Civil Partnership Act 2004) 2005 (S.S.I. 2005/638), art. 2(2)

Evidence in certain undefended civil partnership actions

33A.291) This rule-

- (a) subject to sub paragraph (b), applies to all civil partnership actions in which no notice of intention to defend has been lodged, other than a civil partnership action—
 - (i) for financial provision after overseas proceedings as provided for in Schedule 11 to the Act of 2004; or
 - (ii) for an order under Chapter 3 or Chapter 4 of Part 3 or section 127 of the Act of 2004;
- (b) applies to a civil partnership action in which a curator *ad litem* has been appointed under rule 33A.16 where the curator *ad litem* to the defender has lodged a minute intimating that he does not intend to lodge defences;

- (c) applies to any civil partnership action which proceeds at any stage as undefended where the sheriff so directs;
- (d) applies to the merits of a civil partnership action which is undefended on the merits where the sheriff so directs, notwithstanding that the action is defended on an ancillary matter.
- (2) Unless the sheriff otherwise directs, evidence shall be given by affidavits.
- (3) Unless the sheriff otherwise directs, evidence relating to the welfare of a child shall be given by affidavit, at least one affidavit being emitted by a person other than a parent or party to the action.
- (4) Evidence in the form of a written statement bearing to be the professional opinion of a duly qualified medical practitioner, which has been signed by him and lodged in process, shall be admissible in place of parole evidence by him.

Procedure for decree in actions under rule 33A.29

- 33A.3(1) In an action to which rule 33A.29 (evidence in certain undefended civil partnership actions) applies, the pursuer shall at any time after the expiry of the period for lodging a notice of intention to defend—
 - (a) lodge in process the affidavit evidence; and
 - (b) endorse a minute in Form CP27 on the initial writ.
 - (2) The sheriff may, at any time after the pursuer has complied with paragraph (1), without requiring the appearance of parties—
 - (a) grant decree in terms of the motion for decree; or
 - (b) remit the cause for such further procedure, if any, including proof by parole evidence, as the sheriff thinks fit.

Extracts of undefended decree

33A.31. In an action to which rule 33A.29 (evidence in certain undefended civil partnership actions) applies, the sheriff clerk shall, after the expiry of 14 days after the grant of decree under rule 33A.30 (procedure for decree in actions under rule 33A.29), issue to the pursuer and the defender an extract decree.

No recording of evidence

33A.32. It shall not be necessary to record the evidence in any proof in a civil partnership action which is not defended.

Disapplication of Chapter 15

Other than rule 15.1(1), Chapter 15 (motions) shall not apply to a civil partnership action in which no notice of intention to defend has been lodged, or to a civil partnership action in so far as it proceeds as undefended.

PART III DEFENDED CIVIL PARTNERSHIP ACTIONS

Notice of intention to defend and defences

- 33A.341) This rule applies where the defender in a civil partnership action seeks—
 - (a) to oppose any crave in the initial writ;
 - (b) to make a claim for-
 - (i) aliment;
 - (ii) an order for financial provision within the meaning of section 8(3) of the Act of 1985; or
 - (iii) a section 11 order; or
 - (c) an order-
 - (i) under section 16(1)(b) or (3) of the Act of 1985 ^{F66} (setting aside or varying agreement as to financial provision);
 - (ii) under section 18 of the Act of 1985 (which relates to avoidance transactions); or
 - (iii) under Chapter 3 or Chapter 4 of Part 3 or section 127 of the Act of 2004; or
 - (d) to challenge the jurisdiction of the court.
 - (2) In an action to which this rule applies, the defender shall-
 - (a) lodge a notice of intention to defend in Form CP16 before the expiry of the period of notice; and
 - (b) make any claim or seek any order referred to in paragraph (1), as the case may be, in those defences by setting out in his defences—
 - (i) craves;
 - (ii) averments in the answers to the condescendence in support of those craves; and
 - (iii) appropriate pleas-in-law.
 - (3) Where a defender intends to make an application for a section 11 order which, had it been made in an initial writ, would have required a warrant for intimation under rule 33A.7, the defender shall include a crave in his notice of intention to defend for a warrant for intimation or to dispense with such intimation; and rule 33A.7 shall, with the necessary modifications, apply to a crave for a warrant under this paragraph as it applies to a crave for a warrant under that rule.

Textual Amendments

F66 Section 16(3) was amended by the Child Support, Pensions and Social Security Act 2000 (c. 19), **Schedule 3**, paragraph 5.

Abandonment by pursuer

33A.35. Notwithstanding abandonment by a pursuer of a civil partnership action, the court may allow a defender to pursue an order or claim sought in his defences; and the proceedings in relation to that order or claim shall continue in dependence as if a separate cause.

Attendance of parties at Options Hearing

All parties to a civil partnership action shall, except on cause shown, attend personally the hearing under rule 9.12 (Options Hearing).

Decree by default

- 33A.371) In a civil partnership action in which the defender has lodged a notice of intention to defend, where a party fails—
 - (a) to lodge, or intimate the lodging of, any production or part of process;
 - (b) to implement an order of the sheriff within a specified period; or
 - (c) to appear or be represented at any diet,

that party shall be in default.

- (2) Where a party is in default under paragraph (1), the sheriff may-
 - (a) where the civil partnership action is one mentioned in rule 33A.1(1) (a) or (b), allow that action to proceed as undefended under Part II of this Chapter; or
 - (b) where the civil partnership action is one mentioned in rule 33A.1(1)(c) to (e), grant decree as craved; or
 - (c) grant decree of absolvitor; or
 - (d) dismiss the civil partnership action or any claim made or order sought; and
 - (e) award expenses.
- (3) Where no party appears at a diet in a civil partnership action, the sheriff may dismiss that action.
- (4) In a civil partnership action, the sheriff may, on cause shown, prorogate the time for lodging any production or part of process, or for intimating or implementing any order.

PART IV

APPLICATIONS AND ORDERS RELATING TO CHILDREN IN CERTAIN ACTIONS

Application and interpretation of this Part

This Part applies to an action of dissolution of civil partnership or separation of civil partners.

Applications in actions to which this Part applies

- 33A.3(1) An application for an order mentioned in paragraph (2) shall be made-
 - (a) by a crave in the initial writ or defences, as the case may be, in an action to which this Part applies; or
 - (b) where the application is made by a person other than the pursuer or defender, by minute in that action.
 - (2) The orders referred to in paragraph (1) are:-
 - (a) an order for a section 11 order; and
 - (b) an order for aliment for a child.

Applications in depending actions by motion

- An application by a party in an action depending before the court to which this Part applies for, or for variation of, an order for—
 - (a) interim aliment for a child under the age of 18; or
 - (b) a residence order or a contact order, shall be made by motion.

Applications after decree relating to a section 11 order

- 33A.4(1) An application after final decree for, or for the variation or recall of, a section 11 order or in relation to the enforcement of such an order shall be made by minute in the process of the action to which the application relates.
 - (2) Where a minute has been lodged under paragraph (1), any party may apply by motion for any interim order which may be made pending the determination of the application.

Applications after decree relating to aliment

- 33A.421) An application after final decree for, or for the variation or recall of, an order for aliment for a child shall be made by minute in the process of the action to which the application relates.
 - (2) Where a minute has been lodged under paragraph (1), any party may lodge a motion for any interim order which may be made pending the determination of the application.

Applications after decree by persons over 18 years for aliment

33A.43(1) A person-

- (a) to whom an obligation of aliment is owed under section 1 of the Act of 1985;
- (b) in whose favour an order for aliment while under the age of 18 years was made in an action to which this Part applies, and
- (c) who seeks, after attaining that age, an order for aliment against the person in that action against whom the order for aliment in his favour was made,

shall apply by minute in the process of that action.

- (2) An application for interim aliment pending the determination of an application under paragraph (1) shall be made by motion.
- (3) Where a decree has been pronounced in an application under paragraph (1) or (2), any application for variation or recall of any such decree shall be made by minute in the process of the action to which the application relates.

PART V ORDERS RELATING TO FINANCIAL PROVISIONS

Application and interpretation of this Part

33A.441) This Part applies to an action of dissolution of civil partnership.

(2) In this Part, "incidental order" has the meaning assigned in section 14(2) of the Act of 1985.

Applications in actions to which this Part applies

- 33A.451) An application for an order mentioned in paragraph (2) shall be made-
 - (a) by a crave in the initial writ or defences, as the case may be, in an action to which this Part applies; or
 - (b) where the application is made by a person other than the pursuer or defender, by minute in that action.
 - (2) The orders referred to in paragraph (1) are:-
 - (a) an order for financial provision within the meaning of section 8(3) of the Act of 1985;
 - (b) an order under section 16(1)(b) or (3) of the Act of 1985 (setting aside or varying agreement as to financial provision);
 - (c) an order under section 18 of the Act of 1985 (which relates to avoidance transactions); and
 - (d) an order under section 112 of the Act of 2004 (transfer of tenancy).

Applications in depending actions relating to incidental orders

- 33A.461) In an action depending before the sheriff to which this Part applies—
 - (a) the pursuer or defender, notwithstanding rules 33A.34(2) (application by defender for order for financial provision) and 33A.45(1)(a) (application for order for financial provision in initial writ or defences), may apply by motion for an incidental order; and
 - (b) the sheriff shall not be bound to determine such a motion if he considers that the application should properly be by a crave in the initial writ or defences, as the case may be.
 - (2) In an action depending before the sheriff to which this Part applies, an application under section 14(4) of the Act of 1985 for the variation or recall of an incidental order shall be made by minute in the process of the action to which the application relates.

Applications relating to interim aliment

An application for, or for the variation or recall of, an order for interim aliment for the pursuer or defender shall be made by motion.

Applications relating to orders for financial provision

33A.4§1) An application-

- (a) after final decree under any of the following provisions of the Act of 1985–
 - (i) section 8(1) for periodical allowance;
 - (ii) section 12(1)(b) (payment of capital sum or transfer of property);
 - (iii) section 12(4) (variation of date or method of payment of capital sum or date of transfer of property); or
 - (iv) section 13(4) (variation, recall, backdating or conversion of periodical allowance); or

- (b) after the grant or refusal of an application under—
 - (i) section 8(1) or 14(3) for an incidental order; or
 - (ii) section 14(4) (variation or recall of incidental order),

shall be made by minute in the process of the action to which the application relates.

- (2) Where a minute is lodged under paragraph (1), any party may lodge a motion for any interim order which may be made pending the determination of the application.
- (3) An application under-
 - (a) paragraph (5) of section 12A of the Act of 1985 F67 (recall or variation of order in respect of a pension lump sum);
 - (b) paragraph (7) of that section ^{F68} (variation of order in respect of pension lump sum to substitute trustees or managers); or
 - (c) section 28(10) or 48(9) of the Welfare Reform and Pensions Act 1999, shall be made by minute in the process of the action to which the application relates.

Textual Amendments

F67 Section 12A(5) was inserted by the Pensions Act 1995 (c. 26), section 167(3) and amended by the Welfare Reform and Pensions Act 1999 (c. 30), section 84 and Schedule 12, Part 1, paragraph 9(1)(6).

F68 Section 12A(7) was inserted by the Pensions Act 1995 (c. 26), section 167(3) and amended by the Welfare Reform and Pensions Act 1999 (c. 30), section 84 and Schedule 12, Part 1, paragraph 9(1)(8).

Applications after decree relating to agreements and avoidance transactions

- 33A.49. An application for an order–
 - (a) under section 16(1)(a) or (3) of the Act of 1985 (setting aside or varying agreements as to financial provision), or
 - (b) under section 18 of the Act of 1985 (which relates to avoidance transactions),

made after final decree shall be made by minute in the process of the action to which the application relates.

PART VI

APPLICATIONS RELATING TO AVOIDANCE TRANSACTIONS

Form of applications

- 33A.5(1) An application for an order under section 18 of the Act of 1985 (which relates to avoidance transactions) by a party to a civil partnership action shall be made by including in the initial writ, defences or minute, as the case may be, appropriate craves, averments and pleas in law.
 - (2) An application for an order under section 18 of the Act of 1985 after final decree in a civil partnership action shall be made by minute in the process of the action to which the application relates.

PART VII

FINANCIAL PROVISION AFTER OVERSEAS PROCEEDINGS

Interpretation of this Part

33A.51. In this Part–

"order for financial provision" has the meaning assigned in paragraph 4 of Schedule 11 to the Act of 2004;

"overseas proceedings" has the meaning assigned in paragraph 1(1)(a) of Schedule 11 to the Act of 2004.

Applications for financial provision after overseas proceedings

- 33A.52(1) An application under paragraph 2(1) of Schedule 11 to the Act of 2004 for an order for financial provision after overseas proceedings shall be made by initial writ.
 - (2) An application for an order in an action to which paragraph (1) applies made before final decree under—
 - (a) section 112 of the Act of 2004 (transfer of tenancy of family home);
 - (b) paragraph 3(4) of Schedule 11 to the Act of 2004 for interim periodical allowance; or
 - (c) section 14(4) of the Act of 1985 (variation or recall of incidental order), shall be made by motion.
 - (3) An application for an order in an action to which paragraph (1) applies made after final decree under–
 - (a) section 12(4) of the Act of 1985 (variation of date or method of payment of capital sum or date of transfer of property);
 - (b) section 13(4) of the Act of 1985 (variation, recall, backdating or conversion of periodical allowance); or
 - (c) section 14(4) of the Act of 1985 (variation or recall of incidental order), shall be made by minute in the process of the action to which it relates.
 - (4) An application under–
 - (a) paragraph (5) of section 12A of the Act of 1985 (recall or variation of order in respect of a pension lump sum); or
 - (b) paragraph (7) of that section (variation of order in respect of pension lump sum to substitute trustees or managers),

shall be made by minute in the process of the action to which the application relates.

(5) Where a minute has been lodged under paragraph (3), any party may apply by motion for an interim order pending the determination of the application.

PART VIII ACTIONS IN RESPECT OF ALIMENT

Applications relating to agreements on aliment

In a civil partnership action in which a crave for aliment may be made, an application under section 7(2) of the Act of 1985 shall be made by a crave in the initial writ or in defences, as the case may be.

PART IX

APPLICATIONS FOR ORDERS UNDER SECTION 11 OF THE CHILDREN (SCOTLAND) ACT 1995

Application of this Part

This Part applies to an application for a section 11 order in a civil partnership action other than in an action of dissolution of civil partnership or separation of civil partners.

Form of applications

- 33A.55. Subject to any other provision in this Chapter, an application for a section 11 order shall be made—
 - (a) by a crave in the initial writ or defences, as the case may be, in a civil partnership action to which this Part applies; or
 - (b) where the application is made by a person other than a party to an action mentioned in paragraph (a), by minute in that action.

Applications relating to interim orders in depending actions

- An application, in an action depending before the sheriff to which this Part applies, for, or for the variation or recall of, an interim residence order or an interim contact order shall be made—
 - (a) by a party to the action, by motion; or
 - (b) by a person who is not a party to the action, by minute.

Applications after decree

- 33A.571) An application after final decree for variation or recall of a section 11 order shall be made by minute in the process of the action to which the application relates.
 - (2) Where a minute has been lodged under paragraph (1), any party may apply by motion for an interim order pending the determination of the application.

PARTX

ACTIONS RELATING TO OCCUPANCY RIGHTS AND TENANCIES

Application of this Part

This Part applies to an action or application for an order under Chapter 3 or Chapter 4 of Part 3 or section 127 of the Act of 2004.

Interpretation of this Part

Unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions used in this Part which are also used in Chapter 3 or Chapter 4 of Part 3 of the Act of 2004 have the same meaning as in Chapter 3 or Chapter 4, as the case may be.

Form of application

- 33A.6(1) Subject to any other provision in this Chapter, an application for an order under this Part shall be made—
 - (a) by an action for such an order;
 - (b) by a crave in the initial writ or defences, as the case may be, in any other civil partnership action;
 - (c) where the application is made by a person other than a party to any action mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b), by minute in that action.
 - (2) An application under section 107(1) (dispensation with civil partner's consent to dealing) or section 127 (application in relation to attachment) of the Act of 2004 shall, unless made in a depending civil partnership action, be made by summary application.

Defenders

- 33A.61. The applicant for an order under this Part shall call as a defender—
 - (a) where he is seeking an order as a civil partner, the other civil partner; and
 - (b) where he is a third party making an application under section 107(1) (dispensation with civil partner's consent to dealing), or 108(1) (payment from non-entitled civil partner in respect of loan) of the Act of 2004, both civil partners.

Applications by motion

- 33A.621) An application under any of the following provisions of the Act of 2004 shall be made by motion in the process of the depending action to which the application relates:—
 - (a) section 103(4) (interim order for regulation of rights of occupancy, etc.);
 - (b) section 104(6) (interim order suspending occupancy rights);
 - (c) section 107(1) (dispensation with civil partner's consent to dealing); and
 - (d) section 114(1) (order attaching power of arrest), if made after application for relevant interdict.
 - (2) Intimation of a motion under paragraph (1) shall be given-
 - (a) to the other civil partner;

- (b) where the motion is under paragraph (1)(a) or (b) and the entitled civil partner is a tenant or occupies the family home by the permission of a third party, to the landlord or third party, as the case may be; and
- (c) to any other person to whom intimation of the application was or is to be made by virtue of rule 33A.7(1)(i) (warrant for intimation to certain persons in actions for orders under Chapter 3 of Part 3 of the Act of 2004) or rule 33A.15 (order for intimation by sheriff).

Applications by minute

- 33A.631) An application for an order under section 105 of the Act of 2004 (variation and recall of orders made under section 103 or section 104 of the Act of 2004) shall be made by minute.
 - (2) A minute under paragraph (1) shall be intimated—
 - (a) to the other civil partner;
 - (b) where the entitled civil partner is a tenant or occupies the family home by the permission of a third party, to the landlord or third party, as the case may be; and
 - (c) to any other person to whom intimation of the application was or is to be made by virtue of rule 33A.7(1)(i) (warrant for intimation to certain persons in actions for orders under Chapter 3 of Part 3 of the Act of 2004) or rule 33A.15 (order for intimation by sheriff).

Sist of actions to enforce occupancy rights

Unless the sheriff otherwise directs, the sist of an action by virtue of section 107(4) of the Act of 2004 (where action raised by non entitled civil partner to enforce occupancy rights) shall apply only to such part of the action as relates to the enforcement of occupancy rights by a non entitled civil partner.

Certificates of delivery of documents to chief constable

- 33A.65(1) Where an applicant is required to comply with section 114(5) or (6), as the case may be, of the Act of 2004 (delivery of documents to chief constable where power of arrest attached to relevant interdict is granted, varied or recalled), he shall, after such compliance, lodge in process a certificate of delivery in Form CP28.
 - (2) Where a relevant interdict to which a power of arrest under section 114(1) of the Act of 2004 has been attached ceases to have effect by reason of a decree of dissolution of civil partnership being pronounced by the sheriff, the pursuer shall send—
 - (a) to the chief constable of the police area in which the family home is situated; and
 - (b) if the applicant civil partner (within the meaning of section 114(7) of the Act of 2004) resides in another police area, to the chief constable of that other police area,

a copy of the interlocutor granting decree and lodge in process a certificate of delivery in Form CP28.

PART XI

SIMPLIFIED DISSOLUTION OF CIVIL PARTNERSHIP APPLICATIONS

Application and interpretation of this Part

- 33A.6(1) This Part applies to an application for dissolution of civil partnership by a party to a civil partnership made in the manner prescribed in rule 33A.67 (form of applications) if, but only if—
 - (a) that party relies on the facts set out in section 117(3)(c) (no cohabitation for two years with consent of defender to decree), section 117(3)(d) (no cohabitation for five years), or section 117(2)(b) (issue of interim gender recognition certificate) of the Act of 2004;
 - (b) in an application under section 117(3)(c) of the Act of 2004, the other party consents to decree of dissolution of civil partnership being granted;
 - (c) no other proceedings are pending in any court which could have the effect of bringing the civil partnership to an end;
 - (d) there is no child of the family (as defined in section 101(7) of the Act of 2004) under the age of 16 years;
 - (e) neither party to the civil partnership applies for an order for financial provision on dissolution of civil partnership; and
 - (f) neither party to the civil partnership suffers from mental disorder.
 - (2) If an application ceases to be one to which this Part applies at any time before final decree, it shall be deemed to be abandoned and shall be dismissed.
 - (3) In this Part "simplified dissolution of civil partnership application" means an application mentioned in paragraph (1).

Form of applications

- 33A.671) A simplified dissolution of civil partnership application in which the facts set out in section 117(3)(c) of the Act of 2004 (no cohabitation for two years with consent of defender to decree) are relied on shall be made in Form CP29 and shall only be of effect if—
 - (a) it is signed by the applicant; and
 - (b) the form of consent in Part 2 of Form CP29 is signed by the party to the civil partnership giving consent.
 - (2) A simplified dissolution of civil partnership application in which the facts set out in section 117(3)(d) of the Act of 2004 (no cohabitation for five years) are relied on shall be made in Form CP30 and shall only be of effect if it is signed by the applicant.
 - (3) A simplified dissolution of civil partnership application in which the facts set out in section 117(2)(b) of the Act of 2004 (issue of interim gender recognition certificate) are relied on shall be made in Form CP31 and shall only be of effect if it is signed by the applicant.

Lodging of applications

The applicant shall send a simplified dissolution of civil partnership application to the sheriff clerk with—

- (a) an extract or certified copy of the civil partnership certificate;
- (b) the appropriate fee; and
- (c) in an application under section 117(2)(b) of the Act of 2004, the interim gender recognition certificate or a certified copy, within the meaning of rule 33A.9(4).

Citation and intimation

- 33A.6(1) This rule is subject to rule 33A.70 (citation where address not known).
 - (2) It shall be the duty of the sheriff clerk to cite any person or intimate any document in connection with a simplified dissolution of civil partnership application.
 - (3) The form of citation-
 - (a) in an application relying on the facts in section 117(3)(c) of the Act of 2004 shall be in Form CP32;
 - (b) in an application relying on the facts in section 117(3)(d) of the Act of 2004 shall be in Form CP33; and
 - (c) in an application relying on the facts in section 117(2)(b) of the Act of 2004 shall be in Form CP34.
 - (4) The citation or intimation required by paragraph (2) shall be made–
 - (a) by the sheriff clerk by registered post or the first class recorded delivery service in accordance with rule 5.3 (postal service or intimation);
 - (b) on payment of an additional fee, by a sheriff officer in accordance with rule 5.4(1) and (2) (service within Scotland by sheriff officer); or
 - (c) where necessary, by the sheriff clerk in accordance with rule 5.5 (service on persons furth of Scotland).
 - (5) Where citation or intimation is made in accordance with paragraph (4)(c), the translation into an official language of the country in which service is to be executed required by rule 5.5(6) shall be provided by the party lodging the simplified dissolution of civil partnership application.

Citation where address not known

- 33A.7(1) In a simplified dissolution of civil partnership application in which the facts in section 117(3)(d) (no cohabitation for five years) or section 117(2)(b) (issue of interim gender recognition certificate) of the Act of 2004 are relied on and the address of the other party to the civil partnership is not known and cannot reasonably be ascertained—
 - (a) citation shall be executed by displaying a copy of the application and a notice in Form CP35 on the walls of court on a period of notice of 21 days; and
 - (b) intimation shall be made to—
 - (i) every person who was a child of the family (within the meaning of section 101(7) of the Act of 2004) who has reached the age of 16 years, and
 - (ii) one of the next of kin of the other party to the civil partnership who has reached that age, unless the address of such person is not known and cannot reasonably be ascertained.

(2) Intimation to a person referred to in paragraph (1)(b) shall be given by intimating a copy of the application and a notice of intimation in Form CP36.

Opposition to applications

- 33A.7(1) Any person on whom service or intimation of a simplified dissolution of civil partnership application has been made may give notice by letter sent to the sheriff clerk that he challenges the jurisdiction of the court or opposes the grant of decree of dissolution of civil partnership and giving the reasons for his opposition to the application.
 - (2) Where opposition to a simplified dissolution of civil partnership application is made under paragraph (1), the sheriff shall dismiss the application unless he is satisfied that the reasons given for the opposition are frivolous.
 - (3) The sheriff clerk shall intimate the decision under paragraph (2) to the applicant and the respondent.
 - (4) The sending of a letter under paragraph (1) shall not imply acceptance of the jurisdiction of the court.

Evidence

Parole evidence shall not be given in a simplified dissolution of civil partnership application.

Decree

- 33A.73(1) The sheriff may grant decree in terms of the simplified dissolution of civil partnership application on the expiry of the period of notice if such application has been properly served provided that, when the application has been served in a country to which the Hague Convention on the Service Abroad of Judicial and Extra Judicial Documents in Civil or Commercial Matters dated 15 November 1965

 F69 applies, decree shall not be granted until it is established to the satisfaction of the sheriff that the requirements of article 15 of that Convention have been complied with.
 - (2) The sheriff clerk shall, not sooner than 14 days after the granting of decree in terms of paragraph (1), issue to each party to the civil partnership an extract of the decree of dissolution of civil partnership in Form CP37.

Textual Amendments

F69 Cmnd. 3986 (1969).

Appeals

Any appeal against an interlocutor granting decree of dissolution of civil partnership under rule 33A.73 (decree) may be made, within 14 days after the date of decree, by sending a letter to the court giving reasons for the appeal.

Applications after decree

Any application to the court after decree of dissolution of civil partnership has been granted in a simplified dissolution of civil partnership application which could have been made if it had been made in an action of dissolution of civil partnership shall be made by minute.

PART XII REFERRALS TO PRINCIPAL REPORTER

Application and interpretation of this Part

- 33A.76(1) This Part applies where a sheriff, in a civil partnership action, refers a matter to the Principal Reporter under section 54 of the Act of 1995 (reference to the Principal Reporter by court).
 - (2) In this Part, "Principal Reporter" has the meaning assigned in section 93(1) of the Act of 1995.

Intimation to Principal Reporter

Where a matter is referred by the sheriff to the Principal Reporter under section 54 of the Act of 1995, the interlocutor making the reference shall be intimated by the sheriff clerk forthwith to the Principal Reporter; and that intimation shall specify which of the conditions in paragraph (2)(a) to (h), (j), (k) or (l) of section 52 of the Act of 1995 it appears to the sheriff has been satisfied.

Intimation of decision by Principal Reporter

- 33A.7&1) Where a matter has been referred by the sheriff to the Principal Reporter under section 54 of the Act of 1995 and the Principal Reporter, having made such investigation as he thinks appropriate and having reached the view that compulsory measures of supervision are necessary, arranges a children's hearing under section 69 of that Act M42 (continuation or disposal of referral by children's hearing), the Principal Reporter shall intimate to the court which referred the matter to him—
 - (a) the decision to arrange such children's hearing;
 - (b) where there is no appeal made against the decision of that children's hearing once the period for appeal has expired, the outcome of the children's hearing; and
 - (c) where such an appeal has been made, that an appeal has been made and, once determined, the outcome of that appeal.
 - (2) Where a matter has been referred by the sheriff to the Principal Reporter under section 54 of the Act of 1995 and the Principal Reporter, having made such investigation as he thinks appropriate and having considered whether compulsory measures of supervision are necessary, decides not to arrange a children's hearing under section 69 of that Act, the Principal Reporter shall intimate that decision to the court which referred the matter to him.

Marginal Citations

M42 Section 69 was amended by the Antisocial Behaviour etc. (Scotland) Act 2004 (asp 8), **Schedule 4**, paragraph 4(5).

PART XIII SISTING OF CIVIL PARTNERSHIP ACTIONS

Application and interpretation of this Part

33A.7(1) This Part applies to any action for—dissolution of civil partnership; separation of civil partners.

(2) In this Part-

"another jurisdiction" means any country outside Scotland.

"related jurisdiction" means any of the following countries, namely, England and Wales, Northern Ireland, Jersey, Guernsey and the Isle of Man (the reference to Guernsey being treated as including Alderney and Sark).

- (3) For the purposes of this Part–
 - (a) neither the taking of evidence on commission nor a separate proof relating to any preliminary plea shall be regarded as part of the proof in the action; and
 - (b) an action is continuing if it is pending and not sisted.
- (4) Any reference in this Part to proceedings in another jurisdiction is to proceedings in a court or before an administrative authority of that jurisdiction.

Duty to furnish particulars of concurrent proceedings

- While any action to which this Part applies is pending in a sheriff court and proof in that action has not begun, it shall be the duty of the pursuer, and of any other person who has entered appearance in the action, to furnish, in such manner and to such persons and on such occasions as may be prescribed, such particulars as may be so prescribed of any proceedings which—
 - (a) he knows to be continuing in another jurisdiction; and
 - (b) are in respect of that civil partnership or capable of affecting its validity.

Mandatory sists

- Where before the beginning of the proof in any action for dissolution of civil partnership it appears to the sheriff on the application of a party to the civil partnership—
 - (a) that in respect of the same civil partnership proceedings for dissolution or nullity of civil partnership are continuing in a related jurisdiction; and
 - (b) that the parties to the civil partnership have resided together after the civil partnership was formed or treated as having been formed within the meaning of section 1(1) of the Act of 2004; and

- (c) that the place where they resided together when the action was begun or, if they did not then reside together, where they last resided together before the date on which that action was begun is in that jurisdiction; and
- (d) that either of the said parties was habitually resident in that jurisdiction throughout the year ending with the date on which they last resided together before the date on which that action was begun;

it shall be the duty of the sheriff, subject to rule 33A.83(2) below, to sist the action before him.

Discretionary sists

- 33A.821) Where before the beginning of the proof in any action to which this Part applies, it appears to the sheriff—
 - (a) that any other proceedings in respect of the civil partnership in question or capable of affecting its validity are continuing in another jurisdiction, and
 - (b) that the balance of fairness (including convenience) as between the parties to the civil partnership is such that it is appropriate for those other proceedings to be disposed of before further steps are taken in the action,

the sheriff may then if he thinks fit sist that action.

- (2) In considering the balance of fairness and convenience for the purposes of paragraph (1)(b), the sheriff shall have regard to all factors appearing to be relevant, including the convenience of witnesses and any delay or expense which may result from the proceedings being sisted, or not being sisted.
- (3) Paragraph (1) is without prejudice to the duty imposed by rule 33A.81 above.
- (4) If, at any time after the beginning of the proof in any action to which this Part applies, the sheriff is satisfied that a person has failed to perform the duty imposed on him in respect of the action and any such other proceedings as aforesaid by rule 33A.80, paragraph (1) shall have effect in relation to that action and to the other proceedings as if the words "before the beginning of the proof" were omitted; but no action in respect of the failure of a person to perform such a duty shall be competent.

Recall of sists

- 33A.831) Where an action is sisted in pursuance of rule 33A.81 or 33A.82, the sheriff may if he thinks fit, on the application of a party to the action, recall the sist if it appears to him that the other proceedings by reference to which the action was sisted are sisted or concluded or that a party to those other proceedings has delayed unreasonably in prosecuting those other proceedings.
 - (2) Where an action has been sisted in pursuance of rule 33A.82 by reference to some other proceedings, and the sheriff recalls the sist in pursuance of the preceding paragraph, the sheriff shall not again sist the action in pursuance of the said rule 33A.82.

Orders in sisted actions

33A.841) The provisions of paragraphs (2) and (3) shall apply where an action to which this Part applies is sisted by reference to proceedings in a related jurisdiction for any of those remedies; and in this rule—

"the other proceedings", in relation to any sisted action, means the proceedings in another jurisdiction by reference to which the action was sisted;

"relevant order" means an interim order relating to aliment or children; and

"sisted" means sisted in pursuance of this Part.

- (2) Where an action such as is mentioned in paragraph (1) is sisted, then, without prejudice to the effect of the sist apart from this paragraph—
 - (a) the sheriff shall not have power to make a relevant order in connection with the sisted action except in pursuance of sub paragraph (c); and
 - (b) subject to the said sub paragraph (c), any relevant order made in connection with the sisted action shall (unless the sist or the relevant order has been previously recalled) cease to have effect on the expiration of the period of three months beginning with the date on which the sist comes into operation; but
 - (c) if the sheriff considers that as a matter of necessity and urgency it is necessary during or after that period to make a relevant order in connection with the sisted action or to extend or further extend the duration of a relevant order made in connection with the sisted action, the sheriff may do so, and the order shall not cease to have effect by virtue of sub paragraph (b).
- (3) Where any action such as is mentioned in paragraph (1) is sisted and at the time when the sist comes into operation, an order is in force, or at a subsequent time an order comes into force, being an order made in connection with the other proceedings and providing for any of the following matters, namely periodical payments for a party to the civil partnership in question, periodical payments for a child, the arrangements to be made as to with whom a child is to live, contact with a child, and any other matter relating to parental responsibilities or parental rights, then, as from the time when the sist comes into operation (in a case where the order is in force at that time) or (in any other case) on the coming into force of the order—
 - (a) any relevant order made in connection with the sisted action shall cease to have effect in so far as it makes for a civil partner or child any provision for any of the said matters as respects which the same or different provision for that civil partner or child is made by the other order; and
 - (b) the sheriff shall not have power in connection with the sisted action to make a relevant order containing for a civil partner or child provision for any of the matters aforesaid as respects which any provision for that civil partner or child is made by the other order.
- (4) Nothing in this paragraph affects any power of a sheriff—
 - (a) to vary or recall a relevant order in so far as the order is for the time being in force; or
 - (b) to enforce a relevant order as respects any period when it is or was in force; or
 - (c) to make a relevant order in connection with an action which was, but is no longer, sisted.

VALID FROM 04/05/2006

F⁷⁰CHAPTER 33B

FINANCIAL PROVISION FOR FORMER COHABITANTS

Textual Amendments

F70 Sch. 1 Ch. 33B inserted (4.5.2006) by Act of Sederunt (Ordinary Cause Rules) Amendment (Family Law (Scotland) Act 2006 etc.) 2006 (S.S.I. 2006/207), {rule 2(58)}

Interpretation of this Chapter

33B.1. In this Chapter—

"the Act" means the Family Law (Scotland) Act 2006 M43;

"cohabitant" has the meaning given in section 25 of the Act;

"the deceased" means the cohabitant referred to in section 29(1)(a) of the Act:

"net intestate estate" has the meaning given in section 29(10) of the Act:

"the survivor" means the cohabitant referred to in section 29(1)(b) of the Act.

Marginal Citations

M43 2006 asp2.

33B.2.(1) An application under—

- (a) section 28(2) of the Act for an order for financial provision where cohabitation ends otherwise than by death; or
- (b) section 29(2) of the Act for an order for financial provision by the survivor on intestacy,

shall be made by initial writ.

- (2) In an initial writ under paragraph (1)(b) the pursuer shall—
 - (a) name the deceased's executor as the defender; and
 - (b) include a crave for a warrant for intimation to any person having an interest in the deceased's net intestate estate, and a notice of intimation in Form CO1 shall be attached to the initial writ intimated to any such person.
- (3) Where the identity or address of any person referred to in paragraph (2)(b) is not known and cannot be ascertained, the pursuer shall include in his pleadings an averment of that fact and averments setting out what steps have been taken to identify the identity or address, as the case may be, of that person.
- (4) An application under section 29(9) of the Act for variation of the date or method of payment of a capital sum shall be made by minute in the process of the action to which the application relates.]

CHAPTER 34

ACTIONS RELATING TO HERITABLE PROPERTY

PART I SEQUESTRATION FOR RENT

Actions craving payment for rent

- 34.1. (1) In an action for sequestration and sale—
 - (a) for non-payment of rent,
 - (b) for recovery of rent, or
 - (c) in security of rent,

whether brought before or after the term of payment, payment of rent may be craved; and decree for payment of such rent or part of it, when due and payable, may be pronounced and extracted in common form.

(2) There shall be served on the defender in such an action, with the initial writ, warrant and citation, a notice in Form H1.

Warrant to inventory and secure

- 34.2. (1) In the first deliverance on an initial writ for sequestration and sale, the sheriff may sequestrate the effects of the tenant, and grant warrant to inventory and secure them.
 - (2) A warrant to sequestrate, inventory, sell, eject or relet shall include authority to open, shut and lockfast places for the purpose of executing such warrant.

Sale of effects

- 34.3. (1) In an action for sequestration and sale, the sheriff may order the sequestrated effects to be sold by a sheriff officer or other named person.
 - (2) Where a sale follows an order under paragraph (1), the sale shall be reported within 14 days after the date of the sale and the pursuer shall lodge with the sheriff clerk the roup rolls or certified copies of them and a state of debt.
 - (3) In the interlocutor approving the report of sale, or by separate interlocutor, the sheriff may grant decree against the defender for any balance remaining due.

Care of effects

34.4. The sheriff may, at any stage of an action for sequestration and sale appoint a fit person to take charge of the sequestrated effects, or may require the tenant to find caution that they shall be made available.

PART II REMOVING

Actions of removing where fixed term of removal

- 34.5. (1) Subject to section 21 of the Agricultural Holdings (Scotland) Act 1991 M44 (notice to quit and notice of intention to quit)—
 - (a) where the tenant has bound himself to remove by writing, dated and signed—
 - (i) within 12 months after the term of removal, or
 - (ii) where there is more than one ish, after the ish first in date to remove an action of removing may be raised at any time; and
 - (b) where the tenant has not bound himself, an action of removing may be raised at any time, but—
 - (i) in the case of a lease of lands exceeding two acres in extent for three years and upwards, an interval of not less than one year nor more than two years shall elapse between the date of notice of removal and the term of removal first in date;
 - (ii) in the case of a lease of lands exceeding two acres in extent, whether written or verbal, held from year to year or under tacit relocation, or for any other period less than three years, an interval of not less than six months shall elapse between the date of notice of removal and the term of removal first in date; and
 - (iii) in the case of a house let with or without land attached not exceeding two acres in extent, as also of land not exceeding two acres in extent without houses, as also of mills, fishings, shootings, and all other heritable subjects excepting land exceeding two acres in extent, and let for a year or more, 40 days at least shall elapse between the date of notice of removal and the term of removal first in date.
 - (2) In any defended action of removing the sheriff may order the defender to find caution for violent profits.
 - (3) In an action for declarator of irritancy and removing by a superior against a vassal, the pursuer shall call as parties the last entered vassal and such heritable creditors and holders of postponed ground burdens as are disclosed by a search for 20 years before the raising of the action, and the expense of the search shall form part of the pursuer's expenses of process.

Marginal Citations M44 1991 c.55.

Form of notice of removal

- 34.6. (1) A notice under the following sections of this Act shall be in Form H2:—
 - (a) section 34 (notice in writing to remove where lands exceeding two acres held on probative lease),
 - (b) section 35 (letter of removal where tenant in possession of lands exceeding two acres), and

- (c) section 36 (notice of removal where lands exceeding two acres occupied by tenant without written lease).
- (2) A letter of removal shall be in Form H3.

Form of notice under section 37 of this Act

34.7. A notice under section 37 of this Act (notice of termination of tenancy) shall be in Form H4.

Giving notice of removal

- 34.8. (1) A notice under section 34, 35, 36, 37 or 38 of this Act (which relate to notices of removal) may be given by—
 - (a) a sheriff officer,
 - (b) the person entitled to give such notice, or
 - (c) the solicitor or factor of such person,

posting the notice by registered post or the first class recorded delivery service at any post office within the United Kingdom in time for it to be delivered at the address on the notice before the last date on which by law such notice must be given, addressed to the person entitled to receive such notice, and bearing the address of that person at the time, if known, or, if not known, to the last known address of that person.

(2) A sheriff officer may also give notice under a section of this Act mentioned in paragraph (1) in any manner in which he may serve an initial writ; and, accordingly, rule 5.4 (service within Scotland by sheriff officer) shall, with the necessary modifications, apply to the giving of notice under this paragraph as it applies to service of an initial writ.

Evidence of notice to remove

- 34.9. (1) A certificate of the sending of notice under rule 34.8 dated and endorsed on the lease or an extract of it, or on the letter of removal, signed by the sheriff officer or the person sending the notice, his solicitor or factor, or an acknowledgement of the notice endorsed on the lease or an extract of it, or on the letter of removal, by the party in possession or his agent, shall be sufficient evidence that notice has been given.
 - (2) Where there is no lease, a certificate of the sending of such notice shall be endorsed on a copy of the notice or letter of removal.

Applications under Part II of the Conveyancing and Feudal Reform (Scotland) Act 1970

- 34.10.(1) An application or counter-application to the sheriff under any of the following provisions of Part II of the M45Conveyancing and Feudal Reform (Scotland) Act 1970(which relates to the standard security) shall be made by initial writ where any other remedy is craved:—
 - (a) M46 section 18(2) (declarator that obligations under contract performed);
 - (b) section 20(3) (application by creditor for warrant to let security subjects);
 - (c) section 22(1) (objections to notice of default); and
 - (d) section 22(3) (counter-application for remedies under the Act);
 - (e) section 24(1) (application by a creditor for warrant to exercise remedies on default); and

- (f) section 28(1) (decree of foreclosure).
- (2) An interlocutor of the sheriff disposing of an application or counter-application under paragraph (1) shall be final and not subject to appeal except as to a question of title or any other remedy granted.

Marginal Citations

M45 1970 c.35.

M46 Section 18(2) was amended by the Redemption of Standard Securities (Scotland) Act 1971 (c.45), section 1.

CHAPTER 35

ACTIONS OF MULTIPLEPOINDING

Application of this Chapter

35.1. This Chapter applies to an action of multiplepoinding.

Application of Chapters 9 and 10

Chapter 10 (additional procedure) and the following rules in Chapter 9 (standard procedure in defended causes) shall not apply to an action of multiplepoinding:—

rule9.1 (notice of intention to defend),

rule 9.2 (fixing date for Options Hearing),

rule 9.4 (lodging of pleadings before Options Hearing),

rule9.8 (adjustment of pleadings),

rule 9.9 (effect of sist on adjustment),

rule9.10 (open record),

rule9.11 (record for Option Hearing),

rule9.12 (Option Hearing),

rule 9.15 (applications for time to pay directions).

Parties

- 35.3. (1) An action of multiplepoinding may be brought by any person holding, or having an interest in, or claim on, the fund in medio in his own name.
 - (2) The pursuer shall call as defenders to such an action—
 - (a) all persons so far as known to him as having an interest in the fund in medio; and
 - (b) where he is not the holder of the fund, the holder of that fund.

Condescendence of fund in medio

35.4. (1) Where the pursuer is the holder of the fund in medio, he shall include a detailed statement of the fund in the condescendence in the initial writ.

- (2) Where the pursuer is not the holder of the fund in medio, the holder shall, before the expiry of the period of notice—
 - (a) lodge in process—
 - (i) a condescendence of the fund in medio, stating any claim or lien which he may profess to have on that fund;
 - (ii) a list of all persons known to him as having an interest in the fund;
 - (b) intimate a copy of the condescendence and list to any other party.

Warrant of citation in multiplepoindings

35.5. The warrant of citation of the initial writ in an action of multiplepoinding shall be in Form M1.

Citation

- 35.6. (1) Subject to rule 5.6 (service where address of person is not known), citation of any person in an action of multiplepoinding shall be in Form M2 which shall be attached to a copy of the initial writ and warrant of citation and shall have appended to it a notice of appearance in Form M4.
 - (2) The certificate of citation shall be in Form M3 and shall be attached to the initial writ.

Advertisement

35.7. The sheriff may make an order for advertisement of the action in such newspapers as he thinks fit.

Lodging of notice of appearance

- 35.8. Where a party intends to lodge—
 - (a) defences to challenge the jurisdiction of the court or the competency of the action,
 - (b) objections to the condescendence of the fund in medio, or
 - (c) a claim on the fund,

he shall, before the expiry of the period of notice, lodge a notice of appearance in Form M4.

Fixing date of first hearing

- Where a notice of appearance, or a condescendence on the fund in medio and a list under rule 35.4(2)(a) has been lodged, the sheriff clerk shall—
 - (a) fix a date and time for the first hearing, which date shall be the first suitable court day occurring not sooner than four weeks after the expiry of the period of notice;
 - (b) on fixing the date for the first hearing forthwith intimate that date in Form M5 to each party; and
 - (c) prepare and sign an interlocutor recording the date of the first hearing.

Hearings

- 35.10.(1) The sheriff shall conduct the first, and any subsequent hearing, with a view to securing the expeditious progress of the cause by ascertaining from the parties the matters in dispute.
 - (2) The parties shall provide the sheriff with sufficient information to enable him to conduct the hearing as provided for in this Chapter.
 - (3) At the first, or any subsequent hearing, the sheriff shall fix a period within which defences, objections or claims shall be lodged, and appoint a date for a second hearing.
 - (4) Where the list lodged under rule 35.4(2)(a) contains any person who is not a party to the action, the sheriff shall order—
 - (a) the initial writ to be amended to add that person as a defender;
 - (b) service of the pleadings so amended to be made on that person, with a citation in Form M6; and
 - (c) intimation to that person of any condescendence of the fund in medio lodged by a holder of the fund who is not the pursuer.
 - (5) Where a person to whom service has been made under paragraph (4) lodges a notice of appearance under rule 35.8, the sheriff clerk shall intimate to him in Form M5 the date of the next hearing fixed in the action.

Lodging defences, objections and claims

- 35.11. (1) Defences, objections and claims by a party shall be lodged with the sheriff clerk in a single document under separate headings.
 - (2) Each claimant shall lodge with his claim any documents founded on in his claim, so far as they are within his custody or power.

Disposal of defences

- 35.12.(1) Where defences have been lodged, the sheriff may order the initial writ and defences to be adjusted and thereafter close the record and regulate further procedure.
 - (2) Unless the sheriff otherwise directs, defences shall be disposed of before any further procedure in the action.

Objections to fund in medio

- 35.13.(1) Where objections to the fund in medio have been lodged, the sheriff may, after disposal of any defences, order the condescendence of the fund and objections to be adjusted; and thereafter close the record and regulate further procedure.
 - (2) If no objections to the fund in medio have been lodged, or if objections have been lodged and disposed of, the sheriff may, on the motion of the holder of the fund, and without ordering intimation to any party approve the condescendence of the fund and find the holder liable only in one single payment.

Preliminary pleas in multiplepoindings

- 35.14.(1) A party intending to insist on a preliminary plea shall, not later than 3 days before any hearing to determine further procedure following the lodging of defences, objections or claims, lodge with the sheriff clerk a note of the basis of the plea.
 - (2) Where a party fails to comply with the provisions of paragraph (1), he shall be deemed to be no longer insisting on the plea and the plea shall be repelled by the sheriff at the hearing referred to in paragraph (1).
 - (3) If satisfied that there is a preliminary matter of law which justifies a debate, the sheriff shall, after having heard parties and considered the note lodged under this rule, appoint the action to debate.

Consignation of the fund and discharge of holder

- 35.15.(1) At any time after the condescendence of the fund in medio has been approved, the sheriff may order the whole or any part of the fund to be sold and the proceeds of the sale consigned into court.
 - (2) After such consignation the holder of the fund in medio may apply for his exoneration and discharge.
 - (3) The sheriff may allow the holder of the fund in medio, on his exoneration and discharge, his expenses out of the fund as a first charge on the fund.

Further service or advertisement

35.16. The sheriff may at any time, of his own motion or on the motion of any party, order further service on any person or advertisement.

Ranking of claims

- 35.17.(1) After disposal of any defences, and approval of the condescendence of the fund in medio, the sheriff may, where there is no competition on the fund, rank and prefer the claimants and grant decree in terms of that ranking.
 - (2) Where there is competition on the fund, the sheriff may order claims to be adjusted and thereafter close the record and regulate further procedure.

Remit to reporter

- 35.18.(1) Where several claims have been lodged, the sheriff may remit to a reporter to prepare a scheme of division and report.
 - (2) The expenses of such remit, when approved by the sheriff, shall be made a charge on the fund, to be deducted before division.

CHAPTER 36

ACTIONS OF DAMAGES

PART I

INTIMATION TO CONNECTED PERSONS IN CERTAIN ACTIONS OF DAMAGES

Application and interpretation of this Part

- 36.1. (1) This Part applies to an action of damages in which, following the death of any person from personal injuries, damages are claimed—
 - (a) by the executor of the deceased, in respect of the injuries from which the deceased died; or
 - (b) by any relative of the deceased, in respect of the death of the deceased.
 - (2) In this Part—

"connected person" means a person, not being a party to the action, who has title to sue the defender in respect of the personal injuries from which the deceased died or in respect of his death;

"relative" has the meaning assigned to it in Schedule 1 to the M47Damages (Scotland) Act 1976.

Marginal Citations

M47 1976 c.13; Schedule 1 was amended by the Administration of Justice Act 1982 (c.53), section 14(4).

Averments

- 36.2. In an action to which this Part applies, the pursuer shall aver in the condescendence, as the case may be—
 - (a) that there are no connected persons;
 - (b) that there are connected persons, being the persons specified in the crave for intimation;
 - (c) that there are connected persons in respect of whom intimation should be dispensed with on the ground that—
 - (i) the names or whereabouts of such persons are not known to, and cannot reasonably be ascertained by, the pursuer; or
 - (ii) such persons are unlikely to be awarded more than £200 each.

Warrants for intimation

- 36.3. (1) Where the pursuer makes averments under rule 36.2(b) (existence of connected persons), he shall include a crave in the initial writ for intimation to any person who is believed to have title to sue the defender in an action in respect of the death of the deceased or the personal injuries from which the deceased died.
 - (2) A notice of intimation in Form D1 shall be attached to the copy of the initial writ where intimation is given on a warrant under paragraph (1).

Applications to dispense with intimation

- 36.4. (1) Where the pursuer makes averments under rule 36.2(c) (dispensing with intimation to connected persons), he shall apply by crave in the initial writ for an order to dispense with intimation.
 - (2) In determining an application under paragraph (1), the sheriff shall have regard to—
 - (a) the desirability of avoiding a multiplicity of actions; and
 - (b) the expense, inconvenience or difficulty likely to be involved in taking steps to ascertain the name or whereabouts of the connected person.
 - (3) Where the sheriff is not satisfied that intimation to a connected person should be dispensed with, he may—
 - (a) order intimation to a connected person whose name and whereabouts are known:
 - (b) order the pursuer to take such further steps as he may specify in the interlocutor to ascertain the name or whereabouts of any connected person; and
 - (c) order advertisement in such manner, place and at such times as he may specify in the interlocutor.

Subsequent disclosure of connected persons

Where the name or whereabouts of a person, in respect of whom the sheriff has dispensed with intimation on a ground specified in rule 36.2(c) (dispensing with intimation to connected persons), subsequently becomes known to the pursuer, the pursuer shall apply to the sheriff by motion for a warrant for intimation to such a person; and such intimation shall be made in accordance with rule 36.3(2).

Connected persons entering process

- 36.6. (1) A connected person may apply by minute craving leave to be sisted as an additional pursuer to the action.
 - (2) Such a minute shall also crave leave of the sheriff to adopt the existing grounds of action, and to amend the craves, condescendence and pleas-in-law.
 - (3) The period within which answers to a minute under this rule may be lodged shall be 14 days from the date of intimation of the minute.
 - (4) Paragraphs (1) to (4) of rule 14.3 (procedure in minutes) shall not apply to a minute to which this rule applies.

Failure to enter process

- 36.7. Where a connected person to whom intimation is made in accordance with this Part—
 - (a) does not apply to be sisted as an additional pursuer to the action,
 - (b) subsequently raises a separate action against the same defender in respect of the same personal injuries or death, and
 - (c) would, apart from this rule, be awarded the expenses or part of the expenses of that action,

he shall not be awarded those expenses except on cause shown.

PART II

INTERIM PAYMENTS OF DAMAGES

Application and interpretation of this Part

- 36.8. (1) This Part applies to an action of damages for personal injuries or the death of a person in consequence of personal injuries.
 - (2) In this Part—
 - "defender" includes a third party against whom the pursuer has a crave for damages;
 - "personal injuries" includes any disease or impairment of a physical or mental condition.

Applications for interim payment of damages

- 36.9. (1) In an action to which this Part applies, a pursuer may, at any time after defences have been lodged, apply by motion for an order for interim payment of damages to him by the defender or, where there are two or more of them, by any one or more of them.
 - (2) The pursuer shall intimate a motion under paragraph (1) to every other party on a period of notice of 14 days.
 - (3) On a motion under paragraph (1), the sheriff may, if satisfied that—
 - (a) the defender has admitted liability to the pursuer in the action, or
 - (b) if the action proceeded to proof, the pursuer would succeed in the action on the question of liability without any substantial finding of contributory negligence on his part, or on the part of any person in respect of whose injury or death the claim of the pursuer arises, and would obtain decree for damages against any defender,

ordain that defender to make an interim payment to the pursuer of such amount as the sheriff thinks fit, not exceeding a reasonable proportion of the damages which, in the opinion of the sheriff, are likely to be recovered by the pursuer.

- (4) Any such payment may be ordered to be made in one lump sum or otherwise as the sheriff thinks fit.
- (5) No order shall be made against a defender under this rule unless it appears to the sheriff that the defender is—
 - (a) a person who is insured in respect of the claim of the pursuer;
 - (b) a public authority; or
 - (c) a person whose means and resources are such as to enable him to make the interim payment.
- (6) Notwithstanding the grant or refusal of a motion for an interim payment, a subsequent motion may be made where there has been a change of circumstances.
- (7) Subject to Part IV (management of damages payable to persons under legal disability), an interim payment shall be made to the pursuer unless the sheriff otherwise directs.
- (8) This rule shall, with the necessary modifications, apply to a counterclaim for damages for personal injuries made by a defender as it applies to an action in which the pursuer may apply for an order for interim payment of damages.

Adjustment on final decree

- Where a defender has made an interim payment under rule 36.9, the sheriff may, when final decree is pronounced, make such order with respect to the interim payment as he thinks fit to give effect to the final liability of that defender to the pursuer; and in particular may order—
 - (a) repayment by the pursuer of any sum by which the interim payment exceeds the amount which that defender is liable to pay to the pursuer; or
 - (b) payment by any other defender or a third party, of any part of the interim payment which the defender who made it is entitled to recover from him by way of contribution or indemnity or in respect of any remedy or relief relating to, or connected with, the claim of the pursuer.

PART III PROVISIONAL DAMAGES FOR PERSONAL INJURIES

Application and interpretation of this Part

- 36.11. (1) This Part applies to an action of damages for personal injuries.
 - (2) In this Part—

"the Act of 1982" means the M48 Administration of Justice Act 1982;

"further damages" means the damages referred to in section 12(4)(b) of the Act of 1982;

"provisional damages" means the damages referred to in section 12(4)(a) of the Act of 1982.

Marginal Citations M48 1982 c.53.

Applications for provisional damages

- An application under section 12(2)(a) of the Act of 1982 for provisional damages for personal injuries shall be made by including in the initial writ—
 - (a) a crave for provisional damages;
 - (b) averments in the condescendence supporting the crave, including averments—
 - (i) that there is a risk that, at some definite or indefinite time in the future, the pursuer will, as a result of the act or omission which gave rise to the cause of action, develop some serious disease or suffer some serious deterioration of his physical or mental condition; and
 - (ii) that the defender was, at the time of the act or omission which gave rise to the cause of action, a public authority, public corporation or insured or otherwise indemnified in respect of the claim; and
 - (c) an appropriate plea-in-law.

Applications for further damages

- 36.13.(1) An application for further damages by a pursuer in respect of whom an order under section 12(2)(b) of the Act of 1982 has been made shall be made by minute in the process of the action to which it relates and shall include—
 - (a) a crave for further damages;
 - (b) averments in the statement of facts supporting that crave; and
 - (c) appropriate pleas-in-law.
 - (2) On lodging such a minute in process, the pursuer shall apply by motion for warrant to serve the minute on—
 - (a) every other party; and
 - (b) where such other party is insured or otherwise indemnified, his insurer or indemnifier, if known to the pursuer.
 - (3) Any such party, insurer or indemnifier may lodge answers to such a minute in process within 28 days after the date of service on him.
 - (4) Where answers have been lodged under paragraph (3), the sheriff may, on the motion of any party, make such further order as to procedure as he thinks fit.

PART IV

MANAGEMENT OF DAMAGES PAYABLE TO PERSONS UNDER LEGAL DISABILITY

Orders for payment and management of money

- 36.14.(1) In an action of damages in which a sum of money becomes payable, by virtue of a decree or an extra-judicial settlement, to or for the benefit of a person under legal disability, the sheriff shall make such order regarding the payment and management of that sum for the benefit of that person as he thinks fit.
 - (2) An order under paragraph (1) shall be made on the granting of decree for payment or of absolvitor.

Methods of management

- 36.15. In making an order under rule 36.14(1), the sheriff may—
 - (a) appoint a judicial factor to apply, invest or otherwise deal with the money for the benefit of the person under legal disability;
 - (b) order the money to be paid to—
 - (i) the Accountant of Court, or
 - (ii) the guardian of the person under legal disability,
 - as trustee, to be applied, invested or otherwise dealt with and administered under the directions of the sheriff for the benefit of the person under legal disability:
 - (c) order the money to be paid to the sheriff clerk of the sheriff court district in which the person under legal disability resides, to be applied, invested or otherwise dealt with and administered, under the directions of the sheriff of that district, for the benefit of the person under legal disability; or
 - (d) order the money to be paid directly to the person under legal disability.

Subsequent orders

- 36.16.(1) Where the sheriff has made an order under rule 36.14(1), any person having an interest may apply for an appointment or order under rule 36.15, or any other order for the payment or management of the money, by minute in the process of the cause to which the application relates.
 - (2) An application for directions under rule 36.15(b) or (c) may be made by any person having an interest by minute in the process of the cause to which the application relates.

Management of money paid to sheriff clerk

- 36.17.(1) A receipt in Form D2 by the sheriff clerk shall be a sufficient discharge in respect of the amount paid to him under this Part.
 - (2) The sheriff clerk shall, at the request of any competent court, accept custody of any sum of money in an action of damages ordered to be paid to, applied, invested or otherwise dealt with by him, for the benefit of a person under legal disability.
 - (3) Any money paid to the sheriff clerk under this Part shall be paid out, applied, invested or otherwise dealt with by the sheriff clerk only after such intimation, service and enquiry as the sheriff may order.
 - (4) Any sum of money invested by the sheriff clerk under this Part shall be invested in a manner in which trustees are authorised to invest by virtue of the M49 Trustee Investments Act 1961.

Marginal Citations M49 1961 c.62.

SEX DISCRIMINATION ACT 1975

Causes under section 66 of the Act of 1975

- 36.18.(1) In a cause in which a breach of statutory duty under section 66(1) of the Sex Discrimination Act 1975 F71 (proceedings for act of discrimination) is averred, the sheriff may, of his own motion or on the motion of any party, appoint an assessor.
 - (2) An assessor appointed under paragraph (1) shall be a person who the sheriff considers has special qualifications to be of assistance in determining an action referred to in that paragraph.
 - (3) In a cause referred to in paragraph (1), the pursuer should send a copy of the initial writ by post by the first class recorded delivery service to the Equal Opportunities Commission.

Textual Amendments

F71 1975 c.65.

CHAPTER 37

CAUSES UNDER THE PRESUMPTION OF DEATH (SCOTLAND) ACT 1977

Interpretation of this Chapter

37.1. In this Chapter—

"the Act of 1977" means the M50Presumption of Death (Scotland) Act 1977; "action of declarator" means an action under section 1(1) of the Act of 1977; "missing person" has the meaning assigned in section 1(1) of the Act of 1977.

Marginal Citations

M50 1977 c.27.

Parties to, and service and intimation of, actions of declarator

- 37.2. (1) The missing person shall be named as the defender in an action of declarator and, subject to paragraph (2), service on that person shall be executed in accordance with rule 5.6 (service where address of person is not known).
 - (2) In the application of rule 5.6(1)(a) (advertisement where address of person not known) to service under paragraph (1) of this rule, for the reference to Form G3 there shall be substituted a reference to Form P1.
 - (3) Subject to paragraph (5), in an action of declarator, the pursuer shall include a crave for a warrant for intimation to—
 - (a) the missing person's—
 - (i) spouse, and
 - (ii) children, or, if he has no children, his nearest relative known to the pursuer,
 - (b) any person, including any insurance company, who so far as known to the pursuer has an interest in the action, and
 - (c) the Lord Advocate,

in the following terms:— "For intimation to (name and address) as [husband or wife, child or nearest relative] [a person having an interest in the presumed death] of (name and last known address of the missing person) and to the Lord Advocate.".

- (4) A notice of intimation in Form P2 shall be attached to the copy of the summons where intimation is given on a warrant under paragraph (3).
- (5) The sheriff may, on the motion of the pursuer, dispense with intimation on a person mentioned in paragraph (3)(a) or (b).
- (6) An application by minute under section 1(5) of the Act of 1977 (person interested in seeking determination or appointment not sought by pursuer) shall contain a crave for the determination or appointment sought, averments in the answers to the condescendence in support of that crave and an appropriate plea-in-law.
- (7) On lodging a minute under paragraph (6), the minuter shall—

- (a) send a copy of the minute by registered post or the first class recorded delivery service to each person to whom intimation of the action has been made under paragraph (2); and
- (b) lodge in process the Post Office receipt or certificate of posting of that minute.

Further advertisement

Where no minute has been lodged indicating knowledge of the present whereabouts of the missing person, at any time before the determination of the action, the sheriff may, of his own motion or on the motion of a party, make such order for further advertisement as he thinks fit.

Applications for proof

- 37.4. (1) In an action of declarator where no minute has been lodged, the pursuer shall, after such further advertisement as may be ordered under rule 37.3, apply to the sheriff by motion for an order for proof.
 - (2) A proof ordered under paragraph (1) shall be by affidavit evidence unless the sheriff otherwise directs.

Applications for variation or recall of decree

- 37.5. (1) An application under section 4(1) of the Act of 1977 (variation or recall of decree) shall be made by minute in the process of the action to which it relates.
 - (2) On the lodging of such a minute, the sheriff shall make an order—
 - (a) for service on the missing person, where his whereabouts have become known;
 - (b) for intimation to those persons mentioned in rule 37.2(3) or to dispense with intimation to a person mentioned in rule 37.2(3)(a) or (b); and
 - (c) for any answers to the minute to be lodged in process within such period as the sheriff thinks fit.
 - (3) An application under section 4(3) of the Act of 1977 (person interested seeking determination or appointment not sought by applicant for variation order) shall be made by lodging answers containing a crave for the determination or appointment sought.
 - (4) A person lodging answers containing a crave under paragraph (3) shall, as well as sending a copy of the answers to the minuter—
 - (a) send a copy of the answers by registered post or the first class recorded delivery service to each person on whom service or intimation of the minute was ordered; and
 - (b) lodge in process the Post Office receipt or certificate of posting of those answers.

Appointment of judicial factors

37.6. (1) The Act of Sederunt (Judicial Factors Rules) 1992 F72 shall apply to an application for the appointment of a judicial factor under section 2(2)(c) or section 4(2) of the Act of 1977 as it applies to a petition for the appointment of a judicial factor.

(2) In the application of rule 37.5 (applications for variation or recall of decree) to an application under section 4(1) of the Act of 1977 in a cause in which variation or recall of the appointment of a judicial factor is sought, for references to a minute there shall be substituted references to a note.

Textual Amendments

F72 S.I. 1992/272.

CHAPTER 38

EUROPEAN COURT

Interpretation of this Chapter

- 38.1. (1) In this Chapter—
 - "appeal" includes an application for leave to appeal;
 - "the European Court" means the Court of Justice of the European Communities;
 - "reference" means a reference to the European Court for—
 - (a) a preliminary ruling under Article 177 of the E.E.C. Treaty, Article 150 of the Euratom Treaty, or Article 41 of the E.C.S.C. Treaty; or
 - (b) a ruling on the interpretation of the Conventions, as defined in section 1(1) of the Civil Jurisdiction and Judgments Act 1982 ^{F73}, under Article 3 of Schedule 2 to that Act.
 - (2) The expressions "E.E.C. Treaty", "Euratom Treaty" and "E.C.S.C. Treaty" have the meanings assigned respectively in Schedule 1 to the European Communities Act 1972 F74.

Textual Amendments

- **F73** 1982 c.27; section 1(1) was amended by section 2 of, and Schedule 2 by section 3 of, and Schedule 2 to, the Civil Jurisdiction and Judgments Act 1991 (c.12).
- F74 1972 c.68.

Applications for reference

- 38.2. (1) A reference may be made by the sheriff of his own motion or on the motion of a party.
 - (2) A reference shall be made in the form of a request for a preliminary ruling of the European Court in Form E1.

Preparation of case for reference

- 38.3. (1) Where the sheriff decides that a reference shall be made, he shall continue the cause for that purpose and, within 4 weeks after the date of that continuation, draft a reference.
 - (2) On the reference being drafted, the sheriff clerk shall send a copy to each party.

- (3) Within 4 weeks after the date on which copies of the draft have been sent to parties, each party may—
 - (a) lodge with the sheriff clerk, and
 - (b) send to every other party,
 - a note of any adjustments he seeks to have made in the draft reference.
- (4) Within 14 days after the date on which any such note of adjustments may be lodged, the sheriff, after considering any such adjustments, shall make and sign the reference.
- (5) The sheriff clerk shall forthwith intimate the making of the reference to each party.

Sist of cause

- 38.4. (1) Subject to paragraph (2), on a reference being made, the cause shall, unless the sheriff when making such a reference otherwise orders, be sisted until the European Court has given a preliminary ruling on the question referred to it.
 - (2) The sheriff may recall a sist made under paragraph (1) for the purpose of making an interim order which a due regard to the interests of the parties may require.

Transmission of reference

- 38.5. (1) Subject to paragraph (2), a copy of the reference, certified by the sheriff clerk, shall be transmitted by the sheriff clerk to the Registrar of the European Court.
 - (2) Unless the sheriff otherwise directs, a copy of the reference shall not be sent to the Registrar of the European Court where an appeal against the making of the reference is pending.
 - (3) For the purpose of paragraph (2), an appeal shall be treated as pending—
 - (a) until the expiry of the time for making that appeal; or
 - (b) where an appeal has been made, until that appeal has been determined.

VALID FROM 02/10/2000

[F75CHAPTER 39

PROVISIONS IN RELATION TO CURATORS AD LITEM

Textual Amendments

F75 Sch. 1 Ch. 39 (rule 39.1) inserted (2.10.2000) by S.S.I. 2000/239, para. 3(1)(24)

Fees and outlays of curators ad litem in respect of children

- F⁷⁶39.1(1) This rule applies to any civil proceedings whether or not the child is a party to the action.
 - (2) In an action where the sheriff appoints a curator ad litem to a child, the pursuer shall in the first instance, unless the court otherwise directs, be responsible for the fees

Status: Point in time view as at 01/08/1995. This version of this schedule contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to Sheriff Courts (Scotland) Act 1907. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

and outlays of the curator*ad litem* incurred during the period from his appointment until the occurrence of any of the following events:—

- (a) he lodges a minute stating that he does not intend to lodge defences or to enter the process;
- (b) he decides to instruct the lodging of defences or a minute adopting defences already lodged; or
- (c) the discharge, before the occurrence of the events mentioned in sub paragraphs (a) and (b), of the curator.]

Textual Amendments

F76 Sch. 1 Ch. 39 (rule 39(1) inserted (2.10.2000) by S.S.I. 2000/239, para. 3(1)(24)

VALID FROM 01/03/2001

[F77CHAPTER 40

COMMERCIAL ACTIONS

Textual Amendments

F77 Ch. 40 (rules 40.1 - 40.17) inserted (1.3.2001) by S.S.I. 2001/8, para. 2(5)

Application and interpretation of this Chapter

- 40.1. (1) This Chapter applies to a commercial action.
 - (2) In this Chapter–
 - (a) "commercial action" means—an action arising out of, or concerned with, any transaction or dispute of a commercial or business nature including, but not limited to, actions relating to—
 - (i) the construction of a commercial document;
 - (ii) the sale or hire purchase of goods;
 - (iii) the export or import of merchandise;
 - (iv) the carriage of goods by land, air or sea;
 - (v) insurance;
 - (vi) banking;
 - (vii) the provision of services;
 - (viii) a building, engineering or construction contract; or
 - (ix) a commercial lease; and
 - (b) "commercial action" does not include an action in relation to consumer credit transactions.
 - (3) A commercial action may be raised only in a sheriff court where the Sheriff Principal for the sheriffdom has directed that the procedure should be available.

Proceedings before a nominated sheriff

- 40.2. All proceedings in a commercial action shall be brought before—
 - (a) a sheriff of the sheriffdom nominated by the Sheriff Principal; or
 - (b) where a nominated sheriff is not available, any other sheriff of the sheriffdom.

Procedure in commercial actions

- 40.3. (1) In a commercial action the sheriff may make such order as he thinks fit for the progress of the case in so far as not inconsistent with the provisions in this Chapter.
 - (2) Where any hearing is continued, the reason for such continuation shall be recorded in the interlocutor.

Election of procedure for commercial actions

The pursuer may elect to adopt the procedure in this Chapter by bringing an action in Form G1A.

Transfer of action to be a commercial action

- 40.5. (1) In an action within the meaning of rule 40.1(2) in which the pursuer has not made an election under rule 40.4, any party may apply by motion at any time to have the action appointed to be a commercial action.
 - (2) An interlocutor granted under paragraph (1) shall include a direction as to further procedure.

Appointment of a commercial action as an ordinary cause

- 40.6. (1) At any time before, or at the Case Management Conference, the sheriff shall appoint a commercial action to proceed as an ordinary cause—
 - (a) on the motion of a party where-
 - (i) detailed pleadings are required to enable justice to be done between the parties; or
 - (ii) any other circumstances warrant such an order being made; or
 - (b) on the joint motion of parties.
 - (2) If a motion to appoint a commercial action to proceed as an ordinary action is refused, no subsequent motion to appoint the action to proceed as an ordinary cause shall be considered except on a material change of circumstances.
 - (3) Where the sheriff orders that a commercial action shall proceed as an ordinary cause the interlocutor granting such shall prescribe—
 - (a) a period of adjustment, if appropriate; and
 - (b) the date, time and place for any options hearing fixed.
 - (4) In determining what order to make in deciding that a commercial action proceed as an ordinary cause the sheriff shall have regard to the periods prescribed in rule 9.2.

Special requirements for initial writ in a commercial action

- 40.7. (1) Where the construction of a document is the only matter in dispute no pleadings or pleas-in-law require to be included in the initial writ.
 - (2) There shall be appended to an initial writ in Form G1A a list of the documents founded on or adopted as incorporated in the initial writ.

Notice of Intention to Defend

- 40.8. (1) Where the defender intends to—
 - (a) challenge the jurisdiction of the court;
 - (b) state a defence; or
 - (c) make a counterclaim,

he shall, before the expiry of the period of notice lodge with the sheriff clerk a notice of intention to defend in Form O7 and shall, at the same time, send a copy to the pursuer.

(2) The lodging of a notice of intention to defend shall not imply acceptance of the jurisdiction of the court.

Defences

- 40.9. (1) Where a notice of intention to defend has been lodged, the defender shall lodge defences within 7 days after the expiry of the period of notice.
 - (2) There shall be appended to the defences a list of the documents founded on or adopted as incorporated in the defences.
 - (3) Subject to the requirement that each article of condescendence in the initial writ need not be admitted or denied, defences shall be in the form of answers that allow the extent of the dispute to be identified and shall have appended a note of the pleas in law of the defender.

Fixing date for Case Management Conference

- 40.10.(1) On the lodging of defences, the sheriff clerk shall fix a date and time for a Case Management Conference, which date shall be on the first suitable courtday occurring not sooner than 14 days, nor later than 28 days after the date of expiry of the period of notice.
 - (2) On fixing the date for the Case Management Conference, the sheriff clerk shall-
 - (a) forthwith intimate to the parties the date and time of the Case Management Conference; and
 - (b) prepare and sign an interlocutor recording that information.
 - (3) The fixing of the date of the Case Management Conference shall not affect the right of a party to make application by motion, to the court.

Applications for summary decree in a commercial action

Where a pursuer, in terms of rule 17.2(1) (applications for summary decree), or a defender in terms of rule 17.3(1) (application of summary decree to

counterclaims), applies for summary decree in a commercial action, the period of notice mentioned in rule 17.2(3) shall be 48 hours.

Case Management Conference

- 40.12.(1) At the Case Management Conference in a commercial action the sheriff shall seek to secure the expeditious resolution of the action.
 - (2) Parties shall be prepared to provide such information as the sheriff may require to determine—
 - (a) whether, and to what extent, further specification of the claim and defences is required; and
 - (b) the orders to make to ensure the expeditious resolution of the action.
 - (3) The orders the sheriff may make in terms of paragraph 2(b) may include but shall not be limited to—
 - (a) the lodging of written pleadings by any party to the action which may be restricted to particular issues;
 - (b) the lodging of a statement of facts by any party which may be restricted to particular issues;
 - (c) allowing an amendment by a party to his pleadings;
 - (d) disclosure of the identity of witnesses and the existence and nature of documents relating to the action or authority to recover documents either generally or specifically;
 - (e) the lodging of documents constituting, evidencing or relating to the subject matter of the action or any invoices, correspondence or similar documents;
 - (f) the exchanging of lists of witnesses;
 - (g) the lodging of reports of skilled persons or witness statements;
 - (h) the lodging of affidavits concerned with any of the issues in the action;
 - (i) the lodging of notes of arguments setting out the basis of any preliminary plea;
 - (j) fixing a debate or proof, with or without any further preliminary procedure, to determine the action or any particular aspect thereof;
 - (k) the lodging of joint minutes of admission or agreement;
 - (l) recording admissions made on the basis of information produced; or
 - (m) any order which the sheriff thinks will result in the speedy resolution of the action (including the use of alternative dispute resolution), or requiring the attendance of parties in person at any subsequent hearing.
 - (4) In making any order in terms of paragraph (3) the sheriff may fix a period within which such order shall be complied with.
 - (5) The sheriff may continue the Case Management Conference to a specified date where he considers it necessary to do so—
 - (a) to allow any order made in terms of paragraph (3) to be complied with; or
 - (b) to advance the possibility of resolution of the action.
 - (6) Where the sheriff makes an order in terms of paragraph (3) he may ordain the pursuer to—
 - (a) make up a record; and
 - (b) lodge that record in process,

within such period as he thinks fit.

Lodging of productions

40.13. Prior to any proof or other hearing at which the documents listed in terms of rules 40.7(2) and 40.9(2) are to be referred to parties shall, in addition to lodging the productions in terms of rule 21.1, prepare, for the use of the sheriff, a working bundle in which the documents are arranged chronologically or in another appropriate order.

Hearing for further procedure

- 40.14. At any time before final judgement, the sheriff may—
 - (a) of his own motion or on the motion of any party, fix a hearing for further procedure; and
 - (b) make such other order as he thinks fit.

Failure to comply with rule or order of sheriff

- 40.15. Any failure by a party to comply timeously with a provision in this Chapter or any order made by the sheriff in a commercial action shall entitle the sheriff, of his own motion—
 - (a) to refuse to extend any period for compliance with a provision in these Rules or an order of the court;
 - (b) to dismiss the action or counterclaim, as the case may be, in whole or in part;
 - (c) to grant decree in respect of all or any of the craves of the initial writ or counterclaim, as the case may be; or
 - (d) to make an award of expenses,

as he thinks fit.

Determination of action

40.16. It shall be open to the sheriff, at the end of any hearing, to restrict any interlocutor to a finding.

Parts of Process

40.17. All parts of process lodged in a commercial action shall be clearly marked "Commercial Action".]

VALID FROM 08/03/2002

[F78CHAPTER 41

PROTECTION FROM ABUSE (SCOTLAND) ACT 2001

Textual Amendments

F78 Sch. 1 Ch. 41 inserted (8.3.2002) by Act of Sederunt (Ordinary Cause Rules) Amendment (Applications under the Protection from Abuse (Scotland) Act 2001) 2002 (S.S.I. 2002/7), {para. 2(2)}

Interpretation

- 41.1. (1) In this Chapter a section referred to by number means the section so numbered in the Protection from Abuse (Scotland) Act 2001.
 - (2) Words and expressions used in this Chapter which are also used in the Protection from Abuse (Scotland) Act 2001 have the same meaning as in that Act.

Attachment of power of arrest to interdict

- 41.2. (1) An application under section 1(1) (application for attachment of power of arrest to interdict)—
 - (a) shall be made in the crave in the initial writ, defences or counterclaim in which the interdict to which it relates is applied for, or, if made after the application for interdict, by motion in the process of the action in which the interdict was sought; and
 - (b) shall be intimated to the person against whom the interdict is sought or was obtained.
 - (2) Where the sheriff attaches a power of arrest under section 1(2) (order attaching power of arrest) the following documents shall be served along with the power of arrest in accordance with section 2(1) (documents to be served along with power of arrest):—
 - (a) a copy of the application for interdict;
 - (b) a copy of the interlocutor granting interdict; and
 - (c) where the application to attach the power of arrest was made after the interdict was granted, a copy of the certificate of service of the interdict.
 - (3) After the power of arrest has been served, the following documents shall be delivered by the person who obtained the power to the chief constable in accordance with section 3(1) (notification to police):—
 - (a) a copy of the application for interdict;
 - (b) a copy of the interlocutor granting interdict;
 - (c) a copy of the certificate of service of the interdict; and
 - (d) where the application to attach the power of arrest was made after the interdict was granted—
 - (i) a copy of the application for the power of arrest;

- (ii) a copy of the interlocutor granting it; and
- (iii) a copy of the certificate of service of the power of arrest and the documents that required to be served along with it in accordance with section 2(1).

Extension or recall of power of arrest

- 41.3. (1) An application under either of the following provisions shall be made by minute in the process of the action in which the power of arrest was attached:–
 - (a) section 2(3) (extension of duration of power of arrest);
 - (b) section 2(7) (recall of power of arrest).
 - (2) Where the sheriff extends the duration of, or recalls, a power of arrest, the person who obtained the extension or recall must deliver a copy of the interlocutor granting the extension or recall in accordance with section 3(1).

Documents to be delivered to chief constable in relation to recall or variation of interdict

Where an interdict to which a power of arrest has been attached under section 1(2) is varied or recalled, the person who obtained the variation or recall must deliver a copy of the interlocutor varying or recalling the interdict in accordance with section 3(1).

Certificate of delivery of documents to chief constable

Where a person is in any circumstances required to comply with section 3(1) he shall, after such compliance, lodge in process a certificate of delivery in Form PA1.]

VALID FROM 20/08/2004

[F79CHAPTER 42

Textual Amendments

F79 Sch. 1 Ch. 42 inserted (20.8.2004) by Act of Sederunt (Ordinary Cause Rules) Amendment (Competition Appeal Tribunal) 2004 (S.S.I. 2004/350), art. 2

COMPETITION APPEAL TRIBUNAL

Interpretation

42.1. In this Chapter—

"the 1998 Act" means the Competition Act 1998 ^{F80}; and "the Tribunal" means the Competition Appeal Tribunal established by section 12 of the Enterprise Act 2002.

Textual Amendments

F80 1998 c. 41.

Transfer of proceedings to the Tribunal

- 42.2. (1) A party in proceedings for a monetary claim to which section 47A of the 1998 Act ^{F81} applies may apply by motion to the sheriff for an order transferring the proceedings, or any part of them, to the Tribunal.
 - (2) Where the sheriff orders that such proceedings (or any part of them) are transferred to the Tribunal, the sheriff clerk shall, within 7 days from the date of such order—
 - (a) transmit the process (or the appropriate part) to the clerk of the Tribunal;
 - (b) notify each party to the proceedings in writing of the transmission under sub paragraph (a); and
 - (c) certify, by making an appropriate entry on the interlocutor sheet, that he has made all notifications required under sub paragraph (b).
 - (3) Transmission of the process under paragraph (2)(a) shall be valid notwithstanding any failure by the sheriff clerk to comply with paragraph (2)(b) and (c).]

Textual Amendments

F81 Section 47A was inserted by the Enterprise Act 2002, section 18.

VALID FROM 16/06/2006

[F82CHAPTER 43

CAUSES RELATING TO ARTICLES 81 AND 82 OF THE TREATY ESTABLISHING THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY

Textual Amendments

F82 Sch. 1 Ch. 43 inserted (16.6.2006) by Act of Sederunt (Ordinary Cause Rules) Amendment (Causes Relating to Articles 81 and 82 of the Treaty Establishing the European Community) 2006 (S.S.I. 2006/293), art. 2

Intimation of actions to the Office of Fair Trading

43.1 (1) In this rule–

"the Treaty" means the Treaty establishing the European Community; and $\ensuremath{\mathsf{E}}$

"the OFT" means the Office of Fair Trading.

- (2) In an action where an issue under Article 81 or 82 of the Treaty is raised-
 - (a) by the pursuer in the initial writ;

- (b) by the defender in the defences;
- (c) by any party in the pleadings;

intimation of the action shall be given to the OFT by the party raising the issue by a notice of intimation in Form OFT1.

- (3) The initial writ, defences or pleadings in which the issue under Article 81 or 82 of the Treaty is raised shall include a crave for warrant for intimation to the OFT.
- (4) A certified copy of an interlocutor granting a warrant under paragraph (3) shall be sufficient authority for the party to intimate by notice in Form OFT1.
- (5) A notice of intimation under paragraph (2) shall be on a period of notice of 21 days unless the sheriff otherwise orders; but the sheriff shall not order a period of notice of less than 2 days.
- (6) There shall be attached to the notice of intimation—
 - (a) a copy of the initial writ, defences or pleadings (including any adjustments and amendments), as the case may be;
 - (b) a copy of the interlocutor allowing intimation of the notice; and
 - (c) where the pleadings have not been amended in accordance with any minute of amendment, a copy of that minute.]

VALID FROM 03/11/2006

[F83CHAPTER 44

EQUALITY ENACTMENTS

Textual Amendments

F83 Sch. 1 Ch. 44 inserted (3.11.2006) by Act of Sederunt (Ordinary Cause, Summary Application, Summary Cause and Small Claim Rules) Amendment (Equality Act 2006 etc.) 2006 (S.S.I. 2006/509), art. 2(3)

Application and interpretation

- 44.1. (1) This Chapter applies to claims under the equality enactments.
 - (2) In this Chapter, "claims under the equality enactments" means proceedings in reparation for breach of statutory duty under any of the following enactments:—
 - (a) Sex Discrimination Act 1975;
 - (b) Race Relations Act 1976;
 - (c) Disability Discrimination Act 1995;
 - (d) Equality Act 2006.

Relevant Commission

44.2. (1) The pursuer shall send a copy of the initial writ to the relevant Commission by registered or recorded delivery post.

- (2) The relevant Commission is—
 - (a) for proceedings under the Sex Discrimination Act 1975, the Equal Opportunities Commission;
 - (b) for proceedings under the Race Relations Act 1976, the Commission for Racial Equality;
 - (c) for proceedings under the Disability Discrimination Act 1995, the Disability Rights Commission;
 - (d) for proceedings under the Equality Act 2006, the Commission for Equality and Human Rights.

Assessor

- 44.3. (1) The sheriff may, of his own motion or on the motion of any party, appoint an assessor.
 - (2) The assessor shall be a person who the sheriff considers has special qualifications to be of assistance in determining the cause.

National security

- 44.5. (1) Where, on a motion under paragraph (3) or of his own motion, the sheriff considers it expedient in the interests of national security, he may—
 - (a) exclude from all or part of the proceedings-
 - (i) the pursuer;
 - (ii) the pursuer's representatives;
 - (iii) any assessors;
 - (b) permit a pursuer or representative who has been excluded to make a statement to the court before the commencement of the proceedings or the part of the proceedings, from which he is excluded;
 - (c) take steps to keep secret all or part of the reasons for his decision in the proceedings.
 - (2) The sheriff clerk shall, on the making of an order under paragraph (1) excluding the pursuer or his representatives, notify the Advocate General for Scotland of that order.
 - (3) A party may apply by motion for an order under paragraph (1).
 - (4) The steps referred to in paragraph (1)(c) may include the following:-
 - (a) directions to the sheriff clerk; and
 - (b) orders requiring any person appointed to represent the interests of the pursuer in proceedings from which the pursuer or his representatives are excluded not to communicate (directly or indirectly) with any persons (including the excluded pursuer)—
 - (i) on any matter discussed or referred to;
 - (ii) with regard to any material disclosed,

during or with reference to any part of the proceedings from which the pursuer or his representatives are excluded.

(5) Where the sheriff has made an order under paragraph (4)(b), the person appointed to represent the interests of the pursuer may apply by motion for authority to seek instructions from or otherwise communicate with an excluded person.]

VALID FROM 01/11/2007

[F84CHAPTER 45

VULNERABLE WITNESSES (SCOTLAND) ACT 2004

Textual Amendments

F84 Sch. 1 Ch. 45 inserted (1.11.2007) by Act of Sederunt (Ordinary Cause, Summary Application, Summary Cause and Small Claim Rules) Amendment (Vulnerable Witnesses (Scotland) Act 2004) 2007 (S.S.I. 2007/463), {art. 2(13)}

Interpretation

45.1. In this Chapter—

"child witness notice" has the meaning given in section 12(2) of the Act of 2004;

"review application" means an application for review of arrangements for vulnerable witnesses pursuant to section 13 of the Act of 2004;

"vulnerable witness application" has the meaning given in section 12(6) of the Act of 2004.

Child Witness Notice

45.2. A child witness notice lodged in accordance with section 12(2) of the Act of 2004 shall be in Form G19.

Vulnerable Witness Application

45.3. A vulnerable witness application lodged in accordance with section 12(6) of the Act of 2004 shall be in Form G20.

Intimation

- 45.4. (1) The party lodging a child witness notice or vulnerable witness application shall intimate a copy of the child witness notice or vulnerable witness application to all the other parties to the proceedings and complete a certificate of intimation.
 - (2) A certificate of intimation referred to in paragraph (1) shall be in Form G21 and shall be lodged with the child witness notice or vulnerable witness application.

Procedure on lodging child witness notice or vulnerable witness application

- 45.5. (1) On receipt of a child witness notice or vulnerable witness application, the sheriff may-
 - (a) make an order under section 12(1) or (6) of the Act of 2004 without holding a hearing;
 - (b) require further information from any of the parties before making any further order;
 - (c) fix a date for a hearing of the child witness notice or vulnerable witness application.
 - (2) The sheriff may, subject to any statutory time limits, make an order altering the date of the proof or other hearing at which the child or vulnerable witness is to give evidence and make such provision for intimation of such alteration to all parties concerned as he deems appropriate.
 - (3) An order fixing a hearing for a child witness notice or vulnerable witness application shall be intimated by the sheriff clerk—
 - (a) on the day the order is made; and
 - (b) in such manner as may be prescribed by the sheriff,

to all parties to the proceedings and such other persons as are named in the order where such parties or persons are not present at the time the order is made.

Review of arrangements for vulnerable witnesses

- 45.6. (1) A review application shall be in Form G22.
 - (2) Where the review application is made orally, the sheriff may dispense with the requirements of paragraph (1).

Intimation of review application

- 45.7. (1) Where a review application is lodged, the applicant shall intimate a copy of the review application to all other parties to the proceedings and complete a certificate of intimation.
 - (2) A certificate of intimation referred to in paragraph (1) shall be in Form G23 and shall be lodged together with the review application.

Procedure on lodging a review application

- 45.8. (1) On receipt of a review application, the sheriff may-
 - (a) if he is satisfied that he may properly do so, make an order under section 13(2) of the Act of 2004 without holding a hearing or, if he is not so satisfied, make such an order after giving the parties an opportunity to be heard;
 - (b) require of any of the parties further information before making any further order;
 - (c) fix a date for a hearing of the review application.
 - (2) The sheriff may, subject to any statutory time limits, make an order altering the date of the proof or other hearing at which the child or vulnerable witness is to give

evidence and make such provision for intimation of such alteration to all parties concerned as he deems appropriate.

- (3) An order fixing a hearing for a review application shall be intimated by the sheriff clerk—
 - (a) on the day the order is made; and
 - (b) in such manner as may be prescribed by the sheriff,

to all parties to the proceedings and such other persons as are named in the order where such parties or persons are not present at the time the order is made.

Determination of special measures

When making an order under section 12(1) or (6) or 13(2) of the Act of 2004 the sheriff may, in light thereof, make such further orders as he deems appropriate in all the circumstances.

Intimation of an order under section 12(1) or (6) or 13(2)

- An order under section 12(1) or (6) or 13(2) of the Act of 2004 shall be intimated by the sheriff clerk—
 - (a) on the day the order is made; and
 - (b) in such manner as may be prescribed by the sheriff,

to all parties to the proceedings and such other persons as are named in the order where such parties or persons are not present at the time the order is made.

Taking of evidence by commissioner

- 45.11.(1) An interlocutor authorising the special measure of taking evidence by a commissioner shall be sufficient authority for the citing the witness to appear before the commissioner.
 - (2) At the commission the commissioner shall—
 - (a) administer the oath de fideli administratione to any clerk appointed for the commission; and
 - (b) administer to the witness the oath in Form G14, or where the witness elects to affirm, the affirmation in Form G15.
 - (3) The commission shall proceed without interrogatories unless, on cause shown, the sheriff otherwise directs.

Commission on interrogatories

- 45.12.(1) Where interrogatories have not been dispensed with, the party citing or intending to cite the vulnerable witness shall lodge draft interrogatories in process.
 - (2) Any other party may lodge cross-interrogatories.
 - (3) The interrogatories and cross-interrogatories, when adjusted, shall be extended and returned to the sheriff clerk for approval and the settlement of any dispute as to their contents by the sheriff.
 - (4) The party who cited the vulnerable witness shall—

- (a) provide the commissioner with a copy of the pleadings (including any adjustments and amendments), the approved interrogatories and any cross-interrogatories and a certified copy of the interlocutor of his appointment;
- (b) instruct the clerk; and
- (c) be responsible in the first instance for the fee of the commissioner and his clerk.
- (5) The commissioner shall, in consultation with the parties, fix a diet for the execution of the commission to examine the witness.

Commission without interrogatories

- Where interrogatories have been dispensed with, the party citing or intending to cite the vulnerable witness shall—
 - (a) provide the commissioner with a copy of the pleadings (including any adjustments and amendments) and a certified copy of the interlocutor of his appointment;
 - (b) fix a diet for the execution of the commission in consultation with the commissioner and every other party;
 - (c) instruct the clerk; and
 - (d) be responsible in the first instance for the fees of the commissioner and his clerk.

Lodging of video record and documents

- 45.14.(1) Where evidence is taken on commission pursuant to an order made under section 12(1) or (6) or 13(2) of the Act of 2004 the commissioner shall lodge the video record of the commission and relevant documents with the sheriff clerk.
 - (2) On the video record and any documents being lodged the sheriff clerk shall—
 - (a) note-
 - (i) the documents lodged;
 - (ii) by whom they were lodged; and
 - (iii) the date on which they were lodged, and
 - (b) intimate what he has noted to all parties concerned.

Custody of video record and documents

- 45.15.(1) The video record and documents referred to in rule 45.14 shall, subject to paragraph (2), be kept in the custody of the sheriff clerk.
 - (2) Where the video record of the evidence of a witness is in the custody of the sheriff clerk under this rule and where intimation has been given to that effect under rule 45.14(2), the name and address of that witness and the record of his evidence shall be treated as being in the knowledge of the parties; and no party shall be required, notwithstanding any enactment to the contrary—
 - (a) to include the name of that witness in any list of witnesses; or
 - (b) to include the record of his evidence in any list of productions.

Application for leave for party to be present at the commission

45.16. An application for leave for a party to be present in the room where the commission proceedings are taking place shall be by motion.]

Rule 1.4]

F85APPENDIX 1

FORMS

Textual Amendments

Sch. 1 (with Appendices 1, 2) substituted (1.1.1994) for Sch. 1 (with Appendix) by Act of Sederunt (Sheriff Court Ordinary Cause Rules) 1993 (S.I. 1993/1956), para. 2, Sch. 1

Form G1 initial writ

NITIAL WRIT

SHERIFFDOM OF Gineer name of sheriffilms)
AT (sates place of sheriff (sour)

[A.B.] (design and satue are appealed opening in which the pursues is snings). Pursues.

[C.D.] (design and satue are appealed opening in which the pursues is snings). Pursues.

[C.D.] (design and satue are appealed opening in which the depender is being such). Defender.

The Pursuer craves the count (here state the specific decree, warrant or order sought).

(State in numbered pursuegapsis in detects which form the ground of action)

FLEAS.IN-LAW
(State in numbered sentence).

[Signed I.A.B.]. Pursuer.

of X.Y.]. Solicitor for the pursues (state delay publication and benifiers) address)

Form of creat

SUERIFFOM OF (inners name of sheriffsion)
AT (states place of sheriff (sour))

Solicitor (inner share of sheriffsion)

AT (states place of sheriff (sour))

Solicitor (inner share) and sheriffsion and address?

Should any application be made for their specify the name of the application(1) to which this convent is not exceeded by the sheriff of the pursue contains the made to the convents before any order is pronounced.

Date (inners date)

Carvestor's below any order is pronounced.

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Carvestor's below and fals, number (inners where covers) to not deploy sourcembers.

Carvestor's below any order is order.

Solicitor (insers name and address, religiones and fals) and below and pronounced.

A state whether the covent is belogied in an individual capacity, or a specified representative capac

	FORM GS	s	Rules 9.2(2)(a) and 33.16(3)(b)
	Form of intimation of Opti	ions Hearing	
	ress and telephone number)		Court ref.no.
You are given notice that	[A.B.] (design) Pursuer against [4	C.D.] (design)	Defender
(insert date)	is the last day for lodging de	Jences;	
(insert date)	is the last day for making adj	ustments to th	ne writ or defences;
(insert date, time and place)	is the date, time and place for	r the Options l	Hearing.
Date (insert date)		Signed	Sheriff clerk (depute)
NOTE TO BE ADDED V	h the terms of this notice or with the Ordinary Cause Rules of the of those Rules. WHERE PARTY UNREPRESEN AIN WHAT ACTION TO TAI adding on your income, and you	TED	les 9.3, 9.4, 9.6, 9.10, and 9.11 of t, decree by default may be granted the decree by default may be granted the decree by default may be
eligible for legal aid depe Bureau or other advice ag	nding on your income, and you cency.	an get inform	ation from any Citizens Advice
	Form G6		Rule 15.1(1)(b)
	Form of motion		
SHERIFFDO AT (incore of	OM OF (insert name of sheriffde ace of sheriff court)	AMI)	Court ref.no.
MOTION FO	OR THE PURSUER [or DEFE! in the cause		
	insert designation and addres) (insert designation and addres)	rsuer	
[C.D.]	against (insert designation and address De	r) fender	
(insert description of part	y) moves the court to (insert a	letails of mot	ion and, where appropriate, the
the documents or parts of	process lodged with the motion t or name part of process)		
(insert date)	Signed		
	Par des	rty(insert nan scription of p	arty)
	or	Solicitor for	party tion and business address)
	Form G7	frantion	Rule 15.2(1)
SHERIFFDO AT (insert pla	M OF (insert name of sheriffdon ace of sheriff court) in the cause		Court ref.no.
	A.B.] (insert designation and ade Purst	dress) ser	
IC	against C.D.] (insert designation and add Defe	dress) nder	
	motion (insert date and time)		
	notice of opposition (insert date)	DDEP-00-	MOTE IN THE
FORM (attach a copy of			
OPPOSITION TO THE motion) and lodging it wi notice of apposition). In ing motion). A copy of th	th the sheriff clerk at (insert adde that event the motion will be call the notice of opposition must be s	ress) on or bel ed in court (in ent immediat	Form G9 (notice of opposition to fore (insert date for lodging the isert date and time fixed for hear- iely to any other party in the action.
IF NO NOTICE OF OP the attendance of parties.	POSITION IS LODGED, the rr	iotion may be	considered by the sheriff without
Date (insert date)		Signed Party (i	insert name and description of
		party) or Solid	citor for party
* Delete as ap	propriate	(insert	designation and business address)
EXPLANATORY NOTE NOT LEGALLY REPRE	TO BE ADDED WHERE PART SENTED		
IF YOU ARE UNCERT receive advice from a Citi	AIN WHAT ACTION TO TAI zens Advice Bureau or other adv	KE you shoul	ld consult a solicitor. You may also
NOTE	e motion you must appear or be i f opposition to motion) and then assider the motion in your absence		in the date of the hearing. If you or be represented at the court int the order(s) sought.
_	Form G8		Rule 15.2(6)
F FIFICATE OF INTIMA	orm of certificate of intimation	on of motion	
		nes of partie. n is by facsin	s or solicitors for the parties, as nile transmission, insert fax
(insert date)	Sig	ned Solicitor	or.

schedule contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time. Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to Sheriff Courts (Scotland) Act 1907. Any changes that have already been made by the

team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Form of notice of opposition to motion

NOTICE OF OPPOSITION TO MOTION

SHERIFFDOM OF (insert name of sheriffdom) AT (insert place of sheriff court) in the cause

of notice of opposition sent to (insert name of party)

Signed
Party (insert name and designation of party)
or Solicitor for party (add designation and business address)

Form of intimation to a party whose solicitor has withdrawn

SHERIFFDOM OF (insert name of sheriffdom) AT (insert place of sheriff court)

As a result the sheriff has ordered that you appear or be represented on (insert date and time) within the Sheriff Court at the above address. A copy of the order is attached.

When you appear you will be asked by the sheriff to state whether you intend to proceed with your action [or defences or answers].

NOTE:

IF YOU ARE UNCERTAIN WHAT ACTION TO TAKE you should consult a solicitor. You may also observe vivine from any Citizens Advice Bureau or other advice agency.

FORM G11 Rule 28.3(1)

heriff Court at (insert address)

In the cause

[A.B. [deferge] Pursuer
agains

[C.D.] (design) Defender

me and designation of purty or parties or haver-from whom documents are sought to be

fidentiality for any of the documents produced by you, such documents must nevertheless be ay be placed in a special sealed packet by themselves, marked "confidential".

.....

(2) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there are in existence other documents falling within the specification, but not in my possession, namely (describe blem by reference to one or more of the descriptions of documents in the specification), which were last seen by me on a boat (lesser mane and address of the person) (so that I know of the existence of no documents in the possession of any person, other than myself, which fall within the specification).

schedule contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to Sheriff Courts (Scotland) Act 1907. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Form of certificate of citation of witness or haver ration) I duly cited [K.L.], (design) to attend at (inst sert date) at (instert time) as a witness for the pursuet [or defer lesign), Pursuer, against [C.D.] (design), Defender, [and I requ per [(specify documents)]. This I did by (state mode of citation) FORM G13 To [K.L.] (design). NOTE.

Claims for necessary outlays and loss of earnings within certain specified limits will be paid. Claims should be made to the person who has cited you to attend court. Proof of any loss of earnings should be given to that Form G14 Rules 28.4(6)(b), 28.10(4)(b) and 29.16 The witness to raise his right hand and repeat after the sheriff $\{\sigma^{\prime}$ commissioner}: "I swear by Almighty Got that I will tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth." Form of affirmation for witness The witness to repeat after the sheriff[or commissioner]: "I solemnly, sincerely and truly declare and affirm that I will tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth". FORM G16 Rule 28.14(3) SHERIFFDOM OF (insert name of sheriffdom) AT (insert place of sheriff court) MINUTE FOR PURSUER [or DEFENDER] in the cause Signed
Solicitor for the pursuer [or defender or third party]
(add designation and business address) LETTER OF REQUEST 2. Central auti 5. a. Requesting judicial authority 7. Nature and purpose of the proceedings and summary of facts 8. Evidence to be obtained or other judicial act to be performed

11. Documents or other property to be inspected

12. Any requirement that the evidence be given on oath or affirmation and any special form to be used

(specify whether it is to be produced, copied, valued, etc.)

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 Request for notification of the time and place for the execution of the request and dentity and address of any person to be notified 		
Request for attendance or participation fjudicial personnel of the requesting uthority at the execution of the letter frequest		
Specification of privilege or duty to efuse to give evidence under the law of the state of origin		
7. The fees and expenses (costs) incurred vill be borne by	(insert name and address)	
Items to be included in all letters of request)		
8. Date of request		
Signature and seal of the requesting author	erity	
FORM	I G18 Rule 3	0.3(2)
	e of rate of exchange	
CERTIFICATE OF RATE OF EXCHANGE	a rates current in London for the purchase	of (state the
I (insert designation and address) certify that the unit of currency in which the decree is expressed sterling and at this rate the sum of (state the amo equivalent).		ange) to the £ (insert sterling
Date (insert date)	Signed For and on behalf of the manager or other official	bank
	Form O1	Rule 3.3(1)
	varrant of citation	
intert place and date) Grants warrant to cite the de or her] a copy of the writ and warrant on a period o wher], if he [or she] intends to defend the action or ith the sheriff clerk at (insert place of sheriff court rants warrant to arrest on the dependence].	fender (insert name and address) by ser if notice of (insert period of notice) days, make any claim, to lodge a notice of inter by within the said period of notice after so	ving upon him and ordains him ention to defend ach service [and
Meantime grants interim interdict; or grants warrant arrant to inventory; or otherwise, as the case may	to arrest to found jurisdiction; or sequest be.]	rates and grants
Sign	ed Sheriff [ør sheriff clerk]	
	Form O2	Rule 3.3(2)
Form of warrant of citation who	ere time to pay direction may be appli	ied for
Insert place and date) Grants warrant to cite the det rit and warrant, with Form O3, on a period of no er] if he [or she] -	fender (insert name and address) by servi tice of (insert period of notice) days and	ing a copy of the ordains him [or
(a) intends to defend the action or make any c (b) admits the claim and intends to apply for a of an arrestment) to lodge the appropriate		
with the sheriff clerk at (insert place of sheriff cosm and grants warrant to arrest on the dependence).		
Meantime grants interim interdict, or grants warrant varrant to inventory; or otherwise, as the case m	t to arrest to found jurisdiction; or seques	
rattant to inventory, or otherwise, as the case m	Signed	
	Sheriff [or sheriff clerk]	
	Form O3 Rules 3.3(3), 7.3(2):	and 18.5(1)(a)(i)
Form of notice to be served on defender in or	dinary action where time to pay direction	n may be applied
	ACTION RAISED BY	
PURS	SHERIFF COURT	DEFENDER
COURT REF. NO.	ng address) DATE OF EXPIRY OF PER	NOD OF NOTICE
/		
THIS SECTION MUST BE COMPLETED BY THE	E PURSUER BEFORE SERVICE	
T- D1 - 0 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		
The Debtors (Scotland) Act 1987 gives you the is an order permitting you to pay any sum of me interest and court expenses; either by way of ins that you must pay all the amount at one time w When making a time to pay direction the cou by the pursuer in connection with the action or or	oney you are ordered to pay to the pursuer (vistalments or deferred lump sum. A deferred ithin a period specified, by the court	vhich may include I lump sum means
HOW TO APPLY FOR A TIME TO PAY DIRECTION		
	an application for a time to pay direction a want to make an application you should lo tress before the expiry of the period of notice	and for recall or dge the completed , the date of which
NOTE Where this form is being served on a defender al the reference to "date of expiry of period of as an application for a time to pay direction" and should be amended to "on or before the date i direction".		

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	TE THE APPLICATION
	USING BLOCK CAPITALS
ART A of the application will have been completed in ad you as the defender.	n advance by the pursuer and gives details of the pursuer
ART B - If you wish to apply to pay by instalments you wish to apply to pay the full sum due in one def B3(2).	n advance by the pursuer and gives details of the pursuer enter the amount and tick the appropriate box at B3(1), erred payment enter the period of deferment you propose ition in the space provided, to pay direction to recall or restrict an arrestment made
ART C - Give full details of your financial pos ART D - If you wish the court, when making the time connection with the action, enter the appropriate de the arrestment at DS, and attach the schedule of a	stails about what has been arrested and the place and date
gn the application where indicated and detach page of this form as you may need them at a later stage ourt before the expiry of the period of notice.	es 3 and 4. Retain the copy initial writ and pages 1 and You should ensure that your application arrives at the
	HAPPEN NEXT
e date and time. the pursuer does not object to your application, a scree) will be served on you by the pursuer's solicite	will be fixed and the court will advise you in writing of copy of the court order for payment (called an extract or advising when instalment payments should commence
deferred payment be made.	
APPLICATION FOR A	Court ref. no.
	S (SCOTLAND) ACT 1987
ART A By	
This section must be	DEFENDER
mpleted by pursuer fore service)	In an action raised by
	PURSUER
PART B 1 The applicant is a defender in the action broug 2 The defender admits the claim and applies to t 3 The defender applies (1) To pay by insta	ht by the above named pursuer, he court for a time to pay direction. Impacts of E
	RETNIGHT MONTH
	OR
(2) To pay the sum	ordered in one payment within WEEKS/MONTHS
PART C	
4 Defender's financial position My weekly fortnightly monthly	My weekly fortnightly monthly
outgoings are:	income is:
Rent / mortgage £ Heating £	Wages / pensions £
Food £ HP £	Other £
Other £ Total £	Total £
Dependants: Children - how many D	ependant relatives - how many
Here list all capital (if any) e.g. value of house; an	sounts in bank or building society accounts; shares or other
investments: Here list any outstanding debts:	
rece in any oursaining detes:	
PART D	
5 The defender seeks to recall or restrict an arre and attach the schedule of arrestment or copy):	estment of which the details are as follows (please state,
6 This application is made under sections I(1)	and 2(3) of the Debtors (Scotland) Act 1987.
Therefore the defender asks the court *a, to make a time	to pay direction.
*b. to recall the ab *c. to restrict the a * Delete what does not apply	to pay direction. ove arrestment. bove arrestment (in which case state restriction wanted):-
	igned
	Defender
Fore	
Form of TTATION	of citation
HERIFFDOM OF (insert name of sheriffdom)	
T (insert place of sheriff court)	
	ninst [C.D.], (insert designation and address), Defender Court ref. no.
Insert place and date). You [C.D.], are hereby serve f intention to defend).	d with this copy writ and warrant, with Form O7 (notice
orm O7 is served on you for use should you wish	
F YOU WISH TO DEFEND THIS ACTION you f intention to defend (Form O7). The notice of inte mount) must be lodged with the sheriff clerk at the eriod of notice) of (insert the date on which service w	should consult a solicitor with a view to lodging a notice ntion to defend, together with the court fee of £ (insert above address within 21 days (or insert the appropriate vas executed N.B. Rule 5.3(2) relating to postal service).
F YOU ARE UNCERTAIN WHAT ACTION ' ligible for legal aid depending on your income, and ou may also obtain advice from any Citizens Advi	FO TAKE you should consult a solicitor. You may be you can get information about legal aid from a solicitor. ce Bureau or other advice agency.
LEASE NOTE THAT IF YOU DO NOTHING	IN ANSWER TO THIS DOCUMENT the court may and the pursuer may obtain decree against you in your
Signed	

[P.Q.], Sheriff officer, or [X.Y.] (add designation and business address)

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		Form O5		Rule 5.2(2)
CITATION	Form of citation where	time to pay dire	ction may be applied fo	ar.
SHERIFFDOM OF	(insert name of sheriffdom)			
AT (insert place of	sheriff court) nation and address) Pursuet	against [C D] (i	nsert designation and a	(dress) Defender
(Insert place and de following forms -	are). You [C.D.], are hereby	served with this	copy writ and warrant,	together with the
Form O	3 (application for time to pay 7 (notice of intention to defe	y direction); and nd).		
[and for the recall or referred to in the cop	on you because it is considered restriction of an arrestment us py writ]. See Form O3 for fur	sed on the depend rther details.	lence of the action or in s	ecurity of the debt
IF YOU ADMIT TI complete Form O3 a period of notice) of (a	HE CLAIM AND WISH TO nd return it to the sheriff clerk insert the date on which service	APPLY FOR A at (insert address se was executed .)	TIME TO PAY DIRECTLY within 21 days (or inset N.B. Rule 5.3(2) relating	CTION, you must rt the appropriate to postal service).
IF YOU ADMIT TO YOU, the whole sur solicitor in good time	HE CLAIM AND WISH TO m claimed including interest to before the expiry of the pe	AVOID A COU and any expense riod of notice.	RT ORDER BEING M s due should be paid to	ADE AGAINST the pursuer or his
	on you for use should you w			
IF YOU WISH TO of intention to defen amount) must be lod period of notice) of service).	DEFEND THIS ACTION y of (Form O7). The notice of i ged with the sheriff clerk at th (insert the date on which see	ou should consul ntention to defen ne above address rvice was execut	t a solicitor with a view t d, together with the cou- within 21 days (or inse- red. N.B. Rule 5.3 (2)	o lodging a notice irt fee of £ (insert it the appropriate relating to postal
PLEASE NOTE TI regard you as admitt	CERTAIN WHAT ACTIO depending on your income, a n advice from any Citizens A HAT IF YOU DO NOTHIN ting the claim made against y	N TO TAKE you and you can get in dvice Bureau or NG IN ANSWEI you and the pursu	ou should consult a solic iformation about legal ai other advice agency. R TO THIS DOCUMEN er may obtain decree ag	itor. You may be d from a solicitor. NT the court may ainst you in your
absence.				
	Signed			
	(I	P.Q.], Sheriff offi r [X.Y.] (add des olicitor for the pr	cer, ignation and husiness as ursuer	idress)
	Form	n O6	R	ule 5.2(3)
	Form of certif	ficate of citation	n	
	CERTIFICATE	OF CITATIO	N	
	hereby der, to answer to the foregoir presence of [L.M.], (inser by post state whether by reg			
ccordance with rule :	e to pay direction may be ap 3.3)	,,		
		Signed [P.Q.], S	heriff officer	
		[L.M.], v or [X.Y address)	heriff officer vitness .], (add designation a	nd business
		Solicitor	for the pursuer	
	Form O7 Form of notice of inte	ention to defen	Rules 5	i.2 (1) and 9.1(1)
	NOTICE OF INTEN			
RT A rt Ref. No.	in an action raised at	Sheriff	Court	
(insert name and b	usiness address of	7		
solicitor for the pur	suer)		P	ursuer
	olicitor for the pursuer		De	fender
his section to be con he pursuer before so	apleted ervice)			
TE OF SERVICE :	DATE OF	EXPIRY OF P	ERIOD OF NOTICE:	
RT B				
his section to be see	npleted by the defender o lerk (insert address of she PART A above.)	r the defender' riff clerk) on or	s solicitor and both p before the date of exp	arts of this form piry of the period
ert place and date)				
	on and address) Defender b, Pursuer, against him (and	, intends to def others).	end the action raised	by [A.B.], (insert
	Sign	[C.D.] Defend	Ser	
		or [X.Y.] (and Solicitor for	ld designation and bus the defender	uness address)

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 $\label{eq:form of notice to additional or substitute defender where time to pay direction may be applied for$

SHERIFFDOM OF (insert name of sheriffdom) AT (insert place of sheriff court)

You [E.F.] are given notice that in this action in which [A.B.] is the pursuer and [C.D.] is the defender, your name has, by order of the court dated (insert date of court order)—been added [or substituted] as a defender to the said action; and the action, originally against [C.D.] is now [or also] directed against you.

Form O3 is served on you because it is considered that you may be entitled to apply for a time to pay direction [and for the recall or restriction of an arrestment used on the dependence of the action or in security of the debt referred to in the copy writ]. See Form O3 for further details.

IF YOU ADMIT THE CLAIM AND WISH TO APPLY FOR A TIME TO PAY DIRECTION, you mut complete Form O3 and return it to the sheriff clerk at (insert address) within 21 days (or insert the appropria period of notice) of (insert the date on which service was excuted. N.B. Rule 53(2) relating to postal citation

IF YOU ADMIT THE CLAIM AND WISH TO AVOID A COURT ORDER BEING MADE AGAINST YOU, the whole sum claimed including interest and any expenses due should be paid to the pursuer or his solicitor in good time before the expiry of the period of notice.

IF YOU WISH TO DEFEND THIS ACTION you should comulat a solicion with a view to lodging a solice of intention to defend (Form OT). The notice of intention to defend, together with the court fee of E (insert amount) must be lodged with the shelf client at the above address within 2.1 (day, fee insert the appropriate prointed of notice) of (insert the date on which service was executed. N.B. See Rule 5.3(2) relating to postal service).

IF YOU ARE UNCERTAIN WHAT ACTION TO TAKE you should consult a solicitor. You may be eligible for legal aid depending on your income, and you can get information about legal aid from a solicitor. You may also obtain advice from any Citizens Advice Bureau or other advice agency.

PLEASE NOTE THAT IF YOU DO NOTHING IN ANSWER TO THIS DOCUMENT the court may regard you as admitting the claim made against you and the pursuer may obtain decree against you in your

FORM 09 Rule 18.5(1)(a)(ii)

SHERIFFDOM OF (Insert name of sheriffdom) AT (insert place of sheriff court)

To [E.F.] (insert designation and address of additional [or substitute] defender)

You E.F. lere given notice that in this action in which [A.R.] is the pursual [C.D.] in the deficient of the pursuance has, by order of the contribution [court after of your ready been added for substituted] as a definite to the sall action, and the scale croken gridner by animal the sall [C.D.] is now for also) directed against you. Exclused with this notice are the following documents.

Copies of the [insert as appropriate pleadings as adjusted or closed record]; and Form O7 (notice of intention to defend).

Form O7 is served on you for use should you wish to intimate an intention to defend the action

FORM OF a Service on you are use snown you wan to immunic an intermine to electron the actions of the POOL WHISH TO DEFENDS THIS ACTION you should consult a solicitor with a view to lodging a a of intention to defend (Form O7). The notice of intention to defend, together with the court fee of £ (amount) must be lodged with the with the shelff! clerk at the above address within 28 days (or intermined appropriate preside of ontice) of finents the date on which service was exceeded by Rafte 5.21; perhaps a superposite preside of ontice) of finents of the date on which service was exceeded by Rafte 5.21; perhaps a superposite preside of solicit of finents of the date on which service was exceeded by Rafte 5.21; perhaps a superposite preside of solicit of finents of the solicit o

PLEASE NOTE THAT IF YOU DO NOTHING IN ANSWER TO THIS DOCUMENT the court ma regard you as admitting the claim made against you and the pursuer may obtain decree against you in you absence.

Form O10 Form of third party notice

SHERIFFDOM OF (insert name of sheriffdom) AT (insert place of sheriff court)

THIRD PARTY NOTICE in the cause
[A.B.]. (insert designation and address), Pursuer against
[C.D.]. (insert designation and address), Defender

or a manufacture of the property of the proper

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You are given NOTICE that an action of divorce [or separation] has been raised against (insert name) your insurer relationship, e.g. father, mother, brother or other relative at the case may be l. If you know of this [or left process addees, you are requested in other the breaft [ceft, left process addees, you are requested in other law shifting in the contract of the contract o

IF YOU ARE UNCERTAIN WHAT ACTION TO TAKE you should consult a solicitor. You ma entitled to legal aid depending on your financial circumstances, and you can get information about lega from a solicitor. You may also obtain advice from any Citizens Advice Bureau or other advice agency.

FORM F2

Rule 33.7(1)(b)

You are given NOTICE that in this action, you are alleged to have committed adultery. A copy of the initial writ is statisched. If you wish to dispute the truth of the allegation made against you, you must lodge a minute with the sherfill (ext. Internet adures of pherific (erily fee leven to open are aparty.) or unimente must be dogled within 21 days of (insert date on which intimation given. N.B. Rule 5.3(2) relating to postal service or intimation).

IF YOU ARE UNCERTAIN WHAT ACTION TO TAKE you should consult a solicitor. You may be entitled to legal aid depending on your financial circumstances, and you can get information about legal aid from a solicitor. You may also obtain advice from any Citizens Advice Bureau or other advice agency.

FORM F3

Form of intimation to children, next of kin and curator bonis in an action of divorce or separation where the defender suffers from a mental disorder

Court ref. no.

To (name and address as in warrant)

Court ref.no.

Signed Solicitor for the pursuer

IF YOU ARE UNCERTAIN WHAT ACTION TO TAKE you should consult a solicious to entitled to legal aid depending on your financial circumstances, and you can get information about legal aid from a solicitor You may be to be about the consult and the solicitor. You may also obtain advice from any Citizens Advice Bureau or other advice agency.

FORM F5

Rule 33.7(1)(e)(i) and (ii)

Court ref.no.

NOTE
The minute should be lodged with the sheriff clerk with the appropriate fee of (insert amount) and a copy of this intimation.

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Form of intimation to person having de facto custody of a child Date (insert date) IF YOU ARE UNCERTAIN WHAT ACTION TO TAKE you should consult a solicitor. You may be entitled to legal aid depending on your financial circumstances, and you can get information about legal aid from a solicitor. You may also obtain advice from any Citizens Advice Bureau or other advice agency. $FORM\,F7 \qquad \qquad Rules\,33.7(1)(f)\,and\,33.19(1)(a)(i)$ Form of notice to parent or guardian in action for custody of a child 1. You are given NOTICE that in this action, the pursuer seeks custody of the child (insert name of child). A copy of the initial writ is served on you and is attrached to this notice. 2. The pursuacheing a relative for uses passent of the child, but the consent of for seeds the consent of for discretance of the child, but the consent of for seeds the consent of for discretance of pursuacheing a relative for superalize postulation of the child, and has had care and possessions of the child for three months preceding the bedging of the initial wir on (interest date). The pursuach has decrement for seeds the child, so the sent of the child, and has had care and possession of the child of the child and has core and possession of the child, for a period or periods before logiting the wire bids amount to at least twelve months including the three months preceding the logit of the initial wirt on (interest date). -vorce in appropriate.

2. If you wish to connect to the parsier being granted custody to the child in the event of the ing that that was appropriate, you should company. From 1725.

**Idease it makes of parent or grantfuln has connected to the parsier being granted custody of event of the count describing that their was appropriate.

*Both alternative paragraphs should be struck out if the pursuer is a parent or grantfuln. NOTE
IF YOU ARE UNCERTAIN WHAT ACTION TO TAKE you should consult a solicitor. You may be
entitled to legal aid depending on your financial circumstances, and you can get information about lega
aid from a solicitor. You may also obtain advice from any Citizens Advice Burcau or other advice agency FORM F8 Rules 33.7(1)(g), 33.7(4) and 33.12(2) Form of notice to local authority under section 49(1) of the Children Act 1975 To (insert name and address) You are given NOTICE that the pursuer has presented an initial writ to the sheriff court at (insert address) for the custody of the child (insert name of child). A copy of the initial writ is enclosed. Court ref. no.

IF YOU ARE UNCERTAIN WHAT ACTION TO TAKE you should consult a solicitor. You may be entitled to legal aid depending on your financial circumstances, and you can get information about legal aid from a solicitor. You may also obtain advice from any Citizens Advice Bureau or other advice agency.

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Form of intimation to creditor in application for order for the transfer of property under section 8 of the Family Law (Scotland) Act 1985

NOTE
If you decide to lodge a minute it may be in your best interest to consult a solicitor. The minute should be lodged with the sheriff clerk with the appropriate fee of (insert amount) and a copy of this intimation.

IF YOU ARE UNCERTAIN WHAT A CTION TO TAKE you should consult a society of uns animanon.

retired to legal aid depending on your financial circumstances, and you can get information about legal aid from a solicitor. You may also obtain advice from any Citizens Advice Bureau or other advice agency.

FORM F11

Rule 33.7(1)(j)

Form of intimation in an action where the pursuer makes an application for an order under section 18 of the Family Law (Scotland) Act 1985

me and address as in warrant) Court ref. no.

You are given NOTICE that in this action, the parsaer craves the court to make an order under section 18 of the Family Law (Scotland) Act 1985. A copy of the initial writ is attached, If you wish to apply to appear as a party, you must long as mainse with the shortflict chi (unrestrates of shortflicter) forestreet does yo the remainset must be lodged within 21 days of linear of the Notice of the other continued and the short of the short of the short of the source of the short of t

FORM F12

ame and address as in warrant) Court ref. no.

Signed Solicitor for the pursuer

NOTE
If you decide to lodge a minute it may be in your best interest to consult a solicitor. The minute should be lodged with the sheriff clerk with the appropriate fee of (insert amount) and a copy of this intimation.

IF YOU ARE UNCERTAIN WHAT ACTION TO TAKE you should consult a solicitor. You may be entitled to legal aid depending on your financial circumstances, and you can get information about legal aid from a solicitor. You may also obtain advice from any Citizens Advice Bureau or other advice agency.

FORM F13

To (insert name and address as in warrant)

Court ref. no.

NOTE

If you decide to lodge a minute it may be in your best interest to consult a solicitor. The minute should be lodged with the sheriff clerk with the appropriate fee of (insert amount) and a copy of this intimation.

FORM F14

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Rules 33.11(1) and 33.13(1)(a) FORM F15 CITATION SHERIFFDOM OF (insert name of sheriffdom) AT (insert place of sheriff court) [A.B.], (insert designation and address) Pursuer, against [C.D.], (insert designation and address), Defender, Court ref. no. t place and date) You [C.D.], are hereby served with this copy writ and warrant, with Form F26 e of intention to defend] [and (insert details of any other form of notice served, e.g. any of the forms served ordance with rule 33.14]. From 2th is service on you for the tolerand you win to intimate an intention to defend the action.

(a) challenge the pirithelication of the court,
(b) opposes upon form mode or orders cought;
(c) make any claim or seek any order; or
(d) seek any claim or seek any order; or
(d) seek any claim or seek any order; or
(d) seek any claim or seek any order; or
(d) seek any claim or seek any order; or
(d) seek any claim or seek any order; or
(d) seek any claim or seek any order; or
(d) seek any claim or seek any order; or
(d) seek any claim or seek any order;
(e) seek any claim or s Signed [P.Q]., Sheriff officer or [X.Y.] (add designation and business address) Solicitor for the pursuer Form of certificate of citation in family action CERTIFICATE OF CITATION hereby certify that upon the day of kwer to the foregoing writ. This I did by (state method of service: if hy of [L.M.], (insert designation), witness hereto with me subscribi-ation or notice sent including details of the person to whom intimat or [X.Y.], (add designation and business address) Solicitor for the pursuer e and address of medical office?
3.3.5.11(1) of the Columny Cause Basics of the Sheeliff Court a copy of the initials with at the 3.3.5.11(1) of the Columny Cause Basics of the Sheeliff Court a copy of the initials with at the consciously to an expressed to be consciously to the consciously on the consciously to the Court court of the Court court of the Court court of the Court cause of definition, and executed the Court court of the Court court of the Court Signed
Solicitor for the pursuer (add designation and business address) *I have on the day of personally delivered a copy thereof to the said defender who is under my care at (insert address) and I have explained the contents or purport thereof to him or her, σr *I have not delivered a copy thereof to the said defender who is under my care at (insert address) and I have not explained the contents or purport thereof to him or her because (state reasons). Signed Medical officer (add designation and address) FORM F19 You are given NOTICE that the copy initial writ served on you with this notice states that you consent to the grant of decree of divorce. Lift you do so coment the consequences for you are that (a) provided the pursure crashibities the fact that left or she) has not cobabited with you at any time during accordinate period for two special methods after the date of your marriage and immediately preceding the brigating of this action and that you consent, a decree of diverse will be granted, exists: and a decree of diverse your boy have part glish of discussions to the pursure's collect. and (c) diverce of diverse will end the marriage thereby affecting any right to such prosine as may depend on the marriage containing, or, on your beng left at saviour that use who's 'preserion will not be purplishe to you when the pursure duck.]

Apart from these, there may be other consequences for you depending upon your particular circumstances. 3. IF YOU WISH TO APPLY FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE ORDERS you should consult a solicitor with a view to lodging a notice of intention to defend (Form 26). 4. If, after consideration, you wish to consent to decree, you should complete and sign the attached form of notice of consent (Form F20) and send it to the sheriff clork at the sheriff court referred to in the initial with within 21 days (dissert the date on which service was executed. No. Rule 5/32) estainting to postal service).

5. If at a later stage you wish to withdraw your consent you must inform the sheriff clerk immediately in writing that you withdraw your consent to decree being granted against you in the this action.

> Signed Solicitor for the pursuer (add designation and business address)

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FORM F 20 Rule 33.14(1)(a)(i) and 33.18(1)

 $[A.B.], (\textit{insert designation and address}), \\ Pursuer, against [C.D.], (\textit{insert designation and address}), \\ Defender (a.B.), (a.B$ I (full name and address of the defender to be intered by paraser or pursues) is solicito to before studies out to be bare received a copy of the initial writ in the action against me at the instance of full name and address of pursues or pole instance of pursues or pole instance in the instance of full name and address of pursues or pole instance). I address depic interest is allowed before interesting notice; I understand that states mentioned in the outset of pursues or pole instance in a contract of the pursues of the instance in the nation. I consent to the grant of decree of diverse in the action.

You are given NOTICE that the copy initial writ served on you with this notice states that you the grant of decree of separation.

will continue to subsist; you will continue to have a legal outgation to support your market and children;
Apart from these, there may be other consequences for you depending upon your particular circums

IF YOU WISH TO APPLY FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE ORDERS you should consult a solicitor with a view to lodging a notice of intention to defend (Form 26).

 $[A.B.], (insert designation \ and \ address), Pursuer \ against \ [C.D.], (insert \ designation \ and \ address), Defender \ [C.D.], (insert \ designation \ and \ address), Defender \ [C.D.], (insert \ designation \ and \ address), Defender \ [C.D.], (insert \ designation \ and \ address), Defender \ [C.D.], (insert \ designation \ and \ address), Defender \ [C.D.], (insert \ designation \ and \ address), Defender \ [C.D.], (insert \ designation \ and \ address), Defender \ [C.D.], (insert \ designation \ and \ address), Defender \ [C.D.], (insert \ designation \ and \ address), Defender \ [C.D.], (insert \ designation \ and \ address), Defender \ [C.D.], (insert \ designation \ and \ address), Defender \ [C.D.], (insert \ designation \ and \ address), Defender \ [C.D.], (insert \ designation \ and \ address), Defender \ [C.D.], (insert \ designation \ and \ address), Defender \ [C.D.], (insert \ designation \ and \ address), Defender \ [C.D.], (insert \ designation \ and \ address), Defender \ [C.D.], (insert \ designation \ address), (insert \ designa$

I (full name and address of the defender to be inserted by pursuer or pursuer's solicitor before sending notice) confirm that Their received is copy of the initial with in the section against me at the instance of (full name that it is the section against the set the inserted of full name that it stacts that I consents to the grant of devere of expansion in this section. These considered the consequences for me mentioned in the notice (Form F21) sent together with this notice. I consent to the grant of decree of separation in this section.

You are given NOTICE that -

No use matted, whether or early one light of succession to the pursuer's centure.

J. You use matted, whether or early one light of succession to much couldbalant duting that five year

J. You use matted, whether and probe in the probe of the probe of

IF YOU WISH TO APPLY FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE ORDERS you should consult a solicitor with a view to lodging a notice of intention to defend (Form 26).

Signed
Solicitor for the pursuer (add designation and business address)

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	FORM F24	Rule 33.14(1)(b)(ii)
orm of notice to defender in an act	ion of separation where it i	s stated there has been five years' non-
ou are given NOTICE that -		
	gether with this notice states to g a continuous period of five tement of this action and that	hat there has been no cohabitation between e years after the date of the marriage and at if the pursuer establishes this as a fact, reparation, a decree will be granted, unless in grave financial hardship to you.
vill continue to subsist. You will cont hildren.	tinue to have a legal obligation	e apart from the pursuer but the marriage on to support your wife [or husband] and
(a) to make provision under the (b) for an order under the Law	Reform (Parent and Child) cess) to any child of the man	no such cohabitation during that five year 11985; (Scotland) Act 1986 relating to parental riage, or any child accepted as such, who
		DERS you should consult a solicitor with
Date (insert date)	Signed	
	Solicite busines	or for the pursuer (add designation and is address)
	FORM F25	Rules 33.19(1)(a)(ii) and 33.19(2)(i)
Form of consent of ur	parent or guardian in proce nder section 47 of the Childs	redings for custody of children ten Act 1975 Court ref.no.
[A.B.], (insert designation and ad	dress). Pursuer against (C D	, (insert designation and address), Defender
		i, (insert designation and address), Defender r father or guardian] of the child (insert fall eieent address). I understand that if I consent and control of the child may be granted to the dy order in relation to the child (insert name
Dated at (insert place) on the	day of	19 .
Signature of person consenting .		
Signature of Witness* *Full Name	Signature *Full Nam	r
*Designation	*Designati	inn
* Please complete in I		
	FORM F26	Rules 33.11(1) and 33.34(2)
	ce of intention to defend in	
NOTIC *PART A	E OF INTENTION TO DE	EFEND
Court ref. no.		
(Insert name and busines address of solicitor for th	is In an	action raised at Sheriff Court
Solicitor for t	ha muruur	Pursuer
Solicitor for t	ne pursuer	
		Defender
*(This section to be completed by the pursuer before service)		
DATE OF SERVICE :	DATE OF EXPIRY OF	PERIOD OF NOTICE:

*PART B *(This section to be completed by returned to the sheriff clerk at the notice referred to in PART A above	the defender or defender above sheriff court on or be	's solicitor, and both parts of the form fore the date of expiry of the period of
(Insert place and date)		
[C.D.] (insert designation and addre	ess), Defender, intends to	
(a) challenge the jurisdiction of	f the court;	
(c) make a claim; (d) seek an order;		ion and address), Pursuer, against him [or
	igned	
	[C.D.], Defender or [X.Y.], (add designat Solicitor for the defende	ion and business address) t
	FORM F27	Rule 33.29(1)(b)
	for decree in family action to rsuer) having considered the nthe schedule hereto, and being	owhich rule 33.28 applies evidence contained in the affidavits and g satisfied that upon the evidence a motion stricted terms as may be appropriate] may
for decree (in terms of the crave of t properly be made, moves the court a	ne initial writ) [or in such re, accordingly.	stricted terms as may be appropriate] may
	In recent sh	
	In respect whereo Signed Solicit	for the pursuer (add designation and
	Solicit	f or for the pursuer (add designation and es address)

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FORM F28 Rules 33.40(c) and 33.64(1)(c) Form of notice of intimation to local authority or third party to whom care of a child is to be given Signed Solicitor for the pursuer IF YOU ARE UNCERTAIN WHAT ACTION TO TAKE you should consult a solicitor. You may be entitled to legal aid depending on your financial circumstances, and you can get information about legal aid from a solicitor. You may also obtain advice from any Citizens Advice Bureau or other advice agency. Form of notice of intimation to local authority of supervision order

You are given NOTICE that on (insert date) in the Sheriff Court at (insert place) the sheriff made a supervision order under section 12 of the Matrimonial Proceedings (Children) Act 1958 [or section 11(1)(b)] of the Guardianship Act 1973] placing the child (insert name and address of child) under your supervision. A certified copy of the sheriff's mentiocoute is attached.

Date (insert date)

FORM F30 Rules 33.72(1) and 33.72(2)

Form of certificate of delivery of documents to chief constable

Form of simplified divorce application under section 1(2)(d) of the Divorce (Scotland) Act 1976

APPLICATION FOR DIVORCE WITH CONSENT OF OTHER PARTY TO THE MARRIAGE (HUSBAND AND WIFE HAVING LIVED APART FOR AT LEAST TWO YEARS)

WRITE IN INK, USING BLOCK CAPITALS

Application 1. Complete and sign Part 1 of the form (pages 3-7), paying particular attention to the notes opposite each section.

3 Jupage 10 may be completed and sworn.

A When discontine 1,3 above here to been complied with, your application is now ready to be sent to the shortliff cells at the shows address. While 15 year must enchouse 10 years marine generally a Regularies and the shortly as Regularies of Marriages? which will be returned to you in due county, and the story in a Regularies of Marriages? which will be returned to you in due county, and the county of the shortly and the shortly county of the Shortly Check?

or an open of the shortly Check?

or an open of the shortly check the shortly and the shortly check the shortl

	PAR	T 1				
	WRI	TE IN	INK, USING BLOCK CAPITALS			
			AND ADDRESS OF APPLICANT			
	Surname					
	Present address					
			lephone number(if any)			
			AND ADDRESS OF SPOUSE			
	Surrame Other name(s) in full					
	Pres	ent ado	lress			
	Days		lephone number (if any)			
	,					
	3. Д	JRISD	ICTION			
	Plea	se indi	cate with a tick () in the appropriate box or boxes	s which of the following apply:		
	PAR					
		(i)	I consider myself to be domiciled in Scotland I have lived in Scotland for a period of at least 1	2 months		
			immediately before the date of signing this appli	ication		
		(iii)	My spouse considers himself or herself to be dor in Scotland	miciled		
		(iv)	My spouse has lived in Scotland for a period of a 12 months immediately before the date of signin	at least		
	PAF	RT B	12 months inflicantly before the one of signifi-	& con- approxim		
		(v)	I have lived at the address shown in paragraph I immediately before the date I signed this applica	above for at least 40 days		
			immediately before the date I signed this applica	ition		
	(vi)	My s	pouse has lived at the address shown in parag sst 40 days immediately before the date I signe	graph 2 above for ed this application		
_			F PRESENT MARRIAGE			
			e(Registration Distri	et)		
			e: Day month year			
			SEPARATION			
ı) E	our sp	state pouse.	the date on which you ceased to live with (If more than 2 years, just give nd year) Day Month Year yed with your spouse since that date?			
i) I	lave	you li	red with your spouse since that date?	*[YES/NO]		
ii)	If yes	, for h	now long in total did you live together ly separating again?			
1	before	final	ly separating again? months			
R	ECO	NCILI	ATION			
the	ere an	y reas	onable prospect of reconciliation with your	*[YES/NO]		
юу	o you consider that the marriage has broken down *[YES/ NO]					
reti	ievab	ly?				
. с	ONS	ENT				
loes	your	spou	e consent to a divorce being granted?	*[YES /NO]		
	8.ME Is you	r spou	DISORDER se suffering from any mental disorder sess or handicap?)	*[YES /NO]		
	(wnet	ner illi	less or nancicap?)	-{1E3/NO]		
	9.CHI Are th	LDRE iere an	N y children of the marriage under the age of 16?	* [YES/NO]		
	10. C	THER	COURT ACTIONS			
	Are y	ou awa	are of any court actions currently proceeding in	*[YES /NO]		
	marri	ountry age?	(including Scotland) which may affect your (If yes, give details)			
				*Delete as appropria	te	
	11 8	тогл	EST FOR DIVORCE AND DISCLAIMER OF FIN	VANCIAL PROVISION		
			at the facts stated in paragraphs 1-10 above apply to			
	I do	NOT ation.	ask the sheriff to make any financial provision in	connection with this		
			sheriff to grant decree of divorce from my spouse			
	Date		Signature of applicant			
	IMP	ORTA	NT			

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CONSENT BY APPLICANT'S	SPOUSE TO DIVORCE	
NOTE: Before completing this	part of the form,	
please read the notes opposite (page 8)	
(Insert full name, in BLOCK I	etters, of Applicant's spouse)	
residing at		
Insert address, also in BLOCK	letters)	
HEREBY STATE THAT		
(a) I have read Part 1 of this a (b) the Applicant has lived	application; apart from me for a continuous period of two ling the date of the application (paragraph 11 of	
(c) I do not ask the sheriff (i) the payment by the Ap	to make any financial provision for me including- plicant of a periodical allowance (i.e. a regular payme	ent of money
(ii) the payment by the Ap	for maintenance); oplicant of a capital sum (i.e. a lump sum payment);	
rights; and	e may result in the loss to me of property EEE OF DIVORCE BEING GRANTED IN RESPE	CT OF THIS
APPLICATION.	and of DIVORCE BEING GRANTED IN RESPE	CI OF INIS
Date Signature of		
NOTE: You may withdraw yo livorce is granted by the sherif	our consent, even after giving it, at any time before f. Should you wish to do so, please contact the sheriff cl	lerk immediately.
PART 3		
APPLICANT'S AFFIDAVI	r	
To be completed by the App I, (insert Applicant's full na	licant only after Parts 1 and 2 have been signed and date	ed.
residing at (insert Applican	me)	
SWEAR that to the best of n		
(,)	l of this Application are true; and	
(2) the signature in Part 2 *husband/wife.	of this Application is that of my	
Signature of Applicant		
	SWORN at (insert place)	
To be completed by Justice of the	this day of	
Peace, Notary Public or Commissioner	before me (insert full name)	
for Oaths	insert full address)	
	*Justice of the Peace / Notary Public / Commissioner	for Oaths
	Table of the Fence / Fronty Fuote / Commissioner	
	*Delete as appropriate	
	FORM F32	
	FORM F32	Rule 33.74(1)(b)
Form of consent	to simplified divorce application under section 1(2) of the Divorce (Scotland) Act 1976	(d)
nsert name and address of con:		
ONSENT TO APPLICATION F F LEAST TWO YEARS)	FOR DIVORCE (HUSBAND AND WIFE HAVING LP	VED APART FOR
In Part 1 of the enclosed app	olication form your spouse is applying for divorce triage has broken down irretrievably because	
you and he [or she] have live the divorce being granted.	riage has broken down irretrievably because red apart for at least two years and you consent to	
	en formally in writing at Part 2 of the	
application form. BEFORE it over carefully so that yo	en formally in writing at Part 2 of the completing that part, you are requested to read u understand the effects of consenting to ish to consent -	
that they are correct to the b	te Applicant at Part 1 of the form to ensure est of your knowledge;	
 b) complete Part 2 (Consent) entering your name and add 	by Applicant's spouse to divorce) by less at the appropriate place and adding	
	and on form to your spouse at the address	
	if a has completed the remainder of the form of	
has submitted it to the	ife has completed the remainder of the form and court, a copy of the whole application will later be served upon you formally by	
	will later be served upon you formally by	
In the event of the divor be sent a copy of the	ce being granted, you will automatically extract decree. (Should you change your g the copy extract decree, please notify stely.)	
address before receiving the sheriff clerk immedia	g the copy extract decree, please notify stely.)	
	please return the application form, with use and advise him or her of your decision.	
art 2 uncompleted, to your spo The sheriff will NOT	use and advise him or her of your decision. grant a divorce under this application if completed by you.	
part of the form is not		
	Sheriff clerk (depute) Sheriff Court (insert address)	

Sheriff Court H	nuse
(Telephone)	
	N FOR DIVORCE (HUSBAND AND WIFE HAVING LIVED APART FOR AT LEAST
explains the circ	eting this form, you should have read the teaflet entitled "Do it yourself Divorce", which unstances in which a divorce may be sought by this method. If the simplified procedure your circumstances, you may use this form to apply for divorces. If Ind directions designed to assist you with your application. Please follow them carefully. Iffeldulty, you may come at any sheriff felder's office or Calitone Advise Dareau.
Below you wi	If find directions designed to assist you with your application. Please follow them carefully.
III tike event or c	Directions for making application
	Directions for making application K ,USING BLOCK CAPITALS
Application (Part 1)	 Complete and sign Part 1 of the form (pages 3-7), paying particular attention to the notes opposite each section.
Affidavits (Part 2)	 When you have completed Part 1, you should take the form to a Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, Commissioner for Oaths or other duly authorised person in order that your affidavit in Part 2 (page 8) may be completed and sworn.
Returning completed	3. When directions 1 and 2 above have been complied with, your application is now ready
application form to court	to be sent to the sheriff clerk at the above address. With it you must enclose: (i) your marriage certificate (the document headed "Extract of an entry in a Register of Marriages", which will be returned to you in due course). Check the notes on
torm to court	
	that there is no record of your spouse having divorced you, and (ii) either a cheque or postal order in respect of the court fee, crossed and made out to the "the Sheriff Clerk".
	 Receipt of your application will be promptly acknowledged. Should you wish to withdraw the application for any reason, please contact the sheriff clerk immediately.
PART I	
	Z LETRO III OCE CAREA C
	K, USING BLOCK CAPITALS
. NAME AND	ADDRESS OF APPLICANT
Surname	
	n full
resent address	
Daytime telepho	one number (if any)
. NAME OF S	
Surname	
Other name(s)in	1 full
. ADDRESS (OF SPOUSE (if the address of your spouse is not known, please enter "not known" in
	this paragraph and proceed to paragraph 4)
Present address	
Daytime telepho	one number (if any)
. Only comple	te this paragraph if you do not know the present address of your
pouse	
NEXT-OF-KIN	
Name	

Relationship o your spouse	
5. CHILDREN	OF THE MARRIAGE
Names and date	es of birth Addresses

If insufficient s	pace is available to list all the children of the marriage,
please continue	on a separate sheet and attach to this form.
JURISDICT following apply	ION Please indicate with a tick () in the appropriate box or boxes which of the y:
PART A	
(i) I consider r	nyself to be domiciled in Scotland
	d in Scotland for a period of at least 12 months y before the date of signing this application
(iii) My spous in Scoth	se considers himself or herself to be domiciled
in Scotl	and .
(iv) My spous	e has lived in Scotland for a period of at
least 12 mc this applica	onths immediately before the date of signing
PART B	
(v) I have live	ed at the address shown in paragraph 1 above for at least
40 days im application	mediately before the date I signed this
(vi) My spous	e has lived at the address shown in paragraph 2 above
for at least application	40 days immediately before I signed this

FORM F33

Rule 33.74(2)

DETAILS OF PRESE		
lace of Marriage	(Registration District)	
ate of Marriage:(Day)(month)(year)	
PERIOD OF SEPAR	ATION	
your spouse. (If mor	on which you ceased to live with the than 5 years, just give Day Month	
	your spouse since that date?	*[YES/NO]
		-[TES/NO]
ii) If yes, for how lon	g in total did you live together ating again?	
before finally separ	ating again? months	
RECONCILIATION		
there any reasonable pouse?	prospect of reconciliation with your	*[YES/NO]
o you consider that the	e marriage has broken down	*[YES/ NO]
retrievably?		
0. MENTAL DISORI		
your spouse suffering If yes, give details)	from any mental disorder (whether illness or handicap	?) *[YES / NO]
,		
I. CHILDREN		
	of the marriage under the age of 16?	*[YES/NO]
are tilere any chiloren c	t the marriage under the age of 10.	[TES NO]
12. OTHER CO	JRT ACTIONS	
Are you aware of	any court actions currently proceeding in	*[YES/ NO]
marriage?	any court actions currently proceeding in uding Scotland) which may affect your lls)	
(ii jes, gire utus		* Delete as appropriate
		Detete as appropriate
13. DECLARAT	TON AND REQUEST FOR DIVORCE	
	facts stated in paragraphs 1-11 above apply to my marriag	
L do NOT ask t	he sheriff to make any financial provision in connection v	
application.		
I believe that no g	grave financial hardship will be caused to my spouse as nting of this application.	
I request the sheri	ff to grant decree of divorce from my husband or wife.	
Date		
Signature of App	licant	
APT 2		
ART 2		
ART 2	илит	
PPLICANT'S AFFIL	NAVIT e Applicant only after Part 1 has been signed and dates	1 .)
PPLICANT'S AFFIE	e Applicant only after Part 1 has been signed and dates	i.)
PPLICANT'S AFFILE To be completed by the	e Applicant only after Part 1 has been signed and dates	1.)
PPLICANT'S AFFILE To be completed by the	e Applicant only after Part 1 has been signed and dates	1.)
PPLICANT'S AFFILE To be completed by the	e Applicant only after Part 1 has been signed and dates	1.)
PPLICANT'S AFFIE To be completed by th , (insert full name) esiding at (insert press	e Applicant only after Part 1 has been signed and dates	
PPLICANT'S AFFIE To be completed by th , (insert full name) esiding at (insert press	e Applicant only after Part 1 has been signed and dates	
PPLICANT'S AFFIE To be completed by th , (insert full name) esiding at (insert press	e Applicant only after Part I has been signed and dates on home address)	
PPLICANT'S AFFIL To be completed by th (insert full name) esiding at (insert press WEAR that to the be of this Application ar	e Applicant only after Part I has been signed and dates on home address)	
PPLICANT'S AFFIL To be completed by th (insert full name) esiding at (insert press WEAR that to the be of this Application ar	e Applicant only after Part I has been signed and dates on home address)	
PPLICANT'S AFFILE To be completed by th (insert full name) (insert pres- sesiding at (insert pres- www.exart pres- ww.exart that to the be of this Application ar signature of Applican	e Applicant only after Part I has been signed and date ren home address)	
PPLICANT'S AFFILE To be completed by th (insert full name) (insert pres- sesiding at (insert pres- www.exart pres- ww.exart that to the be of this Application ar signature of Applican	e Applicant only after Part I has been signed and date ren home address)	
PPLICANT'S AFFILE To be completed by th (insert full name) (insert pres- sesiding at (insert pres- www.exart pres- ww.exart that to the be of this Application ar signature of Applican	e Applicant only after Part I has been signed and date rea home address)	
DPPLICANT'S AFFILE To be completed by th . (insert full name) esiding at (insert pres WEAR that to the be of this Application ar signature of Applican	e Applicant only after Part I has been signed and dates **en home address'**	
PPLICANT'S AFFILE To be completed by th (insert full name) (insert pres- sesiding at (insert pres- www.exart pres- ww.exart that to the be of this Application ar signature of Applican	e Applicant only after Part I has been signed and date rea home address)	
PPLICANT'S AFFILE To be completed by th (insert full name) (insert pres- sesiding at (insert pres- www.exart pres- ww.exart that to the be of this Application ar signature of Applican	e Applicant only after Part I has been signed and date ran home address)	
PPLICANT'S AFFILE To be completed by th (insert full name) (insert pres- sesiding at (insert pres- www.exart pres- ww.exart that to the be of this Application ar signature of Applican	e Applicant only after Part I has been signed and date ren home address)	auri
PPLICANT'S AFFILE To be completed by th (insert full name) (insert pres- sesiding at (insert pres- www.exart pres- ww.exart that to the be of this Application ar signature of Applican	e Applicant only after Part I has been signed and date ran home address)	auri

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Form of citation in application relying on the facts in section 1 (2) (d) of the Divorce (Scotland) Act 1976 APPLICATION FOR DIVORCE (HUSBAND AND WIFE HAVING LIVED APART FOR AT LEAST TWO YEARS WITH CONSENT OF OTHER PARTY) Your spouse has applied to the sheriff for divorce on the ground that the marriage has broken down irretrieably because you and he or she have lived apart for a period of at least two years and you consent to divorce being granted. that the bentff may not make financial provision under this procedure and that your spone is musua-him for
(i) the payment by your of a principalical allowance (i.e. a regular payment of money weekly or monthly, i.e. for maintenance).

The payment by your of a capital sum (i.e. a lump sum payment);

The payment by your of a capital sum (i.e. a lump sum payment);

The payment by your of a capital sum (i.e. a lump sum payment);

The payment by your of a capital sum (i.e. a lump sum payment);

The payment by your of a capital sum (i.e. a lump sum payment);

The payment by your of a capital sum (i.e. a lump sum payment);

The payment by payment by payment paymen FORM F35 Rule 33.76(3)(b) APPLICATION FOR DIVORCE (HUSBAND AND WIFE HAVING LIVED APART FOR AT LEAST FIVE YEARS) that the desert may not make financial provision under this procedure and that your spouse is making.

(I) the payment by you of a periodical allowance (i.e. a graph payment of money weekly or monthly, etc., for maintenance);

(i) the payment by you of a capital same (i.e. a lamp sum payment);

(ii) the payment by you of a capital same (i.e. a lamp sum payment);

(ii) the payment by you of a capital same (iii) the financial handship in the event of decree of race being granted.

In this payment is the financial handship in the event of decree of race being granted.

In this payment is the financial handship in the event of decree of your lateration and the payment is a station years.

In the payment is the financial handship in the payment is a station years.

In the payment is the payment in the payment is the payment in the payment is a station years.

In the payment is the payment in the payment in the payment in the payment is the payment in the pa sheriff clerk (depute) (insert the address and telephone number of the sheriff court) or Sheriff officer FORM F36 Rule 33.77(1)(a) An application for divorce has been made in this sheriff court by [A.B.], (insert designation and address), Applicant, naming [C.D.], (insert designation and address) as Signed Sheriff clerk (depute) Signed Sheriff clerk (depute) NOTE
IF YOU ARE UNCERTAIN WHAT ACTION TO TAKE you should consult a solicitor. You may be entitled to legal aid depending on your financial circumstances, and you can get information about legal aid from a solicitor. You may also obtain advice from any Citizens Advice Bureau or other advice agency. Document Generated: 2024-06-01

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inst (insert full name of respondent), Respondent,

FORM F39

Form of certificate relating to the cancellation or ceasing to have effect of a maintenance as under the Child Support Act 1991

1. You may apply to the sheriff within fourneen days after the date the articles are sequestrated for an order releasing any article on the ground that:
(a) it is exempt from sequestration for reat (articles which are exempt are listed in section 16 of the Debtors (Scolland) Act 1987); or
(b) its heliosion in the sequestration for reat or ris subsequent sale is unduly harsh.

Where a mobile home, such as a caravan, is your only or principal residence and it has been sequestrated for rent you may apply to the sheriff before a warrant to sell is granted for an order that for a specified period no further steps shall be taken in the sequestration.

Any enquiry relating to the above rights should be made to a solicitor, Citizens Advice Bureau or other advice centre or to the sheriff clerk at the above address.

FORM H2

Form of notice of removal

FORM H3

Form of letter of removal

To(insert name and dassignation of addressee)
(Insert place and date) am to remove from (state subjects by usual name or short description sufficient
for identification) at the term of (insert term and date)

[K.L.] (add designation and address).

(If not holograph, to be attested thus[M.N.] (add designation and address), witness).

FORM H4 Rule 34.7
Form of notice of removal under section 37 of the 1907 Act

NOTICE OF REMOVAL UNDER SECTION 37 OF THE SHERIFF COURTS (SCOTLAND) ACT 1907

tion and address), to remove from (insert description of heritable subjects, land, ground etc.) at the term of artinmas], (insert date)

Signed (add designation and address)

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FORM M1 Rule 35.5 Form of warrant of citation in an action of multiplepoinding			
Form of war and or channel in an action or multipreportioning			
(Insert place and date) Grants warrant to cite the defender (insert name and address) by serving a copy of the writ and warrant upon a period of notice of (insert period of notice) days, and ordains him [or ber], if he (or she) intends to lodge: (a) defences challenging the jurisdiction of the court or the competence of the action; or			
(b) objections to the condescendence on the fund in medio; or (c) a claim on the fund; to lodge a notice of appearance with the sheriff clerk at (insert name and address of sheriff court) within the said period of notice after such service [and grants warrant to arrest on the dependence].			
[Where the holder of the fund in medio is a defender, insert: Appoints the holder of the fund in medio to (a) lodge with the sheriff clerk at (insert place of sheriff court) within the said period of notice after such service (i) a detailed condescendence on the fund in medio; and			
(ii) a list of parties having an interest in the fund; and (b) intimate to all parties to the action a copy of the condescendence and list.]			
FORM M2 Rule 35.6(1) Form of citation in an action of multiplepoinding CITATION			
SHERIFFDOM OF (insert name of sheriffdom) AT (insertplace of sheriff court) Court ref. no.			
[A.B.], (insert designation and address), Pursuer against [C.D.], (insert designation and address) Defender			
Unsert place and date) You [C.D.] are hereby served with this copy writ and warrant, together with Form M4 (notice of appearance).			
[Where the defender is the holder of the fund in medio, insert the following paragraph: — As holder of the fund is medio year must lodge with the shortfil criet at the above address within [insert period of notice]—days of linear dates or which extress was executed N.B. Rade 3.21/relating to point service- the size of parties having an interest in the fund. 10 a list of parties having an interest in the fund.			
(a) the detailed condescendence on the fund; and (b) the list of parties having an interest in the fund.]			
Form M4 is served on you for use should you wish to intimate that you intend to lodge: (a) defences challenging the jurisdiction of the court or the competence of the action; or (b) objections to the condescendence on the fund in medic; or (c) a claim on the fund.			
(c) a cum on me tune. IF YOU WISH TO APPEAR IN THIS ACTION you should consult a collector with a view to lodging a notice of appearance. From Mo.) The notice of appearance, together with the court fee of <i>E(insert amount)</i> must be lodged with the sheriff clerk at the above address within (insert the appropriate period of notice) days of (insert the date on which service was executed M.R. Bud. 5/2) relating to postal service).			
IF YOU ARE UNCERTAIN WHAT ACTION TO TAKE you should consult a solicitor. You may be			
elighle for legal aid depending on your income. You can get information about legal aid from a solicitor. You may also obtain advice from any Citizens Advice Bureau or other advice agency. PLEASE NOTE THAT IF YOU DO NOTHING IN ANSWER TO THIS DOCUMENT the court may regard you as baving no interest in the fund in media and will proceed accordingly.			
Signed			
[PQ.). Sherift officer, or [XY.] (add sispantion and business address) Solicitor for the pursuer			
Form M3 Rule 35.6(2)			
Form of certificate of citation in an action of mutiplepoinding			
CERTIFICATE OF CITATION			
(Insert place and date)), bereby certify that upon the day of daily cisted [C.D.]. Defender, to answer to the freezing with. This id daily (saste-method of service; if he afficer and where service) and where service is executed by post state whether made by registered post or the first class recorded delivery service).			
Signed [P.Q.], Sheriff officer			
[LML], witness or [K.Y.], (add designation and business address) Solicitor for the pursuer			
FORM M4 Rule 35.6(1) and 35.8 Form of notice of appearance in an action of multiplepoinding			
*Part A NOTICE OF APPEARANCE (MULTIPLEPOINDING) Court ref. no.			
in an action raised at Sheriff Court			
(Insert name and business address of solicitor for the pursuer)			
Pursuer			
Solicitor for the pursuer			
Defender			
*(This part to be completed by the pursuer before service)			
DATE OF SERVICE : DATE OF EXPIRY OF PERIOD OF NOTICE:			
*PART B			
*(This section to be completed by the defender or the defender's solicitor and both parts of this form returned to the sheriff clerk at (insert address of sheriff clerk) on or before the expiry of the period of notice referred to in PART A above)			
(Insert place and date) [C.D.] (design), Defender, intends to lodge:			
defences challenging the jurisdiction of the court or			
Tick the the competence of the action. appropriate box(es) objections to the condescendence on the fund in medio			
a claim on the fund in medio.			

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Rules 35.9(b) and 35.10(5) [A. B.] (insert designation and address), Pursuer, against, [C. D.] (insert designation and address), Defender You are given notice that in this action of multiplepoinding (Insert date, time (Insert date, time and place for the first hearing. IF YOU ARE UNCERTAIN WHAT ACTION TO TAKE you should consult a solicitor. You may be eligible for legal aid depending on your income. You can get information about legal aid from a solicitor. You may also obtain advice from any Citizens Advice Bureau or other advice agency. [A.B.], (insert designation and address), Pursuer, against [C.D.], (insert designation and address), Defender (Insert place and date) In the above action the court has been advised that you (insert name and address) have an interest in (insert details of the fund in medio). You are hereby served with a copy of the pleadings in this action, together with Form M4 (notice of appearance). Form M4 is served on you for use should you wish to intimate that you intend to lodge: (a) defences challenging the jurisdiction of the court or the competence of the action; or
 (b) objections to the condescendence on the fund in medio; or
 (c) a claim on the fund.

(c) a claim on the blust.

FYOU WISH TO.APPEAR IN THIS ACTION you should consult a solicitor with a view to bedging a notice of appearance, together with the court fee of a (insert amount) must be lodged with the shortst clerk at the above address within days of (insert date on which service was executed 3.6. Robe 5.5) relating to possible stricks.

SHERIFFDOM OF (insert name of sheriffdom) AT (insert place of sheriff court)

IF YOU ARE UNCERTAIN WHAT ACTION TO TAKE you should consult a solicitor. You may be eligible for legal aid depending on your income, and you can obtain information about legal aid from any solicitor. You may also obtain advice from any Citizens Advice Bureau or other advice agency.

FORM D2

Form of receipt for payment into court

Date (insert date)

Signed Sheriff clerk (depute)



Rule 30.6(1)

F86APPENDIX 2

FORMS FOR EXTRACT DECREES

Textual Amendments

F86 Sch. 1 (with appendices 1 and 2) substituted (1.1.1994) for Sch. 1 (with appendix) by S.I. 1993/1956, para. 2, **Sch. 1**

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

Sch. 1 Appendix 2: form 8 omitted (1.1.1996) by virtue of S.I. 1996/2445, para. 3(66)
 Sch. 1 Appendix 2: forms 10, 11, 12 substituted, form 13 omitted (2.10.2000) by S.S.I. 2000/239, para. 3(26)(a)(b), Sch. 2

APPENDIX FORMS FOR EXTRA		Rule 30.6 (1)	
FORM 1			
Form of extract decre			
EXTRACT DECREE Sheriff Court	FOR PAYMENT Court ref. no.		
Date of docree	* In absence		
Pursuer(s)	Defender(x)		
The sheriff granted decree against the of the undernoted sums.	for payment to the		
Sum decemed for £ with interest at per co and expenses against the of £	ent a year from	until payment	
* A time to pay direction was made under section 1(1) of the Debtors * The amount is payable by instalments of £ per commencing within of intimation of thi			
 The amount is payable by instalments of £ per commencing within of intimation of this 			
* The amount is payable by lump sum within	of intimation of this extra	st decree.	
This extract is warrant for all I	awful execution hereon.		
Date * Delete as appropriate.		Sheriff clerk (depute)	
FORM 2			
Form of extract decree ad fac	tum praestandum		
EXTRACT DECREE AD FACT			
Sheriff Court Date of decree	Court ref. no. * In absence		
Pursuer(s)	Defender(s)		
The sheriff ordained the defender(s)			
and granted decree against the	for payment of expenses	of E	
This extract is warrant for all	lawful execution hereon.		
		Sheriff clerk (depute)	
Date Delete as appropriate.		Shenff clerk (depute)	
· Dente as appropriate.			
FORM 3			
Form of extract decree of EXTRACT DECREE OF B			
	Court ref. no.		
Date of decree	In absence		
Pursuer(s)	Defender(s)		
The sheriff ordained the defender(s) to remove * himself(herself/thems all effects from the premises at the undernoted address and to leave th	elves and his/her/their sub-tenants one premises vacant ** [and that a	dependents and others, and fler a charge of	
The sheriff ordained the defender(s) to remove *b immeliflemeliflemenes/wes and his/her/their sub-tessauss, dependents and others, and all efficies from the premises at the undermoted address and to leave those premises vacant ** [and that after a charge of days]. In the event that the defender(s) fail(s) to remove the sheriff granted warmont to sheriff officers to eject the defender(s), sub-tenants,			
In the event that the defender(s) fail(s) to remove the sheriff granted warrant to sheriff efficers to eject the defender(s), sub-terants, dependents and others, with all effects, from those premises so as to heave them vacant.			
The sheriff granted decree against the	for payment of exp	enses of £	
Full address of premises:-		•	
This extract is warrant for all k	awful execution hereon.		
	alast (dame)		
tute Sheriff	clerk (depute)		

Delete as appropriate.
 Delete if period of charge is not specified in the decree.

	FORM -	4	
	Form of extract decre		
	EXTRACT DECREE OF		
	EXTRACT DECREE OF		
Sheriff Court		Court refso.	
Date of decree		* In absence	
Pursuer(s)		Defender(s)	
The sheriff found and declared the	4		
and granted decree against the		for payment of expense	es of £
	This extract is warrant for	all lawful execution hereon.	
Date			Sheriff clerk (depute)
* Delete as appropriate.			
	FORM 5		
	Form of extract decree of	of furthermina	
	EXTRACT DECREE OF F		
	EXTRACT DECREE OF F		
seriff Court		Court ref. no.	
ate of decree		* In absence	
ate of original decree			
irsuer(s)		Defender(s)/Arrestee(s)	
		Common Debtor(s)	
se sheriff granted decree against the a	rrestee(s) for payment of the u	andemoted sums.	
um decenned for £ the original decree dated above in fa	or such other sum(s) as may evour of the pursuer(s) agains	y be owing by the arrestee(s) to the t the common debtor(s).	common debtor(s) by virtue
penses of £	* payable out of the arrest	ed fund / payable by the common	debtor(s).
Т	his extract is warrant for all b	awful execution hereon.	
uic .			Sheriff clerk (depute)
 Delete as apprope 	iate.		
	FORM 6		
	Form of extract decree		
	EXTRACT DECREE OF		
Sheriff Court		Court ref. no.	
Date of first warrant		Date of decree	
Pursuer(s)		Defender(s)	
(Insert the nature of crave(s) in the	nabove action)		
(Insert the nature of crave(z) in the	e above action)		
(Insert the nature of crave(s) in the	e above action)		
(Insert the nature of crave(s) in the	e abore action)		
	e above action)	defender(s)	
The sheriff absolved the	e abore action)		
		for payment of expenses of £	
The sheriff absolved the	e above action) This entract is warrant for a	for payment of expenses of £	
The sheriff absolved the		for payment of expenses of £	
The sheriff absolved the		for payment of expenses of £	
The sheriff absolved the		for payment of expenses of £	
The sheriff absolved the		for payment of expenses of £	

FORM	
Form of extract dec EXTRACT DECREE	
Sheriff Court	Court ref. no.
Date of first warrant	Date of decree
Pursuer(s)	Defender(s)
The sheriff dismissed the action against the	defender(s)
and granted decree against the	for payment of expenses of $\tilde{\epsilon}$
* This extract is warrant for all lawful execution hereo	ь.
Date	Sheriff clerk (depute)
* Delete as appropriate.	
 Desete as appropriate. 	
FORM 8	
Form of extract decree under the Conveyancing at	nd Feudal Reform (Scotland) Act 1970
EXTRACT DECREE UNDER THE CONVEYANCING AN	D FEUDAL REFORM (SCOTLAND) ACT 1970
Sheriff Court	Court ref. no.
Date of decree	* In absence
Pursuer(s)	Defender(s)
The sheriff granted warrant to the pursuer(s) to enter into possession of	of the subjects situated at the undernoted address and to exercise
The sheriff granted warrant to the pursuer(s) to enter into possession of in relation to those subjects all of the remedies competent to a cr Conveyancing and Feudal Reform (Scotland) Act 1970, and in particular	reditor in lawful possession of the subjects, by virtue of the cular granted warrant to the pursuen(s) to sell those subjects.
The sheriff ordained the defender(s) to remove * himself/herself/then all effects from the subjects and to leave them vacant.	sselves and his/her/their sub-tenants, dependents and others and
In the event that the defender(s) fail(s) to remove the sheriff granted dependents and others, with all effects, from the subjects so as to le	
The sheriff granted decree against the	for payment of expenses of ${\bf E}$
Full address of subjects:-	
This entract is warrant for all	lawful execution hereon.
Date	Sheriff clerk (depute)
* Delete as appropriate.	
FORM 9	
Form of general extract of EXTRACT DECR	
EXTRACT DECK Sheriff Court	Court ref. no.
Sheriff Court Date of decree	Court ref. no. * In absence
Parsuer(s)	Defender(s)
The sheriff	
and granted decree against the	for payment of expenses of E
	lawful execution hereon.

			100		
				RM 10 decree of divorce	
				REE OF DIVORCE	
	Sheriff Cour			Court ref. no.	
	Date of decr			* In absence	
	Pursuer			Defender	
	Date of parti	ies marriage		Place of parties	marriage
	The sheriff g				
			or from the pursuer;		
	*(2) awardis	ng custody to	the * pursuer / defender of the fo	flowing child(ren):	
			Full name(s)		Date(s) of birth
	and finding	the * manager	/ defender entitled to access to t	he following child(non):	
			,	and the same of th	
	as follows:				
	*(3) ordaini	ng payment			
		by the	to the	of a periodical	allowance of £ per ;
		by the	to the	of a capital sum	
				of £	per as aliment for each
		with intere	to the that child attains years of a st thereon at the rat	ge, said sum payable in ad e of per cent	per as aliment for each vance and beginning at the date of this decree a year until payment;
	*(d)	by the	to the	of £	of expenses;
	* (4) finding	g the	liable to the	in expenses as the san	se may be subsequently taxed.
			This extract is warran	nt for all lawful execution	hereon.
	Date				Sheriff clerk (depute)
		* D	elete as appropriate.		
			FORM		
			Form of extract decree of		
			EXTRACT DECREE OF SEP.		
			EXTRACT DECREE OF SEP	ARATION AND ALIME	NI .
herif	f Court			Court ref. no.	
Date (of decree			* In absence	
unu	er			Defender	
The st	neriff found a	nd declared	that the pursuer is entitled to live	separately from the defer	der from the date of decree and for all time
			the * pursuer / defender of the t		
		reamony so	Full name(s)	enoung emotions.	Date(s) of birth
		one / defe	nder entitled to access to the follo	uning child(sup)	
ing in	name on the	see / Ocres	not this to be action to the ren	wing constitution.	
ıs fol	lows:				
The	sheriff ordain	ed payment	by the to the	of £	per te of this decree with interest thereon at
is atti	nent for the per c	ent a year u	, said sum payattie in advant ntil payment.	to and beginning at the da	ne of this decree with interest thereon at
The	sheriff ordain	ed payment	by the so the	of £	per
lecre	ment for each with interest	thereon at	per cent a year	t age, said sum payatie i ir until payment;	per n advance and beginning at the date of this
	ranted decree			for payment of expenses	
			This extract is warrant for	r all lawful execution be	reon.
Date					Sheriff clerk (depute)
		* Delete	as appropriate.		
				FORM 12	
				ecree of custody and ali	
			EXTRACT DECREE	OF CUSTODY AND A	LIMENT
Sher	iff Court			Court ref. no.	
Date	of decree			* In absence	
Pun				Defender	
-					
The	sbeciff grant	ed decree ag	ainst the * pursuer / defender.		
The	sheriff award	led custody	to the * pursuer / defender of the	e following child(ren):	
			Full name(s)		Date(s) of birth
and	found the *	parsuer / de	efender entitled to access to the	following child(ren):	
as t	follows:				
_	1.00		a.		16 mm
The	shenff ordai nent for each	ned paymen child, until (t by the to th that child attains year at per cent a y	of e of age, said sum payable	£ per as in advance and beginning at the date of this
and	granted decr	re against t		for payment of expens	
			This extract is warrant	for all lawful execution i	sereon.

FORM 13				
Form of extract decree of affiliation and aliment				
	EXTRACT DECREE OF AFFILIA	ATION AND ALIMENT		
Sheriff Court		Court ref. no.		
Date of Decree		* In absence		
Parsuer		Defender		
The sheriff , in respect undernoted.	that the defender is the father of the child no	amed below, granted decree again	st the defender for the sum(s	
Full name of child				
Date of birth		Place of birth		
Registration district		Birth entry no.		
Aliment of £	per	commencing on		
Inlying expenses of £		Interest at	per cent a year from	
un	til payment and expenses, against the	of £		
This extract is warrant for all lawful execution hereon.				
Date			Sheriff clerk (depute)	
* D	elete as appropriate.			

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