

Levelling-up and Regeneration Act 2023

2023 CHAPTER 55

PART 9

COMPULSORY PURCHASE

Powers

180 Acquisition by local authorities for purposes of regeneration

In section 226 of TCPA 1990 (power of local authority to acquire land compulsorily for development and other planning purposes), after subsection (1A) insert—

"(1B) In the application of subsections (1) and (1A) in England, "improvement" includes regeneration."

Commencement Information

II S. 180 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 255(7)

I2 S. 180 in force at 31.1.2024 by S.I. 2024/92, reg. 2(i)

Procedure

181 Online publicity

- (1) The Acquisition of Land Act 1981 is amended as follows.
- (2) In section 7(1) (definitions), after the definition of "acquiring authority" insert—
 - ""appropriate website", in relation to a notice about a proposed compulsory purchase, means a website which members of the public could reasonably be expected to find on searching on the internet for information about the scheme or project that underlies the proposed purchase,".

- (3) In section 11 (requirement to publish notice of compulsory purchase order in newspaper)—
 - (a) for the heading substitute "Public notices";
 - (b) in subsection (1)—
 - (i) the words from "in two" to "situated" become paragraph (a);
 - (ii) at the end insert ", and
 - (b) for a period of at least 21 days ending with the day specified under subsection (2)(d), publish a notice in the prescribed form on an appropriate website.";
 - (c) in subsection (2)—
 - (i) in the words before paragraph (a), for "notice" substitute "notices";
 - (ii) omit the "and" at the end of paragraph (c);
 - (iii) after paragraph (c) insert-
 - "(ca) specify a website on which those copies may be viewed, and";
 - (iv) for paragraph (d) substitute-
 - "(d) specify the final day for making objections to the order, and the manner in which objections can be made.";
 - (d) after subsection (2) insert—
 - "(2A) If the confirming authority is satisfied that, because of special circumstances, it is impracticable for the acquiring authority to make the copies referred to in subsection (2)(c) available for inspection at an appropriate place, the confirming authority may direct that the requirement in subsection (2)(c) (together with that in section 12(1)(ba)) is not to apply.";
 - (e) in subsection (4)(b), omit the words from "(but" to "affixed)".
- (4) In section 12(1) (requirement to serve notice on certain affected persons)—
 - (a) omit the "and" at the end of paragraph (b);
 - (b) after paragraph (b) insert—
 - "(ba) (subject to section 11(2A)) naming a place within the locality where a copy of the order and of the map referred to in it may be inspected,
 - (bb) specifying a website on which those copies may be viewed, and";
 - (c) for paragraph (c) substitute—
 - "(c) specifying the final day for making objections to the order, and the manner in which objections can be made."
- (5) After section 12 insert—

"12A Final day for making objections

(1) For the purposes of sections 11 and 12, the day specified as the final day for making objections must be the last day, or a day after the last day, of the period of 21 days beginning with the first day at the beginning of which the acquiring authority expects that all of the following conditions will be satisfied.

- (2) The conditions are that—
 - (a) a notice has been published for the first time as required by section 11(1)(a),
 - (b) publication as required by section 11(1)(b) has begun,
 - (c) a notice has been affixed as required by section 11(3), and
 - (d) a notice has been served on every qualifying person as required by section 12(1)."
- (6) In section 15 (notices after confirmation of compulsory purchase order)-
 - (a) in subsection (3)—
 - (i) the words from "in one" to "situated" become paragraph (a);
 - (ii) at the end of that paragraph insert ", and
 - (b) on an appropriate website, until the end of the period of 6 weeks beginning with the day on which the authority takes the final step needed to comply with subsection (1)(a).";
 - (b) in subsection (3A), for "(3)" substitute "(3)(a)";
 - (c) in subsection (3B)—
 - (i) for "(3)" substitute "(3)(a)";
 - (ii) after "(3A)," insert "or with subsection (3)(b),";
 - (d) in subsection (4), after paragraph (c) insert—
 - "(ca) specifying a website on which those copies may be viewed;";
 - (e) after subsection (4) insert—
 - "(4A) If the confirming authority is satisfied that, because of special circumstances, it is impracticable for the acquiring authority to make the copies referred to in subsection (4)(c) available for inspection at an appropriate place, the confirming authority may direct that the requirement in subsection (4)(c) is not to apply."

(7) In section 22 (requirement to publish notice of certificate under Part 3 of the Act)—

- (a) the words from "in one" to "situated" become paragraph (a);
- (b) at the end of that paragraph insert ", and
 - (b) on an appropriate website, until the end of the period of 6 weeks beginning with the day on which the certificate is given,".
- (8) In paragraph 9 of Schedule 3 (requirement to publish notice of certificate under that Schedule)—
 - (a) the words from "in one" to "situated" become paragraph (a);
 - (b) at the end of that paragraph insert ", and
 - (b) on an appropriate website, until the end of the period of 6 weeks beginning with the day on which the certificate is given,".

Commencement Information

- I3 S. 181 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 255(7)
- I4 S. 181 in force at 31.1.2024 for specified purposes by S.I. 2024/92, reg. 2(j)

	VALID FROM 31/03/2024
182 Confirmation	a proceedings
(1) The Acquisition	on of Land Act 1981 is amended as follows.
(2) In section 13A to (6) substitut	(confirmation proceedings for contested orders), for subsections (2) re—
"(1A) The co (a) (b)	onfirming authority must cause a public local inquiry to be held if— the order is subject to special parliamentary procedure, or in the case of an order to which section 16 applies, a certificate has been given under subsection (2) of that section.
(1B) If sub- (a) (b)	section (1A) does not apply, the confirming authority must either— cause a public local inquiry to be held, or follow the representations procedure.
	ciding between those options, the confirming authority must have to the scale and complexity of what is proposed by the order.
(1D) The re	presentations procedure is a procedure to be prescribed.
(a) (b)	egulations prescribing the procedure must include— provision enabling each person who has made a remaining objection to make representations— (i) in writing to the confirming authority, or (ii) if the person so requests, at a hearing, and provision enabling the acquiring authority, and any other person the confirming authority thinks appropriate, to make representations— (i) in writing to the confirming authority, or (ii) if applicable, at a hearing held as mentioned in paragraph (a)(ii).
	egulations may provide for hearings to be held by the confirming ity or by a person appointed by the confirming authority.
	section $(1E)$, "representations" means representations as to whether der should be confirmed.
(a) (b) (c)	e confirming the order, the confirming authority must consider— each remaining objection; if a public local inquiry was held, the report of the person who held it; if the representations procedure was followed and the confirming authority held a hearing, the representations made at the hearing;
(d)	if the representations procedure was followed and a person appointed by the confirming authority held a hearing, the report of that person;

(e) if the representations procedure was followed and written representations were made, those representations.

(11) The confirming authority may confirm the order with or without modifications."

(3) In section 13B (supplementary provision about written representations procedure)—

- (a) in the heading, omit "Written";
- (b) in each of the following provisions, omit "written"—
 - (i) subsection (1);
 - (ii) subsection (2);
 - (iii) subsection (4);
 - (iv) subsection (6);
 - (v) subsection (7);
- (c) in subsection (7), for "13A(6)" substitute "13A(1D)".
- (4) In section 13C (confirmation of compulsory purchase order in stages), in subsection (3), for "13A(2) or (3)" substitute "13A(1A) or (1B)".
- (5) In section 14D(3) (functions of inspector appointed by confirming authority), in paragraph (c), for the words from "13A(3)(a)" to the end substitute "13A".

Commencement Information

I5 S. 182 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 255(7)

VALID FROM 31/03/2024

183 Conditional confirmation

- (1) The Acquisition of Land Act 1981 is amended as set out in subsections (2) and (3).
- (2) After section 13B insert—

"13BA Conditional confirmation

- (1) The confirming authority may confirm a compulsory purchase order conditionally.
- (2) The effect of conditional confirmation is that the order
 - a) does not become operative until the confirming authority has decided, on an application by the acquiring authority, that certain conditions have been met, and
 - (b) expires if the confirming authority—
 - (i) has not received an application for the purposes of subsection (2)(a) by a certain time, or
 - (ii) having received such an application by that time, decides that the conditions have not been met.
- (3) The conditions and the time are to be specified by the confirming authority when it confirms the order.

(4) The procedure to be followed in relation to an application under this section is to be prescribed.
(5) The regulations prescribing the procedure must include provision for each relevant objector—
(a) to be given notice of the application (or for steps to be taken with a view to notifying them), and
(b) to have the opportunity to make written representations in response to the application.
 (6) In subsection (5), "relevant objector" means a person who made an objection to the order that— (a) was a remaining objection for the purposes of section 12A and
(a) was a remaining objection for the purposes of section 13A, and(b) had not been withdrawn by the time the order was confirmed.
(7) The regulations may include provision as to the giving of reasons for the decision on the application.
(8) Subsections (2) to (6) of section 13B apply to proceedings on an application under this section as they apply to the representations procedure."
(3) In section 15 (notices after confirmation of compulsory purchase order)—
 (a) in subsection (2)(b), for "date when the order becomes operative" substitute "day on which the authority takes the final step needed to comply with subsection (1)(a)";
(b) in subsection (3), at the beginning insert "Unless the order was confirmed conditionally,";
(c) in subsection (4), after paragraph (b) insert—
 "(ba) if the order was confirmed conditionally, stating the conditions and time specified under section 13BA(3);"; (d) after subsection (4A) (inserted by section 181(6)) insert—
 "(4B) If the order was confirmed conditionally and the confirming authority decides under section 13BA that the conditions have been met, the acquiring authority must serve— (a) a copy of the order, and
(b) a fulfilment notice,
on each person on whom a notice was required to be served under section 12.
 (4C) Where subsection (4B) applies, the acquiring authority must also— (a) affix a fulfilment notice to a conspicuous object or objects on or near the land comprised in the order, and (b) publish a fulfilment notice—
(i) in one or more local newspapers circulating in the locality in which the land comprised in the order is situated, and
 (ii) on an appropriate website, until the end of the period of 6 weeks beginning with the day on which the acquiring authority takes the final step needed to comply with subsection (4B).

(4D) The acquiring authority must comply with subsections (4B) and (4C)(a) and (b)(i) before the end of—
(a) the period of 6 weeks beginning with the day on which the decision under section 13BA is made, or
(b) such longer period beginning with that day as may be agreed in writing between the acquiring authority and the confirming authority.
(4E) If the acquiring authority fails to comply with those provisions before the end of that period, or fails to comply with subsection (4C)(b)(ii), the confirming authority may—
(a) take any steps that the acquiring authority was required but has failed to take to comply, and
(b) recover the reasonable costs of doing so from the acquiring authority
(4F) A fulfilment notice is a notice—
(a) stating that the conditions subject to which the order was confirmed have been met and that the order will therefore become operative, and
(b) annexing the information that was contained in the confirmation notice.";
(e) in subsection (5), after "notice" insert "or fulfilment notice";
(f) in subsection (6)—
(i) after "notice" insert ", and any fulfilment notice,";(ii) for "it" substitute "each such notice".
(4) Schedule 18 contains, and makes provision in connection with, amendments in consequence of this section and paragraph 3 of Schedule 19.

Commencement Information

I6 S. 183 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 255(7)

184 Corresponding provision for purchases by Ministers

Schedule 19 makes provision in relation to compulsory purchases by Ministers corresponding to the preceding provisions of this Part.

Commencement Information

I7 S. 184 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 255(7)

I8 S. 184 in force at 31.1.2024 for specified purposes by S.I. 2024/92, reg. 2(k)

185 Time limits for implementation

(1) In the Acquisition of Land Act 1981-

(a) after section 13C insert—

"13D Power to extend time limit for implementation

- (1) The confirming authority may, when it confirms a compulsory purchase order, include provision in the order specifying a period longer than three years for the purposes of section 4 of the Compulsory Purchase Act 1965 (time limit for notice to treat) and section 5A of the Compulsory Purchase (Vesting Declarations) Act 1981 (time limit for general vesting declaration).
- (2) No such provision is to be included by the acquiring authority in the order submitted for confirmation.";
- (b) in paragraph 1 of Schedule 1 (preliminary provision about compulsory purchase by Ministers), after sub-paragraph (3) insert—
 - "(3A) The order may, in particular, include provision specifying a period longer than three years for the purposes of section 4 of the Compulsory Purchase Act 1965 (time limit for notice to treat) and section 5A of the Compulsory Purchase (Vesting Declarations) Act 1981 (time limit for general vesting declaration)."
- (2) In the Compulsory Purchase Act 1965—
 - (a) in section 4 (time limit for notice to treat)—
 - (i) the existing text becomes subsection (1);
 - (ii) in that subsection, for "period of 3 years" substitute "applicable period";
 - (iii) after that subsection insert—

"(2) The applicable period is—

- (a) 3 years, or
- (b) such longer period as is specified in the order for the purposes of this section.";
- (b) in section 4A (extension of time limit during challenge), in subsection (1), for "three year period mentioned in" substitute "applicable period for the purposes of".
- (3) In the Compulsory Purchase (Vesting Declarations) Act 1981-
 - (a) in section 5A (time limit for general vesting declaration)—
 - (i) the existing text becomes subsection (1);
 - (ii) in that subsection, for "period of 3 years" substitute "applicable period";
 - (iii) after that subsection insert-
 - "(2) The applicable period is—
 - (a) 3 years, or
 - (b) such longer period as is specified in the order for the purposes of this section.";
 - (b) in section 5B (extension of time limit during challenge), in subsection (1), for "three year period mentioned in" substitute "applicable period for the purposes of".

(4) In section 582 of the Housing Act 1985 (suspension of recovery of possession of certain premises when compulsory purchase order made)—

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- (a) in subsection (2)(a), for "third anniversary of" substitute "final day of the period of three years beginning with";
- (b) after subsection (6) insert—
 - "(6A) If the compulsory purchase order specifies a period longer than three years under section 13D of the Acquisition of Land Act 1981, the references in this section to the period of three years are to be read as references to the period specified in the order."

Commencement Information

I9 S. 185 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 255(7)

II0 S. 185 in force at 31.1.2024 by S.I. 2024/92, reg. 2(1) (with reg. 6(1))

186 Agreement to vary vesting date

- (1) The Compulsory Purchase (Vesting Declarations) Act 1981 is amended as set out in subsections (2) to (6).
- (2) In section 7 (constructive notice to treat), in subsection (1), at the beginning insert "Subject to section 8A,".
- (3) In section 8 (vesting, entry and possession), in subsection (1), for "section" substitute "sections 8A and".
- (4) After section 8 insert—

"8A Postponement of vesting by agreement

- (1) The acquiring authority may agree in writing with the owner of any interest which is to vest in the authority under section 8 that the interest is to vest on a date after the vesting date.
- (2) If such an agreement is in force on the vesting date, sections 7 and 8 operate in relation to the interest as if the vesting date were—
 - (a) the agreed date, or
 - (b) any date subsequently agreed under subsection (1).
- (3) If an interest subject to an agreement under this section entitles the owner to possession of the land concerned, the right to enter upon and take possession of the land given by section 8 does not arise until the interest vests in accordance with this section."
- (5) In section 10 (compensation), after subsection (1) insert—
 - "(1A) But if an agreement under section 8A is in force in relation to an interest in the land when the land becomes vested apart from that interest, subsection (1) does not give rise to any liability in relation to the interest until it becomes vested."
- (6) In paragraph 5 of Schedule A1 (definitions for the purposes of the Schedule)—

- (a) the existing text become sub-paragraph (1);
- (b) in that sub-paragraph, in the definition of "original vesting date", after "is" insert ", subject to sub-paragraph (2),";
- (c) after that sub-paragraph insert—
 - "(2) If an agreement under section 8A is in force in respect of the interest which gives the owner the ability to sell the land proposed to be acquired, the "original vesting date" is the date on which the interest is to vest as a result of the agreement."

(7) In section 5A of the Land Compensation Act 1961 (valuation date)-

- (a) in subsection (4), after "date is" insert ", subject to subsection (4A),";
- (b) after subsection (4) insert—
 - "(4A) If an interest in land vests in accordance with an agreement under section 8A of that Act (postponement of vesting), the relevant valuation date in respect of that interest is the earlier of—
 - (a) the date on which it vests, and
 - (b) the date when the assessment is made.";
- (c) in subsection (5B)(b), after "is" insert ", as a result of Schedule A1 to the Compulsory Purchase (Vesting Declarations) Act 1981 (counter-notices in respect of divided land),".

Commencement Information

- II1 S. 186 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 255(7)
- I12 S. 186 in force at 31.1.2024 by S.I. 2024/92, reg. 2(m) (with reg. 6(2))

187 Common standards for compulsory purchase data

- (1) The Secretary of State may, by regulations, make provision requiring an acquiring authority, in preparing, holding or providing such of its relevant compulsory purchase data as is specified or described in the regulations, to comply with any approved data standards which are applicable.
- (2) "Acquiring authority" means any person who is, or may be, authorised under an enactment to acquire land compulsorily.
- (3) "Approved data standards", in relation to relevant compulsory purchase data, are such written standards, containing technical specifications or other requirements in relation to the data, or in relation to preparing, holding or providing the data, as may be published by the Secretary of State from time to time.
- (4) "Relevant compulsory purchase data" means information that is, or is to be, contained in relevant compulsory purchase documentation.
- (5) "Relevant compulsory purchase documentation" means an order or notice or any other documentation that is, or is to be, prepared by an acquiring authority (acting as such) under or for the purposes of relevant compulsory purchase legislation.
- (6) "Relevant compulsory purchase legislation" means provision made by or under-
 - (a) the Land Compensation Act 1961,
 - (b) the Compulsory Purchase Act 1965,

- (c) the Land Compensation Act 1973,
- (d) sections 10 to 16 of, and Schedules 4 and 5 to, the New Towns Act 1981,
- (e) the Compulsory Purchase (Vesting Declarations) Act 1981,
- (f) the Acquisition of Land Act 1981,
- (g) section 9 of the Tribunals and Inquiries Act 1992,
- (h) Part 7 of the Housing and Planning Act 2016, or
- (i) Chapter 1 of Part 2 of the Neighbourhood Planning Act 2017.
- (7) "Providing", in subsection (1), includes submitting, issuing, serving, notifying and publishing.

Commencement Information

- I13 S. 187 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 255(7)
- I14 S. 187 in force at 31.1.2024 by S.I. 2024/92, reg. 2(n)

Compensation

188 'No-scheme' principle: minor amendments

- (1) In section 6D of the Land Compensation Act 1961 (no-scheme principle)—
 - (a) in subsection (3), for "regeneration or redevelopment" substitute "development";
 - (b) in subsection (4)(a), for "regeneration or redevelopment" substitute "development for which the land is acquired";
 - (c) after subsection (6) insert—
 - "(7) In this section and section 6E, "development" includes redevelopment, regeneration and improvement."
- (2) In section 6E of that Act (further provision about inclusion of transport projects in "scheme" for purposes of no-scheme principle)—
 - (a) in subsection (2)(a), for "regeneration or redevelopment" substitute "the development of land in the vicinity of land comprised in the relevant transport project";
 - (b) in subsection (2)(c), omit "for regeneration or redevelopment";
 - (c) in subsection (3), for "8 September 2016" substitute "the relevant date";
 - (d) after subsection (3) insert—

"(3A) The "relevant date" is-

- (a) 8 September 2016, in a case where the land is acquired for regeneration or redevelopment and regeneration or redevelopment was part of the published justification for the relevant transport project;
- (b) in any other case, the first day after the period of three months beginning with the day on which section 188 of the Levellingup and Regeneration Bill comes into force."

Commencement Information

- I15 S. 188 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 255(7)
- I16 S. 188 in force at 31.1.2024 by S.I. 2024/92, reg. 2(0)

PROSPECTIVE

189 Prospects of planning permission for alternative development

- (1) The Land Compensation Act 1961 is amended as follows.
- (2) In section 14 (taking account of actual or prospective planning permission in valuing land)—
 - (a) in subsection (2), for paragraph (b) substitute—
 - "(b) of the prospect of planning permission being granted on or after that date for development, whether on the relevant land or other land, other than development for which planning permission is in force at the relevant valuation date.";
 - (b) for subsections (3) and (4) substitute—
 - "(2A) If a description of development is certified under section 17 as appropriate alternative development in relation to the relevant land (or any part of it), it is to be taken as certain for the purposes of subsection (2)(b) that—
 - (a) planning permission for development of that description would be (or would have been) granted on the relevant valuation date, and
 - (b) the permission would be (or would have been) granted in accordance with any indication given under section 17(5B).
 - (2B) In relation to any other development, the prospects of planning permission are to be assessed for the purposes of subsection (2)(b)—
 - (a) on the assumptions set out in subsection (5), and
 - (b) otherwise, in the circumstances known to the market at the relevant valuation date.";
 - (c) in subsection (5), in the words before paragraph (a), for "subsections (2)(b) and (4)(b)" substitute "subsection (2B)(a) (and in section 17(1B)(a))";
 - (d) in subsection (9), in the words before paragraph (a), for the words from "to" to "15(1)(b)" substitute "in subsection (2) to planning permission that is in force".

(3) In section 17 (certification of appropriate alternative development)—

- (a) in subsection (1), for the words from "containing" to the end substitute "stating that a certain description of development is appropriate alternative development in relation to the acquisition";
- (b) after subsection (1) insert—
 - "(1A) Development is "appropriate alternative development" for this purpose if it is development—

- (a) on the land in which the interest referred to in subsection (1) subsists (whether alone or together with other land),
- (b) for which planning permission is not in force at the relevant planning date, and
- (c) in respect of which the following test is met.
- (1B) The test is whether, had an application for planning permission for the development been determined on the relevant planning date, the local planning authority would have been more likely than not to grant the permission—
 - (a) on the assumptions set out in section 14(5),
 - (b) on the assumption that it would act lawfully, and
 - (c) otherwise, in the circumstances known to the market at the relevant planning date.
- (1C) For the purposes of subsections (1A) and (1B), the "relevant planning date" is—
 - (a) the relevant valuation date, or
 - (b) if earlier, the date on which the application under this section is determined.";
- (c) in subsection (3), for paragraphs (a) and (b) substitute—
 - "(ba) must set out the applicant's reasons for considering that the description of development given in the application is appropriate alternative development, and";
- (d) for subsections (5) to (8) substitute—
 - "(5A) The local planning authority may issue a certificate under this section in respect of—
 - (a) the description of development given in the application for the certificate, or
 - (b) a description of development less extensive than, but otherwise falling within, the description given in the application.
 - (5B) A certificate under this section must give a general indication of-
 - (a) any conditions to which planning permission for the development would have been subject, and
 - (b) any pre-condition for granting the permission (for example, entry into an obligation) that would have had to be met.
 - (5C) The test to be applied for the purposes of subsection (5B) is whether the local planning authority would have been more likely than not to impose such conditions, or insist on such a pre-condition, on the assumptions, and otherwise in the circumstances, referred to in subsection (1B).";
- (e) in subsection (10)—
 - (i) for "there must be taken into account any expenses reasonably" substitute "no account is to be taken of any expenses";
 - (ii) omit the words from "where" to "favour".

(4) In section 18 (appeals to Upper Tribunal)—

(a) in subsection (2)—

(i) after paragraph (a) (but before the "and" at the end) insert—

- "(aa) must consider those matters as if, in subsections (1B) and (5C), the references to the local planning authority were references to a reasonable planning authority,";
- (ii) in paragraph (b), after sub-paragraph (ii) insert-

"(iia) cancel it, or";

- (b) after subsection (2) insert—
 - "(2A) Where the local planning authority have rejected an application for a certificate under section 17, the person who applied for the certificate may appeal to the Upper Tribunal against the rejection.
 - (2B) On an appeal under subsection (2A)—
 - (a) paragraphs (a) and (aa) of subsection (2) apply as on an appeal under subsection (1), and,
 - (b) the Upper Tribunal must—
 - (i) confirm the rejection, or
 - (ii) issue a certificate,
 - as the Upper Tribunal may consider appropriate.";
- (c) in subsection (3), for the words from "the preceding" to the end substitute "subsection (2A) applies as if the local planning authority have rejected the application";
- (d) after subsection (3) insert—
 - "(4) The references in sections 14(2A) and 17(5A) and (5B) to a certificate under section 17 include a certificate issued, or as varied, by the Upper Tribunal under this section."
- (5) In section 19 (applications by surveyors)-
 - (a) in subsection (3), for "paragraphs (a) and (b)" substitute "paragraph (ba)";
 - (b) after that subsection insert—
 - "(4) In the application of section 18 by virtue of subsection (1)—
 - (a) subsection (1)(a) of that section is to be read as if it included the surveyor, and
 - (b) subsection (2A) of that section is to be read as if the reference to the person who applied for the certificate included the person entitled to the interest."
- (6) In section 20(a) (power to prescribe time limit for issuing certificate under section 17), for the words from "time" to the end substitute "period within which an application under that section is to be determined".
- (7) In section 22 (interpretation of Part 3), after subsection (2) insert—
 - "(2A) The completion of the acquisition or purchase referred to in the applicable paragraph of subsection (2) does not affect the continued application of that subsection."

Commencement Information

I17 S. 189 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 255(7)

VALID FROM 31/03/2024

190 Power to require prospects of planning permission to be ignored

- (1) In the Acquisition of Land Act 1981—
 - (a) in section 7(3) (regulations subject to negative procedure), before "paragraph 4A" insert "section 15A(11) or";
 - (b) in section 14A (confirmation by acquiring authority), after subsection (2) insert—
 - "(2A) Nor does it apply to an order directing that compensation is to be assessed in accordance with section 14A of the Land Compensation Act 1961 (see section 15A).";
 - (c) after section 15 insert—

"Special provision about compensation

15A Directions applying section 14A of the Land Compensation Act 1961

- (1) Subsection (2) applies if—
 - (a) an acquiring authority submits a compulsory purchase order for confirmation, and
 - (b) the authorising enactment is listed in Schedule 2A.
- (2) The acquiring authority may include in the order a direction that compensation is to be assessed in accordance with section 14A of the Land Compensation Act 1961 (cases where prospect of planning permission to be ignored); and if it does so the following provisions of this section apply.
- (3) The acquiring authority must submit to the confirming authority a statement of commitments together with the order.
- (4) A "statement of commitments" is a statement of the acquiring authority's intentions as to what will be done with the project land should the acquisition proceed, so far as the authority relies on those intentions in contending that the direction is justified in the public interest.
- (5) If the authorising enactment is listed in any of paragraphs 2 to 7 of Schedule 2A, those intentions must include the provision of a certain number of units of affordable housing.
- (6) The statement under section 12(1)(a) must include a statement of the effect of the direction; and paragraphs (ba) and (bb) of the same

subsection apply in respect of the statement of commitments as they apply in respect of the compulsory purchase order.

- (7) The confirming authority may permit the acquiring authority to amend the statement of commitments before the decision whether to confirm the order is made.
- (8) But the confirming authority may do so—
 - (a) only if satisfied that the amendment would not be unfair to any person who made or could have made a relevant objection for the purposes of section 13, and
 - (b) if the authorising enactment is listed in any of paragraphs 2 to 7 of Schedule 2A, only if the statement of commitments as amended will still comply with subsection (5).
- (9) If the confirming authority decides to confirm the order in accordance with the applicable provisions of this Part—
 - (a) it may confirm the order with the direction included if satisfied that the direction is justified in the public interest;
 - (b) otherwise, it must modify the order so as to remove the direction.
- (10) If the order is confirmed with the direction included, a confirmation notice under section 15 must (in addition to the matters set out in subsection (4) of that section)—
 - (a) state the effect of the direction,
 - (b) explain how the statement of commitments may be viewed, and
 - (c) explain that additional compensation may become payable if the statement of commitments is not fulfilled.
- (11) In this section—

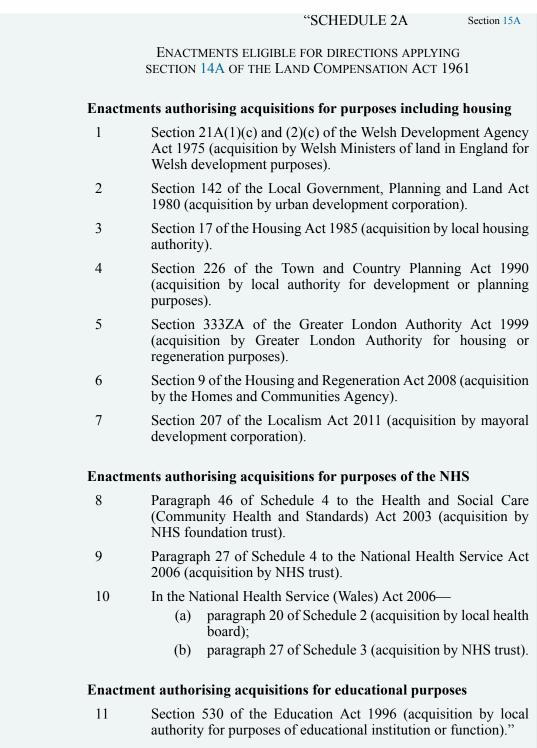
"the authorising enactment" means the enactment that confers the power to make the compulsory purchase to which the order in question relates;

"the project land" means-

- (a) the land proposed to be acquired further to the compulsory purchase order, and
- (b) any other land that the acquiring authority intends to be used in connection with that land;

"unit of affordable housing" means a building or part of a building that is constructed or adapted for use as a separate dwelling and—

- (a) in the case of a building in England, is to be used as—
 - (i) social housing within the meaning of Part 2 of the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008, or
 - (ii) housing of any other description that is prescribed, or
- (b) in the case of a building in Wales, is to be used as housing of a description that is prescribed.";
- (d) after Schedule 2 insert—



- (2) In the Land Compensation Act 1961-
 - (a) after section 14 insert—

"14A Cases where prospect of planning permission to be ignored

- (1) The following provisions apply in relation to an acquisition if the compulsory purchase order authorising the acquisition directs that compensation is to be assessed in accordance with this section.
- (2) Section 14 does not apply.
- (3) In assessing the value of land in accordance with rule (2) in section 5, it is to be assumed that no planning permission would be granted for development on the relevant land (whether alone or together with other land).
- (4) Subsection (3) does not prevent account being taken of planning permission that has already been granted.
- (5) Subsection (3) does not apply in relation to development consisting of the use as two or more separate dwellings of any building previously used as a single dwelling.
- (6) Schedule 2A provides for the payment of additional compensation in respect of the acquisition in certain circumstances.";
- (b) in section 32 (interest from entry on land), after subsection (2) insert—
 - "(3) This section does not apply in relation to additional compensation payable under Schedule 2A.";
- (c) after the second Schedule insert—

"SCHEDULE 2A Section 14A(6)

ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION WHERE SECTION 14A APPLIED

Directions for additional compensation

- 1 (1) This paragraph applies if—
 - (a) an interest in land has been acquired further to a compulsory purchase order, and
 - (b) the order directed that compensation was to be assessed in accordance with section 14A.
 - (2) The confirming authority must, on an application by an eligible person, make a direction for additional compensation if it appears to the confirming authority that the following conditions are met.
 - (3) Those conditions are—
 - (a) that the statement of commitments has not been fulfilled,
 - (b) either—
 - (i) that the period of 10 years beginning with the date on which the compulsory purchase order became operative has expired, or

- (ii) that there is no longer any realistic prospect of the statement of commitments being fulfilled within that period, and
- (c) that the initial direction would not have been confirmed on the basis of a statement of commitments reflecting what has in fact been done with the project land since its acquisition.
- (4) In sub-paragraph (3)—

"the statement of commitments" means the statement of commitments submitted in connection with the compulsory purchase order under section 15A(3) of the Acquisition of Land Act 1981 (and if the statement was amended after its submission, means the statement as amended);

"the initial direction" means the direction referred to in sub-paragraph (1)(b) (and that direction was "confirmed" when the compulsory purchase order was confirmed with the inclusion of the direction);

"the project land" means the land treated as the project land for the purposes of the statement of commitments;

and that statement is "fulfilled" if what is done with that land after its acquisition is materially in accordance with the statement.

- (5) The effect of a direction for additional compensation is that each eligible person may make a claim to the acquiring authority for any additional compensation in respect of the acquisition payable to the person under this Schedule.
- (6) A person is an "eligible person" for the purposes of this Schedule if the person was entitled to compensation in respect of the acquisition (and see also paragraph 4(1)).

Amount of additional compensation

- 2 (1) Additional compensation in respect of an acquisition is payable to an eligible person only if, in relation to that person, the alternative amount is greater than the original amount.
 - (2) The amount payable is the difference between the two amounts.
 - (3) The "original amount" is the amount of compensation awarded or agreed to be paid to the person in respect of the acquisition.
 - (4) The "alternative amount" is the amount of compensation that would have been assessed as due to the person in respect of the acquisition had compensation been assessed without the application of section 14A.
 - (5) If the original amount was agreed, the relevant valuation date for the purposes of the assessment imagined under sub-paragraph (4) is the date on which the agreement was concluded.

- (6) In relation to the determination of an amount of additional compensation under this Schedule, section 17(2)(b) applies as if its reference to the amount of compensation were to the amount of additional compensation.
- (7) A certificate issued under section 17 (or 18) after the award or agreement referred to in sub-paragraph (3) is to have effect for the purposes of the assessment imagined under subparagraph (4) as if it had been issued before that assessment.
- (8) Any amount of compensation that is or would be attributable to disturbance, severance or injurious affection is to be ignored for the purposes of sub-paragraphs (3) and (4).

Time limit for application for direction

3 An application under paragraph 1(2) may not be made after the expiry of the period of 13 years beginning with the date on which the compulsory purchase order became operative.

Mortgages

4

- (1) For the purposes of this Schedule an "eligible person" includes a person who would have been entitled to compensation in respect of the acquisition but for the existence of a mortgage (but the mortgage is in that case still to be taken into account in determining the original and alternative amounts under paragraph 2).
 - (2) An amount agreed or awarded to be paid to a mortgagee under section 15 or 16 of the Compulsory Purchase Act 1965 in respect of the acquisition is to be treated for the purposes of this Schedule as compensation in respect of the acquisition.
 - (3) The reference in sub-paragraph (2) to an amount paid under section 15 or 16 of the Compulsory Purchase Act 1965 ("the applicable section") includes an amount paid under section 52ZA or 52ZB of the Land Compensation Act 1973 and taken into account by virtue of section 52ZC(7)(d) of that Act for the purposes of the applicable section.
 - (4) Additional compensation payable under this Schedule to a person in the person's capacity as a mortgagee (or to a person exercising rights of a mortgagee) is to be applied towards the discharge of the sums secured by the mortgage.
 - (5) If there is no remaining sum secured by the mortgage, the additional compensation that would be payable as described in sub-paragraph (4) is instead payable to the person who is an eligible person by virtue of the interest that was subject to the mortgage.
 - (6) If the additional compensation that would be payable as described in sub-paragraph (4) exceeds the total of the

remaining sums secured by the mortgage, the amount of the excess is instead payable to the person who is an eligible person by virtue of the interest that was subject to the mortgage.

Successors-in-title

5

- (1) This paragraph applies if, had the compensation to which an eligible person was entitled in respect of the acquisition remained unpaid, the right to be paid it would now vest in some other person (assuming that it remained enforceable and any obligations in respect of the right had been complied with).
 - (2) If the eligible person is still alive or in existence, the rights that the eligible person would have under this Schedule are exercisable by the other person and not by the eligible person.
 - (3) If the eligible person is no longer alive or in existence, the rights that the eligible person would have under this Schedule if that person were still alive or in existence are exercisable by the other person.
 - (4) The right exercisable by the other person under subparagraph (2) or (3) is subject to any restriction, condition or other incident to which the right vested in that person as imagined under sub-paragraph (1) would be subject.
 - (5) Additional compensation paid to the other person by virtue of sub-paragraph (2) or (3) must be dealt with by the person in any way in which the person would have to deal with compensation paid to that person further to the right vested in that person as imagined under sub-paragraph (1).
 - (6) If a person is an eligible person by virtue of paragraph 4(1), the reference in sub-paragraph (1) to compensation to which the person was entitled is to be read as a reference to the compensation to which the person would have been entitled but for the mortgage.

Consequential losses

6

- (1) The relevant authority may by regulations provide for additional compensation payable on a claim under paragraph 1(5) to include (in addition to any amount payable under paragraph 2) an amount to make good qualifying losses.
 - (2) "Qualifying losses" are financial losses shown to have been suffered by an eligible person, or a person entitled to exercise the rights of the eligible person under paragraph 5, as a result of the compensation initially payable to the eligible person in respect of the acquisition being of the original amount rather than the alternative amount.
 - (3) In the case of an eligible person who is so by virtue of an interest that was subject to a mortgage, the reference in subparagraph (2) to compensation payable to the eligible person is

to be taken to include compensation payable to the mortgagee of that interest.

- (4) Regulations under this paragraph may limit the qualifying losses in respect of which additional compensation is payable under the regulations by reference to—
 - (a) a description of loss,
 - (b) an amount, or
 - (c) any other circumstance.

Procedure etc

- 7 (1) The relevant authority may by regulations make provision—
 - (a) about the procedure for applications under paragraph 1(2) or claims under paragraph 1(5) (including provision about the costs of such applications or claims);
 - (b) about steps that must be taken by the acquiring authority or the confirming authority for the purposes of publicising or giving notice of a direction for additional compensation;
 - (c) for interest to be applied to amounts of additional compensation that are payable;
 - (d) about how or when additional compensation (and any interest) is to be paid.
 - (2) Regulations under this paragraph about costs of claims under paragraph 1(5)—
 - (a) may modify or disapply section 29 of the Tribunals, Courts and Enforcement Act 2007 (costs or expenses) or provisions in Tribunal Procedure Rules relating to costs;
 - (b) may apply (with or without modifications) section 4 of this Act;

and section 4 of this Act does not apply in relation to such a claim unless so applied.

Regulations

- 8 (1) For the purposes of this Schedule "the relevant authority" is—
 - (a) the Secretary of State, in relation to England;
 - (b) the Welsh Ministers, in relation to Wales.
 - (2) Regulations under this Schedule may make—
 - (a) consequential, supplementary, incidental, transitional or saving provision;
 - (b) different provision for different purposes.
 - (3) Regulations under this Schedule are to be made by statutory instrument.

- (4) A statutory instrument containing such regulations is subject to annulment in pursuance of—
 - (a) a resolution of either House of Parliament, in the case of regulations made by the Secretary of State, or
 - (b) a resolution of Senedd Cymru, in the case of regulations made by the Welsh Ministers.

Interpretation

9 (1) In this Schedule—

- (a) "the confirming authority" means—
 - (i) the person who confirmed the compulsory purchase order, or
 - (ii) any successor to that person's function of confirming compulsory purchase orders of the type in question;
- (b) references to "the acquisition" or "the compulsory purchase order" are to the acquisition or order by virtue of which paragraph 1 applies;
- (c) references to the acquisition of an interest in land include—
 - (i) the creation of such an interest, and
 - (ii) the acquisition or creation of a right in or over land;

and references to interests in land are to be read accordingly.

- (2) In the case of a compulsory purchase order made under section 10(1) of, and Part 1 of Schedule 4 to, the New Towns Act 1981 (compulsory acquisition by new town development corporation in usual cases), the reference in paragraph 1(4) to section 15A(3) of the Acquisition of Land Act 1981 is to be read as a reference to paragraph 5A(2) of Schedule 4 to the New Towns Act 1981.
- (3) In the case of a compulsory purchase order made under section 13(1)(a) of, and Part 1 of Schedule 5 to, the New Towns Act 1981 (compulsory acquisition by new town development corporation of statutory undertakers' operational land)—
 - (a) the reference in paragraph 1(4) to section 15A(3) of the Acquisition of Land Act 1981 is to be read as a reference to paragraph 5A(2) of Schedule 5 to the New Towns Act 1981, and
 - (b) the references in paragraph 1(4) and subparagraph (1)(a) to the confirmation of the order are to be read as references to the making of the order.
- (4) In the case of a compulsory purchase order made under section 21A(1)(b) or (2)(b) of the Welsh Development Agency Act 1975 (compulsory acquisition by Welsh Ministers of land in Wales for Welsh development purposes)—

- (a) the reference in paragraph 1(4) to submission under section 15A(3) of the Acquisition of Land Act 1981 is to be read as a reference to preparation under paragraph 3B(2) of Schedule 4 to the Welsh Development Agency Act 1975, and
- (b) the references in paragraph 1(4) and subparagraph (1)(a) to the confirmation of the order are to be read as references to the making of the order.

(5) If—

- (a) an interest in land is acquired further to section 154(2) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (deemed compulsory acquisition further to blight notice), and
- (b) the land falls within paragraph 22 of Schedule 13 to that Act (land blighted by compulsory purchase order),

the interest is to be treated for the purposes of this Schedule as having been acquired further to the compulsory purchase order by virtue of which the land falls within that paragraph."

- (3) In the New Towns Act 1981—
 - (a) in Schedule 4 (procedure for compulsory acquisition by new town development corporation in usual cases), after paragraph 5 insert—
 - "5A (1) A development corporation submitting an order to the Secretary of State under this Part of this Schedule may include in the order a direction that compensation is to be assessed in accordance with section 14A of the Land Compensation Act 1961 (cases where prospect of planning permission to be ignored); and if it does so the following provisions of this paragraph apply.
 - (2) The corporation must submit a statement of commitments together with the order.
 - (3) A "statement of commitments" is a statement of the corporation's intentions as to what will be done with the project land should the acquisition proceed, so far as the corporation relies on those intentions in contending that the direction is justified in the public interest.
 - (4) Those intentions must include the provision of a certain number of units of affordable housing.
 - (5) The notice under paragraph 2(1) must—
 - (a) state the effect of the direction, and
 - (b) name a place where a copy of the statement of commitments may be seen at any reasonable hour.
 - (6) The Secretary of State may permit the corporation to amend the statement of commitments before the decision whether to confirm the order is made.
 - (7) But the Secretary of State may do so—

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- (a) only if satisfied that the amendment would not be unfair to any person who duly made or could duly have made an objection for the purposes of paragraph 4, and
- (b) only if the statement of commitments as amended will still comply with sub-paragraph (4).
- (8) If the Secretary of State decides to confirm the order under paragraph 3, the Secretary of State—
 - (a) may confirm the order with the direction included if satisfied that the direction is justified in the public interest;
 - (b) otherwise, must modify the order so as to remove the direction.
- (9) If the order is confirmed with the direction included, the notice under paragraph 5 must—
 - (a) state the effect of the direction,
 - (b) explain how the statement of commitments may be viewed, and
 - (c) explain that additional compensation may become payable if the statement of commitments is not fulfilled.
- (10) In this paragraph—
 - "the project land" means-
 - (a) the land proposed to be acquired further to the compulsory purchase order, and
 - (b) any other land that the corporation intends to be used in connection with that land;

"unit of affordable housing" means a building or part of a building that is constructed or adapted for use as a separate dwelling and—

- (a) in the case of a building in England, is to be used as—
 - (i) social housing within the meaning of Part2 of the Housing and Regeneration Act2008, or
 - (ii) housing of any other description that is set out in regulations made by the Secretary of State, or
- (b) in the case of a building in Wales, is to be used as housing of a description that is set out in regulations made by the Welsh Ministers.";
- (b) in Schedule 5 (procedure for compulsory acquisition by new town development corporation of statutory undertaker's operational land), after paragraph 5 insert—
 - "5A (1) A development corporation making an application under this Part of this Schedule may include in the application a request for a direction that compensation is to be assessed in accordance with section 14A of the Land Compensation Act 1961 (cases where prospect of planning permission to be ignored); and if it does so the following provisions of this paragraph apply.

- (2) The corporation must submit a statement of commitments together with the application.
- (3) A "statement of commitments" is a statement of the corporation's intentions as to what will be done with the project land should the acquisition proceed, so far as the corporation relies on those intentions in contending that the direction would be justified in the public interest.
- (4) Those intentions must include the provision of a certain number of units of affordable housing.
- (5) The notice under paragraph 2 must—
 - (a) state that the request has been made and what the effect of the direction would be, and
 - (b) name a place where a copy of the statement of commitments may be seen at all reasonable hours.
- (6) The Secretary of State and the appropriate Minister may permit the corporation to amend the statement of commitments before the decision whether to make an order on the application is made.
- (7) But they may do so—
 - (a) only if satisfied that the amendment would not be unfair to any person who duly made or could duly have made an objection for the purposes of paragraph 3, and
 - (b) only if the statement of commitments as amended will still comply with sub-paragraph (4).
- (8) If the Secretary of State and the appropriate Minister decide to make an order on the application under paragraph 3, they may include the direction in the order only if satisfied that the direction is justified in the public interest.
- (9) If an order is made with the direction included, the notice under paragraph 5 must—
 - (a) state the effect of the direction,
 - (b) explain how the statement of commitments may be viewed, and
 - (c) explain that additional compensation may become payable if the statement of commitments is not fulfilled.
- (10) In this paragraph—
 - "the project land" means-
 - (a) the land proposed to be acquired further to the compulsory purchase order, and
 - (b) any other land that the corporation intends to be used in connection with that land;

"unit of affordable housing" means a building or part of a building that is constructed or adapted for use as a separate dwelling and—

- (a) in the case of a building in England, is to be used as—
 - (i) social housing within the meaning of Part2 of the Housing and Regeneration Act2008, or
 - (ii) housing of any other description that is set out in regulations made by the Secretary of State, or
- (b) in the case of a building in Wales, is to be used as housing of a description that is set out in regulations made by the Welsh Ministers."
- (4) In Part 1 of Schedule 4 to the Welsh Development Agency Act 1975 (procedure for compulsory acquisition under that Act), after paragraph 3A insert—
 - "3B (1) Where the Welsh Ministers prepare a compulsory purchase order in draft under section 21A(1)(b) or (2)(b), they may include in the draft order a direction that compensation is to be assessed in accordance with section 14A of the Land Compensation Act 1961 (cases where prospect of planning permission to be ignored); and if they do so the following provisions of this paragraph apply.
 - (2) The Welsh Ministers must prepare a statement of commitments together with the draft order.
 - (3) A "statement of commitments" is a statement of the Welsh Ministers' intentions as to what will be done with the project land should the acquisition proceed, so far as they rely on those intentions in contending that the direction is justified in the public interest.
 - (4) Those intentions must include the provision of a certain number of units of affordable housing.
 - (5) The statement under paragraph 3(1)(a) of Schedule 1 to the 1981 Act must include a statement of the effect of the direction; and paragraphs (ba) and (bb) of the same sub-paragraph apply in respect of the statement of commitments as they apply in respect of the draft order.
 - (6) The Welsh Ministers may amend the statement of commitments before the compulsory purchase order is made.
 - (7) But they may do so—
 - (a) only if satisfied that the amendment would not be unfair to any person who made or could have made a relevant objection for the purposes of paragraph 4 of Schedule 1 to the 1981 Act, and
 - (b) only if the statement of commitments as amended will still comply with sub-paragraph (4).
 - (8) If the Welsh Ministers decide to make the compulsory purchase order in accordance with the applicable provisions of Schedule 1 to the 1981 Act—
 - (a) they may make the order with the direction included if satisfied that the direction is justified in the public interest;
 - (b) otherwise, they must modify the draft of the order so as to remove the direction.

- (9) If the order is made with the direction included, a making notice under paragraph 6 of Schedule 1 to the 1981 Act must (in addition to the matters set out in sub-paragraph (4) of that paragraph)—
 - (a) state the effect of the direction,
 - (b) explain how the statement of commitments may be viewed, and
 - (c) explain that additional compensation may become payable if the statement of commitments is not fulfilled.
- (10) In this paragraph—

"the project land" means-

- (a) the land proposed to be acquired further to the compulsory purchase order, and
- (b) any other land that the Welsh Ministers intend to be used in connection with that land;

"unit of affordable housing" means a building or part of a building that is constructed or adapted for use as a separate dwelling and—

- (a) in the case of a building in Wales, is to be used as housing of a description that is set out in regulations made by the Welsh Ministers, or
- (b) in the case of a building in England, is to be used as—
 - (i) social housing within the meaning of Part 2 of the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008, or
 - (ii) housing of any other description that is set out in regulations made by the Secretary of State.
- (11) A statutory instrument containing regulations under sub-paragraph (10) is subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of—
 - (a) Senedd Cymru, in the case of regulations made by the Welsh Ministers, or
 - (b) either House of Parliament, in the case of regulations made by the Secretary of State."
- (5) In section 157 of TCPA 1990 (special provisions as to compensation for acquisitions further to blight notices), before subsection (1) insert—

"(A1) Where—

- (a) an interest in land is acquired in pursuance of a blight notice,
- (b) the interest is one in respect of which a compulsory purchase order is in force, and
- (c) the order directs that compensation is to be assessed in accordance with section 14A of the Land Compensation Act 1961,

the compensation payable for the acquisition is to be assessed in accordance with that direction and as if the notice to treat deemed to have been served in respect of the interest under section 154 had been served in pursuance of the compulsory purchase order."

Commencement Information

I18 S. 190 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 255(7)

Status:

Point in time view as at 31/01/2024. This version of this part contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Levelling-up and Regeneration Act 2023, Part 9.