



Product Security and Telecommunications Infrastructure Act 2022

2022 CHAPTER 46

PART 1

PRODUCT SECURITY

CHAPTER 3

ENFORCEMENT

Enforcement notices

29 Stop notices

- (1) If the Secretary of State has reasonable grounds to believe that a person is carrying on, or is likely to carry on, an activity in breach of a relevant duty, the Secretary of State may give a stop notice to the person.
- (2) A stop notice is a notice under this section requiring the person to whom it is given to stop carrying on an activity specified in the notice within a specified period.
- (3) A stop notice given to a person must—
 - (a) set out the reasons for giving the stop notice;
 - (b) explain what may happen if the person does not comply with it;
 - (c) explain how the person may appeal against it.
- (4) A stop notice given to a person may—
 - (a) require the person to take any specified steps within a specified period for the purpose of complying with the stop notice;

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally enacted).

- (b) require the person within a specified period to provide evidence to the satisfaction of the Secretary of State that the person is complying with the stop notice;
 - (c) require the person to take steps to inform customers of any risks posed by using a product to which the notice relates;
 - (d) provide that, if the person takes specified steps within a specified period for the purpose of complying with the relevant duty, the stop notice will be revoked;
 - (e) require the person within a specified period to provide evidence to the satisfaction of the Secretary of State that the person has taken those steps.
- (5) Before giving a stop notice to a person, the Secretary of State must—
- (a) notify the person that the Secretary of State intends to give a stop notice to the person, and
 - (b) give the person an opportunity to make representations about the giving of the notice.
- (6) The Secretary of State may not give a stop notice to the person until the end of the period of 10 days beginning with the day on which the notification required by subsection (5)(a) is given.
- (7) Subsections (5) and (6) do not apply if the Secretary of State considers that there is an urgent need to give a stop notice to the person.
- (8) In this section—
- “relevant duty” means a duty imposed by or under Chapter 2;
 - “specified” means specified in the stop notice.