

Police, Crime, Sentencing and Courts Act 2022

2022 CHAPTER 32

PART 1

PROTECTION OF THE POLICE ETC

Police driving standards

5 Meaning of dangerous driving: constables etc

- (1) Section 2A of the Road Traffic Act 1988 (meaning of dangerous driving) is amended in accordance with subsections (2) to (4).
- (2) In subsection (1), after paragraph (b) insert "But this subsection does not apply where subsection (1B) applies."
- (3) After subsection (1) insert—
 - "(1A) Subsection (1B) applies where a designated person—
 - (a) is driving for police purposes (subject to subsections (1E) and (1F)), and
 - (b) has undertaken prescribed training.
 - (1B) For the purposes of sections 1, 1A and 2 above, the designated person is to be regarded as driving dangerously if (and, subject to subsection (2) below, only if)—
 - (a) the way the person drives falls far below what would be expected of a competent and careful constable who has undertaken the same prescribed training, and
 - (b) it would be obvious to such a competent and careful constable that driving in that way would be dangerous.
 - (1C) In subsections (1A) and (1B) "designated person" means—

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Police, Crime, Sentencing and Courts Act 2022, Section 5. (See end of Document for details)

- (a) a constable,
- (b) a member of staff appointed by the chief officer of police of a police force in England and Wales,
- (c) a member of staff appointed by a local policing body and employed to assist a police force in England and Wales,
- (d) a member of staff appointed by the Scottish Police Authority under section 26(1) of the Police and Fire Reform (Scotland) Act 2012 (asp 8).
- (e) an employee of the British Transport Police Authority appointed under section 27 of the Railways and Transport Safety Act 2003,
- (f) a person employed or engaged by—
 - (i) a chief officer of police,
 - (ii) the British Transport Police Authority,
 - (iii) the Civil Nuclear Police Authority,
 - (iv) the chief constable for the Ministry of Defence Police, or
 - (v) the Scottish Police Authority,

to train a person within any of paragraphs (a) to (e) to drive for police purposes,

- (g) a person employed or engaged by a person within paragraph (f)(i) to
 (v) to train another person to carry out training of the kind mentioned in that paragraph,
- (h) a National Crime Agency officer, or
- (i) a person engaged by the National Crime Agency—
 - (i) to train a National Crime Agency officer to drive for law enforcement purposes, or
 - (ii) to train another person to carry out training of the kind mentioned in sub-paragraph (i).
- (1D) In subsection (1C)(a) "constable" does not include a port constable within the meaning of section 7 of the Marine Navigation Act 2013 or a person appointed to act as a constable under provision made by virtue of section 16 of the Harbours Act 1964.
- (1E) In the case of a National Crime Agency officer, the reference in subsection (1A)(a) to driving for police purposes is to be read as a reference to driving for law enforcement purposes.
- (1F) In the case of a person within paragraph (i) of subsection (1C), the reference in subsection (1A)(a) to driving for police purposes is to be read as a reference to driving for the purpose of the training mentioned in that paragraph."
- (4) In subsection (3)—
 - (a) after "(1)" insert ", (1B)", and
 - (b) after "driver" insert "or constable (as the case may be)".
- (5) The amendments made by this section have effect only in relation to driving occurring after this section comes into force.

Commencement Information

II S. 5 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 208(1)

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Police, Crime, Sentencing and Courts Act 2022, Section 5. (See end of Document for details)

12 S. 5 in force at 26.10.2022 by S.I. 2022/1075, reg. 3(a)

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Police, Crime, Sentencing and Courts Act 2022, Section 5.