



Police, Crime, Sentencing and Courts Act 2022

2022 CHAPTER 32

PART 6

CAUTIONS

Supplementary

PROSPECTIVE

121 Interpretation of Part 6

In this Part—

“the 1984 Act” means the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984;

“authorised person” has the meaning given by section 98(7);

“community remedy document” means the community remedy document (as revised from time to time) published under section 101 of the Anti-social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 for the police area where the offence in question was committed;

“excluded offence” has the meaning given by section 98(6);

“indictable-only offence” means an offence which, if committed by an adult, is triable only on indictment;

“investigating officer” means—

- (a) an officer of Revenue and Customs appointed in accordance with section 2(1) of the Commissioners for Revenue and Customs Act 2005, or
- (b) a person designated as a policing support officer or a policing support volunteer under section 38 of the Police Reform Act 2002;

“police detention” has the same meaning as in the 1984 Act (see section 118(2) of that Act);

Status: This version of this provision is prospective.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Police, Crime, Sentencing and Courts Act 2022, Section 121. (See end of Document for details)

“prosecution authority” means—

- (a) the Attorney General;
- (b) the Director of Public Prosecutions;
- (c) the Director of the Serious Fraud Office;
- (d) the Secretary of State;
- (e) a person prescribed in regulations;

“victim”, in relation to an offence, means the particular person who appears to have been affected, or principally affected, by the offence.

Commencement Information

- II** S. 121 not in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 208\(1\)](#)

Status:

This version of this provision is prospective.

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Police, Crime, Sentencing and Courts Act 2022, Section 121.