

# Domestic Abuse Act 2021

# **2021 CHAPTER 17**

## PART 6

## OFFENCES INVOLVING ABUSIVE OR VIOLENT BEHAVIOUR

Offences against the person

## 70 Strangulation or suffocation

 In Part 5 of the Serious Crime Act 2015 (protection of children and others), after section 75 insert—

"Strangulation or suffocation

#### 75A Strangulation or suffocation

- (1) A person ("A") commits an offence if-
  - (a) A intentionally strangles another person ("B"), or
  - (b) A does any other act to B that—
    - (i) affects B's ability to breathe, and
    - (ii) constitutes battery of B.
- (2) It is a defence to an offence under this section for A to show that B consented to the strangulation or other act.
- (3) But subsection (2) does not apply if-
  - (a) B suffers serious harm as a result of the strangulation or other act, and(b) A either—
    - (i) intended to cause B serious harm, or
    - (ii) was reckless as to whether B would suffer serious harm.
- (4) A is to be taken to have shown the fact mentioned in subsection (2) if—

- (a) sufficient evidence of the fact is adduced to raise an issue with respect to it, and
- (b) the contrary is not proved beyond reasonable doubt.
- (5) A person guilty of an offence under this section is liable—
  - (a) on summary conviction—
    - (i) to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 12 months (or 6 months, if the offence was committed before the coming into force of paragraph 24(2) of Schedule 22 to the Sentencing Act 2020), or
    - (ii) to a fine,

or both;

- (b) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 5 years or to a fine, or both.
- (6) In this section "serious harm" means—
  - (a) grievous bodily harm, within the meaning of section 18 of the Offences Against the Person Act 1861,
  - (b) wounding, within the meaning of that section, or
  - (c) actual bodily harm, within the meaning of section 47 of that Act.

## 75B Offences under section 75A committed outside the United Kingdom

- (1) If—
  - (a) a person does an act in a country outside the United Kingdom,
  - (b) the act, if done in England and Wales, would constitute an offence under section 75A, and
  - (c) the person is a United Kingdom national or is habitually resident in England and Wales,

the person is guilty in England and Wales of that offence.

- (2) In this section—
  - "country" includes territory;
  - "United Kingdom national" means an individual who is-
  - (a) a British citizen, a British overseas territories citizen, a British National (Overseas) or a British Overseas citizen,
  - (b) a person who under the British Nationality Act 1981 is a British subject, or
  - (c) a British protected person within the meaning of that Act."

(2) Schedule 2 contains consequential amendments.

#### 71 Consent to serious harm for sexual gratification not a defence

- (1) This section applies for the purposes of determining whether a person ("D") who inflicts serious harm on another person ("V") is guilty of a relevant offence.
- (2) It is not a defence that V consented to the infliction of the serious harm for the purposes of obtaining sexual gratification (but see subsection (4)).
- (3) In this section—

"relevant offence" means an offence under section 18, 20 or 47 of the Offences Against the Person Act 1861 ("the 1861 Act");

"serious harm" means-

- (a) grievous bodily harm, within the meaning of section 18 of the 1861 Act,
- (b) wounding, within the meaning of that section, or
- (c) actual bodily harm, within the meaning of section 47 of the 1861 Act.
- (4) Subsection (2) does not apply in the case of an offence under section 20 or 47 of the 1861 Act where—
  - (a) the serious harm consists of, or is a result of, the infection of V with a sexually transmitted infection in the course of sexual activity, and
  - (b) V consented to the sexual activity in the knowledge or belief that D had the sexually transmitted infection.
- (5) For the purposes of this section it does not matter whether the harm was inflicted for the purposes of obtaining sexual gratification for D, V or some other person.
- (6) Nothing in this section affects any enactment or rule of law relating to other circumstances in which a person's consent to the infliction of serious harm may, or may not, be a defence to a relevant offence.