

# Finance Act 2020

### **2020 CHAPTER 14**

#### PART 2

#### DIGITAL SERVICES TAX

#### Charge to tax

#### 48 Alternative basis of charge

- (1) This section applies if a valid election under this section in respect of an accounting period has been made in the group's DST return for that period (whether as originally made or by amendment).
- (2) An election under this section is valid if it specifies the categories of revenues in relation to which it applies (or specifies that it applies in relation to all categories).
- (3) For this purpose, the categories of revenues are—
  - (a) revenues arising in connection with any social media service;
  - (b) revenues arising in connection with any internet search engine;
  - (c) revenues arising in connection with any online marketplace.
- (4) To find the liability of a relevant person to digital services tax in respect of the accounting period, take the following steps (instead of the steps set out in section 47(3)).
  - Step 1 Take the total amount of UK digital services revenues arising to members of the group in the accounting period.
  - Step 2 Apportion the total amount found under step 1 between the three categories of revenues.
  - Step 3 For each category of revenues, the "net revenues" is the amount by which the amount of revenues apportioned under step 2 exceeds the relevant proportion of £25million. "The relevant proportion" is—

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Finance Act 2020, Section 48. (See end of Document for details)

R TR

where-

R is the amount of revenues apportioned under step 2 to the category, and

TR is the total amount found under step 1.

Step 4 For each specified category of revenues, calculate the operating margin. "The operating margin" is—

$$\frac{R-E}{R}$$

where-

R has the same meaning as in step 3, and

E is the amount of relevant operating expenses of the group that are recognised in the accounting period (as to which, see section 49).

If R does not exceed E, the operating margin is nil.

*Step 5* For each specified category of revenues, the taxable amount is 0.8 x the operating margin x the net revenues. For any other category of revenues, the taxable amount is 2% of the net revenues.

Step 6 Add together the taxable amounts calculated under step 5. The result is "the group amount".

Step 7 The relevant person's liability to digital services tax in respect of the accounting period is the appropriate proportion of the group amount.

- (5) If the duration of the accounting period is less than a year, the sum mentioned in step 3 of subsection (4) is proportionately reduced.
- (6) In this section—

"the appropriate proportion" has the meaning given by section 47;

"relevant person" has the same meaning as in section 47;

"specified", in relation to a category of revenues, means a category of revenues specified in the election.

## **Changes to legislation:**

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