Status: Point in time view as at 13/08/2020.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Counter-Terrorism and Border Security Act 2019, Paragraph 44. (See end of Document for details)

# SCHEDULES

#### SCHEDULE 3

#### BORDER SECURITY

## **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

C1 Sch. 3 modified by S.I. 1993/1813, Sch. 4 para. 7 (as inserted (12.2.2019 for specified purposes; 13.8.2020 in so far as not already in force) by Counter Terrorism and Border Security Act 2019 (c. 3), s. 27(1)(g), Sch. 3 para. 63(1) (with s. 25(9), Sch. 3 para. 63(2)); S.I. 2020/792, reg. 2(g))

#### PART 2

#### **DETENTION**

Destruction and retention of fingerprints and samples etc: United Kingdom

- 44 (1) Paragraph 43 material may be retained indefinitely in the case of a detainee who—
  - (a) has previously been convicted of a recordable offence (other than a single exempt conviction), or an offence in Scotland which is punishable by imprisonment, or
  - (b) is so convicted before the end of the period within which the material may be retained by virtue of this paragraph.
  - (2) In sub-paragraph (1)—
    - (a) the reference to a recordable offence includes an offence under the law of a country or territory outside the United Kingdom where the act constituting the offence would constitute—
      - (i) a recordable offence under the law of England and Wales if done there, or
      - (ii) a recordable offence under the law of Northern Ireland if done there, (and, in the application of sub-paragraph (1) where a person has previously been convicted, this applies whether or not the act constituted such an offence when the person was convicted);
    - (b) the reference to an offence in Scotland which is punishable by imprisonment includes an offence under the law of a country or territory outside the United Kingdom where the act constituting the offence would constitute an offence under the law of Scotland which is punishable by imprisonment if done there (and, in the application of sub-paragraph (1) where a person has previously been convicted, this applies whether or not the act constituted such an offence when the person was convicted).

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Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Counter-Terrorism and Border Security Act 2019, Paragraph 44. (See end of Document for details)

- (3) In the case of a person who has no previous convictions, or only one exempt conviction, the material may be retained until the end of the retention period specified in sub-paragraph (4).
- (4) The retention period is—
  - (a) in the case of fingerprints or relevant physical data, the period of 6 months beginning with the date on which the fingerprints or relevant physical data were taken or provided, and
  - (b) in the case of a DNA profile, the period of 6 months beginning with the date on which the DNA sample from which the profile was derived was taken (or, if the profile was derived from more than one DNA sample, the date on which the first of those samples was taken).

### **Commencement Information**

- I1 Sch. 3 para. 44 in force at Royal Assent for specified purposes, see. s. 27(1)(g)(2)(c)
- I2 Sch. 3 para. 44 in force at 13.8.2020 in so far as not already in force except in relation to N.I. by S.I. 2020/792, reg. 2(g)

## **Status:**

Point in time view as at 13/08/2020.

# **Changes to legislation:**

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Counter-Terrorism and Border Security Act 2019, Paragraph 44.