



Identity Documents Act 2010

2010 CHAPTER 40

False identity documents etc

9 Other definitions

- (1) “Apparatus” includes any equipment, machinery or device and any wire or cable, together with any software used with it.
- (2) In relation to England and Wales and Northern Ireland, an identity document is “false” only if it is false within the meaning of Part 1 of the Forgery and Counterfeiting Act 1981 (see section 9(1)).
- (3) An identity document was “improperly obtained” if—
 - (a) false information was provided in, or in connection with, the application for its issue to the person who issued it, or
 - (b) false information was provided in, or in connection with, an application for its modification to a person entitled to modify it.
- (4) In subsection (3)—
 - (a) “false” information includes information containing any inaccuracy or omission that results in a tendency to mislead,
 - (b) “information” includes documents (including stamps and labels) and records, and
 - (c) the “issue” of a document includes its renewal, replacement or re-issue (with or without modifications).
- (5) References to the making of a false identity document include the modification of an identity document so that it becomes false.
- (6) This section applies for the purposes of sections 4 to 6.

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Identity Documents Act 2010, Section 9.