These notes refer to the Video Recordings Act 2010 (*c.1*) *which received Royal Assent on 21st January 2010*

VIDEO RECORDINGS ACT 2010

EXPLANATORY NOTES

COMMENTARY ON SECTIONS

Schedule: Transitional Provision

- 11. Paragraph 2(1) makes it clear that references to the 1984 Act in enactments, instruments and documents will not be affected by the repeal and revival of the provisions of the 1984 Act by the Act. For example, the Criminal Justice and Police Act 2001 (c.16) (sections 50 to 55 and Schedule 1) refers to section 17(2) of the 1984 Act (in order to extend and modify the power of search and seizure under that section). Paragraph 2(1) ensures that this reference remains unaffected by the repeal and revival.
- 12. Paragraph 2(2)(a) provides that existing references to Acts passed before a particular date, or in a particular Session, that include the 1984 Act will not be affected by the repeal and revival of the 1984 Act effected by the Act. For example, sections 281 and 282 of the Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c.44) extend the maximum term of imprisonment on summary conviction for certain offences in 'relevant enactments'. 'Relevant enactments' are defined as Acts passed, or subordinate legislation made, before or in the same Session as the Criminal Justice Act 2003. This includes the 1984 Act. Paragraph 2(2)(a) ensures that, in this example, the repeal and revival of the 1984 Act does not affect its being regarded as a 'relevant enactment'.
- 13. Paragraph 2(2)(b) makes similar provision in relation to existing powers that are exercisable in relation to Acts passed before a particular date, or in a particular Session. For example, section 9(7) of the Administration of Justice Act 1985 (c.61) gives the Lord Chancellor the power to modify Acts passed before or in the same Session as the Legal Services Act 2007 (c.29). Section 19(5) of the 1984 Act has been modified by this power. Paragraph 2(2)(b) ensures that this type of modification is not affected by the repeal and revival of the 1984 Act.
- 14. **Paragraph 3** makes it clear that the Act does not affect the validity of certain things done under provisions of the 1984 Act prior to their repeal and revival. For example, the BBFC will continue to be the designated authority for the purposes of the 1984 Act and classification certificates issued by the BBFC will continue to be valid. Paragraph 3(3) provides that the Act does not affect the date on which any of those things are treated as having been done.
- 15. Paragraph 4 relates to sections 4, 4A and 4B of the 1984 Act. Section 4 of the 1984 Act allows the Secretary of State to designate an authority as the classification authority. Section 4A requires the classification authority to have special regard to certain criteria in classifying a video work and section 4B allows the Secretary of State to authorise the classification authority to review any earlier determination in the light of the criteria introduced by section 4A. Section 4A first came into force on 3 November 1994. The purpose of paragraph 4 is to confirm that the reference in section 4B to the date on which section 4A came into force is unaffected by the repeal and revival of the 1984 Act.
- 16. Paragraph 5 confirms that the offences under sections 9 to 14 of the 1984 Act will continue to be "relevant offences" for the purposes of the Regulatory Enforcement and

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Sanctions Act 2008 (c.13). The Regulatory Enforcement and Sanctions Act 2008 makes provision for civil sanctions to be imposed for "relevant offences", being offences that were in force immediately before the Regulatory Enforcement and Sanctions Act 2008 was passed.