



# Counter-Terrorism Act 2008

## 2008 CHAPTER 28

### PART 4

#### NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

##### *Notification requirements*

#### **51 Meaning of “local police area”**

- (1) For the purposes of section 50(2) (method of notification) a person's “local police area” means—
  - (a) the police area in which the person's home address is situated;
  - (b) in the absence of a home address, the police area in which the home address last notified is situated;
  - (c) in the absence of a home address and of any such notification, the police area in which the court of trial was situated.
- (2) In subsection (1)(c) “the court of trial” means—
  - (a) the court by or before which the conviction or finding was made by virtue of which the notification requirements apply to the person, or
  - (b) if that conviction or finding was one substituted on an appeal or reference, the court by or before which the proceedings were taken from which the appeal or reference was brought.
- (3) This section and section 50(2) apply in relation to Northern Ireland as if Northern Ireland were a police area.
- [<sup>F1</sup>(4) This section and section 50(2) apply in relation to Scotland as if Scotland were a police area.]

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*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008, Section 51. (See end of Document for details)*

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#### **Textual Amendments**

- F1** S. 51(4) inserted (1.4.2013) by [The Police and Fire Reform \(Scotland\) Act 2012 \(Consequential Provisions and Modifications\) Order 2013 \(S.I. 2013/602\)](#), art. 1(2), **Sch. 2 para. 60(4)**
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#### **Commencement Information**

- I1** S. 51 in force at 1.10.2009 by [S.I. 2009/1493](#), **art. 2(a)**

**Changes to legislation:**

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Counter-Terrorism Act 2008, Section 51.