# EQUALITY ACT 2006 

## EXPLANATORY NOTES

## COMMENTARY ON SECTIONS

## Part 2: Discrimination on Grounds of Religion or Belief

## Section 70: Information

241. Section 70 indicates the way that information can be obtained by someone (a "claimant or potential claimant" in England and Wales and a "pursuer or potential pursuer" in Scotland), from the person who he thinks has acted unlawfully against him under this Part (a "respondent or potential respondent" in England and Wales and a "defender or potential defender" in Scotland), so as to assist in his decision about whether or not to take proceedings.
242. Subsection (2) refers to the question forms prescribed by the Secretary of State which a claimant (or pursuer) can use to question a respondent (or defender), and by which the respondent (or defender) can reply.
243. Under subsection (3), both the claimant's (or pursuer's) questions and the respondent's (or defender's) answers, will only be admissible as evidence in a case brought, if the questions were put within six months of the alleged unlawful act taking place and in a manner prescribed by an order of the Secretary of State (subject to negative resolution). The Secretary of State can amend that time period by an order, which is subject to the negative resolution procedure.
244. Under subsection (4), a court may draw an inference from a respondent's failure to reply within eight weeks, at all or unequivocally, to questions put to him by a potential claimant. See section 52(6) for exceptions to this in relation to questions which could affect criminal investigations or prosecutions.
