EQUALITY ACT 2006

EXPLANATORY NOTES

COMMENTARY ON SECTIONS

Part 1: The Commission for Equality and Human Rights

Section 41: Transitional: the Commission

- 155. Section 41 creates a transitional period during which time only selected provisions dealing with the formation of the CEHR will take effect. The transitional period starts from the commencement of any of the establishment sections (sections 1 to 3) and Schedule 1. The transitional period ends when any of the CEHR's duties and powers in sections 8 to 32 comes into effect.
- During the transitional period, the minimum number of Commissioners will be five, instead of ten as stated in paragraph 1 of Schedule 1. This will allow the CEHR to begin making decisions, at an early stage, in respect of establishing the CEHR.
- 157. As soon as possible after the first appointments to the CEHR Board, the Secretary of State is required to appoint the three transitional Commissioners, as nominated by each chair of the former Commissions. The conditions of appointment of the three transitional Commissioners will mirror other Commissioners, although their positions will cease to exist not more than two years after the relevant former Commission loses its principal functions or ceases to exist.
- 158. The purpose of these transition appointments is to provide a link between the former Commissions and the nascent CEHR to ensure the smooth transition of functions, duties and staff from the former Commissions to the CEHR.