



Licensing Act 2003

2003 CHAPTER 17

PART 6

PERSONAL LICENCES

Introductory

111 Personal licence

- (1) In this Act “personal licence” means a licence which—
 - (a) is granted by a licensing authority to an individual, and
 - (b) authorises that individual to supply alcohol, or authorise the supply of alcohol, in accordance with a premises licence.
- (2) In subsection (1)(b) the reference to an individual supplying alcohol is to him—
 - (a) selling alcohol by retail, or
 - (b) supplying alcohol by or on behalf of a club to, or to the order of, a member of the club.

112 The relevant licensing authority

For the purposes of this Part the “relevant licensing authority”, in relation to a personal licence, is the licensing authority which granted the licence.

113 Meaning of “relevant offence” and “foreign offence”

- (1) In this Part “relevant offence” means an offence listed in Schedule 4.
- (2) The Secretary of State may by order amend that list so as to add, modify or omit any entry.
- (3) In this Part “foreign offence” means an offence (other than a relevant offence) under the law of any place outside England and Wales.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2015.

Changes to legislation: Licensing Act 2003, Cross Heading: Introductory is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 19 January 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Commencement Information

- II** S. 113(2) in force at 16.12.2003 by S.I. 2003/3222, **art. 2, Sch.**; s. 113 otherwise in force at 7.2.2005 by S.I. 2004/2360, **art. 2, Sch.**

114 Spent convictions

For the purposes of this Part a conviction for a relevant offence or a foreign offence must be disregarded if it is spent for the purposes of the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 (c. 53).

115 Period of validity of personal licence

- (1) A personal licence [^{F1}has effect indefinitely.]
- (2) Subsection (1) is subject to subsections (3) and (4) and to—
 - (a) section 116 (surrender),
 - ^{F2}(b)
 - ^{F3}(c)
- (3) A personal licence ceases to have effect when it is revoked under section 124 or forfeited under section 129.
- (4) And a personal licence does not have effect during any period when it is suspended under section 129.
- (5) Subsections (3) and (4) are subject to any court order under sections 129(4) or 130.

Textual Amendments

- F1** Words in s. 115(1) substituted (1.4.2015) by [Deregulation Act 2015 \(c. 20\)](#), **ss. 69(1)**, 115(7) (with s. 69(2)(3)); S.I. 2015/994, **art. 2(c)**
- F2** S. 115(2)(b) omitted (1.4.2015) by virtue of [Deregulation Act 2015 \(c. 20\)](#), s. 115(7), **Sch. 18 para. 3** (with s. 69(2)(3)); S.I. 2015/994, **art. 2(c)**
- F3** S. 115(2)(c) omitted (1.4.2015) by virtue of [Deregulation Act 2015 \(c. 20\)](#), s. 115(7), **Sch. 18 para. 3** (with s. 69(2)(3)); S.I. 2015/994, **art. 2(c)**

116 Surrender of personal licence

- (1) Where the holder of a personal licence wishes to surrender his licence he may give the relevant licensing authority a notice to that effect.
- (2) The notice must be accompanied by the personal licence or, if that is not practicable, by a statement of the reasons for the failure to provide the licence.
- (3) Where a notice of surrender is given in accordance with this section, the personal licence lapses on receipt of the notice by the authority.

Status:

Point in time view as at 01/04/2015.

Changes to legislation:

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