#### SCHEDULES

# [F1SCHEDULE 4A

Section 85A

#### **OVERSEAS ENTITIES**

#### **Textual Amendments**

F1 Sch. 4A inserted (5.9.2022) by Economic Crime (Transparency and Enforcement) Act 2022 (c. 10), s. 69(1), Sch. 3 para. 3; S.I. 2022/876, reg. 4(c)

# Meaning of "qualifying estate"

- In this Schedule "qualifying estate" means—
  - (a) a freehold estate in land, or
  - (b) a leasehold estate in land granted for a term of more than seven years from the date of grant.

## Registration

- No application may be made to register an overseas entity as the proprietor of a qualifying estate unless, at the time of the application, the entity—
  - (a) is a registered overseas entity, or
  - (b) is an exempt overseas entity.

# Restrictions on disposal

- 3 (1) The registrar must enter a restriction in the register in relation to a qualifying estate if satisfied that—
  - (a) an overseas entity is registered as the proprietor of the estate, and
  - (b) the entity became registered as the proprietor in pursuance of an application made on or after 1 January 1999.
  - (2) The restriction must prohibit the registration of any disposition within section 27(2) (a), (b)(i) or (f) unless—
    - (a) the entity is a registered overseas entity, or is an exempt overseas entity, at the time of the disposition,
    - (b) the disposition is made in pursuance of a statutory obligation or court order, or occurs by operation of law,
    - (c) the disposition is made in pursuance of a contract made before the restriction is entered in the register,
    - (d) the disposition is made in the exercise of a power of sale or leasing conferred on the proprietor of a registered charge or a receiver appointed by such a proprietor,

- (e) the Secretary of State gives consent under paragraph 5 to the registration of the disposition, or
- (f) the disposition is made by a specified insolvency practitioner in specified circumstances.
- (3) In sub-paragraph (2), in paragraph (f)—

"specified circumstances" means circumstances specified in regulations made by the Secretary of State for the purposes of that paragraph;

"specified insolvency practitioner" means an insolvency practitioner of a description specified in regulations made by the Secretary of State for the purposes of that paragraph.

Registrable dispositions by overseas entity entitled to be registered (but not registered)

- 4 (1) This paragraph applies where—
  - (a) an overseas entity is entitled to be registered as the proprietor of a qualifying estate.
  - (b) the overseas entity became entitled to be registered as the proprietor of that estate on or after the day on which this paragraph comes into force, and
  - (c) the entity makes a registrable disposition within section 27(2)(a), (b)(i) or (f).
  - (2) The disposition must not be registered unless—
    - (a) the entity is a registered overseas entity, or is an exempt overseas entity, at the time of the disposition,
    - (b) the disposition is made in pursuance of a statutory obligation or court order, or occurs by operation of law,
    - (c) the disposition is made in pursuance of a contract made before the overseas entity became entitled to be registered,
    - (d) the disposition is made in the exercise of a power of sale or leasing conferred on the proprietor of a registered charge or a receiver appointed by such a proprietor,
    - (e) the Secretary of State gives consent under paragraph 5 to the registration of the disposition, or
    - (f) the disposition is made by a specified insolvency practitioner in specified circumstances.
  - (3) In sub-paragraph (2)(f) "specified circumstances" and "specified insolvency practitioner" have the meanings given by paragraph 3(3).

Consent to registration of dispositions that cannot otherwise be registered

- 5 (1) The Secretary of State may consent to the registration of a disposition that would otherwise be prohibited by a restriction entered under paragraph 3, or by paragraph 4, if satisfied—
  - (a) that at the time of the disposition the person to whom it was made did not know, and could not reasonably have been expected to know, of the prohibition, and
  - (b) that in all the circumstances it would be unjust for the disposition not to be registered.
  - (2) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision in connection with applications for consent, and the giving of consent, under sub-paragraph (1).

- (3) The regulations may, for example, make provision about—
  - (a) who may apply;
  - (b) evidence;
  - (c) time limits.

#### Making dispositions that cannot be registered

- 6 (1) An overseas entity must not make a registrable disposition of a qualifying estate if, disregarding the possibility of consent under paragraph 5, the registration of the disposition is prohibited by—
  - (a) a restriction entered under paragraph 3, or
  - (b) paragraph 4.
  - (2) If an overseas entity breaches sub-paragraph (1) an offence is committed by—
    - (a) the entity, and
    - (b) every officer of the entity who is in default.
  - (3) Nothing in this paragraph affects the validity of a disposition made in breach of subparagraph (1).
  - (4) Sections 1121 to 1123 of the Companies Act 2006 (liability of officers in default: interpretation etc.) apply for the purposes of this paragraph as they apply for the purposes of provisions of the Companies Acts.
  - (5) In those sections as applied, a reference to an officer includes a person in accordance with whose directions or instructions the board of directors or equivalent management body of an overseas entity are accustomed to act.
  - (6) A person is not to be regarded as falling within sub-paragraph (5) by reason only that the board of directors or equivalent management body acts on advice given by the person in a professional capacity.
  - (7) A person guilty of an offence under this paragraph is liable—
    - (a) on summary conviction, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding the maximum summary term for either-way offences or a fine (or both);
    - (b) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 5 years or a fine (or both).
  - (8) In sub-paragraph (7)(a) "the maximum summary term for either-way offences" means—
    - (a) in relation to an offence committed before the time when paragraph 24(2) of Schedule 22 to the Sentencing Act 2020 comes into force, 6 months;
    - (b) in relation to an offence committed after that time, 12 months.
  - (9) Proceedings for an offence under this may only be brought by or with the consent the Secretary of State or the Director of Public Prosecutions.

# Interpretation etc.

7 In this Schedule—

"exempt overseas entity" means an overseas entity of a description specified in regulations under section 34(6) of the Economic Crime (Transparency and Enforcement) Act 2022;

"overseas entity" has the meaning given by section 2 of the Economic Crime (Transparency and Enforcement) Act 2022;

"qualifying estate" has the meaning given by paragraph 1;

"register of overseas entities" means the register kept under section 3 of the Economic Crime (Transparency and Enforcement) Act 2022;

"registered overseas entity" means an overseas entity that is registered in the register of overseas entities (but see paragraph 8).

- [For the purpose of this Schedule, an overseas entity that has failed to comply with F2(1) any of the following duties is not to be treated as being a "registered overseas entity" until it remedies the failure.
  - (2) The duties are—
    - (a) the duty to deliver to the registrar of companies the documents required by section 7 of the Economic Crime (Transparency and Enforcement) Act 2022 (updating duty);
    - (b) the duty to provide information to the registrar of companies in accordance with a notice under section 1092A of the Companies Act 2006 (power of registrar to require information).
  - (3) For the purposes of this paragraph the failure is remedied when the documents are delivered, or the information is provided, to the registrar of companies.]

## **Textual Amendments**

F2 Sch. 4A para. 8 substituted (26.10.2023 for specified purposes) by Economic Crime and Corporate Transparency Act 2023 (c. 56), ss. 177(1), 219(1)(2)(b)

# **Changes to legislation:**

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Land Registration Act 2002, SCHEDULE 4A.