

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act 2000. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

SCHEDULES

[^{F1}SCHEDULE A1

MONETARY PENALTY NOTICES IN RELATION TO CERTAIN UNLAWFUL INTERCEPTIONS

Textual Amendments

- F1** Sch. A1 inserted (17.6.2011) by [The Regulation of Investigatory Powers \(Monetary Penalty Notices and Consents for Interceptions\) Regulations 2011 \(S.I. 2011/1340\)](#), **regs. 1(2), 2(4)** {Sch. }

PART 1

MONETARY PENALTY NOTICES

General

- 1 (1) A monetary penalty notice is a notice requiring the person on whom it is served to pay to the Interception of Communications Commissioner (“the Commissioner”) a monetary penalty of an amount determined by the Commissioner and specified in the notice.
- (2) The amount determined by the Commissioner must not exceed £50,000.
- (3) The monetary penalty must be paid to the Commissioner within such period as is specified in the notice.
- (4) The period concerned must not be less than 28 days beginning with the day after the day on which the notice is served.
- (5) The notice must, in particular—
- (a) state the name and address of the person on whom it is to be served,
 - (b) provide details of the notice of intent served on that person,
 - (c) state whether the Commissioner has received written representations in accordance with that notice,
 - (d) state the grounds on which the Commissioner serves the monetary penalty notice,
 - (e) state the grounds on which the Commissioner decided the amount of the monetary penalty,
 - (f) state the details of how the monetary penalty is to be paid,
 - (g) provide details of the rights of appeal of the person concerned under paragraph 5 in respect of the monetary penalty notice,
 - (h) provide details of the Commissioner's rights of enforcement under paragraph 6 in respect of the monetary penalty notice.

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- (6) Any sum received by the Commissioner by virtue of a monetary penalty notice must be paid into the Consolidated Fund.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C1** Sch. A1 para. 1 modified (1.9.2017) by [The Investigatory Powers Act 2016 \(Commencement No. 3 and Transitory, Transitional and Saving Provisions\) Regulations 2017 \(S.I. 2017/859\)](#), **reg. 4**

Enforcement obligations

- 2 (1) The Commissioner may include one or more than one enforcement obligation in a monetary penalty notice if the Commissioner considers that the interception to which the notice relates is continuing.
- (2) Each of the following is an enforcement obligation—
- (a) a requirement on the person on whom the notice is served to cease the interception concerned on such day, or within such period, as is specified in the notice,
 - (b) (where appropriate for achieving such a cessation) a requirement on the person to take within such period as is specified in the notice, or to refrain from taking after the end of such period as is so specified, such steps as are so specified.
- (3) No enforcement obligation is to have effect before the end of the period of 7 days beginning with the day after the day on which the notice is served.
- (4) Where an enforcement obligation is included in a monetary penalty notice under this paragraph, the notice must state what the obligation is and the grounds for including it.

Consultation requirements before service of notices

- 3 (1) The Commissioner must proceed in accordance with sub-paragraphs (2) to (7) before serving a monetary penalty notice on a person.
- (2) The Commissioner must serve a notice of intent on the person.
- (3) A notice of intent is a notice that the Commissioner proposes to serve a monetary penalty notice on the person.
- (4) A notice of intent must, in particular—
- (a) state the name and address of the person concerned,
 - (b) state the grounds on which the Commissioner proposes to serve the monetary penalty notice,
 - (c) provide an indication of the amount of the monetary penalty that the Commissioner proposes to impose and the Commissioner's grounds for deciding that amount,
 - (d) state whether the monetary penalty notice is to include any enforcement obligation and, if so, what the obligation is and the grounds for including it,
 - (e) state the date on which the Commissioner proposes to serve the monetary penalty notice,

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- (f) inform the person concerned that the person may make written representations in relation to the Commissioner's proposal within a period specified in the notice, and
 - (g) inform the person concerned that the person may, within a period specified in the notice, request an oral hearing before the Commissioner in order to make representations of the kind mentioned in sub-paragraph (6)(b).
- (5) No period specified as mentioned in sub-paragraph (4)(f) or (g) may be less than 21 days beginning with the day after the day on which the notice is served.
- (6) Where the person concerned has requested an oral hearing within the period specified for the purpose in the notice—
- (a) the Commissioner must arrange such a hearing, and
 - (b) the person may make representations at the hearing about—
 - (i) any matter falling within section 1(1A)(a)(ii), or
 - (ii) any other matter relating to the Commissioner's proposal which, by virtue of section 17, the person would be unable to raise on an appeal under paragraph 5.
- (7) The Commissioner must consider any representations which have been made by the person concerned in accordance with the notice or sub-paragraph (6).
- (8) Subject to sub-paragraph (9), the Commissioner may not vary a notice of intent.
- (9) The Commissioner may vary a notice of intent by extending the period mentioned in sub-paragraph (4)(f) or (g).
- (10) Sub-paragraph (8) does not prevent the Commissioner from issuing a new notice of intent instead of varying such a notice.
- (11) The Commissioner may cancel a notice of intent.
- (12) A variation or cancellation of a notice of intent is effected by serving on the person on whom the notice was served a notice setting out the variation or cancellation.
- (13) Subject to sub-paragraph (14), the Commissioner must not serve a monetary penalty notice on a person in respect of an interception if any notice of intent in respect of that interception was served on the person more than 3 months earlier.
- (14) The Commissioner may serve a monetary penalty notice on a person where the service of the notice would otherwise be prevented by virtue of sub-paragraph (13) if the Commissioner—
- (a) considers it reasonable to do so, and
 - (b) includes the reasons for doing so in the monetary penalty notice.
- (15) If the Commissioner decides not to serve a monetary penalty notice on a person as a result of any representations which have been made by the person in accordance with a notice of intent or sub-paragraph (6), the Commissioner must inform the person of that fact.

Variation or cancellation of notices

- 4 (1) The Commissioner may, subject as follows, vary or cancel a monetary penalty notice.

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- (2) The Commissioner may not vary a monetary penalty notice in a way that is detrimental to the person on whom it was served (whether by increasing the amount of the monetary penalty, by reducing the period specified in the notice as the period within which the penalty must be paid, by imposing a new enforcement obligation or making an existing enforcement obligation effective earlier or otherwise more onerous, or otherwise).
- (3) The Commissioner must—
 - (a) in the case of a variation which reduces the amount of a monetary penalty, repay any excess already paid in accordance with the notice, and
 - (b) in the case of a cancellation, repay any amount already paid in accordance with the notice.
- (4) A variation or cancellation of a monetary penalty notice is effected by serving on the person on whom the monetary penalty notice was served a notice setting out the variation or cancellation.
- (5) The Commissioner may not serve another monetary penalty notice on a person in respect of an interception if the Commissioner has cancelled a previous notice served on the person in respect of the same interception.
- (6) If the Commissioner refuses a request by a person to vary or cancel a monetary penalty notice which has been served on the person, the Commissioner must inform the person of that fact.

Appeals against notices

- 5 (1) A person on whom a monetary penalty notice is served may appeal to the First-tier Tribunal against—
 - (a) the monetary penalty notice or any provision of it, or
 - (b) any refusal of a request by the person to issue a notice of variation or cancellation in relation to the monetary penalty notice.
- (2) Where there is an appeal under sub-paragraph (1)(a) in relation to a monetary penalty notice or any provision of it, any requirement in the notice or (as the case may be) provision concerned which does not relate to the imposition of an enforcement obligation need not be complied with until the appeal is withdrawn or finally determined.
- (3) Sub-paragraphs (4) to (6) apply in relation to an appeal under sub-paragraph (1)(a).
- (4) The First-tier Tribunal must allow the appeal or substitute such other monetary penalty notice as could have been served by the Commissioner if the Tribunal considers—
 - (a) that the notice concerned is not in accordance with the law, or
 - (b) to the extent that the notice involved an exercise of discretion by the Commissioner, that the Commissioner ought to have exercised the discretion differently.
- (5) In any other case, the First-tier Tribunal must dismiss the appeal.
- (6) The First-tier Tribunal may review any determination of fact on which the notice concerned was based.

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- (7) Sub-paragraphs (8) to (10) apply in relation to an appeal under sub-paragraph (1)(b).
- (8) The First-tier Tribunal must direct the Commissioner to issue, on such terms as the Tribunal considers appropriate, a notice of variation or cancellation in relation to the monetary penalty notice if the Tribunal considers that the monetary penalty notice ought to be varied or cancelled on those terms.
- (9) In any other case, the First-tier Tribunal must dismiss the appeal.
- (10) The First-tier Tribunal may review any determination of fact on which the refusal to issue the notice of variation or cancellation was based.

Enforcement of notices

- 6 (1) Sub-paragraphs (2) and (3) apply in relation to any penalty payable to the Commissioner by virtue of a monetary penalty notice.
- (2) In England and Wales or Northern Ireland, the penalty is recoverable—
 - (a) if [^{F2}the county court in England and Wales or a county court in Northern Ireland] so orders, as if it were payable under an order of that court,
 - (b) if the High Court so orders, as if it were payable under an order of that court.
- (3) In Scotland, the penalty is recoverable as if it were payable under an extract registered decree arbitral bearing a warrant for execution issued by the sheriff for any sheriffdom in Scotland.
- (4) The person on whom a monetary penalty notice containing an enforcement obligation is served must comply with the obligation; and that duty is enforceable by civil proceedings by the Commissioner for an injunction, or for specific performance of a statutory duty under section 45 of the Court of Session Act 1988 ^{M1}, or for any other appropriate relief.

Textual Amendments

F2 Words in [Sch. A1 para. 6\(2\)\(a\)](#) substituted (22.4.2014) by [Crime and Courts Act 2013 \(c. 22\), s. 61\(3\), Sch. 9 para. 125](#); [S.I. 2014/954, art. 2\(c\)](#) (with [art. 3](#)) (with transitional provisions and savings in [S.I. 2014/956, arts. 3-11](#))

Marginal Citations

M1 [1988 c.36.](#)

Guidance

- 7 (1) The Commissioner must prepare and issue guidance on how the Commissioner proposes to exercise the Commissioner's functions under section 1(1A) and (1B) and this Schedule.
- (2) The guidance must, in particular, deal with—
 - (a) the manner in which the Commissioner is to deal with claims of a description specified in the guidance which may give rise to grounds for serving a monetary penalty notice,
 - (b) the circumstances in which the Commissioner would consider it appropriate to serve a monetary penalty notice,

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- (c) how the Commissioner will determine the amount of the penalty, and
 - (d) the circumstances in which the Commissioner would consider it appropriate to impose an enforcement obligation.
- (3) The Commissioner may alter or replace the guidance.
- (4) If the guidance is altered or replaced, the Commissioner must issue the altered or replacement guidance.
- (5) The Commissioner must arrange for the publication, in such form and manner as the Commissioner considers appropriate, of any guidance issued under this paragraph.

Interpretation: Part 1

8

In this Part—

“address” means—

- (a) in the case of a registered company, the address of its registered office, and
- (b) in the case of a person (other than a registered company) carrying on a business, the address of the person's principal place of business in the United Kingdom;

“business” includes any trade or profession;

“the Commissioner” has the meaning given by paragraph 1(1);

“enforcement obligation” has the meaning given by paragraph 2(2);

“monetary penalty notice” means a monetary penalty notice under section 1(1A);

“notice” means notice in writing;

“notice of intent” means a notice under paragraph 3(2) to (5);

“registered company” means a company registered under the enactments relating to companies for the time being in force in the United Kingdom.]

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Changes and effects yet to be applied to the whole Act associated Parts and Chapters:

Whole provisions yet to be inserted into this Act (including any effects on those provisions):

- s. 26(1)(d) and word inserted by [2021 c. 4 s. 1\(2\)\(b\)](#)
- s. 26(8A) inserted by [2021 c. 4 s. 1\(3\)](#)
- s. 27A inserted by [2021 c. 4 s. 5](#)
- s. 29(6ZA) inserted by [2021 c. 4 s. 1\(4\)](#)
- s. 29B excluded by S.I. 2000/2793, art. 7(1) (as inserted) by [2021 c. 4 s. 2\(8\)](#)
- s. 29B excluded by S.I. 2000/2793, art. 8(1) (as inserted) by [2021 c. 4 s. 2\(8\)](#)
- s. 29B inserted by [2021 c. 4 s. 1\(5\)](#)
- s. 29B(4)(c) modified by S.I. 2000/2793, art. 9 (as inserted) by [2021 c. 4 s. 2\(8\)](#)
- s. 29C inserted by [2021 c. 4 s. 2\(1\)](#)
- s. 29D inserted by [2021 c. 4 s. 3](#)
- s. 30(4)(c) and word inserted by [2021 c. 4 s. 4\(6\)\(d\)](#)
- s. 30(6A)-(6D) inserted by [2016 anaw 6 s. 187\(2\)\(b\)](#)
- s. 32C inserted by [2021 c. 4 s. 6](#)
- s. 45(1)(c)(d) inserted by [2021 c. 4 Sch. para. 7\(2\)\(c\)](#)
- s. 45(3) word substituted by [2021 c. 4 Sch. para. 7\(4\)](#)
- s. 46(5)-(7) inserted by [2021 c. 4 Sch. para. 8\(b\)](#)
- Sch. 1 para. 16A and cross-heading inserted by [2016 anaw 6 s. 187\(3\)](#)
- Sch. 1 Pt. A1 inserted by [2021 c. 4 s. 4\(9\)](#)
- Sch. 1 Pt. 1 para. 20H inserted by [2013 c. 32 Sch. 12 para. 74](#)