Local Government Act 2000

2000 CHAPTER 22

An Act to make provision with respect to the functions and procedures of local authorities and provision with respect to local authority elections; to make provision with respect to grants and housing benefit in respect of certain welfare services; to amend section 29 of the Children Act 1989; and for connected purposes.

[28th July 2000]

Be it enacted by the Queen’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C1 Act modified (31.3.2009) by The Local Government (Structural Changes) (Further Transitional Arrangements and Staffing) Regulations 2009 (S.I. 2009/486), reg. 6(4)

C2 Act applied (with modifications) (1.10.2010) by The Employment and Support Allowance (Transitional Provisions, Housing Benefit and Council Tax Benefit) (Existing Awards) Regulations 2010 (S.I. 2010/875), regs. 1(2), 16, Sch. 2 (which amending S.I. was revoked (27.8.2010) by SI 2010/1906, reg. 2)

C3 Act applied (with modifications) (1.10.2010) by The Employment and Support Allowance (Transitional Provisions, Housing Benefit and Council Tax Benefit) (Existing Awards) (No. 2) Regulations 2010 (S.I. 2010/1907), reg. 16(2)(c), Sch. 2

C4 Act power to apply or incorporate (with modifications) conferred (15.9.2011) by Police Reform and Social Responsibility Act 2011 (c. 13), s. 58(1)-(3), (7)

C5 Act power to apply or incorporate (with modifications) conferred (25.4.2012) by Police Reform and Social Responsibility Act 2011 (c. 13), s. 54(2)-(5), 157(1); S.I. 2012/1129, art. 2(b)

C6 Act functions transferred (22.6.2015) by The Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster Order 2015 (S.I. 2015/1376), arts. 1(2), 3(1), Sch. 1 (with art. 9)

C7 Act functions transferred (9.11.2016) by The Transfer of Functions (Elections, Referendums, Third Sector and Information) Order 2016 (S.I. 2016/997), arts. 1(2), 3(1), Sch. 1(h) (with arts. 3(2), 6, 12)
PART I

PROMOTION OF ECONOMIC, SOCIAL OR ENVIRONMENTAL WELL-BEING ETC

Interpretation

1 Meaning of “local authority” in Part I.

[F1(1)] In this Part “local authority” means—

(a) in relation to England—

(i) a county council,

(ii) a district council,

(iii) a London borough council,

(iv) the Common Council of the City of London in its capacity as a local authority,

(v) the Council of the Isles of Scilly,

[F2(vi) an eligible parish council,]  

(b) in relation to Wales, a county council or a county borough council [F3or a community council].

[F4(2) A parish council is “eligible” for the purposes of this Part if the council meets the conditions prescribed by the Secretary of State by order for the purposes of this section.]
(b) the promotion or improvement of the social well-being of their area, and
(c) the promotion or improvement of the environmental well-being of their area.

(2) The power under subsection (1) may be exercised in relation to or for the benefit of—
(a) the whole or any part of a local authority’s area, or
(b) all or any persons resident or present in a local authority’s area.

(3) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(3A) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

F7(3B) In determining whether or how to exercise the power under subsection (1), a local authority in Wales must have regard to the F8local well-being plan for its area published under section 39 or 44(5) of the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 (anaw 2).]

F9(3C) The local well-being plan for the area of a community council is the plan referred to in subsection (3B) that is published by the public services board that includes as a member the county council or county borough council in whose area lies the community or communities for which the community council is established.]

(4) The power under subsection (1) includes power for a local authority to—
(a) incur expenditure,
(b) give financial assistance to any person,
(c) enter into arrangements or agreements with any person,
(d) co-operate with, or facilitate or co-ordinate the activities of, any person,
(e) exercise on behalf of any person any functions of that person, and
(f) provide staff, goods, services or accommodation to any person.

(5) The power under subsection (1) includes power for a local authority to do anything in relation to, or for the benefit of, any person or area situated outside their area if they consider that it is likely to achieve any one or more of the objects in that subsection.

(6) Nothing in subsection (4) or (5) affects the generality of the power under subsection (1).

Textual Amendments

F5 Words in s. 2(1) inserted (4.4.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 1 para. 3; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 2(b) (with arts. 7, 8)
F6 S. 2(3)(3A) repealed (4.4.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 25 Pt. 1; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 2(d)
F7 S. 2(3B) inserted (1.1.2010) by Local Government (Wales) Measure 2009 (nawm 2), s. 53(2), Sch. 2 para. 2(b) (with Sch. 3 para. 2); S.I. 2009/3272, art. 2, Sch. 1
F8 Words in s. 2(3B) substituted (1.4.2016) by Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 (anaw 2), s. 56(2), Sch. 4 para. 3; S.I. 2016/86, art. 3
F9 S. 2(3C) substituted (1.4.2016) by Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 (anaw 2), s. 56(2), Sch. 4 para. 4; S.I. 2016/86, art. 3

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C8 S. 2 restricted (8.1.2003) by 2002 c. 41, s. 55 (with s. 159); S.I. 2002/2811, art. 2, Sch. S. 2 restricted (8.1.2003) by 2002 c. 41, ss. 54, 162(2), Sch. 3 (with s. 159); S.I. 2002/2811, art. 2, Sch.
3 Limits on power to promote well-being.

(1) The power under section 2(1) does not enable a local authority to do anything which they are unable to do by virtue of any prohibition, restriction or limitation on their powers which is contained in any enactment (whenever passed or made).

(2) The power under section 2(1) does not enable a local authority to raise money (whether by precepts, borrowing or otherwise).

(3) The Welsh Ministers may by order make provision preventing local authorities from doing, by virtue of section 2(1), anything which is specified, or is of a description specified, in the order.

(3A) The power under subsection (3) may be exercised in relation to—
(a) all local authorities,
(b) particular local authorities, or
(c) particular descriptions of local authority.

(4) Before making an order under subsection (3), the Welsh Ministers must consult such representatives of local government and such other persons (if any) as he considers appropriate.

(4A) Subsection (4) does not apply to an order under this section which is made only for the purpose of amending an earlier order under this section—
(a) so as to extend the earlier order, or any provision of the earlier order, to a particular authority or to authorities of a particular description, or
(b) so that the earlier order, or any provision of the earlier order, ceases to apply to a particular authority or to authorities of a particular description.

(5) Before exercising the power under section 2(1), a local authority must have regard to any guidance for the time being issued by the Welsh Ministers about the exercise of that power.

(6) Before issuing any guidance under subsection (5), the Welsh Ministers must consult such representatives of local government and such other persons (if any) as he considers appropriate.

(7) In this section “enactment” includes an enactment comprised in subordinate legislation (within the meaning of the Interpretation Act 1978).
F11 S. 3(3A) inserted (18.11.2003 for E.; 27.11.2003 for W.) by Local Government Act 2003 (c. 26), s. 128(6), Sch. 3 para. 12(2); S.I. 2003/2938, art. 3(a) (with art. 8, Sch.); S.I. 2003/3034, art. 2, Sch. 1 Pt. I

F12 Words in s. 3(4) inserted (18.11.2003 for E.; 27.11.2003 for W.) by Local Government Act 2003 (c. 26), s. 128(6), Sch. 3 para. 12(3); S.I. 2003/2938, art. 3(a) (with art. 8, Sch.); S.I. 2003/3034, art. 2, Sch. 1 Pt. I

F13 S. 3(4A) inserted (18.11.2003 for E., 27.11.2003 for W.) by Local Government Act 2003 (c. 26), s. 128(6), Sch. 3 para. 12(4); S.I. 2003/2938, art. 3(a) (with art. 8, Sch.); S.I. 2003/3034, art. 2, Sch. 1 Pt. I

F14 S. 3(7) repealed (4.4.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 25 Pt. 1; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 2(d)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C10 S. 3(2) excluded (18.11.2003) by Local Government Act 2003 (c. 26), ss. 93, 128(2)(d)

Commencement Information

I3 S. 3 wholly in force at 9.4.2001; s. 3 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; s. 3 in force (E.) at 18.10.2000 by S.I. 2000/2836, arts. 1(3), 2(a); S. 3(3)-(7) in force (W.) at 1.11.2000 by S.I. 2000/2948, art. 2; S. 3(1)(2)(8) in force (W.) at 9.4.2001 by S.I. 2001/1471, art. 2

Marginal Citations

M1 1978 c. 30.

F15 Strategies for promoting well-being.

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Textual Amendments

F15 S. 4 omitted (26.5.2015) by virtue of Deregulation Act 2015 (c. 20), ss. 100(1), 115(3)(k)

F16 Strategies: parishes

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Textual Amendments

F16 S. 4A omitted (26.5.2015) by virtue of Deregulation Act 2015 (c. 20), ss. 100(2)(a), 115(3)(k)

5 Power to amend or repeal enactments.

(1) If the [F17Welsh Ministers think] that an enactment (whenever passed or made) prevents or obstructs local authorities from exercising their power under section 2(1) [F18they] may by order amend, repeal, revoke or disapply that enactment.

(2) The power under subsection (1) may be exercised in relation to—

(a) all local authorities,

(b) particular local authorities, or

(c) particular descriptions of local authority.
(3) The power under subsection (1) to amend or disapply an enactment includes a power to amend or disapply an enactment for a particular period.

[F19](3A) Subject to subsection (3B), a statutory instrument which contains an order under this section is not to be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before and approved by a resolution of the National Assembly for Wales.

(3B) A statutory instrument containing an order under this section which is made only for the purpose of amending an earlier such order—

(a) so as to extend the earlier order, or any provision of the earlier order, to a particular authority or to authorities of a particular description, or

(b) so that the earlier order, or any provision of the earlier order, ceases to apply to a particular authority or authorities of a particular description,

is subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of the National Assembly for Wales.]

[F20](4) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

[F21](4A) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

[F22](4B) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

[F23](5) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(6) In this section “enactment” includes an enactment comprised in subordinate legislation (within the meaning of the Interpretation Act 1978).

[F24](7) The reference to local authorities in subsection (1) does not include community councils.]
6 Power to modify enactments concerning plans etc.

(1) Subject to subsection (3), the Secretary of State may by order amend, repeal, revoke or disapply any enactment (whenever passed or made) which requires a local authority to prepare, produce or publish any plan or strategy relating to any particular matter so far as that enactment has effect in relation to a local authority in England.

(2) The power under subsection (1) may be exercised in relation to—
   (a) all local authorities in England,
   (b) particular local authorities in England, or
   (c) particular descriptions of local authority in England.

(3) The power under subsection (1) may be exercised in relation to a local authority only if the Secretary of State considers—
   (a) that it is not appropriate for any such enactment as is mentioned in that subsection to apply to the authority, or
   (b) that any such enactment should be amended so that it operates more effectively in relation to the authority.

(4) The power under subsection (1) to amend or disapply an enactment includes a power to amend or disapply an enactment for a particular period.

(5) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(6) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(7) An order under this section which would, apart from this subsection, be treated for the purposes of the standing orders of either House of Parliament as a hybrid instrument shall proceed in that House as if it were not such an instrument.

(8) In this section “enactment” includes an enactment comprised in subordinate legislation (within the meaning of the Interpretation Act 1978).

Textual Amendments

F25 Words in s. 6(1) inserted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 115(5)(a), 245(2)
F26 Words in s. 6(2)(a) inserted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 115(5)(b), 245(2)
F27 Words in s. 6(2)(b) inserted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 115(5)(b), 245(2)
F28 Words in s. 6(2)(c) inserted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 115(5)(c), 245(2)
F29 S. 6(5) repealed (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 115(5)(d), 245(2), Sch. 18 Pt. 5
F30 S. 6(6) repealed (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 115(5)(d), 245(2), Sch. 18 Pt. 5
Power to modify enactments concerning plans etc: Wales.

(1) Subject to subsections (4) and (6), the Welsh Ministers may by order amend, repeal, revoke or disapply any enactment (whenever passed or made) which requires a local authority to prepare, produce or publish any plan or strategy relating to any particular matter so far as that enactment has effect in relation to a local authority in Wales.

(2) The power under subsection (1) may be exercised in relation to—
   (a) all local authorities in Wales,
   (b) particular local authorities in Wales, or
   (c) particular descriptions of local authority in Wales.

(4) The power under subsection (1) may be exercised in relation to a local authority only if the Welsh Ministers consider—
   (a) that it is not appropriate for any such enactment as is mentioned in that subsection to apply to the authority, or
   (b) that any such enactment should be amended so that it operates more effectively in relation to the authority.

(5) The power under subsection (1) to amend or disapply an enactment includes a power to amend or disapply an enactment for a particular period.

(7) In this section “enactment” includes an enactment comprised in subordinate legislation (within the meaning of the Interpretation Act 1978).

An order under this section may not make a provision which, if it were a provision of an Act of the National Assembly for Wales, would be outside the Assembly’s legislative competence.

(9) For the purposes of subsection (8), section 108A of the Government of Wales Act 2006 (legislative competence) has effect as if subsection (2)(c) of that section and paragraph 1 of Schedule 7B to that Act were omitted.

(10) Subject to subsection (11), a statutory instrument which contains an order under this section is not to be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before and approved by a resolution of the National Assembly for Wales.

(11) A statutory instrument containing an order under this section which is made only for the purpose of amending an earlier such order—
   (a) so as to extend the earlier order, or any provision of the earlier order, to a particular authority or to authorities of a particular description, or
   (b) so that the earlier order, or any provision of the earlier order, ceases to apply to a particular authority or to authorities of a particular description,
is to be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of the National Assembly for Wales.]

Textual Amendments

F31 Words in s. 7(1) substituted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 115(6)(a)(i), 245(2)

F32 Words in s. 7(1) substituted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 115(6)(a)(ii), 245(2)

F33 S. 7(2) repealed (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 115(6)(b), 245(2), Sch. 18 Pt. 5

F34 Words in s. 7(4) substituted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 115(6)(c), 245(2)

F35 S. 7(6) repealed (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 115(6)(d), 245(2), Sch. 18 Pt. 5

F36 S. 7(8)-(11) inserted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 115(7), 245(2)

F37 Words in s. 7(8) substituted (5.5.2011) by The Government of Wales Act 2006 (Commencement of Assembly Act Provisions, Transitional and Saving Provisions and Modifications) Order 2011 (S.I. 2011/1011), arts. 2, 6(2)

F38 Words in s. 7(9) substituted (1.4.2018) by Wales Act 2017 (c. 4), s. 71(4), Sch. 6 para. 57 (with Sch. 7 paras. 1, 6); S.I. 2017/1179, reg. 3(r)

Commencement Information

I6 S. 7 wholly in force at 1.11.2000; s. 7 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108(4); s. 7 in force (E.) at 18.10.2000 by S.I. 2000/2836, arts. 1(3), 2(a); s. 7 in force (W.) at 1.11.2000 by S.I. 2000/2948, art. 2

Marginal Citations

M3 1978 c. 30.

8 Modification of section 137 of the 1972 Act.

In section 137 of the M4Local Government Act 1972 (power of local authorities to incur expenditure for certain purposes not otherwise authorised), for subsection (9) there is substituted—

“(9) Subject to subsection (10) below, in this section “local authority” means a parish or community council.

(10) In subsection (3) above “local authority” means—

(a) in relation to England, a county council, a district council, a London borough council, the Common Council or a parish council,

(b) in relation to Wales, a county council, a county borough council or a community council.”

Commencement Information

I7 S. 8 wholly in force at 9.4.2001; s. 8 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108(4); s. 8 in force (E.) at 18.10.2000 by S.I. 2000/2836, arts. 1(3), 2(a); s. 8 in force (W.) at 9.4.2001 by S.I. 2001/1471, art. 2
Procedure for orders under [F39 sections 5 to 7]

Marginal Citations
M4 1972 c. 70.

Textual Amendments
F39 Words in s. 9 cross-heading substituted (24.5.2018) by The Welsh Ministers (Transfer of Functions) Order 2018 (S.I. 2018/644), arts. 1(1), 37(3)

9 Procedure for orders [F40 made by the Secretary of State under section 6].

(1) Before the Secretary of State makes an order under [F41 section 6] he must consult—
   (a) such local authorities,
   (b) such representatives of local government, and
   (c) such other persons (if any),
as appear to him to be likely to be affected by his proposals.

(2) Where those proposals affect any local authorities in Wales, the Secretary of State must also consult [F42 the Welsh Ministers].

(3) If, following consultation under the preceding provisions of this section, the Secretary of State proposes to make an order under [F43 section 6] he must lay before each House of Parliament a document which—
   (a) explains his proposals,
   (b) sets them out in the form of a draft order,
   (c) gives details of consultation under subsection (1), and
   (d) where consultation has taken place under subsection (2), sets out the views of [F44 the Welsh Ministers].

(4) Where a document relating to proposals is laid before Parliament under subsection (3), no draft of an order under [F45 section 6] to give effect to the proposals (with or without modifications) is to be laid before Parliament in accordance with section 105(6) until after the expiry of the period of sixty days beginning with the day on which the document was laid.

(5) In calculating the period mentioned in subsection (4) no account is to be taken of any time during which—
   (a) Parliament is dissolved or prorogued, or
   (b) either House is adjourned for more than four days.

(6) In preparing a draft order under [F46 section 6] the Secretary of State must consider any representations made during the period mentioned in subsection (4).

(7) A draft order under [F46 section 6] which is laid before Parliament in accordance with section 105(6) must be accompanied by a statement of the Secretary of State giving details of—
   (a) any representations considered in accordance with subsection (6), and
   (b) any changes made to the proposals contained in the document laid before Parliament under subsection (3).
(8) Nothing in this section applies to an order under section 6 which is made only for the purpose of amending an earlier order under that section—

(a) so as to extend the earlier order, or any provision of the earlier order, to a particular authority or to authorities of a particular description, or

(b) so that the earlier order, or any provision of the earlier order, ceases to apply to a particular authority or to authorities of a particular description.]
(4) In calculating the period mentioned in subsection (3) no account is to be taken of any 
time during which the National Assembly is dissolved or is in recess for more than 
four days.

(5) In preparing a draft order under [F54 section 5 or 7] the Welsh Ministers must consider 
any representations made during the period mentioned in subsection (3).

(6) A draft order under [F54 section 5 or 7] which is laid before the National Assembly for 
Wales must be accompanied by a statement of the Welsh Ministers giving details of—
(a) any representations considered in accordance with subsection (5), and 
(b) any changes made to the proposals contained in the document laid before the 
National Assembly for Wales under subsection (2).

(7) Nothing in this section applies to an order under [F54 section 5 or 7] which is made only 
for the purpose of amending an earlier order under that section—
(a) so as to extend the earlier order, or any provision of the earlier order, to a 
particular authority or to authorities of a particular description, or 
(b) so that the earlier order, or any provision of the earlier order, ceases to apply 
to a particular authority or to authorities of a particular description.]
CHAPTER 1

PERMITTED FORMS OF GOVERNANCE

9B Permitted forms of governance for local authorities in England

(1) A local authority must operate—
   (a) executive arrangements,
   (b) a committee system, or
   (c) prescribed arrangements.

(2) Executive arrangements must conform with any provisions made by or under this Part which relate to such arrangements (see, in particular, Chapter 2).

(3) A committee system must conform with any provisions made by or under this Part which relate to such a system (see, in particular, Chapter 3).

(4) In this Part—
   “a committee system” means the arrangements made by a local authority, which does not operate executive arrangements or prescribed arrangements, for or in connection with the discharge of its functions in accordance with—
   (a) Part 6 of the Local Government Act 1972, and
   (b) this Part;
   “executive arrangements” means arrangements by a local authority—
   (a) for and in connection with the creation and operation of an executive of the authority, and
   (b) under which certain functions of the authority are the responsibility of the executive;
“prescribed arrangements” means such arrangements as may be prescribed in regulations made by the Secretary of State under section 9BA.

9BA  Power of Secretary of State to prescribe additional permitted governance arrangements

(1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision prescribing arrangements that local authorities may operate for and in connection with the discharge of their functions.

(2) In particular, the regulations—
   (a) must include provision about how, and by whom, the functions of a local authority are to be discharged, and
   (b) may include provision enabling functions to be delegated.

(3) Regulations under this section may, in particular, include provision which applies or reproduces (with or without modifications) any provisions of, or any provision made under, Chapters 2 to 4 of this Part.

(4) In considering whether or how to exercise the power in this section, the Secretary of State must have regard to any proposals made under subsection (5).

(5) A local authority may propose to the Secretary of State that the Secretary of State make regulations prescribing arrangements specified in the proposal if the authority considers that the conditions in subsection (6) are met.

(6) The conditions are—
   (a) that the operation by the authority of the proposed arrangements would be an improvement on the arrangements which the authority has in place for the discharge of its functions at the time that the proposal is made to the Secretary of State,
   (b) that the operation by the authority of the proposed arrangements would be likely to ensure that the decisions of the authority are taken in an efficient, transparent and accountable way, and
   (c) that the arrangements, if prescribed under this section, would be appropriate for all local authorities, or for any particular description of local authority, to consider.

(7) A proposal under subsection (5)—
   (a) must describe the provision which the authority considers should be made under subsection (2) in relation to the proposed arrangements, and
   (b) explain why the conditions in subsection (6) are met in relation to the proposed arrangements.
CHAPTER 2
EXECUTIVE ARRANGEMENTS

Local authority executives

9C Local authority executives

(1) The executive of a local authority must take a form specified in subsection (2) or (3).

(2) The executive may consist of—
   (a) an elected mayor of the authority, and
   (b) two or more councillors of the authority appointed to the executive by the elected mayor.

   Such an executive is referred to in this Part as a mayor and cabinet executive.

(3) The executive may consist of—
   (a) a councillor of the authority (referred to in this Part as the executive leader) elected as leader of the executive by the authority, and
   (b) two or more councillors of the authority appointed to the executive by the executive leader.

   Such an executive is referred to in this Part as a leader and cabinet executive (England).

(4) A local authority executive may not include the chairman or vice-chairman of the authority.

(5) The number of members of a local authority executive may not exceed 10 or such other number as may be specified in regulations made by the Secretary of State.

(6) Section 101 of the Local Government Act 1972 (arrangements for discharge of functions by local authorities) does not apply to the function of electing a leader under subsection (3)(a).
Executive functions

9D Functions which are the responsibility of an executive

(1) This section has effect for the purposes of determining which of the functions of a local authority that operates executive arrangements are the responsibility of an executive of the authority under those arrangements.

(2) Subject to any provision made by this Act or by any enactment which is passed or made after the day on which this Act is passed, any function of the local authority which is not specified in regulations under subsection (3) is to be the responsibility of an executive of the authority under executive arrangements.

(3) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision for any function of a local authority specified in the regulations—

(a) to be a function which is not to be the responsibility of an executive of the authority under executive arrangements,

(b) to be a function which may be the responsibility of such an executive under such arrangements, or

(c) to be a function which—

(i) to the extent provided by the regulations, is to be the responsibility of such an executive under such arrangements, and

(ii) to the extent provided by the regulations, is not to be the responsibility of such an executive under such arrangements.

(4) Executive arrangements must make provision for any function of a local authority falling within subsection (3)(b)—

(a) to be a function which is to be the responsibility of an executive of the authority,

(b) to be a function which is not to be the responsibility of such an executive, or

(c) to be a function which—

(i) to the extent provided by the arrangements, is to be the responsibility of such an executive, and

(ii) to the extent provided by the arrangements, is not to be the responsibility of such executive.

(5) The power under subsection (3)(c) or (4)(c) includes power in relation to any function of a local authority that operates executive arrangements—

(a) to designate any action in connection with the discharge of that function which is to be the responsibility of an executive of the local authority, and

(b) to designate any action in connection with the discharge of that function which is not to be the responsibility of such an executive.

(6) The Secretary of State may by regulations specify cases or circumstances in which any function of a local authority which, by virtue of the preceding provisions of this section, would otherwise be the responsibility of an executive of the authority to any extent is not to be the responsibility of such an executive to that or any particular extent.

(7) A function of a local authority may, by virtue of this section, be the responsibility of an executive of the authority to any extent notwithstanding that section 101 of the Local Government Act 1972, or any provision of that section, does not apply to that function.
(8) Any reference in this section to a function specified in regulations includes a reference to a function of a description specified in regulations.

(9) In this section—
“action” in relation to any function includes any action (of whatever nature and whether or not separately identified by any enactment) involving—
(a) the taking of any step in the course of, or otherwise for the purposes of or in connection with, the discharge of the function,
(b) the doing of anything incidental or conducive to the discharge of the function, or
(c) the doing of anything expedient in connection with the discharge of the function or any action falling within paragraph (a) or (b);
“function” means a function of any nature, whether conferred or otherwise arising before, on or after the passing of this Act.

9DA Functions of an executive: further provision

(1) Any reference in the following provisions of this Chapter to any functions which are, or are not, the responsibility of an executive of a local authority under executive arrangements is a reference to the functions of the authority to the extent to which they are or (as the case may be) are not, by virtue of section 9D, the responsibility of the executive under such arrangements.

(2) Any function which is the responsibility of an executive of a local authority under executive arrangements—
(a) is to be regarded as exercisable by the executive on behalf of the authority, and
(b) may be discharged only in accordance with any provisions made by or under this Part or section 236 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (exercise of functions by local councillors in England) which apply to the discharge of any such function by that form of executive.

(3) Accordingly, any function which is the responsibility of an executive of a local authority under executive arrangements—
(a) may not be discharged by the authority,
(b) is not to be a function to which section 101(1) of the Local Government Act 1972 applies, and
(c) may be the subject of arrangements made under section 101(5) of that Act only if permitted by any provision made under section 9EB.

(4) Subject to any provision made under subsection (5), any function of a local authority that operates executive arrangements which, under those arrangements, is not the responsibility of the executive of the local authority is to be discharged in any way which would be permitted or required apart from the provisions made by or under this Chapter.

(5) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision with respect to the discharge of any function of a local authority that operates executive arrangements which, under those arrangements, is not the responsibility of the executive of the local authority (including provision disapplying section 101 of the Local Government Act 1972 or any provision of that section).

(6) In this section “function” has the same meaning as in section 9D.
Discharge of functions

9E Discharge of functions: general

(1) Subject to any provision made under section 9EA or 9EB, any functions which, under executive arrangements, are the responsibility of—
   (a) a mayor and cabinet executive, or
   (b) a leader and cabinet executive (England),
are to be discharged in accordance with this section.

(2) The senior executive member—
   (a) may discharge any of those functions, or
   (b) may arrange for the discharge of any of those functions—
      (i) by the executive,
      (ii) by another member of the executive,
      (iii) by a committee of the executive,
      (iv) by an area committee, or
      (v) by an officer of the authority.

(3) Where by virtue of this section any functions may be discharged by a local authority executive, then, unless the senior executive member otherwise directs, the executive may arrange for the discharge of any of those functions—
   (a) by a committee of the executive,
   (b) by an area committee, or
   (c) by an officer of the authority.

(4) Where by virtue of this section any functions may be discharged by a member of a local authority executive, then, unless the senior executive member otherwise directs, the member who may discharge the functions may arrange for the discharge of any of those functions—
   (a) by an area committee, or
   (b) by an officer of the authority.

(5) Where by virtue of this section any functions may be discharged by a committee of a local authority executive, then, unless the senior executive member otherwise directs, the committee may arrange for the discharge of any of those functions—
   (a) by an area committee, or
   (b) by an officer of the authority.

(6) Where by virtue of this section any functions may be discharged by an area committee, then, unless the senior executive member otherwise directs, the committee may arrange for the discharge of any of those functions by an officer of the authority.

(7) Any arrangements made by virtue of this section by a senior executive member, executive, member or committee for the discharge of any functions by an executive, member, committee or officer are not to prevent the senior executive member, executive, member or committee by whom the arrangements are made from exercising those functions.

(8) In this section—
   “area committee”, in relation to a local authority, means a committee or sub-committee of the authority which satisfies the conditions in subsection (9);
“senior executive member” means—
(a) in the case of a mayor and cabinet executive, the elected mayor;
(b) in the case of a leader and cabinet executive (England), the executive leader.

(9) A committee or sub-committee of a local authority satisfies the conditions in this subsection if—
(a) the committee or sub-committee is established to discharge functions in respect of part of the area of the authority, and
(b) the members of the committee or sub-committee who are members of the authority are elected for electoral divisions or wards which fall wholly or partly within that part.

9EA Discharge of functions of and by another local authority

(1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision for or in connection with enabling an executive of a local authority, or a committee or specified member of such an executive, to arrange for the discharge of any functions which, under executive arrangements, are the responsibility of the executive—
(a) by a relevant authority (other than the local authority), or
(b) by a relevant executive (other than an executive of the local authority) or a committee or specified member of such an executive.

(2) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision for or in connection with enabling a relevant authority in England to arrange for the discharge of any of its functions by a relevant executive (other than an executive of the relevant authority) or a committee or specified member of such an executive.

(3) The reference in subsection (2) to the functions of a relevant authority in England, in a case where the authority is operating executive arrangements, is a reference to the functions which, under those arrangements, are not the responsibility of the authority’s executive.

(4) Regulations under subsection (1) or (2) may, in particular, include provision—
(a) requiring, in the case of arrangements for the discharge of any functions by a relevant executive or a committee or member of such an executive, the approval of the authority of which the executive is part to such arrangements;
(b) which, in the case of arrangements for the discharge of any functions by a relevant authority, enables any of those functions to be delegated;
(c) which, in the case of arrangements for the discharge of any functions by a relevant executive or a committee or member of such an executive, enables any of those functions to be delegated.

(5) The provision made under subsection (4)(b) may, in particular, apply or reproduce (with or without modifications) any provisions of section 101(2) to (4) of the Local Government Act 1972.

(6) The provision made under subsection (4)(c) may, in particular, apply or reproduce (with or without modifications) any provisions of section 9E.

(7) In this section—
“relevant authority” means a local authority within the meaning of section 101 of the Local Government Act 1972;
Joint exercise of functions

(1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision for or in connection with permitting arrangements under section 101(5) of the Local Government Act 1972 where any of the functions which are the subject of the arrangements are the responsibility of an executive of a local authority under executive arrangements.

(2) The provision which may be made under subsection (1) includes, in particular, provision—
   (a) as to the circumstances in which the executive, or a committee or specified member of the executive, is to be a party to the arrangements in place of the authority,
   (b) as to the circumstances in which—
      (i) the authority, and
      (ii) the executive or a committee or specified member of the executive, are both to be parties to the arrangements,
   (c) as to the circumstances in which any functions of the local authority under section 101(2) or 102(1)(b), (2) or (3) of the Local Government Act 1972, so far as they relate to any joint committee falling within section 101(5)(a) of that Act, are instead to be exercised by the executive or a committee or specified member of the executive,
   (d) as to the circumstances in which any functions of the local authority under section 101(2) or 102(1)(b), (2) or (3) of that Act, so far as they relate to any such joint committee, are to be exercised by the authority,
   (e) as to the circumstances in which appointments to any such joint committee by the executive, or a committee or specified member of the executive, need not be made in accordance with the political balance requirements,
   (f) as to the persons (including officers of the authority) who may be appointed to any such joint committee by the executive or a committee or specified member of the executive.

(3) In this section “specified” means specified in regulations under this section.

Overview and scrutiny committees

Overview and scrutiny committees: functions

(1) Executive arrangements by a local authority must include provision for the appointment by the authority of one or more committees of the authority (referred to in this Chapter as overview and scrutiny committees).

(2) Executive arrangements by a local authority must ensure that its overview and scrutiny committee has power (or its overview and scrutiny committees, and any joint overview and scrutiny committees, have power between them)—
   (a) to review or scrutinise decisions made, or other action taken, in connection with the discharge of any functions which are the responsibility of the executive,
(b) to make reports or recommendations to the authority or the executive with respect to the discharge of any functions which are the responsibility of the executive,

(c) to review or scrutinise decisions made, or other action taken, in connection with the discharge of any functions which are not the responsibility of the executive,

(d) to make reports or recommendations to the authority or the executive with respect to the discharge of any functions which are not the responsibility of the executive,

(e) to make reports or recommendations to the authority or the executive on matters which affect the authority's area or the inhabitants of that area,

(f) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(3) In subsection (2) “joint overview and scrutiny committee”, in relation to a local authority (“the authority concerned”), means—

(a) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(b) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(c) a joint overview and scrutiny committee within the meaning of section 123 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (joint overview and scrutiny committees) appointed by two or more local authorities including the authority concerned.

(4) The power of an overview and scrutiny committee under subsection (2)(a) to review or scrutinise a decision made but not implemented includes power—

(a) to recommend that the decision be reconsidered by the person who made it, or

(b) to arrange for its function under subsection (2)(a), so far as it relates to the decision, to be exercised by the authority.

(5) An overview and scrutiny committee of a local authority may not discharge any functions other than—

(a) its functions under this section and sections 9FA to 9FI,

(b) its functions under section 19 of the Police and Justice Act 2006 (local authority scrutiny of crime and disorder matters),

(c) any functions which may be conferred on it by virtue of regulations under section 244(2ZE) of the National Health Service Act 2006 (local authority scrutiny of health matters).}

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Textual Amendments

F56 S. 9F(2)(f) omitted (27.3.2012 for specified purposes, 1.4.2013 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of Health and Social Care Act 2012 (c. 7), ss. 190(10)(a), 306(1)(d)(4); S.I. 2013/160, art. 2(2) (with arts. 7-9)

F57 S. 9F(3)(a) omitted (27.3.2012 for specified purposes, 1.4.2013 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of Health and Social Care Act 2012 (c. 7), ss. 190(10)(b), 306(1)(d)(4); S.I. 2013/160, art. 2(2) (with arts. 7-9)

F58 S. 9F(3)(b) omitted (27.3.2012 for specified purposes, 1.4.2013 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of Health and Social Care Act 2012 (c. 7), ss. 190(10)(b), 306(1)(d)(4); S.I. 2013/160, art. 2(2) (with arts. 7-9)

F59 Word in s. 9F(5) omitted (27.3.2012 for specified purposes, 1.4.2013 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of Health and Social Care Act 2012 (c. 7), ss. 190(10)(c), 306(1)(d)(4); S.I. 2013/160, art. 2(2) (with arts. 7-9)
9FA **Overview and scrutiny committees: supplementary provision**

(1) An overview and scrutiny committee of a local authority—
   (a) may appoint one or more sub-committees, and
   (b) may arrange for the discharge of any of its functions by any such sub-committee.

(2) A sub-committee of an overview and scrutiny committee may not discharge any functions other than those conferred on it under subsection (1)(b).

(3) An overview and scrutiny committee of a local authority, or a sub-committee of such a committee, may not include any member of the authority's executive.

(4) An overview and scrutiny committee of a local authority, or any sub-committee of such a committee, may include persons who are not members of the authority.

(5) Subject to any provision made by or under paragraphs 6 to 8 of Schedule A1 and to section 20(6) of the Police and Justice Act 2006, any persons who are not members of the local authority are not entitled to vote at any meeting of its overview and scrutiny committee, or any sub-committee of such a committee, on any question which falls to be decided at that meeting, unless permitted to do so under paragraphs 11 and 12 of that Schedule.

(6) An overview and scrutiny committee of a local authority, or a sub-committee of such a committee, is to be treated—
   (a) as a committee or sub-committee of a principal council for the purposes of Part 5A of the Local Government Act 1972 (access to meetings and documents of certain authorities, committees and sub-committees), and
   (b) as a body to which section 15 of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989 (duty to allocate seats to political groups) applies.

(7) Subsections (2) and (5) of section 102 of the Local Government Act 1972 apply to an overview and scrutiny committee of a local authority, or a sub-committee of such a committee, as they apply to a committee appointed under that section.

(8) An overview and scrutiny committee of a local authority or a sub-committee of such a committee—
   (a) may require members of the executive, and officers of the authority, to attend before it to answer questions,
   (b) may require any other member of the authority to attend before it to answer questions relating to any function which is exercisable by the member by virtue of section 236 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (exercise of functions by local councillors in England), and
   (c) may invite other persons to attend meetings of the committee.
(9) It is the duty of any member or officer mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b) of subsection (8) to comply with any requirement mentioned in that paragraph.

(10) A person is not obliged by subsection (9) to answer any question which the person would be entitled to refuse to answer in or for the purposes of proceedings in a court in England and Wales.

(11) In exercising, or deciding whether to exercise, any of its functions an overview and scrutiny committee of a local authority, or a sub-committee of such a committee, must have regard to any guidance for the time being issued by the Secretary of State.

(12) Guidance under subsection (11) may make different provision for different cases or for different descriptions of committee or sub-committee.

9FB Scrutiny officers

(1) Subject as follows, a local authority must designate one of its officers to discharge the functions in subsection (2).

(2) Those functions are—
   (a) to promote the role of the authority's overview and scrutiny committee or committees,
   (b) to provide support to the authority's overview and scrutiny committee or committees and the members of that committee or those committees,
   (c) to provide support and guidance to—
      (i) members of the authority,
      (ii) members of the executive of the authority, and
      (iii) officers of the authority,
   in relation to the functions of the authority's overview and scrutiny committee or committees.

(3) An officer designated by a local authority under this section is to be known as the authority's “scrutiny officer”.

(4) A local authority may not designate any of the following under this section—
   (a) the head of the authority's paid service designated under section 4 of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989;
   (b) the authority's monitoring officer designated under section 5 of that Act;
   (c) the authority's chief finance officer, within the meaning of that section.

(5) The duty in subsection (1) does not apply to a district council for an area for which there is a county council.
(6) In this section, references to an overview and scrutiny committee include any sub-committee of that committee.

**9FC Reference of matters to overview and scrutiny committee etc**

(1) Executive arrangements by a local authority must include provision which—

(a) enables any member of an overview and scrutiny committee of the authority to refer to the committee any matter which is relevant to the functions of the committee,

(b) enables any member of a sub-committee of such a committee to refer to the sub-committee any matter which is relevant to the functions of the sub-committee, and

(c) enables any member of the authority to refer to an overview and scrutiny committee of the authority of which the member of the authority is not a member any matter which is relevant to the functions of the committee and is not an excluded matter.

(2) For the purposes of subsection (1), provision enables a person to refer a matter to a committee or sub-committee if it enables the person to ensure that the matter is included in the agenda for, and discussed at, a meeting of the committee or sub-committee.

(3) In considering whether to exercise the power which a member of an authority has by virtue of subsection (1)(c) in any case, the member must have regard to any guidance for the time being issued by the Secretary of State.

(4) Guidance under subsection (3) may make different provision for different cases.

(5) In subsection (1)(c) “excluded matter” means any matter which is—

(a) a local crime and disorder matter within the meaning of section 19 of the Police and Justice Act 2006 (local authority scrutiny of crime and disorder matters), or

(b) a matter of any description specified in an order made by the Secretary of State for the purposes of this section.

**9FD Dealing with references under section 9FC(1)(c)**

(1) This section applies where a matter is referred to an overview and scrutiny committee by a member of a local authority in accordance with provision made pursuant to section 9FC(1)(c).

(2) In considering whether or not to exercise any of its powers under section 9F(2) in relation to the matter, the committee may have regard to—

(a) any powers which the member may exercise in relation to the matter by virtue of section 236 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (exercise of functions by local councillors in England), and

(b) any representations made by the member as to why it would be appropriate for the committee to exercise any of its powers under section 9F(2) in relation to the matter.

(3) If the committee decides not to exercise any of those powers in relation to the matter, it must notify the member of—
(a) its decision, and
(b) the reasons for it.

(4) The committee must provide the member with a copy of any report or recommendations which it makes to the authority or the executive under section 9F(2) in relation to the matter.

(5) Subsection (4) is subject to section 9FG (confidential and exempt information).

9FE Duty of authority or executive to respond to overview and scrutiny committee

(1) This section applies where an overview and scrutiny committee of a local authority makes a report or recommendations to the authority or the executive, otherwise than—
(a) by virtue of subsection (1)(b) of section 19 of the Police and Justice Act 2006 (local authority scrutiny of crime and disorder matters), or
(b) by virtue of subsection (3)(a) of that section.

(2) The overview and scrutiny committee may publish the report or recommendations.

(3) The overview and scrutiny committee must by notice in writing require the authority or executive—
(a) to consider the report or recommendations,
(b) to respond to the overview and scrutiny committee indicating what (if any) action the authority, or the executive, proposes to take,
(c) if the overview and scrutiny committee has published the report or recommendations under subsection (2), to publish the response, and
(d) if the overview and scrutiny committee provided a copy of the report or recommendations to a member of the authority under section 9FD(4), to provide the member with a copy of the response.

(4) The notice served under subsection (3) must require the authority or executive to comply with it within two months beginning with the date on which the authority or executive received the report or recommendations or (if later) the notice.

(5) It is the duty of an authority or executive to which a notice is given under subsection (3) to comply with the requirements specified in the notice.

(6) Subsections (2) and (5) are subject to section 9FG and to any provision made under section 9GA(8) (confidential and exempt information).

(7) In this section—
(a) references to an overview and scrutiny committee include references to a sub-committee of such a committee;
(b) references to “the authority” or “the executive”, in relation to an overview and scrutiny committee, or a sub-committee of such a committee, are to the authority by which the overview and scrutiny committee is established or to the executive of that authority.

9FF Reports and recommendations of overview and scrutiny committees: duties of certain partner authorities

(1) This section applies where—
(a) a relevant committee makes a report or recommendations to the authority or
the executive, otherwise than—
   (i) by virtue of subsection (1)(b) of section 19 of the Police and Justice
       Act 2006 (local authority scrutiny of crime and disorder matters), or
   (ii) by virtue of subsection (3)(a) of that section, and
(b) the report or any of the recommendations relates to functions of a relevant
partner authority so far as exercisable in relation to—
   (i) the authority's area, or
   (ii) the inhabitants of that area.

(2) The relevant committee may by notice in writing to the relevant partner authority
require the relevant partner authority to have regard to the report or recommendation
in question in exercising its functions.

(3) A notice under subsection (2) must be accompanied by a copy of the report or
recommendations.

(4) It is the duty of a relevant partner authority to which a notice is given under
subsection (2) to comply with the requirement specified in the notice.

(5) Subsection (2) does not apply if—
   (a) the relevant partner authority is a health service body, and
   (b) either—
      (i) the relevant committee is a non-unitary district council committee, or
      (ii) by virtue of section 244 of the National Health Service Act 2006, the
report was, or the recommendations were, made to the health service
body (as well as to the authority or the executive).

(6) In subsection (5) “health service body” means—

   a clinical commissioning group,
   the National Health Service Commissioning Board,
   a National Health Service trust,
   an NHS foundation trust.

(7) Subsections (2) and (3) are subject to section 9FG (confidential and exempt
information).

(8) In this section—

   “the authority”, in relation to a relevant committee, means—
   (a) in the case of an overview and scrutiny committee, the local authority
       by which it is established, and
   (b) in the case of a sub-committee of an overview and scrutiny committee,
       the local authority by which the overview and scrutiny committee is
       established.

   “the executive”, in relation to a relevant committee, means the executive
of the authority,

   “non-unitary district council committee” means—
   (a) an overview and scrutiny committee of a district council for a district in
a county for which there is a county council, or
(b) a sub-committee of such a committee,

“relevant committee” means an overview and scrutiny committee or a sub-committee of such a committee,

“relevant partner authority”, in relation to a relevant committee other than a non-unitary district council committee, means any person who is a partner authority in relation to the authority for the purposes of Chapter 1 of Part 5 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007, other than a chief officer of police, and

“relevant partner authority”, in relation to a relevant committee that is a non-unitary district council committee, means—

(a) the county council for the county concerned, or
(b) any person (other than the district council concerned) who is a partner authority in relation to that county council for the purposes of Chapter 1 of Part 5 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007, other than a chief officer of police.

9FG  Publication etc of reports, recommendations and responses: confidential and exempt information

(1) This section applies to—

(a) the publication under section 9FE of any document comprising—

(i) a report or recommendations of an overview and scrutiny committee, or

(ii) a response of a local authority to any such report or recommendations, and

(b) the provision of a copy of such a document—

(i) to a member of a local authority under section 9FD(4) or section 9FE, or

(ii) to a relevant partner authority under section 9FF, by an overview and scrutiny committee or a local authority.

(2) The overview and scrutiny committee or the local authority, in publishing the document or providing a copy of the document to a relevant partner authority—

(a) must exclude any confidential information, and

(b) may exclude any relevant exempt information.

(3) The overview and scrutiny committee or the local authority, in providing a copy of the document to a member of the local authority, may exclude any confidential information or relevant exempt information.
(4) Where information is excluded under subsection (2) or (3), the overview and scrutiny committee or the local authority, in publishing, or providing a copy of, the document—
   (a) may replace so much of the document as discloses the information with a summary which does not disclose that information, and
   (b) must do so if, in consequence of excluding the information, the document published, or copy provided, would be misleading or not reasonably comprehensible.

(5) Subsection (6) applies if, by virtue of subsection (2), (3) or (4), an overview and scrutiny committee, in publishing or providing a copy of a report or recommendations—
   (a) excludes information, or
   (b) replaces part of the report or recommendations with a summary.

(6) The overview and scrutiny committee is nevertheless to be taken for the purposes of section 9FE(3)(c) or (d) to have published or provided a copy of the report or recommendations.

(7) In this section, references to relevant exempt information are references to—
   (a) in relation to a report or recommendations of an overview and scrutiny committee, exempt information of a description specified in a resolution of the overview and scrutiny committee under section 100A(4) of the Local Government Act 1972 which applied to the proceedings, or part of the proceedings, at any meeting of the overview and scrutiny committee at which the report was, or recommendations were, considered, and
   (b) in relation to a response of the authority, exempt information of a description specified in such a resolution of the authority which applied to the proceedings, or part of the proceedings, at any meeting of the authority at which the report or response was, or recommendations were, considered.

(8) In this section—
   “confidential information” has the meaning given by section 100A(3) of the Local Government Act 1972 (admission to meetings of principal councils),
   “exempt information” has the meaning given by section 100I of that Act and, in relation to—
   (a) any report or recommendations of an overview and scrutiny committee which has functions under section 9F(2)(f) (national health service functions), or
   (b) any response to such a report or recommendations,
   also includes information which is exempt information under section 246 of the National Health Service Act 2006, and
   “relevant partner authority”, in relation to an overview and scrutiny committee which is a relevant committee within the meaning of section 9FF, has the same meaning as in that section.

(9) In this section, references to an overview and scrutiny committee include references to a sub-committee of such a committee.
9FH  Overview and scrutiny committees: flood risk management

(1) This section applies to a local authority that operates executive arrangements and that is a lead local flood authority.

(2) The arrangements required under section 9F(2) include arrangements to review and scrutinise the exercise by risk management authorities of flood risk management functions or coastal erosion risk management functions which may affect the local authority’s area.

(3) A risk management authority must comply with a request made by an overview and scrutiny committee, in the course of arrangements under subsection (2), for—
   (a) information;
   (b) a response to a report.

(4) The Secretary of State may make regulations about the duty under subsection (3) which may, in particular, include provision—
   (a) about the procedure to be followed in relation to requests and compliance with them,
   (b) about notices to be served in relation to requests,
   (c) for exemptions from the duty,
   (d) requiring persons to attend to give information orally,
   (e) about the nature of the information and responses that may be requested, and
   (f) about the publication of requests, information and responses.

(5) A risk management authority must have regard to reports and recommendations of an overview and scrutiny committee made in the course of arrangements under subsection (2).

(6) Regulations under section 123 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 may make provision about the application of this section in relation to joint overview and scrutiny committees.

(7) Expressions used in this section have the same meaning as in Part 1 of the Flood and Water Management Act 2010.

9FI  Overview and scrutiny committees: provision of information etc by certain partner authorities

(1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision, in relation to a relevant committee—
   (a) as to information which relevant partner authorities must provide to the relevant committee, and
   (b) as to information which may not be disclosed by a relevant partner authority to the relevant committee.

(2) In subsection (1), references to information do not include information in respect of which provision may be made in exercise of the power conferred by—
   (a) section 20(5)(c) or (d) of the Police and Justice Act 2006 (guidance and regulations regarding crime and disorder matters), or
   (b) section 244(2)(d) or (e) of the National Health Service Act 2006 (functions of overview and scrutiny committees).
(3) For the purposes of subsection (1), “relevant committee” and “relevant partner authority” have the meanings given by section 9FF.

(4) Regulations under this section may make different provision in relation to different persons or committees or descriptions of person or committee.

(5) The power conferred by subsection (4) does not affect the power conferred by section 105(2)(b).

Further provision in relation to executives

9G Meetings and access to information etc

(1) Meetings of a local authority executive, or a committee of such an executive, are to be open to the public or held in private.

(2) Subject to regulations under section 9GA(4), it is for a local authority executive to decide which of its meetings, and which of the meetings of any committee of the executive, are to be open to the public and which of those meetings are to be held in private.

(3) A written record must be kept of prescribed decisions made at meetings of local authority executives, or committees of such executives, which are held in private.

(4) A written record must be kept of prescribed decisions made by individual members of local authority executives.

(5) Written records under subsection (3) or (4) must include reasons for the decisions to which they relate.

(6) In this section “prescribed” means prescribed by regulations made by the Secretary of State.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C36 S. 9G modified (E.) (4.4.2020) by virtue of The Local Authorities and Police and Crime Panels (Coronavirus) (Flexibility of Local Authority and Police and Crime Panel Meetings) (England and Wales) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/392), regs. 1, 14 (with reg. 2(4))

9GA Meetings and access to information etc: further provision and regulations

(1) Written records under section 9G(3) and (4), together with such reports, background papers or other documents as may be prescribed, must be made available to members of the public in accordance with regulations made by the Secretary of State.

(2) Regulations under subsection (1) may make provision for or in connection with preventing the whole or part of any record or document containing prescribed information from being made available to members of the public.

(3) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision—

(a) with respect to the access of the public to meetings of joint committees, or sub-committees of such committees, at which decisions are made in connection
with the discharge of functions which are the responsibility of executives (including provision enabling such meetings to be held in private),

(b) for or in connection with requiring written records to be kept of decisions made at meetings which by virtue of paragraph (a) are held in private,

(c) for or in connection with requiring written records falling within paragraph (b) to include reasons,

(d) for or in connection with requiring any such written records to be made available to members of the public,

(e) for or in connection with requiring documents connected with decisions to which any such written records relate to be made available to members of the public.

(4) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision—

(a) as to the circumstances in which meetings mentioned in section 9G(2), or particular proceedings at such meetings, must be open to the public,

(b) as to the circumstances in which meetings mentioned in section 9G(2), or particular proceedings at such meetings, must be held in private,

(c) with respect to the information which is to be included in written records kept by virtue of this section or section 9G,

(d) with respect to the reasons which are to be included in any such written records,

(e) with respect to the persons who are to produce, keep or make available any such written records,

(f) for or in connection with requiring any such written records to be made available to members of local authorities or to overview and scrutiny committees or sub-committees,

(g) for or in connection with requiring documents connected with decisions to which any such written records relate to be made available to members of local authorities or to overview and scrutiny committees or sub-committees,

(h) for or in connection with requiring information to be made available by electronic means,

(i) for or in connection with conferring rights on members of the public or members of local authorities, overview and scrutiny committees or sub-committees in relation to records or documents,

(j) for or in connection with the creation of offences in respect of any rights or requirements conferred or imposed by virtue of this section or section 9G.

(5) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision for or in connection with requiring prescribed information about prescribed decisions made in connection with the discharge of functions which are the responsibility of a local authority executive to be made available to members of the public or members of the authority.

(6) The provision which may be made under subsection (5) includes provision—

(a) requiring prescribed information to be made available in advance of the prescribed decisions mentioned in that subsection,

(b) as to the way or form in which prescribed information is to be made available.

(7) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision which, in relation to meetings of—

(a) local authority executives or committees of such executives, or
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(b) joint committees, or sub-committees of such committees, falling within subsection (3)(a),

applies or reproduces (with or without modifications) any provisions of Part 5A of the Local Government Act 1972.

(8) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision, in relation to—

(a) the publication by executives of local authorities under section 9FE of responses to reports or recommendations of overview and scrutiny committees and sub-committees of such committees, or

(b) the provision by such executives under that section of copies of such responses,

which applies or reproduces (with or without modifications) any provisions of section 9FG (confidential and exempt information).

(9) In this section—

“joint committee” means a joint committee falling within section 101(5)(a) of the Local Government Act 1972,

“prescribed” means prescribed by regulations made by the Secretary of State.

9GB Further provision

Schedule A1 (which makes further provision in relation to executive arrangements under this Part) has effect.

9GC Absence of requirement for political balance

Neither—

(a) a local authority executive, nor

(b) a committee of a local authority executive,

is to be regarded as a body to which section 15 of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989 (duty to allocate seats to political groups) applies.

Elected mayors etc

9H Elected mayors etc

(1) In this Part “elected mayor”, in relation to a local authority, means an individual elected as mayor of the authority by the local government electors for the authority’s area in accordance with the provisions made by or under this Part.

(2) An elected mayor is to be entitled to the style of “mayor”.

(3) A reference in any enactment (whenever passed or made) to—

(a) a member of a local authority, or

(b) a councillor of a local authority,

does not include a reference to an elected mayor of the authority.

(4) But subsection (3) is subject to—
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(a) regulations made by the Secretary of State under this paragraph which provide that an elected mayor is to be treated as a member or councillor of a local authority for the purposes of an enactment (whenever passed or made), and

(b) any other contrary intention that appears in any enactment (whenever passed or made).

(5) Section 2(2A) of, and paragraph 5C(1) of Schedule 2 to, the Local Government Act 1972 are not to be taken to indicate any contrary intention for the purposes of subsection (4)(b).

(6) Elections for the return of an elected mayor are to take place on the ordinary day of election in each of the relevant election years.

(7) The term of office of an elected mayor of a local authority is to be four years.

(8) This section is subject to regulations under section 9HB or 9HE.

9HA Election as elected mayor and councillor

(1) If the person who is returned at an election as the elected mayor of a local authority is also returned at an election held at the same time as a councillor of the authority, a vacancy arises in the office of councillor.

(2) If the person who is returned at an election (“the mayoral election”) as the elected mayor of a local authority—

(a) is a councillor of the authority, and

(b) was returned as such a councillor at an election held at an earlier time than the mayoral election,

a vacancy shall arise in the office of councillor.

(3) Subject to subsection (4), a person who is the elected mayor of a local authority may not be a candidate in an election for the return of a councillor or councillors of the authority.

(4) A person who is the elected mayor of a local authority may be a candidate in an election for the return of a councillor or councillors of the authority if the election is held at the same time as an election for the return of the elected mayor of the authority, but subsection (1) applies if the person is a candidate in both such elections and is returned both as the elected mayor and as a councillor.

9HB Time of elections etc

The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision—

(a) as to the dates on which and years in which elections for the return of elected mayors may or must take place,

(b) as to the intervals between elections for the return of elected mayors,

(c) as to the term of office of elected mayors, and

(d) as to the filling of vacancies in the office of elected mayor.

9HC Voting at elections of elected mayors

(1) Each person entitled to vote as an elector at an election for the return of an elected mayor is to have the following vote or votes—
(a) one vote (referred to in this Part as a first preference vote) which may be given for the voter's first preference from among the candidates to be the elected mayor, and

(b) if there are three or more candidates to be the elected mayor, one vote (referred to in this Part as a second preference vote) which may be given for the voter's second preference from among those candidates

(2) The elected mayor is to be returned under the simple majority system, unless there are three or more candidates.

(3) If there are three or more candidates to be the elected mayor, the elected mayor is to be returned under the supplementary vote system in accordance with Schedule 2.

9HD Entitlement to vote

(1) The persons entitled to vote as electors at an election for the return of an elected mayor are those who on the day of the poll—

(a) would be entitled to vote as electors at an election of councillors for an electoral area which is situated within the area of the local authority concerned, and

(b) are registered in the register of local government electors at an address within the authority's area.

(2) A person is not entitled as an elector to cast more than one first preference vote, or more than one second preference vote, at an election for the return of an elected mayor.

9HE Power to make provision about elections

(1) The Secretary of State \[^{F64}\] or the \[^{F65}\] Minister for the Cabinet Office\[^{F66}\] may by regulations make provision as to—

(a) the conduct of elections for the return of elected mayors, and

(b) the questioning of elections for the return of elected mayors and the consequences of irregularities.

(2) Regulations made under subsection (1)(a) may, in particular, include provision—

(a) about the registration of electors,

(b) for disregarding alterations in a register of electors,

(c) about the limitation of election expenses (and the creation of criminal offences in connection with the limitation of such expenses), and

(d) for the combination of polls at elections for the return of elected mayors and other elections.

(3) Regulations under this section may—

(a) apply or incorporate, with or without modifications or exceptions, any provision of, or made under, the Representation of the People Acts or any provision of any other enactment (whenever passed or made) relating to parliamentary elections or local government elections,

(b) modify any form contained in, or in regulations or rules made under, the Representation of the People Acts so far as may be necessary to enable it to be used both for the original purpose and in relation to elections for the return of elected mayors, and
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(c) so far as may be necessary in consequence of any provision made by or under this Part or any regulations under this section, amend any provision of any enactment (whenever passed or made) relating to the registration of parliamentary electors or local government electors.

(4) Before making any regulations under this section, the Secretary of State [F66 or the [F67 Minister for the Cabinet Office]] must consult the Electoral Commission.

(5) In addition, the power of the Secretary of State [F66 or the [F68 Minister for the Cabinet Office]] to make regulations under this section so far as relating to matters mentioned in subsection (2)(c) is exercisable only on, and in accordance with, a recommendation of the Electoral Commission, except where the Secretary of State considers that it is expedient to exercise that power in consequence of changes in the value of money.

(6) No return of an elected mayor at an election is to be questioned except by an election petition under the provisions of Part 3 of the Representation of the People Act 1983 as applied by or incorporated in regulations under this section.

Leader and cabinet executives (England)

9I Election and term of office of leader

Executive arrangements by a local authority which provide for a leader and cabinet executive (England)—

(a) must include provision with respect to the election of the executive leader, including provision for an election where there is a vacancy in the office of executive leader, and

(b) may include provision with respect to the term of office of the executive leader.

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9IA  Removal of leader

(1) Executive arrangements by a local authority which provide for a leader and cabinet executive (England) must include provision for the council to remove the executive leader by resolution.

(2) If a council passes a resolution to remove the executive leader, a new executive leader is to be elected—
   (a) at the meeting at which the leader is removed from office, or
   (b) at a subsequent meeting.

9IB  Leader to continue to hold office as councillor

(1) A person who is the executive leader of a leader and cabinet executive (England) remains a member of the council during the period that the person is the executive leader.

(2) Accordingly, any enactment which provides for the person's earlier retirement as a councillor does not apply.

(3) This section does not affect anything by which the executive leader may cease to be a councillor otherwise than by retirement (including disqualification or resignation).

9IC  No other means of removing leader

(1) This section applies to a local authority which operates a leader and cabinet executive (England).

(2) An executive leader may not be removed from office except in accordance with section 9IA or regulations under section 9ID.

9ID  Regulations

(1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision—
   (a) as to the election and removal from office of executive leaders of leader and cabinet executives (England),
   (b) as to the term of office of an executive leader of a leader and cabinet executive (England), and
   (c) as to the filling of vacancies in the office of executive leader of a leader and cabinet executive (England).

(2) Sections 9I to 9IC are subject to regulations under this section.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C39  S. 9IA applied (with modifications) (23.5.2019) by The Buckinghamshire (Structural Changes) Order 2019 (S.I. 2019/957), arts. 1, 6(5)
CHAPTER 3
THE COMMITTEE SYSTEM

9J Secretary of State's power to prohibit delegation of functions etc

(1) The Secretary of State may by regulations—
   (a) specify or describe any function of a committee system local authority that is to be a non-delegable function;
   (b) specify or describe cases or circumstances in which any specified or described function of a committee system local authority is to be a non-delegable function;
   (c) specify or describe any action in connection with the discharge of a function of a committee system local authority that is to be a non-delegable action;
   (d) specify or describe cases or circumstances in which any specified or described action in connection with the discharge of a function of a committee system local authority is to be a non-delegable action.

(2) If a function or action is non-delegable—
   (a) it must be carried out by the local authority, and
   (b) such provisions of section 101 of the Local Government Act 1972 as may be specified in regulations under this section do not apply to it.

(3) In this Part “committee system local authority” means a local authority that operates a committee system.

(4) For the purposes of this section, something is specified or described if it is specified or described in regulations made by the Secretary of State under this section.

(5) In this section—
   “action” in relation to any function includes any action (of whatever nature and whether or not separately identified by any enactment) involving—
   (a) the taking of any step in the course of, or otherwise for the purposes of or in connection with, the discharge of the function,
   (b) the doing of anything incidental or conducive to the discharge of the function, or
   (c) the doing of anything expedient in connection with the discharge of the function or any action within paragraph (a) or (b);
   “function” means a function of any nature, whether conferred or otherwise arising before, on or after this section comes into force.

9JA Overview and scrutiny committee

(1) A committee system local authority may by resolution appoint one or more committees as the authority's overview and scrutiny committee or, as the case may be, committees.

(2) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision about—
   (a) the functions, composition and procedure of a committee that has been appointed as an overview and scrutiny committee under this section, and
   (b) the appointment by committee system local authorities of joint committees and sub-committees as overview and scrutiny committees.
(3) Provision under subsection (2) may, in particular, include provision which applies or reproduces (with or without modifications) any provision of, or made under, sections 9F to 9FI or paragraphs 6 to 13 of Schedule A1.

9JB Overview and scrutiny: flood risk management

(1) A committee system local authority that is a lead local flood authority must review and scrutinise the exercise by risk management authorities of—
   (a) flood risk management functions, or
   (b) coastal erosion risk management functions,
   which may affect the local authority's area.

(2) A local authority may issue such reports and recommendations as it considers appropriate in the course of exercising the function in subsection (1).

(3) A risk management authority must comply with a request made by a local authority in the course of exercising the function in subsection (1) for—
   (a) information;
   (b) a response to a report.

(4) The Secretary of State may make regulations about the duty under subsection (3) which may, in particular, include provision—
   (a) about the procedure to be followed in relation to requests and compliance with them,
   (b) about notices to be served in relation to requests,
   (c) for exemptions from the duty,
   (d) requiring persons to attend to give information orally,
   (e) about the nature of the information and responses that may be requested, and
   (f) about the publication of requests, information and responses.

(5) A risk management authority must have regard to any reports or recommendations mentioned in subsection (2) that relate to it.

(6) Expressions used in this section have the same meaning as in Part 1 of the Flood and Water Management Act 2010.

CHAPTER 4

CHANGING GOVERNANCE ARRANGEMENTS

Changes to governance arrangements by local authorities: general provision

9K Changing from one form of governance to another

(1) A local authority may—
   (a) cease to operate its existing form of governance, and
   (b) start to operate a different form of governance.

(2) This section is subject to section 9NA (effect of order requiring, and giving effect to, referendum on change to mayor and cabinet executive).
9KA Executive arrangements: different form of executive

(1) A local authority which operates executive arrangements may—
   (a) vary the arrangements so that they provide for a different form of executive, and
   (b) if it makes such a variation, vary the arrangements in such other respects (if any) as it considers appropriate.

(2) This section is subject to section 9NA (effect of order requiring, and giving effect to, referendum on change to mayor and cabinet executive).

9KB Executive arrangements: other variation of arrangements

A local authority which operates executive arrangements may vary those arrangements so that they—
   (a) differ from the existing arrangements in any respect, but
   (b) still provide for the same form of executive.

9KC Resolution of local authority

(1) A resolution of a local authority is required in order for the authority to make a change in governance arrangements.

(2) As soon as practicable after passing such a resolution a local authority must—
   (a) secure that copies of a document setting out the provisions of the arrangements that are to have effect following the resolution are available at its principal office for inspection by members of the public, and
   (b) publish in one or more newspapers circulating in its area a notice which—
      (i) states that the authority has resolved to make a change in its governance arrangements,
      (ii) states the date on which the change is to have effect,
      (iii) describes the main features of the change,
      (iv) states that copies of a document setting out the provisions of the arrangements that are to have effect following the resolution are available at the authority's principal office for inspection by members of the public, and
      (v) specifies the address of the authority's principal office.

(3) Subsection (4) applies if a local authority passes a resolution in accordance with this section (“Resolution A”) which makes a change in governance arrangements of the kind set out in—
   (a) section 9K (change from one form of governance to another), or
   (b) section 9KA (change to a different form of executive).

(4) The local authority may not pass another resolution that makes a change in governance arrangements of a kind mentioned in subsection (3) (“Resolution B”) before the end of the period of 5 years beginning with the date Resolution A is passed, unless Resolution B is approved in a referendum held in accordance with this Chapter.

(5) This section does not apply to a change in governance arrangements effected by an order under section 9N (power by order to require, and give effect to, referendum on change to mayor and cabinet executive).
9L Implementation: change in form of governance or change in form of executive

(1) This section applies if a local authority passes a resolution which makes a change in governance arrangements of the kind set out in—
   (a) section 9K (change from one form of governance to another), or
   (b) section 9KA (change to a different form of executive).

(2) At a relevant change time, the local authority must—
   (a) cease operating the old form of governance or (as the case may be) old form of executive, and
   (b) start operating the form of governance or (as the case may be) form of executive which the change in governance arrangements provides for.

(3) Subject to subsection (2) and section 9MB(2), the local authority may take steps for the purposes of preparing for the change or implementing it (including steps relating to transitional arrangements).

(4) If the local authority is not currently operating a mayor and cabinet executive and the change does not provide for the local authority to operate a mayor and cabinet executive, a “relevant change time” for the purposes of subsection (2) is a time during—
   (a) the first annual meeting of the local authority to be held after the resolution to make the change in governance arrangements is passed, or
   (b) a later annual meeting of the local authority specified in that resolution.

(5) If the local authority is not currently operating a mayor and cabinet executive and the change provides for the local authority to operate a mayor and cabinet executive, a “relevant change time” for the purposes of subsection (2) is—
   (a) a time during the third day after the day of the declaration of the result of the poll at the first election of the mayor, or
   (b) if a person is returned as the mayor at that first election without a poll being taken, a time during the third day after the day on which a poll would have been taken.

(6) If the local authority is currently operating a mayor and cabinet executive and the change provides for the local authority to cease to operate a mayor and cabinet executive, a “relevant change time” for the purposes of subsection (2) is a time during the third day after the day on which the next ordinary election of a mayor was expected to be held when the resolution to make the change in governance arrangements was passed.
Referendums

9M  Cases in which change is subject to approval in a referendum in accordance with sections 9MA and 9MB

(1) A change in governance arrangements which a local authority proposes to make by resolution is subject to approval in a referendum in either of the following cases.

(2) The first case is where—
   (a) the proposed change in governance arrangements is of a kind set out in—
       (i) section 9K (change from one form of governance to another), or
       (ii) section 9KA (change to a different form of executive), and
   (b) the implementation of the local authority's existing form of governance or existing form of executive was approved in a referendum under this Chapter.

(3) The second case is where the local authority resolves that a proposed change in governance arrangements is to be subject to approval in a referendum.

9MA  Referendum: proposals by local authority

(1) This section applies to a local authority which wishes to make a change in governance arrangements that is subject to approval in a referendum under section 9M.

(2) The local authority must draw up proposals for the change.

(3) The proposals must include—
   (a) a timetable with respect to the implementation of the proposals,
   (b) details of any transitional arrangements which are necessary for the implementation of the proposals, and
   (c) a statement that the change in governance arrangements is to be subject to approval in a referendum.

(4) Subsections (5) and (6) apply where the proposed change in governance arrangements is of the kind set out in—
   (a) section 9K (change from one form of governance to another), or
   (b) section 9KA (change to a different form of executive).

(5) If the proposed change in governance arrangements would result in the local authority having executive arrangements, the proposals must state the extent to which the functions specified in regulations under section 9D(3)(b) are to be the responsibility of the executive which will be operated if the proposals are implemented.

(6) The proposals (particularly any provision about timetables and transitional matters included in accordance with subsection (3)) must be such as to ensure that the proposed change can take effect (so far as required to) in accordance with section 9L(2).

(7) After drawing up the proposals, the local authority must—
   (a) secure that copies of a document setting out the proposals are available at its principal office for inspection by members of the public at all reasonable times, and
   (b) publish in one or more newspapers circulating in its area a notice which—
       (i) states that the authority has drawn up the proposals,
       (ii) describes the main features of the proposals,
(iii) states that copies of a document setting out the proposals are available at the authority's principal office for inspection by members of the public at such times as may be specified in the notice, and
(iv) specifies the address of the authority's principal office.

9MB Requirement to hold and give effect to referendum

(1) This section applies to a local authority which wishes to make a change in governance arrangements that is subject to approval in a referendum under section 9M.

(2) The local authority must, after complying with section 9MA(7), hold a referendum on its proposals before taking any steps to implement them.

(3) The local authority may not pass a resolution which makes the proposed change unless the result of the referendum is to approve the proposals.

(4) Any such resolution must be passed within the period of 28 days beginning with the day when the referendum is held.

(5) Any such resolution must be passed at a meeting which is specially convened for the purpose of deciding the resolution with notice of the object.

9MC Referendum following petition

(1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision for or in connection with requiring a local authority which receives a petition which complies with the provisions of the regulations to hold a referendum, in such circumstances as may be prescribed in the regulations, on whether the authority should have a relevant type of governance arrangement.

(2) Regulations under subsection (1) may, in particular, include provision—

(a) as to the form and content of petitions (including provision for petitions in electronic form),

(b) as to the minimum number of local government electors for a local authority's area who must support any petition presented to the authority during any period specified in the regulations,

(c) for or in connection with requiring an officer of a local authority to publish the number of local government electors for the authority's area who must support any petition presented to the authority,

(d) as to the way in which local government electors for a local authority's area are to support a petition (including provision enabling local government electors to support petitions by telephone or by electronic means),

(e) as to the action which may, may not or must be taken by a local authority in connection with any petition,

(f) as to the manner in which a petition is to be presented to a local authority,

(g) as to the verification of any petition,

(h) as to the date on which, or the time by which, a referendum must be held,

(i) as to the action which may, may not or must be taken by a local authority before or in connection with a referendum,

(j) as to the action which may, may not or must be taken by a local authority after a referendum, and
(k) for or in connection with enabling the Secretary of State, in the event of any failure by a local authority to take any action permitted or required by virtue of the regulations, to take that action.

(3) Provision made by virtue of subsection (2) may, in particular, apply or reproduce (with or without modifications) any provisions of, or made under, this Chapter.

(4) The number of local government electors mentioned in subsection (2)(b) is to be calculated at such times as may be provided by regulations under this section and (unless such regulations otherwise provide) is to be 5 per cent of the number of local government electors at each of those times.

(5) This section is subject to section 9NA (effect of order requiring, and giving effect to, referendum on change to mayor and cabinet executive).

9MD Referendum following direction

(1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision for or in connection with enabling the Secretary of State, in such circumstances as may be prescribed in the regulations, to direct a local authority to hold a referendum on whether it should have a relevant type of governance arrangements specified in the direction.

(2) Regulations under this section may, in particular, include provision—

(a) as to the date on which, or the time by which, a referendum must be held,

(b) as to the action which may, may not or must be taken by a local authority before or in connection with a referendum,

(c) as to the action which may, may not or must be taken by a local authority after a referendum, and

(d) for or in connection with enabling the Secretary of State, in the event of any failure by a local authority to take any action permitted or required by virtue of the regulations, to take that action.

(3) Provision made by virtue of subsection (2) may, in particular, apply or reproduce (with or without modifications) any provisions of, or made under, this Chapter.

(4) This section is subject to section 9NA (effect of order requiring, and giving effect to, referendum on change to mayor and cabinet executive).

9ME Referendum following order

(1) The Secretary of State may by order make provision requiring every local authority, or every local authority falling within a description of authority specified in the order, to hold a referendum on whether they should have a relevant type of governance arrangements specified in the order.

(2) An order under this section may, in particular, include provision—

(a) as to the date on which, or the time by which, a referendum must be held,

(b) as to the action which may, may not or must be taken by a local authority before or in connection with a referendum,

(c) as to the action which may, may not or must be taken by a local authority after a referendum, and
(d) for or in connection with enabling the Secretary of State, in the event of any failure by a local authority to take any action permitted or required by virtue of the order, to take that action.

(3) Provision made by virtue of subsection (2) may, in particular, apply or reproduce (with or without modifications) any provisions of, or made under, this Chapter.

(4) This section is subject to section 9NA (effect of order requiring, and giving effect to, referendum on change to mayor and cabinet executive).

9MF Further provision with respect to referendums

(1) If a local authority holds a referendum under this Chapter (“Referendum A”) it may not hold, or be required to hold, another referendum under this Chapter (“Referendum B”) within the period of ten years beginning with the date of Referendum A, unless subsection (2) or (3) applies.

(2) This subsection applies if—
(a) Referendum A was held by the authority by virtue of an order under section 9N (power by order to require, and give effect to, referendum on change to mayor and cabinet executive), and
(b) the proposal for the authority to operate a mayor and cabinet executive was rejected in Referendum A.

(3) This subsection applies if Referendum B is required to be held by virtue of an order made under section 9N.

(4) If the result of a referendum held by virtue of regulations, an order or a direction made under any provision of this Chapter is to approve the proposals to which the referendum relates, the local authority concerned must implement those proposals.

(5) If the result of a referendum held by virtue of regulations, an order or a direction made under any provision of this Chapter is to reject the proposals to which the referendum relates, the local authority concerned may not implement those proposals.

(6) Subsections (4) and (5) do not apply to a referendum held by virtue of section 9N (but see section 9N(2)(c)).

9MG Voting in and conduct of referendums

(1) The persons entitled to vote in a referendum held by a local authority under this Chapter are those who on the day of the referendum—
(a) would be entitled to vote as electors at an election of councillors for an electoral area which is situated within the authority's area, and
(b) are registered in the register of local government electors at an address within the authority's area.

(2) The Secretary of State or the Minister for the Cabinet Office may by regulations make provision as to the conduct of referendums under this Chapter.

(3) The Secretary of State or the Minister for the Cabinet Office may by regulations make provision for the combination of polls at referendums under this Chapter with polls at any elections.
(4) Regulations under subsection (2) or (3) may apply or incorporate, with or without modifications or exceptions, any provision of any enactment (whenever passed or made) relating to elections or referendums.

(5) Regulations under subsection (2) may, in particular, include provision—
   (a) as to the question to be asked in a referendum,
   (b) as to the publicity to be given in connection with a referendum (including the publicity to be given with respect to the consequences of the referendum),
   (c) about the limitation of expenditure in connection with a referendum (and the creation of criminal offences in connection with the limitation of such expenditure),
   (d) as to the conduct of the authority, members of the authority and officers of the authority in relation to a referendum,
   (e) as to when, where and how voting in a referendum is to take place,
   (f) as to how the votes cast in a referendum are to be counted, and
   (g) for disregarding alterations in a register of electors.

(6) Before making any regulations under this section that include provision as to the question to be asked in a referendum, the Secretary of State or the Minister for the Cabinet Office must consult the Electoral Commission.

Textual Amendments

F69 Words in s. 9MG(2)(3) inserted (6.11.2013) by The Transfer of Functions (Elections and Referendums) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/2597), art. 1(2), Sch. para. 7(2)(b) (with art. 3)
F70 Words in s. 9MG(2) substituted (9.11.2016) by The Transfer of Functions (Elections, Referendums, Third Sector and Information) Order 2016 (S.I. 2016/997), art. 1(2), Sch. 2 para. 13(b) (with art. 12)
F71 Words in s. 9MG(3) substituted (9.11.2016) by The Transfer of Functions (Elections, Referendums, Third Sector and Information) Order 2016 (S.I. 2016/997), art. 1(2), Sch. 2 para. 13(b) (with art. 12)
F72 Words in s. 9MG(6) inserted (6.11.2013) by The Transfer of Functions (Elections and Referendums) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/2597), art. 1(2), Sch. para. 7(2)(b) (with art. 3)
F73 Words in s. 9MG(6) substituted (9.11.2016) by The Transfer of Functions (Elections, Referendums, Third Sector and Information) Order 2016 (S.I. 2016/997), art. 1(2), Sch. 2 para. 13(b) (with art. 12)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C41 S. 9MG functions made exercisable concurrently (6.11.2013) by The Transfer of Functions (Elections and Referendums) Order 2013 (S.I. 2013/2597), arts. 1(2), 2(e) (with art. 3)

Further provisions as to mayor and cabinet executive

9N Requiring referendum on change to mayor and cabinet executive

(1) The Secretary of State may by order require a specified local authority to hold a referendum on whether the authority should operate a mayor and cabinet executive.

(2) An order under this section may include provision—
   (a) as to the date on which, or the time by which, a referendum must be held,
   (b) as to the action which may, may not or must be taken by a local authority before or in connection with a referendum,
(c) as to the effect of a referendum and the action which may, may not or must be taken by a local authority after a referendum,

(d) for or in connection with enabling the Secretary of State, in the event of any failure by a local authority to take any action permitted or required by virtue of the order, to take that action.

(3) Provision made by virtue of subsection (2) may, in particular, apply or reproduce (with or without modifications) any provisions of, or made under, this Chapter.

(4) In this section “specified” means specified in an order made by the Secretary of State under this section.

Textual Amendments

F74 S. 9NA omitted (28.1.2016 for specified purposes, 28.3.2016 in so far as not already in force) by virtue of Cities and Local Government Devolution Act 2016 (c. 1), ss. 20, 25(2)

9NB Variation of mayoral executive

(1) This section applies to a change in governance arrangements of the kind set out in section 9KB (variation of executive arrangements) if the local authority is operating a mayor and cabinet executive.

(2) The local authority may not resolve to make a change in governance arrangements unless the elected mayor has given written consent to the proposed change.

Miscellaneous

9O General

(1) A local authority may not—

(a) cease to operate a form of governance, or

(b) vary executive arrangements, other than in accordance with this Chapter.

(2) In making a change in governance arrangements, the local authority must comply with any directions given by the Secretary of State in connection with the making of such a change.

9OA Interpretation

(1) This section applies for the purposes of this Chapter.

(2) References to a change in governance arrangements are references to any change of a kind set out in sections 9K to 9KB.

(3) References to a relevant type of governance arrangement are references to—

(a) a leader and cabinet executive (England);
(b) a mayor and cabinet executive;
(c) a committee system;
(d) any prescribed arrangements.

(4) References to a form of governance are references to—
(a) executive arrangements;
(b) a committee system;
(c) any prescribed arrangements.

CHAPTER 5

SUPPLEMENTARY

Local authority constitution

9P Local authority constitution

(1) A local authority must prepare and keep up to date a document (referred to in this section as its constitution) which contains—
   (a) a copy of the authority's standing orders for the time being,
   (b) a copy of the authority's code of conduct (if any) for the time being under section 28 of the Localism Act 2011,
   (c) such information as the Secretary of State may direct, and
   (d) such other information (if any) as the authority considers appropriate.

(2) In the case of a committee system local authority, the authority's constitution must also contain a statement as to whether the authority has resolved to have an overview and scrutiny committee under section 9JA.

(3) A local authority must ensure that copies of its constitution are available at its principal office for inspection by members of the public at all reasonable hours.

(4) A local authority must supply a copy of its constitution to any person who requests a copy and who pays to the authority such reasonable fee as the authority may determine.

Guidance

9Q Guidance

(1) A local authority must have regard to any guidance for the time being issued by the Secretary of State for the purposes of this Part.

(2) Guidance under this section may make different provision for different cases or descriptions of local authority.

Interpretation

9R Interpretation of Part 1A

(1) In this Part, unless the context otherwise requires—
“committee system” has the meaning given by section 9B,
“committee system local authority” has the meaning given by section 9J(3),
“elected mayor” has the meaning given by section 9H,
“electoral area” has the meaning given by section 203(1) of the
Representation of the People Act 1983,
“enactment” includes an enactment contained in a local Act or comprised
in subordinate legislation (within the meaning of the Interpretation Act 1978),
“executive”, in relation to a local authority, is to be construed in accordance
with section 9C,
“executive arrangements” has the meaning given by section 9B,
“executive leader” has the meaning given by section 9C(3)(a),
“first preference vote” has the meaning given by section 9HC,
“leader and cabinet executive (England)” has the meaning given by
section 9C(3),
“local authority” means a county council in England, a district council or
a London borough council,
“local government elector” has the meaning given by section 270(1) of the
Local Government Act 1972,
“mayor and cabinet executive” has the meaning given by section 9C(2),
“ordinary day of election”, in relation to a local authority, means the day
of ordinary elections of councillors of the authority,
“the political balance requirements” means the provisions made by or under
sections 15 to 17 of, and Schedule 1 to, the Local Government and Housing
Act 1989,
“prescribed arrangements” has the meaning give by section 9B, and
“second preference vote” has the meaning given by section 9HC.

(2) In this Part “relevant election years”, in relation to a local authority, means the years
specified in the second column of the following table in relation to that type of
authority.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of local authority</th>
<th>Relevant election years</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Metropolitan district</td>
<td>2014 and every fourth year afterwards</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>County</td>
<td>2013 and every fourth year afterwards</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>London borough</td>
<td>2014 and every fourth year afterwards</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-metropolitan district</td>
<td>2011 and every fourth year afterwards</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(3) Any reference in this Part to the chairman of a local authority—
(a) is a reference to that person whether or not the person is entitled to another
style, and
(b) in the case of a London borough, is a reference to the person who (disregarding
paragraphs 5B to 5I of Schedule 2 to the Local Government Act 1972) is
referred to in Part 1 of that Schedule as the mayor of the borough.

(4) Any reference in this Part to the vice-chairman of a local authority—
(a) is a reference to that person whether or not the person is entitled to another
style, and
Executive arrangements

10 Executive arrangements.

(1) In this Part “executive arrangements” means arrangements by a local authority \[F76 in Wales \]—

(a) for and in connection with the creation and operation of an executive of the authority, and

(b) in the case of a London borough, is a reference to the person who (disregarding paragraphs 5B to 5I of Schedule 2 to the Local Government Act 1972) is referred to in Part 1 of that Schedule as the deputy mayor.

(5) Any reference in this Part to the discharge of any functions includes a reference to the doing of anything which is calculated to facilitate, or is conducive or incidental to, the discharge of those functions.

(6) Section 101 of the Local Government Act 1972 does not apply to the function of the passing of a resolution under any provision made by or under this Part.

(7) Any functions conferred on a local authority by virtue of this Part are not to be the responsibility of an executive of the authority under executive arrangements.

(8) Any directions given by the Secretary of State under any provision of this Part—

(a) may be varied or revoked by subsequent directions given by the Secretary of State under that provision, and

(b) may make different provision for different cases, different local authorities or different descriptions of local authority.\]
(b) under which certain functions of the authority are the responsibility of the executive.

(2) Executive arrangements by a local authority in Wales must conform with any provisions made by or under this Part which relate to such arrangements.

**Textual Amendments**

- **F76** Words in s. 10 inserted (15.1.2012 for specified purposes, 4.5.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 10; S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)

**Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

- **C48** S. 10 applied (with modifications) (22.11.2012) by The Police and Crime Panels (Application of Local Authority Enactments) Regulations 2012 (S.I. 2012/2734), regs. 1(1), 3-6, Sch. Pt. 3

**Commencement Information**

- **I9** S. 10 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; s. 10 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; s. 10 in force at 7.8.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2187, arts. 1(3), 2(a); s. 10 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

**Local authority executives**

11 Local authority executives.

(1) The executive of a local authority must take a form specified in subsections (2) to (5) that is applicable to the authority.

(2) The executive may consist of—

(a) an elected mayor of the authority, and
(b) two or more councillors of the authority appointed to the executive by the elected mayor.

Such an executive is referred to in this Part as a mayor and cabinet executive.

(2A) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(3) The executive may consist of—

(a) a councillor of the authority (referred to in this Part as the executive leader) elected as leader of the executive by the authority, and
(b) two or more councillors of the authority appointed to the executive by one of the following—

(i) the executive leader, or
(ii) the authority.

Such an executive is referred to in this Part as a leader and cabinet executive (Wales).

(4) In the case of any local authority in Wales, the executive may consist of—

(a) an elected mayor of the authority, and
(b) an officer of the authority (referred to in this Part as the council manager) appointed to the executive by the authority.
Such an executive is referred to in this Part as a mayor and council manager executive.

(5) The executive may take any such form as may be prescribed in regulations made by the Welsh Ministers.

(6) Regulations under subsection (5) may, in particular, provide for—

(a) a form of executive some or all of the members of which are elected by the local government electors for the authority’s area to a specified post in the executive associated with the discharge of particular functions,

(b) a form of executive some or all of the members of which are elected by those electors but not to any such post,

(c) the system of voting that will be used for elections under paragraph (a) or (b).

(7) A local authority executive may not include the chairman or vice-chairman of the authority.

(8) The number of members of a mayor and cabinet executive or a leader and cabinet executive may not exceed 10.

(8A) For the purposes of subsection (8), no account is to be taken of a member appointed to the executive on a temporary basis to cover the absence of a member exercising a right to a family absence under Part 2 of the Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011.

(9) The Welsh Ministers may by regulations specify a different maximum number of members of an executive to which subsection (8) applies, but the power under this subsection may not be exercised so as to provide for a maximum number which exceeds 10.

(9A) ................................................

(10) Section 101 of the Local Government Act 1972 (arrangements for discharge of functions by local authorities) does not apply to the function of electing a leader under subsection (3)(a) or appointing councillors or an officer to the executive under subsection (3)(b)(ii) or (4)(b).

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**Textual Amendments**

**F77** S. 11(1) substituted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 62(2), 245(2)

**F78** Words in s. 11(2) substituted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 62(3), 245(2)

**F79** Word in s. 11(2) substituted (15.1.2012 for specified purposes, 4.5.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 11(2); S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)

**F80** S. 11(2A) repealed (15.1.2012 for specified purposes, 4.5.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 11(3), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

**F81** Words in s. 11(3) substituted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 62(5)(a), 245(2)

**F82** Word in s. 11(3) substituted (15.1.2012 for specified purposes, 4.5.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 11(4); S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)

**F83** Words in s. 11(3) substituted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 62(5)(b), 245(2)
Status: This version of this Act contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to Local Government Act 2000. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

F84 S. 11(4) repealed (10.7.2011) by Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 (nawm 4), ss. 34(2)(a), 178(2), Sch. 4 Pt. B

F85 Words in s. 11(4) substituted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 62(6), 245(2)

F86 Words in s. 11(5) substituted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 62(7), 245(2)

F87 Words in s. 11(5) substituted (15.1.2012 for specified purposes, 4.5.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), Sch. 3 para. 11(5)(a); S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)

F88 Words in s. 11(5) substituted (15.1.2012 for specified purposes, 4.5.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), Sch. 3 para. 11(5)(b); S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)

F89 Words in s. 11(8) inserted (15.1.2012 for specified purposes, 4.5.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), Sch. 3 para. 11(6); S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)

F90 S. 11(8A) inserted (30.4.2012) by Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 (nawm 4), ss. 32(2), 178(3); S.I. 2012/1187, art. 2(1)(c)

F91 Words in s. 11(9) substituted (15.1.2012 for specified purposes, 4.5.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), Sch. 3 para. 11(7)(a); S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)

F92 Words in s. 11(9) substituted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 62(8)(a), 245(2)

F93 Words in s. 11(9) substituted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 62(8)(b), 245(2)

F94 Words in s. 11(9) repealed (15.1.2012 for specified purposes, 4.5.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), Sch. 3 para. 11(7)(b), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

F95 S. 11(9A) repealed (15.1.2012 for specified purposes, 4.5.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), Sch. 3 para. 11(8), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

F96 Words in s. 11(10) substituted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 62(10), 245(2)

F97 Words in s. 11(10) repealed (15.1.2012 for specified purposes, 4.5.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), Sch. 3 para. 11(9), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

F98 Words in s. 11(10) repealed (10.7.2011) by Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 (nawm 4), ss. 34(2)(b)(i), 178(2), Sch. 4 Pt. B

F99 Words in s. 11(10) repealed (10.7.2011) by Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 (nawm 4), ss. 34(2)(b)(ii), 178(2), Sch. 4 Pt. B

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C49 S. 11 applied (with modifications) (28.3.2008) by The Bedfordshire (Structural Changes) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/907), arts. 1, 16(2)

Commencement Information

110 S. 11 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; s. 11 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; s. 11 in force at 7.8.2000 in so far as it confers power to make an order or regulations, gives directions, or issue guidance in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2187, arts. 1(3), 2(b); s. 11 in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England only except in so far as already in force by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(b); s. 11(5) (6)(9) in force at 1.11.2000 in relation to Wales by S.I. 2000/2948, art. 2; s. 11 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)
Additional forms of executive.

(1) In deciding whether to make regulations under section 11(5) prescribing a particular form of executive, or which provision to make under section 17 in relation to that form of executive, the Welsh Ministers must have regard to—

(a) any proposals made to them under subsection (2),
(b) the extent to which they consider that the operation by a local authority of executive arrangements involving that form of executive would be likely to ensure that decisions of the authority are taken in an efficient, transparent and accountable way,
(c) the extent to which that form of executive differs from the forms of executive for the time being permitted by or under section 11,
(d) the number and description of authorities for which they consider that form of executive, if prescribed in regulations made under section 11(5), would be an appropriate form of executive to consider.

(2) For the purposes of subsection (1), a local authority may propose to the Welsh Ministers a form of executive in relation to which the authority consider that the conditions mentioned in subsection (3) are satisfied.

(3) Those conditions are—

(a) that the operation by the authority of executive arrangements involving that form of executive would be an improvement on the arrangements which the authority have in place for the discharge of their functions at the time that the proposal is made to the Welsh Ministers,
(b) that the operation by the authority of executive arrangements involving that form of executive would be likely to ensure that decisions of the authority are taken in an efficient, transparent and accountable way, and
(c) that that form of executive, if prescribed in regulations made under section 11(5), would be an appropriate form of executive for all local authorities, or for any particular description of local authority, to consider.

(4) A proposal under subsection (2)—

(a) must describe the form of executive to which it relates,
(b) must describe the provision which the authority consider should be made under section 17 in relation to that form of executive, and
(c) must explain why the authority consider that the conditions mentioned in subsection (3) are satisfied in relation to that form of executive.
Executive functions

13 Functions which are the responsibility of an executive.

(1) This section has effect for the purposes of determining the functions of a local authority which are the responsibility of an executive of the authority under executive arrangements.

(2) Subject to any provision made by this Act or by any enactment which is passed or made after the day on which this Act is passed, any function of a local authority which is not specified in regulations under subsection (3) is to be the responsibility of an executive of the authority under executive arrangements.

(3) The Welsh Ministers may by regulations make provision for any function of a local authority specified in the regulations—
   (a) to be a function which is not to be the responsibility of an executive of the authority under executive arrangements,
   (b) to be a function which may be the responsibility of such an executive under such arrangements, or
   (c) to be a function which—
      (i) to the extent provided by the regulations is to be the responsibility of such an executive under such arrangements, and
      (ii) to the extent provided by the regulations is not to be the responsibility of such an executive under such arrangements.

(4) Executive arrangements must make provision for any function of a local authority falling within subsection (3)(b)—
   (a) to be a function which is to be the responsibility of an executive of the authority,
   (b) to be a function which is not to be the responsibility of such an executive, or
   (c) to be a function which—
      (i) to the extent provided by the arrangements is to be the responsibility of such an executive, and
      (ii) to the extent provided by the arrangements is not to be the responsibility of such an executive.

(5) The power under subsection (3)(c) or (4)(c) includes power in relation to any function of a local authority—
(a) to designate any action in connection with the discharge of that function which is to be the responsibility of an executive of a local authority, and

(b) to designate any action in connection with the discharge of that function which is not to be the responsibility of such an executive.

(6) The [Welsh Ministers] may by regulations specify cases or circumstances in which any function of a local authority which, by virtue of the preceding provisions of this section, would otherwise be the responsibility of an executive of the authority to any extent is not to be the responsibility of such an executive to that or any particular extent.

(7) A function of a local authority may, by virtue of this section, be the responsibility of an executive of the authority to any extent notwithstanding that section 101 of the Local Government Act 1972, or any provision of that section, does not apply to that function.

(8) Any reference in the following provisions of this Part to any functions which are, or are not, the responsibility of an executive of a local authority under executive arrangements is a reference to the functions of the authority to the extent to which they are or (as the case may be) are not, by virtue of this section, the responsibility of the executive under such arrangements.

(9) Any function which is the responsibility of an executive of a local authority under executive arrangements—

(a) is to be regarded as exercisable by the executive on behalf of the authority, and

(b) may be discharged only in accordance with any provisions made by or under this Part or under section 56 of the Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 which apply to the discharge of any such function by that form of executive.

(10) Accordingly any function which is the responsibility of an executive of a local authority under executive arrangements—

(a) may not be discharged by the authority,

(b) is not to be a function to which section 101(1) of the Local Government Act 1972 applies, and

(c) may be the subject of arrangements made under section 101(5) of that Act only if permitted by any provision made under section 20.

(11) Subject to any provision made under subsection (12), any function which, under executive arrangements, is not the responsibility of an executive of a local authority is to be discharged in any way which would be permitted or required apart from the provisions made by or under this Part.

(12) The Welsh Ministers may by regulations make provision with respect to the discharge of any function which, under executive arrangements, is not the responsibility of an executive of a local authority (including provision disapplying section 101 of the Local Government Act 1972 or any provision of that section).

(13) Any reference in this section to a function specified in regulations includes a reference to a function of a description specified in regulations.

(14) In this section—

“action” in relation to any function includes any action (of whatever nature and whether or not separately identified by any enactment) involving—

(a) the taking of any step in the course of, or otherwise for the purposes of or in connection with, the discharge of the function,
(b) the doing of anything incidental or conducive to the discharge of the function, or
(c) the doing of anything expedient in connection with the discharge of the function or any action falling within paragraph (a) or (b),

“function” means a function of any nature, whether conferred or otherwise arising before, on or after the passing of this Act.

Textual Amendments

F106 Words in s. 13(3) substituted (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 13(2); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)
F107 Words in s. 13(6) substituted (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 13(3); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)
F108 Words in s. 13(9)(b) repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 13(4), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)
F109 Words in s. 13(9)(b) inserted (30.4.2012) by Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 (nawm 4), ss. 57(2)(a), 178(3); S.I. 2012/1187, art. 2(1)(d)
F110 Words in s. 13(12) substituted (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 13(5); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C50 S. 13 modified (26.2.2008) by The Northumberland (Structural Change) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/494), arts. 1, 8(5)
C51 S. 13 modified (26.2.2008) by The County Durham (Structural Change) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/493), arts. 1, 8(5)
C56 S. 13 modified (temp.) (25.3.2010) by The Norwich and Norfolk (Structural Changes) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/997), arts. 1, 6(5)
C57 S. 13 modified (temp.) (with effect in accordance with art. 6(1) of the amending S.I.) by The Exeter and Devon (Structural Changes) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/998), arts. 1, 6(5)

Commencement Information

I12 S. 13 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; s. 13 not in force at Royal assent see s. 108; s. 13 in force at 7.8.2000 in so far as it confers power to make an order or regulations, give directions, or issue guidance in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2187, arts. 1(3), 2(b); s. 13 in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England only except in so far as already in force by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(b); s. 13(3)(5)(6)(12)-(14) in force at 1.11.2000 in relation to Wales by S.I. 2000/2948, art. 2; s. 13 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

Marginal Citations

M6 1972 c. 70.
M7 1972 c. 70.
M8 1972 c. 70.
Provisions with respect to executive arrangements

14  [F111 Discharge of functions: [F112 mayor and cabinet executive]]

[F113](1) Subject to any provision made under section 18, 19 or 20, any functions which, under executive arrangements, are the responsibility [F114 of a mayor and cabinet executive are to be discharged in accordance with this section].

(F2) The [F115 elected mayor] —

(a) may discharge any of those functions, or
(b) may arrange for the discharge of any of those functions—
   (i) by the executive,
   (ii) by another member of the executive,
   (iii) by a committee of the executive, or
   (iv) by an officer of the authority.

(3) Where by virtue of this section any functions may be discharged by a local authority executive, then, unless the [F115 elected mayor] otherwise directs, the executive may arrange for the discharge of any of those functions—

(a) by a committee of the executive, or
(b) by an officer of the authority.

(4) Where by virtue of this section any functions may be discharged by a member of a local authority executive, then, unless the [F115 elected mayor] otherwise directs, [F116 the member who may discharge the function] may arrange for the discharge of any of those functions by an officer of the authority.

(5) Where by virtue of this section any functions may be discharged by a committee of a local authority executive, then, unless the [F115 elected mayor] otherwise directs, the committee may arrange for the discharge of any of those functions by an officer of the authority.

(6) Any arrangements made by virtue of this section by [F117 an elected mayor], executive, member or committee for the discharge of any functions by an executive, member, committee or officer are not to prevent [F118 the elected mayor], executive, member or committee by whom the arrangements are made from exercising those functions.

Textual Amendments

F111 Words in s. 14 title substituted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 63(2), 245(2)
F112 Words in s. 14 heading substituted (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 14(2); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)
F113 S. 14(1) substituted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 63(3), 245(2)
F114 Words in s. 14(1) substituted (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 14(3); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)
F115 Words in s. 14(2)-(5) substituted (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 14(4); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)
F116 Words in s. 14(4) substituted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 63(5)(b), 245(2)
Discharge of functions: leader and cabinet executive (Wales)

(1) Subject to any provision made under section 18, 19 or 20, any functions which, under executive arrangements, are the responsibility of a leader and cabinet executive (Wales) are to be discharged in accordance with this section.

(2) The executive arrangements may make provision with respect to the allocation of any functions which are the responsibility of the executive among the following persons—

(a) the executive,
(b) any members of the executive,
(c) any committees of the executive, and
(d) any officers of the authority.

(3) If the executive arrangements make such provision as is mentioned in subsection (2), any person to whom a function is allocated in accordance with that provision may discharge the function.
(4) If or to the extent that the functions which are the responsibility of the executive are
not allocated in accordance with such provision as is mentioned in subsection (2), the
executive leader—
(a) may discharge any of those functions, or
(b) may arrange for the discharge of any of those functions—
(i) by the executive,
(ii) by another member of the executive,
(iii) by a committee of the executive, or
(iv) by an officer of the authority.

(5) Where by virtue of this section any functions may be discharged by a local authority
executive, the executive may arrange for the discharge of any of those functions—
(a) by a committee of the executive, or
(b) by an officer of the authority.

(6) Where by virtue of this section any functions may be discharged by a member of a
local authority executive, that member may arrange for the discharge of any of those
functions by an officer of the authority.

(7) Where by virtue of this section any functions may be discharged by a committee of a
local authority executive, the committee may arrange for the discharge of any of those
functions by an officer of the authority.

(8) Where the executive leader makes or has made any arrangements under subsection (4)
(b)(i), (ii) or (iii), he may direct that subsection (5), (6) or (7) (as the case may be) is
not to apply to any of the functions which are the subject of those arrangements or is
not to apply to any of those functions in such cases or circumstances as he may direct.

(9) Any arrangements made by virtue of this section by an executive leader, executive,
member or committee for the discharge of any functions by an executive, member,
committee or officer are not to prevent the executive leader, executive, member or
committee by whom the arrangements are made from exercising those functions.

(10) The reference in subsection (2)(b) to the members of the executive includes a reference
to the executive leader, and subsection (6) in its application for the purposes of
subsection (2)(b) is to be construed accordingly.
Discharge of functions: mayor and council manager executive.

(1) Subject to any provision made under section 18, 19 or 20, the functions which, under executive arrangements, are the responsibility of a mayor and council manager executive are to be discharged in accordance with this section.

(2) The council manager—

(a) may discharge any of those functions, or

(b) may arrange for the discharge of any of those functions—

(i) by the executive, or

(ii) by an officer of the authority.

(3) In deciding—

(a) whether or how to discharge any functions, or

(b) whether to arrange for any functions to be discharged by the executive or an officer of the authority,

the council manager must have regard to any advice given by the elected mayor.

(4) Where by virtue of this section any functions may be discharged by the executive of a local authority, the executive may arrange for the discharge of any of those functions by an officer of the authority.

(5) Any arrangements made by virtue of this section by a council manager or executive for the discharge of any functions by an executive or officer are not to prevent the
council manager or executive by whom the arrangements are made from exercising those functions.]

### Textual Amendments

**F122**  S. 16 repealed (10.7.2011) by Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 (nawm 4), ss. 34(3), 178(2), Sch. 4 Pt. B

**C60**  Ss. 14-16 applied (12.1.2010) by Marine and Coastal Access Act 2009 (c. 23), s. 20(6)(7)(9), 324(3); S.I. 2009/3345, art. 2, Sch. para. 2

**C83**  Ss. 14-18 restricted (W.) (1.4.2002) by S.I. 2002/808, art. 23(b)

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**17 Discharge of functions: s. 11(5) executive.**

(1) The *Welsh Ministers* may by regulations make provision with respect to the ways in which any functions which, under executive arrangements, are the responsibility of an executive which takes a form prescribed in regulations under section 11(5) are to be discharged.

(2) The provision which may be made by regulations under this section includes provision which applies or reproduces (with or without modifications) any provisions of section 14, 15 or 16.

(3) Nothing in subsection (2) affects the generality of the power under subsection (1).

(4) Any provision made by regulations under this section is subject to any provision made under section 18, 19 or 20.

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**Textual Amendments**

**F123**  Words in s. 17(1) substituted (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 15; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)

**C84**  Ss. 14-18 restricted (W.) (1.4.2002) by S.I. 2002/808, art. 23(b)

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**18 Discharge of functions by area committees.**

(1) The *Welsh Ministers* may by regulations make provision for or in connection with enabling an executive of a local authority, or a committee or specified member of such an executive, to arrange for the discharge of any functions which, under executive
arrangements, are the responsibility of the executive by an area committee of that authority.

(2) Regulations under this section may impose limitations or restrictions on the arrangements which may be made by virtue of the regulations (including limitations or restrictions on the functions which may be the subject of such arrangements).

(3) In this section—

[F125] \text{“area committee” [F126] means a committee or sub-committee of the authority which satisfies the conditions in subsection (6);}

“specified” means specified in regulations under this section.

(F127) (4) ....................................................

(F127) (5) ....................................................

(F128) (6) A committee or sub-committee of a local authority

[F129] ... satisfies the conditions in this subsection if—

(a) the committee or sub-committee is established to discharge functions in respect of part of the area of the authority,

(b) that part consists of the whole of one or more electoral divisions of the authority,

(c) all the members of the authority who are elected for that electoral division, or those electoral divisions, are entitled to be members of the committee or sub-committee,

(d) no members of the authority, other than those mentioned in paragraph (c), may be members of the committee or sub-committee, and

(e) either or both of the conditions in subsection (7) are satisfied in relation to that part.

(7) Those conditions are—

(a) that the area of that part does not exceed one-half of the total area of the authority;

(b) that the population of that part, as estimated by the authority, does not exceed one-half of the total population of the area of the authority as so estimated.]

\begin{footnotes}
\item [F124] Words in s. 18(1) substituted (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 16(2); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)
\item [F125] Words in s. 18(3) substituted (10.7.2011) by Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 (nawm 4), ss. 55(2), 178(2)
\item [F126] Word in s. 18(3) substituted (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 16(3); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)
\item [F127] S. 18(4)(5) repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 16(4), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)
\item [F128] S. 18(6)(7) inserted (10.7.2011) by Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 (nawm 4), ss. 55(4), 178(2)
\item [F129] Words in s. 18(6) repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 16(5), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)
\end{footnotes}

\begin{footnotes}
\item [C85] Ss. 14-18 restricted (W.) (1.4.2002) by S.I. 2002/808, art. 23(b)
\end{footnotes}
19 Discharge of functions of and by another local authority.

(1) The [Welsh Ministers] may by regulations make provision for or in connection with enabling an executive of a local authority, or a committee or specified member of such an executive, to arrange for the discharge of any functions which, under executive arrangements, are the responsibility of the executive—
   (a) by a relevant authority (other than the local authority), or
   (b) by a relevant executive (other than an executive of the local authority) or a committee or specified member of such an executive.

(2) The Welsh Ministers may by regulations make provision for or in connection with enabling a relevant authority in Wales to arrange for the discharge of any of their functions by a relevant executive (other than an executive of the relevant authority) or a committee or specified member of such an executive.

(3) The reference in subsection (2) to the functions of a relevant authority in Wales, in a case where the authority are operating executive arrangements, is a reference to the functions which, under those arrangements, are not the responsibility of the authority’s executive.

(4) Regulations under subsection (1) or (2) may include provision—
   (a) requiring, in the case of arrangements for the discharge of any functions by a relevant executive or a committee or member of such an executive, the approval of the authority of which the executive is part to such arrangements,
   (b) which, in the case of arrangements for the discharge of any functions by a relevant authority, enables any of those functions to be delegated,
   (c) which, in the case of arrangements for the discharge of any functions by a relevant executive or a committee or member of such an executive, enables any of those functions to be delegated.

(5) The provision which may be made under subsection (4)(b) includes provision which applies or reproduces (with or without modifications) any provisions of section 101(2) to (4) of the Local Government Act 1972.

(6) The provision which may be made under subsection (4)(c) includes provision which applies or reproduces (with or without modifications) any provisions of section 14(3) to (6), 15(5) to (9) or 16(3) to (5).

(7) Nothing in subsection (4), (5) or (6) affects the generality of the power under subsection (1) or (2).

(8) In this section—
   "relevant authority” means a local authority within the meaning of section 101 of the Local Government Act 1972;
   “relevant executive” means an executive of a local authority under either this Part or Part 1A;
   “specified” means specified in regulations under this section.
19 Joint exercise of functions.

(1) The Welsh Ministers may by regulations make provision for or in connection with permitting arrangements under section 101(5) of the Local Government Act 1972 where any of the functions which are the subject of the arrangements are the responsibility of an executive of a local authority under executive arrangements.

(2) The provision which may be made under subsection (1) includes provision—

(a) as to the circumstances in which the executive, or a committee or specified member of the executive, is to be a party to the arrangements in place of the authority,

(b) as to the circumstances in which—

(i) the authority, and

(ii) the executive or a committee or specified member of the executive,
are both to be parties to the arrangements,

(c) as to the circumstances in which any functions of the local authority under section 101(2) or 102(1)(b), (2) or (3) of the Local Government Act 1972, so far as they relate to any joint committee falling within section 101(5)(a) of that Act, are instead to be exercised by the executive or a committee or specified member of the executive,

(d) as to the circumstances in which any functions of the local authority under section 101(2) or 102(1)(b), (2) or (3) of that Act, so far as they relate to any such joint committee, are to be exercised by the authority,

(e) as to the circumstances in which appointments to any such joint committee by the executive, or a committee or specified member of the executive, need not be made in accordance with the political balance requirements,

(f) as to the persons (including officers of the authority) who may be appointed to any such joint committee by the executive or a committee or specified member of the executive.

(3) Nothing in subsection (2) affects the generality of the power under subsection (1).

(4) In this section “specified” means specified in regulations under this section.

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### 21 Overview and scrutiny committees.

(1) Executive arrangements by a local authority must include provision for the appointment by the authority of one or more committees of the authority (referred to in this Part as overview and scrutiny committees).

(2) Executive arrangements by a local authority must ensure that their overview and scrutiny committee has power (or their overview and scrutiny committees and any joint overview and scrutiny committees) to—

(a) to review or scrutinise decisions made, or other action taken, in connection with the discharge of any functions which are the responsibility of the executive,

(b) to make reports or recommendations to the authority or the executive with respect to the discharge of any functions which are the responsibility of the executive,
(c) to review or scrutinise decisions made, or other action taken, in connection with the discharge of any functions which are not the responsibility of the executive,

(d) to make reports or recommendations to the authority or the executive with respect to the discharge of any functions which are not the responsibility of the executive,

(e) to make reports or recommendations to the authority or the executive on matters which affect the authority’s area or the inhabitants of that area,

(f) in the case of the overview and scrutiny committee or committees of an authority to which section 184 of the National Health Service (Wales) Act 2006 applies, to review and scrutinise, in accordance with regulations under that section, matters relating to the health service (within the meaning given by that Act, as extended by that section) in the authority’s area, and to make reports and recommendations on such matters in accordance with the regulations.

(2A) In subsection (2), “joint overview and scrutiny committee”, in relation to a local authority (“the authority concerned”), means—

(a) a joint overview and scrutiny committee within the meaning given in subsection (2)(a) of section 185 of the National Health Service (Wales) Act 2006 appointed by the authority concerned and one or more other local authorities,

(b) an overview and scrutiny committee of another local authority exercising relevant functions (within the meaning given in subsection (1) of that section) of the authority concerned by virtue of arrangements made under regulations under subsection (2)(b) of that section, or

(c) a joint overview and scrutiny committee within the meaning of section 58 of the Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 appointed by two or more local authorities, one of which is the authority concerned.

(3) The power of an overview and scrutiny committee under subsection (2)(a) to review or scrutinise a decision made but not implemented includes power—

(a) to recommend that the decision be reconsidered by the person who made it, or

(b) to arrange for its function under subsection (2)(a), so far as it relates to the decision, to be exercised by the authority.

(4) An overview and scrutiny committee of a local authority may not discharge any functions other than its functions under this section or Part 4 of the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 (anaw 2).

(5) An overview and scrutiny committee of a local authority—

(a) may appoint one or more sub-committees, and

(b) may arrange for the discharge of any of its functions by any such sub-committee.

(7) A sub-committee of an overview and scrutiny committee may not discharge any functions other than those conferred on it under subsection (6)(b).
(9) An overview and scrutiny committee of a local authority, or a sub-committee of such a committee, may not include any member of the authority’s executive.

(10) An overview and scrutiny committee of a local authority, or any sub-committee of such a committee, may include persons who are not members of the authority, but (subject to any provision made by or under F166 paragraph 8 or 9 of Schedule 1) any such persons are not entitled to vote at any meeting of such a committee or sub-committee on any question which falls to be decided at that meeting F167....

For provision about the appointment of persons to chair overview and scrutiny committees of local authorities F163..., see sections 66 to 75 of the Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011.[

(11) An overview and scrutiny committee of a local authority, or a sub-committee of such a committee, is to be treated—

(a) as a committee or sub-committee of a principal council for the purposes of Part VA of the Local Government Act 1972 (access to meetings and documents of certain authorities, committees and sub-committees), and

(b) as a body to which section 15 of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989 (duty to allocate seats to political groups) applies.

(12) Subsections (2) and (5) of section 102 of the Local Government Act 1972 are to apply to an overview and scrutiny committee of a local authority, or a sub-committee of such a committee, as they apply to a committee appointed under that section.

(13) An overview and scrutiny committee of a local authority or a sub-committee of such a committee—

(a) may require members of the executive, and officers of the authority, to attend before it to answer questions,

may require any other member of the authority to attend before it to answer questions relating to any function which is exercisable by the member under section 56 of the Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011],

(b) may invite other persons to attend meetings of the committee.

(14) It is the duty of any member or officer mentioned in paragraph (a) or (aa) of subsection (13) to comply with any requirement mentioned in that paragraph.

(15) A person is not obliged by subsection (14) to answer any question which he would be entitled to refuse to answer in or for the purposes of proceedings in a court in England and Wales.

(16) In exercising, or deciding whether to exercise, any of its functions—

an overview and scrutiny committee of a local authority F171..., or a sub-committee of such a committee, must have regard to any guidance for the time being issued by the Welsh Ministers.

(17) Guidance under subsection (16) may make different provision for different cases or for different descriptions of committee or sub-committee.]
Textual Amendments

F144 Words in s. 21(2) inserted (1.4.2009) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 127(1)(a), 245(5); S.I. 2008/3110, art. 4(g)

F145 S. 21(2)(f) inserted (1.1.2003 for E., otherwise 1.3.2007 immediately before the National Health Service Act 2006 (c. 41) comes into force) by Health and Social Care Act 2001 (c. 15), ss. 7(1), 70(2) (with s. 7(2)-(5), 64(9), 65(4)); S.I. 2003/53, art. 3(a); S.I. 2006/1407, Sch. 1 Pt. II para. 8(a)

F146 Words in s. 21(2)(f) repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 19(2)(a), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

F147 Words in s. 21(2)(f) substituted (1.3.2007) by National Health Service (Consequential Provisions) Act 2006 (c. 43), s. 8(2), Sch. 1 para. 205 (with Sch. 3 Pt. 1)

F148 Words in s. 21(2)(f) substituted (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 19(2)(b); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)

F149 Words in s. 21(2)(f) substituted (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 19(2)(c); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)

F150 S. 21(2A) inserted (1.4.2009) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 127(1)(b), 245(5); S.I. 2008/3110, art. 4(g)

F151 S. 21(2A)(a)(b) repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 19(4)(a), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

F152 Words in s. 21(2A)(c) substituted (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 19(4)(b); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)

F153 Words in s. 21(4) repealed (1.4.2008) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), s. 245(2), Sch. 18 Pt. 8; S.I. 2008/591, art. 2(d)(i)

F154 Words in s. 21(4) inserted (1.4.2009) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 127(1)(c)(d), 245(5); S.I. 2008/3110, art. 4(g)

F155 Words in s. 21(4) substituted (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 19(5)(a); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)

F156 Words in s. 21(4) inserted (1.4.2016) by Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 (anaw 2), s. 56(2), Sch. 4 para. 5; S.I. 2016/86, art. 3

F157 Words in s. 21(4) repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 19(5)(b), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

F158 S. 21(5) repealed (1.4.2008) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), s. 245(2), Sch. 18 Pt. 8; S.I. 2008/591, art. 2(d)(i)

F159 S. 21(8) repealed (1.4.2009) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 127(1)(d), 245(5), Sch. 18 Pt. 6; S.I. 2008/3110, art. 4(g)

F160 Words in s. 21(10) substituted (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 19(6)(a); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)

F161 Words in s. 21(10) repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 19(6)(b), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

F162 S. 21(10A) inserted (30.4.2012) by Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 (nawm 4), ss. 75(4), 178(3); S.I. 2012/1187, art. 2(1)(b)

F163 Words in s. 21(10A) repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 19(7), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

F164 S. 21(13)(aa) inserted (1.4.2009) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 120(1), 245(5); S.I. 2008/3110, art. 4(b)

F165 Words in s. 21(13)(aa) repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 19(8)(a), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

F166 Words in s. 21(13)(aa) inserted (30.4.2012) by Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 (nawm 4), ss. 57(2)(b), 178(3); S.I. 2012/1187, art. 2(1)(d)

F167 Word in s. 21(13)(aa) repealed (30.4.2012) by Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 (nawm 4), 178(3), Sch. 4 Pt. D; S.I. 2012/1187, art. 2(2)(m)
Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to Local Government Act 2000. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes
Executive arrangements by a local authority must include provision which—

(a) enables any member of an overview and scrutiny committee of the authority to refer to the committee any matter which is relevant to the functions of the committee,

(b) enables any member of a sub-committee of such a committee to refer to the sub-committee any matter which is relevant to the functions of the sub-committee, and

(c) enables any member of the authority to refer to an overview and scrutiny committee of the authority of which he is not a member any local government matter which is relevant to the functions of the committee.

(2) For the purposes of subsection (1), provision enables a person to refer a matter to a committee or sub-committee if it enables him to ensure that the matter is included in the agenda for, and discussed at, a meeting of the committee or sub-committee.
(3) In considering whether to exercise the power which he has by virtue of subsection (1) (c) in any case, a member of an authority must have regard to any guidance for the time being issued by the Welsh Ministers.

(4) Guidance under subsection (3) may make different provision for different cases.

(5) Subsections (6) to (8) apply where a local government matter is referred to an overview and scrutiny committee by a member of a local authority in accordance with provision made pursuant to subsection (1)(c).

(6) In considering whether or not to exercise any of its powers under section 21(2) in relation to the matter, the committee may have regard to—
   (a) any powers which the member may exercise in relation to the matter by virtue of section 56 of the Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 (exercise of functions by local councillors), and
   (b) any representations made by the member as to why it would be appropriate for the committee to exercise any of its powers under section 21(2) in relation to the matter.

(7) If the committee decides not to exercise any of those powers in relation to the matter, it must notify the member of—
   (a) its decision, and
   (b) the reasons for it.

(8) The committee must provide the member with a copy of any report or recommendations which it makes to the authority or the executive under section 21(2) in relation to the matter.

(9) Subsection (8) is subject to section 21D.

(12) In this section “local government matter”, in relation to a member of a local authority, means a matter which is not an excluded matter and which—
   (a) relates to the discharge of any function of the authority, or
   (b) affects all or part of the electoral area for which the member is elected or any person who lives or works in that area.

(13) In subsection (12) “excluded matter” means any matter which is—
   (a) a local crime and disorder matter within the meaning of section 19 of the Police and Justice Act 2006 (local authority scrutiny of crime and disorder matters), or
   (b) a matter of any description specified in an order made by the Welsh Ministers for the purposes of this section.]
21B Duty of authority or executive to respond to overview and scrutiny committee

(1) This section applies where an overview and scrutiny committee of a local authority ... makes a report or recommendations to the authority or the executive, otherwise than—

(a) by virtue of subsection (1)(b) of section 19 of the Police and Justice Act 2006 (local authority scrutiny of crime and disorder matters), or

(b) by virtue of subsection (3)(a) of that section.

A report or recommendation to a public services board by virtue of section 35(1)(c) of the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 (anaw 2) is not to be regarded for the purposes of this section as a report or recommendation to the local authority that is a member of the board.

(2) The overview and scrutiny committee may publish the report or recommendations.

(3) The overview and scrutiny committee must by notice in writing require the authority or executive—

(a) to consider the report or recommendations,

(b) to respond to the overview and scrutiny committee indicating what (if any) action the authority propose, or the executive proposes, to take,

(c) if the overview and scrutiny committee has published the report or recommendations under subsection (2), to publish the response,

(d) if the overview and scrutiny committee provided a copy of the report or recommendations to a member of the authority under section 21A(8), to provide the member with a copy of the response, and to do so within two months beginning with the date on which the authority or executive received the report or recommendations or (if later) the notice.

(4) It is the duty of an authority or executive to which a notice is given under subsection (3) to comply with the requirements specified in the notice.
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(5) Subsections (2) and (4) are subject to section 21D and to any provision made under section 22(12A).

(6) In this section—
(a) references to an overview and scrutiny committee include references to a sub-committee of such a committee; and
(b) references to “the authority” or “the executive”, in relation to an overview and scrutiny committee, or a sub-committee of such a committee, are to the authority by which the overview and scrutiny committee is established or to the executive of that authority.

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**Textual Amendments**

**F183** Ss. 21B-21D inserted (1.4.2009) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 122(1), 245(5); S.I. 2008/3110, art. 4(d)

**F184** Words in s. 21B(1) repealed (30.4.2012) by Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 (nawm 4), ss. 64, 178(3), Sch. 4 Pt. D; S.I. 2012/1187, art. 2(1)(g)(2)(m)

**F185** S. 21B(1A) inserted (1.4.2016) by Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 (anaw 2), s. 56(2), Sch. 4 para. 6; S.I. 2016/86, art. 3

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**Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

**C107** Ss. 21A-21D: power to apply conferred by 2007 c. 28, s. 123(5)(b)(ii) (as substituted (12.1.2010) by Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20), ss. 32(1), 148(2)(a)(ii))

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**F186**

21C Reports and recommendations of overview and scrutiny committees: duties of certain partner authorities

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**Textual Amendments**

**F186** S. 21C repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 22, Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

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**21D** Publication etc of reports, recommendations and responses: confidential and exempt information

(1) This section applies to—
(a) the publication under section 21B of any document comprising—
(i) a report or recommendations of an overview and scrutiny committee, or
(ii) a response of a local authority to any such report or recommendations, and
(b) the provision of a copy of such a document—
(i) to a member of a local authority under section 21A(8) or section 21B, or

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by an overview and scrutiny committee or a local authority.
(2) The overview and scrutiny committee or the local authority, in publishing the
document ...—
   (a) must exclude any confidential information, and
   (b) may exclude any relevant exempt information.

(3) The overview and scrutiny committee or the local authority, in providing a copy
of the document to a member of the local authority, may exclude any confidential
information or relevant exempt information.

(4) Where information is excluded under subsection (2) or (3), the overview and scrutiny
committee or the local authority, in publishing, or providing a copy of, the document—
   (a) may replace so much of the document as discloses the information with a
      summary which does not disclose that information, and
   (b) must do so if, in consequence of excluding the information, the document
      published, or copy provided, would be misleading or not reasonably
      comprehensible.

(5) If by virtue of subsection (2), (3) or (4) an overview and scrutiny committee, in
publishing or providing a copy of a report or recommendations—
   (a) excludes information, or
   (b) replaces part of the report or recommendations with a summary,

it is nevertheless to be taken for the purposes of section 21B(3)(c) or (d) to have
published or provided a copy of the report or recommendations.

(6) In this section—

   “confidential information” has the meaning given by section 100A(3) of the
   Local Government Act 1972 (admission to meetings of principal councils),
   “exempt information” has the meaning given by section 100I of that Act, and, in relation to—
   (a) any report or recommendations of an overview and scrutiny committee
       which has functions under section 21(2)(f), or
   (b) any response to such a report or recommendations,

   also includes information which is exempt information under section 186 of the National Health Service (Wales) Act 2006], [F191 and]
   “relevant exempt information” means—
   (a) in relation to a report or recommendations of an overview and scrutiny
       committee, exempt information of a description specified in a resolution
       of the overview and scrutiny committee under section 100A(4) of the
       Local Government Act 1972 which applied to the proceedings, or part of
       the proceedings, at any meeting of the overview and scrutiny committee
       at which the report was, or recommendations were, considered, and
   (b) in relation to a response of the authority, exempt information of a
       description specified in such a resolution of the authority which applied
       to the proceedings, or part of the proceedings, at any meeting of the
       authority at which the report or response was, or recommendations were,
       considered, and

(7) In this section, references to an overview and scrutiny committee include references
to a sub-committee of such a committee.]
Textual Amendments

**F183** Ss. 21B-21D inserted (1.4.2009) by *Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007* (c. 28), ss. **122**(1), 245(5); S.I. 2008/3110, art. 4(d)

**F187** S. 21D(1)(b)(ii) repealed (4.5.2012) by *Localism Act 2011* (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 23(2), *Sch. 25 Pt. 4*; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

**F188** Words in s. 21D(2) repealed (4.5.2012) by *Localism Act 2011* (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 23(3), *Sch. 25 Pt. 4*; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

**F189** Words in s. 21D(6) repealed (4.5.2012) by *Localism Act 2011* (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 23(4)(a) (i), *Sch. 25 Pt. 4*; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

**F190** Words in s. 21D(6) inserted (30.4.2012) by *Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011* (nawm 4), ss. **65**(2), 178(3); S.I. 2012/1187, art. 2(1)(g)

**F191** Word in s. 21D(6) inserted (4.5.2012) by *Localism Act 2011* (c. 20), s. 240(2), *Sch. 3 para. 23(4)(a) (ii)*; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)

**F192** Words in s. 21D(6) repealed (4.5.2012) by *Localism Act 2011* (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 23(4)(b), *Sch. 25 Pt. 4*; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

**C107** Ss. 21A-21D: power to apply conferred by 2007 c. 28, s. 123(5)(b)(ii) (as substituted (12.1.2010) by *Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009* (c. 20), ss. **32**(1), 148(2)(a)(ii))


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**F193** **21E** Overview and scrutiny committees of certain district councils: functions with respect to partner authorities

Textual Amendments

**F193** **S. 21E** repealed (4.5.2012) by *Localism Act 2011* (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 24, *Sch. 25 Pt. 4*; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

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**F194** **21F** Overview and scrutiny committees: flood risk management

Textual Amendments

**F194** **S. 21F** repealed (4.5.2012) by *Localism Act 2011* (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 26, *Sch. 25 Pt. 4*; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

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**F195** **21G** [*F196* Designated] persons

(1) The Welsh Ministers may, by order, designate for the purposes of section 21—
   (a) one or more persons, and
   (b) one or more categories of person.

(2) But—
(a) the designation of a person has effect only if that person meets the following conditions, and
(b) the designation of a category of persons has effect only if, and to the extent that, each person in that category meets the following conditions.

(3) Condition A is that the person provides the public, or a section of the public, with services, goods or facilities of any description (whether on payment or not).

(4) Condition B is that the person—
(a) provides those services, goods or facilities in the exercise of functions of a public nature, or
(b) is wholly or partly funded by public money.

(5) Condition C is that the person is not a local authority.

22 Access to information etc.

(1) Meetings of a local authority executive, or a committee of such an executive, are to be open to the public or held in private.

(2) Subject to regulations under subsection (9), it is for a local authority executive to decide which of its meetings, and which of the meetings of any committee of the executive, are to be open to the public and which of those meetings are to be held in private.

(3) A written record must be kept of prescribed decisions made at meetings of local authorities executives, or committees of such executives, which are held in private.

(4) A written record must be kept of prescribed decisions made by individual members of local authority executives.

(5) Written records under subsection (3) or (4) must include reasons for the decisions to which they relate.

(6) Written records under subsections (3) and (4), together with such reports, background papers or other documents as may be prescribed, must be made available to members of the public in accordance with regulations made by the Welsh Ministers.

(7) Regulations under subsection (6) may make provision for or in connection with preventing the whole or part of any record or document containing prescribed information from being made available to members of the public.

(8) The Welsh Ministers may by regulations make provision—
(a) with respect to the access of the public to meetings of joint committees, or sub-committees of such committees, at which decisions are made in connection with the discharge of functions which are the responsibility of executives (including provision enabling such meetings to be held in private),
(b) for or in connection with requiring written records to be kept of decisions made at meetings which by virtue of paragraph (a) are held in private,

c) for or in connection with requiring written records falling within paragraph (b) to include reasons,

d) for or in connection with requiring any such written records to be made available to members of the public,

e) for or in connection with requiring documents connected with decisions to which any such written records relate to be made available to members of the public.

(9) The [Welsh Ministers] may by regulations make provision—

(a) as to the circumstances in which meetings mentioned in subsection (2), or particular proceedings at such meetings, must be open to the public,

(b) as to the circumstances in which meetings mentioned in subsection (2), or particular proceedings at such meetings, must be held in private,

(c) with respect to the information which is to be included in written records kept by virtue of this section,

(d) with respect to the reasons which are to be included in any such written records,

(e) with respect to the persons who are to produce, keep or make available any such written records,

(f) for or in connection with requiring any such written records to be made available to members of local authorities or to overview and scrutiny committees or sub-committees,

(g) for or in connection with requiring documents connected with decisions to which any such written records relate to be made available to members of local authorities or to overview and scrutiny committees or sub-committees,

(h) for or in connection with requiring information to be made available by electronic means,

(i) for or in connection with conferring rights on members of the public, members of local authorities or overview and scrutiny committees or sub-committees in relation to records or documents,

(j) for or in connection with the creation of offences in respect of any rights or requirements conferred or imposed by virtue of this section.

(10) The [Welsh Ministers] may by regulations make provision for or in connection with requiring prescribed information about prescribed decisions made in connection with the discharge of functions which are the responsibility of a local authority executive to be made available to members of the public or members of the authority.

(11) The provision which may be made under subsection (10) includes provision—

(a) requiring prescribed information to be made available in advance of the prescribed decisions mentioned in that subsection,

(b) as to the way or form in which prescribed information is to be made available.

(12) The [Welsh Ministers] may by regulations make provision which, in relation to meetings of—

(a) local authority executives or committees of such executives, or

(b) joint committees, or sub-committees of such committees, falling within subsection (8)(a),
The Welsh Ministers may by regulations make provision, in relation to—

(a) the publication by executives of local authorities under section 21B of responses to reports or recommendations of overview and scrutiny committees and sub-committees of such committees, or

(b) the provision by such executives under that section of copies of such responses, which applies or reproduces (with or without modifications) any provisions of section 21D.

(13) In this section—

“joint committee” means a joint committee falling within section 101(5)(a) of the Local Government Act 1972,

“prescribed” means prescribed by regulations made by the Welsh Ministers.

Textual Amendments

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Commencement Information

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Marginal Citations

M15 1972 c. 70.
M16 1972 c. 70.
Overview and scrutiny committees of certain authorities in England: provision of information etc by certain partner authorities

Textual Amendments

S. 22A repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

Further provision.

Schedule 1 (which makes further provision in relation to executive arrangements) has effect.

Absence of requirement for political balance.

Neither—

(a) a local authority executive, nor
(b) a committee of a local authority executive,

is to be regarded as a body to which section 15 of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989 (duty to allocate seats to political groups) applies.

Procedure with respect to operation of executive arrangements

Proposals.

(1) Subject to section 31, every local authority must—

(a) draw up proposals for the operation of executive arrangements, and
(b) send a copy of the proposals to the Welsh Ministers.
(2) Before drawing up proposals under this section, a local authority must take reasonable steps to consult the local government electors for, and other interested persons in, the authority’s area.

(3) In drawing up proposals under this section, a local authority must decide—
   (a) which form the executive is to take, and
   (b) the extent to which the functions specified in regulations under section 13(3) (b) are to be the responsibility of the executive.

(4) In drawing up proposals under this section, a local authority must consider the extent to which the proposals, if implemented, are likely to assist in securing continuous improvement in the way in which the authority’s functions are exercised, having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness.

(5) A local authority must comply with any directions given by the [F207Welsh Ministers] for the purposes of this section.

(6) Proposals under this section must include—
   (a) such details of the executive arrangements as the [F208Welsh Ministers] may direct,
   (b) a timetable with respect to the implementation of the proposals, and
   (c) details of any transitional arrangements which are necessary for the implementation of the proposals.

(7) A copy of proposals under this section which is sent to the [F209Welsh Ministers] must be accompanied by a statement which describes—
   (a) the steps which the authority took to consult the local government electors for, and other interested persons in, the authority’s area, and
   (b) the outcome of that consultation and the extent to which that outcome is reflected in the proposals.

(8) The [F210Welsh Ministers] may by order specify a date by which every local authority, or every local authority falling within any description of authority specified in the order, must comply with this section.
26 Proposals not requiring referendum.

(1) Where a local authority’s proposals under section 25 do not involve a form of executive for which a referendum is required, the authority must implement the proposals in accordance with the timetable included in the proposals.

(2) Any reference in this Part to a form of executive for which a referendum is required is a reference to—
   (a) a mayor and cabinet executive, [F211 or ]
   (b) [F212 a mayor and council manager executive, or]
   (c) a form of executive prescribed in regulations under section 11(5) which is expressed in those regulations to be a form of executive for which a referendum is required.

Textual Amendments
F211 Word in s. 26(2)(a) inserted (10.7.2011) by Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 (nawm 4), ss. 34(4)(a), 178(2)
F212 S. 26(2)(b) repealed (10.7.2011) by Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 (nawm 4), ss. 34(4)(b), 178(2), Sch. 4 Pt. B

27 Referendum in case of proposals involving elected mayor.

(1) Where a local authority’s proposals under section 25 involve a form of executive for which a referendum is required, the authority—
   (a) must hold a referendum on their proposals before taking any steps to implement them, and
   (b) must draw up and send to the [F213 Welsh Ministers] an outline of the fall-back proposals (referred to in this section as outline fall-back proposals) that they intend to implement if the proposals under section 25 are rejected in a referendum.

(2) Fall-back proposals are proposals—
   (a) for the operation of executive arrangements which do not involve a form of executive for which a referendum is required, or
   (b) for the operation of alternative arrangements of a particular type permitted by regulations under section 32.

(3) For the purpose of drawing up outline fall-back proposals, a local authority must take reasonable steps to consult the local government electors for, and other interested persons in, the authority’s area.
(4) Outline fall-back proposals must include a timetable with respect to the implementation of detailed fall-back proposals which are based on the outline fall-back proposals in the event that the proposals under section 25 are rejected in a referendum.

(5) A local authority must send a copy of their outline fall-back proposals to the Welsh Ministers at the same time that a copy of the proposals under section 25 is sent to them.

(6) A local authority may not hold a referendum under this section before the end of the period of two months beginning with the date on which a copy of the proposals under section 25 is sent to the Welsh Ministers.

(7) If the result of a referendum under subsection (1) is to approve a local authority’s proposals under section 25, the authority must implement the proposals in accordance with the timetable included in the proposals.

(8) If the result of a referendum under subsection (1) is to reject a local authority’s proposals under section 25, the authority—
   (a) may not implement those proposals,
   (b) must draw up detailed fall-back proposals which are based on the outline fall-back proposals, and
   (c) must send a copy of the detailed fall-back proposals to the Welsh Ministers.

(9) In drawing up outline fall-back proposals or detailed fall-back proposals under this section, a local authority must comply with any directions given by the Welsh Ministers.

(10) Outline fall-back proposals and detailed fall-back proposals must include such details of the executive arrangements or alternative arrangements to which they relate as the Welsh Ministers may direct.

(11) Subsections (2), (3)(b), (4) and (6)(c) of section 25 are to apply to detailed fall-back proposals involving executive arrangements as they apply to proposals under that section.

(12) Subsections (2), (4) and (6)(c) of that section are to apply to detailed fall-back proposals involving alternative arrangements as they apply to proposals under that section.

(13) A local authority must implement detailed fall-back proposals in accordance with the timetable mentioned in subsection (4).
Approval of outline fall-back proposals.

(1) A local authority may apply to the [Welsh Ministers] for the approval of outline fall-back proposals involving fall-back proposals which are not permitted by or under this Part but which would be so permitted if the necessary regulations were made under section 11(5) or 32 (as the case may be).

(2) The form and content of an application under subsection (1) must comply with any directions given by the [Welsh Ministers].

(3) Where the [Welsh Ministers] approve a local authority’s proposals under subsection (1)—

   (a) the authority may use those proposals as their outline fall-back proposals for the purposes of section 27, and
   
   (b) the timetable referred to in section 27(13) shall be extended to the extent that there is any delay in making the necessary regulations under section 11(5) or 32 (as the case may be).
29 Operation of, and publicity for, executive arrangements.

(1) A resolution of a local authority is required in order for the authority to operate executive arrangements.

(2) As soon as practicable after passing such a resolution a local authority must—
   (a) secure that copies of a document setting out the provisions of the arrangements are available at their principal office for inspection by members of the public at all reasonable hours, and
   (b) publish in one or more newspapers circulating in their area a notice which—
      (i) states that they have resolved to operate the arrangements,
      (ii) states the date on which they are to begin operating the arrangements,
      (iii) describes the main features of the arrangements,
      (iv) states that copies of a document setting out the provisions of the arrangements are available at their principal office for inspection by members of the public at such times as may be specified in the notice, and
      (v) specifies the address of their principal office.

(3) A local authority in Wales which pass a resolution under this section may not at any subsequent time cease to operate executive arrangements unless, by virtue of any provision made under section 33(5), the authority operate alternative arrangements in place of the executive arrangements.

Textual Amendments

F223 S. 29(3) repealed (10.7.2011) by Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 (nawm 4), ss. 36(1)(a), 178(2), Sch. 4 Pt. B (with s. 36(5)-(8))
F224 Words in s. 29(3) inserted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), s. 245(2), Sch. 3 para. 23

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C113 S. 29(1) applied (E.) (12.4.2001) by S.I. 2001/1003, reg. 10(1)
C114 S. 29(1) applied (W.) (25.11.2002) by S.I. 2002/2880, reg. 7(1)
C115 S. 29(1) applied (W.) (24.3.2004) by The Local Authorities (Conduct of Referendums) (Wales) Regulations 2004 (S.I. 2004/870), regs. 1(1), 17(8)(a)
C118 S. 29(1) applied (W.) (23.7.2008) by The Local Authorities (Conduct of Referendums) (Wales) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/1848), regs. 1(2), 13(8)(a)
30 Operation of different executive arrangements.

(1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision for or in connection with the operation by a local authority in Wales which are operating executive arrangements (“the existing arrangements”) of executive arrangements (“the different arrangements”) which differ from the existing arrangements in any respect.

(2) The provision which may be made by virtue of subsection (1) includes provision—

(a) which applies or reproduces (with or without modifications) any provisions of section 25, 26, 27, 28 or 29,

(b) for or in connection with requiring the consent of an elected mayor under the existing arrangements to the operation of the different arrangements,

(c) with respect to changes to the existing arrangements as a result of changes to the functions which are the responsibility of an executive.

(3) Nothing in subsection (2) affects the generality of the power under subsection (1).
Alternative arrangements.

Alternative arrangements in case of certain local authorities.

\[ F227 \]

31 Alternative arrangements in case of certain local authorities.

.......

Textual Amendments

\[ F227 \] S. 31 repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 33, Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

Alternative arrangements.

\[ F228 \]

32 Alternative arrangements.

.......

Textual Amendments

\[ F228 \] S. 32 repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 34, Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

Operation of alternative arrangements.

\[ F229 \] (A1) In this section references to a local authority are references to a local authority in Wales.

(1) A local authority may not operate alternative arrangements unless permitted or required to do so by virtue of any provision made by or under this Part.

(2) A resolution of a local authority is required in order for the authority to operate alternative arrangements.

(3) Subsection (2) of section 29 is to apply for the purposes of this section as it applies for the purposes of that section.

(4) A local authority which pass a resolution under this section to operate alternative arrangements may not at any subsequent time cease to operate those arrangements unless, by virtue of any provision made under subsection (9) or section 34, 35 or 36, the authority operate executive arrangements in place of those arrangements.

(5) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision for or in connection with enabling a local authority to which section 31 applies which are operating executive arrangements to operate alternative arrangements in place of the executive arrangements.

(6) The provision which may be made by virtue of subsection (5) includes provision which applies or reproduces (with or without modifications) any provisions of section 25, 26, 27 or 28.

(7) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision for or in connection with enabling a local authority which are operating alternative arrangements to operate alternative arrangements which differ from the existing alternative arrangements in any respect.
(8) The provision which may be made by virtue of subsection (7) includes provision which applies or reproduces (with or without modifications) any provisions of section 25 or 26.

(9) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision for or in connection with enabling a local authority which are operating alternative arrangements to operate executive arrangements in place of the alternative arrangements.

(10) The provision which may be made by virtue of subsection (9) includes provision which applies or reproduces (with or without modifications) any provisions of section 25, 26, 27, 28 or 29.

(11) Nothing in subsection (6), (8) or (10) affects the generality of the power under subsection (5), (7) or (9) (as the case may be).]
CHAPTER 5 – Supplementary

F235 33A Executive arrangements: different form of executive

Textual Amendments
F235 S. 33A inserted (10.7.2011) by Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 (nawm 4), ss. 54(3), 178(2)

F236 33B Executive arrangements: other variation of arrangements

Textual Amendments
F236 S. 33B repealed (15.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 37, Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c)(ee)(i) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11)

F237 33C Alternative arrangements: move to executive arrangements

Textual Amendments
F237 S. 33C repealed (15.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 38, Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c)(ee)(i) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11)

F238 33D Alternative arrangements: variation of arrangements

Textual Amendments
F238 S. 33D repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 39, Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

F239 33E Proposals by local authority

Textual Amendments
F239
Status: This version of this Act contains provisions that are prospective.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to Local Government Act 2000. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Textual Amendments

F239 S. 33E repealed (15.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 40, Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c)(ee)(i) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11)

F240 33F Resolution of local authority

Textual Amendments

F240 S. 33F repealed (15.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 41, Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c)(ee)(i) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11)

F241 33G Implementation: new executive or move to executive arrangements

Textual Amendments

F241 S. 33G repealed (15.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 42, Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c)(ee)(i) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11)

F242 33H Implementation: other change in governance arrangements

Textual Amendments

F242 S. 33H repealed (15.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 43, Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c)(ee)(i) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11)

F243 33I General

Textual Amendments

F243 S. 33I repealed (15.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 44, Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c)(ee)(i) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11)
Textual Amendments

F244 S. 33J and crossheading repealed (15.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 45, Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c)(ce)(i) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11)

F245 S. 33K repealed (15.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 46, Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c)(ce)(i) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11)

F246 S. 33L repealed (15.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 47, Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c)(ce)(i) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11)

F247 S. 33M repealed (15.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 48, Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c)(ce)(i) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11)

F248 S. 33N repealed (15.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 49, Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c)(ce)(i) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11)


Referendums

34 Referendum following petition.

(1) The [F249] Welsh Ministers may by regulations make provision for or in connection with requiring a local authority which receive a petition which complies with the provisions of the regulations to hold a referendum, in such circumstances as may be prescribed in the regulations, on whether the authority should [F251] operate a relevant form of executive.

[F252](1A) In this section “relevant form of executive” [F253] means executive arrangements involving a form of executive for which a referendum is required.

(2) The provision which may be made by regulations under subsection (1) includes provision—

(a) as to the form and content of petitions (including provision for petitions in electronic form),

(b) as to the minimum number of local government electors for a local authority’s area who must support any petition presented to the authority during any period specified in the regulations,

(c) for or in connection with requiring an officer of a local authority to publish the number of local government electors for the authority’s area who must support any petition presented to the authority,

(d) as to the way in which local government electors for a local authority’s area are to support a petition (including provision enabling local government electors to support petitions by telephone or by electronic means),

(e) as to the action which may, may not or must be taken by a local authority in connection with any petition,

(f) as to the manner in which a petition is to be presented to a local authority,

(g) as to the verification of any petition,

(h) as to the date on which, or the time by which, a referendum must be held,

(i) as to the action which may, may not or must be taken by a local authority before or in connection with a referendum,

(j) as to the action which may, may not or must be taken by a local authority after a referendum, and

(k) for or in connection with enabling the [F254] Welsh Ministers, in the event of any failure by a local authority to take any action permitted or required by virtue of the regulations, to take that action.
(3) The provision which may be made by virtue of subsection (2) includes provision which applies or reproduces (with or without modifications) any provisions of section 25, 27, 28, [F255 or 29]F256 ....

(4) The number of local government electors mentioned in subsection (2)(b) is to be calculated at such times as may be provided by regulations under this section and (unless such regulations otherwise provide) is to be 5 per cent. of the number of local government electors at each of those times.

(5) Nothing in subsection (2), (3) or (4) affects the generality of the power under subsection (1).

Textual Amendments

F250 Words in s. 34(1) substituted (15.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 51(2); S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11)
F251 Words in s. 34(1) substituted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 65(2), 245(2)
F252 S. 34(1A) inserted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 65(3), 245(2)
F253 Word in s. 34(1A) substituted (15.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 51(3); S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11)
F254 Words in s. 34(2)(k) substituted (15.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 51(2); S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11)
F255 Words in s. 34(3) substituted (10.7.2011) by Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 (nawm 4), ss. 36(1)(e), 178(2) (with s. 36(5)-(8))
F256 Words in s. 34(3) repealed (15.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 51(4), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c)(ce)(i) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11)

Commencement Information

I31 S. 34 wholly in force at 1.11.2000; s. 34 not in force at Royal Assent s. 108; s. 34 in force at 7.8.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2187, arts. 1(3), 2(a); s. 34 in force at 1.11.2000 in relation to Wales by S.I. 2000/2948, art. 2

35 Referendum following direction.

(1) The [F257Welsh Ministers] may by regulations make provision for or in connection with enabling [F258them], in such circumstances as may be prescribed in the regulations, to direct a local authority to hold a referendum on whether they should operate executive arrangements involving an executive which takes such form permitted by or under section 11 as may be specified in the direction.

(2) The provision which may be made by regulations under this section includes provision—

   (a) as to the date on which, or the time by which, a referendum must be held,

   (b) as to the action which may, may not or must be taken by a local authority before or in connection with a referendum, and

   (c) as to the action which may, may not or must be taken by a local authority after a referendum,
(d) for or in connection with enabling the [F259Welsh Ministers], in the event of any failure by a local authority to take any action permitted or required by virtue of the regulations, to take that action.

(3) The provision which may be made by virtue of subsection (2) includes provision which applies or reproduces (with or without modifications) any provisions of section 25, 27, 28, [F260 or 29] F261.

(4) Nothing in subsection (2) or (3) affects the generality of the power under subsection (1).

Textual Amendments
F257 Words in s. 35(1) substituted (15.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 52(2) (a); S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11)
F258 Word in s. 35(1) substituted (15.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 52(2) (b); S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11)
F259 Words in s. 35(2)(d) substituted (15.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 52(3); S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11)
F260 Words in s. 35(3) substituted (10.7.2011) by Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 (nawm 4), ss. 36(1)(f), 178(2) (with s. 36(5)-(8))
F261 Words in s. 35(3) repealed (15.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 52(4), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c)(ee)(i) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11)

Commencement Information
132 S. 35 wholly in force at 1.11.2000; s. 35 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; s. 35 in force at 7.8.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2187, arts. 1(3), 2(a); s. 35 in force at 1.11.2000 in relation to Wales by S.I. 2000/2948, art. 2

36 Referendum following order.

(1) The [F262Welsh Ministers] may by order make provision requiring every local authority, or every local authority falling within any description of authority specified in the order, to hold a referendum on whether they should operate executive arrangements involving an executive which takes such form permitted by or under section 11 as may be specified in the order.

(2) The provision which may be made by an order under this section includes provision—
   (a) as to the date on which, or the time by which, a referendum must be held,
   (b) as to the action which may, may not or must be taken by a local authority before or in connection with a referendum,
   (c) as to the action which may, may not or must be taken by a local authority after a referendum,
   (d) for or in connection with enabling the [F263Welsh Ministers], in the event of any failure by a local authority to take any action permitted or required by virtue of the order, to take that action.

(3) The provision which may be made by virtue of subsection (2) includes provision which applies or reproduces (with or without modifications) any provisions of section 25, 27, 28, [F264 or 29] F265.

(4) Nothing in subsection (2) or (3) affects the generality of the power under subsection (1).
Local authority constitution

37 Local authority constitution.

(1) A local authority which are operating executive arrangements or alternative arrangements must prepare and keep up to date a document (referred to in this section as their constitution) which contains—

(a) such information as the [F266Welsh Ministers] may direct,

(b) a copy of the authority’s standing orders for the time being,

(c) a copy of the authority’s code of conduct for the time being under section 51, and

(d) such other information (if any) as the authority consider appropriate.

(2) A local authority must ensure that copies of their constitution are available at their principal office for inspection by members of the public at all reasonable hours.

(3) A local authority must supply a copy of their constitution to any person who requests a copy and who pays to the authority such reasonable fee as the authority may determine.

[F267(4) In relation to an authority whose members and co-opted members are subject to mandatory provisions by virtue of section 51(5)(b), the reference in subsection (1)(c) to the authority’s code of conduct for the time being under section 51 is to the mandatory provisions which for the time being apply to the members and co-opted members of the authority.]
38 Guidance.

(1) A local authority must have regard to any guidance for the time being issued by the [Welsh Ministers] for the purposes of this Part.

(2) Guidance under this section may make different provision for different cases or descriptions of local authority.

Guidance

39 Elected mayors etc.

(1) In this Part “elected mayor”, in relation to a local authority, means an individual elected as mayor of the authority by the local government electors for the authority’s area in accordance with the provisions made by or under this Part.

(2) An elected mayor of a local authority is to be entitled to the style of “mayor” or “maer”.

(3) An elected mayor of a local authority is to be entitled to the style of “mayor” or “maer”.

(4) In this Part “elected executive member” means an individual elected as a member of a local authority executive by the local government electors for the authority’s area in accordance with the provisions made by or under this Part, but does not include an elected mayor.

(5A) A reference in any enactment (whenever passed or made) to—

(a) a member of a local authority, or
(b) a councillor of a local authority,

does not include a reference to an elected mayor of the authority.

(5B) But subsection (5A) is subject to—

(a) regulations made by the [Welsh Ministers] under this paragraph which provide that an elected mayor is to be treated as member or councillor of a
local authority for the purposes of an enactment (whenever passed or made), and

(b) any other contrary intention that appears in any enactment (whenever passed or made).

(5C) [F273]Section 21(1A) of the Local Government Act 1972 is not to be taken to indicate any contrary intention for the purposes of subsection (5B)(b).]

[F274](5D) A statutory instrument containing regulations made under subsection (5B)(a) is subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of the National Assembly for Wales.

(F275)

(7) The term of office of an elected mayor of a local authority is to be four years.

(8) This section is subject to regulations under section 41.

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### Textual Amendments

| F269 | S. 39(2) repealed (9.3.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 56(2), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/628, art. 2(b)(c)(i)(i) |
| F270 | Words in s. 39(3) repealed (9.3.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 56(3), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/628, art. 2(b)(c)(i)(i) |
| F271 | S. 39(5A)- (5C) substituted for s. 39(5) (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 66(2), 245(2) |
| F272 | Words in s. 39(5B)(a) substituted (9.3.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 56(4); S.I. 2012/628, art. 2(b)(i) |
| F273 | Words in s. 39(5C) substituted (9.3.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 56(5); S.I. 2012/628, art. 2(b)(i) |
| F274 | S. 39(5D) inserted (9.3.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 56(6); S.I. 2012/628, art. 2(b)(i) |
| F275 | S. 39(6) repealed (9.3.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 56(7), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/628, art. 2(b)(c)(iii)(i) |
| F276 | S. 39(6)-(8) substituted for s. 39(6) (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 66(3), 245(2) |

### Commencement Information

| I36 | S. 39 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; s. 39 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; s. 39 in force at 7.8.2000 in so far as it confers power to make an order or regulations, give directions, or issue guidance in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2187, arts. 1(3), 2(b); s. 39(1)(2)(4)-(6) in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England except in so far as already in force by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(d); s. 39(1)(3)-(5) in force at 1.11.2000 in relation to Wales by S.I. 2000/2948, art. 2; s. 39 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6) |

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40 **Election as elected mayor and councillor.**

(1) If the person who is returned at an election as the elected mayor of a local authority is also returned at an election held at the same time as a councillor of the authority, a vacancy shall arise in the office of councillor.

(2) If the person who is returned at an election ("the mayoral election") as the elected mayor of a local authority—

(a) is a councillor of the authority, and
(b) was returned as such a councillor at an election held at an earlier time than the mayoral election, a vacancy shall arise in the office of councillor.

(3) Subject to subsection (4), a person who is the elected mayor of a local authority may not be a candidate in an election for the return of a councillor or councillors of the authority.

(4) A person who is the elected mayor of a local authority may be a candidate in an election for the return of a councillor or councillors of the authority if the election is held at the same time as an election for the return of the elected mayor of the authority, but subsection (1) applies if he is a candidate in both such elections and he is returned both as the elected mayor and as a councillor.

41 Time of elections etc.

The [F277Welsh Ministers] may by regulations make provision—

(a) as to the dates on which and years in which elections for the return of elected mayors or elected executive members may or must take place,

(b) as to the intervals between elections for the return of elected mayors or elected executive members,

(c) as to the term of office of elected mayors or elected executive members, and

(d) as to the filling of vacancies in the office of elected mayor or elected executive member.

Textual Amendments

F277 Words in s. 41 substituted (9.3.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 57; S.I. 2012/628, art. 2(b)(i)

Commencement Information

137 S. 41 wholly in force at 1.11.2000; s. 41 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; s. 41 in force at 7.8.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2187, arts. 1(3), 2(a); s. 41 in force at 1.11.2000 in relation to Wales by S.I. 2000/2948, art. 2

42 Voting at elections of elected mayors.

(1) Each person entitled to vote as an elector at an election for the return of an elected mayor is to have the following vote or votes—

(a) one vote (referred to in this Part as a first preference vote) which may be given for the voter’s first preference from among the candidates to be the elected mayor, and

(b) if there are three or more candidates to be the elected mayor, one vote (referred to in this Part as a second preference vote) which may be given for the voter’s second preference from among those candidates.

(2) The elected mayor is to be returned under the simple majority system, unless there are three or more candidates.

(3) If there are three or more candidates to be the elected mayor, the elected mayor is to be returned under the supplementary vote system in accordance with Schedule 2.
Entitlement to vote.

(1) The persons entitled to vote as electors at an election for the return of an elected mayor or elected executive member are those who on the day of the poll—

(a) would be entitled to vote as electors at an election of councillors for an electoral area which is situated within the area of the local authority concerned, and

(b) are registered in the register of local government electors at an address within the authority’s area.

(2) A person is not entitled as an elector to cast more than one first preference vote, or more than one second preference vote, at an election for the return of an elected mayor.

Power to make provision about elections.

(1) The Secretary of State [F278or the [F279Minister for the Cabinet Office]] may by regulations make provision as to—

(a) the conduct of elections for the return of elected mayors or elected executive members, and

(b) the questioning of elections for the return of elected mayors or elected executive members and the consequences of irregularities.

(2) The provision which may be made under subsection (1)(a) includes, in particular, provision—

(a) about the registration of electors,

(b) for disregarding alterations in a register of electors,

(c) about the limitation of election expenses (and the creation of criminal offences in connection with the limitation of such expenses),

(d) for the combination of polls at elections for the return of elected mayors and other elections (including elections for the return of elected executive members), and

(e) for the combination of polls at elections for the return of elected executive members and other elections (including elections for the return of elected mayors).

(3) Regulations under this section may—

(a) apply or incorporate, with or without modifications or exceptions, any provision of, or made under, the Representation of the People Acts or any provision of any other enactment (whenever passed or made) relating to parliamentary elections or local government elections,

(b) modify any form contained in, or in regulations or rules made under, the Representation of the People Acts so far as may be necessary to enable it to be used both for the original purpose and in relation to elections for the return of elected mayors or elected executive members, and
(c) so far as may be necessary in consequence of any provision made by or under this Part or any regulations under this section, amend any provision of any enactment (whenever passed or made) relating to the registration of parliamentary electors or local government electors.

[F280] Before making any regulations under this section, the Secretary of State [F281] or the [F282] Minister for the Cabinet Office] shall consult the Electoral Commission.

(3B) In addition, the power of the Secretary of State [F283] or the [F284] Minister for the Cabinet Office] to make regulations under this section so far as relating to matters mentioned in subsection (2)(c) shall be exercisable only on, and in accordance with, a recommendation of the Electoral Commission, except where the Secretary of State [F285] or the Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster] considers that it is expedient to exercise that power in consequence of changes in the value of money.

(4) No return of an elected mayor or elected executive member at an election is to be questioned except by an election petition under the provisions of Part III of the Representation of the People Act 1983 as applied by or incorporated in regulations under this section.
Marginal Citations
M18 1983 c. 2.
M19 1983 c. 2.

Textual Amendments
F285 S. 44A and cross-heading repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 58, Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

F285 44A Election of leader: whole-council elections

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

F286 44B Election of leader: partial-council elections

Textual Amendments
F286 S. 44B repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 59, Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

F287 44C Removal of leader

Textual Amendments
F287 S. 44C repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 60, Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

F288 44D Term of office of leader: whole-council elections
F288 S. 44D repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 61, Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

Textual Amendments

F289 S. 44E repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 62, Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

Textual Amendments

F290 S. 44F repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 63, Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

Textual Amendments

F291 S. 44G repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 64, Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

Textual Amendments

F292 S. 44H repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 65, Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)
Provisions with respect to referendums

(1) A local [F294 authority] may not hold more than one referendum in any period of five years.

(2) If the result of a referendum held by virtue of regulations or an order made under any provision of this Part is to approve the proposals to which the referendum relates, the local authority concerned must implement those proposals in accordance with any provision made by the regulations or order.

(3) If the result of a referendum held by virtue of regulations or an order made under any provision of this Part is to reject the proposals to which the referendum relates, the local authority concerned may not implement those proposals but must instead comply with any provision made by the regulations or order.

(4) The persons entitled to vote in a referendum held by a local authority are those who on the day of the referendum—
   (a) would be entitled to vote as electors at an election of councillors for an electoral area which is situated within the authority’s area, and
   (b) are registered in the register of local government electors at an address within the authority’s area.

(5) The [F295 Welsh Ministers] may by regulations make provision as to the conduct of referendums.

(6) The [F296 Welsh Ministers] may by regulations make provision for the combination of polls at referendums with polls at any elections.

(7) Regulations under subsection (5) or (6) may apply or incorporate, with or without modifications or exceptions, any provision of any enactment (whenever passed or made) relating to elections or referendums.

(8) The provision which may be made under subsection (5) includes, in particular, provision—
   (a) as to the question to be asked in a referendum,
   (b) as to the publicity to be given in connection with a referendum (including the publicity to be given with respect to the consequences of the referendum),
   (c) about the limitation of expenditure in connection with a referendum (and the creation of criminal offences in connection with the limitation of such expenditure),
   (d) as to the conduct of the authority, members of the authority and officers of the authority in relation to a referendum,
   (e) as to when, where and how voting in a referendum is to take place,
   (f) as to how the votes cast in a referendum are to be counted, and
   (g) for disregarding alterations in a register of electors.

Textual Amendments

F292 S. 44H repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 65, Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)
F297 [(8A) Before making any regulations under this section, the Welsh Ministers shall consult the Electoral Commission, but this subsection does not apply to—

(a) provisions which specify the wording of the question to be asked in a referendum, or
(b) provisions for matters mentioned in subsection (8)(c).

(8B) No regulations which specify the wording of the question to be asked in a referendum may be made under subsection (5) unless—

(a) before laying a draft of the regulations before the National Assembly for Wales, the Welsh Ministers consulted the Electoral Commission as to the intelligibility of that question, and
(b) when so laying the draft, the Welsh Ministers also laid before the National Assembly for Wales a report stating any views as to the intelligibility of that question which were expressed by the Electoral Commission in response to that consultation.

(8C) Where any such regulations specify not only the question to be asked in a referendum but also any statement which is to precede that question on the ballot paper at the referendum, any reference in subsection (8B) to the intelligibility of that question is to be read as a reference to the intelligibility of that question and that statement taken together.

(8D) No regulations which make provision for the matters mentioned in subsection (8)(c) may be made under subsection (5) unless—

(a) before laying a draft of the regulations before the National Assembly for Wales, the Welsh Ministers sought, and had regard to, the views of the Electoral Commission as to the provision to be made by the regulations as to those matters, and
(b) where the draft regulations laid before the National Assembly for Wales made provision as to those matters otherwise than in accordance with the views of the Electoral Commission, the Welsh Ministers, when so laying the draft, also laid before the Assembly a statement of their reasons for departing from the views of the Commission.

(9) In subsections (1), (4) to (6) and (8) “referendum” means a referendum held under section 27... or by virtue of regulations or an order made under any provision of this Part... or under section 40 of the Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011...]

Textual Amendments
F293 S. 45(1) substituted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 69(2), 245(2) (with s. 69(4))
F294 Word in s. 45(1) substituted (15.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 66(2); S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11)
F295 Words in s. 45(5) substituted (15.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 66(3); S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11)
F296 Words in s. 45(6) substituted (15.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 66(3); S.I. 2012/57, art. 4(1)(c) (with arts. 6, 7, 9-11)
F297 S. 45(8A)-(8D) inserted (1.7.2001) by 2000 c. 41, s. 158(1), Sch. 21 para. 18(3) (with s. 156(6)); S.I. 2001/222, art. 4, Sch. 2 Pt. I (Sch. 2 Pt. II para. 2)
Amendments to the 1972 Act

Schedule 3, which contains amendments to the Local Government Act 1972, has effect.
Power to make further provision

47 Power to make incidental, consequential provision etc.

(1) The [F312Welsh Ministers] may by order make such incidental, consequential, transitional or supplemental provision as [F313they consider] necessary or expedient for the purposes of, in consequence of, or for giving full effect to, any provision made by or under this Part.

(2) The provision which may be made under subsection (1) includes provision modifying any enactment (whenever passed or made).

(3) The power under subsection (2) to modify an enactment is a power—
   (a) to apply that enactment with or without modifications,
   (b) to extend, disapply or amend that enactment, or
   (c) to repeal or revoke that enactment with or without savings.

[F314(4) The provision which may be made under subsection (1) includes provision relating to changes in local authority governance arrangements F315....]

(5) That includes—
   (a) provision relating to the old governance arrangements, the new governance arrangements, or both kinds of governance arrangements,
   (b) provision as to the dates on which and years in which relevant elections may or must be held,
   (c) provision as to the intervals between relevant elections, and
   (d) provision as to the term of office of any member of any form of executive.

(6) In subsection (5) “relevant election” means—
   (a) an election for the return of an elected mayor;
   (b) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(7) Nothing in subsection (2), (3), (4) or (5) affects the generality of the power in subsection (1).]
Interpretation

48 Interpretation of Part II.

(1) In this Part, unless the context otherwise requires—

“alternative arrangements” has the meaning given by section 32(1),
“council manager” has the meaning given by section 11(4)(b),
“elected executive member” has the meaning given by section 39(4),
“elected mayor” has the meaning given by section 39(1),
“electoral area” has the meaning given by section 203(1) of the Representation of the People Act 1983,
“enactment” includes an enactment contained in a local Act or comprised in subordinate legislation (within the meaning of the Interpretation Act 1978),
“executive”, in relation to a local authority, is to be construed in accordance with section 11,
“executive arrangements” has the meaning given by section 10,
“executive leader” has the meaning given by section 11(3)(a),
“fall-back proposals” and “outline fall-back proposals” are to be construed in accordance with section 27(1) and (2),
“first preference vote” has the meaning given by section 42(1)(a),
“local authority” means a county council in Wales or a county borough council,
“local government elector” has the meaning given by section 270(1) of the Local Government Act 1972,
“overview and scrutiny committee” has the meaning given by section 21(1),
“the political balance requirements” means the provisions made by or under sections 15 to 17 of, and Schedule 1 to, the Local Government and Housing Act 1989,
“second preference vote” has the meaning given by section 42(1)(b).

(1A) ...

(2) Any reference in this Part to the chairman of a local authority—

(a) is a reference to that person whether or not he is entitled to another style,
(b) ..........................
(3) Any reference in this Part to the vice-chairman of a local authority—
   (a) is a reference to that person whether or not he is entitled to another style, F324...
   (b) .............................................

(4) Any reference in this Part to the discharge of any functions includes a reference to the
doing of anything which is calculated to facilitate, or is conducive or incidental to, the
discharge of those functions.

(5) Section 101 of the M25 Local Government Act 1972 does not apply to the function of
the passing of a resolution under any provision made by or under this Part.

(6) Any functions conferred on a local authority by virtue of this Part are not to be the
responsibility of an executive of the authority under executive arrangements.

(7) Any directions given by the F326 Welsh Ministers under any provision of this Part—
   (a) may be varied or revoked by subsequent directions given by F327 them under
   that provision, and
   (b) may make different provision for different cases, local authorities or
   descriptions of local authority.

Textual Amendments

F317 Words in s. 48(1) repealed (10.7.2011) by Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 (nawm 4), ss. 34(5), 178(2), Sch. 4 Pt. B
F318 Words in s. 48(1) substituted (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 68(2) (a); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)
F319 Words in s. 48(1) substituted (9.3.2012 for specified purposes, 4.5.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 68(2)(b); S.I. 2012/628, art. 2(b)(ii); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)
F320 Words in s. 48(1) repealed (9.3.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 68(2)(c), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/628, art. 2(b)(iii)
F321 S. 48(1A) repealed (9.3.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 68(3), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/628, art. 2(b)(iii)
F322 Word in s. 48(2) repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(c)
F323 S. 48(2)(b) repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 68(4), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)
F324 Word in s. 48(3) repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(c)
F325 S. 48(3)(b) repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 68(5), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)
F326 Words in s. 48(7) substituted (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 68(6) (a); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)
F327 Word in s. 48(7) substituted (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 68(6)(b); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)

Commencement Information

I42 S. 48 wholly in force at 1.11.2000; s. 48 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108(4)-(6); s. 48 in force at 7.8.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2187, arts. 1(3), 2(a); s. 48 in force at 1.11.2000 in relation to Wales by S.I. 2000/2948, art. 2
PART III

CONDUCT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES

Modifications etc. (not altering text)
C142 Pt. III applied (24.3.2005) by New Forest National Park Authority (Establishment) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/421), art. 1, Sch. 4 para. 9(3)
C144 Pt. III applied (with modifications) (5.3.2008) by The Cheshire (Structural Changes) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/634), arts. 1, 7(5)
C145 Pt. III applied (with modifications) (28.3.2008) by The Bedfordshire (Structural Changes) Order 2008 (S.I. 2008/907), arts. 1, 16(8)
C147 Pt. III applied (24.3.2010) by The South Downs National Park Authority (Establishment) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/497), art. 1, Sch. 4 para. 9(3)
C149 Pt. III applied (with modifications) (22.11.2012) by The Police and Crime Panels (Application of Local Authority Enactments) Regulations 2012 (S.I. 2012/2734), regs. 1(1), 3-6, Sch. Pt. 3
CHAPTER I

CONDUCT OF MEMBERS

Standards of conduct

49 Principles governing conduct of members of relevant authorities.

(1) The National Assembly for Wales may by order specify the principles which are to govern the conduct of members and co-opted members of relevant authorities.

(2A) An order under subsection (1) must provide as respects each specified principle—

(a) that it applies to a person only when acting in an official capacity; or
(b) that it applies to a person only when not acting in an official capacity; but the order may provide as mentioned in paragraph (b) only as respects a principle within subsection (2B).

(2B) A principle is within this subsection if it prohibits particular conduct (or conduct of a particular description) where that conduct would constitute a criminal offence.

(2C) An order under subsection (2)—

(a) may specify principles which are to apply to a person at all times;
(b) may specify principles which are to apply to a person otherwise than at all times.

(3) Before making an order under this section, the National Assembly for Wales must consult—

(a) such representatives of relevant authorities as it considers appropriate,
(b) the Auditor General for Wales,
(c) the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales, and
(d) such other persons (if any) as it considers appropriate.

(6) In this Part “relevant authority” means—

(a) a county council in Wales,
(b) a county borough council,
(c) a parish council,
(d) a community council.
(f) a community council,

(g) ........................................

(h) ........................................

(i) ........................................

(j) ........................................

(k) ........................................

(l) a fire and rescue authority \[^{F340}\] constituted by a scheme under section 2 of the Fire and Rescue Services Act 2004 or a scheme to which section 4 of that Act applies,

(m) ........................................

(n) ........................................

(na) ........................................

(nb) ........................................

(o) ........................................

(p) a National Park authority \[^{F341}\] established under section 63 of the Environment Act 1995.

(7) In this Part “co-opted member”, in relation to a relevant authority, means a person who is not a member of the authority but who—

(a) is a member of any committee or sub-committee of the authority, or

(b) is a member of, and represents the authority on, any joint committee or joint sub-committee of the authority, and who is entitled to vote on any question which falls to be decided at any meeting of that committee or sub-committee.

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**Textual Amendments**

F329 S. 49(1) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 8(2), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

F330 Words in s. 49(2) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 8(3), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

F331 S. 49(2A)-(2D) inserted (31.1.2008 for specified purposes) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 183(1), 245(5) (with s. 183(5)-(11), 201); S.I. 2008/172, art. 5(1)(a)

F332 S. 49(2C) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 8(4), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

F333 S. 49(3)(4) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 8(4), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

F334 Words in s. 49(5)(a) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 8(5), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)
50 Model code of conduct.

(1) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(2) The National Assembly for Wales may by order issue a model code as regards the conduct which is expected of members and co-opted members of relevant authorities . . . (also referred to in this Part as a model code of conduct).
(3) The power under subsection ... (2) to issue a model code of conduct includes power to revise any such model code which has been issued.

(4) A model code of conduct—
(a) must be consistent with the principles for the time being specified in an order under section ... 49(2) ..., (b) may include provisions which are mandatory, and
(c) may include provisions which are optional.

A model code of conduct issued under subsection (1) must provide, as respects each provision of the code which relates to the conduct expected of the persons mentioned in that subsection—
(a) that the provision applies to a person only when acting in an official capacity; or
(b) that it applies to a person only when not acting in an official capacity; but the code may provide as mentioned in paragraph (b) only as respects a provision within subsection (4B).

(4B) A provision is within this subsection if it prohibits particular conduct (or conduct of a particular description) where that conduct would constitute a criminal offence.

(4C) ... (4D) ...

(4E) A model code of conduct issued under subsection (2) may include—
(a) provisions which are to apply to a person at all times;
(b) provisions which are to apply to a person otherwise than at all times.

(5) Before making an order under this section, ... the National Assembly for Wales must carry out such consultation as is required, by virtue of section 49, before an order is made under that section.

(6) ... (7) ...

Textual Amendments

F344 S. 50(1) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 9(2), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3–6)

F345 Words in s. 50(2) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 9(3), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3–6)

F346 Words in s. 50(3) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 9(4), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3–6)

F347 Words in s. 50(4)(a) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 9(5)(a), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art.
51 Duty of relevant authorities to adopt codes of conduct.

(1) It is the duty of a relevant authority, before the end of the period of six months beginning with the day on which the first order under section 50 which applies to them is made, to pass a resolution adopting a code as regards the conduct which is expected of members and co-opted members of the authority (referred to in this Part as a code of conduct).

(2) It is the duty of a relevant authority, before the end of the period of six months beginning with the day on which any subsequent order under section 50 which applies to them is made, to pass a resolution—
   (a) adopting a code of conduct in place of their existing code of conduct under this section, or
   (b) revising their existing code of conduct under this section.

(3) A relevant authority may by resolution—
   (a) adopt a code of conduct in place of their existing code of conduct under this section, or
   (b) revise their existing code of conduct under this section.

(4) A code of conduct or revised code of conduct—
   (a) must incorporate any mandatory provisions of the model code of conduct which for the time being applies to that authority,
   (b) may incorporate any optional provisions of that model code, and
(c) may include other provisions which are consistent with that model code.

F353 (4A) Where under subsection (4)(c) a provision relating to the conduct expected of persons is included in the code of a relevant authority in England F354..., the code must provide—
   (a) that the provision applies to a person only when acting in an official capacity (within the meaning given by the code); or
   (b) that it applies to a person only when not acting in an official capacity (within that meaning);

but the code may provide as mentioned in paragraph (b) only as respects a provision within subsection (4B).

(4B) A provision of a code is within this subsection if it prohibits particular conduct (or conduct of a particular description) where that conduct would constitute a criminal offence within the meaning of the code.

(4C) The provisions which may be included under subsection (4)(c) F355... include—
   (a) provisions which are to apply to a person at all times;
   (b) provisions which are to apply to a person otherwise than at all times.

(5) Where a relevant authority fail to comply with the duty under subsection (1) or (2) before the end of the period mentioned in that subsection—
   (a) they must comply with that duty as soon as reasonably practicable after the end of that period, and
   (b) any mandatory provisions of the model code of conduct which for the time being applies to the authority are to apply in relation to the members and co-opted members of the authority for so long as the authority fail to comply with that duty.

(6) As soon as reasonably practicable after adopting or revising a code of conduct under this section, a relevant authority must—
   (a) ensure that copies of the code or revised code are available at an office of the authority for inspection by members of the public at all reasonable hours,
   (b) publish in one or more newspapers circulating in their area a notice which—
      (i) states that they have adopted or revised a code of conduct,
      (ii) states that copies of the code or revised code are available at an office of the authority for inspection by members of the public at such times as may be specified in the notice, and
      (iii) specifies the address of that office, and
   (c) send a copy of the code or revised code—
      F356 (i) .............................................................
      F357 (ii) ... to the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales.

(7) Where a relevant authority themselves publish a newspaper, the duty to publish a notice under subsection (6)(b) is to be construed as a duty to publish that notice in their newspaper and at least one other newspaper circulating in their area.

(8) A relevant authority may publicise their adoption or revision of a code of conduct under this section in any other manner that they consider appropriate.

(9) A relevant authority’s function with respect to the passing of a resolution under this section may be discharged only by the authority (and accordingly, in the case of a
relevant authority to which section 101 of the Local Government Act 1972 applies, is not to be a function to which that section applies).

Textual Amendments

F353 S. 51(4A)-(4C) inserted (31.1.2008 for specified purposes) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 183(3), 245(5) (with s. 183(5)-(11), 201); S.I. 2008/172, art. 5(1)(c)

F354 Words in s. 51(4A) omitted (22.11.2012) by virtue of Police Reform and Social Responsibility Act 2011 (c. 13), s. 157(1), Sch. 16 para. 259(2); S.I. 2012/2892, art. 2(i)

F355 Words in s. 51(4C) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 10(2), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

F356 S. 51(6)(c)(i) repealed (31.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 10(3)(a), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/57, art. 5(1)(a)(c)(2)(b) (with arts. 6, 8)

F357 Words in s. 51(6)(c)(ii) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 10(3)(b), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

F358 Words in s. 51(6)(c)(ii) substituted (1.4.2006) by Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2005 (c. 10), s. 40, Sch. 4 para. 3; S.I. 2005/2800, art. 5(1)(3) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2006/362, art. 4)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C152 S. 51 modified (24.3.2005) by New Forest National Park Authority (Establishment) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/421), art. 1, Sch. 4 para. 10

C153 S. 51 applied (with modifications) (24.3.2010) by The South Downs National Park Authority (Establishment) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/497), art. 1, Sch. 4 para. 10

Commencement Information

I45 S. 51 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; s. 51 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; s. 51 in force at 19.12.2000 in relation to England and to police authorities in Wales by S.I. 2000/3335, art. 2; s. 51 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

Marginal Citations

M27 1972 c. 70.

52 Duty to comply with code of conduct.

(1) A person who is a member or co-opted member of a relevant authority at a time when the authority adopt a code of conduct under section 51 for the first time—

(a) must, before the end of the period of two months beginning with the date on which the code of conduct is adopted, give to the authority a written undertaking that [F359] in performing his functions] he will observe the authority’s code of conduct for the time being under section 51, and

(b) if he fails to do so, is to cease to be a member or co-opted member at the end of that period.

(2) The form of declaration of acceptance of office which may be prescribed by an order under section 83 of the Local Government Act 1972 [F360] in relation to a relevant authority] may include an undertaking by the declarant that [F359] in performing his
functions he will observe the authority’s code of conduct for the time being under section 51.

(3) A person who becomes a member of a relevant authority to which section 83 of that Act does not apply at any time after the authority have adopted a code of conduct under section 51 for the first time may not act in that office unless he has given the authority a written undertaking that in performing his functions he will observe the authority’s code of conduct for the time being under section 51.

(4) A person who becomes a co-opted member of a relevant authority at any time after the authority have adopted a code of conduct under section 51 for the first time may not act as such unless he has given the authority a written undertaking that in performing his functions he will observe the authority’s code of conduct for the time being under section 51.

(5) In relation to a relevant authority whose members and co-opted members are subject to mandatory provisions by virtue of section 51(5)(b)—

(a) the references in subsections (2) to (4) to the authority’s code of conduct for the time being under section 51 include the mandatory provisions which for the time being apply to the members and co-opted members of the authority, and

(b) the references in subsections (3) and (4) to any time after the authority have adopted a code of conduct under section 51 for the first time are to be read as references to any time after the coming into force of section 184 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007.

Textual Amendments

F359 Words in s. 52(1)-(4) repealed (31.1.2008 for W.) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 183(4), 245(5), Sch. 18 Pt. 15 (with s. 183(5)-(11), 201); S.I. 2008/172, arts. 2(1)(u)(iii), 5(2)

F360 Words in s. 52(2) inserted (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 11; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b) (with arts. 3-6)

F361 S. 52(5) inserted (31.1.2008) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 184(2), 245(5) (with s. 201); S.I. 2008/172, art. 2(1)(i)

Commencement Information

I46 S. 52 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; s. 52 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; s. 52 in force at 19.12.2000 in relation to England and to police authorities in Wales by S.I. 2000/3335, art. 2; s. 52 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

Marginal Citations

M28 1972 c. 70.

Standards committees

53 Standards committees.

(1) Subject to subsection (2), every relevant authority must establish a committee or, with one or more other relevant authorities, a joint committee which is to have the functions conferred on it by or under this Part.
(1A) In this Part, a reference to a “standards committee” is a reference to a committee or a joint committee established under subsection (1).

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to a community council.

(3) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(4) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(5) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(6) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(7) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(8) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(9) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(10) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(11) The Welsh Ministers may by regulations make provision—

(a) as to the size and composition of standards committees of relevant authorities (including provision with respect to the appointment to any such committee of persons who are not members of the relevant authority or authorities concerned),

(b) as to the term of office of members of any such committees,

(c) as to the persons who may, may not or must chair any such committees,

(d) as to the entitlement to vote of members of any such committee who are not members of the relevant authority concerned,

(da) about establishing a standards committee which is a joint committee (including, in particular, provision about any restrictions on the number or types of relevant authority that may establish a joint committee),

(e) for or in connection with treating any committees as bodies to which section 15 of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989 does not apply,

(f) with respect to the access of the public to meetings of such committees,

(g) with respect to the publicity to be given to meetings of such committees,

(h) with respect to the production of agendas for, or records of, meetings of such committees,

(i) with respect to the availability to the public or members of relevant authorities of agendas for, records of or information connected with meetings of any such committees,

(j) as to the proceedings and validity of proceedings of any such committees,

(k) for or in connection with requiring relevant authorities to send to the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales statements which set out the terms of reference of their standards committees.

(12) The provision which may be made by virtue of subsection (11)(f) to (i) includes provision which applies or reproduces (with or without modifications) any provisions of Part VA of the Local Government Act 1972.
(13) A relevant authority which is considering establishing a joint committee must have regard to any guidance issued by the Welsh Ministers about establishing joint committees and the circumstances in which it is appropriate to do so.

Textual Amendments

F362 Words in s. 53(1) substituted (1.5.2015) by Local Government (Democracy) (Wales) Act 2013 (anaw 4), ss. 68(2)(a), 75(3); S.I. 2015/1182, art. 2(e)

F363 S. 53(1A) inserted (1.5.2015) by Local Government (Democracy) (Wales) Act 2013 (anaw 4), ss. 68(2)(b), 75(3); S.I. 2015/1182, art. 2(e)

F364 Words in s. 53(2) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 12(2), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

F365 S. 53(3)-(10) repealed (31.1.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 12(3), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/57, art. 5(1)(a)(c)(2)(c) (with arts. 6, 8); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b) (with arts. 3-6)

F366 Words in s. 53(11) substituted (1.5.2015) by Local Government (Democracy) (Wales) Act 2013 (anaw 4), ss. 68(2)(c)(i), 75(3); S.I. 2015/1182, art. 2(e)

F367 Words in s. 53(11)(a) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 12(4)(a), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

F368 Words in s. 53(11)(a) inserted (1.5.2015) by Local Government (Democracy) (Wales) Act 2013 (anaw 4), ss. 68(2)(c)(ii), 75(3); S.I. 2015/1182, art. 2(e)

F369 S. 53(11)(da) inserted (1.5.2015) by Local Government (Democracy) (Wales) Act 2013 (anaw 4), ss. 68(2)(c)(iii), 75(3); S.I. 2015/1182, art. 2(e)

F370 Word in s. 53(11)(e) substituted (1.5.2015) by Local Government (Democracy) (Wales) Act 2013 (anaw 4), ss. 68(2)(c)(iv), 75(3); S.I. 2015/1182, art. 2(e)

F371 Words in s. 53(11)(k) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 12(4)(b), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

F372 Words in s. 53(11)(k) substituted (12.10.2005 for specified purposes, 1.4.2006 in so far as not already in force) by Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2005 (c. 10), s. 40, Sch. 4 para. 4; S.I. 2005/2800, arts. 4(1)(a)(2), 5(1) (with art. 4(3))

F373 Words in s. 53(12) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 12(5), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

F374 S. 53(13) inserted (1.5.2015) by Local Government (Democracy) (Wales) Act 2013 (anaw 4), ss. 68(2)(d), 75(3); S.I. 2015/1182, art. 2(e)

Commencement Information

I47 S. 53 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; s. 53 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; s. 53(11)(12) in force at 1.11.2000 in relation to Wales by S.I. 2000/2948, art. 2; s. 53 in force at 19.12.2000 in relation to England and to police authorities in Wales by S.I. 2000/3335, art. 2; s. 53 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

Marginal Citations

M29 1989 c. 42.
54 Functions of standards committees.

(1) The general functions of a standards committee of a relevant authority are—
   (a) promoting and maintaining high standards of conduct by the members and co-opted members of the authority, and
   (b) assisting members and co-opted members of the authority to observe the authority’s code of conduct.

(2) Without prejudice to its general functions, a standards committee of a relevant authority has the following specific functions—
   (a) advising the authority on the adoption or revision of a code of conduct,
   (b) monitoring the operation of the authority’s code of conduct, and
   (c) advising, training or arranging to train members and co-opted members of the authority on matters relating to the authority’s code of conduct.

(3) A relevant authority may arrange for their standards committee to exercise such other functions as the authority consider appropriate.

[F375(3A)] In relation to a relevant authority whose members and co-opted members are subject to mandatory provisions by virtue of section 51(5)(b), references in subsection (1)(b) and (2)(b) and (c) to the authority’s code of conduct are to those mandatory provisions.

[F376(4)] .................................................. 

(5) The [F377]Welsh Ministers[ may by regulations make provision with respect to the exercise of functions by standards committees of relevant authorities [F378]....

[F379(5A)] Regulations made under subsection (5) may modify any provision of this Part, or any other enactment relating to a standards committee or to any functions of a standards committee, in relation to cases where a function of a standards committee is exercisable by a joint committee.

(5B) In subsection (5A) “enactment” includes an enactment comprised in subordinate legislation (within the meaning of the Interpretation Act 1978 (c. 30)), whenever passed or made.

[F380(6)] ..................................................

[F381(7)] A standards committee must, in exercising any of its functions, have regard to any relevant guidance issued by the Welsh Ministers.

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**Textual Amendments**

[F375] S. 54(3A) inserted (31.1.2008) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 184(3), 245(5) (with s. 201); S.I. 2008/172, art. 2(1)(i)

[F376] S. 54(4) repealed (7.6.2012 for specified purposes, 1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 13(2), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, arts. 2(h), 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

[F377] Words in s. 54(5) substituted (1.5.2015) by Local Government (Democracy) (Wales) Act 2013 (anaw 4), ss. 68(3)(a), 75(3); S.I. 2015/1182, art. 2(e)

[F378] Words in s. 54(5) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 13(3), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)
Sub-committees of standards committees

(1) A standards committee of a relevant authority may appoint one or more sub-committees for the purpose of discharging any of the committee’s functions, whether or not to the exclusion of the committee.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to functions under section 56.

(3) A sub-committee under subsection (1) shall be appointed from among the members of the standards committee by which it is appointed.

(4) As regards sub-committees appointed under subsection (1) by a standards committee of a relevant authority—

(a) regulations under section 53(11) may make provision in relation to such sub-committees, and

(b) section 54(5) and (7) apply in relation to such sub-committees as they apply in relation to standards committees.

(5) Subject to any provision made by regulations under section 53(11)(a) (as applied by this section)—

(a) the number of members of a sub-committee under subsection (1), and

(b) the term of office of those members, are to be fixed by the standards committee by which the sub-committee is appointed.

Textual Amendments

F382 S. 54A inserted (18.11.2003) by Local Government Act 2003 (c. 26), ss. 113(1), 128(2)(d)

F383 Words in s. 54A(2) repealed (31.1.2008) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 188(1)(a), 245(5), Sch. 18 Pt. 15 (with s. 201); S.I. 2008/172, art. 2(1)(j)(u)(ii) (with art. 2(2))

F384 Words in s. 54A(3) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 14(2), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012 by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(t), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

F385 S. 54A(4) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 14(3), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d)
Standards committees

... for parish councils.

Textual Amendments

55 Standards committees or sub-committees for community councils.

(1) A standards committee of a county council in Wales is to have the same functions in relation to—

(a) the community councils which are situated in the area of the county council, and

(b) the members of those community councils,

as the standards committee has under section 54(1) and (2) in relation to the county council and the members of the county council.

(2) A standards committee of a county borough council is to have the same functions in relation to—

(a) the community councils which are situated in the area of the county borough council, and

(b) the members of those community councils,

as the standards committee has under section 54(1) and (2) in relation to the county borough council and the members of the county borough council.

(3) A standards committee of a county council or county borough council may appoint a sub-committee for the purpose of discharging all of the functions conferred on the standards committee by this section.
(4) In deciding whether it will be their standards committee, or a sub-committee of their standards committee, which is to discharge the functions conferred by this section, a county council or county borough council must consult the community councils which are situated in their area.

(5) Regulations under section 53(11) may make provision in relation to sub-committees appointed under this section.

(6) Subsections (5) and (7) of section 54 apply in relation to sub-committees of standards committees appointed under this section as they apply in relation to standards committees.

(7) Any function which by virtue of the following provisions of this Part is exercisable by or in relation to the standards committee of a relevant authority which is a community council is to be exercisable by or in relation to—

(a) the standards committee of the county council or county borough council in whose area the community council is situated, or

(b) where that standards committee has appointed a sub-committee under this section, that sub-committee;

and any reference in the following provision of this Part to the standards committee of a relevant authority which is a community council is to be construed accordingly.

F391 56A Joint committees of relevant authorities in England

Textual Amendments

F391 S. 56A repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 16, Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

CHAPTER II

INVESTIGATIONS ETC: ENGLAND

Standards Board for England

F392 57 Standards Board for England.

Textual Amendments

F392 S. 57 repealed (31.1.2012 for specified purposes, 1.4.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 17, Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/57, art. 5(1)(a)(c)(2)(e) (with arts. 6, 8); S.I. 2012/628, art. 6(b) (with arts. 9, 11, 14, 15, 17)
Written allegations

Textual Amendments

F393 Ss. 57A-57D and 58 substituted for s. 58 (31.1.2008 for specified purposes, 8.5.2008 in so far as not already in force) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 185, 245(5) (with s. 201); S.I. 2008/172, art. 6; S.I. 2008/1265, art. 2(a) (with art. 3)

F394 Written allegations: right to make, and initial assessment

Textual Amendments

F394 S. 57A repealed (31.1.2012 for specified purposes, 1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 18, Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/57, art. 5(1)(a)(c)(f) (with arts. 6, 8); S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

F395 Right to request review of decision not to act

Textual Amendments

F395 S. 57B repealed (31.1.2012 for specified purposes, 1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 19, Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/57, art. 5(1)(a)(c)(g) (with arts. 6, 8); S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

F396 Information to be given to subject of allegation

Textual Amendments

F396 S. 57C repealed (31.1.2012 for specified purposes, 1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 20, Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/57, art. 5(1)(a)(c)(h) (with arts. 6, 8); S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

F397 Power to suspend standards committee's functions

Textual Amendments

F397 S. 57D repealed (31.1.2012 for specified purposes, 1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 21, Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/57, art. 5(1)(a)(c)(i) (with arts. 6, 8); S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)
F397 Allegations referred to Standards Board

Functions of ethical standards officers

F398 Functions of ethical standards officers.

Investigations by ethical standards officers

F400 Conduct of investigations.

F401 Procedure in respect of investigations.
Local Government Act 2000 (c. 22)
Part III – Conduct of local government members and employees
Chapter II – Investigations etc: England

Status: This version of this Act contains provisions that are prospective.
Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to Local Government Act 2000. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Textual Amendments

F402 S. 61 repealed (31.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 25, Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/57, art. 5(1)(a)(c)(2)(i) (with arts. 6, 8)

F403 S. 62 repealed (31.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 26, Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/57, art. 5(1)(a)(c)(2)(i) (with arts. 6, 8)

F404 S. 63 repealed (31.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 27, Sch. 25 Pt. 5 (with Sch. 4 para. 60); S.I. 2012/57, art. 5(1)(a)(c)(2)(i) (with arts. 6, 8)

Textual Amendments

F405 Words in s. 64 cross-heading inserted (31.1.2008) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 192(1), 245(5) (with s. 201); S.I. 2008/172, art. 2(1)(m)

F406 S. 64 repealed (31.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 28, Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/57, art. 5(1)(a)(c)(2)(i) (with arts. 6, 8)

F407 S. 66 repealed (31.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 29, Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/57, art. 5(1)(a)(c)(2)(i) (with arts. 6, 8)
Textual Amendments
F407 S. 65 repealed (31.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 29, Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/57, art. 5(1)(a)(c)(2)(i) (with arts. 6, 8)

F408 65A Disclosure by monitoring officers of ethical standards officers’ reports

Textual Amendments
F408 S. 65A repealed (31.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 30, Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/57, art. 5(1)(a)(c)(2)(i) (with arts. 6, 8)

References to monitoring officers

F409 66 Matters referred to monitoring officers.

Textual Amendments
F409 S. 66 repealed (7.6.2012 for specified purposes, 1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 31, Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, arts. 2(h), 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

F410 66A References to [F410]First-tier Tribunal] for action in respect of misconduct

Textual Amendments
F410 Words in s. 66A heading substituted (18.1.2010) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/22), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 55(a) (with Sch. 5)
F411 S. 66A repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 32, Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

[F412 Information to be provided to Standards Board by relevant authority]
66B Periodic returns

Textual Amendments
F413 S. 66B repealed (31.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 33, Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/57, art. 5(1)(a)(c)(2)(j) (with arts. 6, 8)

66C Information requests

Textual Amendments
F414 S. 66C repealed (31.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 34, Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/57, art. 5(1)(a)(c)(2)(j) (with arts. 6, 8)

Consultation with ombudsmen

Textual Amendments
F415 S. 67 cross-heading inserted (1.4.2008) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 196(1), 245(5) (with s. 201); S.I. 2008/172, art. 4(j)

Consultation with ombudsmen.

Textual Amendments
F416 Word in s. 67 heading substituted (1.4.2006) by Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2005 (c. 10), s. 40, Sch. 4 para. 7; S.I. 2005/2800, art. 5(1)(3) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2006/362, art. 4)
F417 S. 67 repealed (31.1.2012 for specified purposes, 1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 35, Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/57, art. 5(1)(a)(c)(2)(k) (with arts. 6, 8); S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)
C154 S. 67 modified (temp.) (1.11.2014) by Social Services and Well-being (Wales) Act 2014 (anaw 4), s. 199(2), Sch. 3 para. 11; S.I. 2014/2718, art. 2(b)
Chapter III

Investigations etc: Wales

The Public Services Ombudsman for Wales is to have the functions conferred on him by this Part and such other functions as may be conferred on him by order made by the National Assembly for Wales under this subsection.

The National Assembly for Wales may by regulations make provision which, for the purpose of any provisions of the Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2019 specified in the regulations, treats—

(a) functions of the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales under that Act as including his functions under this Part, or
(b) expenses of the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales under that Act as including his expenses under this Part.

The provision which may be made by virtue of subsection (3) includes provision which modifies, or applies or reproduces (with or without modifications), any provisions of...that Act.

Textual Amendments

F418 Pt. III Ch. III cross-heading preceding s. 68 substituted (1.4.2006) by Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2005 (c. 10), s. 40, Sch. 4 para. 9; S.I. 2005/2800, art. 5(1) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2006/362, art. 4)

F419 S. 68 heading: word substituted (1.4.2006) by Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2005 (c. 10), s. 40, Sch. 4 para. 10; S.I. 2005/2800, art. 5(1)(3) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2006/362, art. 4)

F420 Words in s. 68(1) substituted (12.10.2005 for specified purposes) by Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2005 (c. 10), s. 40, Sch. 4 para. 11(a); S.I. 2005/2800, art. 4(1)(b)(2) (with art. 4(3))

F421 Words in s. 68(2) substituted (1.4.2006) by Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2005 (c. 10), s. 40, Sch. 4 para. 11(b); S.I. 2005/2800, art. 5(1)(3) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2006/362, art. 4)

F422 Words in s. 68(2)(a) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 36(a)(i), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)
Investigations

69 [F429]Investigations by the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales,

(1) [F430]The Public Services Ombudsman for Wales may investigate—

(a) cases in which a written allegation is made to him by any person that a member or co-opted member (or former member or co-opted member) of a relevant authority [F431]... has failed, or may have failed, to comply with the authority’s code of conduct, and

(b) other cases in which he considers that a member or co-opted member (or former member or co-opted member) of a relevant authority [F431]... has failed, or may have failed, to comply with the authority’s code of conduct and which have come to his attention as a result of an investigation under paragraph (a).

(2) If [F432]the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales considers that a written allegation under subsection (1)(a) should not be investigated, he must take reasonable steps to give written notification to the person who made the allegation of the decision and the reasons for the decision.

(3) The purpose of an investigation under this section is to determine which of the findings mentioned in subsection (4) is appropriate.

(4) Those findings are—

(a) that there is no evidence of any failure to comply with the code of conduct of the relevant authority concerned,

(b) that no action needs to be taken in respect of the matters which are the subject of the investigation,

(c) that the matters which are the subject of the investigation should be referred to the monitoring officer of the relevant authority concerned, or
(d) that the matters which are the subject of the investigation should be referred to the president of the Adjudication Panel for Wales for adjudication by a tribunal falling within section 70(1).

(5) Where a person is no longer a member or co-opted member of the relevant authority concerned but is a member or co-opted member of another relevant authority, the reference in subsection (4)(c) to the monitoring officer of the relevant authority concerned is to be treated as a reference either to the monitoring officer of the relevant authority concerned or to the monitoring officer of that other relevant authority (and accordingly if the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales reaches a finding under subsection (4)(c) he] must decide to which of those monitoring officers to refer the matters concerned).

Textual Amendments

F429 Pt. III Ch. III(crossheading)(investigations) substituted (1.4.2006) by Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2005 (c. 10), s. 40, Sch. 4 para. 12; S.I. 2005/2800, art. 5(1)(3) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2006/362, art. 4)

F430 Words in s. 69(1) substituted (1.4.2006) by Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2005 (c. 10), s. 40, Sch. 4 para. 13(a); S.I. 2005/2800, art. 5(1)(3) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2006/362, art. 4)

F431 Words in s. 69(1) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 37(2), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

F432 Words in s. 69(2) substituted (1.4.2006) by Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2005 (c. 10), s. 40, Sch. 4 para. 13(b); S.I. 2005/2800, art. 5(1)(3) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2006/362, art. 4)

F433 Words in s. 69(5) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 37(3), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

F434 Words in s. 69(5) substituted (1.4.2006) by Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2005 (c. 10), s. 40, Sch. 4 para. 13(c); S.I. 2005/2800, art. 5(1)(3) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2006/362, art. 4)

70 Investigations: further provisions.

(1) The National Assembly for Wales may by order make provision with respect to investigations under section 69 (including provision with respect to the obtaining or disclosure of documents or information).

(2) The provision which may be made by virtue of subsection (1) includes provision which applies or reproduces (with or without modifications)—

(a) any provisions of sections 60 to 63 [F435] as those sections had effect immediately before their repeal by the Localism Act 2011], or

(F436) any provisions of [F437] sections 18 to 20 and Part 6 of the Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2019].

(3) [F438] The Public Services Ombudsman for Wales] may cease an investigation under section 69 at any stage before its completion.
(4) Where the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales ceases an investigation under section 69 before its completion, he may refer the matters which are the subject of the investigation to the monitoring officer of the relevant authority concerned.

(5) Where a person is no longer a member or co-opted member of the relevant authority concerned but is a member or co-opted member of another relevant authority, the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales may, if he thinks it more appropriate than making such a reference as is mentioned in subsection (4), refer the matters which are the subject of the investigation to the monitoring officer of that other relevant authority.

Textual Amendments

F435 Words in s. 70(2)(a) inserted (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 38(2); S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b) (with arts. 3-6)

F436 S. 70(2)(b) substituted (12.10.2005 for specified purposes, 1.4.2006 in so far as not already in force) by Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2005 (c. 10), s. 40, Sch. 4 para. 14(a); S.I. 2005/2800, arts. 4(1)(c), 5(1) (with art. 4(3))

F437 Words in s. 70(2)(b) substituted (23.7.2019) by Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2019 (anaw 3), s. 77(1), Sch. 5 para. 20; S.I. 2019/1096, reg. 2

F438 Words in s. 70(3) substituted (1.4.2006) by Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2005 (c. 10), s. 40, Sch. 4 para. 14(b); S.I. 2005/2800, art. 5(1) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2006/362, art. 4)

F439 Words in s. 70(4)(5) substituted (1.4.2006) by Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2005 (c. 10), s. 40, Sch. 4 para. 14(c); S.I. 2005/2800, art. 5(1) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2006/362, art. 4); S.I. 2005/2800, art. 5(1)(3) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2006/362, art. 4)

F440 Words in s. 70(5) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 38(3), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C155 S. 70(2) modified (1.4.2008) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 201(3), 245(5) (with s. 201); S.I. 2008/172, art. 4(1)

Commencement Information

150 S. 70 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; s. 70 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; s. 70(1)(2) in force at 1.11.2000 in relation to Wales by S.I. 2000/2948, art. 2; s. 70 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

Reports etc.

71 Reports etc.

(1) Where the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales determines in relation to any case that a finding under section 69(4)(a) or (b) is appropriate—
(a) he may produce a report on the outcome of his investigation,
(b) he may provide a summary of any such report to any newspapers circulating in the area of the relevant authority concerned,
(c) he must send to the monitoring officer of the relevant authority concerned a copy of any such report, and

(d) where he does not produce any such report, he must inform the monitoring officer of the relevant authority concerned of the outcome of the investigation.

(2) Where the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales determines in relation to any case that a finding under section 69(4)(c) is appropriate he must—

(a) produce a report on the outcome of his investigation,

(b) subject to subsection (4)(b), refer the matters which are the subject of the investigation to the monitoring officer of the relevant authority concerned, and

(c) send a copy of the report to the monitoring officer, and the standards committee, of the relevant authority concerned.

(3) Where the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales determines in relation to any case that a finding under section 69(4)(d) is appropriate he must—

(a) produce a report on the outcome of his investigation,

(b) refer the matters which are the subject of the investigation to the president of the Adjudication Panel for Wales for adjudication by a tribunal falling within section 76(1), and

(c) send a copy of the report to the monitoring officer of the relevant authority concerned and to the president of the Adjudication Panel for Wales.

(4) Where a person is no longer a member or co-opted member of the relevant authority concerned but is a member or co-opted member of another relevant authority—

(a) the references in subsections (1)(b), (c) and (d), (2)(c) and (3)(c) to the relevant authority concerned are to be treated as including references to that other relevant authority, and

(b) if the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales reaches a finding under section 69(4)(c) he must refer the matters concerned either to the monitoring officer of the relevant authority concerned or to the monitoring officer of that other relevant authority.

(5) A report under this section may cover more than one investigation under section 69 in relation to any members or co-opted members (or former members or co-opted members) of the same relevant authority.

(6) The Public Services Ombudsman for Wales must—

(a) inform any person who is the subject of an investigation under section 69, and

(b) take reasonable steps to inform any person who made any allegation which gave rise to the investigation,

of the outcome of the investigation.
72 Interim reports.

(1) Where he considers it necessary in the public interest, \[F445 the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales\] may, before the completion of an investigation under section 69, produce an interim report on that investigation.

(2) An interim report under this section may cover more than one investigation under section 69 in relation to any members or co-opted members (or former members or co-opted members) of the same relevant authority.

(3) Where the prima facie evidence is such that it appears to \[F445 the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales\]—
   (a) that the person who is the subject of the interim report has failed to comply with the code of conduct of the relevant authority concerned,
   (b) that the nature of that failure is such as to be likely to lead to disqualification under section 79(4)(b), and
   (c) that it is in the public interest to suspend or partially suspend that person immediately,
the interim report may include a recommendation that that person should be suspended or partially suspended from being a member or co-opted member of the relevant authority concerned for a period which does not exceed six months or (if shorter) the remainder of the person’s term of office.

(4) Where \[F445 the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales\] produces an interim report under this section which contains such a recommendation as is mentioned in subsection (3), he must refer the matters which are the subject of the report to the president of the Adjudication Panel for Wales for adjudication by a tribunal falling within section 76(2).

(5) A copy of any report under this section must be given—
   (a) to any person who is the subject of the report,
   (b) to the monitoring officer of the relevant authority concerned, and
   (c) to the president of the Adjudication Panel for Wales.

(6) Where a person is no longer a member or co-opted member of the relevant authority concerned but is a member or co-opted member of another relevant authority \[F446 \]—
   (a) the second reference in subsection (3) to the relevant authority concerned is to be treated as a reference to that other relevant authority, and
   (b) the reference in subsection (5)(b) to the relevant authority concerned is to be treated as including a reference to that other relevant authority.

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**Textual Amendments**

\[F445\] Words in s. 72(1)(3)(4) substituted (1.4.2006) by Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2005 (c. 10), s. 40, Sch. 4 para. 16; S.I. 2005/2800, art. 5(1)(3) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2006/362, art. 4).
Matters referred to monitoring officers.

(1) The National Assembly for Wales may by regulations make provision in relation to the way in which any matters referred to the monitoring officer of a relevant authority under section 70(4) or (5) or 71(2) or (4) are to be dealt with.

(2) The provision which may be made by regulations under subsection (1) includes provision for or in connection with—

(a) enabling a monitoring officer of a relevant authority to conduct an investigation in respect of any matters referred to him,

(b) enabling a monitoring officer of a relevant authority to make a report, or recommendations, to the standards committee of the authority, or to the standards committee of another relevant authority, in respect of any matters referred to him,

(c) enabling a standards committee of a relevant authority to refer a report or recommendations made by its monitoring officer to the standards committee of another relevant authority,

(d) enabling a standards committee of a relevant authority to consider any report or recommendations made or, as the case may be, referred to it by—

(i) a monitoring officer of a relevant authority, or

(ii) the standards committee of another relevant authority.

(e) the publicity to be given to any such reports, recommendations or action.

(3) The provision which may be made by virtue of subsection (2)(a) includes provision for or in connection with—

(a) conferring powers on a monitoring officer of a relevant authority to enable him to conduct an investigation in respect of any matters referred to him,

(b) conferring rights (including the right to make representations) on any member or co-opted member (or former member or co-opted member) of a relevant authority who is the subject of any such investigation.

(4) The provision which may be made by virtue of subsection (2)(d) includes provision for or in connection with—

(a) enabling a standards committee of a relevant authority to censure a member or co-opted member (or former member or co-opted member) ...
(b) enabling a standards committee of a relevant authority to suspend or partially suspend a person from being a member or co-opted member of the authority [F453]of which they are a member for a limited period,

c) conferring a right of appeal on a member or co-opted member (or former member or co-opted member) of a relevant authority in respect of any action taken against him.

(5) Nothing in subsection (2), (3) or (4) affects the generality of the power under subsection (1).

F454

(6) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(7) Where [F455]the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales] refers any matters to the monitoring officer of a relevant authority under section [F456]70(4) or (5) or 71(2) or (4) he may give directions to the monitoring officer as to the way in which those matters are to be dealt with.

Textual Amendments

F447 Words in s. 73(1) substituted (31.1.2008) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 194(8), 245(5) (with s. 201); S.I. 2008/172, art. 2(1)(o)

F448 Words in s. 73(2)(b) inserted (1.5.2015) by Local Government (Democracy) (Wales) Act 2013 (anaw 4), ss. 69(2)(a)(i), 75(3); S.I. 2015/1182, art. 2(f)

F449 S. 73(2)(ba) inserted (1.5.2015) by Local Government (Democracy) (Wales) Act 2013 (anaw 4), ss. 69(2)(a)(ii), 75(3); S.I. 2015/1182, art. 2(f)

F450 S. 73(2)(c)(ca) substituted for s. 73(2)(c) (1.5.2015) by Local Government (Democracy) (Wales) Act 2013 (anaw 4), ss. 69(2)(b), 75(3); S.I. 2015/1182, art. 2(f)

F451 Words in s. 73(2)(d) substituted (1.5.2015) by Local Government (Democracy) (Wales) Act 2013 (anaw 4), ss. 69(2)(c), 75(3); S.I. 2015/1182, art. 2(f)

F452 Words in s. 73(4)(a) omitted (1.5.2015) by virtue of Local Government (Democracy) (Wales) Act 2013 (anaw 4), ss. 69(2)(d)(i), 75(3); S.I. 2015/1182, art. 2(f)

F453 Words in s. 73(4)(b) inserted (1.5.2015) by Local Government (Democracy) (Wales) Act 2013 (anaw 4), ss. 69(2)(d)(ii), 75(3); S.I. 2015/1182, art. 2(f)

F454 S. 73(6) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 41, Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

F455 Words in s. 73(7) substituted (1.4.2006) by Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2005 (c. 10), s. 40, Sch. 4 para. 17; S.I. 2005/2800, art. 5(1)(3) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2006/362, art. 4)

F456 Words in s. 73(7) substituted (31.1.2008) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 194(8), 245(5) (with s. 201); S.I. 2008/172, art. 2(1)(o)

Commencement Information

I51 S. 73 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; s. 73 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; s. 73 in force at 1.11.2000 in relation to Wales by S.I. 2000/2948, art. 2; s. 73 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

74 Law of defamation.

For the purposes of the law of defamation, any statement (whether written or oral) made by [F457]the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales] in connection with the exercise of his functions under this Part shall be absolutely privileged.
Chapter IV – Adjudications

[F458 The Adjudication Panel for Wales]

Textual Amendments
F457 Words in s. 74 substituted (1.4.2006) by Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2005 (c. 10), s. 40, Sch. 4 para. 18; S.I. 2005/2800, art. 5(1)(3) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2006/362, art. 4)

Textual Amendments
F458 S. 75 cross-heading substituted (18.1.2010) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/22), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 56 (with Sch. 5)

75 [F459 Adjudication Panel for Wales].

F460 (1) .................................................................

(2) There is to be a panel of persons, known as the Adjudication Panel for Wales or Panel Dyfarnu Cymru, eligible for membership of tribunals drawn from the Panel.

F461 (3) .................................................................

(4) .................................................................

(5) The members of the Adjudication Panel for Wales are to be appointed by the National Assembly for Wales on such terms and conditions as it may determine.

(6) The National Assembly for Wales—

(a) must appoint one of the members of the Adjudication Panel for Wales as president of the Panel, and

(b) may appoint one of those members as deputy president of the Panel.

F462 (7) .................................................................

(8) Such members of the Adjudication Panel for Wales as the National Assembly for Wales thinks fit must possess such qualifications as may be determined by the National Assembly for Wales.

F463 (9) .................................................................

(10) The president and deputy president (if any) of the Adjudication Panel for Wales are to be responsible—

(a) for training the members of the Panel,

(b) for issuing guidance on how tribunals drawn from the Panel are to reach decisions.

F464 (11) .................................................................
(12) A member of a tribunal listed in section 59 of the Wales Act 2017 (the Welsh tribunals) who is not a member of the Adjudication Panel for Wales may, at the request of the president or the deputy president (if any) and with the approval of the President of Welsh Tribunals, act as a member of a tribunal drawn from the Panel.

Case tribunals and interim case tribunals

76 Case tribunals and interim case tribunals.

(1) Adjudications in respect of matters referred to the president of the Adjudication Panel for Wales under section 71(3) are to be conducted by tribunals (referred to in this Part as case tribunals) consisting of not less than three members of the Panel.

(2) Adjudications in respect of matters referred to the president of the Adjudication Panel for Wales under section 72(4) are to be conducted by tribunals (referred to in this Part as interim case tribunals) consisting of not less than three members of the Panel.

(3) The president of the Adjudication Panel for Wales (or in his absence the deputy president) is to appoint the members of any case tribunal or interim case tribunal.

(4) A case tribunal drawn from the Adjudication Panel for Wales may conduct a single adjudication in relation to two or more matters which are referred to the president of the Panel under section 71(3).

(5) An interim case tribunal drawn from the Adjudication Panel for Wales may conduct a single adjudication in relation to two or more matters which are referred to the president of the Panel under section 72(4).
(6) The president or the deputy president of the [F475 Adjudication Panel for Wales] may be a member of a case tribunal or interim case tribunal drawn from the Panel.

(7) A member of the [F476 Adjudication Panel for Wales] may not at any time be a member of a case tribunal or interim case tribunal drawn from the Panel which is to adjudicate on a matter relating to a member or co-opted member (or former member or co-opted member) of a relevant authority if, within the period of five years ending with that time, the member of the Panel has been a member or an officer of the authority or a member of any committee, sub-committee, joint committee or joint sub-committee of the authority.

(8) A member of the [F477 Adjudication Panel for Wales] who is directly or indirectly interested in any matter which is, or is likely to be, the subject of an adjudication conducted by a case tribunal or interim case tribunal—
   (a) must disclose the nature of his interest to the president or deputy president of that Panel, and
   (b) may not be a member of a case tribunal or interim case tribunal which conducts an adjudication in relation to that matter.

(9) Where there is no deputy president of the [F478 Adjudication Panel for Wales], the reference in subsections (3) and (8) to the deputy president is to be treated as a reference to such member of the Panel as the National Assembly for Wales may specify.

(9A) A person who is a member of an interim case tribunal which, as a result of an investigation under section [F481... 69], conducts an adjudication in relation to any person may not be a member of a case tribunal which, on the conclusion of that investigation, subsequently conducts an adjudication in relation to that person.

(11) The National Assembly for Wales may issue guidance with respect to the composition of case tribunals or interim case tribunals drawn from the Adjudication Panel for Wales.

(12) The National Assembly for Wales may incur expenditure for the purpose of providing administrative support to the Adjudication Panel for Wales.

Textual Amendments

F466 Words in s. 76(1) substituted (18.1.2010) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/22), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 58(a)(i) (with Sch. 5)

F467 Words in s. 76(1) omitted (18.1.2010) by virtue of The Transfer of Tribunal Functions Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/22), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 58(a)(ii) (with Sch. 5)

F468 Words in s. 76(2) substituted (18.1.2010) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/22), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 58(b)(i) (with Sch. 5)

F469 Words in s. 76(2) omitted (18.1.2010) by virtue of The Transfer of Tribunal Functions Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/22), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 58(b)(ii) (with Sch. 5)
Adjudications

(1) A person who is the subject of an adjudication conducted by a case tribunal or interim case tribunal may appear before the tribunal in person or be represented by—
   (a) counsel or a solicitor, or
   (b) any other person whom he desires to represent him.

Commencement Information

S. 76 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; s. 76 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; s. 76(13) in force at 1.11.2000 in relation to Wales by S.I. 2000/2948, art. 2; s. 76 in force at 19.12.2000 in relation to England and to police authorities in Wales by S.I. 2000/3335, art. 2; s. 76 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)
(4) The National Assembly for Wales may by regulations make such provision as appears to it to be necessary or expedient with respect to adjudications by case tribunals or interim case tribunals drawn from the Adjudication Panel for Wales.

(5) Regulations under this section may, in particular, include provision—

(a) for requiring persons to attend adjudications to give evidence and produce documents and for authorising the administration of oaths to witnesses,

(b) for requiring persons to furnish further particulars,

(c) for prescribing the procedure to be followed in adjudications, including provision as to the persons entitled to appear and to be heard on behalf of persons giving evidence,

(d) for the award of costs or expenses (including provision with respect to interest and provision with respect to the enforcement of any such award),

(e) for taxing or otherwise settling any such costs or expenses (and for enabling such costs to be taxed in the county court),

(f) for the registration and proof of decisions and awards of tribunals.

(7) A person who without reasonable excuse fails to comply with any requirement imposed by virtue of subsection (6)(a) or (b) ... is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.

(8) In this section any reference to documents includes a reference to information held by means of a computer or in any other electronic form.
(a) that the person to whom the recommendation mentioned in section 65(3) or 72(3) relates should not be suspended or partially suspended from being a member or co-opted member of the relevant authority concerned,

(b) that that person should be suspended or partially suspended from being a member or co-opted member of the relevant authority concerned for a period which does not exceed six months or (if shorter) the remainder of the person’s term of office.

(2) If the decision of the interim case tribunal is as mentioned in subsection (1) (a), the tribunal must give notice of its decision to the standards committee of the relevant authority concerned.

(3) If the decision of the interim case tribunal is as mentioned in subsection (1) (b), the tribunal must give notice to the standards committee of the relevant authority concerned stating that the person concerned is suspended or partially suspended for the period, and in the way, that the tribunal has decided.

(3A) The effect of a notice given under subsection (3) is to suspend or partially suspend the person concerned as mentioned in subsection (3).

(4) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(5) A decision of an interim case tribunal under this section shall not prevent the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales from continuing with the investigation under section 69 which gave rise to the interim report concerned and producing a report under section 71, or a further interim report under section 72, in respect of any matters which are the subject of the investigation.

(6) The suspension or partial suspension of any person under this section shall not extend beyond the day on which a notice is given by virtue of section 78A or 79 to the standards committee of the relevant authority concerned with respect to that person.

(7) A copy of any notice under this section must be given—

(a) to any person who is the subject of the notice, and

(b) to the monitoring officer of the relevant authority concerned.

(8) Where the person concerned is no longer a member or co-opted member of the relevant authority concerned, but is a member or co-opted member of another relevant authority—

(a) the references in subsection (1) to the relevant authority concerned are to be treated as references to that other authority,

(b) the references in subsections (2) and (7)(b) to the relevant authority concerned are to be treated as including a reference to that other relevant authority,

(c) the duty under subsection (3) to give notice to the standards committee of the relevant authority concerned is to be treated as a duty—

(i) to give that notice to the standards committee of that other relevant authority, and

(ii) to give a copy of that notice to the standards committee of the relevant authority concerned.

(8A) Subsection (8) does not apply unless—

(a) where the relevant authority concerned is in England, the other relevant authority is also in England,
(b) [F506] where the relevant authority concerned is in Wales,] the other relevant authority is also in Wales.]

(9) [F507][F508] The First-tier Tribunal or (as the case may be)] an interim case tribunal must take reasonable steps to inform any person who made any allegation which gave rise to the investigation under section [F509]59 or [F510]69 of its decision under this section.

[F511]Where a person is suspended or partially suspended under this section by a decision of the First-tier Tribunal, the person may appeal to the Upper Tribunal—

(a) against the suspension or partial suspension; or

(b) against the length of the suspension or partial suspension,

(unless the decision is set aside under section 9 of the Tribunals, Courts and Enforcement Act 2007).

(9A) [F511]An appeal may not be brought under subsection (9A) on a point of law (as to which see instead section 11 of the Tribunals, Courts and Enforcement Act 2007).

(9B) [F511]An appeal may not be brought under subsection (9A) on a point of law (as to which see instead section 11 of the Tribunals, Courts and Enforcement Act 2007).

(9C) [F511]An appeal may be brought under subsection (9A) only if, on an application made by the person concerned, the First-tier Tribunal or Upper Tribunal has given its permission for the appeal to be brought.

(9D) [F511]In any case where the Upper Tribunal is determining an appeal under subsection (9A), section 12(2) to (4) of the Tribunals, Courts and Enforcement Act 2007 (proceedings on appeal to the Upper Tribunal) apply.

(10) [F512]Where a person is suspended or partially suspended under this section by a decision of an interim case tribunal, the person may appeal to the High Court—

(a) against the suspension or partial suspension, or

(b) against the length of the suspension or partial suspension.

[F513](11) An appeal may not be brought under subsection (10) except with the leave of the High Court.

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**Textual Amendments**

F489 Words in s. 78 heading inserted (18.1.2010) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/22), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 60(a) (with Sch. 5)

F490 Words in s. 78 heading repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 43(2), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2)

F491 Words in s. 78(1) substituted (18.1.2010) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/22), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 60(b) (with Sch. 5)

F492 Words in s. 78(1) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 43(3)(a), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2)

F493 Words in s. 78(1)(a) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 43(3)(b), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2)

F494 Words in s. 78(1)(b) substituted (12.12.2008) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 197(2), 245(5) (with s. 201); S.I. 2008/3110, art. 2(d)

F495 S. 78(2)(3A) substituted for s. 78(2)(3) (12.12.2008) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 197(3), 245(5) (with s. 201); S.I. 2008/3110, art. 2(d)

F496 Words in s. 78(2) inserted (18.1.2010) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/22), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 60(c) (with Sch. 5)
F497 Words in s. 78(2) substituted (1.7.2012 for specified purposes) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 43(4); S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2)

F498 Words in s. 78(3) inserted (18.1.2010) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/22), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 60(c) (with Sch. 5)

F499 Words in s. 78(3) substituted (1.7.2012 for specified purposes) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 43(5); S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2)

F500 S. 78(4) repealed (31.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 43(6), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/57, art. 5(1)(a)(c)(2)(l) (with arts. 6, 8)

F501 Words in s. 78(5) substituted (1.4.2006) by Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2005 (c. 10), s. 40, Sch. 4 para. 19; S.I. 2005/2800, art. 5(1)(3) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2006/362, art. 4)

F502 Words in s. 78(6) substituted (12.12.2008) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 197(4), 245(5) (with s. 201); S.I. 2008/3110, art. 2(d)

F503 Words in s. 78(6) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 43(7), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2)

F504 S. 78(8)(A) substituted for s. 78(8) (12.12.2008) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 197(5), 245(5) (with s. 201); S.I. 2008/3110, art. 2(d)

F505 S. 78(8)(A)(a) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 43(8)(a), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2)

F506 Words in s. 78(8)(A)(b) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 43(8)(b), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2)

F507 Words in s. 78(9) inserted (18.1.2010) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/22), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 60(c) (with Sch. 5)

F508 Words in s. 78(9) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 43(9)(a), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2)

F509 Words in s. 78(9) substituted (1.7.2012 for specified purposes) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 43(9)(b), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2)

F510 S. 78(9)(A)-(9D) inserted (18.1.2010) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/22), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 60(f) (with Sch. 5)

F511 S. 78(9)(A)-(9D) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 43(10), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2)

F512 Words in s. 78(10) substituted (18.1.2010) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/22), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 60(g) (with Sch. 5)

F513 S. 78(11) inserted (12.12.2008) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 197(6), 245(5) (with s. 201); S.I. 2008/3110, art. 2(d)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)
C156 S. 78(9)(A)-(9D) modified (18.1.2010) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/22), art. 1(1), Sch. 5 para. 5(c) (with Sch. 5)

Commencement Information
155 S. 78 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; s. 78 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; s. 78 in force at 19.12.2000 in relation to England and to police authorities in Wales by S.I. 2000/3335, art. 2; s. 78 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)
Decisions of First-tier Tribunal

Section 78A: supplementary

79 Decisions of case tribunals: Wales.

(A1) In this section “Welsh case tribunal” means a case tribunal drawn from the Adjudication Panel for Wales.

(1) A Welsh case tribunal which adjudicates on any matter must decide whether or not any person to which that matter relates has failed to comply with the code of conduct of the relevant authority concerned.

(2) Where a Welsh case tribunal decides that a person has not failed to comply with the code of conduct of the relevant authority concerned, it must give notice to that effect to the standards committee of the relevant authority concerned.

(3) Where a Welsh case tribunal decides that a person has failed to comply with the code of conduct of the relevant authority concerned, it must decide whether the nature of the failure is such that the person should be suspended or disqualified in accordance with subsection (4).

(4) A person may be—

(a) suspended or partially suspended from being a member or co-opted member of the relevant authority concerned, or

(b) disqualified for being, or becoming (whether by election or otherwise), a member of that or any other relevant authority.

(5) Where a Welsh case tribunal makes such a decision as is mentioned in subsection (4)(a), it must decide the period for which the person should be suspended or partially suspended (which must not exceed one year or, if shorter, the remainder of the person’s term of office).
Where a Welsh case tribunal makes such a decision as is mentioned in subsection (4)(b), it must decide the period for which the person should be disqualified (which must not exceed five years).

Where a Welsh case tribunal decides that a person has failed to comply with the code of conduct of the relevant authority concerned but should not be suspended or disqualified as mentioned in subsection (4), it must give notice to the standards committee of the relevant authority concerned—
(a) stating that the person has failed to comply with that code of conduct, and
(b) specifying the details of that failure.

Where a Welsh case tribunal decides that a person has failed to comply with the code of conduct of the relevant authority concerned and should be suspended or partially suspended as mentioned in subsection (4)(a), it must give notice to the standards committee of the relevant authority concerned—
(a) stating that the person has failed to comply with that code of conduct,
(b) specifying the details of that failure, and
(c) stating that the person is suspended or partially suspended for the period, and in the way, which the tribunal has decided.

The effect of a notice given to the standards committee of a relevant authority under subsection (8) is to suspend or partially suspend the person concerned as mentioned in subsection (8)(c).

Where a Welsh case tribunal decides that a person has failed to comply with the code of conduct of the relevant authority concerned and should be disqualified as mentioned in subsection (4)(b), it must give notice to the standards committee of the relevant authority concerned—
(a) stating that the person has failed to comply with that code of conduct,
(b) specifying the details of that failure, and
(c) stating that the person is disqualified for being, or becoming (whether by election or otherwise), a member of that or any other relevant authority for the period which the tribunal has decided.

The effect of a notice given to the standards committee of a relevant authority under subsection (10) is to disqualify the person concerned as mentioned in subsection (10)(c).

A copy of any notice under this section—
(a) must be given to the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales,
(b) must be given to any person who is the subject of the decision to which the notice relates, and
(c) must be published in one or more newspapers circulating in the area of the relevant authority concerned.

Where the person concerned is no longer a member or co-opted member of the relevant authority concerned but is a member or co-opted member of another relevant authority...
(a) a copy of any notice under subsection (2), (7) or (10) must also be given to the standards committee of that other relevant authority,
(b) the reference in subsection (4)(a) to the relevant authority concerned is to be treated as a reference to that other relevant authority,
(c) the duty to give notice to the standards committee of the relevant authority concerned under subsection (8) is to be treated as a duty—

(i) to give that notice to the standards committee of that other relevant authority, and

(ii) to give a copy of that notice to the standards committee of the relevant authority concerned,

(d) the reference in subsection (12)(c) to the relevant authority concerned is to be treated as including a reference to that other relevant authority.

(14) A Welsh case tribunal must take reasonable steps to inform any person who made any allegation which gave rise to the adjudication of the decision of the Welsh case tribunal under this section.

(15) Where a Welsh case tribunal decides under this section that a person has failed to comply with the code of conduct of the relevant authority concerned, that person may appeal to the High Court against that decision, or any other decision under this section which relates to him.

[16] An appeal may not be brought under subsection (15) except with the leave of the High Court.

Textual Amendments

- **F517** S. 79 sidenote substituted (12.12.2008) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 199(2), 245(5) (with s. 201); S.I. 2008/3110, art. 2(f)
- **F518** S. 79(A1) inserted (12.12.2008) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 199(3), 245(5) (with s. 201); S.I. 2008/3110, art. 2(f)
- **F519** Words in s. 79(1)-(15) substituted (12.12.2008) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 199(4), 245(5) (with s. 201); S.I. 2008/3110, art. 2(f)
- **F520** Words in s. 79(8)(c) substituted (12.12.2008) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 199(5), 245(5) (with s. 201); S.I. 2008/3110, art. 2(f)
- **F521** S. 79(9) substituted (12.12.2008) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 199(6), 245(5) (with s. 201); S.I. 2008/3110, art. 2(f)
- **F522** S. 79(12)(a) substituted (12.12.2008) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 199(7), 245(5) (with s. 201); S.I. 2008/3110, art. 2(f)
- **F523** Words in s. 79(13) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 46, Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a) (d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b) (c) (with arts. 3-6)
- **F524** S. 79(13)(b) substituted (12.12.2008) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 199(8)(b), 245(5) (with s. 201); S.I. 2008/3110, art. 2(f)
- **F525** S. 79(16) inserted (12.12.2008) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 199(9), 245(5) (with s. 201); S.I. 2008/3110, art. 2(f)

Commencement Information

- **156** S. 79 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; s. 79 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; s. 79 in force at 19.12.2000 in relation to England and to police authorities in Wales by S.I. 2000/3335, art. 2; s. 79 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)
Recommendations by ... case tribunals.

(1) Where ... a case tribunal has adjudicated on any matter under this Act, it may make recommendations to a relevant authority about any matters relating to—
   (a) the exercise of the authority’s functions,
   (b) the authority’s code of conduct, or
   (c) the authority’s standards committee.

(2) A case tribunal must send a copy of any recommendations it makes under subsection (1) to the relevant person.

(3) A relevant authority to whom recommendations are made under subsection (1) must consider the recommendations and, within a period of three months beginning with the day on which the recommendations are received, prepare a report for the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales giving details of what action the authority have taken or are proposing to take as a result of the recommendations.

(4) A relevant authority’s function of considering a report under subsection (3) may be discharged only by the authority or by the standards committee of that authority (and accordingly, in the case of a relevant authority to which section 101 of the Local Government Act 1972 applies, is not to be a function to which that section applies).

(5) If the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales is not satisfied with the action the relevant authority have taken or propose to take in relation to the recommendations, the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales may require the authority to publish a statement giving details of the recommendations made by the tribunal and of the authority’s reasons for not fully implementing the recommendations.

Textual Amendments

F526 Words in s. 80 heading repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 2 para. 3(b) (with Sch. 5)

F527 Words in s. 80(1) substituted (18.1.2010) by The Transfer of Tribunal Functions Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/22), art. 1(1), Sch. 2 para. 3(b) (with Sch. 5)

F528 Words in s. 80(1) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 47(2), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended 3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

F529 Words in s. 80(2) substituted (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 47(4); S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended 3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

F530 Words in s. 80(3) substituted (31.1.2012 for specified purposes, 1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 47(5); S.I. 2012/57, art. 5(1)(a)(c)(2)(m) (with arts. 6, 8); S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended 3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b) (with arts. 3-6)

F531 Words in s. 80(5) substituted (31.1.2012 for specified purposes, 1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 47(6); S.I. 2012/57, art. 5(1)(a)(c)(2)(m) (with arts. 6, 8); S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended 3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b) (with arts. 3-6)
CHAPTER V
SUPPLEMENTARY

Disclosure and registration of members’ interests etc.

81 Disclosure and registration of members’ interests etc.

(1) The monitoring officer of each relevant authority must establish and maintain a register of interests of the members and co-opted members of the authority.

(2) The mandatory provisions of the model code applicable to each relevant authority ("the mandatory provisions") must require the members and co-opted members of each authority to register in that authority’s register maintained under subsection (1) such financial and other interests as are specified in the mandatory provisions.

(3) The mandatory provisions must also—

(a) require any member or co-opted member of a relevant authority who has an interest specified in the mandatory provisions under subsection (2) to disclose that interest before taking part in any business of the authority relating to that interest,

(b) make provision for preventing or restricting the participation of a member or co-opted member of a relevant authority in any business of the authority to which an interest disclosed under paragraph (a) relates.

(4) Any participation by a member or co-opted member of a relevant authority in any business which is prohibited by the mandatory provisions is not a failure to comply with the authority’s code of conduct if the member or co-opted member has acted in accordance with a dispensation from the prohibition granted by the authority’s standards committee[^533^], or by the standards committee of another relevant authority, in accordance with regulations made under subsection (5).

(5) The [*Welsh Ministers*] may prescribe in regulations the circumstances in which standards committees may grant dispensations under subsection (4),

[^533^]: procedure to be followed for the granting of dispensations.

(6) A relevant authority must ensure that
[F537(a)] copies of the register for the time being maintained by their monitoring officer under this section are available at an office of the authority for inspection by members of the public at all reasonable hours,

[F538(b)] the register mentioned in paragraph (a) is published electronically.]

(7) As soon as practicable after the establishment by their monitoring officer of a register under this section, a relevant authority must—

(a) publish in one or more newspapers circulating in their area a notice which—

(i) states that copies of the register are available at an office of the authority for inspection by members of the public at all reasonable hours, and

(ii) specifies the address of that office, and

(iii) states that the register is available to be viewed electronically, and

(iv) specifies how to access the electronic version,

[F540(b)] ............................................................

[F541(c)] ... inform the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales that copies of the register are so available.

[F543(7A)] For the purposes of this section—

(a) section 83(13) does not apply, and

(b) in relation to a relevant authority which is a community council, the references in this section to a monitoring officer are to be read as references to the proper officer of that council (within the meaning of section 270(3) of the Local Government Act 1972).

[F544(8)] ............................................................

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**Textual Amendments**

F533 Words in s. 81(4) inserted (1.5.2015) by Local Government (Democracy) (Wales) Act 2013 (anaw 4), s.s. 69(3)(a), 75(3); S.I. 2015/1182, art. 2(f)

F534 Words in s. 81(5) substituted (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 48(2); S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b) (with arts. 3-6)

F535 Words in s. 81(5) renumbered as s. 81(5)(a) (1.5.2015) by Local Government (Democracy) (Wales) Act 2013 (anaw 4), s.s. 69(3)(b)(i), 75(3); S.I. 2015/1182, art. 2(f)

F536 S. 81(5)(b) inserted (1.5.2015) by Local Government (Democracy) (Wales) Act 2013 (anaw 4), s.s. 69(3)(b)(ii), 75(3); S.I. 2015/1182, art. 2(f)

F537 Words in s. 81(6) renumbered as s. 81(6)(a) (1.5.2015) by Local Government (Democracy) (Wales) Act 2013 (anaw 4), ss. 58(2)(a), 75(3); S.I. 2015/1182, art. 2(d)

F538 S. 81(6)(b) inserted (1.5.2015) by Local Government (Democracy) (Wales) Act 2013 (anaw 4), ss. 58(2)(b), 75(3); S.I. 2015/1182, art. 2(d)

F539 S. 81(7)(a)(iii)(iv) inserted (1.5.2015) by Local Government (Democracy) (Wales) Act 2013 (anaw 4), s.s. 58(3), 75(3); S.I. 2015/1182, art. 2(d)

F540 S. 81(7)(b) repealed (31.1.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 48(3)(a), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/57, art. 5(1)(a)(c)(2)(o) (with arts. 6, 8)

F541 S. 81(7)(c) inserted (1.4.2006) by Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2005 (c. 10), s. 40, Sch. 4 para. 22(b); S.I. 2005/2800, art. 5(1) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2006/362, art. 4)

F542 Words in s. 81(7)(c) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 48(3)(b), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)
Code of conduct for local government employees

82 Code of conduct for local government employees.

(1) The National Assembly for Wales may by order issue a code as regards the conduct which is expected of qualifying employees of relevant authorities.

(2) The power under subsection (2) to issue a code includes power—

(a) to issue a separate code for council managers (within the meaning of Part II of this Act), and

(b) to revise any code which has been issued.

(3) Before making an order under this section, the National Assembly for Wales must—

(a) consult such representatives of relevant authorities and of employees of those authorities, as it considers appropriate,

(b) the Auditor General for Wales, and

(c) the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales.

(4) The terms of appointment or conditions of employment of every qualifying employee of a relevant authority (whether appointed or employed before or after the commencement of this section) are to be deemed to incorporate any code for the time being under this section which is applicable.

(5) In this section “qualifying employee”, in relation to a relevant authority, means an employee of the authority other than an employee falling within any description of employee specified in regulations under this subsection.

(6) The power to make regulations under subsection (8) is to be exercised—

(a) by the National Assembly for Wales.

(b) ... by the National Assembly for Wales.
Textual Amendments

**F545** S. 82(1) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 49(2), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

**F546** Words in s. 82(2) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 49(3), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

**F547** Words in s. 82(3) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 49(4), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

**F548** S. 82(4)(5) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 49(5), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

**F549** Word in s. 82(6)(a) substituted (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 49(6)(b); S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b) (with arts. 3-6)

**F550** Words in s. 82(6)(a) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 49(6)(a), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

**F551** Words in s. 82(6)(b) substituted (1.4.2005) by Public Audit (Wales) Act 2004 (c. 23), s. 73, Sch. 2 para. 55(1)(3); S.I. 2005/558, art. 2, Sch. 1

**F552** Words in s. 82(6)(c) substituted (12.10.2005 for specified purposes, 1.4.2006 in so far as not already in force) by Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2005 (c. 10), s. 40, Sch. 4 para. 23; S.I. 2005/2800, arts. 4(1)(d)(2), 5(1) (with art. 4(3))

**F553** S. 82(9)(a) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 49(7)(a), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

**F554** Words in s. 82(9)(b) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 49(7)(b), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

**Commencement Information**

**159** S. 82 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; s. 82 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; s. 82(2)(3)(6)(8)(9) in force at 1.11.2000 in relation to Wales by S.I. 2000/2948, art. 2; s. 82 in force at 19.12.2000 in relation to England and to police authorities in Wales by S.I. 2000/3335, art. 2; s. 82 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)(6)
82A Monitoring officers: delegation of functions under Part 3

(1) This section applies to functions of a monitoring officer of a relevant authority in relation to matters referred to him under section 70(4) or (5) or 71(2) or (4). 

(2) Where the monitoring officer considers that in a particular case he himself ought not to perform particular functions to which this section applies, those particular functions shall in that case be performed personally by a person nominated for the purpose by the monitoring officer. 

(3) Where a deputy nominated by the monitoring officer under section 5(7) of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989 (nomination of member of monitoring officer’s staff to act as deputy when monitoring officer absent or ill) considers that in a particular case he himself ought not to perform particular functions—

(a) to which this section applies, and 

(b) which, by reason of the absence or illness of the monitoring officer, would but for this subsection fall to be performed by the deputy, 

those particular functions shall, while the monitoring officer continues to be unable to act by reason of absence or illness, be performed in that case personally by a person nominated for the purpose by the deputy. 

(4) Where functions to which this section applies are to be performed by a person nominated under subsection (2) or (3) who is an officer of the relevant authority, the authority shall provide the officer with such staff, accommodation and other resources as are, in the officer’s opinion, sufficient to allow those functions to be performed. 

(5) Where functions to which this section applies are to be performed by a person nominated under subsection (2) or (3) who is not an officer of the relevant authority, the authority shall—

(a) pay the person a reasonable fee for performing the functions, 

(b) reimburse expenses properly incurred by the person in performing the functions, but only to the extent that the amount of the expenses is reasonable, and 

(c) provide the person with such staff, accommodation and other resources as are reasonably necessary for the person’s performance of the functions.}
83 Interpretation of Part III.

(1) In this Part—

“case tribunal” has the meaning given by section 76(1),
“code of conduct” means a code of conduct under section 51,
“co-opted member” has the meaning given by section 49(7),
“elected mayor” and “elected executive member” have the meaning given by section 39(1) and (4),
“executive” is to be construed in accordance with section 11,
“executive arrangements” has the meaning given by section 10,
“executive leader” has the meaning given by [section 11(2A)(a) or (3) (a)],
“interim case tribunal” has the meaning given by section 76(2),
“model code of conduct” is to be construed in accordance with section 50...
“relevant authority” has the meaning given by section 49(6).

(2) Any reference in this Part to a committee of a relevant authority, in the case of a relevant authority to which Part II of this Act applies, includes a reference to a committee of an executive of the authority.

(3) Any reference in this Part to a member of a relevant authority, in the case of a relevant authority to which Part II of this Act applies, includes a reference to an elected mayor or elected executive member of the authority.

(4) Any reference in this Part to a joint committee or joint sub-committee of a relevant authority is a reference to a joint committee on which the authority is represented or a sub-committee of such a committee.

(6) Any reference in this Part to a failure to comply with a relevant authority’s code of conduct includes a reference to a failure to comply with the mandatory provisions which apply to the members or co-opted members of the authority by virtue of section 51(5)(b).

(7) Any reference in this Part to a person being partially suspended from being a member or co-opted member of a relevant authority includes a reference to a person being prevented from exercising particular functions or having particular responsibilities as such a member or co-opted member.

(8) The reference in subsection (7) to particular functions or particular responsibilities as a member of a relevant authority, in the case of a relevant authority to which Part II of this Act applies, includes a reference to particular functions or particular responsibilities as a member of an executive of the authority.
(9) A person who is suspended under this Part from being a member of a relevant authority shall also be suspended from being a member of any committee, sub-committee, joint committee or joint sub-committee of the authority, but this subsection does not apply to a person who is partially suspended under this Part.

(9A) A person who is suspended under this Part from being a member of a relevant authority shall also be suspended from being a member of any strategic planning panel in relation to which that authority is a constituent local planning authority, but this subsection does not apply to a person who is partially suspended under this Part.

(10) A person who is suspended under this Part from being a member of a relevant authority to which Part II of this Act applies shall also be suspended, if he is a member of an executive of the authority, from being such a member; but this subsection does not apply to a person who is partially suspended under this Part.

(11) A person who is disqualified under this Part for being or becoming a member of a relevant authority shall also be disqualified—

(a) for being or becoming a member of any committee, sub-committee, joint committee or joint sub-committee of the authority, and

(b) if the authority is one to which Part II of this Act applies, for being or becoming a member of an executive of the authority.

(12) ...........................................

(13) Any function which by virtue of this Part is exercisable by or in relation to the monitoring officer of a relevant authority which is a community council is to be exercisable by or in relation to the monitoring officer of the county council or county borough council in whose area the community council is situated; and any reference in this Part to the monitoring officer of a relevant authority which is a community council is to be construed accordingly.

(14) Any functions which are conferred by virtue of this Part on a relevant authority to which Part II of this Act applies are not to be the responsibility of an executive of the authority under executive arrangements.

(15) ...........................................

(16) ...........................................

Textual Amendments

F558 Words in s. 83(1) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 51(2)(a)(i), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

F559 Words in s. 83(1) repealed (1.7.2012 for specified purposes, 22.11.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 51(2)(a)(ii), Sch. 25 Pt. 5; S.I. 2012/1463, art. 5(a)(d) (with arts. 6, 7) (as amended (3.7.2012) by S.I. 2012/1714, art. 2); S.I. 2012/2913, arts. 1(2), 2(b)(c) (with arts. 3-6)

F560 Words in s. 83 substituted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), s. 245(2), Sch. 3 para. 26

F561 Words in s. 83(1) repealed (1.4.2006) by Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2005 (c. 10), s. 40, Sch. 4 para. 24(a), 7; S.I. 2005/2800, art. 5(1) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2006/362, art. 4)
Meaning of “local authority” and “principal council” in Part IV.

(1) In relation to England—
  “local authority” means a principal council or a parish council,
  “principal council” means a county council, a district council or a London
  borough council.

(2) In relation to Wales—
  “local authority” means a principal council or a community council,
  “principal council” means a county council or a county borough council.

(3) This section applies for the purposes of this Part.
85  Options for elections.

(1) For the purposes of this Part the three options for the scheme for the ordinary elections of councillors of a principal council are those set out in this section.

(2) The first option is for a scheme under which—
   (a) the term of office of councillors is four years,
   (b) the elections are held in a given year and every fourth year after it,
   (c) all the councillors are elected in each year in which the elections are held, and
   (d) the councillors retire together.

(3) The second option is for a scheme under which—
   (a) the term of office of councillors is four years,
   (b) the elections are held in a given year and every second year after it,
   (c) one half (or as nearly as may be) of the councillors are elected in each year in which the elections are held, and
   (d) one half (or as nearly as may be) of the councillors retire in each year in which the elections are held.

(4) The third option is for a scheme under which—
   (a) the term of office of councillors is four years,
   (b) the elections are held in a given year and every year after it other than every third year after it,
   (c) one third (or as nearly as may be) of the councillors are elected in each year in which the elections are held, and
   (d) one third (or as nearly as may be) of the councillors retire in each year in which the elections are held.

86  Power to specify a scheme for elections.

[F569(A1) The Secretary of State may by order make provision to secure that the scheme for the ordinary elections of councillors of any specified council in England is the scheme under the first option set out in section 85.]

(1) The Secretary of State may by order make provision to secure that the scheme for the ordinary elections of councillors of any specified council [F576in Wales] is the scheme under such of the options set out in section 85 as is specified in the order.

(2) A council is specified if it is—
   (a) a principal council (or one of the principal councils) specified by name in the order, or
   (b) a principal council falling within any description of principal council specified in the order.

(3) An order may make provision in relation to a council if the scheme specified in the order is different from the scheme which prevails (whether by virtue of an earlier order under this section or otherwise) for the ordinary elections of its councillors.

(4) An order may include provision specifying the years in which the ordinary elections are to be held.
(5) In a case where the specified scheme is that under the second or third option, an order may include provision for identifying which councillors are to retire in a particular year, and such provision may include—
   (a) provision for identifying the electoral divisions or wards affected,
   (b) provision for identifying the councillors affected within particular electoral divisions or wards.

(6) Provision under subsection (5) may include—
   (a) provision allowing the Secretary of State to direct councils to propose methods (complying with any guidance he may issue) for identifying electoral divisions, wards or councillors,
   (b) provision allowing him to give directions as to the methods to be adopted (whether those proposed or otherwise).

(7) An order may include provision designed to secure the transition from a prevailing scheme to the one specified in the order, and such provision may include—
   (a) provision to secure the retirement of existing councillors at times different from those applying under a prevailing scheme,
   (b) in a case where the specified scheme is that under the second or third option, provision for the initial election of all the councillors, for the retirement of some of them before the end of the normal term of four years, and for identifying which of them are so to retire.

Textual Amendments

F569  S. 86(A1) inserted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 54(3)(a), 245(2)
F570  Words in s. 86(1) inserted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 54(3)(b), 245(2)

87  Power to change years in which elections held.

(1) The Secretary of State may by order make provision which changes the years in which the ordinary elections of councillors of any specified local authority are to be held but which does not change the scheme which prevails (whether by virtue of an order under section 86 or otherwise) for the ordinary elections of those councillors.

(2) A local authority is specified if it is—
   (a) a local authority (or one of the local authorities) specified by name in the order, or
   (b) a local authority falling within any class or description of local authority specified in the order.

(3) An order may include provision to secure the retirement of existing councillors at times different from those at which they would otherwise retire.

88  Separate power to make incidental provisions etc.

(1) If the Secretary of State makes an order under section 86 or 87 he may make a separate order containing such incidental, consequential, transitional or supplemental provision as could have been included in the order made under that section.
(2) This applies whether or not the order under section 86 or 87 itself includes incidental, consequential, transitional or supplemental provision.

89 Consequential electoral changes.

(1) The \textit{Local Government Act 1992} is amended as mentioned in subsections (2) and (3).

(2) In section 6(2)(a) of the \textit{Local Government Act 1972} (electoral division of non-metropolitan county to return one councillor) after “Act” insert “ and subject to sections 14(8) and 17(7) of the Local Government Act 1992 ”.

Textual Amendments

\textit{Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 (c. 20)}, ss. 146(3), 148(3), Sch. 7 Pt. 3; S.I. 2009/3318, art. 4(hh).

Marginal Citations

\textit{Local Government Act 1972} c. 70.

\textbf{PART V}

\textbf{MISCELLANEOUS}

90 Surcharge etc.

(1) The \textit{Audit Commission Act 1998} is amended as follows.

(2) In section 17 (declaration that item of account is unlawful)—

(a) subsection (1)(b),

(b) in subsection (2), the words “subject to subsection (3)” and paragraphs (a) and (b), and

(c) subsections (3), (5)(b), (7) and (8), are omitted.

(3) Section 18 (recovery of amount not accounted for etc.) is omitted.

Commencement Information

S. 90 partly in force; s. 90 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 108(3)(7); s. 90 in force (E.) at 27.7.2002 by S.I. 2002/1718, art. 2(a); s. 90 in force (W.) in relation to police authorities by S.I. 2002/1718, art. 2(a)
91 Advisory notices.

(1) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

(2) Sections 20 to 23 of the Audit Commission Act 1998 (prohibition orders) cease to have effect.

Textual Amendments

S. 91(1) repealed (1.4.2015) by Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (c. 2), s. 49(1), Sch. 1 Pt. 2; S.I. 2015/841, art. 3(a) (with arts. 5-8, Sch.) (as amended (27.6.2016) by S.I. 2016/675, art. 2)

Commencement Information

S. 91 partly in force; s. 91 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; s. 91 in force at 19.12.2000 in relation to England and to police authorities in Wales by S.I. 2000/3335, art. 2

Marginal Citations

M33 1998 c. 18.

92 Payments in cases of maladministration etc.

(1) Where a relevant authority consider—

(a) that action taken by or on behalf of the authority in the exercise of their functions amounts to, or may amount to, maladministration, and

(b) that a person has been, or may have been, adversely affected by that action, the authority may, if they think appropriate, make a payment to, or provide some other benefit for, that person.

(2) Any function which is conferred on the Greater London Authority under this section is to be exercisable by the Mayor of London and the London Assembly acting jointly on behalf of the Authority.

(3) In this section—

“action” includes failure to act,
“relevant authority” has the same meaning as in Part III of this Act.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C157 S. 92: functions of local authority not to be responsibility of an executive of the authority (E.) (16.11.2000) by virtue of S.I. 2000/2853, reg. 2(1), Sch. 1
93 Grants for welfare services.

(1) The Secretary of State may, with the consent of the Treasury, pay grants to local authorities in England towards expenditure incurred by them
   in providing, or contributing to the provision of, such welfare services as may be determined by the Secretary of State, or
   in connection with any such welfare services.

(2) The National Assembly for Wales may pay grants to local authorities in Wales towards expenditure incurred by them
   in providing, or contributing to the provision of, such welfare services as may be determined by the Assembly, or
   in connection with any such welfare services.

(3) The amount of any grants under this section and the manner of their payment are to be such as may be determined by the Secretary of State or the Assembly (as the case may be).

(4) Grants under this section may be paid—
   (a) to all local authorities,
   (b) to particular local authorities, or
   (c) to particular descriptions of local authority (including descriptions framed by reference to authorities in particular areas).

(5) Grants under this section may be paid on such terms and conditions as the Secretary of State or, as the case may be, the Assembly may determine; and nothing in subsection (6) affects the generality of this subsection.

(6) Those terms and conditions may include provision as to the circumstances in which the whole or any part of a grant under this section must be repaid to the Secretary of State or the Assembly.

(6A) Before making any determination under subsection (3) or (5) the Secretary of State must obtain the consent of the Treasury.

(7) A local authority must supply the Secretary of State or, as the case may be, the Assembly with such information as he or it may require for the purposes of this section.

(8) A local authority must have regard to any guidance for the time being issued by the Secretary of State or, as the case may be, the Assembly with respect to the administration and application of grants under this section which are paid to them.

(9) A local authority must comply with any directions for the time being given by the Secretary of State or, as the case may be, the Assembly with respect to the administration and application of grants under this section which are paid to them.
(10) Any determination, guidance or directions under this section may make different provision in relation to different local authorities or descriptions of local authority (including descriptions framed by reference to authorities in particular areas).

(11) Before making any determination, issuing any guidance or giving any directions under this section relating to all local authorities in England or Wales or any description of such authorities, the Secretary of State or (as the case may be) the National Assembly for Wales must consult—

(a) such local authorities or representatives of local authorities as appear to him or it to be appropriate,

(b) such recipients, or representatives of recipients, of welfare services as appear to him or it to be appropriate, and

(c) such providers, or representatives of providers, of welfare services as appear to him or it to be appropriate.

(12) In this section—

“local authority” means—

(a) in relation to England, a county council, a district council, a London borough council, the Common Council of the City of London or the Council of the Isles of Scilly,

(b) in relation to Wales, a county council or a county borough council,

“welfare services” includes services which provide support, assistance, advice or counselling to individuals with particular needs.
Local Government Act 2000 (c. 22)
Part V – Miscellaneous
Chapter V – Supplementary

Status: This version of this Act contains provisions that are prospective.
Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial
team to Local Government Act 2000. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the
content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Modifications etc. (not altering text)
C158 S. 94 functions made exercisable concurrently (with effect in accordance with art. 25(1) of the
amending S.I.) by The Cotswolds Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (Establishment of Conservation
Board) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/1777), arts. 2, 25(2)(xxiv) (with art. 35)
C159 S. 94 functions made exercisable concurrently (with effect in accordance with art. 25(1) of the
amending S.I.) by The Chilterns Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (Establishment of Conservation
Board) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/1778), arts. 2, 25(2)(xxxiv) (with art. 35)

Commencement Information
165 S. 94 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; s. 94 in force (E.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I. 2001/2684, art. 2

F57795 Unauthorised disclosure of information.

Textual Amendments
F577 S. 95 repealed (5.8.2008 for specified purposes, 1.9.2008 in so far as not already in force) by Welfare
Reform Act 2007 (c. 5), ss. 42(11), 70(2), Sch. 8; S.I. 2008/2101, art. 2(1)(2)(a)(c) (with art. 3(1)(2))

Commencement Information
166 S. 95 partly in force; s. 95 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; s. 95 in force (E.) at 1.8.2001 by S.I.
2001/2684, art. 2

PROSPECTIVE

96 Housing benefit.
(1) Section 130 of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 (housing benefit) is amended as follows.
(2) At the end of subsection (2) there is inserted—
“but this subsection is subject to subsection (2A).
(2A) Except to the extent that regulations otherwise provide, payments in respect of services which provide support, assistance, advice or counselling to individuals with particular needs are not “payments in respect of a dwelling” for the purposes of subsection (1).”
(3) After subsection (4) there is inserted—
“(4A) Regulations under subsection (2A) above may make provision with respect to particular areas, particular authorities or particular descriptions of authority.”

Marginal Citations
M35 1992 c. 4.
Access to information

97 Background papers.

(1) In section 100D of the Local Government Act 1972 (inspection of background papers) for subsection (1) there is substituted—

“(1) Subject, in the case of section 100C(1), to subsection (2) below, if and so long as copies of the whole or part of a report for a meeting of a principal council are required by section 100B(1) or 100C(1) above to be open to inspection by members of the public—

(a) those copies shall each include a copy of a list, compiled by the proper officer, of the background papers for the report or the part of the report, and

(b) at least one copy of each of the documents included in that list shall also be open to inspection at the offices of the council.”

(2) In subsection (2) the words “of the list, or” are omitted.

98 Meetings and documents: notice etc.

(1) In section 100K of the Local Government Act 1972 (interpretation and application of Part VA), after subsection (2) there is inserted—

“(3) The Secretary of State may by order amend sections 100A(6)(a) and 100B(3) and (4)(a) above so as to substitute for each reference to three clear days such greater number of days as may be specified in the order.

(4) Any statutory instrument containing an order under subsection (3) above shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.”

(2) In Schedule 12 to that Act (meetings and proceedings of local authorities), after paragraph 4 there is inserted—

“4A (1) The Secretary of State may by order amend paragraph 4(2) above so as to substitute for the reference to three clear days such greater number of days as may be specified in the order.

(2) Any statutory instrument containing an order under sub-paragraph (1) above shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.”
Allowances and pensions for certain local authority members.

(1) The provision which may be made by regulations under section 7 of the Superannuation Act 1972 (superannuation of persons employed in local government service etc) includes provision for or in connection with the provision of pensions, allowances or gratuities to or in respect of such members of a local authority as may be prescribed by the regulations; and for the purposes of the application of this subsection to Wales, the reference to pensions and allowances is to be ignored.

(2) In subsection (1) “local authority” has the same meaning as in Part II of this Act.

(3) Section 18 of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989 (schemes for basic, attendance and special responsibility allowances for local authority members) is amended as follows.

(4) At the beginning of subsection (1) there is inserted “ Subject to subsection (1A), ” and after that subsection there is inserted—

“(1A) In relation to a district council, county council, county borough council or London borough council, subsection (1) above shall have effect with the omission of paragraph (b).”

(5) After subsection (2) there is inserted—

“(2A) Regulations under this section may authorise or require a scheme made by a district council, county council, county borough council or London borough council to include provision for the payment to members of the council of allowances in respect of such expenses of arranging for the care of children or dependants as are necessarily incurred in the carrying out of their duties as members.”

(6) In subsection (3), for “and (2)” there is substituted “ to (2A) ”.

(7) After subsection (3) there is inserted—

“(3A) Regulations under this section may make provision for or in connection with—

(a) enabling district councils, county councils, county borough councils or London borough councils to determine which members of the council are to be entitled to pensions, allowances or gratuities,

(b) treating the basic allowance or the special responsibility allowance as amounts in respect of which such pensions, allowances or gratuities are payable.
(3B) Regulations under this section may make provision for or in connection with requiring a district council, county council, county borough council or London borough council to establish and maintain a panel which is to have such functions as may be specified in the regulations in relation to allowances, or pensions, allowances or gratuities, payable to members of the council.

(3C) Regulations under this section may make provision for or in connection with enabling a panel established by a body specified in the regulations to exercise such functions as may be specified in the regulations in relation to allowances, or pensions, allowances or gratuities, payable to members of such district councils, county councils or London borough councils in England as may be specified in the regulations.

(3D) Regulations under this section may make provision for or in connection with the establishment by the National Assembly for Wales on a permanent or temporary basis of a panel which is to have such functions as may be specified in the regulations in relation to allowances, or pensions, allowances or gratuities, payable to members of county councils and county borough councils in Wales.

(3E) Regulations under subsection (3B) above may include provision—
(a) with respect to the number of persons who may or must be appointed to the panel of a council,
(b) with respect to the persons who may or must be appointed to the panel of a council,
(c) for or in connection with the appointment by councils of joint panels.

(3F) Regulations under subsection (3C) may include provision—
(a) with respect to the number of persons who may or must be appointed to a panel mentioned in that subsection,
(b) with respect to the persons who may or must be appointed to such a panel.

(3G) Regulations under subsection (3B), (3C) or (3D) may include provision—
(a) for or in connection with enabling a panel mentioned in that subsection to make recommendations to a council on the level of allowances payable to members of the council,
(b) for or in connection with enabling such a panel to make recommendations to a council as to which members of the council are to be entitled to pensions, allowances or gratuities,
(c) which permits different recommendations to be made in relation to different councils or descriptions of council.”

(8) In subsection (4), for the word “and” at the end of paragraph (b) there is substituted—
“(ba) make provision with respect to the amendment, revocation or replacement of a scheme made by a relevant authority under the regulations; and”.

(9) After subsection (5) there is inserted—
“(5A) In making or operating any scheme authorised or required by regulations under this section, a district council, county council, county borough council
or London borough council shall have regard to any guidance for the time being issued by the Secretary of State.”

Textual Amendments

F578 Words in s. 99(1) inserted (30.4.2012) by Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 (nawm 4), s. 178(3), Sch. 3 para. 5(2); S.I. 2012/1187, art. 2(1)(q)

Commencement Information

I69 S. 99 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; s. 99 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108(4); s. 99(1)-(3)(5)-(9) with the exception of so much of subsection (3) as relates to subsection (4) in force at 19.2.2001 in relation to England only by S.I. 2001/415, art. 2(b); s. 99 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)

Marginal Citations

M38 1972 c. 11.
M39 1989 c. 42.

F579

100 Power to make provision about allowances.

F579 S. 100 repealed (30.4.2012) by Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 (nawm 4), s. 178(3), Sch. 3 para. 5(3), Sch. 4 Pt. F; S.I. 2012/1187, art. 2(1)(q)(2)(m)

Indemnification of members and officers of relevant authorities

101 Indemnification of members and officers of relevant authorities.

(1) The Secretary of State may by order make provision for or in connection with conferring power on relevant authorities in England to provide indemnities to some or all of their members and officers.

(2) The National Assembly for Wales may by order make provision for or in connection with conferring power on relevant authorities in Wales to provide indemnities to some or all of their members and officers.

(3) An order under this section may apply—

(a) to all relevant authorities, or

(b) to any particular description of relevant authority.

(4) Before making an order under this section, the Secretary of State or (as the case may be) the National Assembly for Wales must consult—

(a) such representatives of relevant authorities,

(b) such representatives of employees of relevant authorities, and

(c) such other persons,

as he or it considers appropriate.
(5) In this section—

“member”, in relation to a relevant authority, includes—

(i) a member of any committee or sub-committee of the authority, or

(ii) a person who is a member of, and represents the authority on, any joint committee or sub-committee,

[“relevant authority” has the same meaning as in Part III of this Act.]
(2) Section 6(5) of [F584 the Local Authority Social Services Act 1970] (social services director not to discharge non-social services functions without approval of Secretary of State) ceases to have effect.

(3) After section 1 of that Act there is inserted the following section—

“1A Meaning of “social services functions”.

For the purposes of this Act the social services functions of a local authority are—

(a) their functions under the enactments specified in the first column of Schedule 1 to this Act (being the functions which are described in general terms in the second column of that Schedule), and

(b) such other of their functions as the Secretary of State may designate by an order made under this section.”

— Textual Amendments —

F583 S. 102(1) repealed (1.4.2005 for E., 1.4.2006 for W.) by Children Act 2004 (c. 31), ss. 55(5)(a), 67(7)(e), Sch. 5 Pt. 4; S.I. 2005/394, art. 2(2)(f); S.I. 2006/885, art. 2(e)

F584 Words in s. 102(2) substituted (1.4.2005 for E., 1.4.2006 for W.) by Children Act 2004 (c. 31), ss. 55(5)(b), 67(7)(e); S.I. 2005/394, art. 2(2)(f); S.I. 2006/885, art. 2(e)

— Commencement Information —

171 S. 102 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; s. 102 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; s. 102 in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(a); s. 102 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

Recoupment by local authorities of cost of providing day care

103 Recoupment by local authorities of cost of providing day care.

(1) In subsection (3) of section 29 of the [M40 Children Act 1989] (recoupment of cost of providing services etc.), after “subsection (1)” there is inserted “ for a service provided under section 17 or section 18(1) or (5) ”.

(2) After that subsection there is inserted—

“(3A) No person shall be liable to pay any charge under subsection (1) for a service provided under section 18(2) or (6) at any time when he is in receipt of income support under Part VII of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 or of an income-based jobseeker’s allowance.”

— Commencement Information —

172 S. 103 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; s. 103 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; s. 103 in force at 25.8.2000 in relation to England by S.I. 2000/2420, art. 2; s. 103 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)
Orders and regulations.

(1) Any power to make an order or regulations under this Act is exercisable by statutory instrument.

(2) Any order or regulations under this Act—
   (a) may contain such incidental, consequential, transitional or supplemental provision or savings as the Secretary of State considers necessary or expedient,
   (b) may make different provision for different cases, authorities or descriptions of authority.

(2A) In relation to regulations under section 9HE, 9MG or 44, subsection (2) has effect as if the reference to the Secretary of State were a reference to the Secretary of State or the Minister for the Cabinet Office.

(3) The provision which may be made under subsection (2) includes provision modifying any enactment (whenever passed or made).

(4) The power under subsection (3) to modify an enactment is a power—
   (a) to apply that enactment with or without modifications,
   (b) to extend, disapply or amend that enactment, or
   (c) to repeal or revoke that enactment with or without savings.

(5) Subject to subsections (6) and (7), a statutory instrument which contains an order or regulations under this Act is to be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.

(6) A statutory instrument which contains an order under section 3(3), 6, 9N or 101, or regulations under section 9BA, 9HE, 9MG or 44, is not to be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before and approved by a resolution of each House of Parliament.
(6A) Subsection (6) does not apply to a statutory instrument which contains an order under section 3(3) ... or 6 if the order is made only for the purpose of amending an earlier such order—

(a) so as to extend the earlier order, or any provision of the earlier order, to a particular authority or to authorities of a particular description, or

(b) so that the earlier order, or any provision of the earlier order, ceases to apply to a particular authority or to authorities of a particular description.]

(7) Subsection (5) does not apply to a statutory instrument which contains an order under section 108.

(7A) If a draft of a statutory instrument containing an order under section 9N would, apart from this subsection, be treated for the purposes of the standing orders of either House of Parliament as a hybrid instrument, it is to proceed in that House as if it were not such an instrument.

(8) In this section “enactment” includes an enactment contained in a local Act or comprised in subordinate legislation (within the meaning of the Interpretation Act 1978).]
106 Wales.

(1) In their application to Wales—

(a) ........................................

(b) Part IV, and

(c) section 105(2),

have effect as if for any reference to the Secretary of State there were substituted a reference to the National Assembly for Wales.

(2) Section 105(5) to (7) does not apply to an order or regulations under this Act which is made by the National Assembly for Wales.

(3) Any reference in Schedule 1 to the National Assembly for Wales (Transfer of Functions) Order 1999 to an Act which is amended by this Act is to be treated as referring to that Act as amended by this Act.

(4) Subsection (3) does not affect the power to make further Orders varying or omitting that reference.

(5) The power of the Welsh Ministers to make an order under section 21A(13)(b) or section 21G or regulations under section 53(11) or 54(5) is exercisable by statutory instrument.

(6) A statutory instrument which contains an order made by the Welsh Ministers under section 21A(13)(b) or regulations made under section 53(11) or (subject to subsection (6A)) section 54(5) is subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of the National Assembly for Wales.

(6A) Where a statutory instrument contains regulations made under section 54(5) which include provision adding to, replacing or omitting any part of the text of an Act of Parliament or a Measure or Act of the National Assembly for Wales, the instrument may not be made unless a draft of it has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the National Assembly for Wales.

(7) A statutory instrument which contains an order under section 21G may not be made unless a draft of the instrument has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, the National Assembly for Wales.

Textual Amendments

F597 S. 106(1)(a) repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 71, Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

F598 S. 106(5)-(7) inserted (30.4.2012) by Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 (nawm 4), ss. 176(1), 178(3); S.I. 2012/1187, art. 2(1)(p)

F599 Words in s. 106(5) added (1.5.2015) by Local Government (Democracy) (Wales) Act 2013 (anaw 4), ss. 68(4)(a), 75(3); S.I. 2015/1182, art. 2(e)

F600 Words in s. 106(6) inserted (1.5.2015) by Local Government (Democracy) (Wales) Act 2013 (anaw 4), ss. 68(4)(b), 75(3); S.I. 2015/1182, art. 2(e)

F601 S. 106(6A) inserted (1.5.2015) by Local Government (Democracy) (Wales) Act 2013 (anaw 4), ss. 68(4)(c), 75(3); S.I. 2015/1182, art. 2(e)

107 Minor and consequential amendments and repeals.

(1) Schedule 5 (minor and consequential amendments) has effect.
(2) The repeals set out in Schedule 6 have effect.

## Commencement Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Commencement Data</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>173</strong></td>
<td>S. 107 partly in force; s. 107 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108(4); s. 107(2) in force at 1.10.2000 for certain purposes in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2187, arts. 1(3), 3; s. 107(2) in force at 18.10.2000 for certain purposes in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2836, arts. 1(3), 2(c); s. 107 in force at 26.10.2000 for certain purposes by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(h); s. 107(2) in force at 9.4.2001 with application to Wales only by S.I. 2001/1471, art. 2; s. 107 in force at 28.7.2001 for certain purposes see s. 108(4)-(6)</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>174</strong></td>
<td>S. 107 in force for specified purposes at 22.5.2012 by S.I. 2012/1358, art. 2(c)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 108 Commencement.

(1) This section and sections 105, 106 and 109 come into force on the day on which this Act is passed.

(2) The following provisions of this Act—
   (a) Part IV,
   (b) section 104, and
   (c) in Schedule 6, the repeal of paragraph 63 of Schedule 37 to the Education Act 1996,

come into force at the end of the period of two months beginning with the day on which this Act is passed.

(3) The following provisions of this Act—
   (a) section 90, 91, and 93 to 96,
   (b) in Schedule 5, paragraphs 8, 12, 13, 15, 25, 26 and 34,
   (c) in Schedule 6, the repeal—
      (i) in section 80(1)(e) of the Local Government Act 1972,
      (ii) of sections 94 to 98 and 105 of that Act,
      (iii) in section 265A(1)(b) of that Act,
      (iv) of the provisions of the Local Government Act 1974, the Local Government Act 1985, the Transport Act 1985 and the Financial Services Act 1986 specified in Schedule 6,
      (v) of sections 19, 31 and 32(1) of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989,
      (vi) in Schedule 11 to that Act,

come into force on such day as the Secretary of State may by order appoint.

(4) Subject to subsections (5) and (6), the remaining provisions of this Act come into force at the end of the period of 12 months beginning with the day on which this Act is passed.
(5) The Secretary of State may by order provide—

(a) for paragraphs 17 and 18 of Schedule 4 to come into force before the time appointed by subsection (4),
(b) for paragraph 28 of Schedule 5 to come into force before the time appointed by that subsection,
(c) for any of the provisions of Part III of this Act so far as they relate to police authorities in Wales to come into force before the time appointed by that subsection, or
(d) for any of the other provisions mentioned in that subsection to come into force in relation to England before the time appointed by that subsection.

(6) The National Assembly for Wales may by order provide—

(a) for paragraph 28 of Schedule 5 to come into force before the time appointed by subsection (4), or
(b) for any of the other provisions mentioned in that subsection to come into force in relation to Wales before the time appointed by that subsection.

(7) An order under subsection (3), (5) or (6) may appoint different days for different purposes.

Subordinate Legislation Made

P1 S. 108(3)(7) power partly exercised (W.): 1.8.2001 appointed for specified provisions by S.I. 2001/2684, art. 2
S. 108(3)(7) power partly exercised (W.): 30.6.2002 appointed for specified provisions by S.I. 2002/1359, art. 2
S. 108(3)(7) power partly exercised: 27.7.2002 appointed for specified provisions by S.I. 2002/1718, art. 2

P2 S. 108(5)(7) power partly exercised: different dates appointed for specified provisions by S.I. 2000/2187, arts. 2, 3
S. 108(5)(7) power partly exercised: 18.10.2000 appointed for specified provisions by S.I. 2000/2836, art. 2
S. 108(5)(7) power partly exercised: 19.2.2001 appointed for specified provisions by S.I. 2001/415, art. 2

P3 S. 108(5)(d) power partly exercised: 25.8.2000 appointed for specified provisions by S.I. 2000/2420, art. 2

P4 S. 108(6) power partly exercised: 1.11.2000 appointed for specified provisions by S.I. 2000/2948, art. 2
S. 108(6) power partly exercised: 9.4.2001 appointed for specified provisions by S.I. 2001/1471, art. 2

Marginal Citations

M42 1996 c. 56.
M43 1972 c. 70.
M44 1974 c. 7.
M45 1985 c. 51.
M46 1985 c. 67.
M47 1986 c. 60.
109 Short title and extent.

(1) This Act may be cited as the Local Government Act 2000.

(2) Subject to subsections (3) and (4), this Act extends to England and Wales only.

(3) Sections 94 to 96, 105 and 108 extend also to Scotland.

(4) This section, paragraphs 17 and 18 of Schedule 4 and paragraph 28 of Schedule 5 extend also to Scotland and Northern Ireland.
SCHEDULE A1 – Executive arrangements in England: further provision

175

Status: This version of this Act contains provisions that are prospective.
Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to Local Government Act 2000. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

SCHEDULES

F602 SCHEDULE A1

EXECUTIVE ARRANGEMENTS IN ENGLAND: FURTHER PROVISION

Textual Amendments
F602 Sch. A1 inserted (3.12.2011 for specified purposes, 9.3.2012 for the insertion of Sch. A1 paras. 1, 5 so far as not already in force, 4.5.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 2 para. 2; S.I. 2011/2896, art. 2(e); S.I. 2012/628, art. 2(a); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)

Mayor and cabinet executives

1 (1) This paragraph applies in relation to executive arrangements by a local authority which provide for a mayor and cabinet executive.

(2) Subject to section 9C(5), the executive arrangements must include provision which enables the elected mayor to determine the number of councillors who may be appointed to the executive under section 9C(2)(b).

(3) The executive arrangements must include provision which requires the elected mayor to appoint one of the members of the executive to be the elected mayor's deputy (referred to in this paragraph as the deputy mayor).

(4) Subject to sub-paragraph (5), the person who is appointed deputy mayor, unless the person resigns as deputy mayor or ceases to be a member of the authority, is to hold office until the end of the term of office of the elected mayor.

(5) The elected mayor may, if the elected mayor thinks fit, remove the deputy mayor from office.

(6) Where a vacancy occurs in the office of deputy mayor, the elected mayor must appoint another person to be deputy mayor.

(7) If for any reason the elected mayor is unable to act or the office of elected mayor is vacant, the deputy mayor must act in the elected mayor's place.

(8) If for any reason—

(a) the elected mayor is unable to act or the office of elected mayor is vacant, and

(b) the deputy mayor is unable to act or the office of deputy mayor is vacant,

the executive must act in the elected mayor's place or must arrange for a member of the executive to act in the elected mayor's place.

Leader and cabinet executives (England)

2 (1) This paragraph applies in relation to executive arrangements by a local authority which provide for a leader and cabinet executive (England).
(2) Subject to section 9C(5), the executive arrangements must include provision which enables the executive leader to determine the number of councillors who may be appointed to the executive under section 9C(3)(b).

(3) The executive arrangements must include provision which requires the executive leader to appoint one of the members of the executive to be the executive leader's deputy (referred to in this paragraph as the deputy executive leader).

(4) Subject to sub-paragraph (5), the person who is appointed deputy executive leader, unless the person resigns as deputy executive leader or ceases to be a member of the authority, is to hold office until the end of any term of office of the executive leader (where the executive arrangements provide for such a term).

(5) The executive leader may, if the executive leader thinks fit, remove the deputy executive leader from office.

(6) Where a vacancy occurs in the office of deputy executive leader, the executive leader must appoint another person to be deputy executive leader.

(7) If for any reason the executive leader is unable to act or the office of executive leader is vacant, the deputy executive leader must act in the executive leader's place.

(8) If for any reason—
   (a) the executive leader is unable to act or the office of executive leader is vacant, and
   (b) the deputy executive leader is unable to act or the office of deputy executive leader is vacant,
the executive must act in the executive leader's place or must arrange for a member of the executive to act in the executive leader's place.

**Procedure**

Executive arrangements by a local authority may include provision with respect to—
   (a) the quorum, proceedings and location of meetings of the executive,
   (b) the appointment of committees of the executive, and
   (c) the quorum, proceedings and location of meetings of committees of the executive.

Meetings of executives and executive committees

A member of a local authority who is not a member of the authority's executive is entitled to attend, and speak at, a meeting of the executive, or of a committee of the executive, which is held in private only if invited to do so.
4A (1) A relevant police and crime commissioner may attend, speak at and vote at—
   (a) a meeting of an executive of a local authority which is a fire and rescue authority, or
   (b) a meeting of a committee of such an executive.

(2) Sub-paragraph (1) applies—
   (a) only if and to the extent that the business of the meeting relates to the functions of the authority as a fire and rescue authority, and
   (b) only if the executive has consented to the participation of the relevant police and crime commissioner in such meetings in response to a request by the commissioner to do so.

(3) If a request under sub-paragraph (2)(b) is made to an executive of a local authority, the executive must—
   (a) consider the request,
   (b) give reasons for its decision to agree to or refuse the request, and
   (c) publish those reasons in such manner as it thinks appropriate.

(4) In this paragraph “relevant police and crime commissioner” means a police and crime commissioner—
   (a) whose area is the same as, or contains all of, the area of the local authority, or
   (b) all or part of whose area falls within the area of the local authority.

 Mayor's assistant

5 (1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision for or in connection with the appointment of a person (an “assistant”) to provide assistance to an elected mayor.

(2) Regulations under this paragraph may, in particular, include provision with respect to the terms and conditions of appointment of an assistant.

Overview and scrutiny committees: education functions

6 (1) In paragraphs 7 and 8 “relevant authority” means a local authority which has education functions.

(2) Paragraphs 7 and 8 apply to an overview and scrutiny committee of a relevant authority if the committee's functions under section 9F relate wholly or partly to any education functions which are the responsibility of the authority's executive.

(3) Paragraph 7 and 8 also apply to a sub-committee of an overview and scrutiny committee of a relevant authority if the sub-committee's functions under section 9FA relate wholly or partly to any education functions which are the responsibility of the authority's executive.
7  (1) In the case of a relevant authority that maintains one or more Church of England schools, an overview and scrutiny committee or sub-committee to which this paragraph applies must include at least one qualifying person.

(2) A person is a qualifying person for the purposes of sub-paragraph (1) if the person is nominated by the Diocesan Board of Education for any Church of England diocese which falls wholly or partly in the authority concerned's area.

(3) In the case of a relevant authority that maintains one or more Roman Catholic Church schools, an overview and scrutiny committee or sub-committee to which this paragraph applies must include at least one qualifying person.

(4) A person is a qualifying person for the purposes of sub-paragraph (3) if the person is nominated by the bishop of any Roman Catholic diocese which falls wholly or partly in the authority concerned's area.

(5) A member of an overview and scrutiny committee or sub-committee appointed by virtue of sub-paragraph (1) or (3) is to be entitled to vote at a meeting of the committee or sub-committee on any question—

(a) which relates to any education functions which are the responsibility of the authority concerned's executive, and

(b) which falls to be decided at the meeting.

(6) The Secretary of State may by directions to a relevant authority require any of the authority's overview and scrutiny committees or sub-committees to which this paragraph applies to include persons who are appointed, in accordance with the directions, as representatives of the persons who appoint foundation governors for the foundation or voluntary schools maintained by the authority which are not Church of England schools or Roman Catholic Church schools but which are specified in the directions.

(7) Directions under sub-paragraph (6) may make provision with respect to the voting rights of persons appointed in accordance with such directions.

8  (1) The Secretary of State may by regulations require an overview and scrutiny committee or sub-committee to which this paragraph applies to include one or more persons elected, in accordance with the regulations, as representatives of parent governors at maintained schools which are maintained by the relevant authority concerned.

(2) Regulations under this paragraph may make provision for—

(a) the number of persons who are to be elected in the case of any relevant authority,

(b) the procedure to be followed in connection with the election of such persons and the persons who are entitled to vote at such an election,

(c) the circumstances in which persons are qualified or disqualified for being so elected or for holding office once elected,

(d) the term of office of persons so elected and their voting rights,

(e) the application to any such committee or sub-committee, with or without any modification, of any enactment (whenever passed or made) relating to committees or (as the case may be) sub-committees of a local authority,

(f) such other matters connected with such elections or persons so elected as the Secretary of State considers appropriate.

(3) Regulations under this paragraph may also make provision—
(a) enabling the Secretary of State to determine, where the Secretary of State considers it expedient to do so in view of the small number of maintained schools which are maintained by a relevant authority, that the requirement imposed on the committee or sub-committee by virtue of sub-paragraph (1) is to have effect as if it referred to representatives of parents of registered pupils (rather than representatives of parent governors) at those schools,

(b) for any regulations under this paragraph to have effect, where the Secretary of State makes any such determination, with such modifications as may be prescribed.

9 The following provisions of the Education Act 1996, namely—

(a) section 496 (powers of Secretary of State to require duties under that Act to be exercised reasonably), and

(b) section 497 (powers of Secretary of State where local authorities etc are in default),

are to apply to the performance of any duty imposed on a local authority by virtue of paragraphs 6 to 8 as they apply to the performance by a local authority of a duty imposed by that Act.

10 (1) Except for the expression “local authority”, expressions used in paragraphs 6 to 9 and the School Standards and Framework Act 1998 have the same meaning in those paragraphs as in that Act.

(2) In paragraphs 6 and 7 “education functions” has the meaning given by section 579(1) of the Education Act 1996.

Overview and scrutiny committees: voting rights of co-opted members

11 (1) A local authority may permit a co-opted member of an overview and scrutiny committee of the authority to vote at meetings of the committee.

(2) Permission under sub-paragraph (1) may only be given in accordance with a scheme made by the local authority.

(3) A scheme for the purposes of this paragraph may include—

(a) provision for a maximum or minimum in relation to the number of co-opted members of an overview and scrutiny committee entitled to vote at meetings of the committee, and

(b) provision for giving effect to any maximum or minimum established under paragraph (a).

(4) The power to make a scheme for the purposes of this paragraph includes power to vary or revoke such a scheme.

(5) In this paragraph, references to a co-opted member, in relation to an overview and scrutiny committee of a local authority, are to a member of the committee who is not a member of the authority.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C172 Sch. A1 paras. 11-13 applied (with modifications) by 2006 c. 41, s. 247A(3)(d) (as inserted (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 78; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b))
12 (1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision about the exercise of the powers under paragraph 11.

(2) Regulations under sub-paragraph (1) may, in particular, require schemes for the purposes of paragraph 11 (“voting rights schemes”)—

(a) to provide for permission to be given only by means of approving a proposal by the committee concerned;

(b) to provide for a proposal for the purposes of the scheme (“a scheme proposal”) to specify—

(i) the person to whom the proposal relates,

(ii) the questions on which it is proposed the person should be entitled to vote, and

(iii) the proposed duration of the person's entitlement to vote,

and to include such other provision about the form and content of such a proposal as the regulations may provide;

(c) to provide for a scheme proposal to be made only in accordance with a published statement of the policy of the committee concerned about the making of such proposals;

(d) to include such provision about the procedure to be followed in relation to the approval of scheme proposals as the regulations may provide.

(3) Regulations under sub-paragraph (1) may include provision for the notification to the Secretary of State by local authorities of the making, variation or revocation of voting rights schemes.

(4) The Secretary of State may by direction require a local authority to vary a voting rights scheme.

13 (1) A local authority which makes a scheme for the purposes of paragraph 11 must, while the scheme is in force, make copies of it available at its principal office at all reasonable hours for inspection by members of the public.

(2) If a local authority makes a scheme for the purposes of paragraph 11, or varies or revokes such a scheme, it must as soon as reasonably practicable after doing so publish in one or more newspapers circulating in its area a notice which complies with this paragraph.

(3) In the case of the making of a scheme, the notice under sub-paragraph (2) must—

(a) record the making of the scheme,

(b) describe what it does,

(c) state that copies of it are available for inspection at the principal office of the local authority, and

(d) specify—

(i) the address of that office, and

(ii) the times when the scheme is available for inspection there.
(4) In the case of the variation of a scheme, the notice under sub-paragraph (2) must—
   (a) record the variation,
   (b) describe what it does,
   (c) state that copies of the scheme as varied are available for inspection at the principal office of the local authority, and
   (d) specify—
       (i) the address of that office, and
       (ii) the times when the scheme is available for inspection there.

(5) In the case of the revocation of a scheme, the notice under sub-paragraph (2) must record the revocation.]

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**Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

C172 Sch. A1 paras. 11-13 applied (with modifications) by 2006 c. 41, s. 247A(3)(d) (as inserted (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 78; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b))

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**SCHEDULE 1**

**EXECUTIVE ARRANGEMENTS [F604 IN WALES]: FURTHER PROVISION**

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**Textual Amendments**

F604 Words in Sch. 1 heading inserted (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 72(1)(2); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)

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**Mayor and cabinet executives**

1 (1) This paragraph applies in relation to executive arrangements by a local authority which provide for a mayor and cabinet executive.

(2) Subject to section 11(8), the executive arrangements must include provision which enables the elected mayor to determine the number of councillors who may be appointed to the executive under section 11(2)(b).

(3) The executive arrangements must include provision which requires the elected mayor to appoint one of the members of the executive to be his deputy (referred to in this paragraph as the deputy mayor).

(4) Subject to sub-paragraph (5), the deputy mayor, unless he resigns as deputy mayor or ceases to be a member of the authority, is to hold office until the end of the term of office of the elected mayor.

(5) The elected mayor may, if he thinks fit, remove the deputy mayor from office.

(6) Where a vacancy occurs in the office of deputy mayor, the elected mayor must appoint another person in his place.

(7) If for any reason the elected mayor is unable to act or the office of elected mayor is vacant, the deputy mayor must act in his place.
(8) If for any reason—
   (a) the elected mayor is unable to act or the office of elected mayor is vacant, and
   (b) the deputy mayor is unable to act or the office of deputy mayor is vacant,
the executive must act in the elected mayor’s place or must arrange for a member of
the executive to act in his place.

(9) The deputy mayor is entitled to the style of “dirprwy faer”.

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Textual Amendments

**F605** Word in Sch. 1 para. 1(9) substituted (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 72(1)(3); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)

Commencement Information

175 Sch. 1 para. 1 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 1 para. 1 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 1 para. 1 in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(c); Sch. 1 para. 1 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

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Textual Amendments

**F606** Sch. 1 para. 1A and cross-heading repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 72(4), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

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Textual Amendments

**F607** Sch. 1 para. 2 heading substituted (30.12.2007) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), s. 245(2), Sch. 3 para. 29(1)

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2 (1) This paragraph applies in relation to executive arrangements by a local authority which provide for a [F608] leader and cabinet executive (Wales).

(2) The executive arrangements may include provision with respect to—
   (a) the election and term of office of the executive leader, and
   (b) the appointment and term of office of members of the executive appointed under section 11(3)(b)(ii).

(3) Subject to section 11(8), the executive arrangements must include provision which either—
   (a) enables the authority to determine the number of councillors who may be appointed to the executive under section 11(3)(b), or
   (b) enables the executive leader to determine the number of councillors who may be so appointed.
(4) Section 101 of the Local Government Act 1972 does not apply to the function of determining the number of councillors under sub-paragraph (3)(a).]

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**Mayor and council manager executives**

3 (1) This paragraph applies in relation to executive arrangements by a local authority which provide for a mayor and council manager executive.

(2) The executive arrangements may include provision with respect to the appointment and term of office of the council manager.

(3) The executive arrangements must include provision which requires the elected mayor to appoint a member of the authority to be his deputy (referred to in this paragraph as the deputy mayor).

(4) The deputy mayor may not be—

(a) the chairman or vice-chairman of the authority, nor
(b) a member of an overview and scrutiny committee of the authority.

(5) Subject to sub-paragraph (6), the deputy mayor, unless he resigns as deputy mayor or ceases to be a member of the authority, is to hold office until the end of the term of office of the elected mayor.

(6) The elected mayor may, if he thinks fit, remove the deputy mayor from office.

(7) Where a vacancy occurs in the office of deputy mayor, the elected mayor must appoint another person in his place.

(8) If for any reason the elected mayor is unable to act or the office of elected mayor is vacant, the deputy mayor must act in his place.

(9) If for any reason—

(a) the elected mayor is unable to act or the office of elected mayor is vacant, and

(b) the deputy mayor is unable to act or the office of deputy mayor is vacant, the council manager must act in the elected mayor’s place.

(10) Subject to sub-paragraphs (11) and (12A), the council manager—
(a) is entitled to attend, and speak at, meetings of the authority or any committee or sub-committee of the authority, but
(b) is not entitled to vote at such meetings.

(11) The council manager is entitled to attend, and speak at, meetings of an overview and scrutiny committee or sub-committee of the authority only if invited or required to do so by the committee or sub-committee.

(12) The reference in sub-paragraph (10) to a committee or sub-committee of the authority includes a reference to a joint committee on which the authority is represented or a sub-committee of such a committee.

\[ F612 \]

(12A) The council manager of a local authority is entitled to vote at a meeting of a joint committee, or sub-committee of such a committee, if—
(a) that joint committee or sub-committee has been appointed for the purpose of discharging functions which, as respects that local authority, are the responsibility of the executive of the local authority, and
(b) the council manager is a member of that joint committee or sub-committee.

(13) The council manager—
(a) is to be regarded for the purposes of Part I of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989 as holding a politically restricted post under the authority,
(b) may not also be the person who under section 151 of the Local Government Act 1972 has responsibility for the administration of the financial affairs of the authority, and
(c) may not also be the person who is responsible for performing the duties of the authority’s monitoring officer under section 5 of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989.

(14) The executive arrangements may include provision for the appointment by the elected mayor of one or more committees to advise the executive.

(15) The membership of any such committee as is mentioned in sub-paragraph (14) need not be determined in accordance with the political balance requirements.

(16) In the case of a local authority in Wales, the deputy mayor is entitled to the style of “dirprwy faer”.

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**Textual Amendments**

F610 Sch. 1 para. 3 repealed (10.7.2011) by Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 (nawm 4), ss. 34(6), 178(2), Sch. 4 Pt. B

F611 Words in Sch. 1 para. 3(10) substituted for words “sub-paragraph (11)” (E.) (18.5.2001) by S.I. 2001/1517, art. 6(2)(a)

F612 Sch. 1 para. 3(12A) inserted (E.) (18.5.2001) by S.I. 2001/1517, art. 6(2)(b)

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**Commencement Information**

I77 Sch. 1 para. 3 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 1 para. 3 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 1 para. 3 in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(c); Sch. 1 para. 3 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

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**Marginal Citations**

M58 1989 c. 42.
Procedure

4 Executive arrangements by a local authority may include provision with respect to—
   (a) the quorum, proceedings and location of meetings of the executive,
   (b) the appointment of committees of the executive, and
   (c) the quorum, proceedings and location of meetings of committees of the executive.

Meetings of executives and executive committees

5 A member of a local authority who is not a member of the authority’s executive is entitled to attend, and speak at, a meeting of the executive, or of a committee of the executive, which is held in private only if invited to do so.

Mayor’s assistant

6 (1) The [Welsh Ministers] may by regulations make provision for or in connection with the appointment of a person (an “assistant”) to provide assistance to an elected mayor.

   (2) Regulations under this paragraph may include provision with respect to the terms and conditions of appointment of an assistant.

   (3) Nothing in sub-paragraph (2) affects the generality of the power under sub-paragraph (1).

Textual Amendments

F613 Words in Sch. 1 para. 6(1) substituted (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 72(5); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)
Commencement Information

Local Government Act 2000 (c. 22)
SCHEDULE 1 – Executive arrangements in Wales: further provision
Document Generated: 2020-04-18

Status: This version of this Act contains provisions that are prospective.
Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to Local Government Act 2000. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Overview and scrutiny committees: education functions

Textual Amendments

8

F614 Sch. 1 para. 7 repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 72(6), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

(1) In this paragraph “relevant ... authority” means a local authority which has education functions.

(2) This paragraph applies to an overview and scrutiny committee of a relevant authority if the committee’s functions under section 21 relate wholly or partly to any education functions which are the responsibility of the authority’s executive.

(3) This paragraph also applies to a sub-committee of an overview and scrutiny committee of a relevant authority if the sub-committee’s functions under section 21 relate wholly or partly to any education functions which are the responsibility of the authority’s executive.

(4) An overview and scrutiny committee or sub-committee to which this paragraph applies must include one or more persons appointed as representatives of the persons who appoint foundation governors for the maintained schools which are maintained by the authority concerned and which are specified in directions made by the Welsh Ministers as schools which have a character connected with a particular religion, or particular religious denomination, specified in the directions.

(5) Sub-paragraph (4) does not apply if there are no maintained schools which are maintained by the authority concerned which are specified in directions under that sub-paragraph.

(6) A member of an overview and scrutiny committee or sub-committee appointed by virtue of sub-paragraph (4) is to be entitled to vote at a meeting of the committee or sub-committee on any question—

(a) which relates to any education functions which are the responsibility of the authority concerned’s executive, and

(b) which falls to be decided at the meeting.

(7) The [Welsh Ministers] may by directions to a relevant authority require any of the authority’s overview and scrutiny committees or sub-committees to which this paragraph applies to include persons who are appointed, in accordance with the directions, as representatives of the persons who appoint foundation governors for such of the maintained schools which are maintained by the authority concerned and which are not specified in directions under sub-paragraph (4) as may be specified in directions under this sub-paragraph.
(8) Directions under sub-paragraph (7) may make provision with respect to the voting rights of persons appointed in accordance with such directions.

**Textual Amendments**

F615 Word in Sch. 1 para. 8(1) repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 72(7) (a)(i), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

F616 Words in Sch. 1 para. 8(1) repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 72(7) (a)(ii), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

F617 Words in Sch. 1 para. 8(1) substituted (5.5.2010) by The Local Education Authorities and Children’s Services Authorities (Integration of Functions) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/1158), art. 1, Sch. 2 para. 47(2)

F618 Word in Sch. 1 para. 8(2) repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 72(7) (b), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

F619 Word in Sch. 1 para. 8(3) repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 72(7) (b), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

F620 Words in Sch. 1 para. 8(4) substituted (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 72(7)(c); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)

F621 Words in Sch. 1 para. 8(7) substituted (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 72(7)(c); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)

F622 Word in Sch. 1 para. 8(7) repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 72(7) (b), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

**Commencement Information**

181 Sch. 1 para. 8 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 1 para. 8 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 1 para. 8(4)(5)(8) in force at 1.11.2000 in relation to Wales by S.I. 2000/2948, art. 2; Sch. 1 para. 8 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

9 (1) In this paragraph “relevant authority” means a local authority [F623] which has education functions].

(2) This paragraph applies to an overview and scrutiny committee of a relevant authority if the committee’s functions under section 21 relate wholly or partly to any education functions which are the responsibility of the authority’s executive.

(3) This paragraph also applies to a sub-committee of an overview and scrutiny committee of a relevant authority if the sub-committee’s functions under section 21 relate wholly or partly to any education functions which are the responsibility of the authority’s executive.

(4) The [F624]Welsh Ministers] may by regulations require an overview and scrutiny committee or sub-committee to which this paragraph applies to include one or more persons elected, in accordance with the regulations, as representatives of parent governors at maintained schools which are maintained by the relevant authority concerned.

(5) Regulations under this paragraph may make provision for—

(a) the number of persons who are to be elected in the case of any relevant authority,

(b) the procedure to be followed in connection with the election of such persons and the persons who are entitled to vote at such an election,

(c) the circumstances in which persons are qualified or disqualified for being so elected or for holding office once elected,
(d) the term of office of persons so elected and their voting rights,
(e) the application to any such committee or sub-committee, with or without any modification, of any enactment (whenever passed or made) relating to committees or (as the case may be) sub-committees of a local authority,
(f) such other matters connected with such elections or persons so elected as the Welsh Ministers consider appropriate.

(6) Regulations under this paragraph may also make provision—
(a) enabling the Welsh Ministers to determine, where they consider it expedient to do so in view of the small number of maintained schools which are maintained by a relevant authority, that the requirement imposed on the committee or sub-committee by virtue of sub-paragraph (4) is to have effect as if it referred to representatives of parents of registered pupils (rather than representatives of parent governors) at those schools,
(b) for any regulations under this paragraph to have effect, where the Welsh Ministers make any such determination, with such modifications as may be prescribed.
Excerpt from a legislative document

**Textual Amendments**

- **F629** Sch. 1 para. 10 substituted (20.2.2014) by School Standards and Organisation (Wales) Act 2013 (anaw 1), s. 100(4), Sch. 5 para. 5(2); S.I. 2014/178, art. 2(f) (with art. 3)

- **F630** Word in Sch. 1 para. 11 substituted (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 72(10); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)

- **F631** Sch. 1 para. 11A inserted (5.5.2010) by The Local Education Authorities and Children’s Services Authorities (Integration of Functions) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/1158), art. 1, Sch. 2 para. 47(4)

- **F632** Words in Sch. 1 para. 11A substituted (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 72(11); S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)

- **F633** Word in Sch. 1 para. 11A substituted (20.2.2014) by School Standards and Organisation (Wales) Act 2013 (anaw 1), s. 100(4), Sch. 5 para. 5(3); S.I. 2014/178, art. 2(f) (with art. 3)

**Commencement Information**

- Sch. 1 para. 11 wholly in force at 1.11.2000; Sch. 1 para. 11 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 1 para. 11 in force at 7.8.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2187, arts. 1(3), 2(c); Sch. 1 para. 11 in force at 1.11.2000 in relation to Wales by S.I. 2000/2948, art. 2

**Marginal Citations**


- [F631 11A. In paragraphs [F632 and]F633 10] “education functions” has the meaning given by section 579(1) of the Education Act 1996.]

**Textual Amendments**

- **F634** Sch. 1 paras. 12-14 and cross-heading repealed (4.5.2012) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 3 para. 72(12), Sch. 25 Pt. 4; S.I. 2012/1008, art. 4(b)(c)

- **F634 12** .......................................................... 

- **F634 13** .......................................................... 

- **F634 14** ..........................................................
ELECTION OF ELECTED MAYOR

Application

1 This Schedule applies where there are three or more candidates to be an elected mayor of a local authority.

No candidate with overall majority of first preference votes

2 (1) If none of the candidates to be the elected mayor receives more than half of all the first preference votes given in the election the following provisions of this paragraph are to have effect.

   (2) The two candidates who received the greatest number of first preference votes given in the election remain in the contest.

   (3) If, by reason of an equality of first preference votes, three or more candidates are qualified to remain in the contest by virtue of sub-paragraph (2), all of them remain in the contest.

   (4) The other candidates are eliminated from the contest.

   (5) The number of second preference votes given in the election for each of the candidates remaining in the contest by voters who did not give their first preference vote to any of those candidates is to be ascertained.

   (6) That number is to be added to the number of first preference votes given for that candidate, to give his total number of preference votes.

Commencement Information

184 Sch. 2 para. 1 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 2 para. 1 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 2 para. 1 in force at 28.7.2001 see s. 108(4)-(6)

Candidate with overall majority of first preference votes

2 If one of the candidates to be the elected mayor receives more than half of all the first preference votes given in the election that candidate is to be returned as the elected mayor.

Commencement Information

185 Sch. 2 para. 2 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 2 para. 2 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 2 para. 2 in force at 28.7.2001 see s. 108(4)-(6)
(7) The person who is to be returned as the elected mayor is that one of the candidates remaining in the contest who has the greatest total number of preference votes.

(8) If, by reason of an equality of total number of preference votes, two or more candidates remaining in the contest each have the greatest total number of preference votes, the returning officer is to decide by lots which of them is to be returned as the elected mayor.

SCHEDULE 3

AMENDMENTS TO THE 1972 ACT

1  (1) Section 2 of the Local Government Act 1972 (constitution of principal councils in England) is amended as follows.

   (2) After subsection (2) there is inserted—

   “(2A) Where a council mentioned in subsection (1) or (2) above are operating executive arrangements which involve a mayor and cabinet executive or a mayor and council manager executive, the council shall consist of an elected mayor, a chairman and councillors.”

2  (1) Section 3 of that Act (chairman of principal council in England) is amended as follows.

   (2) After subsection (1) there is inserted—
“(1A) A member of the executive of a principal council may not be elected as the chairman of the council.”

(3) After subsection (4) there is inserted—

“(4A) Subsection (4) above shall have effect in relation to a district council which are operating executive arrangements which involve a mayor and cabinet executive or a mayor and council manager executive as if it provided for the elected mayor of the council to have precedence in the district, but this subsection shall not apply if the executive arrangements provide for it not to apply.”

Commencement Information

188 Sch. 3 para. 2 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 3 para. 2 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 3 para. 2 in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(e); Sch. 3 para. 2 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

3 (1) Section 5 of that Act (vice-chairman of principal council in England) is amended as follows.

(2) After subsection (1) there is inserted—

“(1A) A member of the executive of a principal council may not be appointed as the vice-chairman of the council.”

Commencement Information

189 Sch. 3 para. 3 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 3 para. 3 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 3 para. 3 in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(e); Sch. 3 para. 3 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

4 (1) Section 21 of that Act (constitution of principal councils in Wales) is amended as follows.

(2) After subsection (1) there is inserted—

“(1A) Where a council falling within subsection (1) are operating executive arrangements which involve a mayor and cabinet executive or a mayor and council manager executive, the council shall consist of an elected mayor, a chairman and councillors.”

Commencement Information

190 Sch. 3 para. 4 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 3 para. 4 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 3 para. 4 in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(e); Sch. 3 para. 4 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

5 (1) Section 22 of that Act (chairman of principal council in Wales) is amended as follows.

(2) After subsection (1) there is inserted—

“(1A) A member of the executive of a principal council may not be elected as the chairman of the council.”
(3) After subsection (4) there is inserted—

“(4A) Subsection (4) above shall have effect in relation to a principal council which are operating executive arrangements which involve a mayor and cabinet executive or a mayor and council manager executive as if it provided for the elected mayor of the council to have precedence in the area of that council, but this subsection shall not apply if the executive arrangements provide for it not to apply.”

Commencement Information

191 Sch. 3 para. 5 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 3 para. 5 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 3 para. 5 in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(e); Sch. 3 para. 5 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

6 (1) Section 24 of that Act (vice-chairman of principal council in Wales) is amended as follows.

(2) After subsection (1) there is inserted—

“(1A) A member of the executive of a principal council may not be appointed as the vice-chairman of the council.”

Commencement Information

192 Sch. 3 para. 6 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 3 para. 6 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 3 para. 6 in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(e); Sch. 3 para. 6 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

7 (1) Section 25A of that Act (title of chairman or vice-chairman of county borough council) is amended as follows.

(2) After subsection (2) there is inserted—

“(3) This section does not apply where a county borough council are operating executive arrangements which involve a mayor and cabinet executive or a mayor and council manager executive.”

Commencement Information

193 Sch. 3 para. 7 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 3 para. 7 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 3 para. 7 in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(e); Sch. 3 para. 7 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

8 (1) Section 80 of that Act (disqualifications for election and holding office as member of local authority) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (1)(a) after “or deputy chairman” there is inserted “ or, in the case of a local authority which are operating executive arrangements which involve a leader and cabinet executive, the office of executive leader or member of the executive ”.
Commencement Information
194 Sch. 3 para. 8 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 3 para. 8 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 3 para. 8 in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(e); Sch. 3 para. 8 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

9 (1) Section 83 of that Act (declaration of acceptance of office) is amended as follows.
(2) In subsection (1), after “councillor” there is inserted “ or elected mayor ”.
(3) In subsection (3), after paragraph (a) there is inserted—
“(aa) an elected mayor of the council to which the declarant is elected; or”.

Commencement Information
195 Sch. 3 para. 9 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 3 para. 9 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 3 para. 9 in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(e); Sch. 3 para. 9 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

10 (1) Section 84 of that Act (resignation) is amended as follows.
(2) In subsection (1), after “Act” there is inserted “ or elected as an elected mayor ”.

Commencement Information
196 Sch. 3 para. 10 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 3 para. 10 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 3 para. 10 in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(e); Sch. 3 para. 10 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

11 (1) Section 245 of that Act (status of certain districts, parishes and communities) is amended as follows.
(2) After subsection (1) there is inserted—
“(1A) Subsection (1)(b) above does not apply where the council are operating executive arrangements which involve a mayor and cabinet executive or a mayor and council manager executive.”

Commencement Information
197 Sch. 3 para. 11 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 3 para. 11 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 3 para. 11 in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(e); Sch. 3 para. 11 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

12 (1) Section 270 of that Act (general provisions as to interpretation) is amended as follows.
(2) In subsection (1), after the definition of “Easter break” there is inserted—
““elected mayor” has the same meaning as in Part II of the Local Government Act 2000;”.
(3) In subsection (1), after the definition of “electoral area” there is inserted—
““executive”, “executive arrangements” and “executive leader” have the same meaning as in Part II of the Local Government Act 2000;”.

(4) In subsection (1), after the definition of “land” there is inserted—

““leader and cabinet executive” has the same meaning as in Part II of the Local Government Act 2000;”.

(5) In subsection (1), after the definition of “local statutory provision” there is inserted—

““mayor and cabinet executive” and “mayor and council manager executive” have the same meaning as in Part II of the Local Government Act 2000;”.

(6) After subsection (4) there is inserted—

“(4A) Where a London borough council are operating executive arrangements which involve a leader and cabinet executive—

(a) paragraph 2 above shall have effect as if the following sub-paragraph were inserted after sub-paragraph (1)—

(1A) A member of the executive of a London borough council may not be elected as the mayor of the borough.

(b) paragraph 5 above shall have effect as if the following sub-paragraph were inserted after sub-paragraph (1)—

(1A) A member of the executive of a London borough council may not be appointed as the deputy mayor.

5B Where a London borough council are operating executive arrangements which involve a mayor and cabinet executive or a mayor and council manager executive, the preceding provisions of this Schedule shall have effect with the modifications specified in paragraphs 5C to 5I below.

5C The council shall consist of an elected mayor, a chairman and councillors.
Paragraphs 2(1) and 2(5) above shall have effect as if for the expression “mayor of a London borough” there were substituted “chairman of a London borough council”.

Paragraph 2 above shall have effect as if the following sub-paragraph were inserted after sub-paragraph (1)—

(1A) A member of the executive of a London borough council may not be elected as the chairman of the council.

Paragraphs 2(2) to (4) and 3 above shall have effect as if for any reference to “mayor” there were substituted “chairman”.

Paragraph 2(5) above shall have effect as if it provided for the elected mayor to have precedence in the borough, but this paragraph shall not apply if the executive arrangements provide for it not to apply.

Paragraph 5 above shall have effect as if for sub-paragraphs (1) to (3) there were substituted—

(1) A London borough council shall appoint a member of the council to be vice-chairman of the council.

(1A) A member of the executive of a London borough council may not be appointed as the vice-chairman of the council.

(2) The vice-chairman shall, unless he resigns or becomes disqualified, hold office until immediately after the election of a chairman at the next annual meeting of the council and during that time shall continue to be a member of the council notwithstanding the provisions of this Schedule relating to the retirement of councillors.

(3) Subject to any standing orders made by the council, anything authorised or required to be done by, to or before the chairman may be done by, to or before the vice-chairman.”

Paragraphs 5(4) above shall have effect as if for the expression “deputy mayor” there were substituted “vice-chairman”.

(1) Schedule 12 to that Act (meetings and proceedings of local authorities) is amended as follows.

(2) In paragraph 5, after sub-paragraph (3) there is inserted—

“(4) A member of an executive of a principal council may not be chosen to preside under sub-paragraph (3) above.”

(5) Sub-paragraphs (2)(c) and (3)(c) above do not apply where a London borough council are operating executive arrangements which involve a mayor and cabinet executive or a mayor and council manager executive.”
SCHEDULE 4 – Standards Board for England

Commencement Information

Sch. 3 para. 14 in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 3 para. 14 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 3 para. 14 in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(e); Sch. 3 para. 14 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

Textual Amendments

Sch. 4 repealed (31.1.2012 for the purpose of the repeal of Sch. 4 paras. 2(1)(b)-(e), 3, 4 and 1.4.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Localism Act 2011 (c. 20), s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 53, Sch. 25 Pt. 5 (with Sch. 4 para. 59(5)); S.I. 2012/57, art. 5(1)(a)(c)(2)(p) (with arts. 6, 8); S.I. 2012/628, art. 6(h), (with arts. 9, 11, 14, 15, 17)
SCHEDULE 5  
MINOR AND CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS

Children and Young Persons Act 1933 (c. 12)

1 In section 34A of the Children and Young Persons Act 1933 (attendance at court of parent or guardian), in subsection (2)(b) for the words “stand referred to their social services committee under” there is substituted “are social services functions within the meaning of”.

Commencement Information

1101 Sch. 5 para. 1 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 5 para. 1 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 5 para. 1 in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(6); Sch. 5 para. 1 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

2 In section 55 of that Act (power to order parent or guardian to pay fine etc), in subsection (5)(b) for the words “stand referred to their social services committee under” there is substituted “are social services functions within the meaning of”.

Status: This version of this Act contains provisions that are prospective.
Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to Local Government Act 2000. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes
In section 2 of the Local Authority Social Services Act 1970 (local authority to establish social services committees)—

(a) in subsection (1), for paragraphs (a) and (b) there is substituted “their social services functions”,

(b) subsection (2) is omitted.

In section 3 of that Act (business of social services committee), in subsection (1), the words “(hereafter in this Act referred to as “social services functions”)” are omitted.

In section 13 of that Act (orders and regulations), in subsection (3), for “2(2)” there is substituted “1A”.

In section 15 of that Act (citation, interpretation etc), in subsection (2), for “3” there is substituted “1A”.

Local Authority Social Services Act 1970 (c. 42)
In Schedule 1 to that Act (enactments conferring functions assigned to social services committees) after the entry relating to the M63 Housing Act 1985 there is inserted—

“Disabled Persons (Services, Consultation and Representation) Act 1986 (c. 33)

Sections 1 to 5, 7 and 8 except in so far as they assign functions to a local authority in their capacity as a local education authority. Representation and assessment of disabled persons.”

8  In section 80 of the Local Government Act 1972 (disqualifications for election and holding office as member of local authority), in subsection (1)(e) the words “or under the Audit Commission Act 1998” are omitted.

9  In section 85 of that Act (vacation of office by failure to attend meetings), after subsection (3) there is inserted—

“(3A) Any period during which a member of a local authority is suspended or partially suspended under section 66, 73, 78 or 79 of the Local Government Act 2000 shall be disregarded for the purpose of calculating the period of six consecutive months under subsection (1) above (and, accordingly, a period during which a member fails to attend meetings of the authority that falls immediately before, and another such period that falls immediately after, a period of suspension or partial suspension shall be treated as consecutive).”

Marginal Citations
M63 1985 c. 68.

Local Government Act 1972 (c. 70)
10 In section 86 of that Act (declaration by local authority of vacancy in office in certain cases), in subsection (1)(b) after “1998” there is inserted “ or section 79 of the Local Government Act 2000 ”.

**Commencement Information**

| Sch. 5 para. 10 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 5 para. 10 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 5 para. 10 in force at 19.12.2000 in relation to England and to police authorities in Wales by S.I. 2000/3335, art. 2; Sch. 5 para. 10 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6) |

11 In section 87(1) of that Act (date of casual vacancies)—

(a) after paragraph (e) there is inserted—

“(ee) in the case of a disqualification under section 79 of the Local Government Act 2000, on the expiration of the ordinary period allowed for making an appeal or application with respect to the relevant decision under that section or, if an appeal or application is made, on the date on which that appeal or application is finally disposed of or abandoned or fails by reason of non-prosecution thereof;”,

(b) in paragraph (f), for “(e)” there is substituted “ (ee) ”.

**Commencement Information**

| Sch. 5 para. 11 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 5 para. 11 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 5 para. 11 in force at 19.12.2000 in relation to England and to police authorities in Wales by S.I. 2000/3335, art. 2; Sch. 5 para. 11 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6) |

12 Sections 94 to 98 of that Act (restrictions on voting) cease to have effect.

**Commencement Information**

| Sch. 5 para. 12 in force at 22.5.2012 by S.I. 2012/1358, art. 2(a) |

13 Section 105 of that Act (disability for voting on account of interest in contracts etc) ceases to have effect.

**Commencement Information**

| Sch. 5 para. 13 in force at 22.5.2012 by S.I. 2012/1358, art. 2(a) |

**Local Government Act 1974 (c. 7)**

**Textual Amendments**

Sch. 5 para. 14 repealed (1.10.2004 except in relation to W., 10.11.2004 for W.) by Fire and Rescue Services Act 2004 (c. 21), s. 61, Sch. 2; S.I. 2004/2304, art. 2; S.I. 2004/2917, art. 2
In section 30 of that Act (reports on investigation by Local Commissioner)—
(a) in subsection (3), the words “except where subsection (3A) below applies” are omitted,
(b) subsection (3A) is omitted.

Commencement Information

I115 Sch. 5 para. 15 in force at 22.5.2012 by S.I. 2012/1358, art. 2(a)

Adoption Act 1976 (c. 36)

16 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

Textual Amendments

F637 Sch. 5 para. 16 repealed (30.12.2005) by Adoption and Children Act 2002 (c. 38), s. 148(1), Sch. 5 (with Sch. 4 paras. 2, Sch. 4 paras. 6-8); S.I. 2005/2897, art. 2(b)

Commencement Information

I116 Sch. 5 para. 16 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 5 para. 16 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 5 para. 16 in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(f); Sch. 5 para. 16 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

National Health Service Act 1977 (c. 49)

17 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

Textual Amendments

F638 Sch. 5 para. 17 repealed (1.3.2007) by National Health Service (Consequential Provisions) Act 2006 (c. 43), s. 8(2), Sch. 4 (with Sch. 2 Pt. 1 Sch. 3 Pt. 1)

Commencement Information

I117 Sch. 5 para. 17 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 5 para. 17 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 5 para. 17 in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(f); Sch. 5 para. 17 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

Registered Homes Act 1984 (c. 23)

18 In its application to a registration authority which are operating executive arrangements (within the meaning of Part II of this Act), section 13 of the Registered Homes Act 1984 (right to make representations) shall have effect as if for subsection (5) there were substituted—
“(5) If he informs the registration authority that he desires to make oral representations, they shall make arrangements to enable him to make such representations.”

Commencement Information
1118 Sch. 5 para. 18 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 5 para. 18 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 5 para. 18 in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(f); Sch. 5 para. 18 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

Children Act 1989 (c. 41)

19 In section 22 of the Children Act 1989 (general duty of local authority in relation to children looked after by them), in subsection (1)(b) for the words “stand referred to their social services committee under” there is substituted “ are social services functions within the meaning of ”.

Commencement Information
1119 Sch. 5 para. 19 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 5 para. 19 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 5 para. 19 in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(f); Sch. 5 para. 19 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

20 In section 42 of that Act (right of guardian ad litem to have access to local authority records), in subsection (1)(b) for the words “stand referred to their social services committee under” there is substituted “ are social services functions within the meaning of ”.

Commencement Information
1120 Sch. 5 para. 20 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 5 para. 20 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 5 para. 20 in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(f); Sch. 5 para. 20 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

Textual Amendments
F639 Sch. 5 para. 21 repealed (7.6.2005) by Inquiries Act 2005 (c. 12), s. 51(1), Sch. 3 (with ss. 44, 50); S.I. 2005/1432, art. 2

Commencement Information
1121 Sch. 5 para. 21 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 5 para. 21 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 5 para. 21 in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(f); Sch. 5 para. 21 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

22 In section 105 of that Act (interpretation), in subsection (5) for the words “which stand referred to the social services committee of that or any other local authority under” there is substituted “ of that or any other local authority which are social services functions within the meaning of ”.
Commencement Information

I122  Sch. 5 para. 22 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 5 para. 22 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 5 para. 22 in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(f); Sch. 5 para. 22 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

23  In its application to a local authority (within the meaning of Schedule 6 to that Act) which are operating executive arrangements (within the meaning of Part II of this Act), paragraph 6 of that Schedule (right to make representations) shall have effect as if for subsection (5) there were substituted—

“(5) If he informs the local authority that he desires to make oral representations, they shall make arrangements to enable him to make such representations.”

Commencement Information

I123  Sch. 5 para. 23 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 5 para. 23 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 5 para. 23 in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(f); Sch. 5 para. 23 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

Local Government and Housing 1989 (c. 42)

24  (1) Section 5 of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989 (designation and reports of monitoring officer) is amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (1), before “the officer so” there is inserted “subject to subsection (1A) below”.

(3) After that subsection there is inserted—

“(1A) The officer designated under subsection (1) above by a relevant authority to which this subsection applies may not be the head of that authority’s paid service.

(1B) Subsection (1A) above applies to the following relevant authorities in England and Wales—

(a) a county council,
(b) a county borough council,
(c) a district council,
(d) a London borough council,
(e) the Greater London Authority, and
(f) the Common Council of the City of London in its capacity as a local authority, police authority or port health authority.”

(4) In subsection (2), the words “or of any code of practice made or approved by or under any enactment” are omitted.

(5) In subsection (2), as substituted in relation to the Greater London Authority by section 73(6) of the Greater London Authority Act 1999, in paragraph (a) the words “or of any code of practice made or approved by or under any enactment” are omitted.

(6) After that subsection there is inserted—
“(2A) No duty shall arise by virtue of subsection (2)(b) above unless a Local Commissioner (within the meaning of the Local Government Act 1974) has conducted an investigation under Part III of that Act in relation to the proposal, decision or omission concerned.”

(7) In subsection (8), in paragraph (a) of the definition of “relevant authority”, for “(j)” there is substituted “(k)”.

(8) After that subsection there is inserted—

“(8A) Any reference in this section to the duties of a monitoring officer imposed by this section, or to the duties of a monitoring officer under this section, shall include a reference to the functions which are conferred on a monitoring officer by virtue of Part III of the Local Government Act 2000.”

Marginal Citations
M64 1999 c. 29.
M65 1974 c. 7.

25 Section 19 of that Act (members’ interests) ceases to have effect.

Commencement Information
I124 Sch. 5 para. 25 in force at 22.5.2012 by S.I. 2012/1358, art. 2(a)

26 Sections 31 and 32(1) of that Act (National Code of Local Government Conduct) are omitted.

Commencement Information
I125 Sch. 5 para. 26 in force at 22.5.2012 by S.I. 2012/1358, art. 2(a)

27 Sections 33 to 35 of that Act (economic development and discretionary expenditure by local authorities) cease to have effect.

Tribunals and Inquiries Act 1992 (c. 53)

28 In Part I of Schedule 1 to the Tribunals and Inquiries Act 1992 (tribunals under the supervision of the Council on Tribunals), at the end of paragraph 27 there is inserted—

“Local authorities, conduct of members 27A. A case tribunal or interim case tribunal appointed under section 76 of the Local Government Act 2000.”

Commencement Information
I126 Sch. 5 para. 28 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 5 para. 28 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 5 para. 28 in force at 19.12.2000 in relation to England and to police authorities in Wales by S.I. 2000/3335, art. 2; Sch. 5 para. 28 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)
Audit Commission Act 1998 (c. 18)

Textual Amendments

Sch. 5 para. 29 repealed (1.4.2004) by Health and Social Care (Community Health and Standards) Act 2003 (c. 43), s. 199(1)(4), Sch. 14 Pt. 2; S.I. 2004/759, art. 13

Commencement Information

Sch. 5 para. 29 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 5 para. 29 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 5 para. 29 in force at 26.10.2000 in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(f); Sch. 5 para. 29 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

Greater London Authority Act 1999 (c. 29)

In section 6 of the Greater London Authority Act 1999 (failure to attend meeting of the Assembly), after subsection (4) there is inserted—

“(5) Any period during which an Assembly member is suspended or partially suspended under section 66, 73, 78 or 79 of the Local Government Act 2000 shall be disregarded for the purpose of calculating the period of six consecutive months under subsection (1).”

Commencement Information

Sch. 5 para. 31 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 5 para. 31 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 5 para. 31 in force at 19.12.2000 in relation to England and to police authorities in Wales by S.I. 2000/3335, art. 2; Sch. 5 para. 31 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)

Section 13 of that Act (failure of Mayor to attend meetings) is to become subsection (1) of that section and after that subsection there is inserted—

“(2) Any meeting of the Assembly which the Mayor is unable to attend because he is suspended or partially suspended under section 66, 73, 78 or 79 of the Local Government Act 2000 shall be disregarded for the purposes of subsection (1) above.”

Commencement Information

Sch. 5 para. 32 wholly in force at 28.7.2001; Sch. 5 para. 32 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 5 para. 32 in force at 19.12.2000 in relation to England and to police authorities in Wales by S.I. 2000/3335, art. 2; Sch. 5 para. 32 in force at 28.7.2001 in so far as not already in force see s. 108(4)-(6)
In section 31 of that Act (limits of the general power), in subsection (5), for paragraphs (a) and (b) there is substituted “any social services function within the meaning of the Local Authority Social Services Act 1970”.

Section 66 of that Act (the Secretary of State’s guidance on ethical standards) ceases to have effect.

Sch. 6 partly in force; Sch. 6 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 108; Sch. 6 in force as follows: at 28.9.2000 for specified repeal see s. 108(2)(c); at 1.10.2000 for specified repeal in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2187, arts. 1(3), 2(b); at 18.10.2000 for specified repeals in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2836, arts. 1(3), 2(b); at 26.10.2000 for specified repeals in relation to England only by S.I. 2000/2849, arts. 1(3), 2(b); at 9.4.2001 for specified repeals in relation to Wales only by S.I. 2001/1471, art. 2; at 27.7.2002 for specified repeals in relation to England and police authorities in Wales by S.I. 2002/1718, art. 2(b).

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<th>Chapter</th>
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<td>1970 c. 42.</td>
<td>Local Authority Social Services Act 1970.</td>
<td>In section 3(1), the words “(hereafter in this Act referred to as “social services functions”)”. Section 6(5).</td>
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<tr>
<td>1972 c. 70.</td>
<td>Local Government Act 1972.</td>
<td>In section 80(1)(c), the words “or under the Audit Commission Act 1998”. Sections 94 to 98.</td>
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In section 100D(2), “of the list, or”.

Section 105.

In section 265A(1)(b), “94 to 98”.


1976 c. 57. Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976. In section 25(8), the words from “Without prejudice” to “inhabitants of its area”.

1978 c. 50. Inner Urban Areas Act 1978. In section 13, the words “section 137(1) of the Local Government Act 1972 or”.


1989 c. 42. Local Government and Housing Act 1989. In section 5(2)(a), and in section 5(2)(a) as substituted by section 73(6) of the Greater London Authority Act 1999, the words “or of any code of practice made or approved by or under any enactment”.

Sections 19, 31, 32(1) and 33 to 35.

In Schedule 11, paragraphs 22 and 23.


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<tr>
<th>Year</th>
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<td>1996</td>
<td>Education Act 1996</td>
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<td>1997</td>
<td>Police Act 1997</td>
<td>In Schedule 6, paragraphs 1 and 2.</td>
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<td>1998</td>
<td>Audit Commission Act 1998</td>
<td>In section 16(1)(a), “or 18”. In section 17, subsection (1) (b) and “and” preceding it; in subsection (2), “subject to subsection (3)”, paragraphs (a)and (b) and “and” following paragraph (b); subsections (3), (5)(b), (7) and (8). Section 18. Sections 20 to 23. In Schedule 3, paragraph 3(1).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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View outstanding changes

Changes and effects yet to be applied to:
- s. 9MB modified by S.I. 2020/395 reg. 12(1)(4)
- s. 21(2)(e) words inserted by 2011 nawm 4 s. 59(2)
- s. 21(2A) words inserted by 2011 nawm 4 s. 59(4)
- s. 21(4) words inserted by 2006 c. 48 Sch. 14 para. 38(2)
- s. 21(10) words inserted by 2006 c. 48 Sch. 14 para. 38(3)
- s. 21C(6)(c) and word omitted by 2012 c. 7 Sch. 5 para. 97(b)
- s. 21F inserted by 2011 nawm 4 s. 60
- s. 49(1) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 257(2) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 8(2), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
- s. 49(2) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 257(3) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 8(3), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
- s. 49(4) omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 257(4) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 8(4), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
- s. 50(1) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 258(2) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 9(2), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
- s. 50(2) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 258(3) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 9(3), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
- s. 51(4C) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 259(3) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 10(2), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
- s. 51(6)(c)(i) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 259(4) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 10(3)(a), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
- s. 53(3)(4) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 260(2) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 12(3), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
- s. 53(6)(a) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 260(3) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 12(3), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
- s. 53(7)(a) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 260(3) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 12(3), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
- s. 53(8) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 260(4) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 12(3), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
- s. 53(9) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 260(5) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 12(3), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
- s. 53(10) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 260(6) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 12(3), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
Local Government Act 2000 (c. 22)

– s. 53(11)(a) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 260(7)(a) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 12(4)(a), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
– s. 53(11)(k) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 260(7)(b) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 12(4)(b), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
– s. 54(4) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 261(2) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 13(3), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
– s. 54(5) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 261(3) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 13(5), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
– s. 54(6) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 261(4) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 13(4), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
– s. 54(7) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 261(5) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 15(3), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
– s. 54A(4) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 262(2) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 14(3), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
– s. 54A(5) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 262(3) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 14(4), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
– s. 57(5)(b)(c) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 263 (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 17, Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
– s. 63 applied (with modifications) by 2011 c. 20 Sch. 4 para. 60 (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. S. 63 was repealed by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 27, Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
– s. 63(1) amendment to earlier affecting provision S.I. 2006/949 Sch. 2 para. 5 by S.I. 2016/211 Sch. 3 para. 72
– s. 68(2)(a) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 264 (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 36(a)(i), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
– s. 68(2)(b) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 264 (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 36(b), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
– s. 73(6) omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 265 (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 41, Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
– s. 81(7)(b) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 266(2) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 48(3)(a), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
– s. 81(8) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 266(3) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 48(4), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
– s. 82(1) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 267(2) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 49(2), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
– s. 82(2) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 267(3) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 49(3), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
– s. 83(1) words omitted by 2011 c. 13 Sch. 16 para. 268 (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The repeal was superseded by the repeal made by 2011 c. 20, s. 240(2), Sch. 4 para. 51(2)(a)(iii), Sch. 25 Pt. 5.)
– s. 94(1) words substituted by 2007 c. 5 Sch. 3 para. 21
Changes and effects yet to be applied to the whole Act associated Parts and Chapters:
Whole provisions yet to be inserted into this Act (including any effects on those provisions):

- s. 21(2ZA) inserted by 2011 nawm 4 s. 59(3)
- s. 21(13)(c) inserted by 2011 nawm 4 s. 59(5)(b)
- s. 21(15A) inserted by 2011 nawm 4 s. 59(6)
- s. 21(18) inserted by 2011 nawm 4 s. 59(7)
- s. 21C(6)(aa)(ab) inserted by 2012 c. 7 Sch. 5 para. 97(a)