

Access to Justice Act 1999

1999 CHAPTER 22

PART IV

APPEALS, COURTS, JUDGES AND COURT PROCEEDINGS

Appeals

54 Permission to appeal.

- (1) Rules of court may provide that any right of appeal to—
 - (a) $[^{F1}$ the county court],
 - $[^{F2}(aa)$ the family court,]
 - (b) the High Court, or
 - (c) the Court of Appeal,

may be exercised only with permission.

(2) This section does not apply to a right of appeal in a criminal cause or matter.

- (3) For the purposes of subsection (1) rules of court may make provision as to-
 - (a) the classes of case in which a right of appeal may be exercised only with permission,
 - (b) the court or courts which may give permission for the purposes of this section,
 - (c) any considerations to be taken into account in deciding whether permission should be given, and
 - (d) any requirements to be satisfied before permission may be given,

and may make different provision for different circumstances.

- (4) No appeal may be made against a decision of a court under this section to give or refuse permission (but this subsection does not affect any right under rules of court to make a further application for permission to the same or another court).
- (5) For the purposes of this section a right to make an application to have a case stated for the opinion of the High Court constitutes a right of appeal.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Access to Justice Act 1999, Cross Heading: Appeals. (See end of Document for details)

- (6) For the purposes of this section a right of appeal to the Court of Appeal includes—
 - (a) the right to make an application for a new trial, and
 - (b) the right to make an application to set aside a verdict, finding or judgment in any cause or matter in the High Court which has been tried, or in which any issue has been tried, by a jury.

Textual Amendments

- F1 Words in ss. 54-57 substituted (22.4.2014) by Crime and Courts Act 2013 (c. 22), s. 61(3), Sch.
 9 para. 52; S.I. 2014/954, art. 2(c) (with art. 3) (with transitional provisions and savings in S.I. 2014/956, arts. 3-11)
- F2 S. 54(1)(aa) inserted (22.4.2014) by Crime and Courts Act 2013 (c. 22), s. 61(3), Sch. 10 para. 79; S.I. 2014/954, art. 2(d) (with art. 3) (with transitional provisions and savings in S.I. 2014/956, arts. 3-11)

55 Second appeals.

- (1) Where an appeal is made to [^{F1}the county court][^{F3}, the family court] or the High Court in relation to any matter, and on hearing the appeal the court makes a decision in relation to that matter, no appeal may be made to the Court of Appeal from that decision unless the Court of Appeal considers that—
 - (a) the appeal would raise an important point of principle or practice, or
 - (b) there is some other compelling reason for the Court of Appeal to hear it.
- (2) This section does not apply in relation to an appeal in a criminal cause or matter.

Textual Amendments

- F1 Words in ss. 54-57 substituted (22.4.2014) by Crime and Courts Act 2013 (c. 22), s. 61(3), Sch. 9 para. 52; S.I. 2014/954, art. 2(c) (with art. 3) (with transitional provisions and savings in S.I. 2014/956, arts. 3-11)
- F3 Words in s. 55(1) inserted (22.4.2014) by Crime and Courts Act 2013 (c. 22), s. 61(3), Sch. 10 para.
 80; S.I. 2014/954, art. 2(d) (with art. 3) (with transitional provisions and savings in S.I. 2014/956, arts. 3-11)

56 Power to prescribe alternative destination of appeals.

- (1) The Lord Chancellor may by order provide that appeals which would otherwise lie to—
 - (a) $[^{F1}$ the county court],
 - $[^{F4}(aa)$ the family court,]
 - (b) the High Court, or
 - (c) the Court of Appeal,

shall lie instead to another of those courts, as specified in the order.

- (2) This section does not apply to an appeal in a criminal cause or matter.
- (3) An order under subsection (1)—
 - (a) may make different provision for different classes of proceedings or appeals, and

- (b) may contain consequential amendments or repeals of enactments.
- (4) Before making an order under subsection (1) the Lord Chancellor shall consult—
 - (a) the Lord Chief Justice,
 - (b) the Master of the Rolls,
 - $[^{F5}(c)]$ the President of the Queen's Bench Division,
 - (d) the President of the Family Division, and
 - (e) the Chancellor of the High Court.]
- (5) An order under subsection (1) shall be made by statutory instrument.
- (6) No such order may be made unless a draft of it has been laid before and approved by resolution of each House of Parliament.
- (7) For the purposes of this section an application to have a case stated for the opinion of the High Court constitutes an appeal.
- [^{F6}(8) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section.]

Textual Amendments

- F1 Words in ss. 54-57 substituted (22.4.2014) by Crime and Courts Act 2013 (c. 22), s. 61(3), Sch. 9 para. 52; S.I. 2014/954, art. 2(c) (with art. 3) (with transitional provisions and savings in S.I. 2014/956, arts. 3-11)
- F4 S. 56(1)(aa) inserted (22.4.2014) by Crime and Courts Act 2013 (c. 22), s. 61(3), Sch. 10 para. 81; S.I. 2014/954, art. 2(d) (with art. 3) (with transitional provisions and savings in S.I. 2014/956, arts. 3-11)
- **F5** S. 56(4)(c)-(e) substituted (1.10.2005) for s. 56(4)(c)(d) by Constitutional Reform Act 2005 (c. 4), ss. 15(1), 148, **Sch. 4 para. 280(2)**; S.I. 2005/2505, **art. 2(c)**
- F6 S. 56(8) inserted (3.4.2006) by Constitutional Reform Act 2005 (c. 4), ss. 15(1), 148, Sch. 4 para. 280(3); S.I. 2006/1014, art. 2(a), Sch. 1 para. 11(w)

57 Assignment of appeals to Court of Appeal.

- (1) Where in any proceedings in [^{F1}the county court][^{F7}, the family court] or the High Court a person appeals, or seeks permission to appeal, to a court other than the Court of Appeal or the [^{F8}Supreme Court]—
 - (a) the Master of the Rolls, or
 - (b) the court from which or to which the appeal is made, or from which permission to appeal is sought, [^{F9} or
 - (c) the President of the Family Division where it is the family court from which or to which the appeal is made, or from which permission to appeal is sought,]

may direct that the appeal shall be heard instead by the Court of Appeal.

(2) The power conferred by subsection (1)(b) shall be subject to rules of court.

Textual Amendments

F1 Words in ss. 54-57 substituted (22.4.2014) by Crime and Courts Act 2013 (c. 22), s. 61(3), Sch. 9 para. 52; S.I. 2014/954, art. 2(c) (with art. 3) (with transitional provisions and savings in S.I. 2014/956, arts. 3-11)

- F7 Words in s. 57(1) inserted (22.4.2014) by Crime and Courts Act 2013 (c. 22), s. 61(3), Sch. 10 para.
 82(a); S.I. 2014/954, art. 2(d) (with art. 3) (with transitional provisions and savings in S.I. 2014/956, arts. 3-11)
- F8 Words in s. 57(1) substituted (1.10.2009) by Constitutional Reform Act 2005 (c. 4), ss. 40, 148, Sch. 9 para. 68(2); S.I. 2009/1604, art. 2
- F9 S. 57(1)(c) and word inserted (22.4.2014) by Crime and Courts Act 2013 (c. 22), s. 61(3), Sch. 10 para. 82(b); S.I. 2014/954, art. 2(d) (with art. 3) (with transitional provisions and savings in S.I. 2014/956, arts. 3-11)

58 Criminal appeals: minor amendments.

^{F10}(1).....

- (2) In section 8(1B)(b) of the Criminal Appeal Act 1968 (power of Court to direct entry of judgment and verdict of acquittal on applications relating to order for retrial), after "to" insert " set aside the order for retrial and ".
- (3) In section 9(2) of that Act (right of appeal against sentence for summary offence), insert at the end " or sub-paragraph (4) of that paragraph."
- (4) Section 10 of that Act (appeal to Court of Appeal by person dealt with by Crown Court for offence of which he was not convicted on indictment) is amended in accordance with subsections (5) to (7).
- (5) ^{F11}.....
- - (7) In subsection (4) (calculation of length of term of imprisonment), after "imprisonment" insert " or detention ".

Textual Amendments

- **F10** S. 58(1)(6) repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165(4), 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)
- F11 S. 58(5) repealed (4.4.2005) by Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44), ss. 332, 336, Sch. 37 Pt. 7; S.I. 2005/950, art. 2(1), Sch. 1 para. 44(4)(q) (subject to art. 2(2), Sch. 2 (which said Sch. 2 para. 23(1) was explained (29.7.2005) by S.I. 2005/2122, art. 2))

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Access to Justice Act 1999, Cross Heading: Appeals.