



Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act 1996

1996 CHAPTER 53

PART II

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

Introductory provisions

104 Construction contracts.

- (1) In this Part a “construction contract” means an agreement with a person for any of the following—
 - (a) the carrying out of construction operations;
 - (b) arranging for the carrying out of construction operations by others, whether under sub-contract to him or otherwise;
 - (c) providing his own labour, or the labour of others, for the carrying out of construction operations.
- (2) References in this Part to a construction contract include an agreement—
 - (a) to do architectural, design, or surveying work, or
 - (b) to provide advice on building, engineering, interior or exterior decoration or on the laying-out of landscape,in relation to construction operations.
- (3) References in this Part to a construction contract do not include a contract of employment (within the meaning of the ^{M1}Employment Rights Act 1996).
- (4) The Secretary of State may by order add to, amend or repeal any of the provisions of subsection (1), (2) or (3) as to the agreements which are construction contracts for the purposes of this Part or are to be taken or not to be taken as included in references to such contracts.

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No such order shall be made unless a draft of it has been laid before and approved by a resolution of each of House of Parliament.

- (5) Where an agreement relates to construction operations and other matters, this Part applies to it only so far as it relates to construction operations.

An agreement relates to construction operations so far as it makes provision of any kind within subsection (1) or (2).

- (6) This Part applies only to construction contracts which—
- (a) are entered into after the commencement of this Part, and
 - (b) relate to the carrying out of construction operations in England, Wales or Scotland.
- (7) This Part applies whether or not the law of England and Wales or Scotland is otherwise the applicable law in relation to the contract.

Commencement Information

- II** S. 104 wholly in force; s. 104 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 150; s. 104 in force for certain purposes at 11.9.1996 by S.I. 1996/2352, art. 2(2); s. 104 in force insofar as not already in force at 1.5.1998 by (E.W.) S.I. 1998/650, art. 2 and (S.) S.I. 1998/894, art. 2

Marginal Citations

- M1** 1996 c. 18.

105 Meaning of “construction operations”.

- (1) In this Part “construction operations” means, subject as follows, operations of any of the following descriptions—
- (a) construction, alteration, repair, maintenance, extension, demolition or dismantling of buildings, or structures forming, or to form, part of the land (whether permanent or not);
 - (b) construction, alteration, repair, maintenance, extension, demolition or dismantling of any works forming, or to form, part of the land, including (without prejudice to the foregoing) walls, roadworks, power-lines, telecommunication apparatus, aircraft runways, docks and harbours, railways, inland waterways, pipe-lines, reservoirs, water-mains, wells, sewers, industrial plant and installations for purposes of land drainage, coast protection or defence;
 - (c) installation in any building or structure of fittings forming part of the land, including (without prejudice to the foregoing) systems of heating, lighting, air-conditioning, ventilation, power supply, drainage, sanitation, water supply or fire protection, or security or communications systems;
 - (d) external or internal cleaning of buildings and structures, so far as carried out in the course of their construction, alteration, repair, extension or restoration;
 - (e) operations which form an integral part of, or are preparatory to, or are for rendering complete, such operations as are previously described in this subsection, including site clearance, earth-moving, excavation, tunnelling and boring, laying of foundations, erection, maintenance or dismantling of

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- scaffolding, site restoration, landscaping and the provision of roadways and other access works;
- (f) painting or decorating the internal or external surfaces of any building or structure.
- (2) The following operations are not construction operations within the meaning of this Part—
- (a) drilling for, or extraction of, oil or natural gas;
- (b) extraction (whether by underground or surface working) of minerals; tunnelling or boring, or construction of underground works, for this purpose;
- (c) assembly, installation or demolition of plant or machinery, or erection or demolition of steelwork for the purposes of supporting or providing access to plant or machinery, on a site where the primary activity is—
- (i) nuclear processing, power generation, or water or effluent treatment, or
- (ii) the production, transmission, processing or bulk storage (other than warehousing) of chemicals, pharmaceuticals, oil, gas, steel or food and drink;
- (d) manufacture or delivery to site of—
- (i) building or engineering components or equipment,
- (ii) materials, plant or machinery, or
- (iii) components for systems of heating, lighting, air-conditioning, ventilation, power supply, drainage, sanitation, water supply or fire protection, or for security or communications systems, except under a contract which also provides for their installation;
- (e) the making, installation and repair of artistic works, being sculptures, murals and other works which are wholly artistic in nature.
- (3) The Secretary of State may by order add to, amend or repeal any of the provisions of subsection (1) or (2) as to the operations and work to be treated as construction operations for the purposes of this Part.
- (4) No such order shall be made unless a draft of it has been laid before and approved by a resolution of each House of Parliament.

Commencement Information

I2 S. 105 wholly in force; s. 105 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 150; s. 105 in force for certain purposes at 11.9.1996 by S.I. 1996/2352, art. 2(2); s. 105 in force insofar as not already in force at 1.5.1998 by (E.W.) S.I. 1998/650, art. 2 and (S.) S.I. 1998/894, art. 2

106 Provisions not applicable to contract with residential occupier.

- (1) This Part does not apply—
- (a) to a construction contract with a residential occupier (see below), or
- (b) to any other description of construction contract excluded from the operation of this Part by order of the Secretary of State.
- (2) A construction contract with a residential occupier means a construction contract which principally relates to operations on a dwelling which one of the parties to the contract occupies, or intends to occupy, as his residence.

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In this subsection “dwelling” means a dwelling-house or a flat; and for this purpose—
 “dwelling-house” does not include a building containing a flat; and
 “flat” means separate and self-contained premises constructed or adapted for use for residential purposes and forming part of a building from some other part of which the premises are divided horizontally.

- (3) The Secretary of State may by order amend subsection (2).
- (4) No order under this section shall be made unless a draft of it has been laid before and approved by a resolution of each House of Parliament.

Commencement Information

- I3** [S. 106](#) wholly in force; [s. 106](#) not in force at Royal Assent see [s. 150](#); [s. 106](#) in force for certain purposes at 11.9.1996 by [S.I. 1996/2352](#), [art. 2\(2\)](#); [s. 106](#) in force insofar as not already in force at 1.5.1998 by (E.W.) [S.I. 1998/650](#), [art. 2](#) and (S.) [S.I. 1998/894](#), [art. 2](#)

107 Provisions applicable only to agreements in writing.

- (1) The provisions of this Part apply only where the construction contract is in writing, and any other agreement between the parties as to any matter is effective for the purposes of this Part only if in writing.

The expressions “agreement”, “agree” and “agreed” shall be construed accordingly.

- (2) There is an agreement in writing—
 - (a) if the agreement is made in writing (whether or not it is signed by the parties),
 - (b) if the agreement is made by exchange of communications in writing, or
 - (c) if the agreement is evidenced in writing.
- (3) Where parties agree otherwise than in writing by reference to terms which are in writing, they make an agreement in writing.
- (4) An agreement is evidenced in writing if an agreement made otherwise than in writing is recorded by one of the parties, or by a third party, with the authority of the parties to the agreement.
- (5) An exchange of written submissions in adjudication proceedings, or in arbitral or legal proceedings in which the existence of an agreement otherwise than in writing is alleged by one party against another party and not denied by the other party in his response constitutes as between those parties an agreement in writing to the effect alleged.
- (6) References in this Part to anything being written or in writing include its being recorded by any means.

Commencement Information

- I4** [S. 107](#) wholly in force; [s. 107](#) not in force at Royal Assent see [s. 150](#); [s. 107](#) in force at 1.5.1998 by (E.W.) [S.I. 1998/650](#), [art. 2](#) and (S.) [S.I. 1998/894](#), [art. 2](#)

Status: Point in time view as at 01/05/1998.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act 1996, Part II. (See end of Document for details)

Adjudication

108 Right to refer disputes to adjudication.

- (1) A party to a construction contract has the right to refer a dispute arising under the contract for adjudication under a procedure complying with this section.

For this purpose “dispute” includes any difference.

- (2) The contract shall—
- (a) enable a party to give notice at any time of his intention to refer a dispute to adjudication;
 - (b) provide a timetable with the object of securing the appointment of the adjudicator and referral of the dispute to him within 7 days of such notice;
 - (c) require the adjudicator to reach a decision within 28 days of referral or such longer period as is agreed by the parties after the dispute has been referred;
 - (d) allow the adjudicator to extend the period of 28 days by up to 14 days, with the consent of the party by whom the dispute was referred;
 - (e) impose a duty on the adjudicator to act impartially; and
 - (f) enable the adjudicator to take the initiative in ascertaining the facts and the law.
- (3) The contract shall provide that the decision of the adjudicator is binding until the dispute is finally determined by legal proceedings, by arbitration (if the contract provides for arbitration or the parties otherwise agree to arbitration) or by agreement.

The parties may agree to accept the decision of the adjudicator as finally determining the dispute.

- (4) The contract shall also provide that the adjudicator is not liable for anything done or omitted in the discharge or purported discharge of his functions as adjudicator unless the act or omission is in bad faith, and that any employee or agent of the adjudicator is similarly protected from liability.
- (5) If the contract does not comply with the requirements of subsections (1) to (4), the adjudication provisions of the Scheme for Construction Contracts apply.
- (6) For England and Wales, the Scheme may apply the provisions of the ^{M2}Arbitration Act 1996 with such adaptations and modifications as appear to the Minister making the scheme to be appropriate.

For Scotland, the Scheme may include provision conferring powers on courts in relation to adjudication and provision relating to the enforcement of the adjudicator’s decision.

Commencement Information

- I5** S. 108 wholly in force; s. 108 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 150; s. 108 in force for certain purposes at 11.9.1996 by S.I. 1996/2352, art. 2(2); s. 108 in force insofar as not already in force at 1.5.1998 by (E.W.) S.I. 1998/650, art. 2 and (S.) S.I. 1998/894, art. 2

Marginal Citations

- M2** 1996 c. 23.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/05/1998.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act 1996, Part II. (See end of Document for details)

Payment

109 Entitlement to stage payments.

- (1) A party to a construction contract is entitled to payment by instalments, stage payments or other periodic payments for any work under the contract unless—
 - (a) it is specified in the contract that the duration of the work is to be less than 45 days, or
 - (b) it is agreed between the parties that the duration of the work is estimated to be less than 45 days.
- (2) The parties are free to agree the amounts of the payments and the intervals at which, or circumstances in which, they become due.
- (3) In the absence of such agreement, the relevant provisions of the Scheme for Construction Contracts apply.
- (4) References in the following sections to a payment under the contract include a payment by virtue of this section.

Commencement Information

16 S. 109 wholly in force; s. 109 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 150; s. 109 in force at 1.5.1998 by (E.W.) [S.I. 1998/650](#), [art. 2](#) and (S.) [S.I. 1998/894](#), [art. 2](#)

110 Dates for payment.

- (1) Every construction contract shall—
 - (a) provide an adequate mechanism for determining what payments become due under the contract, and when, and
 - (b) provide for a final date for payment in relation to any sum which becomes due.

The parties are free to agree how long the period is to be between the date on which a sum becomes due and the final date for payment.
- (2) Every construction contract shall provide for the giving of notice by a party not later than five days after the date on which a payment becomes due from him under the contract, or would have become due if—
 - (a) the other party had carried out his obligations under the contract, and
 - (b) no set-off or abatement was permitted by reference to any sum claimed to be due under one or more other contracts,

specifying the amount (if any) of the payment made or proposed to be made, and the basis on which that amount was calculated.
- (3) If or to the extent that a contract does not contain such provision as is mentioned in subsection (1) or (2), the relevant provisions of the Scheme for Construction Contracts apply.

Commencement Information

17 S. 110 wholly in force; s. 110 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 150; s. 110 in force at 1.5.1998 by (E.W.) [S.I. 1998/650](#), [art. 2](#) and (S.) [S.I. 1998/894](#), [art. 2](#)

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111 Notice of intention to withhold payment.

- (1) A party to a construction contract may not withhold payment after the final date for payment of a sum due under the contract unless he has given an effective notice of intention to withhold payment.

The notice mentioned in section 110(2) may suffice as a notice of intention to withhold payment if it complies with the requirements of this section.

- (2) To be effective such a notice must specify—
 - (a) the amount proposed to be withheld and the ground for withholding payment, or
 - (b) if there is more than one ground, each ground and the amount attributable to it, and must be given not later than the prescribed period before the final date for payment.

- (3) The parties are free to agree what that prescribed period is to be.

In the absence of such agreement, the period shall be that provided by the Scheme for Construction Contracts.

- (4) Where an effective notice of intention to withhold payment is given, but on the matter being referred to adjudication it is decided that the whole or part of the amount should be paid, the decision shall be construed as requiring payment not later than—
 - (a) seven days from the date of the decision, or
 - (b) the date which apart from the notice would have been the final date for payment,whichever is the later.

Commencement Information

18 S. 111 wholly in force; s. 111 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 150; s. 111 in force at 1.5.1998 by (E.W.) [S.I. 1998/650, art. 2](#) and (S.) [S.I. 1998/894, art. 2](#)

112 Right to suspend performance for non-payment.

- (1) Where a sum due under a construction contract is not paid in full by the final date for payment and no effective notice to withhold payment has been given, the person to whom the sum is due has the right (without prejudice to any other right or remedy) to suspend performance of his obligations under the contract to the party by whom payment ought to have been made (“the party in default”).
- (2) The right may not be exercised without first giving to the party in default at least seven days’ notice of intention to suspend performance, stating the ground or grounds on which it is intended to suspend performance.
- (3) The right to suspend performance ceases when the party in default makes payment in full of the amount due.
- (4) Any period during which performance is suspended in pursuance of the right conferred by this section shall be disregarded in computing for the purposes of any contractual time limit the time taken, by the party exercising the right or by a third party, to complete any work directly or indirectly affected by the exercise of the right.

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Where the contractual time limit is set by reference to a date rather than a period, the date shall be adjusted accordingly.

Commencement Information

19 S. 112 wholly in force; s. 112 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 150; s. 112 in force at 1.5.1998 by (E.W.) [S.I. 1998/650, art. 2](#) and (S.) [S.I. 1998/894, art. 2](#)

113 Prohibition of conditional payment provisions.

- (1) A provision making payment under a construction contract conditional on the payer receiving payment from a third person is ineffective, unless that third person, or any other person payment by whom is under the contract (directly or indirectly) a condition of payment by that third person, is insolvent.
- (2) For the purposes of this section a company becomes insolvent—
 - (a) on the making of an administration order against it under Part II of the ^{M3}Insolvency Act 1986,
 - (b) on the appointment of an administrative receiver or a receiver or manager of its property under Chapter I of Part III of that Act, or the appointment of a receiver under Chapter II of that Part,
 - (c) on the passing of a resolution for voluntary winding-up without a declaration of solvency under section 89 of that Act, or
 - (d) on the making of a winding-up order under Part IV or V of that Act.
- (3) For the purposes of this section a partnership becomes insolvent—
 - (a) on the making of a winding-up order against it under any provision of the Insolvency Act 1986 as applied by an order under section 420 of that Act, or
 - (b) when sequestration is awarded on the estate of the partnership under section 12 of the ^{M4}Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act 1985 or the partnership grants a trust deed for its creditors.
- (4) For the purposes of this section an individual becomes insolvent—
 - (a) on the making of a bankruptcy order against him under Part IX of the ^{M5}Insolvency Act 1986, or
 - (b) on the sequestration of his estate under the Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act 1985 or when he grants a trust deed for his creditors.
- (5) A company, partnership or individual shall also be treated as insolvent on the occurrence of any event corresponding to those specified in subsection (2), (3) or (4) under the law of Northern Ireland or of a country outside the United Kingdom.
- (6) Where a provision is rendered ineffective by subsection (1), the parties are free to agree other terms for payment.

In the absence of such agreement, the relevant provisions of the Scheme for Construction Contracts apply.

Commencement Information

110 S. 113 wholly in force; s. 113 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 150; s. 113 in force at 1.5.1998 by (E.W.) [S.I. 1998/650, art. 2](#) and (S.) [S.I. 1998/894, art. 2](#)

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Marginal Citations

- M3 1986 c. 45.
- M4 1985 c. 66.
- M5 1986 c. 45.

Supplementary provisions

114 The Scheme for Construction Contracts.

- (1) The Minister shall by regulations make a scheme (“the Scheme for Construction Contracts”) containing provision about the matters referred to in the preceding provisions of this Part.
- (2) Before making any regulations under this section the Minister shall consult such persons as he thinks fit.
- (3) In this section “the Minister” means—
 - (a) for England and Wales, the Secretary of State, and
 - (b) for Scotland, the Lord Advocate.
- (4) Where any provisions of the Scheme for Construction Contracts apply by virtue of this Part in default of contractual provision agreed by the parties, they have effect as implied terms of the contract concerned.
- (5) Regulations under this section shall not be made unless a draft of them has been approved by resolution of each House of Parliament.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C1 [S. 114](#): Functions of the Lord Advocate transferred to the Secretary of State, and all property, rights and liabilities to which the Lord Advocate is entitled or subject in connection with any such function transferred to the Secretary of State for Scotland (19.5.1999) by [S.I. 1999/678](#), [arts. 2, 3](#), [Sch.](#) (with [art. 7](#))

Commencement Information

- I11 [S. 114](#) wholly in force; [s. 114](#) not in force at Royal Assent see [s. 150](#); [s. 114](#) in force for certain purposes at 11.9.1996 by [S.I. 1996/2352](#), [art. 2\(2\)](#); [s. 114](#) in force insofar as not already in force at 1.5.1998 by (E.W.) [S.I. 1998/650](#), [art. 2](#) and (S.) [S.I. 1998/894](#), [art. 2](#)

115 Service of notices, &c.

- (1) The parties are free to agree on the manner of service of any notice or other document required or authorised to be served in pursuance of the construction contract or for any of the purposes of this Part.
- (2) If or to the extent that there is no such agreement the following provisions apply.
- (3) A notice or other document may be served on a person by any effective means.
- (4) If a notice or other document is addressed, pre-paid and delivered by post—

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- (a) to the addressee's last known principal residence or, if he is or has been carrying on a trade, profession or business, his last known principal business address, or
- (b) where the addressee is a body corporate, to the body's registered or principal office,

it shall be treated as effectively served.

- (5) This section does not apply to the service of documents for the purposes of legal proceedings, for which provision is made by rules of court.
- (6) References in this Part to a notice or other document include any form of communication in writing and references to service shall be construed accordingly.

Commencement Information

I12 S. 115 wholly in force; s. 115 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 150; s. 115 in force at 1.5.1998 by (E.W.) S.I. 1998/650, art. 2 and (S.) S.I. 1998/894, art. 2

116 Reckoning periods of time.

- (1) For the purposes of this Part periods of time shall be reckoned as follows.
- (2) Where an act is required to be done within a specified period after or from a specified date, the period begins immediately after that date.
- (3) Where the period would include Christmas Day, Good Friday or a day which under the ^{M6}Banking and Financial Dealings Act 1971 is a bank holiday in England and Wales or, as the case may be, in Scotland, that day shall be excluded.

Commencement Information

I13 S. 116 wholly in force; s. 116 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 150; s. 116 in force at 1.5.1998 by (E.W.) S.I. 1998/650, art. 2 and (S.) S.I. 1998/894, art. 2

Marginal Citations

M6 1971 c. 80.

117 Crown application.

- (1) This Part applies to a construction contract entered into by or on behalf of the Crown otherwise than by or on behalf of Her Majesty in her private capacity.
- (2) This Part applies to a construction contract entered into on behalf of the Duchy of Cornwall notwithstanding any Crown interest.
- (3) Where a construction contract is entered into by or on behalf of Her Majesty in right of the Duchy of Lancaster, Her Majesty shall be represented, for the purposes of any adjudication or other proceedings arising out of the contract by virtue of this Part, by the Chancellor of the Duchy or such person as he may appoint.
- (4) Where a construction contract is entered into on behalf of the Duchy of Cornwall, the Duke of Cornwall or the possessor for the time being of the Duchy shall be represented,

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for the purposes of any adjudication or other proceedings arising out of the contract by virtue of this Part, by such person as he may appoint.

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Commencement Information

I14 S. 117 wholly in force; s. 117 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 150; s. 117 in force at 1.5.1998 by (E.W.) S.I. 1998/650, art. 2 and (S.) S.I. 1998/894, art. 2

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There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Housing Grants, Construction and Regeneration Act 1996, Part II.