



Reserve Forces Act 1996

1996 CHAPTER 14

PART X

GENERAL OFFENCES

Desertion and absence without leave from service, duty or training

101 Inducing a person to desert or absent himself

- (1) A person who, in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, by any means—
- (a) procures or persuades, or attempts to procure or persuade, a member of a reserve force to commit an offence of desertion or absence without leave;
 - (b) knowing that a member of a reserve force is about to commit such an offence, aids or assists him in so doing; or
 - (c) knowing a member of a reserve force to be a deserter or an absentee without leave, procures or persuades or assists him to remain a deserter or absentee, or assists in his rescue from custody,
- is guilty of an offence.
- (2) A person who—
- (a) procures or persuades, or attempts to procure or persuade, a person liable to recall to commit an offence of desertion or absence without leave;
 - (b) knowing that such a person is about to commit such an offence, aids or assists him in so doing; or
 - (c) knowing a person liable to recall to be a deserter or absentee without leave, procures or persuades or assists him to remain a deserter or absentee, or assists in his rescue from custody,
- is guilty of an offence.
- (3) A person guilty of an offence under subsection (1) or (2) is liable on summary conviction—

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally enacted).

- (a) in the case of an offence involving an offence of desertion or a deserter, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 6 months or a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale (or both); and
- (b) in the case of an offence of absence without leave or an absentee without leave, to a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale.