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### SCHEDULES

# [F1SCHEDULE B1

#### **ADMINISTRATION**

#### **Textual Amendments**

F1 Sch. B1 inserted (15.9.2003) by 2002 c. 40, ss. 248(2), 279, Sch. 16 (with s. 249(1)-(3)(6)); S.I. 2003/2093, art. 2(1), Sch. 1 (subject to arts. 3-8 (as amended by S.I. 2003/2332, art. 2))

### **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

- C1 Sch. B1 applied in part (with modifications) (5.10.2004) by Energy Act 2004 (c. 20), ss. 159(1), 198, Sch. 20 Pts. 1-3; S.I. 2004/2575, art. 2(1), Sch. 1
- C1 Sch. B1 applied (with modifications) (1.7. 2005) by S.I. 1994/2421, art. 6(1), Sch. 2 (as amended (1.7.2005) by S.I. 2005/1516, arts. 3, 7, Sch. 1 (with art. 2))
- C1 Sch. B1: specified provisions applied (with modifications) (1.10.2011) by Postal Services Act 2011 (c. 5), ss. 73, 93(2)(3), {Sch. 10 Pts. 1, 2}; S.I. 2011/2329, art. 3 (with arts. 4, 5)

#### APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR BY HOLDER OF FLOATING CHARGE

# Power to appoint

- 14 (1) The holder of a qualifying floating charge in respect of a company's property may appoint an administrator of the company.
  - (2) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (1) a floating charge qualifies if created by an instrument which—
    - (a) states that this paragraph applies to the floating charge,
    - (b) purports to empower the holder of the floating charge to appoint an administrator of the company,
    - (c) purports to empower the holder of the floating charge to make an appointment which would be the appointment of an administrative receiver within the meaning given by section 29(2), or
    - (d) purports to empower the holder of a floating charge in Scotland to appoint a receiver who on appointment would be an administrative receiver.
  - (3) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (1) a person is the holder of a qualifying floating charge in respect of a company's property if he holds one or more debentures of the company secured—
    - (a) by a qualifying floating charge which relates to the whole or substantially the whole of the company's property,
    - (b) by a number of qualifying floating charges which together relate to the whole or substantially the whole of the company's property, or

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(c) by charges and other forms of security which together relate to the whole or substantially the whole of the company's property and at least one of which is a qualifying floating charge.

#### **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

C1 Sch. B1 para. 14 restricted (5.10.2004) by Energy Act 2004 (c. 20), ss. 163, 198; S.I. 2004/2575, art. 2(1), Sch. 1

# Restrictions on power to appoint

- 15 (1) A person may not appoint an administrator under paragraph 14 unless—
  - (a) he has given at least two business days' written notice to the holder of any prior floating charge which satisfies paragraph 14(2), or
  - (b) the holder of any prior floating charge which satisfies paragraph 14(2) has consented in writing to the making of the appointment.
  - (2) One floating charge is prior to another for the purposes of this paragraph if—
    - (a) it was created first, or
    - (b) it is to be treated as having priority in accordance with an agreement to which the holder of each floating charge was party.
  - (3) Sub-paragraph (2) shall have effect in relation to Scotland as if the following were substituted for paragraph (a)—
    - (") it has priority of ranking in accordance with section 464(4)(b) of the Companies Act 1985 (c. 6), ".
- An administrator may not be appointed under paragraph 14 while a floating charge on which the appointment relies is not enforceable.
- 17 An administrator of a company may not be appointed under paragraph 14 if—
  - (a) a provisional liquidator of the company has been appointed under section 135, or
  - (b) an administrative receiver of the company is in office.

### Notice of appointment

- 18 (1) A person who appoints an administrator of a company under paragraph 14 shall file with the court—
  - (a) a notice of appointment, and
  - (b) such other documents as may be prescribed.
  - (2) The notice of appointment must include a statutory declaration by or on behalf of the person who makes the appointment—
    - (a) that the person is the holder of a qualifying floating charge in respect of the company's property,
    - (b) that each floating charge relied on in making the appointment is (or was) enforceable on the date of the appointment, and
    - (c) that the appointment is in accordance with this Schedule.
  - (3) The notice of appointment must identify the administrator and must be accompanied by a statement by the administrator—

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- (a) that he consents to the appointment,
- (b) that in his opinion the purpose of administration is reasonably likely to be achieved, and
- (c) giving such other information and opinions as may be prescribed.
- (4) For the purpose of a statement under sub-paragraph (3) an administrator may rely on information supplied by directors of the company (unless he has reason to doubt its accuracy).
- (5) The notice of appointment and any document accompanying it must be in the prescribed form.
- (6) A statutory declaration under sub-paragraph (2) must be made during the prescribed period.
- (7) A person commits an offence if in a statutory declaration under sub-paragraph (2) he makes a statement—
  - (a) which is false, and
  - (b) which he does not reasonably believe to be true.

### Commencement of appointment

- The appointment of an administrator under paragraph 14 takes effect when the requirements of paragraph 18 are satisfied.
- A person who appoints an administrator under paragraph 14—
  - (a) shall notify the administrator and such other persons as may be prescribed as soon as is reasonably practicable after the requirements of paragraph 18 are satisfied, and
  - (b) commits an offence if he fails without reasonable excuse to comply with paragraph (a).

### *Invalid appointment: indemnity*

- 21 (1) This paragraph applies where—
  - (a) a person purports to appoint an administrator under paragraph 14, and
  - (b) the appointment is discovered to be invalid.
  - (2) The court may order the person who purported to make the appointment to indemnify the person appointed against liability which arises solely by reason of the appointment's invalidity.]

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