

# Road Traffic Act 1972

## **1972 CHAPTER 20**

### PART VII

#### MISCELLANEOUS AND GENERAL

#### Interpretation

#### **196** General interpretation provisions

(1) In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions have the meanings hereby assigned to them respectively, that is to say—

" bridleway " means a way over which the public have the following, but no other, rights of way, that is to say, a right of way on foot and a right of way on horseback or leading a horse, with or without a right to drive animals of any description along the way;

" carriage of goods " includes the haulage of goods ;

" cycle " means a bicycle, tricycle, or cycle having four or more wheels, not being in any case a motor vehicle;

except for the purposes of section 1, "driver", where a separate person acts as steersman of a motor vehicle, includes that person as well as any other person engaged in the driving of the vehicle, and " drive " shall be construed accordingly;

" footpath " means a way over which the public have a right of way on foot only :

" goods " includes goods or burden of any description ;

" goods vehicle " means a motor vehicle constructed or adapted for use for the carriage of goods, or a trailer so constructed or adapted ;

" goods vehicle test certificate " has the meaning assigned to it by section 45(1) of this Act;

" highway authority " means—

(a) for the purposes of the application of this Act to England or Wales, in relation to a road other than a trunk road, the authority (being either the

council of a county, the council of a county borough, the council of a non-county borough or an urban district, the Common Council of the City of London, the council of a London borough or the Greater London Council) which is responsible for the maintenance of the road, and in relation to a trunk road, the Secretary of State;

(b) for the purposes of the application of this Act to Scotland, in relation to a road other than a trunk road, a county council or the town council of a burgh charged with the maintenance and management of any of the highways therein, and, in relation to a trunk road, the Secretary of State;" magistrates' court " and " petty sessions area " have the same meanings

as in the Magistrates' Courts Act 1952 ;

" owner ", in relation to a vehicle which is the subject of a hiring agreement or hire-purchase agreement, means the person in possession of the vehicle under that agreement;

" plating certificate " has the meaning assigned to it by section 45(1) of this Act;

" prescribed " means prescribed by regulations made by the Secretary of State;

" road " means any highway and any other road to which the public has access, and includes bridges over which a road passes;

" statutory ", in relation to any prohibition, restriction, requirement or provision, means contained in, or having effect under, any enactment (including any enactment contained in this Act);

" test certificate " has the meaning assigned to it by section 43(2) of this Act; " traffic sign " has the meaning assigned to it by section 54(1) of the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1967;

" tramcar " includes any carriage used on any road by virtue of an order made under the Light Railways Act 1896;

" trolley vehicle " means a mechanically propelled vehicle adapted for use upon roads without rails and moved by power transmitted thereto from some external source.

- (2) References in this Act to a class of vehicles shall be construed as references to a class defined by reference to any characteristics of the vehicles or to any other circumstances whatsoever.
- (3) References in this Act to any enactment shall be construed, except where the context otherwise requires, as references to that enactment as amended by or under any subsequent enactment.