

# Criminal Justice Act 1967

## **1967 CHAPTER 80**

## PART I

#### CRIMINAL PROCEDURE, ETC.

Miscellaneous provisions as to evidence, procedure and trial

#### 23 Arrest of persons granted bail.

- (1) A constable may arrest without warrant any person who has been admitted to bail-
  - (a) if the constable has reasonable grounds for believing that that person is likely to break the condition that he will appear at the time and place required or any other condition on which he was admitted to bail, or has reasonable cause to suspect that that person is breaking or has broken any such other condition ; or
  - (b) on being notified in writing by any surety for that person that the surety believes that that person is likely to break the first-mentioned condition and for that reason the surety wishes to be relieved of his obligations as a surety.
- (2) A person arrested under the foregoing subsection—
  - (a) shall, except where he was so arrested within the period of twenty-four hours immediately preceding an occasion on which he is required by virtue of a condition of his bail to appear before any court, be brought as soon as practicable and in any event within twenty-four hours after his arrest before a justice of the peace acting for the petty sessions area in which he was arrested ; and
  - (b) in the said excepted case shall be brought before the court before which he is required to appear as aforesaid.
- (3) A justice of the peace before whom a person is brought under the last foregoing subsection may, if of the opinion that that person has broken or is likely to break any condition on which he was admitted to bail, remand him in custody or commit him to custody, as the case may require, or alternatively release him on his original recognizance or on a new recognizance, with or without sureties, and if not of that opinion shall release him on his original recognizance.