



### CHAPTER iii.

An Act to authorise the Harrow and Stanmore Gas Company to consolidate their existing capital to raise additional capital to construct new works and for other purposes. A.D. 1913.  
[4th July 1913.]

**W**HEREAS by the Harrow Gas Act 1873 (in this Act called “the Act of 1873”) the Harrow and Stanmore Gas Company (in this Act called “the Company”) were incorporated by the name of the Harrow District Gas Company and were empowered to construct works and supply gas and exercise the powers therein contained within the limits thereby prescribed:

And whereas by the Harrow and Stanmore Gas Act 1894 (in this Act called “the Act of 1894”) the undertaking of the Great Stanmore Gas Company Limited was transferred to and vested in the Harrow District Gas Company and the said limited company was thereby dissolved and the name of the company was changed to that of the Harrow and Stanmore Gas Company and their limits of supply were extended:

And whereas immediately prior to the passing of the Act of 1894 the capital of the Company consisted of thirty thousand pounds A capital divided into three thousand fully paid-up shares of ten pounds each and five thousand pounds B capital divided into five hundred fully paid-up shares of ten pounds each and ten thousand pounds C capital divided into five hundred fully paid-up shares of ten pounds each and five hundred shares of ten pounds each on each of which two pounds per share had then been paid up and which have since become fully paid-up shares:

And whereas by the Act of 1894 the Company were also authorised to raise additional capital (therein called “new C capital”) and other powers were conferred upon the Company:

A.D. 1913.

And whereas by the Act of 1894 there was created and vested in the persons who were the registered proprietors of shares in the capital of the said limited company additional share capital of the Company of the nominal amount of ten thousand pounds divided into one thousand shares of ten pounds each (which shares were to be deemed fully paid up and entitled to a fixed perpetual cumulative guaranteed dividend at the rate of six per centum per annum in priority to the dividend on any other stocks or shares of the Company and to a further dividend of one per centum per annum beyond the six per centum per annum guaranteed dividend in certain events in the said Act mentioned and the said shares were therein and are in this Act referred to as "the guaranteed shares"):

And whereas by the Harrow and Stanmore Gas Act 1903 (in this Act called "the Act of 1903") the Company were authorised to raise further capital (therein called "additional new C capital") and it was by that Act further provided that the profits of the Company available for dividend should be applied first in payment of the perpetual cumulative guaranteed dividend to which the guaranteed shares were entitled and the arrears of such guaranteed dividend (if any) and that the balance of such profits should be applied in payment of the respective dividends to which the A B and C capitals of the Company and the new C capital of the Company (including the additional new C capital) were for the time being entitled And further that when and so long as the C capital and the new C capital (including the additional new C capital) should be entitled to receive a dividend exceeding six per centum per annum on the amounts paid up thereon the guaranteed shares should be entitled to participate by way of dividend in the profits of the Company applicable to dividend up to an additional amount of one per centum per annum beyond the six per centum per annum guaranteed dividend thereon *pari passu* with the C capital and the new C capital (including the additional new C capital):

And whereas the whole of the authorised capital of the Company has been issued and paid up and the classes into which the same is divided and the Acts by which the Company are authorised to raise the same and the dividends which the Company are authorised to pay thereon are as set forth in the following table (that is to say):—

A.D. 1913.

Act authorising Capital.	Description of Capital authorised.	Capital paid up.	Authorised Dividend.
The Act of 1873	£30,000 by ordinary 10 per centum shares. £15,000 by 7 per centum ordinary or 6 per centum preference shares.	£30,000 in A ordinary shares of £10 each. £5,000 in B ordinary shares of £10 each. £10,000 in C ordinary shares of £10 each.	10 per centum standard dividend. Not exceeding 7 per centum <i>pari passu</i> with A shares. 7 per centum standard dividend.
The Act of 1894	£40,000 by ordinary 7 per centum shares or by 7 per centum stock. £10,000 in guaranteed shares.	£35,070 in C ordinary shares of £10 each. £4,930 premiums thereon not bearing dividends. £10,000 in guaranteed shares of £10 each.	7 per centum standard dividend. 6 per centum and up to but not exceeding 7 per centum <i>pari passu</i> with C capital.
The Act of 1903	£93,000 by ordinary 7 per centum shares or by 7 per centum stock.	£65,780 in C ordinary shares of £10 each. £27,220 premiums thereon not bearing dividends.	7 per centum standard dividend.
Total - -	£188,000	£188,000	

And whereas by the said Acts of 1873 1894 and 1903 the Company were authorised to raise on mortgage or by the creation and issue of debenture stock in respect of their paid-up capital the total sum of fifty-two thousand two hundred and fifty pounds and have raised the sum of forty-five thousand seven hundred and ninety pounds by the creation and issue of debenture stock :

And whereas it is expedient that the existing capital of the Company should be converted into stock in the manner and subject to the provisions herein-after contained and that the Company should be authorised to raise additional capital for the purposes of this Act and of their undertaking :

And whereas the demand for gas within the existing limits of the Company has increased and is still increasing and it is expedient that the Company be authorised to construct additional gasworks as herein-after provided in order to enable them to meet such increased demand :

A.D. 1913.

And whereas it is expedient that the Company should be authorised to maintain the existing bridge and to construct the bridges and other works herein-after referred to over the footpath leading from Gasworks Lane to Eastcote Lane in the urban district of Harrow-on-the-Hill for the purpose of connecting their lands on either side of the said footpath and the conveyance of coal and materials between the Metropolitan Railway and the Company's gasworks and for other purposes of their undertaking and that further powers should be conferred upon the Company as provided by this Act:

And whereas plans and sections showing the lines and levels of the works by this Act authorised and a book of reference containing the names of the owners and lessees or reputed owners and lessees and of the occupiers of the lands required or which may be taken or used or in respect of which easements may be acquired for the purposes or under the powers of this Act were duly deposited with the clerk of the peace for the county of Middlesex and such plans sections and book of reference are in this Act respectively referred to as the deposited plans sections and book of reference:

And whereas the objects aforesaid cannot be effected without the authority of Parliament:

May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in this present Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows (that is to say):—

Short and  
collective  
titles.

1. This Act may be cited as the Harrow and Stanmore Gas Act 1913 and the Acts of 1873 1894 1903 and this Act may be cited together as the Harrow and Stanmore Gas Acts 1873 to 1913.

Incorporation of  
general Acts.

2. The following Acts and parts of Acts are (subject to the provisions of and so far as applicable to the purposes of this Act) hereby incorporated with and form part of this Act (namely):—

The Gasworks Clauses Acts 1847 and 1871 Provided that section 13 of the former Act shall be read as if the words "or any premises" were inserted after the words "private building" and as if the words "Provided also" "that every such contract entered into by the Company

[3 & 4 GEO. 5.] *Harrow and Stanmore Gas Act*, 1913. [Ch. iii.]

“ shall be alike in terms and amount under like circum-  
stances to all consumers ” were added at the end of  
that section ;

A.D. 1913.

The Companies Clauses Consolidation Act 1845 except the provisions thereof with respect to the conversion of borrowed money into capital And the said provisions shall so far as the same are respectively applicable apply to any ordinary and preference stock to be issued or created under the powers of this Act ;

Parts II. and III. of the Companies Clauses Act 1863 as amended by subsequent Acts ; and

The Lands Clauses Acts.

3. In this Act the several words and expressions to which meanings are assigned by the Acts wholly or partially incorporated herewith shall have the same respective meanings unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction.

Interpreta-  
tion.

#### CONSOLIDATION OF CAPITAL.

4.—(1) As from the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and fourteen all the three thousand existing A ordinary shares and the eleven thousand and eighty-five existing C ordinary shares in the capital of the Company all of ten pounds each and all of which have been issued and are fully paid up shall be converted and consolidated into one class of stock (in this Act called “ordinary stock”) entitled to a standard rate of dividend at the rate of five pounds per centum per annum according to the following scales (that is to say):—

Conversion  
and consoli-  
dation of  
existing  
share capital  
into stock.

For every existing A ordinary share twenty pounds of ordinary stock ;

For every existing C ordinary share fourteen pounds of ordinary stock.

(2) As from the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and fourteen all the five hundred existing B ordinary shares in the capital of the Company and all the one thousand existing guaranteed shares of the Company all of ten pounds each and all of which have been issued and are fully paid up shall be converted and consolidated into one class of preference stock (in this Act called “preference stock”) bearing an uniform



A.D. 1913. rate of interest at the rate of five pounds per centum per annum according to the following scales (that is to say):—

For every existing B ordinary share fourteen pounds of preference stock;

For every existing guaranteed share fourteen pounds of preference stock.

(3) As on the said first day of January one thousand nine hundred and fourteen there shall be by virtue of this Act created such nominal amount of ordinary stock and preference stock as shall be necessary for the purpose of carrying into effect the conversions provided for by this Act and the amounts of ordinary stock or preference stock to which the holders of existing shares in the capital of the Company shall by virtue of this Act respectively become entitled in substitution for such existing shares shall be vested in such holders as from the said first day of January one thousand nine hundred and fourteen and shall be forthwith registered in their respective names in the books of the Company.

Stock to be held on same trusts &c. as shares for which it is substituted.

5. All ordinary stock and preference stock so created and vested under or by virtue of this Act shall be deemed to be fully paid up and shall be held in the same rights on the same trusts and subject and liable to the same powers provisions declarations agreements charges liens incumbrances and liabilities as immediately before the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and fourteen affected the share or shares in the capital of the Company in respect of which the stock so created is so vested and shall be dealt with applied and disposed of accordingly and so as to give effect to and not revoke any agreement deed or other instrument or any testamentary disposition disposing of or affecting any such share or shares and every such agreement deed or other instrument or testamentary disposition shall take effect with reference to the whole or a proportionate part as the case may be of the stock created under or by virtue of this Act substituted therefor and trustees executors or administrators and all other holders in any representative or fiduciary capacity of any share or shares in the capital of the Company are hereby expressly authorised and required to accept any ordinary stock or preference stock or both as the case may be allocated to and vested in them pursuant to the provisions of this Act and to hold dispose of or otherwise deal with the same as they might have held disposed of or otherwise dealt with the share or shares in the capital of

the Company for which such stock created under or by virtue of this Act is substituted and are hereby indemnified in respect of all acts bonâ fide done by them in pursuance of the provisions of this Act. A.D. 1913.

6. The Company shall call in and cancel the existing certificates of the shares in the capital of the Company for which ordinary stock or preference stock is substituted under the provisions of this Act and shall issue in lieu thereof free of charge certificates of ordinary stock or preference stock to which the holders of such shares are by this Act respectively entitled but no holder of any such shares shall be entitled to any certificate of proprietorship under this Act until he shall have delivered up to the Company to be cancelled the existing certificate of proprietorship of shares in the capital of the Company held by him or shall have proved to the reasonable satisfaction of the directors the loss or destruction thereof and shall have given such guarantee or indemnity in respect thereof as such directors may require but if any holder of any existing shares in the capital of the Company neglect or omit to send or deliver to the Company his existing certificate or certificates for the period of one year after notice in writing sent by post to the address of such holder appearing in the shareholders' address book of the Company the Company may retain any dividend declared or made payable upon or in respect of the stock substituted under the provisions of this Act for the shares so held by him until such existing certificate or certificates is or are sent or delivered to the Company or is or are proved to the reasonable satisfaction of the directors to have been lost or destroyed and such guarantee or indemnity is given against any claim in respect of such lost or destroyed certificate to the satisfaction of the directors. Exchange of  
certificates.

7. All transfers or other dispositions of any shares in the capital of the Company as existing up to the conversion thereof into stock by virtue of this Act shall after such conversion and notwithstanding this Act be valid and have due effect given to them respectively as transfers of the respective amounts of stock which the shares thereby expressed to be transferred or disposed of represent or which are or may be substituted for the same under the provisions of this Act although the instrument transferring or disposing thereof respectively shall describe the same by the name or denomination which the shares transferred or disposed of had before such conversion and the bequest of or Transfers of  
shares al-  
though by  
present name  
to be valid.

A.D. 1913. — any covenant or provision of any deed or agreement relating to any specific or nominal amount of any such existing shares converted by this Act into stock of larger nominal amount shall be held to apply to a nominal amount of ordinary stock or preference stock which is substituted for such existing shares equal to the amount of such stock into which such existing shares shall have been converted under the provisions of this Act.

Rights of  
stockholders.

8. Holders of ordinary stock or preference stock issued under this Act in substitution for existing shares shall be entitled to participate in the dividends and profits of the Company according to the amount of their respective interests in such stock and subject to the provisions of this Act such interests shall in proportion to the nominal amounts of such stock confer on the respective holders thereof the same privileges and advantages as would have been conferred by existing shares for which such stock is substituted.

#### ADDITIONAL CAPITAL.

Additional  
capital.

9. The Company may raise additional capital not exceeding in the whole two hundred and fifty thousand pounds by the creation and issue of additional ordinary stock or preference stock or wholly or partially by one or other of those modes respectively. Provided that it shall not be lawful for the Company to create and issue under the powers of this section any greater nominal amount of capital than shall be sufficient to produce including any premium which may be obtained on the sale thereof the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand pounds.

New stock  
to be sold by  
auction or  
tender.

10.—(1) All stock created under the powers of the section of this Act of which the marginal note is "Additional capital" shall be issued in accordance with the provisions of this section.

(2) All stock so to be issued shall be offered for sale by public auction or tender in such manner at such times and subject to such conditions of sale as the Company shall from time to time determine:

Provided as follows:—

(a) Notice of the intended sale shall be given in writing to the clerk of each urban district and rural district within the limits of supply of the Company and to the secretary of the London Stock Exchange at



least twenty-eight days before the day of auction or the last day for the reception of tenders as the case may be and shall also be duly advertised once in each of two consecutive weeks in one or more local newspapers circulating within the said limits of supply ;

A.D. 1913

- (b) A reserve price shall be fixed and notice thereof shall be sent by the Company in a sealed letter to be received by the Board of Trade not less than twenty-four hours before but not to be opened till after the day of auction or last day for the receipt of tenders as the case may be ;
- (c) No lot offered for sale shall comprise stock of greater nominal value than one hundred pounds ;
- (d) In the case of a sale by tender no preference shall be given to one of two or more persons tendering the same sum and in the case of a sale by auction a bid shall not be recognised unless it is in advance of the last preceding bid ;
- (e) It shall be one of the conditions of sale that the total sum payable by the purchaser shall be paid to the Company within three months after the date of the auction or of the acceptance of the tender as the case may be.

(3) Any stock which has been so offered for sale and is not sold may be offered at the reserve price to the holders of stock of the Company in accordance with the provisions of sections 18 19 and 20 of the Companies Clauses Act 1863 and to the employees of the Company and to the consumers of gas supplied by the Company in such proportions as the Company may think fit or to one or more of these classes of persons only Provided that in the case of an offer to holders of stock that if the aggregate amount of stock applied for shall exceed the aggregate amount so offered as aforesaid the same shall be allotted to and distributed amongst the applicants as nearly as may be in proportion to the amounts applied for by them respectively.

(4) Any stock which has been offered for sale in accordance with subsection (2) or with subsections (2) and (3) and is not sold shall be again offered for sale by public auction or by tender in accordance with the provisions of this section and any such stock

A.D. 1913. then remaining unsold may be otherwise disposed of at such price and in such manner as the directors may determine for the purpose of realising the best price obtainable.

(5) As soon as possible after the conclusion of the sale or sales the Company shall send a report thereof to the Board of Trade stating the total amount of each class of stock sold the total amount obtained as premium (if any) and the highest and lowest prices obtained for each class of stock.

Privileges  
&c. of  
holders of  
additional  
capital.

11. Except as is otherwise by this Act provided the additional capital created by the Company under this Act shall be part of the general capital of the Company and the new stock therein and the holders thereof respectively shall in proportion to the amount of their stock accordingly as the same may be ordinary or preference stock be entitled to the like rights of voting and any other rights qualifications and privileges and be subject to the like provisions and liabilities as the holders of ordinary or preference stock as the case may be issued in substitution for existing shares under this Act.

Stock to be  
transferable  
in multiples  
of one  
pound.

12.—(1) Any ordinary or preference stock of the Company may be issued and be transferable in amounts of one pound or multiples of one pound Provided that the holding of any holder of ordinary or preference stock of the Company shall not be less than ten pounds of such stock.

(2) Notice of this enactment shall be stated in all certificates of such stock.

#### LIMITATION OF PROFITS.

Profits of  
Company  
limited.

13. Except as is by this Act provided the profits of the Company to be divided among the stockholders in respect of any half year shall not exceed the following rates (namely):—

On the ordinary stock the rate of five pounds per centum per annum in respect of every one hundred pounds of ordinary stock or part thereof actually paid up or deemed to be paid up thereon (which rate is in this Act referred to as “the standard rate of dividend”);

On the preference stock and upon so much of the additional capital as shall be issued as preference capital the rate of five pounds per centum per annum in respect of every one hundred pounds of preference stock or part thereof actually paid up or deemed to be paid up thereon:

Provided that the Company may increase or reduce the price charged by them for gas above or below the standard price subject to a reduction or increase in the dividends payable by the Company on the ordinary stock as follows:—

A.D. 1913.  
—

In respect of any half year during any part of which the price charged by the Company shall have been one penny or part of a penny above the standard price the dividends payable by the Company shall in respect of each penny or part of a penny by which the standard price shall have been increased be reduced below the standard rate of dividend by one shilling and threepence on every one hundred pounds of ordinary stock and so in proportion for any fraction of one hundred pounds;

In respect of any half year during the whole of which the price charged by the Company shall have been one penny or more below the standard price the dividends payable by the Company may in respect of each penny by which the standard price shall have been reduced be increased above the standard rate of dividend by one shilling and threepence on every one hundred pounds of ordinary stock and so in proportion for any fraction of one hundred pounds:

Provided also that if in any half year the dividends payable shall comprise a fractional amount less than one quarter per centum the directors of the Company may in their discretion add the same to the reserve fund or may defer the payment of such fractional amount until the payment of the next or some succeeding dividends and shall in their discretion either add such fractional amount to and pay the same with such succeeding dividends accordingly or add the same to the reserve fund.

#### BORROWING POWERS.

14. The Company may borrow on mortgage of their undertaking in respect of the ordinary and preference stock into which the share capital of the Company is by this Act consolidated any sum or sums not exceeding (inclusive of the sum of forty-five thousand seven hundred and ninety pounds) the sum of fifty-two thousand two hundred and fifty pounds.

Power to borrow in respect of consolidated capital.

15. The Company may also subject to the provisions of this Act borrow on mortgage of their undertaking any sum or sums not exceeding in the whole one third part of the amount

Power to borrow in respect of additional capital.

A.D. 1913. of the additional capital which at the time of borrowing has been raised under the powers of this Act but no sum shall be borrowed in respect of any capital so raised until the Company have proved to a justice of the peace before he gives his certificate under the fortieth section of the Companies Clauses Consolidation Act 1845 that the whole of the stock at the time issued together with the premium (if any) realised on the sale thereof has been fully paid up.

Company not to convert borrowed money into capital.

**16.** Notwithstanding anything contained in the Act of 1873 or the Act of 1894 or the Act of 1903 the Company shall not exercise in respect of any money borrowed by them the powers of the Companies Clauses Consolidation Act 1845 with respect to the conversion of borrowed money into capital.

Debenture stock.

**17.** The Company may create and issue debenture stock subject to the provisions of section 52 of the Act of 1894 Notice of the effect of that enactment shall be endorsed on all mortgages and certificates of debenture stock.

Priority of mortgages and debenture stock over other debts.

**18.** All money raised or to be raised by the Company on mortgage or, debenture stock under the provisions of the Harrow and Stanmore Gas Acts 1873 to 1913 shall have priority against the Company and the property from time to time of the Company over all other claims on account of any debts incurred or engagements entered into by them after the passing of this Act Provided always that this priority shall not affect any claim against the Company or their property in respect of any rent-charge granted or to be granted by them in pursuance of the Lands Clauses Acts or in respect of any rent or sum reserved by or payable under any lease granted or made to the Company which is entitled to rank in priority to or *pari passu* with the interest on their mortgages or debenture stock nor shall anything in this section contained affect any claim for land taken used or occupied by the Company for the purposes of the Company's undertaking and works or injuriously affected by the construction thereof or by the exercise of any powers conferred on the Company.

Priority of principal moneys secured by existing mortgages.

**19.** The principal moneys secured by all mortgages granted by the Company in pursuance of the powers of any Act of Parliament before the passing of this Act and subsisting at the passing hereof shall during the continuance of such mortgages have priority over the principal moneys secured by any mortgages granted by virtue of this Act.

**20.** The mortgagees of the undertaking may enforce payment of arrears of interest or principal or principal and interest due on their mortgages by the appointment of a receiver. In order to authorise the appointment of a receiver in respect of arrears of principal the amount owing to the mortgagees by whom the application for a receiver is made shall not be less than ten thousand pounds in the whole.

A.D. 1913.  
Arrears to be enforced by appointment of a receiver.

**21.** All moneys raised under this Act including premiums shall be applied only to purposes to which capital is properly applicable and any sum of money which may arise by way of premium from the issue of stock under the provisions of this Act shall not be considered as part of the capital of the Company entitled to dividend.

#### LANDS AND WORKS.

**22.** Subject to the provisions of this Act the Company may upon the lands described in the First Schedule to this Act or on any of them or any part or parts thereof respectively erect lay down provide and from time to time maintain alter improve enlarge extend renew and remove or discontinue additional and other gasworks retorts and gasometers receivers drains sewers mains pipes meters lamps lamp-posts burners stopcocks machinery and other works and apparatus and conveniences and may do all such acts as they may think proper for making storing and supplying gas and may make store and supply such gas accordingly and may on the said lands convert and manufacture residual products resulting from the manufacture of gas.

Powers as to construction and maintenance of gas-works &c.

**23.** The construction by the Company of the existing bridge with approaches over the footpath leading from Gasworks Lane to Eastcote Lane in the urban district of Harrow-on-the-Hill and the expenditure of capital by the Company thereon is hereby sanctioned and confirmed and the Company may maintain such bridge and approaches as part of their undertaking and may alter enlarge extend renew and reconstruct the same.

Confirmation of existing bridge.

**24.—(1)** Subject to the provisions of this Act the Company may in the parish and urban district of Harrow-on-the-Hill construct and maintain in the lines and according to the levels shown on the deposited plans and sections the works herein-after described and may enter upon take and use such of the lands delineated on the said plans and described in the deposited book

Power to construct works.



A.D. 1913. of reference as may be required for those purposes (that is to say) :—

Work No. 1 A bridge with approaches thereto over the public footpath leading from Gasworks Lane to Eastcote Lane commencing at a point thirty feet or thereabouts measured in a south-westerly direction from the south-west abutment of the Company's existing bridge over the said footpath and terminating at a point forty feet or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the said point of commencement;

Work No. 2 A bridge with approaches thereto for vehicular and pedestrian traffic of the Company over the said public footpath commencing at a point eighty-four feet or thereabouts measured in a south-westerly direction from the said south-west abutment of the Company's existing bridge over the said footpath and terminating at a point forty feet or thereabouts measured in a south-easterly direction from the said last-mentioned point of commencement;

together with all such temporary and other works arches walls embankments piers abutments roadways footways surface drains and conveniences as may be necessary or expedient.

(2) The Company may lay down construct maintain and use on and over the bridges and approaches by this Act authorised and in and across and over any lands shown on the deposited plans all such rails carriers transporters gantries cranes lifts tips pipes mains wires and other works and apparatus as may be necessary or convenient for the purposes of conveying and transporting coal coke merchandise and other articles and things used for the purposes of or in connexion with their undertaking between the railways and sidings of the South Harrow branch of the Metropolitan Railway and the lands and works of the Company and to from and between any parts of the said lands works and undertaking Provided that any mains wires and other works and apparatus shall be so constructed maintained and used by the Company as to prevent any interference with telegraphic communication by means of any telegraphic line belonging to or used by the Postmaster-General.

Limits of  
deviation.

25. In the construction of the works authorised by this Act the Company may deviate laterally to any extent not exceeding the limits of lateral deviation shown on the deposited plans and they may also deviate vertically from the levels shown on the

[3 & 4 GEO. 5.] *Harrow and Stanmore Gas Act*, 1913. [Ch. iii.]

deposited sections to any extent not exceeding five feet upwards and three feet downwards but not so as to decrease the headways under the said works respectively to less than the headways shown on the deposited sections. A.D. 1913.

**26.** The powers of the Company for the compulsory purchase of lands for the purposes of this Act shall cease after the expiration of three years from the passing of this Act. Period for compulsory purchase of lands.

**27.** Persons empowered by the Lands Clauses Acts to sell and convey or release lands may if they think fit subject to the provisions of those Acts and of this Act grant to the Company any easement right or privilege (not being an easement right or privilege of water in which persons other than the grantors have an interest) required for the purposes of this Act in over or affecting any such lands and the provisions of the said Acts with respect to lands and rentcharges so far as the same are applicable in this behalf shall extend and apply to such grants and to such easements rights and privileges as aforesaid respectively. Persons under disability may grant easements &c.

**28.** All private rights of way over any lands which are under the powers of this Act authorised to be acquired compulsorily shall as from the date of their acquisition be extinguished. Provided that the Company shall make full compensation to all parties interested in respect of any such rights and such compensation shall be settled in manner provided by the Lands Clauses Acts with reference to the taking of lands otherwise than by agreement. As to private rights of way over lands taken compulsorily.

**29.** Subject to the provisions of this Act the Company their officers servants and workmen either on foot or with carts trucks carriages and other vehicles whether moved by animal or mechanical power or otherwise may enter upon pass over or along and use at all times so much of the footpath as is situate within the limits shown on the deposited plans and thereon numbered 2 in the parish of Harrow-on-the-Hill. Easement over footpath.

**30.** The following provisions for the protection of the Harrow-on-the-Hill Urban District Council (in this section called "the council") shall unless otherwise agreed between the council and the Company apply and have effect (that is to say):— For protection of Harrow-on-the-Hill Urban District Council.

- (1) If and so long as any part of the footpath referred to in the section of this Act of which the marginal note is "Easement over footpath" shall be used by the Company for vehicular traffic under the powers of the

A.D. 1913.

said section the Company shall bear and on demand pay to the council the reasonable cost of maintaining in as good a state as the same shall be in when such user commences so much of the said footpath as shall be so used :

(2) From and after the construction of the new bridges by this Act authorised the Company shall bear and on demand pay to the council the reasonable cost of reinstating and maintaining in as good a state as heretofore so much of the said footpath as will be crossed by such bridges :

(3) If it shall be necessary in the construction of the said bridges or either of them to alter the position of any sewer or drain belonging to the council or to substitute temporarily another sewer or drain such alterations or other operations shall be carried out by the council with all reasonable despatch after notice from the Company requiring them so to do and the reasonable expense incurred by the council in so doing shall be repaid to them by the Company Provided that in the event of the council failing to carry out any such alteration or operation for a space of twenty-eight days after receiving any such notice as aforesaid from the Company the Company may themselves forthwith carry out the same :

(4) If any difference shall arise between the Company and the council under or in relation to the provisions of this section such difference shall be referred to and determined by an arbitrator to be appointed failing agreement by the President of the Institution of Civil Engineers on the application of either party and the Arbitration Act 1889 shall apply to any such reference.

Correction of errors in deposited plans and book of reference.

**31.** If there be any omission misstatement or wrong description of any lands or of the owners lessees or occupiers of any lands shown on the deposited plans or specified in the deposited book of reference the Company after giving ten days' notice to the owners lessees and occupiers of the lands in question may apply to two justices acting for the county of Middlesex for the correction thereof and if it appear to the justices that the omission misstatement or wrong description arose from mistake they shall certify the same accordingly and they shall

in their certificate state the particulars of the omission and in what respect any such matter is misstated or wrongly described and such certificate shall be deposited with the clerk of the peace for the county of Middlesex and a duplicate thereof shall also be deposited with the clerk to the Harrow-on-the-Hill Urban District Council and such certificate and duplicate respectively shall be kept by such clerks respectively with the other documents to which the same relate and thereupon the deposited plans and book of reference shall be deemed to be corrected according to such certificate and it shall be lawful for the Company to take the lands and execute the works in accordance with such certificate.

A.D. 1913.

**32.** The Company may for the purposes of their undertaking purchase take and hold (by agreement but not otherwise) in addition to the lands which the Company are authorised to purchase take and hold under the Acts of 1873 1894 and 1903 and this Act any lands and hereditaments not exceeding in the whole five acres which the Company may from time to time require for the purposes of their works and undertaking but the Company shall not create or permit a nuisance on any such lands and no lands shall be used by the Company for the purpose of manufacturing gas or residual products except the lands which the Company are authorised to use for such purposes by the Harrow and Stanmore Gas Acts 1873 to 1913.

Power to purchase lands by agreement  
Gas not to be manufactured except on lands scheduled.

#### VOTING MEETINGS DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS.

**33.** As from the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and fourteen the prescribed scale of voting shall be as follows :—

Scale of voting.

Every holder of ordinary or preference stock of the Company shall be entitled to one vote for every complete twenty pounds of stock held by him up to a thousand pounds of stock and shall be entitled to an additional vote for every complete hundred pounds of stock held by him beyond the first thousand pounds and no holder of stock of less than the nominal value of twenty pounds shall be entitled to vote.

**34.** As from the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and fourteen the qualification of a director of the Company shall be the possession in his own right of an aggregate amount of not less than five hundred pounds of ordinary stock

Qualification of directors.

A.D. 1913. of the Company and section 37 of the Act of 1873 shall be read and have effect as though that amount had been therein stated.

Ordinary meetings.

**35.** From and after the passing of this Act the ordinary meetings of the Company shall be held half-yearly in the months of February or March and August or September in every year or at such other time as shall be appointed for that purpose by an order of the directors.

Auditors.

**36.** Notwithstanding anything contained in the Companies Clauses Consolidation Act 1845 no person (other than a person who at the date of the passing of this Act is an auditor of the Company) shall be elected an auditor of the Company who shall not be either a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants or of the Society of Incorporated Accountants and Auditors and it shall not be necessary for any person who shall be an auditor of the Company to hold stock of the Company.

#### RESERVE AND SPECIAL PURPOSES FUNDS &C.

Power to create reserve fund.

**37.** Where in any half year the dividends which may be paid by the Company shall exceed the standard rate by reason of the price charged by the Company for gas in such half year being below the standard price then out of the amount of the divisible profits of the Company applicable to the payment of such excess of dividend the Company may in such half year set apart such sum as they shall think fit and all sums so set apart by the Company and any reserve or other fund of the Company existing at the passing of this Act may be invested in Government or other securities and the dividends and interest arising from such securities may also be invested in the same or the like securities in order that the same shall accumulate at compound interest and the fund so formed shall be called "the reserve fund" and shall be applicable to the payment of dividends in any half year in which the clear profits of the Company shall be insufficient to enable the Company in such half year to pay the dividends at the authorised rate on the ordinary capital of the Company and save as in this Act provided no sum shall in any half year be carried by the Company to any reserve fund.

Power to create a special purposes fund.

**38.—(1)** The directors may if they think fit in any half year appropriate out of the revenue of the Company as part of the expenditure on revenue account any sum not exceeding an amount equal to one half per centum of the paid-up capital of



[3 & 4 GEO. 5.] *Harrow and Stanmore Gas Act*, 1913. [Ch. iii.]

the Company including premiums to a fund to be called "the special purposes fund." A.D. 1913.

(2) The special purposes fund shall be applicable only to meet such charges as a chartered accountant or an incorporated accountant being an auditor of the Company or appointed for the purpose by the Board of Trade shall approve as being—

(a) Expenses incurred by reason of accidents strikes or circumstances which due care and management could not have prevented; or

(b) Expenses incurred in the replacement or removal of plant or works other than expenses requisite for maintenance and renewal of plant and works.

(3) The maximum amount standing to the credit of the special purposes fund shall not at any time exceed an amount equal to one-tenth part of the paid-up capital of the Company including premiums.

(4) The moneys forming the special purposes fund or any portion thereof may be invested in securities in which trustees are authorised by law to invest or may be applied for the general purposes of the Company to which capital is properly applicable or may be used partly in the one way or partly in the other.

(5) Resort may from time to time be had to the special purposes fund notwithstanding that the sum standing to the credit of the fund is for the time being less than the maximum allowed by this section.

**39.** If the clear profits of the undertaking of the Company in any half year (after appropriating and setting apart such sum or sums (if any) as may be determined upon under the powers of this Act to any fund or funds thereby authorised) amount to a larger sum than is sufficient to pay the dividends on the preference capital and the dividends at the authorised rate on the ordinary capital of the Company the excess shall be carried to the credit of the profit and loss (net revenue) account of the undertaking for the next following half year : Application of excess of profits.

Provided that the sum standing to the credit of such profit and loss (net revenue) account to be carried forward to the next following half year shall not at any time exceed the amount required to pay one year's dividends at the authorised rates on the ordinary and preference capital of the Company.

A.D. 1913.

BENEFIT FUND FOR AND PROFIT SHARING BY EMPLOYEES.

Power to  
establish a  
benefit fund.

40.—(1) The directors may if they think fit in respect of any half year appropriate out of the revenue of the Company as part of the expenditure on revenue account any sum not exceeding one halfpenny per one thousand cubic feet of gas supplied by the Company during such half year to a fund to be called "the benefit fund":

Provided that the amount of the sums so appropriated and for the time being standing to the credit of the benefit fund shall not at any time exceed the amount which the directors would have been entitled to appropriate to the benefit fund out of the revenue of the Company at the rate aforesaid during the then preceding five years.

(2) The directors may out of the benefit fund grant a gratuity of any sum or make pension or other allowances payments or benefits to any of the weekly servants of the Company who may be disabled or injured in or may be retired from or become incapacitated through age permanent injury or other infirmity from continuing in the service of the Company or to the widow or family or dependents of any such servant and on such terms and conditions as to contributions by such servants or otherwise as the directors may think fit Provided that it shall not be obligatory on any present or future servant of the Company to become a party to any arrangement made under this Act for securing to him or his widow family or dependents any gratuity pension or other allowance payment or benefit.

(3) The benefit fund shall be applicable for the purposes of this Act and for no other purpose whatsoever and no such gratuity pension allowance payment or benefit as is mentioned in this section (other than sick pay) shall be granted or paid to any such servant widow family or dependent otherwise than out of the benefit fund.

(4) The directors may enter into and carry into effect agreements with any insurance company or other association or company for securing to any such servants or the widow family or any dependent of any such servant gratuities pension or other allowances payments or benefits as aforesaid and may make payments out of the benefit fund for the purpose of any such agreement.

(5) The moneys forming the benefit fund or any portion thereof shall be invested in securities in which trustees are by law authorised to invest or in such other securities as may be authorised by resolution of the Company. A.D. 1913.

(6) Every gratuity pension or other allowance payment or benefit secured made or granted under this Act shall be payable to or in trust for the servant person widow or dependent to whom the same shall be granted and shall not be assignable or chargeable with the debts or other liabilities of such servant person widow or dependent as the case may be.

(7) If the Company shall under the powers of this Act make any scheme involving contributions by their servants such scheme shall not come into operation until such scheme shall have been registered as the rules of a society under the Friendly Societies Act 1896 and any amendment or variation of such scheme shall not be valid until so registered and the provisions of that Act (except the proviso to subsection (1) of section 8 and section 41) so far as they are applicable and are not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act shall apply (A) as if such scheme were the rules of a society to which the said Act of 1896 applies (B) as if the Company were the trustees of such society (C) as if the benefit fund were the funds of such society and (D) as if persons contributing to and participating in the benefit of such fund were the members of such society.

41.—(1) The directors may with the sanction of a majority of the stockholders present and voting at an extraordinary general meeting of the Company prepare put in force and from time to time modify or alter a scheme enabling the workmen servants and employees of the Company (in this section called "employees") or any class or classes of such employees as may be defined in such scheme or schemes to participate in the profits of the undertaking of the Company as part of the terms of remuneration for the services of any such employee. Profit sharing.

(2) Any agreement as to service with any employee in pursuance of any such scheme may be entered into with any employee above the age of sixteen and shall be in writing and may be made on the part of the Company under the hands of any two directors or under the hand of the secretary or of any person from time to time appointed on that behalf by resolution of the directors.

A.D. 1913.

(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in any Act relating to the Company the Company may if and whenever required by any persons being the trustees under any such scheme or schemes so to do issue to any person in the employ of the Company such amount of ordinary stock as the trustees may specify (being in each case within the limit of the amount of ordinary stock which the Company may for the time being be authorised to issue) without first offering such stock for sale by public auction or tender. Provided that any ordinary stock issued under the provisions of this section shall be issued at the average price at which according to the Company's books sales of ordinary stock were effected within the period of six months immediately preceding the issue after making due allowance for any enhancement in price by reason of any accrued dividend such average price to be ascertained by the said trustees.

Disposal of  
stock and  
deposits of  
co-partners  
on death.

42.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this section and the regulations set forth in the Third Schedule to this Act any employee of the Company who shall have become entitled to participate in the profits of the Company under any such scheme or schemes as are referred to in the last preceding section of this Act and not being under the age of sixteen years (in this section referred to as "the co-partner") may nominate any person or persons (in this section referred to as "nominee") who on the death of the co-partner shall (to the extent of a total value of not exceeding one hundred pounds and so far as the same are covered by such nomination) be entitled to be registered as holder of any ordinary stock of the Company (in this section referred to as "stock") and to be paid any bonus or other sums left on deposit (in this section called "deposits") with persons being the trustees under any such co-partnership scheme (in this section referred to as "the trustees") and standing in the name of the co-partner at the time of his death.

(2) On receiving satisfactory proof of the death of a co-partner who has made a nomination in force at his death the directors and the trustees if they have no notice of the claim of any creditor shall subject to the provisions of this section and the said regulations give effect to the nomination to the extent of a total value of not exceeding one hundred pounds and shall respectively in accordance with the directions of the nomination register the nominee as holder of the stock and pay to the nominee the deposits standing in the name of the co-partner at his death or as the case may be the portion of the stock and

[3 & 4 GEO. 5.] *Harrow and Stanmore Gas Act, 1913.* [Ch. iii.]

deposits mentioned in the nomination. Provided that if the total value of the stock and deposits standing in the name of the co-partner at his death exceeds one hundred pounds the directors and the trustees shall before giving effect to the nomination to a greater extent than seventy-five pounds require the production of a duly stamped receipt for the succession duty payable on such stock or deposits or a letter or certificate from the Commissioners of Inland Revenue stating that no such duty is payable and the Commissioners shall give such receipt letter or certificate on the payment of the duty or satisfactory proof of no duty being payable as the case may be. A D. 1913.

(3) If any co-partner dies intestate without having made any nomination under this section in force at his death and the total value of the stock and deposits standing in his name does not exceed one hundred pounds then without letters of administration the directors and the trustees if they have no notice of the claim of any creditor may respectively register the stock in the names of and pay the deposits to such persons as appear to a majority of the trustees upon such evidence as they may deem satisfactory to be entitled by law to be registered as owners of the stock or to receive the deposits. Provided that if the total value of the stock and deposits of the deceased co-partner exceeds ninety pounds the directors and the trustees shall before dealing with the stock or deposits under this subsection to a greater extent than seventy-five pounds obtain from the Commissioners of Inland Revenue a receipt for the legacy duty payable thereon or a letter or certificate stating that no such duty is payable.

(4) When the principal value of the estate in respect of which estate duty is payable of any co-partner exceeds one hundred pounds any stock registered or sum paid under this section without probate or letters of administration shall notwithstanding such registration or payment be liable to estate duty as part of the amount on which that duty is charged.

(5) The directors and the trustees shall respectively before registering any person as the holder of any stock or paying to any person any deposits standing in the name of a deceased co-partner satisfy themselves that the principal value of the estate of the deceased co-partner does not after deduction of debts and funeral expenses exceed one hundred pounds and in the absence of other evidence to their satisfaction shall be empowered to



A.D. 1913. require a statutory declaration by such person to that effect or if such principal value exceeds one hundred pounds they shall before registering the stock in the name of or paying the deposits to any person other than the legal personal representative of the deceased co-partner to an extent greater than three-fourths of the total value of such stock and deposits require production of a certificate from the Commissioners of Inland Revenue of the payment of the estate duty.

(6) Any registration of stock or payment of deposits made by the directors or the trustees under the provisions of subsection (4) of this section shall be valid and effectual against any demand made upon the Company the directors or the trustees by any other person but the next-of-kin or lawful representative of the deceased co-partner shall have remedy for recovery of the stock so registered or deposits so paid as aforesaid against the person who has been registered as holder of the stock or received the deposits.

(7) For the purposes of this section the value of the stock of a deceased co-partner shall be deemed to be the value of such stock as at the date of the death of the co-partner and in the event of the directors and trustees being restricted under the provisions of this section from giving effect to any nomination made by a deceased co-partner and in force at his death to the whole extent of the nomination they shall primarily give effect thereto to the extent to which it relates to stock.

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

Charge for  
gas supplied  
by means of  
prepayment  
meters.

**43.**—(1) The Company may demand for any gas supplied through a prepayment meter a not greater charge than for gas supplied to other private ordinary consumers within the limits of supply through any other kind of meter.

(2) The charge for the hire of any prepayment meter and fittings to be used therewith shall be a sum of money calculated according to the quantity of gas supplied through the prepayment meter and the maximum charge shall be at the rate of tenpence per one thousand cubic feet supplied in manner aforesaid such sum to include the hire of meter and the fittings used therewith or at the rate of one shilling per thousand cubic feet if such fittings include a cooking or heating stove.

(3) The charge for the hire of any prepayment meter without fittings shall be a sum of money calculated according to the

quantity of gas supplied through the prepayment meter and the maximum charge shall be at the rate of sixpence per one thousand cubic feet supplied in manner aforesaid or at the rate of ten per centum per annum on the cost of the meter whichever shall be the higher. A.D. 1913.

(4) The said charges shall include the providing letting fixing repairing and maintenance of the meters and fittings or of the meters (as the case may be) and the cost of collection and other costs incurred by the Company in connexion therewith.

(5) For the purpose of this section the expression "prepayment meter" means any meter or appliance by which the quantity of gas supplied is regulated according to the amount of money prepaid therefor.

44. The price chargeable by the Company for gas supplied from time to time by them for any public street lamps in any urban district within their limits of supply shall not exceed a sum which shall be fourpence per thousand cubic feet less than the price per thousand cubic feet from time to time generally charged by the Company to private consumers residing within such urban district. Price for supply to public street lamps.

45. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Gasworks Clauses Act 1871 or any other Act a person shall not be entitled to demand from the Company a supply or the continuance of a supply of gas for premises having a separate supply either of gas or electricity (that is to say a supply from an installation other than that of the Company) unless he shall have previously agreed to pay the Company such minimum annual sum as will give to them a reasonable return on the capital expenditure and standing charges incurred by them to meet the possible maximum demand for those premises and the minimum annual sum to be so paid shall be determined in default of agreement by arbitration in manner provided by the Arbitration Act 1889. Supply of gas when consumer has separate supply.

46. In order to enable the Company to ensure a satisfactory supply of gas to their consumers the following provisions shall have effect:— As to construction and placing of pipes &c. between mains and meters.

- (1) The Company may specify the size and material of the pipes with the fittings thereof which are to be laid by the consumer either in the first instance or on the occasion of any renewal between the Company's

A.D. 1913

mains and the meter and (so far as the same are intended to be covered over) on the consumer's premises:

- (2) The Company may if they think fit make different specifications for different classes of premises having regard to the probable maximum consumption of gas thereon at any one time:
- (3) The specification shall be published twice in some newspaper or once in each of two newspapers circulating within the limits of supply and a copy thereof shall be kept exhibited in the office of the Company:
- (4) Every meter to be used in a new building or a building not previously supplied with gas or in connexion with a new or substituted pipe laid by the consumer between the main and the consumer's meter shall be placed as near as reasonably practicable to the Company's main but within the outside wall of the building:
- (5) When any such pipe or meter as aforesaid has been laid or placed notice thereof shall be given to the Company and the pipe shall not be covered over until after the expiration of twenty-four hours from the service of such notice on the Company. Any officer of the Company duly appointed may between nine o'clock in the morning and five o'clock in the afternoon attend and inspect such pipes (with their fittings) and meter and if the officer is not permitted to make the inspection or if the pipes or fittings are not according to the Company's specification or if the meter is not placed as required by this section the Company may refuse to supply gas to the premises until the provisions of this section have been complied with:
- (6) Any person to whom the Company refuses a supply of gas under the provisions of this section may appeal to a petty sessional court against such refusal and the court may after hearing the parties and considering any questions as to the reasonableness of the Company's specification make such order as seems to them proper in the circumstances and may order by which of the parties the costs of and incident to the appeal shall be paid.

**47.** The power to enter premises and to remove pipes meters fittings or apparatus conferred upon the Company by section 22 of the Gasworks Clauses Act 1871 shall extend to all cases in which any person entering into occupation of any premises previously supplied with gas by the Company shall not require to take a supply of gas from the Company or to hire from the Company all or any of the pipes meters fittings or apparatus belonging to the Company and let by them on hire to any former occupier of such premises.

A.D. 1913.

Power to enter premises and remove fittings.

**48.** The Company may acquire take and use any leave licence or authority to work use exercise and put in practice any invention under letters patent made or to be made granting any right or privilege of working using exercising or vending any invention in relation to the production manufacture utilisation or distribution of gas or materials used in or resulting from the manufacture of gas or any residual products thereof but not so as to acquire any exclusive right to the working using exercising or putting in practice of any such invention.

Power to take licences for use of patents relating to gas.

**49.** The Company may enter into and fulfil any contract or arrangement with any county urban rural or local authority having powers within any part of the limits of supply for the supply of gas by the Company for public purposes within the limits of supply for any period not exceeding under any one such contract or arrangement seven years.

Contracts for supplying gas for public purposes.

**50.** The directors may close the register of transfers of any ordinary or preference stock of the Company for a period not exceeding fourteen days previous to a declaration of any dividend thereon and they may fix a day for closing the same of which seven days' notice shall be given by advertisement in some newspaper published or circulating in the district within which the Company's principal place of business is situate and any transfer made during the time when the transfer books are so closed shall as between the Company and the person claiming under the same but not otherwise be considered as made subsequently to the declaration of any such dividend.

Closing of transfer books.

**51.** In addition to the powers which the directors may exercise under the Companies Clauses Acts 1845 to 1889 they may from time to time determine the remuneration of the secretary.

Directors may determine remuneration of secretary.

A.D. 1913.

Authentica-  
tion and  
service of  
notices by  
Company.

**52.** Any notice to be served by the Company on a person supplied with gas shall be sufficiently authenticated by the signature of the secretary or other officer of the Company for the time being authorised in writing by the directors being affixed thereto in writing or by a stamp or if it be a notice to pay any charge in respect of a supply of gas or gas fittings or appliances by the name either of the secretary or such other officer as aforesaid being affixed thereto in writing or in print or by a stamp and any such notice may be served on such person either personally or by sending the same through the post by a prepaid letter addressed to him by name at his last known or usual place of abode or of business or by delivering the same to some inmate at his last known or usual place of abode or business or to any inmate of the premises supplied or if such premises be unoccupied and the place of abode of the person to be served is after proper inquiry unknown it shall in the case of any notice not being a notice to pay any charge be sufficient to affix such notice or a copy thereof upon some conspicuous part of such premises.

Receipt in  
case of per-  
sons not sui  
juris.

**53.** If any money is payable to a stockholder or mortgagee or debenture stockholder being a minor idiot or lunatic the receipt of the guardian or committee of his estate shall be a sufficient discharge to the Company.

Company  
may refuse  
to supply gas  
in certain  
cases.

**54.** If a person requiring a supply of gas for any premises occupies or has occupied other premises at which gas is being or has been supplied to him by the Company and has not paid all money due from him to the Company for the supply of gas or for the rent of a meter they may refuse to furnish to him a supply of gas until he pays the same.

Notice to  
discontinue  
supply of  
gas.

**55.** A notice to the Company from a consumer for the discontinuance of a supply of gas shall not be of any effect unless it be in writing signed by or on behalf of the consumer and be left at or sent by post to the office of the Company or be given personally by the consumer at such office.

Recovery of  
penalties &c.

**56.** Save as otherwise by this Act expressly provided all offences against the Harrow and Stanmore Gas Acts 1873 to 1913 and all penalties forfeitures costs and expenses imposed or recoverable under the said Acts or any byelaw made in pursuance thereof may be prosecuted and recovered in a summary manner Provided that costs or expenses except such as are recoverable



along with a penalty shall not be recovered as penalties but may A.D. 1913.  
be recovered summarily as civil debts.

**57.** The Acts specified in the first column of the Second Repeal.  
Schedule to this Act shall be and the same are hereby repealed  
to the extent specified in the second column of that schedule  
but so far as relates to the enactments set forth in the second  
part of that schedule such repeal shall take effect as from the  
first day of January one thousand nine hundred and fourteen.

**58.** All costs charges and expenses of and incident to the Costs of Act.  
preparing for obtaining and passing of this Act or otherwise in  
relation thereto shall be paid by the Company and may in whole  
or in part be charged against revenue.

A.D. 1913. The SCHEDULES referred to in the foregoing Act.

### FIRST SCHEDULE.

A piece of land belonging or reputed to belong to the Company situate in the parish and urban district of Harrow-on-the-Hill in the county of Middlesex lying to the west of and near to the Company's existing gasworks which piece of land contains by admeasurement five acres or thereabouts and is bounded on the north by land belonging or reputed to belong to William Greenhill Chapman and Percy Henry Michod and in the occupation of Anthony Hall on the south-west by the South Harrow branch of the Metropolitan Railway on the south-east by a lane and footpath leading from Eastcote Lane to Gasworks Lane and on the east by land belonging or reputed to belong to Thomas Meadows Clutterbuck and in the occupation of William Herbert Mortlock.

### SECOND SCHEDULE.

#### FIRST PART.

Act.	Extent of Repeal.
The Harrow Gas Act 1873 -	Section 34.
The Harrow and Stanmore Gas Act 1894.	Section 58 (so far as it relates to the prescribed burner).
The Harrow and Stanmore Gas Act 1903.	Sections 23 31 32 33 37 and 41.

#### SECOND PART.

Act.	Extent of Repeal.
The Harrow Gas Act 1873 -	Section 36 and (so far as it relates to the qualification of directors) section 37.
The Harrow and Stanmore Gas Act 1894.	Sections 32 34 and 41.
The Harrow and Stanmore Gas Act 1903.	Section 14. The proviso to subsection (2) and subsection (5) of section 30.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

A.D. 1913.

REGULATIONS AS TO DISPOSAL OF STOCK AND DEPOSITS OF  
CO-PARTNERS ON DEATH.

1. In these regulations "the Company" means the Harrow and Stanmore Gas Company "the directors" and "the secretary" respectively mean the directors and secretary of the Company "appointor" means any person who makes a nomination under the provisions of the section of the Harrow and Stanmore Gas Act 1913 the marginal note whereof is "Disposal of stock and deposits of co-partners on death" and "the trustees" "stock" "deposits" and "nominee" have the same respective meanings as are given thereto in the same section.

2. A nomination shall be in writing in the form prescribed by the trustees and shall be signed by the appointor in the presence of a witness and shall be sent by post or left at the office of the secretary during the lifetime of the appointor.

3. A nomination when received by the secretary shall be registered and the receipt thereof shall be acknowledged.

4. A nomination may be revoked by the appointor by writing under his hand signed in the presence of a witness and the revocation shall be sent by post to or left at the office of the secretary during the lifetime of the appointor.

5. A revocation when received by the secretary shall be registered in like manner as in the case of a nomination and the receipt thereof shall be acknowledged.

6. The marriage of an appointor shall operate as a revocation of any nomination theretofore made by that appointor.

7. A nomination may relate to the whole of the stock and deposits standing in the name of an appointor or to part only of such stock and deposits.

8. Except where otherwise stated a nomination shall be deemed to extend to all stock and deposits to which an appointor is entitled at the time of his decease up to a total value of not exceeding one hundred pounds but an appointor may in a nomination expressly exclude any part of such stock or deposits from the operation of such nomination.

9. A nomination may be in favour of one person or of several persons and in the latter case may direct that on the death of the appointor the stock shall be registered in the name of and that the deposits shall be paid to one or more of the persons named in the

[Ch. iii.] *Harrow and Stanmore Gas Act, 1913.* [3 & 4 GEO. 5.]

A.D. 1913. nomination or that the persons named in such nomination shall be registered as owners of the stock and shall take the deposits or any of them respectively in specified shares or may give directions to both effects.

10. No person who witnesses the signature of an appointor to a nomination shall take any benefit under such nomination.

11. The receipt of any nominee who has attained the age of sixteen years shall be a good discharge to the trustees for any sum paid to him notwithstanding that such nominee has not attained the age of twenty-one years.

12. Where the directors have registered stock in the name of or the trustees have paid deposits to a nominee in ignorance of a marriage of the appointor subsequent to the nomination the registration shall be deemed to have been lawfully made and the receipt of the nominee shall be a valid discharge for the sum so paid.

13. Where any nominee is at the death of the appointor an infant under the age of sixteen years and it is proved to the satisfaction of the trustees that funds are needed for the maintenance education or benefit of such infant the directors may register the stock in the name of and the trustees may pay the deposits mentioned in the nomination or any part thereof to any person who may satisfy the trustees that he will apply any money received by him from the trustees or by the sale of or as interest on such stock for the maintenance education or benefit of such infant and the receipt of such person shall be a good discharge to the trustees for the amount so paid.

---

Printed by EYRE and SPOTTISWOODE, Ltd.,

FOR

FREDERICK ATTERBURY, Esq., C.B., the King's Printer of Acts of Parliament.

---

And to be purchased, either directly or through any Bookseller, from  
WYMAN AND SONS, LTD., FETTER LANE, E.C., and 54, ST. MARY STREET, CARDIFF; or  
H.M. STATIONERY OFFICE (SCOTTISH BRANCH), 23, FORTH STREET, EDINBURGH; or  
E. PONSONBY, LTD., 116, GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN;

or from the Agencies in the British Colonies and Dependencies,  
the United States of America, the Continent of Europe and Abroad of  
T. FISHER UNWIN, LONDON, W.C.