

[20 & 21 GEO. 5.] *Bristol Corporation*
(No. 2) Act, 1930.

[Ch. clxxx.]



CHAPTER clxxx.

An Act to extend the boundaries of the city of Bristol to alter the limits of the port and harbour of Bristol to make further provision for the improvement health and good government of the city and for other purposes. [1st August 1930.]

A.D. 1930.

WHEREAS the city of Bristol (hereinafter referred to as "the city") is a municipal borough subject to the Acts relating to municipal corporations and is a county borough within the meaning of the Local Government Act 1888 and the lord mayor aldermen and burgesses of the city (hereinafter referred to as "the Corporation") are the urban sanitary authority for the city :

And whereas it is expedient that the boundaries of the city should be extended so as to include part of the parish of Henbury in the rural district of Thornbury in the county of Gloucester and part of the parish of Bishopsworth in the rural district of Long Ashton parts of the parish of Brislington and of the parish of Whitchurch in the rural district of Keynsham and part of the urban district of Portishead in the county of Somerset :

And whereas it is expedient that further powers should be conferred upon the Corporation with respect to streets and buildings and that further and better provisions should be made with regard to the health local government and improvement of the city :

[Price 2s. Net.]

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— And whereas the Corporation are the owners of the docks in the city known respectively as the City Docks the Avonmouth Docks and the Portishead Docks and are the port authority of the port of Bristol and the harbour authority of the harbour of Bristol and are the conservators of the area comprised in the said port and harbour :

And whereas it is expedient that the limits of the port of Bristol and of the harbour of Bristol and of the area of which the Corporation are the conservators should be altered as by this Act provided :

And whereas it is expedient that further powers should be conferred upon the Corporation with respect to their dock undertaking and that the provisions hereinafter contained with respect to dues on vessels entering or leaving the port of Bristol should be enacted :

And whereas it is expedient that the provisions contained in this Act with regard to the superannuation of officers and servants of the Corporation and of the justices of and the registration officer of the city should be made :

And whereas it is expedient that the other provisions contained in this Act should be made :

And whereas the purposes of this Act cannot be effected without the authority of Parliament :

And whereas in relation to the promotion of the Bill for this Act the requirements of the Borough Funds Acts 1872 and 1903 have been observed :

May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in this present Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows (that is to say) :—

PART I.

PRELIMINARY.

Short title.

1. This Act may be cited as the Bristol Corporation (No. 2) Act 1930.

2. This Act is divided into Parts as follows :—

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Part I.—Preliminary.

Division of
Act into
Parts.

Part II.—Extension of boundaries.

Part III.—Streets and buildings.

Part IV.—Infectious disease and sanitary.

Part V.—Common lodging-houses.

Part VI.—Sale of coke.

Part VII.—Alteration of limits of port of Bristol
&c.

Part VIII.—Harbour and dock dues.

Part IX.—Superannuation.

Part X.—Finance and miscellaneous.

3.—(1) In this Act the several words and expressions to which meanings are assigned by the Public Health Acts have the same respective meanings unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction. Interpretation.

(2) In this Act unless the subject or context otherwise requires—

“The city” means the city and county of Bristol;

“The council” means the council of the city;

“The Corporation” means the lord mayor aldermen and burgesses of the city acting by the council;

“The lord mayor” “the town clerk” and “the medical officer” mean respectively the lord mayor the town clerk and the medical officer of health of the city and respectively include any person duly authorised to discharge temporarily the duties of those offices;

“The general rate fund” and “the general rate” mean respectively the general rate fund and the general rate of the city;

“Infectious disease” means (except where otherwise stated) any infectious disease to which the Infectious Disease (Notification) Act 1889 is for the time being applicable within the city;

“Daily penalty” means a penalty for each day on which an offence is continued by a person after conviction thereof;

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“Statutory security” means any security in which trustees are for the time being by or under any Act of Parliament passed or to be passed authorised to invest trust money and any mortgage bond debenture debenture stock stock or other security authorised by or under any Act of Parliament passed or to be passed of any county council or municipal corporation or other local authority as defined by section 34 (Definitions) of the Local Loans Act 1875 but does not include annuities rentcharges or securities transferable by delivery or any securities of the Corporation;

“Statutory borrowing power” means any power whether or not coupled with a duty of borrowing or continuing on loan or re-borrowing money or of redeeming or paying off or creating or continuing payment of or in respect of any annuity rentcharge rent or other security representing or granted in lieu of consideration money for the time being existing under any Act of Parliament public or local passed or to be passed or under any Provisional Order confirmed by Act of Parliament passed or to be passed or under any order or sanction of any Government department made or given or to be made or given by authority of any Act of Parliament passed or to be passed;

“Corporation security” means any stock mortgage grant of annuity bill or other security issued or granted or to be issued or granted by the Corporation under any statutory borrowing power.

PART II.

EXTENSION OF BOUNDARIES.

Definition of expressions in Part II of Act.

4. In this Part of this Act unless the context otherwise requires—

“Existing” means existing immediately before the appointed day;

“The Act of 1888” means the Local Government Act 1888;

“The Thornbury District” means the rural district of Thornbury in the county of Gloucester; A.D. 1930.

“The Long Ashton District” “the Keynsham District” and “the Portishead District” mean respectively the rural district of Long Ashton the rural district of Keynsham and the urban district of Portishead in the county of Somerset;

“The Thornbury Council” “the Long Ashton Council” “the Keynsham Council” and “the Portishead Council” mean respectively the rural district councils of the Thornbury District the Long Ashton District and the Keynsham District and the urban district council of the Portishead District;

“The added part of Henbury” means that part of the parish of Henbury in the Thornbury District which is defined in Part I of the First Schedule to this Act;

“The added part of Bishopsworth” means that part of the parish of Bishopsworth in the Long Ashton District which is defined in Part II of the said First Schedule;

“The added part of Brislington” means that part of the parish of Brislington in the Keynsham District which is defined in Part III of the said First Schedule;

“The added part of Whitchurch” means that part of the parish of Whitchurch in the Keynsham District which is defined in Part IV of the said First Schedule;

“The added part of Portishead” means that part of the parish of Portishead in the Portishead District which is defined in Part V of the said First Schedule;

“The added areas” means the added part of Henbury the added part of Bishopsworth the added part of Brislington the added part of Whitchurch and the added part of Portishead;

“The appointed day” means as respects such of the added areas as are in the county of Somerset the first day of August one thousand nine hundred and thirty and as respects the added part of

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Henbury the first day of October one thousand nine hundred and thirty;

“The existing city” means the city and county of Bristol as it exists immediately before the appointed day;

“The city” means the existing city as extended by this Part of this Act;

“The Corporation” means as the context requires the lord mayor aldermen and burgesses of the existing city or of the city acting by the Council;

“The Minister” means the Minister of Health;

“Local authority” means a local authority as defined in section 3 of the Local Government and other Officers’ Superannuation Act 1922 and includes the standing joint committee of a county;

“Officer” includes a servant and any person whose remuneration is paid by a local authority;

“The Municipal Corporations Acts” means the Municipal Corporations Act 1882 and the Acts amending and extending that Act and the Borough Councillors (Alteration of Number) Act 1925:

“The city plan” means the plan of the city marked “A” signed in triplicate by Thomas Lowth the Chairman of the Committee of the House of Commons to whom the Bill for this Act was referred of which copies are to be deposited as mentioned in subsection (1) of the section of this Act of which the marginal note is “Deposit of city plan.”

Provision
as to
Sunday.

5. Where the day on which anything by this Part of this Act required to be done falls on a Sunday that thing shall be done on the following day.

Commence-
ment of
Part II of
Act.

6. Save as otherwise expressly provided this Part of this Act shall come into operation as respects such of the added areas as are in the county of Somerset on the first day of August one thousand nine hundred and thirty and as respects the added part of Henbury on the

first day of October one thousand nine hundred and thirty : A.D. 1930.

Provided that for the purpose of—

- (a) the alteration or re-arrangement of any register of electors made under the Representation of the People Acts; and
- (b) the alteration of valuation lists to take effect on the appointed day;

this Part of this Act shall operate from the date of the passing of this Act :

Provided also that for the purpose of adjustments of the proceeds of local taxation licences this Part of this Act shall come into operation on the first day of April one thousand nine hundred and thirty-one.

7.—(1) The boundaries of the existing city are hereby extended so as to comprise and the city shall accordingly comprise in addition to the existing city the added part of Henbury the added part of Bishopsworth the added part of Brislington the added part of Whitchurch and the added part of Portishead and the said parts of parishes shall for all purposes be detached from the administrative counties of Gloucester and Somerset respectively and from the jurisdiction and powers of the county councils of those counties and of the justices of the peace sheriffs coroners and officers of the said counties respectively and shall for all purposes form part of the city and county and parish of Bristol.

Extension of
boundaries
of existing
city.

(2) Lists of prisoners writs process and particulars and all records and documents relating to or to be executed in connection with any action or proceeding pending or existing at the appointed day and appertaining to the added areas shall be delivered turned over or transferred and signed in like manner in all respects as nearly as circumstances admit as is required to be done upon a new sheriff coming into office and as if the sheriff of the existing city were as respects the added areas the new sheriff in succession to the sheriffs of the counties of Gloucester and Somerset respectively.

(3) The city is delineated on the city plan and if there be any discrepancy between the city plan and the descriptions of the added areas in the First Schedule to

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Deposit of city plan.

8.—(1) The city plan shall within two weeks after the passing of this Act be deposited as to one copy in the Office of the Clerk of the Parliaments House of Lords as to another copy in the Committee and Private Bill Office of the House of Commons and as to the third copy with the town clerk at his office.

(2) A copy certified by the town clerk of those parts of the city plan which comprise the added areas and so much of the existing city as is necessary for identification of each of the added areas shall be sent as soon as may be after the said deposit of the city plan to the Board of Inland Revenue the Commissioners of Customs and Excise the Registrar-General the Postmaster-General the Board of Trade the Minister the Minister of Transport the Minister of Agriculture and Fisheries and the Electricity Commissioners.

Copies of city plan to be evidence.

9.—(1) Copies of the city plan deposited with the town clerk or any extract therefrom certified by him to be true shall be received by all courts of justice and elsewhere as prima facie evidence of the contents of such plan.

(2) The city plan shall at all reasonable times be open to the inspection of persons liable to any rate leviable within the city and any such person shall be entitled to a copy of or extract from such plan certified by the town clerk on payment of a reasonable fee for every such copy or extract.

(3) All fees so received shall be carried to the general rate fund.

Addition of added areas to existing wards of city.

10. Subject to the provisions of the Municipal Corporations Acts the added areas shall respectively be included in and form part of existing wards of the city as follows :—

(1) The added part of Henbury shall be included in and form part of the Westbury-on-Trym ward of the city :

(2) The added part of Bishopsworth shall be included in and form part of the Bedminster East ward of the city :

(3) The added part of Brislington and the added part of Whitchurch shall be included in and form part of the Somerset ward of the city : A.D. 1930.
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(4) The added part of Portishead shall be included in and form part of the Bedminster West ward of the city.

11.—(1) The persons who hold office immediately before the appointed day as lord mayor aldermen and councillors of the existing city shall on the appointed day become the lord mayor aldermen and councillors of the city but shall respectively retire from office on the day on which they would have retired from office if this Part of this Act had not been enacted. Existing lord mayor aldermen and councillors.

(2) The persons who hold office immediately before the appointed day as councillors for the existing Westbury on-Trym Bedminster East Somerset and Bedminster West wards respectively shall be deemed to have been elected for those wards as respectively extended by this Part of this Act.

12.—(1) The Thornbury Council the Long Ashton Council the Keynsham Council and the Portishead Council shall respectively continue and shall be deemed to have been elected for and shall be the rural district councils of the Thornbury District the Long Ashton District and the Keynsham District and the urban district council of the Portishead District respectively as diminished by this Part of this Act. Continuing urban and rural district councils.

(2) The persons who hold office immediately before the appointed day as councillors of the Thornbury District the Long Ashton District the Keynsham District and the Portishead District respectively representing divisions which comprise any of the added areas shall be deemed from and after the appointed day to represent as such councillors the said divisions as diminished by this Part of this Act.

13. All the powers rights duties and liabilities of an urban authority and the powers in relation to the chargeability of expenses with which the Thornbury Council the Long Ashton Council and the Keynsham Council are respectively invested in pursuance of any order made by the Local Government Board or the Minister under the Public Health Acts 1875 to 1925 in respect of any contributory place which is altered by this Part of this Act shall Urban powers &c. in excluded parts of parishes.

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Continuing
parish
councils.

14. The parish councils of the parishes of Henbury Bishopsworth Brislington and Whitchurch shall continue and shall be the parish councils for the said parishes respectively as diminished by this Part of this Act and the persons who hold office immediately before the appointed day as parish councillors for the said parishes respectively shall continue to be parish councillors for those parishes as diminished by this Part of this Act.

Alteration
of petty
sessional
divisions.

15.—(1) The added part of Henbury shall be separated from the Lawfords Gate petty sessional division.

(2) The added part of Bishopsworth and the added part of Portishead shall be separated from the Long Ashton petty sessional division.

(3) The added part of Brislington and the added part of Whitchurch shall be separated from the Keynsham petty sessional division :

Provided that—

(a) every person committing an offence in any part of the added areas before the appointed day shall be tried and dealt with as if this Part of this Act had not been enacted;

(b) every proceeding which before the appointed day has been begun by or is pending before any justices or any coroner in relation to any matter arising in or concerning any part of the added areas may be continued or completed in like manner and with the like incidents and consequences as nearly as may be as if this Part of this Act had not been enacted.

County
electoral
divisions
and county
councillors.

16. Subject to the provisions of section 54 of the Act of 1888 section 2 of the Representation of the People Act 1922 and section 50 of the Local Government Act 1929 the Almondsbury and Henbury electoral division of the county of Gloucester and the Brislington Long Ashton and Portishead electoral divisions of the county of Somerset as respectively diminished by the inclusion in the city of the added areas shall continue to be electoral

divisions of the said counties and the persons who immediately before the appointed day are the county councillors representing the said divisions respectively shall be deemed from and after that day to represent the said divisions as so diminished. A.D. 1930.

17.—(1) The added areas shall be separated from the existing parishes of which they form part. Detaching added areas from jurisdiction of certain authorities.

(2) The added part of Henbury shall be detached from the Thornbury District and from the jurisdiction and powers of the Thornbury Council.

(3) The added part of Bishopsworth shall be detached from the Long Ashton District and from the jurisdiction and powers of the Long Ashton Council.

(4) The added part of Brislington and the added part of Whitchurch shall be detached from the Keynsham District and from the jurisdiction and powers of the Keynsham Council.

(5) The added part of Portishead shall be detached from the Portishead District and from the jurisdiction and powers of the Portishead Council.

18.—(1) The provisions of any adoptive Act in force within the added areas or any part thereof and not in force throughout the existing city shall cease to be in force within or apply to any part of the added areas. Adoptive Acts in added areas.

(2) Any order under the Infectious Disease (Notification) Act 1889 or under any adoptive enactment which is in force immediately before the appointed day throughout the existing city shall extend and apply to the added areas and any order under the Infectious Disease (Notification) Act 1889 in force immediately before that day within any part of the added areas shall cease to be in force.

19. Subject to any order which the Minister or the Secretary of State may make on or after the appointed day the following provisions shall have effect as regards orders under the Public Health Acts Amendment Act 1907 or the Public Health Act 1925 :— Orders under Public Health Acts Amendment Act 1907 or Public Health Act 1925.

(a) The provisions of any order made before the appointed day and declaring to be in force throughout the existing city any parts or sections of either of those Acts shall have

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effect as if any reference in that order to the existing city extended and applied to the city and as if the said parts or sections were accordingly declared to be in force within the city;

- (b) Any other order under either of those Acts which is in force immediately before the appointed day throughout the existing city shall extend and apply to the added areas;
- (c) The provisions of any order made before the appointed day and declaring to be in force in the added areas or any of them any parts or sections of either of those Acts shall cease to apply to the added areas or any of them and subject to the provisions of this section the parts or sections declared to be in force shall cease to be in force in the added areas or any of them but this provision shall not prejudice or affect any proceedings which are pending on the appointed day.

Extension of limits for supply of electricity.

20. Such parts of the added areas (other than the added part of Whitchurch) as are not immediately before the appointed day comprised in the area of supply of electricity by the Corporation under the Bristol Electric Lighting Order 1883 as extended by subsequent Acts and Orders shall be added to and form part of that area of supply and the added part of Portishead shall cease to be within the area of supply under the Portishead and District Electric Lighting Order 1911.

Shops orders.

21. Any order made under the Shop Hours Act 1908 or under the Shops Acts 1912 to 1928 and in force immediately before the appointed day in any area affected by this Part of this Act shall subject to the provisions of those Acts remain in force and apply to the area to which it then applied.

Orders under Wild Birds Protection Acts.

22. Any order under the Wild Birds Protection Acts 1880 to 1908 which is in force immediately before the appointed day within the existing city shall extend to the added areas and any order under those Acts which is then in force within the county of Gloucester or the county of Somerset shall cease to apply to the added areas.

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23.—(1) All byelaws made under the Public Health Acts and in force within the existing city or within the added areas or any of them immediately before the appointed day shall continue to apply to the existing city or to the added areas respectively as the case may be until repealed or altered by the Corporation: A.D. 1930.
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Byelaws &c.

Provided that any such byelaws in force in the existing city may by a byelaw made in accordance with sections 182 to 185 of the Public Health Act 1875 so far as those sections relate to byelaws made by an urban sanitary authority be extended with or without modification to the added areas or any of them.

(2) All other byelaws made by the Corporation or by the watch committee of the existing city and in force immediately before the appointed day shall apply to the city until repealed or altered and all byelaws made by the county council of the administrative county of Gloucester or of the administrative county of Somerset or the standing joint committee of either of those counties shall on that day cease to apply within the added areas.

(3) Any proceedings which if this Part of this Act had not been enacted might have been taken for any offence against any byelaw committed before the appointed day within the added areas or any of them may be taken by the Corporation.

(4) In this section "byelaws" includes any order regulation scale of charges list of tolls or table of fees or payments and the expression "byelaws made under the Public Health Acts" means byelaws which under the Ministry of Health Act 1919 are subject to confirmation by the Minister whether made before or after the passing of that Act.

24.—(1) Except as by this Part of this Act otherwise expressly provided all the jurisdiction powers rights privileges authorities immunities and duties of the Corporation as a municipal body and of the council and any committee thereof acting in the execution of such enactments as are immediately before the appointed day in force within the existing city and of the Corporation as the urban sanitary authority for the district consisting of the existing city or any committee thereof Authority of Corporation extended.

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and of the Corporation as the burial board and of the Corporation as the education authority and of the Corporation as the poor law authority shall extend to and throughout the city and all charters and enactments immediately before the appointed day in force within and applicable to the existing city or to the burgesses and inhabitants thereof shall subject to the provisions of this Part of this Act extend and apply to the city and the inhabitants and burgesses thereof.

(2) Nothing in this Part of this Act shall alter the area for the supply of gas or water or except as provided by the section of this Act of which the marginal note is "Extension of limits for supply of electricity" the area for the supply of electricity by any local authority or company under any local Act or any Provisional Order confirmed by Parliament or under any Special Order or shall prejudice or affect the existing rights and powers of any such local authority or company under any such Act Provisional Order or Special Order.

Jurisdiction
of lord
mayor
recorder
justices &c.

25. The jurisdiction powers authorities rights privileges and duties of the lord mayor the quarter sessions the sheriff the recorder the town clerk the clerk of the peace the coroner the local courts the justices of the peace appointed for the existing city and the clerk to those justices and all constables officers and servants of the existing city shall extend to and apply throughout the city.

Officers of
Corporation
continued.

26. The town clerk and all other officers of the Corporation of the existing city who hold office immediately before the appointed day shall continue to be the town clerk and officers of the Corporation of the city and shall hold their offices by the same tenure as before that day.

Property
and liabilities
of
urban and
rural
district
councils.

27. Subject to the provisions of this Part of this Act any property or liabilities which immediately before the appointed day are vested in or attached to the Thornbury Council the Long Ashton Council the Keynsham Council or the Portishead Council in relation exclusively to one of the added areas or any portion of one of the added areas shall by virtue of this Part of this Act be transferred to and vest in the Corporation and any property or liabilities vested in or attaching

to any of those councils in relation to one of the added areas or any portion of one of the added areas conjointly with any other area shall be a matter for adjustment under this Part of this Act. A.D. 1930.
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28.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Part of this Act any powers or duties vested in or imposed on the parish councils of the existing parishes of Henbury Bishopsworth Brislington and Whitchurch or any of such councils shall so far as regards the added areas be vested in or imposed on the Corporation. Powers property &c. of existing parishes.

(2) Any property or liabilities held or incurred by the said parish councils or any of them in relation exclusively to the added parts of the said parishes respectively or any portion of any of those added parts shall by virtue of this Part of this Act be transferred to and vest in or attach to the Corporation.

(3) Any property or liabilities held or incurred by any of the said parish councils in relation to the added part of any of the said parishes or any portion of any of those added parts conjointly with any other area shall be a matter for adjustment under this Part of this Act.

29.—(1) The Minister may by order at any time after the appointed day make such provisions as appear to him to be necessary for transferring to the insurance committee for the city such of the property rights and liabilities of the insurance committee for the county of Gloucester or for the county of Somerset as relate to persons resident in the added areas. Insurance committees.

(2) An order made under this section may authorise the insurance committees for the said counties respectively to continue to act as insurance committees for the added areas until such date not being later than the thirty-first day of December one thousand nine hundred and thirty as may be specified in the order and may for that purpose postpone the operation of this Part of this Act so far as relates to the rights and duties of the respective insurance committees for the said counties and the city until the date so specified and may provide for such financial adjustments and may contain such other consequential and supplementary provisions as may appear to the Minister necessary or expedient.

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(3) An order under this section may be revoked revised or amended by an order made in like manner as the original order.

(4) Subject to any order under this section the persons who immediately before the appointed day are members of the respective insurance committees for the said counties and the existing city shall be deemed to have been appointed or elected as and shall be the members of the respective insurance committees for the said counties as altered by this Part of this Act and the city.

Corporation
property
liabilities
&c.

30.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Part of this Act all property immediately before the appointed day vested in the Corporation in any capacity or in any trustees committee or society for educational or charitable purposes for the benefit of the existing city shall by virtue of this Act be held by the Corporation or such trustees committee or society as the case may be for the benefit of the city and all rights privileges benefits and advantages (except the parliamentary franchise) possessed or enjoyed by the burgesses and inhabitants of the existing city (including those possessed or enjoyed under any charitable trust) shall be and the same are hereby extended to the burgesses and inhabitants of the city and all liabilities which immediately before the appointed day attach to the Corporation in respect of the existing city shall on that day attach to them in respect of the city.

(2) Save as aforesaid nothing in this section shall affect the right to the benefit of any charity or shall alter the defined charitable purposes (if any) to which any property is by law applicable immediately before the appointed day.

As to
charities
for benefit
of added
areas.

31. All real and personal property (if any) at the commencement of this Part of this Act vested in the Thornbury Council the Long Ashton Council the Keynsham Council or the Portishead Council for charitable purposes in any parish or district comprised in the added areas or so vested in any trustees committee or society shall continue to be held by the parties in whom such property was so vested and (subject and according to the trusts applicable thereto) be administered and applied for the benefit of such parish or district (including the

portion thereof comprised in the added areas) and of the inhabitants thereof as if this Act had not been passed. A.D. 1930.
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32. So much of any sums borrowed by the Corporation as immediately before the appointed day are owing and charged upon a fund or rate of the existing city or upon the revenues of the Corporation of the existing city shall be charged upon the corresponding fund or rate of the city or upon the revenues of the Corporation of the city as the case may require. Mortgage debts of Corporation.

33.—(1) The local registrars for the counties of Gloucester and Somerset and for the Thornbury District the Long Ashton District the Keynsham District and the Portishead District respectively under the Land Charges Act 1925 and the rules made thereunder shall within fourteen days after the appointed day supply to the town clerk as the local registrar for the city an office copy of every entry in the local land charges register relating to any premises situate within the added areas and shall be paid by the Corporation in respect thereof such fees as are prescribed by the said rules. Local land charges register.

(2) The town clerk shall within fourteen days after the receipt of the office copy mentioned in subsection (1) of this section enter the same with any necessary modifications in the appropriate part of the local land charges register of the city.

(3) Until the entries are made as aforesaid or until the expiration of one month from the appointed day whichever be the earlier day the following provisions shall have effect in respect of all land within the added areas :—

- (a) The town clerk shall give notice to any person desiring to make a personal search that an additional search should be made in the register for the district affected and in the register for the county of Gloucester or for the county of Somerset (as the case may be);
- (b) Where application is made for an official search the town clerk shall issue free of charge a certificate of official search in the register of the city and shall forward to the local registrar

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for the district affected the application received by him together with the fees paid in respect thereof and shall also forward to the local registrar for the county of Gloucester or for the county of Somerset (as the case may be) a copy of the application;

- (c) The local registrar for the district affected and the local registrars for the counties of Gloucester and Somerset respectively shall permit and make such searches and furnish such office copies and certificates as they would have been required to permit make and furnish and shall in relation thereto have the same powers and be subject to the same obligations as if this Act had not been passed;
- (d) The fees in respect of searches permitted or made and in respect of certificates furnished by the local registrars for the counties of Gloucester and Somerset respectively in pursuance of the provisions of paragraph (c) of this subsection shall be paid by the Corporation;
- (e) Where a local land charge duly registered in the local land charges register of the county of Gloucester or of the county of Somerset (as the case may be) or of the district affected is in pursuance of this Act transferred from such register to the register of the city such charge shall not be void as against a purchaser for money or money's worth of a legal estate in the land affected thereby by reason only that it has not been entered in the register of the city.

Assessment
areas and
committees.

34.—(1) The added areas shall respectively cease to be within the Kingswood Frome and Weston-super-Mare assessment areas and shall form part of the Bristol assessment area.

(2) Any person who immediately before the appointed day represents the existing city on the Bristol assessment committee shall be deemed to have been appointed to represent the city on that committee.

(3) Any person who immediately before the appointed day represents an area comprising any of the added areas on the assessment committee of any of the said Kingswood Frome and Weston-super-Mare

assessment areas shall be deemed to have been appointed to represent that area as diminished by this Part of this Act. A.D. 1930.
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35.—(1) The portions of the valuation lists of the Thornbury District the Long Ashton District the Keynsham District and the Portishead District which respectively relate to hereditaments within the added areas shall be transferred to the Corporation and shall be amalgamated with the valuation list of the existing city. Valuation lists.

(2) The remaining portions of the valuation lists of the said districts shall be the valuation lists of those districts respectively as diminished by this Part of this Act.

36. For the purposes of all valuation lists of the city the amount of the deduction to be made under paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 22 of the Rating and Valuation Act 1925 from the net annual value of such rateable hereditaments within the added areas as are included in class (3) of the hereditaments specified in column (1) of Part II of the Second Schedule to that Act shall be thirty-one per centum and such adjustments of the value of those hereditaments shall be made by the Corporation as may be necessary to give effect to the provisions of this section. Deduction in ascertaining rateable value of tithes railways &c.

37.—(1) All rates not collected immediately before the appointed day in respect of hereditaments within any of the added areas shall be collected and recovered by the Corporation. Arrears of rates.

(2) Any rates so collected and recovered shall be a matter for adjustment under this Part of this Act.

38.—(1) In any case where the extension of the existing city by this Part of this Act affects the distribution of any moneys between the county of Gloucester or the county of Somerset on the one hand and the city on the other hand or between the said counties or either of them and the city on the one hand and any other county borough on the other hand or any financial relations or questions between those areas or any adjustment which has been made in regard to the said distribution or financial relations or questions then if provision is not made by any other Act for the adjustment of the matters Adjustment of financial relations.

A.D. 1930. — so affected equitable adjustments may be made between the areas interested.

(2) Any adjustment authorised by subsection (1) of this section may be made by agreement between the authorities affected or by an arbitrator appointed by those authorities and if such agreement has not been made or an arbitrator has not been appointed before the thirty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred and thirty-two or such later date as may be allowed by the Minister then on the application of any authority interested the Minister may if he thinks fit make or appoint an arbitrator to make the adjustment.

(3) In any case in which an agreement for equitable adjustments as aforesaid has not been made or so far as any such agreement may not extend to any financial relations or questions the provisions of the Act of 1888 relating to adjustments between administrative counties and county boroughs shall apply with the necessary modifications and the Minister or an arbitrator appointed by him (as the case may be) shall be substituted in those provisions for the commissioners appointed under the Act of 1888 and notwithstanding anything contained in the Act of 1888 or in this Part of this Act any such adjustment and the determination of any matter incidental or in relation thereto or consequent thereon shall when made by the Minister be deemed to be made by him otherwise than as an arbitrator and any arbitrator appointed by him shall be deemed to be an arbitrator within the meaning of section 62 of the Act of 1888 and the provisions of the Act of 1888 shall apply accordingly.

Provided that—

- (a) subsections (1) and (5) of section 87 of the Act of 1888 as amended by any other enactment shall apply to any inquiries which may be directed by the Minister under this section and to the cost of those inquiries; and
- (b) subsection (6) of section 32 of the Act of 1888 shall apply to any agreement or award made under this section.

Adaptation
of provi-
sions as to
adjust-
ments.

39.—(1) Agreements may be made by any councils or other authorities affected by the alteration of any areas or authorities made by this Part of this Act for the adjustment of any property income debts liabilities and expenses so far as they are affected by the alteration.

and section 62 of the Act of 1888 (which section is in this section referred to as "the section") shall apply to any such adjustment with the following adaptations:— A.D. 1930.
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(a) as if in subsections (5) (6) and (7) of the section the expression "council" included any authority affected by this Part of this Act or by anything done in pursuance of this Part of this Act; and

(b) as if in the case of any such authority not otherwise empowered to borrow under any Act or on any security or in any manner mentioned in subsection (6) of the section that subsection empowered the authority to borrow under any Act relating to and conferring on the authority a power to borrow on the security of all or any of the funds rates or revenues of the authority and in the manner provided by such last-mentioned Act but without the consent of any other authority and subject to the requirement that all money so borrowed shall be repaid within such period as the Minister may sanction; and

(c) as if the fund or rate specified in any agreement or award of adjustment were substituted for any fund mentioned in the section; and

(d) as if the following subsection were added to the section:—

"(8) If it is necessary for the purpose of giving effect to any agreement or award of adjustment that a separate rate shall be levied in part only of a parish the agreement or award may authorise such sum to be levied in that part as an additional item of the general rate."

(2) This section shall not extend to any matter for the adjustment of which provision is made by this Part of this Act or by any other enactment.

40. For the purposes of the application to the city of the provisions of the County and Borough Councils (Qualification) Act 1914 the added areas shall be deemed to have always formed part of the city. County and Borough Councils (Qualification) Act 1914.

41.—(1) The registration officers of the parliamentary counties of Somerset and Gloucester shall respectively supply the registration officer of the parliamentary borough of Bristol on publication with a sufficient Duplicate entries in electors' lists.

A.D. 1930. — number of copies of the electors' lists the lists of objections to the electors' lists the lists of claimants and the lists of objections to claimants for each registration unit comprising any part of the added areas and shall forthwith notify the registration officer of the parliamentary borough of Bristol of their respective decisions on any objections or claims in respect of any such registration unit.

(2) It shall be the duty of the registration officer of the parliamentary borough of Bristol to issue such notices and otherwise to take such steps as are required by rule 23 in the First Schedule to the Representation of the People Act 1918 in order to secure that no person is registered as a local government elector in respect of more than one qualification in the city for the purpose of elections of members of the council.

(3) Where the registration officer of the parliamentary borough of Bristol considers (whether on account of an expression of choice by a person affected by a duplicate entry or otherwise) that any correction required for the purpose aforesaid should be made in the electors' list of any registration unit comprising any part of the added areas he shall forthwith notify the registration officer of the parliamentary county of Somerset or the registration officer of the parliamentary county of Gloucester (as the case may be) and that officer shall make such correction accordingly.

(4) This section shall apply to the preparation of the register in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirty-one and of later registers.

Provisions
as to
register of
electors.

42.—(1) If the register of local government electors for any electoral area affected by this Part of this Act is not so framed as to show the persons entitled to vote at an election or parish meeting to be held for an electoral division parish or ward or other voting area—

(a) the town clerk in the case of an election for any voting area within the city; and

(b) the registration officer of the parliamentary county of Gloucester or Somerset (as the case may be) in the case of an election or parish meeting for any voting area outside the city

shall make such alteration or re-arrangement of the register as may be necessary for the purposes of such election or parish meeting.

(2) Any additional expense incurred by the registration officer which may be solely attributable to an alteration or re-arrangement of an existing register of electors under this section shall be defrayed by the Corporation. A.D. 1930.

(3) It shall be the duty of the town clerk and of any officer designated under article 3 of the Overseers Order 1927 by the Corporation or by the Thornbury Council the Long Ashton Council the Keynsham Council or the Portishead Council for the performance of the duties of officers in relation to the preparation of the register of electors to render such assistance as may be required by the registration officer for the purpose of any alteration or re-arrangement authorised by this section.

(4) Where in the opinion of the Secretary of State the circumstances so require the Secretary of State may make such order as appears to him to be necessary or desirable to give effect to the provisions of this Part of this Act and may vary so far as is requisite the provisions in force with regard to the lists and registers of electors.

43. For the purposes of the register of local government electors of the city in course of preparation at the date of the passing of this Act and of all matters connected with incidental to or consequent upon those purposes the added areas shall be deemed to have formed part of the city as from the twenty-eighth day of February one thousand nine hundred and thirty. Qualifying period for local government electors.

44.—(1) Every person resident in any part of the added areas at the appointed day who has acquired or is in the course of acquiring— Settlement and irremovability.

(a) a settlement in the county of Gloucester or the county of Somerset (as the case may be) by reason of residence birth or other qualification therein; or

(b) a status of irremovability from the county of Gloucester or the county of Somerset (as the case may be) by reason of residence therein;

shall be deemed to have acquired or to be in the course of acquiring thereby as the case may require a settlement in or a status of irremovability from the city.

A.D. 1930,
—

(2) For the purposes of this section consecutive periods of residence between the thirty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred and thirty and the appointed day in two or more places within the county of Gloucester or the county of Somerset (as the case may be) shall be aggregated and reckoned as continuous residence in that part of the respective county in which the person was residing at the appointed day.

Jury
service.

45. For the purpose of summoning jurors and of jury service any parish affected by this Part of this Act shall be deemed to continue unaltered until a new jurors' book relating to the parish as altered shall come into force.

Compen-
sation to
existing
officers.

46.—(1) Every officer in office on the date of the passing of this Act who by virtue of this Part of this Act or of anything done in pursuance or in consequence thereof suffers any direct pecuniary loss by abolition of office by determination of his appointment or by diminution or loss of fees salary or emoluments (and for whose compensation for that loss no other provision is made by any enactment for the time being in force) shall be entitled to compensation for that loss from the Corporation.

(2) Any officer whose services are dispensed with or whose fees salary or emoluments are reduced within five years after the appointed day because his services are not required or his duties are diminished in consequence of this Act and not on the ground of misconduct shall be deemed unless the contrary is shown to have suffered a direct pecuniary loss in consequence of this Act.

(3) In determining the compensation payable to any person who becomes entitled to compensation in pursuance of this section regard shall be had to the conditions and circumstances mentioned in the Eighth Schedule to the Local Government Act 1929 and the compensation shall not exceed the limit therein mentioned.

(4) Any compensation payable under this section to any officer shall be paid out of the general rate fund and the general rate and the provisions of the said

schedule except paragraph eleven shall apply subject to the following and any other necessary modifications :— A.D. 1930.

(a) Any reference in that schedule to the council shall be construed as a reference to the Corporation;

(b) Any reference in that schedule to the appointed day shall be construed as a reference to the appointed day as defined in this Part of this Act.

(5) All fees or remuneration received and retained by an officer in connection with the preparation of the jurors' book or the register of electors under the Representation of the People Acts shall subject to a reasonable deduction for any expenses incurred by the officer be regarded as part of the emoluments of the officer for the purposes of compensation.

47. No officer shall be entitled to receive compensation under this Part of this Act for pecuniary loss and a superannuation or retiring allowance in respect of the same period of service and the same pecuniary loss. Compensation and superannuation.

48.—(1) Until the death resignation or removal from office of Seymour Williams the present holder of the office of coroner for the lower division of the county of Gloucester (in this section referred to as "the county coroner") nothing in this Part of this Act contained shall restrict or affect the powers duties jurisdiction or emoluments of the county coroner but for the purposes of this section so much of the said lower division as is comprised in the added areas shall be deemed to continue to be within the district of the county coroner as if the same had remained part of the county of Gloucester and the coroner for the city shall not have any powers duties or jurisdiction in the said part of the added areas. For protection of Sir Seymour Williams.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Part of this Act the county council of the administrative county of Gloucester shall continue to pay to the county coroner in respect of his services as coroner in the said part of the added areas such fees or remuneration and expenses as would have been payable to him if the said part of the added areas had remained part of the county of

A.D. 1930. Gloucester and the Corporation shall from time to time repay to the said county council the amount of any such fees or remuneration and expenses which shall have been so paid by them.

As to applica-
tion of certain
provisions of
Bristol United
Gas Light
Company's
Act 1853.

49. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Part of this Act the provisions of sections 18 19 and 32 of the Bristol United Gas Light Company's Act 1853 shall continue to apply and to have effect only as if the said provisions of this Act had not been enacted.

Saving for
legal pro-
ceedings
contracts
&c.

50.—(1) No alteration effected by this Part of this Act shall cause to abate or shall prejudicially affect or prevent the continuance of any action cause of action or proceeding which immediately before the appointed day is pending or existing by or against the Thornbury Council the Long Ashton Council the Keynsham Council or the Portishead Council or any contract deed bond agreement or other instrument (subsisting immediately before the appointed day) entered into or made by any of the said councils or their predecessors :

Provided that—

(a) any action cause of action or proceeding which immediately before the appointed day is pending or existing by or against any of the said councils in relation exclusively to one of the added areas or any part thereof may be continued prosecuted and enforced by or against the Corporation; and

(b) all contracts deeds bonds agreements and other instruments (subsisting immediately before the appointed day) entered into or made by any of the said councils or their predecessors in relation exclusively to one of the added areas or any part thereof may be continued and enforced as fully and effectually as if instead of that council or their predecessors the Corporation had been a party thereto.

(2) All legal proceedings pending immediately before the appointed day may be amended in such manner as may be necessary or proper in consequence of this Part of this Act.

A.D. 1930.

51. Any alderman or councillor who is to continue in office after the appointed day shall not during his present term of office be deemed to lose his qualification for being an alderman or a councillor by reason of the alterations of areas made by this Part of this Act.

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 Saving for qualification of aldermen and councillors.

52. Nothing in this Part of this Act shall—

Other savings.

(a) restrict the powers of the Secretary of State the Minister or a county council under the Act of 1888 or the Local Government Act 1894; or

(b) affect the limits of any parliamentary borough or parliamentary county or any division thereof or the powers of any county council for the division of their parliamentary county into polling divisions for parliamentary elections or for the division of their county into polling districts for the election of county councillors or any existing order or scheme for either of those purposes or for naming the polling places at any election; or

(c) affect the ecclesiastical divisions of any parish or (save as provided by the section of this Act of which the marginal note is "Corporation property liabilities &c.") prejudice vary or affect any right interest and jurisdiction in or over any charitable endowment; or

(d) affect land tax and for the purposes of Imperial taxes or duties other than land tax the provisions of this Part of this Act shall not come into operation during any year in which under any enactment the annual value of any property adopted for the purpose of income tax under Schedules A and B for the preceding year is taken as the annual value of that property for the same purpose for that year.

PART III.

STREETS AND BUILDINGS.

53.—(1) The Corporation may at any time after prescribing the improvement line of any street in pursuance of the power conferred upon them by section 33 (Power to prescribe improvement line for widening

Further powers as to future line of street.

A.D. 1930. — streets) of the Public Health Act 1925 on giving six months' previous notice in writing to the owner require that any building or erection which or any part of which was beyond or in front of any such improvement line at the date when the same was so prescribed shall be pulled down set back or altered so that the same shall not project beyond or in front of such improvement line.

(2) The owner may and if so required by the Corporation shall notwithstanding any contract lease or agreement or any provision therein contained enter upon any land building or erection affected by any requirement of the Corporation under this section and carry out such requirement.

(3) The site of any building or erection or part of a building or erection pulled down or set back in accordance with any requirement of the Corporation under this section shall be deemed to be land not occupied by buildings within the meaning of subsection (8) of the said section 33 of the Public Health Act 1925 and that subsection and subsection (9) of the said section 33 shall apply to such site accordingly.

(4) In the event of any building or erection being pulled down set back or altered in accordance with any requirement of the Corporation under this section the Corporation shall make compensation to the owner lessee and tenant of any such building or erection for any loss or damage sustained by such owner lessee or tenant in consequence of such building or erection being pulled down set back or altered as aforesaid.

(5) The amount of any compensation payable under this section and any other question under this section the determination whereof is not otherwise provided for by this Act shall in default of agreement be determined in accordance with the provisions of the Lands Clauses Acts but in estimating the amount of any such compensation the benefit arising from the widening or improvement of the street and accruing to the property in respect of which such compensation shall be payable shall be fairly estimated and set off against such compensation.

(6) Any person who shall fail to comply with a requirement of the Corporation under this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five pounds and to a daily penalty not exceeding forty shillings.

(7) Nothing in this section contained shall apply to or affect any property occupied or used by a railway company for the purposes of their railway without the consent of the company. Provided that such consent shall not be unreasonably withheld and any question whether or not such consent has been unreasonably withheld shall be determined by the Minister of Health. A.D. 1930.

54. The Corporation may from time to time place repair renew and maintain fences rails and posts on the sides of any footways or carriageways adjacent to the entrances to or exits from any schools within the city for the purpose of preventing danger from traffic along such carriageways to children going to or coming from such schools and may remove the same when the Corporation shall think fit. Power to erect rails &c. on footways in certain cases.

55. The Corporation may erect or fix and maintain police telephone call boxes and traffic signalling apparatus in such positions in any street road or public place within the city as they think fit: Police tele- phone call boxes and traffic signalling apparatus.

Provided that nothing in this section shall authorise the transmission of any telegram which is within the exclusive privilege conferred on the Postmaster-General by the Telegraph Act 1869:

Provided also that the Corporation shall not erect any such call box or signalling apparatus in such a position as to obstruct the convenient access to or exit from any station depot or property of any railway company.

56.—(1) The Corporation may cause to be put up or painted on a conspicuous part of any house building or place at or near to the corner of any street or in any street or public place signs indicating the classified road number of the Minister of Transport and the direction or the distance to towns railway stations public buildings and other places of a public character. Direction signs.

(2) Before putting up or painting a sign on a house building or place the Corporation shall give notice thereof to the owner of such house building or place and such owner if aggrieved by such notice may appeal to a court of summary jurisdiction within one month after the service of such notice provided he give written notice of such appeal and of the grounds thereof to the town clerk and the court shall have power to make such order as the court may think fit and to award costs.

A.D. 1930.

— Notice of the right to appeal shall be endorsed on every notice given by the Corporation under this section.

(3) Any person who shall wilfully and without the consent of the Corporation obliterate deface obscure remove or alter any such sign shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding forty shillings and the Corporation may recover the expenses of replacement and making good from such person.

Dilapidated
and
neglected
buildings.

57.—(1) Where an unoccupied building within the city is ruinous or so far dilapidated as thereby to have become and to be unfit for use or occupation or is from neglect or otherwise in a structural condition prejudicial to the property in or the inhabitants of the neighbourhood a court of summary jurisdiction on complaint by the Corporation may order the owner at his option either to take down or to repair such building (in this section referred to as a "neglected structure") or any part thereof or otherwise to put the same or any part thereof into a state of repair and good condition to the satisfaction of the Corporation within a reasonable time to be fixed by the order and may also make an order for the costs incurred up to the time of the hearing.

(2) If the order is not obeyed the Corporation may with all convenient speed enter upon the neglected structure and execute the order.

(3) Where the order directs the taking down of a neglected structure or any part thereof the Corporation in executing the order may remove the materials to a convenient place and (unless the expenses of the Corporation under this section in relation to such structure are paid to them within fourteen days after such removal) sell the same if and as they in their discretion think fit.

(4) All expenses incurred by the Corporation under this section in relation to a neglected structure may be deducted by the Corporation out of the proceeds of the sale and the surplus (if any) shall be paid by the Corporation on demand to the owner of the structure and if such neglected structure or some part thereof is not taken down and such materials are not sold by the Corporation or if the proceeds of the sale are insufficient to defray the said expenses the Corporation may recover such expenses or such insufficiency from the owner of the structure together with all costs in respect thereof but

without prejudice to his right to recover the same from any lessee or other person liable to the expenses of repair. A.D. 1930.
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58.—(1) In the case of any building within the city which may appear to the Corporation on the report of any duly qualified officer to be dangerous to the inmates or persons working therein the Corporation may order a complete external and internal inspection and examination of any such building to be made by a competent person and for that purpose such person may on giving not less than twenty-four hours' notice to the occupier of the building and on producing written authority from the town clerk at any hour of the day between nine o'clock in the morning and six o'clock in the afternoon with such other persons as he may deem necessary enter upon such building and examine and inspect the same. As to dangerous buildings.

(2) If upon such examination and inspection it shall appear necessary that any works should be executed or alterations made for the purpose of putting such building into a safe and proper condition for the purposes for which the same are used the Corporation in respect of such building and the works to be carried out therein shall have and may exercise all or any of the powers vested in the Corporation with respect to dangerous structures.

59. The power of the Corporation to make byelaws with respect to secondary means of access under section 23 of the Public Health Acts Amendment Act 1890 shall extend to enable them to require every person who shall erect fronting a street or intended street terraces or other continuous blocks of houses not giving access through their own grounds to the backs of such houses to make and construct a back road and side roads at the back and at each end of such terraces or continuous blocks of houses of such widths as may be prescribed by such byelaws. Byelaws as to secondary means of access.

PART IV.

INFECTIOUS DISEASE AND SANITARY.

60.—(1) The occupier of any building in the city which is used for human habitation and in which there is or has been any person suffering from an infectious disease shall on the application of the medical officer at any time during the illness of such person or within Information to be furnished in case of infectious disease.

A.D. 1930. — six weeks from the occurrence of such illness furnish such information within his knowledge as the medical officer may reasonably require for the purpose of enabling measures to be taken to prevent the spread of the disease.

(2) Any occupier refusing to furnish such information or knowingly furnishing false information shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding forty shillings.

(3) For the purposes of this section the expression "occupier" shall have the same meaning as in the Infectious Disease (Notification) Act 1889 and the expression "infectious disease" shall include pulmonary tuberculosis in addition to the diseases referred to in the section of this Act of which the marginal note is "Interpretation."

Names of
laundrymen
to be
furnished.

61.—(1) If the medical officer shall at any time receive notice of a case of infectious disease he may apply to the person who is required by section 3 of the Infectious Disease (Notification) Act 1889 to send a notice of the case of infectious disease for the name and address of any laundryman to whom any clothes or other things may from time to time during the continuance of the infectious disease be sent for washing or mangling from the house in which the case of infectious disease exists and such person shall forthwith furnish such information accordingly.

(2) Any person who offends against the provisions of this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding forty shillings.

Removal of
infirm and
diseased
persons in
certain
cases.

62.—(1) If the medical officer certifies in writing that any person—

(a) is aged or infirm or physically incapacitated and resides in premises which are insanitary or under insanitary conditions; or

(b) is suffering from any grave chronic disease;

and that such person is unable to devote to himself or to receive from persons with whom he resides proper care and attention and that thorough inquiry and consideration have shown the necessity in the interests of the health of such person and for preventing injury to the health of or serious nuisance to other persons that he should be removed from the premises in which he is

A.D. 1930.

residing the medical officer may make application to a court of summary jurisdiction and such court upon oral proof of the allegations in such certificate and subject to examination of such person by a registered medical practitioner to be nominated by them (if they think fit) may make an order for the removal of such person to a suitable hospital infirmary poor law or other institution or other suitable place within the city or within a convenient distance of the city and for the detention and maintenance of such person therein for such period not exceeding three months as may be determined by such order or such further period or periods each not exceeding three months as may be determined by any further order or orders made under and in accordance with the provisions of this section.

(2) The medical officer shall give to any person proposed to be removed under the provisions of this section or to some person being in charge of such person three clear days' notice of their intention to make such application and of the time and place when and where such application will be made.

(3) (a) The cost of the removal of any person to a hospital infirmary institution or place as aforesaid and of his detention and maintenance therein in pursuance of an order made under this section shall be borne by the Corporation unless on the application of the Corporation the court shall order that such cost or such part thereof as it may determine shall be borne by the person so removed in which case such cost or part thereof shall be recoverable from such person summarily as a civil debt.

(b) During any period for which a person is so detained the Corporation may and if so required by the court shall make towards the maintenance of any dependants of that person such contributions as the Corporation think fit or as may be directed by the court as the case may be.

(4) An order under this section may be addressed to such officer of the Corporation or to such constable as the court making the same may think expedient and any person who wilfully disobeys or obstructs the execution of such order shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten pounds.

A.D. 1930.

(5) At any time after but not before the expiration of six clear weeks from the making of the order an application may be made to the court by or on behalf of the person in respect of whom the order was made for the rescission of the order and such court may make a rescission order accordingly if having regard to the circumstances of the case they are of opinion that it is right and proper that such rescission order should be made. Such person or other the person making the application shall give to the medical officer not less than three clear days' notice of his intention to make the application and of the time and place when and where the application will be made.

(6) The powers of this section shall not be put into operation by the medical officer unless he is authorised by a resolution of the Corporation so to do in any particular case in which those powers are proposed to be exercised.

Prohibition
of tents
vans &c.

63.—(1) (a) No tent van shed or similar structure used or intended to be used for human habitation shall be placed or kept on any land within the city without the previous approval of the Corporation.

(b) It shall not be lawful for any person without the previous consent of the Corporation to let or permit to be used any land for occupation by any tent van shed or similar structure used or intended to be used for human habitation unless and until such land is provided with sufficient roads and sewers and furnished with a separate supply of water to the satisfaction of the Corporation.

(2) Any person aggrieved by the withholding by the Corporation of any approval or consent under the provisions of this section may within twenty-one days from the date of the decision of the Corporation appeal to a court of summary jurisdiction and such court may make such order in the premises and on such terms and conditions as to the court may seem just. The costs of any such appeal shall be paid in such manner and by such parties to the appeal as the court may direct.

(3) This section shall not apply to (a) a tent van or shed or similar structure which is not used or intended to be used by the occupier as a sole or principal means

of habitation for an unbroken period of at least three months or (b) any person dwelling in a tent or van or other similar structure who is a roundabout proprietor travelling showman or stallholder travelling with a travelling show not being a pedlar or hawker. A.D. 1930.

(4) Any person offending against the provisions of this section shall be liable to a penalty of five pounds and to a daily penalty not exceeding twenty shillings.

64.—(1) Section 36 (Power of local authority to enforce provision of privy accommodation for houses) of the Public Health Act 1875 shall with the necessary modifications apply to a part of a house within the city occupied by a separate family as it applies to the whole of a house. Closet accommodation in houses occupied by more than one family.

(2) The provisions of subsections (1) (2) and (3) of section 7 (Execution of works to comply with byelaws) of the Housing Act 1925 shall apply with any necessary modifications as if the same were set out in this section.

PART V.

COMMON LODGING-HOUSES.

65. No house or part of a house within the city shall be exempt from the provisions with respect to common lodging-houses of the Public Health Acts or of this Part of this Act or any byelaws made thereunder on the ground that accommodation in such house or part of a house is let for a longer period or longer periods than one day or is not let for a less period than one week. As to periods of letting as affecting common lodging-houses.

66.—(1) The Corporation may without prejudice to their powers under the Public Health Acts refuse to register or to renew the registration of any house as a common lodging-house unless they are satisfied— Power to refuse registration.

(a) that the premises are suitably equipped for use and occupation as a common lodging-house; and

(b) that the use of the premises as a common lodging-house is not likely to occasion inconvenience or annoyance to the inhabitants or persons in the district in which the premises are situate.

(2) If the Corporation refuse to grant or renew registration under this section they shall if required by

A.D. 1930. — the applicant deliver to him a statement in writing of the ground or grounds upon which such registration is refused.

(3) If the registration or renewal of registration be refused any person aggrieved by such refusal may appeal to a court of summary jurisdiction provided that such appeal be made within fourteen days from the date of such refusal and that not less than twenty-four hours' notice of such appeal be sent to the Corporation.

(4) If the registration or renewal of registration be refused upon the ground that the premises are not suitable or suitably equipped for the purposes of a common lodging-house the court shall have power to appoint a person being a properly qualified surveyor or architect to examine and report to them upon the condition of such premises and their suitability for the purposes of a common lodging-house.

(5) The costs of any such appeal including the expenses of any such examination and report as aforesaid shall be paid in such manner and by such parties to the appeal as the court may direct.

(6) On any such appeal the court may after considering any representations made by the Corporation either by order confirm the refusal or direct the Corporation to grant registration and the Corporation shall comply with any such direction.

PART VI.

SALE OF COKE.

Application to sale of coke of Weights and Measures Act 1889.

67. The provisions of sections 20 to 29 of the Weights and Measures Act 1889 and of any byelaws made by the Corporation thereunder (which provisions and byelaws relate to the sale of coal) shall also apply to the sale of coke within the city.

Penalty on fraudulent sale.

68. If any seller of coke or any person in charge of any vehicle from which coke is being sold or offered or exposed for sale wilfully makes any false statement as to the weight of the coke or wilfully increases such weight by damping such coke or wilfully does any other act by which the purchaser of the coke shall be defrauded he shall be liable for every such offence on the first

occasion to a penalty not exceeding five pounds and on the second or any subsequent occasion to a penalty not exceeding ten pounds. A.D. 1930.
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69. Any inspector of weights and measures may with the consent of the Corporation prosecute before a court of summary jurisdiction any proceedings under or in pursuance of this Part of this Act. Proceedings under Part VI of Act.

70. The provisions of this Part of this Act relating to coke shall apply also to any solid fuel derived from coal or of which coal or coke is a constituent as if it were coke. Application of Part VI of Act.

71. Public notice of the provisions of this Part of this Act shall be given forthwith after the passing of this Act by advertisement in two newspapers published or circulating in the city. Notice to be given of Part VI of Act.

PART VII.

ALTERATION OF LIMITS OF PORT OF BRISTOL &C.

72.—(1) As from the first day of October one thousand nine hundred and thirty the limits of the port of Bristol and of the harbour of Bristol and of the area within which the Corporation are entitled to exercise jurisdiction as a conservancy authority shall consist of and comprise the area described in the Second Schedule to this Act in lieu of the area comprised in the said limits as now prescribed (in this section referred to as "the existing area"). Alteration of limits of port and harbour of Bristol.

(2) For the purpose of better identification the limits of the said port and harbour and of the area within which the Corporation are entitled to exercise jurisdiction as a conservancy authority as amended by this section are delineated on the plan marked "B" signed by Thomas Lowth the Chairman of the Committee of the House of Commons to whom the Bill for this Act was referred of which plan copies have been deposited in the Committee and Private Bill Office of the House of Commons and the Parliament Office House of Lords and at the offices of the Board of Trade and the Minister of Transport and with the town clerk.

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(3) Nothing herein contained shall affect the limits of the port of Bristol appointed and declared by the Treasury under section 11 of the Customs Consolidation Act 1876.

(4) All enactments conferring rights powers privileges and immunities or imposing duties obligations and liabilities upon the Corporation and all byelaws and regulations made by the Corporation which relate to or are in force in the existing area shall relate to and have effect in the area described in the said Second Schedule and subject to the provisions of this Part of this Act shall cease to have effect within so much of the existing area as is not comprised in the area so described.

(5) Nothing in this Part of this Act shall affect the operation within the limits of the said port and harbour as prescribed by this section of such of the provisions of the Harbours Docks and Piers Clauses Act 1847 as immediately before the passing of this Act were operative within the existing area and the said provisions shall extend and apply to so much of the area described in the said Second Schedule as was not comprised in the existing area.

Publication
of notice of
Part VII of
Act.

73. Within one month after the passing of this Act the Corporation shall give notice of the alteration of limits effected by this Part of this Act by advertisement in the London Gazette and in such other manner as they may deem expedient for causing such alteration to be made known to parties affected thereby.

PART VIII.

HARBOUR AND DOCK DUES.

Abatements
from ton-
nage dues
in certain
cases.

74. Notwithstanding anything contained in any other enactment relating to the port of Bristol (in this section referred to as "the port") or to the Corporation in respect thereof the Corporation may if they think fit make and allow to or confer upon—

(a) the owner of any vessel taking on board in the port a part only of the cargo of such vessel;

(b) the owner of any vessel entering the port and discharging there a part of the cargo which at the time of such entry or at the time of entering any other port in the United Kingdom was on board such vessel; and

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—

(c) the owners of vessels trading to or from the port at stated or regular intervals;

or any of such classes of owners such abatements or exemptions from the tonnage dues chargeable under the Acts relating to the port as the Corporation may from time to time in their discretion determine Provided that every such abatement or exemption shall be made equally to all persons in respect of all vessels falling within the same class or description and loading or discharging the same quantity and description of cargo and in the like circumstances.

75. Notwithstanding anything contained in any other enactment the Corporation and any other authority company body or person owning working or leasing a port dock or harbour undertaking situate eastward of an imaginary straight line drawn from St. Ann's Head Milford Haven in the county of Pembroke to Hartland Point in the county of Devon may enter into and carry into effect agreements or arrangements for all or some of the following purposes—

Inter-docking agreements.

(a) the remission of or abatement or exemption from all or any dues tolls rates or charges in the case of such vessels as may be specified in the agreement or arrangement entering a port harbour or dock (all of which are in this section referred to as "port") of one of the contracting parties and proceeding to a port of the other of such contracting parties;

(b) the charging in the case of any such vessel of the dues tolls rates or charges chargeable in respect of and on the occasion of the entry of such vessel into one only of those ports; and

(c) the payment division appropriation and apportionment of such dues tolls rates or charges:

Provided that any benefit conceded in respect of any vessels pursuant to any agreement or arrangement entered into under the provisions of this section shall be conceded equally in respect of all vessels which come from any of

A.D. 1930. — the ports to which the agreement or arrangement relates and clear for any other of such ports and discharge and load at the ports of the contracting parties cargo of the same description and of substantially the same quantity and in like circumstances.

PART IX.

SUPERANNUATION.

Definition of expressions in Part IX of Act.

76.—(1) In this Part of this Act—

The expression “the Act of 1922” means the Local Government and other Officers’ Superannuation Act 1922;

The expression “the superannuation fund” means the superannuation fund established by the Corporation under the Act of 1922.

(2) Words and expressions to which meanings are assigned by the Act of 1922 have in this Part of this Act the same respective meanings.

Agreements as to contributions by and allowances to officers or servants.

77.—(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Act of 1922 the Corporation and any officer or servant may from time to time enter into and carry into effect agreements or arrangements for the payment by such officer or servant throughout the period of his service with the Corporation (including periods during which owing to illness he is temporarily absent from his occupation whether with or without salary wages or emoluments) of contributions to the superannuation fund of a fixed weekly amount equal to five per centum of the average weekly amount of the salary or wages and emoluments to which he was normally entitled during the twelve months previous to the date of the agreement or arrangement under which the fixed amount is payable.

(2) In any case in which any such agreement or arrangement as is referred to in subsection (1) of this section is entered into—

(a) Section 7 (Scale of superannuation allowances) of the Act of 1922 shall for the purpose of calculating the amount of the superannuation allowance payable to the officer or servant with whom such agreement or arrangement has been entered into be read and have effect as if references to the annual equivalent of the sum

agreed upon between the Corporation and such officer or servant pursuant to subsection (1) of this section were substituted therein for the references to the average amount of his salary or wages; and

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- (b) contributions made to the superannuation fund by such officer or servant in pursuance of such agreement or arrangement shall for all purposes of the Act of 1922 be deemed to be contributions made under that Act.

78.—(1) In any case in which one of two officers or servants holding jointly an office or employment in the service of the Corporation dies or resigns or from any other cause ceases to hold such office or employment the other of such officers or servants shall be entitled in accordance with the provisions of the Act of 1922 to a superannuation allowance out of the superannuation fund based on the number of years of his service if—

As to holders of joint appointments.

- (a) his office or employment is terminated owing to such death resignation or other cesser as aforesaid; and
- (b) he is not as from the date of such termination employed or offered to be employed by the Corporation in any other office or employment at remuneration representing not less than a due proportion of the joint salary or wages and emoluments paid to such two officers or servants immediately before such termination; and
- (c) he has at the said date either—
- (i) attained the age of fifty years and completed at least ten years' service; or
- (ii) completed at least twenty years' service.

(2) Any person becoming entitled to a superannuation allowance by virtue of this section shall not be entitled to the return of any of his contributions to the superannuation fund.

79.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this section the expressions "officer" and "servant" where used in the Act of 1922 in its application within the city shall include the clerk to the justices of the city and any person employed by such clerk in connection with his duties as

Extension of Act of 1922 to employees of justices.

[Ch. clxxx.] *Bristol Corporation* [20 & 21 GEO. 5.]
(No. 2) Act, 1930.

A.D. 1930. — such clerk who occupies a post designated as an established post for the purposes of the Act of 1922 by resolution of the Corporation Provided that—

(a) The said expressions “ officer ” and “ servant ” shall not include—

(i) any such clerk ; or

(ii) any such person employed by him as aforesaid at the date of giving such notice as is referred to in subsection (4) of this section who shall within one month after that date intimate in writing to the Corporation that he does not desire that the provisions of this section shall apply to him ;

(b) The provisions of this section shall not come into operation except with the consent of the said justices and of the Secretary of State and subject to such consents being given shall operate from the thirty-first day of December one thousand nine hundred and thirty ;

(c) A resolution of consent of the said justices under the foregoing proviso (b) shall only be effective if passed by the said justices or a majority of them assembled at special sessions summoned for that purpose.

(2) (a) The expression “ service ” where used in the Act of 1922 shall—

(i) in its application to any such clerk mean service in the permanent employment of the said justices ; and

(ii) in its application to any person employed by such clerk mean service in the permanent and whole time employment of such clerk in connection with his duties as aforesaid.

(b) The expression “ salary ” where used in the Act of 1922 in its application to any such clerk shall (notwithstanding anything contained in section 3 (Definitions) of the Act of 1922) mean the net salary payable to such clerk after deducting the amounts paid to him in respect of the salaries and wages of persons employed by him in connection with his duties as such clerk and the amount of any office expenses.

(3) The Secretary of State may by order make such modifications in the Act of 1922 in its application within the city as appear to him to be necessary or expedient for the purposes of this section. A.D. 1930.

(4) The Corporation shall within two months after the passing of this Act give notice in writing of the provisions of this section to the clerk to the said justices and to all persons who at the time of the giving of such notice are employed by the said clerk as aforesaid.

80.—(1) For the purposes of the Act of 1922 all officers and servants in the permanent employment of the town clerk in his capacity of registration officer under the Representation of the People Acts shall be deemed to be officers or servants in the permanent service of the Corporation Provided that the Act of 1922 shall not apply to any such officer or servant unless the post occupied by him is for the time being a post duly designated by the Corporation as an established post for the purposes of the Act of 1922. Officers in town clerk's registration department to be deemed officers of Corporation for purposes of Act of 1922.

(2) In the case of any such officer or servant as aforesaid to whom the Act of 1922 applies pursuant to this section the contribution by such officer or servant shall be deducted from the salary or wages payable to him and shall be carried to the credit of and form part of the superannuation fund.

PART X.

FINANCE AND MISCELLANEOUS.

81.—(1) The Corporation may from time to time independently of any other borrowing power borrow at interest for the payment of the costs charges and expenses of this Act as hereinafter defined the sum requisite for that purpose and in order to secure the repayment of the said sum and the payment of interest thereon they may mortgage or charge the general rate fund and the general rate and they shall pay off all moneys so borrowed within five years from the passing of this Act (which period for the purposes of the enactments extended and applied to and for the purposes of this Act by the section of this Act of which the marginal note is "Application of certain provisions of existing Acts" shall be "the prescribed period"). Power to borrow.

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(2) (a) The Corporation may also borrow such money as may be necessary for any of the purposes of this Act relating to the electricity undertaking of the Corporation with the consent of the Electricity Commissioners or for any other purpose of this Act with the consent of the Minister of Health.

(b) Any money borrowed under this subsection shall be repaid within such period as may be prescribed by the said commissioners or Minister (as the case may be) and that period shall be the prescribed period for the purposes of this Act and the enactments applied thereby.

(c) In order to secure the repayment of any money borrowed under this subsection and the payment of interest thereon the Corporation may mortgage or charge (as respects moneys borrowed for any purpose of the said electricity undertaking) the general rate fund the general rate and the revenue of that undertaking and (as respects money borrowed for any other purpose) such revenue fund or rate as may be prescribed by the said Minister.

(3) The provisions of this section prescribing or making provision for the prescribing of the fund or rate which may be mortgaged or charged shall not limit the powers conferred upon the Corporation by section 175 (Power to use one form of mortgage for all purposes) of the Bristol Corporation Act 1926 or affect the operation of subsection (4) of the section of this Act of which the marginal note is "Consolidated loans fund."

Application
of certain
provisions of
existing
Acts.

82. The following sections of the Bristol Corporation Act 1897 (that is to say):—

Section 73 (Power to borrow under Local Loans Act 1875);

Section 74 (Incorporation of sections of Public Health Act 1875); and

Section 76 (As to sinking fund);

and the following sections of the Bristol Docks and Railways Act 1901 (that is to say):—

Section 102 (For protection of lenders);

Section 103 (Priority of existing mortgages); and

Section 104 (Corporation not to regard trusts);

shall extend and apply mutatis mutandis to and in relation to the borrowing of moneys by the Corporation

on mortgage under the powers of this Act and the repayment of moneys so borrowed and otherwise in respect of such mortgages as if those sections had been re-enacted in this Act with reference thereto. A.D. 1930.
—

83. All moneys borrowed under the provisions of this Act shall be applied only to the purposes for which they are authorised to be borrowed and to which capital is properly applicable. Application of moneys borrowed.

84. All expenses incurred by the Corporation in carrying into execution the provisions of this Act (including all costs charges and expenses of and in relation to the borrowing of any moneys under the powers of this Act and all interest on and all instalments appropriations and sinking fund payments in respect of such borrowed moneys) other than such of them as are properly chargeable to capital and payable out of borrowed moneys shall except as otherwise provided by this Act be paid out of the general rate fund and the general rate. Expenses of execution of Act.

85. The provisions of section 79 of the Public Health Act 1925 shall apply in relation to any sums set apart as a sinking fund or a redemption fund for the purpose of paying off moneys borrowed by the Corporation in the exercise of any statutory borrowing power as if all such moneys had been borrowed by the Corporation in the exercise of their powers under the Public Health Act 1875. Application of section 79 of Public Health Act 1925.

86.—(1) Where the Corporation are authorised by any statutory borrowing power to raise money for any purpose they may instead of exercising such borrowing power by the issue of any fresh Corporation security in respect thereof exercise the said power and raise the said money either wholly or partially by using for such purpose so much of any money for the time being forming part of any sinking fund as shall be available for the repayment of— Power to use sinking funds instead of borrowing.

- (a) a loan which is secured by a charge on the same rate fund or revenue as would be specifically chargeable as the security for the repayment of a loan under the statutory borrowing power if the same were raised by the issue of a fresh Corporation security and which is not shown by

A.D. 1930.

the deed to be raised in exercise of a particular borrowing power specified therein; or

(b) moneys borrowed and charged upon the funds rates revenues and properties of the Corporation in manner provided by section 175 (Power to use one form of mortgage for all purposes) of the Bristol Corporation Act 1926.

(2) The Corporation when exercising the powers conferred upon them by this section shall—

(a) withdraw from the sinking fund a sum equal to so much of the statutory borrowing power as is proposed to be exercised by the user of moneys from such sinking fund;

(b) credit the account of the statutory borrowing power to which such sinking fund relates with an amount of the principal moneys for the repayment of which the fund is established equal to the sum withdrawn from the sinking fund and thereupon the amount so credited shall be deemed to be principal moneys discharged by application of the sinking fund;

(c) debit the account of the statutory borrowing power proposed to be exercised with an amount of the principal moneys equal to the sum withdrawn from such sinking fund and thereupon the statutory borrowing power shall be deemed to have been exercised as fully as if the said amount had been raised by the issue of a fresh Corporation security and the provisions of any enactment as to the repayment and reborrowing of sums raised under the statutory borrowing power shall apply thereto accordingly.

(3) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any sinking fund formed under the Local Loans Act 1875.

(4) The Corporation shall furnish all such information (if any) to the Minister of Health with regard to the exercise of the powers contained in this section as the said Minister shall require.

Power to use redemption and other funds instead of borrowing.

87. Notwithstanding anything contained in any previous enactment the Corporation may use for the purpose of any statutory borrowing power exercisable by them any moneys forming part but not for the time being required for the purposes of any fund accumulated for the

redemption of any stock issued by them or as a reserve
renewals depreciation contingent insurance or other
similar fund (each of which funds is in this section referred
to as a "lending fund") subject to the following condi-
tions—

A.D. 1930.

- (1) The moneys so used shall be repaid to the lending fund within the period by the methods and out of the fund rate or revenue within by and out of which a loan raised under the statutory borrowing power would be repayable :

Provided that the Corporation shall repay to the lending fund the moneys so used or the balance thereof for the time being outstanding as the case may be as and when the same shall be required for the purposes of the lending fund and may if they so resolve repay the same at any time within the period aforesaid and in either case the repayment shall be made out of the fund rate or revenue aforesaid or out of moneys which would have been applicable to the repayment of a loan if raised under the statutory borrowing power :

- (2) Interest shall be paid to the lending fund on any moneys so used and for the time being not repaid at such rate per centum per annum as may be determined by the Corporation to be equal as nearly as may be to the rate of interest which would be payable on a loan raised on mortgage under the statutory borrowing power and such interest shall be paid out of the fund rate or revenue which would be applicable to the payment of interest on a loan raised under the statutory borrowing power :
- (3) The statutory borrowing power shall be deemed to be exercised by such use as fully in all respects as if a loan of the same amount had been raised in exercise of the power and the provisions of any enactment as to reborrowing of sums raised under the statutory borrowing power shall apply accordingly.

88.—(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Public Health Acts Amendment Act 1890 or in any other Act or Order on and after the thirty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred and thirty-one

Con-
solidated
loans fund.

A.D. 1930. the Corporation may (if they think fit) establish a
— fund to be called "the consolidated loans fund" to
which shall be paid—

- (a) all moneys borrowed by the Corporation by the issue of bonds stock or other security together with any moneys borrowed without security in connection with the exercise of any statutory borrowing power;
- (b) all moneys of a capital nature received by the Corporation whether from the sale of capital assets or otherwise except such as are applied by the Corporation with due authority to another capital purpose; and
- (c) the appropriate sums provided in each year out of other funds of the Corporation to comply with the terms and conditions as to repayment attaching to their several borrowing powers or otherwise provided for the repayment of debt:

And there shall also be carried to the credit of the consolidated loans fund the unapplied balances of all moneys so borrowed or received and of all sums provided by the Corporation as aforesaid before the date on which the consolidated loans fund is established.

(2) The moneys of the consolidated loans fund shall be used or applied by the Corporation—

- (a) in the redemption of stock or any other securities issued by the Corporation the purchase of bonds or stock for extinction or the repayment of any moneys borrowed by the Corporation; and
- (b) in the exercise of any statutory borrowing power by transfer of the required amount to the appropriate fund and account of the Corporation:

And the moneys of the consolidated loans fund not used or applied in these ways or about to be so used or applied within a reasonable period shall be invested in statutory securities and the sums realised by the sale of such securities shall be repaid on receipt to the consolidated loans fund and the moneys of the consolidated loans fund including the accumulations

arising from the investment thereof shall not except A.D. 1930.
with the consent of the Minister of Health be used
or applied otherwise than as provided by this subsection.

(3) There shall also be transferred to the consolidated loans fund such sums as are necessary to meet the interest charges and the financing and other revenue expenses connected with the management of that fund and separate accounts shall be kept of these sums and their application.

(4) Subject to any priority existing at the date of the passing of this Act all bonds and stock of and loans to the Corporation and the dividends and interest thereon shall be charged indifferently on all the revenues of the Corporation and shall rank equally one with another without any priority whatsoever.

(5) Save as in this section expressly provided all the obligations of the Corporation to the holders of bonds stock or other securities of the Corporation shall continue in force.

(6) Nothing in this section shall apply to moneys borrowed from the Public Works Loan Commissioners.

(7) The powers conferred by this section shall not be put into operation except in accordance with a scheme to be approved by the Minister of Health and such scheme may make provision for any matters incidental to the establishment and administration of the consolidated loans fund.

89.—(1) The Corporation may if they think fit establish a fund to be called "the general insurance fund" with a view of providing a sum of money which shall be available for making good all losses damages costs and expenses to which the Corporation may be subjected in consequence of the whole or any part of all or any of such of the following risks as are not covered by the fund referred to in the section of this Act of which the marginal note is "Dock insurance fund" (that is to say):—

- (a) Risk of fire in respect of buildings works premises and the contents thereof and other property whether belonging or on loan to or under the care custody or control of the Corporation;

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- (b) Risk of accident and claims by third parties in respect of scavenging vehicles motor cars and motor transport and horse-drawn vehicles and generally in the carrying out by the Corporation of their duties as a local authority;
- (c) Risk of explosion in respect of boilers;
- (d) Risks under the common law the Employers' Liability Act 1880 the Workmen's Compensation Act 1925 or any Act or Acts for the time being amending or extending those Acts or otherwise in respect of accidents to the officers servants or workmen of the Corporation or to third parties;
- (e) Risks of accident or injury occurring to any person employed by the Corporation or paid by or through them as the local education authority or to any child or person attending the schools in the city;
- (f) Risks of mechanical or electrical breakdown at or in connection with any of the electricity works of the Corporation;
- (g) Risks of loss due to infidelity of officials of the Corporation;
- (h) Any other risks against which in the absence of such an insurance fund the Corporation would ordinarily insure.

(2) The establishment of an insurance fund under this section shall not prevent the Corporation from insuring in one or more insurance offices of good repute against the whole or any part of all or any of the several risks for which the general insurance fund is intended to provide.

(3) In each year after the establishment of the general insurance fund the Corporation shall pay into that fund either—

- (a) such a sum as shall in their opinion be equal to the aggregate amount of the premiums which would be payable if the Corporation fully insured in some insurance office of good repute against the several risks for which the general insurance fund is intended to provide;
- or

A.D. 1930.

(b) if the Corporation partly insure in some insurance office of good repute against the whole or any part of the several risks for which the general insurance fund is intended to provide such sum as will together with the premiums paid for the last mentioned insurance be equal to the aggregate amount aforesaid.

(4) When the general insurance fund shall amount to two hundred and fifty thousand pounds the Corporation may if they think fit discontinue the yearly payments to that fund but if the said fund is at any time reduced below two hundred and fifty thousand pounds the Corporation shall recommence and continue the yearly payments thereto in accordance with subsection (3) of this section until the said fund be restored to the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand pounds.

(5) The Corporation shall provide the yearly payments aforesaid by contributions from the general rate fund and shall show the same in their accounts under the separate heading or division in respect of the particular undertaking or department of the Corporation which if the risks were insured against in an insurance office would be properly chargeable with the payment of the premiums of such insurance.

(6) Except so far as the general insurance fund and the proceeds of sale of securities in which that fund is invested may be necessary to meet losses damages costs and expenses in consequence of risks for which the said fund is intended to provide all moneys for the time being standing to the credit of the said fund shall (subject to the provisions of this Act) be invested in statutory securities and the interest and annual proceeds arising from those securities shall be carried to and form part of the general rate fund :

Provided that at the end of each financial year in which any such interest or annual proceeds shall have been carried to the general rate fund the Corporation shall pay out of the general rate fund to the credit of the general insurance fund (in addition to any sums paid or payable by the Corporation under the provisions of subsection (8) of this section) such sum (not exceeding the total amount carried to the general rate fund during that year in respect of such interest and annual proceeds) as in the opinion of the Corporation will be sufficient to

A.D. 1930. — maintain the general insurance fund at an amount reasonably necessary to cover the risks insured thereby.

(7) For the purposes of this section the Corporation may if they deem it expedient and by arrangement with the managers of any public elementary school or the governing body of any college secondary school institute or hostel not provided by the Corporation as the local education authority include in the risks insured under paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of this section risks of accident to any teacher employed in any such school college institute or hostel.

(8) The general insurance fund shall be applied to meet any losses damages costs or expenses sustained by the Corporation in consequence of risks for which it is intended to provide in the order of the dates on which such losses damages costs or expenses become ascertained and if at any time and from time to time the general insurance fund shall be insufficient to make good any such losses damages costs or expenses the Corporation may with the sanction of the Minister of Health and on such security as that Minister may prescribe borrow at interest under and subject to the provisions of this Act such sums of money as will be necessary to make up the deficiency. The amounts of the annual charges in respect of interest on and repayment of principal of any sums so borrowed and the amounts of any such deficiencies as aforesaid not made up by borrowing shall be paid out of the general rate fund and charged in the accounts of the Corporation under the separate headings or divisions in respect of such undertakings or departments of the Corporation and in such proportions as the Minister of Health may direct having regard to the risks through which such deficiencies arise. The amounts of any such deficiencies as aforesaid not made up by borrowing shall be paid out of the general rate fund and the general rate.

(9) The money standing to the credit of any insurance fund of the Corporation existing at the date of the establishment of the general insurance fund (other than any such fund established in connection with the dock undertaking of the Corporation) shall be credited to the general insurance fund and any securities representing the whole or part of any such existing fund shall be deemed to be securities forming part of the general insurance fund.

(10) As from the date of the establishment of the general insurance fund sections 62 (Fire insurance fund) and 63 (Power to create accident fund) of the Bristol Corporation Act 1918 and section 182 (Fund for insurance against certain accidents) of the Bristol Corporation Act 1926 shall be and are hereby repealed. A.D. 1930.

90.—(1) Expressions to which meanings are assigned by the Bristol Corporation Act 1926 have in this section the same respective meanings. Dock insurance fund.

(2) The Corporation may and shall be deemed always to have been empowered to establish a fund to be called “the dock insurance fund” with a view of providing a sum of money which shall be available for making good all losses damages costs and expenses to which the Corporation may be subjected in consequence of the whole or any part of all or any of such risks as are referred to in subsection (1) of the section of this Act of which the marginal note is “General insurance fund” in connection with the dock undertaking and in addition the following risks in connection with that undertaking (that is to say):—

- (a) such risks in respect of any vessels of the Corporation as would be covered by a policy of marine insurance;
- (b) risk of destruction or damage from any cause or of theft or loss of any goods merchandise articles or things belonging to other persons but for the time being under the control or in the custody of the Corporation or in transit; and
- (c) risk of injury to any vessel in respect of which the Corporation may be under any liability.

(3) The Corporation shall in each year pay into the dock insurance fund such sum as they may from time to time determine.

(4) When the dock insurance fund shall amount to such sum as the Corporation may from time to time determine they may if they think fit—

- (a) discontinue the yearly payments to that fund but if the said fund is at any time reduced below the sum for the time being determined as aforesaid the Corporation shall recommence and continue the making of yearly payments

A.D. 1930.

to the said fund until the same be restored to such last mentioned sum; and

(b) apply any income arising from the investment of the said fund in or towards the making of contributions to the contingency fund referred to in section 14 (Application of dock revenue) of the Bristol Corporation Act 1926.

(5) The Corporation shall provide the yearly payments aforesaid by contributions from the dock revenue as part of the working expenses of the dock undertaking.

(6) The Corporation may if they think fit invest in statutory securities any moneys for the time being standing to the credit of the dock insurance fund.

(7) The moneys at the date of the passing of this Act standing to the credit of the insurance fund established by the Corporation in connection with the dock undertaking before that date shall be credited to the dock insurance fund.

(8) The provisions of subsections (2) and (8) of the section of this Act of which the marginal note is "General insurance fund" shall with the necessary modifications and with the substitution of the Minister of Transport for the Minister of Health extend and apply to the dock insurance fund.

Amend-
ment of
section 104
of Public
Health Act
1875.

91. The Public Health Act 1875 in its application to the Corporation and the city shall have effect as if the words "Provided that such costs and expenses shall not exceed in the whole one year's rack rent of the premises" were omitted from section 104 of that Act.

Amend-
ment of
section 101
of Bristol
Corporation
Act 1926.

92.—(1) Subsection (1) of section 101 (Penalty on original vendor of unsound food) of the Bristol Corporation Act 1926 shall be read and have effect as if the words "unless he proves that at the time he sold the said animal or article he did not know and had no reason to believe" were omitted therefrom and the words "unless it be proved that at the time of the sale of the said animal or article neither such person nor any servant employee or assistant engaged in the business of such person and concerned in any wise in or with the dealing with or selling or handling of the animal or article knew or had any reason to

“ believe ” were inserted in the said subsection in lieu thereof. A.D. 1930.

(2) Subsection (2) of the said section 101 shall be read and have effect as if the words “ unless he proves “ that at the time of such deposit he did not know “ and had no reason to believe ” were omitted therefrom and the words “ unless it be proved that at the time “ of such deposit neither the person first referred to “ in this subsection nor any servant employee or assistant “ engaged in the business of such person and concerned “ in any wise in or with the dealing with or selling or “ handling of the animal or article knew or had any “ reason to believe ” were inserted in the said subsection in lieu thereof.

93. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 19 of the Bristol Dock Act 1808 or in the Bristol Dock Act 1848 or in any other enactment the Corporation shall not be required to furnish or to maintain repair renew or replace any such gates or other contrivances as are referred to in the said section 19 but may remove and use or sell or otherwise dispose of the caisson provided at Prince Street Bridge in the city in compliance with the obligations of that section and the materials of that caisson. Removal of
caisson at
Prince
Street
Bridge.

94.—(1) The Corporation may purchase or take on lease dwelling-houses and other buildings for persons employed by them for the purposes of their several undertakings powers and duties and offices and other buildings for those purposes and may erect fit up maintain and let any such buildings upon any lands for the time being belonging to the Corporation for the purposes of the said undertakings powers or duties and (subject to the terms of the lease) upon any lands for the time being leased to the Corporation for those purposes. Dwelling-
houses for
persons in
Corpora-
tion's em-
ployment.

(2) Nothing contained in this section shall empower the Corporation to create or permit a nuisance.

95. The provisions of section 28 (Power to construct electrical sub-stations &c. under streets) of the Bristol Corporation Act 1905 shall extend to enable the Corporation to exercise such powers as are conferred by that section with reference to any street repairable by the Electrical
sub-
stations &c.
under
streets.

A.D. 1930. inhabitants at large within the limits within which the Corporation are authorised to supply electricity under and by virtue of the Bristol Electricity (Extension) Special Order 1929 :

Provided that the Corporation shall not under the powers of this section construct any sub-station transforming station or work (a) in or upon any bridge carrying a street over a railway or under any bridge carrying a railway over a street or within fifteen feet of any portion of any abutment or wing wall of any such bridge without the consent of the railway company concerned but such consent shall not be unreasonably withheld or (b) so as to interfere with or render less convenient the access to or exit from any station or depot of a railway company.

For protection of Gloucester and Somerset County Councils.

96. For the protection of the county councils of the administrative counties of Gloucester and Somerset (which county councils and administrative counties are in this section respectively referred to as "the county council" and "the county") the following provisions shall unless otherwise agreed in writing between the Corporation and the county council have effect (that is to say):—

- (1) Not less than six weeks before commencing to exercise with reference to any county road in the county which is within the added area referred to in the Bristol Electricity (Extension) Special Order 1929 the powers conferred by section 28 (Power to construct electrical sub-stations &c. under streets) of the Bristol Corporation Act 1905 as extended by the section of this Act of which the marginal note is "Electrical sub-stations &c. under streets" the Corporation shall submit to the county council plans sections and particulars of the works proposed to be executed under the said powers in or under such road :
- (2) If at any time within six weeks after the submission to them of such plans sections and particulars as aforesaid the county council in writing intimate to the Corporation any objection thereto or make any condition with which the Corporation are unable or unwilling to comply a difference shall be deemed to have

arisen between the Corporation and the county council which shall be determined by the Minister of Transport or an arbitrator appointed by him who shall have power to settle the said plans sections and particulars and whose decision shall be final and binding but unless any objection or condition shall be so intimated the Corporation may at any time after the expiration of the period of six weeks referred to in this subsection proceed with the execution of their works in accordance with the plans sections and particulars thereof as submitted to the county council.

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97.—(1) The Corporation may with the consent of the owner of any building wall or bridge attach to that structure such brackets pipes wires lamps and apparatus as may be required for lighting any street :

Attachment
of lighting
brackets &c.
to buildings.

Provided that—

- (a) where in the opinion of the Corporation any consent under this section is unreasonably refused they may appeal to a court of summary jurisdiction who shall have power having regard to the character of the building and to the other circumstances of the case to allow the attachment subject to such terms as to compensation or rent and otherwise as they may think reasonable in the circumstances or to disallow the same and to determine by which of the parties the costs of the appeal are to be paid;
- (b) any consent of an owner and any order of a court of summary jurisdiction under this section shall not have effect after the owner ceases to be in possession of the structure but any attachments fixed under the provisions of this section shall not be required to be removed until the expiration of three months after any subsequent owner shall have given to the Corporation notice in writing requiring the attachments to be removed Where such notice is given the preceding provisions of this section shall apply and the court of summary jurisdiction shall have the same

A.D. 1930.

powers as under the first proviso to this section ;

- (c) the owner may require the Corporation temporarily to remove the attachments where necessary during any reconstruction or repair of the structure.

(2) For the purposes of this section any occupier of a structure whose tenancy exceeds one year unexpired and in the case of any other tenancy the person receiving the rack rent shall be deemed to be the owner.

(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section no brackets pipes wires lamps or apparatus shall be attached to any bridge or building belonging to or forming part of the railway undertaking of a railway company without the previous consent in writing of that company but such consent shall not be unreasonably withheld and any question whether such consent is unreasonably withheld shall be referred to and determined by an engineer to be agreed upon between the railway company and the Corporation or failing such agreement to be appointed on the application of either party (after notice in writing to the other of them) by the President of the Institution of Civil Engineers and subject as aforesaid the provisions of the Arbitration Act 1889 shall apply to any such reference and determination.

Prohibition
of vehicles
&c. on
grass
margins.

98. No person shall wilfully ride or drive any horse cattle or vehicle on over or across any grass gravel or other area separated from the carriageway by means of a kerb and which is laid out or levelled and not intended for such use and any person who shall offend against the provisions of this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty shillings.

Power to
establish
information
bureau.

99. The Corporation may establish and maintain an information bureau or information bureaux in the city for the purpose of supplying such information with regard to the city as may be desired by visitors or intending visitors to the city and others or may subscribe towards the establishment of any such bureau and may employ and pay such number of clerks assistants and servants as they may think fit for the purpose and may if they think fit make charges for the use of

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such bureau or bureaux or for information supplied by means thereof. A.D. 1930.

100. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Second Schedule to the Municipal Corporations Act 1882 the summons to members of the council may be delivered at the usual place of abode or business premises of every member of the council or sent by post by prepaid letter at the ordinary rate of postage.

Service of
summons on
members of
council.

101. The powers and duties conferred and imposed upon the Corporation by Part III (Streets and buildings) Part IV (Infectious disease and sanitary) (including the power of authorisation conferred by subsection (6) of the section of this Act of which the marginal note is "Removal of infirm and diseased persons in certain cases") Part V (Common lodging-houses) Part VI (Sale of coke) Part VIII (Harbour and dock dues) Part IX (Superannuation) and Part X (Finance and miscellaneous) (other than any powers of borrowing money or of making any rate) shall be deemed to be purposes which may (if the Corporation think fit) be regulated and managed by means of committees appointed by the Corporation in pursuance of section 200 of the Public Health Act 1875.

Delegation
of certain
powers to
committees.

102.—(1) Any committee appointed by the council under the Municipal Corporations Acts or any local Act or Order confirmed by or having the force of an Act of Parliament shall if the council so resolve have all the powers of a committee appointed under section 200 of the Public Health Act 1875 Provided that the provisions of this section shall not affect the powers of the watch committee appointed under section 190 of the Municipal Corporations Act 1882 acting as the police authority for the city.

Committees
of council.

(2) So much of section 22 of the Municipal Corporations Act 1882 as is inconsistent with subsection (1) of this section shall cease to apply to the Corporation.

103. The provisions of section 102 (Power of entry of local authority) and section 103 (Penalty for disobedience of order) of the Public Health Act 1875 shall extend and apply for the purposes of Part III (Streets and buildings) Part IV (Infectious disease and sanitary) and Part V (Common lodging-houses) of this

Power to
enter
premises.

A.D. 1930. Act as if those purposes had been mentioned in the said section 102.

Penalty on occupier refusing execution of Act.

104. If the occupier of any house or part of a house shall prevent the owner thereof from carrying into effect any requirement of the Corporation under Part III (Streets and buildings) of this Act or under any byelaw made thereunder then after notice of this provision shall have been given by the owner to the occupier any court of summary jurisdiction upon proof thereof may make an order in writing requiring the occupier to permit the owner to execute the works required by the Corporation to be done and if after the expiration of seven days from the service of such order the occupier shall continue to refuse to permit the owner to execute the said works he shall for every day during which he shall so continue to refuse be liable to a penalty not exceeding two pounds and during the continuance of his refusal the owner shall be discharged from any penalties to which he might otherwise have become liable by reason of his default in executing such work.

Application of section 265 of Public Health Act 1875.

105. Section 265 (Protection of local authority and their officers from personal liability) of the Public Health Act 1875 shall extend and apply to the purposes of this Act as if the same were re-enacted herein.

Compensation how to be determined.

106. When any compensation costs damages or expenses is or are by this Act directed to be paid and the method for determining the amount thereof is not otherwise provided for such amount shall in case of dispute be ascertained in the manner provided by the Public Health Acts.

Damages and charges to be settled by justices.

107. Where any damages expenses costs or charges are directed or authorised to be paid or recovered in addition to any penalty for any offence in this Act mentioned the amount of such damages costs or charges in case of dispute respecting the same may be settled or determined by a court of summary jurisdiction before whom any offender is convicted.

Recovery of penalties &c.

108. Save as otherwise by this Act expressly provided all offences against this Act and all penalties forfeitures costs and expenses imposed or recoverable under this Act or any byelaw made in pursuance thereof

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may be prosecuted and recovered in a summary manner A.D. 1930.
Provided that costs or expenses except such as are
recoverable along with a penalty shall not be recovered as
penalties but may be recovered summarily as civil debts. —

109. Proceedings for the recovery of any demand Recovery of
made under the authority of this Act or any incorporated demands.
enactment whether provision is or is not made for the
recovery in any specified court or manner may be taken
in any county court having otherwise jurisdiction in the
matter provided that the demand does not exceed the
amount recoverable in that court in a personal action.

110. Save as herein expressly provided all informa- Informa-
tions and complaints under or for the breach of any of tions by
the provisions of this Act or of any byelaw made there- whom to be
under may be laid and made by any officer of the Corpora- laid.
tion duly authorised in that behalf or by the town clerk
or by any police officer acting for or within the city.

111. Nothing in this Act shall protect any person Saving for
from being proceeded against by way of indictment in indict-
respect of any matter by this Act made punishable on ments &c.
summary proceedings or shall relieve any person in
respect of any such matter from any penal or other
consequence to which he would have been liable if such
matter had not been made punishable by this Act Pro-
vided that nothing in this Act shall make a person liable
to be punished more than once for the same offence.

112. Where the payment of more than one sum by Several
any person is due under any Act or Order from time to time sums in one
in force within the city any summons or warrant issued for summons.
the purposes of any such Act or Order in respect of that
person may contain in the body thereof or in a schedule
thereto all the sums payable by him.

113. Any person deeming himself aggrieved by any As to
order judgment determination or requirement or the appeal;
withholding of any certificate licence consent or approval
of or by the Corporation or of or by any officer of the
Corporation under the provisions of Part III (Streets and
buildings) of this Act or by any conviction or order made
by a court of summary jurisdiction or a petty sessional
court under any provision of this Act may if no other mode
of appeal is provided by this Act appeal to the next
practicable court of quarter sessions under and according

A.D. 1930. — to the provisions of the Summary Jurisdiction Acts and in regard to any such order made by a court of summary jurisdiction or a petty sessional court the Corporation may in like manner appeal.

Judges not disqualified. **114.** A judge of any court or a justice shall not be disqualified from acting in the execution of this Act by reason of his being liable to any rate.

Powers of Act cumulative. **115.** All powers rights and remedies given to the Corporation by this Act shall (except where otherwise expressly provided) be deemed to be in addition to and not in derogation of any other powers rights or remedies conferred on them or on any committee appointed by them by Act of Parliament charter law or custom and the Corporation or such committee as the case may be may exercise such other powers and be entitled to such other rights and remedies as if this Act had not been passed Provided that no person shall incur more than one penalty (other than a daily penalty for a continuing offence) for the commission of the same offence.

Inquiries by Minister of Health. **116.**—(1) The Minister of Health may direct any inquiries to be held by his inspectors which he may deem necessary in regard to the exercise of any powers conferred upon him or the giving of any consents under this Act and the inspectors of the Minister of Health shall for the purposes of any such inquiry have all such powers as they have for the purpose of inquiries directed by that Minister under the Public Health Act 1875.

(2) The Corporation shall pay to the Minister of Health any expenses incurred by that Minister in relation to any inquiries referred to in this section including the expenses of any witnesses summoned by the inspector holding the inquiry and a sum to be fixed by that Minister not exceeding five guineas a day for the services of such inspector.

Crown rights. **117.** Nothing in this Act affects prejudicially any estate right power privilege or exemption of the Crown and in particular nothing herein contained authorises the Corporation to take use or in any manner interfere with any portion of the shore or bed of the sea or of any river channel creek bay or estuary or any land hereditaments subjects or rights of whatsoever description

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belonging to His Majesty in right of His Crown and under the management of the Commissioners of Crown Lands or of the Board of Trade respectively without the consent in writing of the Commissioners of Crown Lands or the Board of Trade as the case may be on behalf of His Majesty first had and obtained for that purpose. A.D. 1930.
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118. All the costs charges and expenses preliminary to and of and incidental to the preparing applying for obtaining and passing of this Act as taxed by the taxing officer of the House of Lords or of the House of Commons shall be paid by the Corporation out of the general rate fund and general rate or out of moneys to be borrowed under this Act for that purpose. Costs of Act.

A.D. 1930.

The SCHEDULES referred to in the
foregoing Act.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

AREAS ADDED TO THE CITY.

NOTE.—In the following descriptions the enclosures referred to are shown on the following 1/2500 Ordnance maps and thereon described by the numbers referred to in those descriptions.

| Part of Schedule. | Ordnance Map. |
|---------------------|---|
| Part I | Gloucestershire sheet LXVII. 10 (edition of 1915) and sheet LXVII. 6 (edition of 1920). |
| Parts II III and IV | Somerset sheets VI. 7 10 11 and 15 (edition of 1916). |
| Part V | Somerset sheet II. 6 (edition of 1915). |

PART I.

So much of the parish of Henbury in the rural district of Thornbury in the county of Gloucester as is bounded by a line commencing at a point in the existing boundary between the city and the said rural district coinciding with the northernmost point of enclosure 541 passing thence in a southerly and south-easterly direction along the said existing boundary to a point therein 11 yards north-westward of the boundary between enclosures 529a and 552 thence in a north-easterly direction to the south-easternmost corner of enclosure 529 thence in a northerly direction along the eastern side of the ditch forming the boundary between enclosures 529 and 552a to and in a south-easterly direction along the south-western side of the ditch forming the boundary between enclosures 528 and 552a to and in a north-easterly direction along the south-eastern side of the ditch forming the boundary between enclosures 528 and 527 to the southern side of the footpath crossing the last-mentioned and other enclosures thence in a north-westerly direction along the southern side of the said footpath to a point opposite the north-western side of the ditch forming the boundary between enclosures 528 and 526 thence to and in a north-easterly and north-westerly direction along the north-western and south-western sides of the last-mentioned ditch to the south-eastern side of the road or intended road crossing the said enclosures 526 and 528 thence in a north-easterly direction along the south-eastern side of the said road to the southern side of the ditch

forming the boundary between enclosures 486 and 526 thence in an easterly direction along the said southern side to the south-easternmost corner of enclosure 486 thence in an easterly direction across enclosure 525 to and in a northerly direction along the eastern boundary of the said enclosure 525 to and in a north-easterly direction along the south-eastern side of the road or intended road adjoining the north-western boundary of enclosures 487 and 488 thence in a south-easterly direction along the north-eastern boundary of the last-mentioned enclosure to the south-eastern side of the ditch forming the boundary between that enclosure and enclosure 489 thence in a north-easterly direction to and in a northerly direction along the western side of the Red Splot Gout on the western side of enclosure 491 to the point where the aforesaid road crosses the said Gout thence in an easterly and north-easterly direction along the southern and south-eastern sides of the said road adjoining the northern and north-western boundaries of enclosures 491 and 496 and the western boundary of the ditch between the said road and enclosures 497 and 498 thence in a northerly direction across Severn Road to a point 22 yards measured in a westerly direction from the southern abutment of the western side of the bridge adjoining the southern corner of enclosure 419 thence in a north-westerly direction along the south-western side of the ditch between enclosures 419 427a 427 426 and the north-eastern side of Severn Road thence along the south-western boundary of enclosure 396 for a distance of 7 yards thence along the south-western side of the ditch between enclosures 395 392 391 390 388 and the north-eastern side of the said road thence in a north-easterly direction along the north-western side of the ditch between enclosures 385 and 380 on the one side and enclosures 388 and 379 on the other to a point 44 yards north-eastward of the boundary between enclosures 379 and 388 thence in a north-westerly direction for a distance of 27 yards to a point in enclosure 380 thence in a north-easterly direction for a distance of 362 yards to the foot of the embankment between enclosures 342 and 380 thence in a northerly direction for a distance of 44 yards to a point in the south-eastern boundary of the Avonmouth Branch Railway of the Great Western Railway Company thence in a south-westerly direction along the last-mentioned boundary to the boundary between enclosures 380 and 385 thence in a north-westerly direction in continuation of that boundary and along the north-eastern boundary of enclosures 384 and 383 to high-water mark of ordinary tides thence in a south-westerly direction along the said high-water mark to Stup Pill thence in a direct line to the north-westernmost point in enclosure 450 thence in a south-westerly direction along high-water mark of ordinary tides to the south-westernmost point in enclosure 452 and thence in a direct line in continuation thereof to the point of commencement hereinbefore described.

A.D. 1930.

A.D. 1930.

PART II.

So much of the parish of Bishopsworth in the rural district of Long Ashton in the county of Somerset as is situate eastward of the boundary between enclosures 276 and 275 on the one hand and enclosure 274 on the other hand and north-eastward of enclosures 273 and 271.

PART III.

The parish of Brislington in the rural district of Keynsham in the said county of Somerset except so much of that parish as is situate southward of an imaginary line drawn from a point in the western boundary of enclosure 431 50 yards measured in a southerly direction from the north-western corner of the said enclosure to a point on the western side of the road forming enclosure 442 60 yards measured in a southerly direction from the north-east corner of enclosure 439 thence for a distance of 20 yards across the said road and into enclosure 440 to a point 58 yards measured in a southerly direction from the north-western corner of the said enclosure and eastward of an imaginary line drawn from the said last-mentioned point in a northerly direction 20 yards from and parallel to the western side of the said road to the existing city boundary.

PART IV.

So much of the parish of Whitchurch in the said rural district of Keynsham as lies southward of the parishes of Bishopsworth and Brislington and is bounded by a line commencing at a point in the boundary between the parishes of Bishopsworth and Whitchurch coinciding with the southernmost point of enclosure 288 passing thence in a north-easterly direction along the north-western boundary of enclosure 3 to the northernmost point of that enclosure thence in a south-easterly direction along the north-eastern boundary of that enclosure to the north-western boundary of enclosure 17 thence in an easterly direction for a distance of 6 yards along the said north-western boundary thence in a southerly direction for a distance of 157 yards to a point in the said enclosure 17 47 yards south-east of the north-eastern corner of the dwelling-house known as Fillwood Farm (being part of enclosure 18) and ascertained by an imaginary line drawn from the said corner of the said dwelling-house in continuation of the northern boundary thereof thence in a south-westerly direction to a point in the south-western boundary of the said enclosure 17 19 yards south-eastward of the south-westernmost corner of that enclosure thence in a north-westerly direction along the said south-western boundary and in a direct line in continuation thereof for a distance of 12 yards to the eastern side of the footpath extending in a northerly direction from the

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road forming enclosure 253 across enclosures 217 and 28 thence in a straight line in a southerly direction to a point on the eastern side of the said footpath where it crosses a stream (name unknown) thence in a southerly direction to the western side of the said footpath where it is intersected by the northern boundary of enclosure 217 thence in a south-easterly direction for a distance of 5 yards along the northern boundary of the said enclosure to the north-westernmost corner of enclosure 216 and thence in a southerly direction along the western side of the said enclosure to the north-eastern side of the said road thence in a south-westerly direction across the said road into enclosure 219 for a distance of 60 yards to a point 150 yards from the south-western corner of enclosure 217 and 135 yards from the south-eastern corner of enclosure 216 thence in a south-easterly direction to a point 51 yards from the easternmost corner of enclosure 219 measured in a south-westerly direction along the south-eastern boundary of the said enclosure thence in a south-easterly direction to a point 62 yards from the north-western corner of enclosure 278 known as Rookery Farm measured in a southerly direction along the western boundary of the said enclosure thence in a northerly direction along the said western boundary of the said enclosure to the north-western corner of the said enclosure thence continuing in the same line of direction across the said road to the southern boundary of enclosure 255 thence in an easterly and north-easterly direction along the north-western side of the said road to the south-easternmost corner of enclosure 252 thence in a northerly and easterly direction along the eastern and southern boundary of the last-mentioned enclosure and the eastern and southern sides of the ditch forming the boundary between enclosure 252 and enclosures 251 250 and 226 to the south-westernmost corner of enclosure 227 thence in a northerly direction along the boundary between enclosures 252 and 227 to the southern boundary of enclosure 225 thence in a north-easterly direction to and along the north-western side of the ditch forming the boundary between enclosures 225 and 227 to the southernmost boundary of enclosure 210 thence in a north-westerly direction along that boundary to the western side of the ditch forming the boundary between enclosures 26 and 210 thence in a northerly direction along the said western side to the northern side of the ditch forming the boundary between enclosures 26 and 23 thence in a north-westerly direction along the north-eastern side of enclosure 26 to the south-eastern corner of enclosure 15 thence in a northerly and north-westerly direction along the eastern and north-eastern boundaries of enclosure 15 and the north-eastern and northern boundaries of enclosure 16 to the southernmost corner of enclosure 7 and thence in a northerly direction along the eastern boundary of the said enclosure 7 to the boundary between the parishes of Brislington and Whitchurch at the south-westernmost corner of enclosure 423.

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PART V.

So much of the parish and urban district of Portishead in the said county of Somerset as comprises parts of enclosures 79 80 and 81 and is bounded on the north-east by the south-western boundary of enclosure 78 on the south-east by a straight line drawn in a south-westerly direction from a point in the last-mentioned boundary 125 yards south-eastward of the south-westernmost corner of that enclosure to a point in the northern boundary of enclosure 82 21 yards westward of the easternmost corner of that enclosure on the north-west by a line coinciding with the boundary of the electricity generating station of the Corporation and extending from a point in the south-western boundary of the said enclosure 78 93 yards south-eastward of the south-westernmost corner of that enclosure to a point in the northern boundary of the said enclosure 82 118 yards eastward of the north-westernmost corner of that enclosure and on the remaining sides by the northern boundary of the said enclosure 82.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

**LIMITS OF THE PORT OF BRISTOL AND OF THE HARBOUR
OF BRISTOL AND OF THE AREA OF CONSERVANCY
JURISDICTION OF THE CORPORATION.**

An area bounded on the south in part by an imaginary straight line drawn from Clevedon Pier Head to the north-eastern corner of Queen Alexandra Dock Cardiff on the north-west in part by an imaginary straight line drawn from Monkstone Lighthouse to Denny Island Beacon and thence to the point on Chittening Wharf in the county of Gloucester at which high-water mark of ordinary spring tides is intersected by the parallel of 51 degrees 32 minutes 30 seconds north and on all other sides by a line extending from the last mentioned point in a south-westerly direction along high-water mark of ordinary spring tides on the coast of the counties of Gloucester and Somerset to Clevedon Pier Head and including also the river Avon up to Hanham Mills together with all other rivers and pills within the city and all islands bays harbours rivers creeks and canals included within the said lines.

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