



CHAPTER lxxx.

An Act to confirm certain Provisional Orders of the Local Government Board relating to Colne and Swansea and the South Staffordshire Joint Small-Pox Hospital District. A.D. 1903.
[21st July 1903.]

WHEREAS the Local Government Board have made the Provisional Orders set forth in the schedule hereto under the provisions of the Public Health Act 1875 :

38 & 39 Vict.
c. 55.

And whereas it is requisite that the said Orders should be confirmed by Parliament :

Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in this present Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows :—

1. The Orders as altered and set out in the schedule hereto are hereby confirmed and all the provisions thereof shall have full validity and force. Orders in
schedule
confirmed.

2. This Act may be cited as the Local Government Board's Provisional Orders Confirmation (No. 14) Act 1903. Short title.

A.D. 1903.

S C H E D U L E.

BOROUGH OF COLNE.

Colne Order.

Provisional Order for altering certain Local Acts.

To the Mayor Aldermen and Burgesses of the Borough of Colne;—

And to all others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS the Borough of Colne (herein-after referred to as “the Borough”) is an Urban District of which the Mayor Aldermen and Burgesses acting by the council (herein-after referred to as “the Corporation”) are the Urban District Council and as such council are the local authority within the meaning of the Public Health Act 1875;

40 & 41 Vict.
c. clix.
60 & 61 Vict.
c. clxxxii.

And whereas the unrepealed provisions of the Colne Gas Act 1877 and the Colne Corporation Act 1897 (each of which Acts is herein-after separately referred to as the Act of the year in which it was passed both Acts being also herein-after referred to collectively as “the Local Acts”) as altered by certain Provisional Orders of the Local Government Board which were duly confirmed by Parliament but which do not affect the subject-matter of this Order are in force in the Borough;

And whereas by virtue of the Act of 1877 the limits of the Corporation for the supply of gas (herein-after referred to as “the gas limits”) now comprise the Borough and the Township of Trawden:

38 & 39 Vict.
c. 55.

Now therefore We the Local Government Board in pursuance of the powers given to Us by Section 303 of the Public Health Act 1875 and by any other Statutes in that behalf do hereby order that from and after the date of the Act of Parliament confirming this Order the Local Acts shall be altered so that the following provisions shall have effect viz,—

Extension of
gas limits.

Art. I. The gas limits shall be extended so as to comprise the Township of Foulridge in the Rural District of Burnley and such of the provisions of the Act of 1877 with respect to the supply of gas and otherwise with respect to gas purposes as now apply and have effect within the gas limits shall with the necessary modifications apply and have effect within the gas limits as so extended.

Definitions.

Art. II. In this Order unless the context otherwise requires—

The expression “closet accommodation” includes a receptacle for human excreta together with the structure comprising such receptacle and the fittings and apparatus connected therewith;

The expression “Pail Closet” means closet accommodation including a movable receptacle for human excreta;

The expression "Water Closet" means closet accommodation constructed in accordance with byelaws made by the Corporation in pursuance of this Order and used or adapted or intended to be used in connexion with the water carriage system and comprising provision for the flushing of the receptacle by means of a fresh water supply and having proper communication with a sewer;

A.D. 1903.
Colne Order.

The expression "Waste-water Closet" means closet accommodation constructed in accordance with byelaws made by the Corporation in pursuance of this Order and used or adapted or intended to be used in connexion with the water carriage system and comprising provision for the flushing of the receptacle by means of slops or waste liquids of the household or rain-water and having proper communication with a sewer;

The expression "a sufficient water supply and sewer" means a water supply and a sewer which are sufficient and reasonably available for use in or in connexion with the efficient flushing and cleansing of and the efficient removal of excreta from such number of proper and sufficient Water Closets and Waste-water Closets or from such one or more of either class of closet as in pursuance of this Order may be required to be provided in any particular case.

Art. III.—(1) Within one month after the deposit of any plan by a person intending to erect a new building the Corporation where there are a sufficient water supply and sewer may by written notice to such person require the new building to be provided with such number of proper and sufficient Water Closets and Waste-water Closets or with such one or more of either class of closet as the circumstances of the case may render necessary.

Power to require provision of water closets or waste-water closets for new buildings.

(2) Any person who fails to comply with any requirement of the Corporation under subdivision (1) of this Article shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five pounds and to a daily penalty not exceeding forty shillings and every such penalty shall be recoverable summarily.

Art. IV.—(1) If on the report of the medical officer of health or the borough surveyor or the inspector of nuisances the Corporation are satisfied that sufficient closet accommodation has not been provided at or in connexion with a building the Corporation where there are a sufficient water supply and sewer may by written notice to the owner or owners of the building require the building to be provided with such number of proper and sufficient Water Closets and Waste-water Closets or with such one or more of either class of closet as the circumstances of the case may render necessary.

Power to require provision of water closets or waste-water closets where closet accommodation is insufficient.

(2) If the owner or owners of the building fail to comply with any requirement of the Corporation under subdivision (1) of this Article the Corporation may at the expiration of a time which shall be specified in the notice and shall be not less than fourteen days after the service of the notice do the work required by the notice and may recover summarily as a civil debt from the owner or owners the expenses incurred by the Corporation in so doing.

[Ch. lxxx.] *Local Government Board's* [3 EDW. 7.]
Provisional Orders Confirmation (No. 14) Act, 1903.

A.D. 1903.

Colne Order.
Power to
require conver-
sion of closet
accommoda-
tion.

Art. V.--(1) The Corporation where there are a sufficient water supply and sewer may by written notice to the owner or owners of a building require any existing closet accommodation (other than a Water Closet or a Waste-water Closet) provided at or in connexion with the building to be altered so as to be converted into a Water Closet or Waste-water Closet.

(2) If the owner or owners of the building fail to comply with any requirement of the Corporation under subdivision (1) of this Article the Corporation may at the expiration of a time which shall be specified in the notice and shall be not less than fourteen days after the service of the notice do the work required by the notice.

(3) Where in pursuance of this Article any work of alteration is done by the Corporation in default of the owner or owners in respect of a Pail Closet the expenses of the work shall be borne by the Corporation and where in pursuance of this Article any work of alteration is done by the Corporation in default of the owner or owners in respect of any existing closet accommodation other than a Pail Closet one-half of the expenses of the work shall be borne by the Corporation and the remainder of the said expenses shall be borne by the owner or owners and shall be recoverable summarily as a civil debt.

(4) Every notice in pursuance of subdivision (1) of this Article shall state the effect of the provisions of this Article.

Payment for
works of
common
benefit.

Art. VI. Where under the provisions of this Order the Corporation do any work for the common benefit of two or more buildings belonging to different owners the expenses which under this Order are recoverable by the Corporation from the owners shall be paid by the owners of such buildings in such proportions as shall be determined by the borough surveyor or in case of dispute by a petty sessional court.

Expenses.

Art. VII. Any moneys expended by the Corporation under the provisions of this Order shall so far as they are not recoverable from the owner or owners or are not defrayed by means of borrowed moneys be paid out of the district fund and general district rate of the Borough.

Private
improvement
expenses.

Art. VIII. The Corporation may by order declare any expenses incurred by them under the provisions of this Order which are recoverable summarily as a civil debt from the owner or owners to be expenses to which the provisions of Section 257 of the Public Health Act 1875 shall apply and thereupon those provisions shall apply with the necessary modifications as if they were herein re-enacted and in terms made applicable to the said expenses.

Entry on
premises.

Art. IX. Any person duly authorised in writing by the Corporation shall on production of such authority be admitted into any premises for the purposes of this Order and the provisions of Sections 102 and 103 of the Public Health Act 1875 shall with the necessary modifications apply to such admission.

Appeals.

Art. X.—(1) Where any person deems himself aggrieved by any requirement of the Corporation under subdivision (1) of Article III. subdivision (1) of Article IV. or subdivision (1) of Article V. of this Order or

objects to the reasonableness of any expenses wholly or partially recoverable from him under this Order such person may within fourteen days after the service of notice of the requirement or of a demand for payment of the expenses appeal to a court of summary jurisdiction and the court may make such order in the matter as to them may seem equitable and the order so made shall be binding and conclusive on all parties :

A.D. 1903.

Colne Order.

Provided nevertheless that the right of appeal subsequent to the service of a demand for payment shall be restricted to the ground of the reasonableness of the amount of the expenses and the appellant shall be precluded from raising at that stage any other question.

(2) Pending the decision of the court upon such appeal the Corporation shall not be empowered to execute any works to which the notice relates and any proceedings which may have been commenced for the recovery of such expenses shall be stayed.

Art. XI.—(1) The Corporation may make byelaws with respect to Water Closets and Waste-water Closets and may by means of such byelaws prescribe the description or nature size materials position and other details of the construction or situation of any such Water Closet or Waste-water Closet or of any receptacle in or in connexion therewith and also the description or nature size and materials of the apparatus and the manner of flushing any receptacle in or in connexion with any such Water Closet or Waste-water Closet.

Byelaws as to
water closets
and waste-
water closets.

(2) The provisions of the Public Health Act 1875 with respect to byelaws shall apply to the byelaws authorised by subdivision (1) of this Article as if the said provisions were with the necessary modifications herein re-enacted and in terms made applicable to such byelaws.

Art. XII. The Corporation may with the sanction of the Local Government Board and subject to the provisions of this Order borrow on the security of the district fund and general district rate of the Borough sums not exceeding in the whole the sum of two thousand one hundred pounds for the purpose of defraying any expenditure which the Corporation may incur in pursuance of this Order and which ought in the opinion of the Local Government Board to be spread over a term of years.

Borrowing
powers.

Art. XIII. For the purpose of raising money in the exercise of the powers of borrowing or re-borrowing conferred by this Order the provisions of the Local Loans Act 1875 shall be available to the Corporation and Sections 236 to 238 of the Public Health Act 1875 shall apply to all moneys borrowed or re-borrowed on mortgage under this Order.

Local Loans
Act and certain
provisions of
Public Health
Act made
applicable.

Art. XIV. The moneys borrowed under this Order shall be repaid within such period not exceeding twenty years from the date of borrowing as the Corporation with the sanction of the Local Government Board in each case determine and the period so determined and sanctioned is herein-after referred to as "the prescribed period" and shall with reference to the moneys

Period for
repayment of
borrowed
moneys.

[Ch. lxxx.] , *Local Government Board's* [3 EDW. 7.]
Provisional Orders Confirmation (No. 14) Act, 1903.

A.D. 1903. to be repaid be the prescribed period for the purposes of this Order and of
the Local Loans Act 1875.

Colne Order.

Mode of
repayment.

Art. XV.—(1) The Corporation shall repay the moneys borrowed under this Order (other than moneys borrowed under the provisions of the Local Loans Act 1875) by equal annual instalments of principal or by equal annual instalments of principal and interest combined or by means of a sinking fund or partly by one of those methods and partly by another or the others of them.

Formation
maintenance
and application
of sinking
fund.

(2) Subject to the provisions of Article XVI. of this Order if the Corporation determine to repay by means of a sinking fund any moneys borrowed under this Order such sinking fund shall be formed and maintained either—

(a) by payment to the fund throughout the prescribed period of such equal annual sums as will together amount to the moneys for the repayment of which the sinking fund is formed. A sinking fund so formed is herein-after called a non-accumulating sinking fund; or

(b) by payment to the fund throughout the prescribed period of such equal annual sums as with accumulations at a rate not exceeding three pounds per centum per annum will be sufficient to pay off within the prescribed period the moneys for the repayment of which such sinking fund is formed. A sinking fund so formed is herein-after called an accumulating sinking fund.

(3) Every sum paid to a sinking fund and in the case of an accumulating sinking fund the interest on the investments of the sinking fund shall unless applied in repayment of the loan in respect of which the sinking fund is formed be immediately invested in securities in which trustees are by law for the time being authorised to invest or in mortgages bonds debentures debenture stock stock or other securities (not being annuity certificates or securities payable to bearer) duly issued by any local authority as defined by Section 34 of the Local Loans Act 1875 but exclusive in every case of the securities of the Corporation the Corporation being at liberty from time to time to vary and transpose such investments.

(4) In the case of a non-accumulating sinking fund the interest on the investments of the fund may be applied by the Corporation towards the equal annual payments to the fund.

(5) The Corporation may at any time apply the whole or any part of any sinking fund in or towards the discharge of the money for the repayment of which the fund is formed. Provided that in the case of an accumulating sinking fund the Corporation shall pay into the fund each year and accumulate during the residue of the prescribed period a sum equal to the interest which would have been produced by the sinking fund or the part of the sinking fund so applied if invested at the rate per centum per annum on which the annual payments to the sinking fund are based.

(6)—(a) If and so often as the income of an accumulating sinking fund is not equal to the income which would be derived from the amount invested

[3 EDW. 7.] *Local Government Board's* [Ch. lxxx.]
Provisional Orders Confirmation (No. 14) Act, 1903.

if the same were invested at the rate per centum per annum on which the equal annual payments to the fund are based any deficiency shall be made good by the Corporation :

A.D. 1903.
Colne Order.

(b) If and so often as the income of an accumulating sinking fund is in excess of the income which would be derived from the amount invested if the same were invested at the rate per centum per annum on which the equal annual payments to the fund are based any such excess may be applied towards such equal annual payments.

(7) Any expenses connected with the formation maintenance investment application or management of or otherwise in relation to any sinking fund under this Order shall be paid by the Corporation in addition to the payments provided for by this Order.

Art. XVI.—(1) If it appears to the Corporation at any time that the amount in the sinking fund with the future payments thereto in accordance with the provisions of this Order together with the accumulations thereon (in the case of an accumulating sinking fund) will probably not be sufficient to repay within the prescribed period the moneys for the repayment of which the sinking fund is formed it shall be the duty of the Corporation to make such increased payments to the sinking fund as will cause the sinking fund to be sufficient for that purpose. Provided that if it appears to the Local Government Board that any such increase is necessary the Corporation shall increase the payments to such extent as the Board may direct.

Increase reduction or discontinuance of payments to sinking fund.

(2) If the Corporation desire to accelerate the repayment of any loan they may increase the amounts payable to any sinking fund.

(3) If in the opinion of the Local Government Board the amount in any sinking fund with the future payments thereto in accordance with the provisions of this Order together with the accumulations thereon (in the case of an accumulating sinking fund) will probably be more than sufficient to repay within the prescribed period the moneys for the repayment of which the sinking fund is formed the Corporation may reduce the payments to be made to the sinking fund either temporarily or permanently to such an extent as the Board approve.

(4) If in the opinion of the Local Government Board the amount in any sinking fund at any time together with the accumulations thereon (in the case of an accumulating sinking fund) will probably be sufficient to repay the loan in respect of which it is formed within the prescribed period the Corporation may with the consent of the Board discontinue the equal annual payments to such sinking fund until the Board otherwise direct.

(5) Any surplus of any sinking fund remaining after the discharge of the whole of the moneys for the repayment of which it was formed shall be applied to such purpose or purposes as the Corporation with the consent of the Local Government Board may determine.

Surplus of sinking fund.

Art. XVII. The Corporation shall except as herein-after provided have power to re-borrow for the purpose of paying off any moneys borrowed

Power to re-borrow.

[Ch. lxxx.] *Local Government Board's* [3 EDW. 7.]
Provisional Orders Confirmation (No. 14) Act, 1903.

A.D. 1903. or re-borrowed under this Order which have not been repaid and are intended
Colne Order. to be forthwith repaid or in respect of any moneys which have been repaid
by the temporary application of funds at the disposal of the Corporation
within twelve months before the re-borrowing and which at the time of the
repayment it was intended to re-borrow :

Provided that the Corporation shall not have power to re-borrow for the
purpose of paying off any moneys repaid by instalments or annual payments
or by means of a sinking fund or out of moneys derived from the sale of land
or out of any capital moneys properly applicable to the purpose of such
repayment other than moneys borrowed for that purpose :

Provided also that any moneys re-borrowed shall be deemed to form the
same loan as the moneys for the repayment of which the re-borrowing has
been made and shall be repaid within the prescribed period.

Application of
borrowed
moneys.

Art. XVIII. All moneys from time to time borrowed or re-borrowed under
this Order shall be applied by the Corporation only for the purposes for
which the same are respectively authorised to be borrowed or re-borrowed
excepting that moneys which may have been borrowed or re-borrowed in
excess of the amount required shall be applied in such manner as the
Corporation with the approval of the Local Government Board determine.

Receiver.

Art. XIX.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Article any mortgagee
of the Corporation in respect of a mortgage under this Order may enforce the
payment of arrears of interest or of principal or of principal and interest by
the appointment of a receiver.

(2) The application for the appointment of a receiver shall be made to the
High Court and the Court if it thinks fit may appoint a receiver on such
terms as it thinks fit and may at any time discharge the receiver and other-
wise exercise full jurisdiction over him :

Provided that no such application shall be entertained unless the amount
of arrears due to the applicant or in the case of a joint application by two or
more mortgagees to such applicants collectively be not less than five hundred
pounds in the whole.

Return as to
provision for
repayment of
debt.

Art. XX.—(1) The town clerk of the Borough shall within twenty-one
days after the Thirty-first day of March in each year if during the twelve
months next preceding the said Thirty-first day of March any sum is required
to be paid as an instalment or annual payment or to be appropriated or to be
paid to a sinking fund in pursuance of the provisions of this Order or in
respect of any money raised thereunder and at any other time when the Local
Government Board may require such a return to be made transmit to the
Board a return in such form as may from time to time be prescribed by the
Board and if required by the Board verified by statutory declaration of
the said town clerk showing for the year next preceding the making of such
return or for such other period as the Board may prescribe the amounts
which have been paid as instalments or annual payments and the amounts
which have been appropriated and the amounts which have been paid to or

invested or applied for the purpose of the sinking fund and the description of the securities upon which any investment has been made and the purposes to which any portion of the sinking fund or investment or of the sums accumulated by way of compound interest has been applied during the same period and the total amount (if any) remaining invested at the end of the year and in the event of his failing to make such return the town clerk shall for each offence be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds to be recovered by action on behalf of the Crown in the High Court and notwithstanding the recovery of such penalty the making of the return shall be enforceable by writ of mandamus to be obtained by the Board out of the High Court.

A.D. 1903.
Colne Order.

(2) If it appears to the Local Government Board by that return or otherwise that the Corporation have failed to pay any instalment or annual payment required to be paid or to appropriate any sum required to be appropriated or to set apart any sum required for any sinking fund (whether such instalment or annual payment or sum is required by this Order or by the Board in virtue thereof to be paid appropriated or set apart) or have applied any portion of any sinking fund to any purpose other than an authorised purpose the Board may by order direct that the sum in such order mentioned not exceeding double the amount in respect of which default has been made shall be paid or applied as in such order mentioned and any such order shall be enforceable by writ of mandamus to be obtained by the Board out of the High Court.

Art. XXI. Where the Local Government Board cause any local inquiry to be held with reference to any of the purposes of this Order the costs incurred by the Board in relation to such inquiry (including such reasonable sum not exceeding three guineas a day as the Board may determine for the services of any inspector or officer of the Board engaged in such inquiry) shall be paid by the Corporation and the Board may certify the amount of the costs so incurred and any sum so certified and directed by the Board to be paid by the Corporation shall be a debt due to the Crown from the Corporation.

Inquiries and expenses.

Art. XXII. Nothing in this Order affects prejudicially any right power privilege or exemption of the Crown.

Crown rights.

Art. XXIII. This Order may be cited as the Colne Order 1903.

Short title.

Given under the Seal of Office of the Local Government Board this
Thirteenth day of May One thousand nine hundred and three.

(L.S.)

WALTER H. LONG President.
S. B. PROVIS Secretary.

[Ch. lxxx.] *Local Government Board's* [3 EDW. 7.]
Provisional Orders Confirmation (No. 14) Act, 1903.

A.D. 1903.

BOROUGH OF SWANSEA.

*Swansea
Order.*

Provisional Order for altering certain Local Acts.

To the Mayor Aldermen and Burgesses of the Borough of Swansea ;—

And to all others whom it may concern.

44 & 45 Vict.
c. cvii.
45 & 46 Vict.
c. cexxxviii.
47 & 48 Vict.
c. clxxiv.
55 & 56 Vict.
c. cxxxiii.

59 Vict. c. xxix.

WHEREAS the Borough of Swansea (herein-after referred to as "the Borough") is an Urban Sanitary District of which the Mayor Aldermen and Burgesses acting by the council (herein-after referred to as "the Corporation") are the Urban Sanitary Authority and the unrepealed provisions of the Swansea Corporation Loans Act 1881 the Swansea Corporation Loans Act 1882 the Swansea (Corporation) Water Act 1884 and the Swansea Corporation Water Act 1892 (which Acts are herein-after collectively referred to as "the Local Acts" and each of which Acts is herein-after separately referred to as the Act of the year in which it was passed) as altered by certain other Local Acts which do not affect the subject-matter of this Order and by the Swansea Order 1896 which was duly confirmed by the Local Government Board's Provisional Orders Confirmation (No. 4) Act 1896 are in force in the Borough ;

And whereas by Section 4 of the Act of 1881 the Corporation were empowered subject to the provisions of that Act to create and issue stock and they have in the exercise of various borrowing powers created and issued Swansea Corporation three and a half per centum Irredeemable Stock (herein-after referred to as "Irredeemable Stock") to the amount of eight hundred thousand pounds in accordance with the provisions of the said Act and of the Act of 1882 ;

And whereas by and subject to the provisions of Section 56 of the Act of 1892 Section 4 of the Act of 1881 was repealed ;

And whereas by Section 44 of the Act of 1892 the Corporation are empowered to exercise any statutory borrowing power as defined by that Act by the creation and issue of Redeemable Stock and they have created and issued Swansea Corporation three per centum Redeemable Stock in accordance with the provisions of the said Act and the Redeemable Stock so created and issued or which may hereafter be issued is herein-after referred to as "Redeemable Stock" ;

And whereas in pursuance of Section 47 of the Act of 1892 the Corporation have established the Swansea Corporation Consolidated Loans Fund (in the Act of 1892 and in this Order referred to as "the loans fund") for payment of dividends on all Corporation Stock and for redemption and extinction or purchase and extinction of such stock ;

And whereas by sub-section (3) of Section 49 of the Act of 1892 the amounts of the contributions to the loans fund for redemption and extinction or purchase and extinction of Corporation Stock are prescribed ;

And whereas of the aforesaid amount of Irredeemable Stock seven hundred and forty-eight thousand three hundred and eleven pounds nineteen shillings and twopence was unredeemed at the Thirty-first day of March One

Provisional Orders Confirmation (No. 14) Act, 1903.

thousand nine hundred and three and towards the redemption thereof sixty-six thousand one hundred and five pounds six shillings and tenpence was in the loans fund at the said date exclusive of the sums next herein-after referred to ;

And whereas at the said date there were in the loans fund the sums of eight thousand four hundred and ninety-five pounds six shillings and sevenpence four hundred pounds two thousand three hundred and twenty-six pounds five shillings and elevenpence and six hundred and seventy-six pounds being the proceeds of the sale by the Corporation of certain lands allotted to them by an Inclosure Act passed in the second year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third and intituled "An Act for dividing " and enclosing two pieces or parcels of open and unenclosed lands called the "Town Hill and the Burroughs in the Borough and Manor of Swansea in " the County of Glamorgan " :

Now therefore We the Local Government Board in pursuance of the powers given to Us by Section 303 of the Public Health Act 1875 and by any other Statutes in that behalf do hereby order that from and after the date of the Act of Parliament confirming this Order the Local Acts shall be altered so that the following provisions shall take effect that is to say,—

Art. I.—(1) Notwithstanding anything in the Local Acts the Corporation may from time to time borrow on mortgage such sum or sums as they may require for the purchase of any Irredeemable Stock which they may agree with any stockholder to purchase or redeem.

(2) Any moneys so borrowed for the purchase of any amount of Irredeemable Stock shall be borrowed upon the security of the funds rates or revenues of the Corporation respectively chargeable with the payment of the contributions to the under-mentioned Loans Fund No. 1 in respect of the amount of stock so purchased :

Provided that if any doubt arises as to the security or securities upon which any such moneys shall be borrowed the matter shall be determined by the Local Government Board.

Art. II. The Act of 1892 shall have effect as if the Corporation were required to establish in lieu of the loans fund—

(1) A loans fund to be called the Swansea Corporation Consolidated Loans Fund (No. 1) (herein-after referred to as "the Loans Fund No. 1") for the payment of dividends on Irredeemable Stock and for the purchase and extinction of such stock and for the payment of interest on moneys borrowed on mortgage under this Order for the purchase of Irredeemable Stock and for the repayment of such moneys ;

(2) A loans fund to be called the Swansea Corporation Consolidated Loans Fund (No. 2) (herein-after referred to as "the Loans Fund No. 2") for the payment of dividends on Redeemable Stock and for redemption and extinction or purchase and extinction of such stock ; and subject to the provisions of this Order all the provisions of the Act of 1892 applicable as hereby altered to the loans fund shall apply to the Loans Fund No. 1 and the Loans Fund No. 2.

A.D. 1903.

*Swansea
Order.*2 Geo. III.
c. vii.Power to
borrow for
purchase of
irredeemable
stock.Securities for
borrowing.Establishment
of Loans Fund
No. 1 and
Loans Fund
No. 2.

[Ch. lxxx.] *Local Government Board's* [3 EDW. 7.]
Provisional Orders Confirmation (No. 14) Act, 1903.

A.D. 1903.

Swansea
Order.

Annual contributions to Loans Fund No. 1 in respect of interest on borrowed moneys.

Art. III. In addition to the payment required by Section 48 of the Act of 1892 to be made to the Loans Fund No. 1 for payment of dividends on Irredeemable Stock the Corporation shall in each year pay into the Loans Fund No. 1 a sum or sums equal to the aggregate amount of all interest payable in that year in respect of the moneys borrowed on mortgage for the purchase of Irredeemable Stock and the provisions of the Act of 1892 shall apply to the sum or sums as if it or they had been a contribution or contributions in respect of dividends on stock.

Withdrawal of certain sums from Loans Fund.

Art. IV.—(1) The Corporation shall withdraw from the loans fund the said sums of eight thousand four hundred and ninety-five pounds six shillings and sevenpence four hundred pounds two thousand three hundred and twenty-six pounds five shillings and elevenpence and six hundred and seventy-six pounds.

Transfer to Loans Fund No. 1 and Loans Fund No. 2 of sums in loans fund.

(2) The Corporation shall forthwith carry to the account of the Loans Fund No. 1 the said sum of sixty-six thousand one hundred and five pounds six shillings and tenpence and the other moneys standing to the credit of the loans fund exclusive of the said sums of eight thousand four hundred and ninety-five pounds six shillings and sevenpence four hundred pounds two thousand three hundred and twenty-six pounds five shillings and elevenpence and six hundred and seventy-six pounds shall be carried to the account of the Loans Fund No. 2.

Certain provisions of Local Acts not to apply to Loans Fund No. 1. Repeal.

(3) The provisions of sub-section (1) of Section 38 of the Act of 1881 of sub-section (1) of Section 30 of the Act of 1884 and of sub-sections (1) (3) (4) (5) and (6) of Section 49 of the Act of 1892 shall not apply to the Loans Fund No. 1 and Section 39 of the Act of 1881 shall so far as it fixes the period for the repayment of debts incurred prior to the passing of the Act of 1892 be repealed.

Annual contributions to Loans Fund No. 1 for purchase of irredeemable stock and repayment of borrowed moneys.

(4) For the purpose of the purchase and extinction of Irredeemable Stock and the repayment of moneys borrowed on mortgage for the purchase of such stock the Corporation shall in addition to accumulations at three per centum compound interest in accordance with the provisions of this Order on the said sum of sixty-six thousand one hundred and five pounds six shillings and tenpence pay into the Loans Fund No. 1 on or before the Thirty-first day of March One thousand nine hundred and four the sum of six thousand three hundred and forty-three pounds (herein-after referred to as "the prescribed annual sum") and shall on or before the Thirty-first day of March in every succeeding year pay a like sum into the Loans Fund No. 1 until either the whole of the moneys so borrowed have been repaid and the whole of the Irredeemable Stock has been purchased and extinguished or the amount of the investments of the Loans Fund No. 1 (according to the then market value thereof) shall be sufficient to repay the whole of such moneys and to purchase so much of that stock as may remain unredeemed at its then market value and thereupon the prescribed annual sum shall cease to be paid.

Provision for completing repayment

(5) If at any time after a sum shall have been invested sufficient to repay the whole of the moneys so borrowed and to purchase so much of the

Irredeemable Stock as may remain unredeemed at its then market value it shall appear to the Local Government Board that the amount invested will probably not be sufficient if realised to repay the whole of such moneys and redeem the said stock (either by reason of the appreciation of the market value of such stock or by reason of the depreciation of all or any of the securities representing the amount invested) the Local Government Board may require the Corporation to pay into the Loans Fund No. 1 such further sums as will cause the amount aforesaid to be sufficient for the purpose of such repayment and redemption.

A.D. 1903.

*Swansea
Order.*of borrowed
moneys and
purchase of
irredeemable
stock in case
amount
invested is
insufficient.

(6) Any moneys required under the provisions of sub-section (1) of Section 50 of the Act of 1892 to be paid to the loans fund shall be required to be paid to the Loans Fund No. 1 :

Capital money
to be paid into
Loans Fund
No. 1.

Provided that if any money mentioned in that sub-section shall arise from any sale lease or other disposition of land or other property which shall have been purchased or otherwise acquired by means of money raised by Redeemable Stock or by means of moneys which shall have been converted into such stock then the money so arising shall be paid into the Loans Fund No. 2.

Art. V. Sub-section (3) of Section 49 of the Act of 1892 shall be repealed except so far as that sub-section may have been acted upon and in substitution therefor the following provisions shall have effect in regard to the contributions to be made to Loans Fund No. 2 viz.,—

Annual con-
tributions to
Loans Fund
No. 2 for
extinction of
redeemable
stock.

“(3.) The amounts of those several contributions (subject to any payment
“ in reduction thereof authorised by this part of this Act and
“ subject to the provisions of the Swansea Order 1896 with regard
“ to the payments to be made to the loans fund in respect of moneys
“ raised by stock for the purpose of loans to the Guardians of the
“ Poor of the Swansea Union) shall be such amounts as will with
“ accumulations at compound interest at a rate not exceeding
“ three pounds per centum per annum be sufficient after payment
“ of all expenses to purchase the amount of stock at par within the
“ time within which under the statutory borrowing power the
“ money represented by the stock is to be repaid.”

Art. VI.—(1) The Corporation shall from time to time apply the Loans Fund No. 1 first in the payment of the dividends on Irredeemable Stock and the interest on moneys borrowed on mortgage for the purchase of such stock and then in purchasing such stock for the purpose of its extinction and the repayment of the moneys borrowed on mortgage for the purchase of such stock.

Application
investment and
maintenance
of Loans Fund
No. 1.

(2) The Corporation shall from time to time immediately invest so much of the Loans Fund No. 1 as shall be provided for the redemption of stock or the repayment of borrowed moneys and as shall not be applied as aforesaid and the resulting income of the investments in any statutory security as defined by sub-section (3) of Section 43 of the Act of 1892 with full

[Ch. lxxx.] *Local Government Board's* [3 EDW. 7.]
Provisional Orders Confirmation (No. 14) Act, 1903.

A.D. 1903. power for the Corporation from time to time to vary and transpose such investments or to realise the same for the purpose of applying the proceeds in the purchase of Irredeemable Stock or the repayment of moneys borrowed for such purchase.

Swansea
Order.

(3)—(a) If and so often as the income of the Loans Fund No. 1 is less than the income which would be derived from the amount required to be invested if the same were invested at the rate of three pounds per centum per annum any deficiency shall be made good by the Corporation :

(b) If and so often as the income of the Loans Fund No. 1 is in excess of the income which would be derived from the amount invested if the same were invested at the rate of three pounds per centum per annum any such excess may be applied towards the payment of the prescribed annual sum.

(4) If before the cessation of the payment of the prescribed annual sum to the Loans Fund No. 1 the Corporation apply any part of that fund in the purchase and extinction of Irredeemable Stock or in the repayment of moneys borrowed on mortgage for the purchase of such stock then a sum equal to three pounds per centum per annum on the part of the Loans Fund No. 1 so applied shall in each year till the cessation of the payment of the prescribed annual sum be paid into the Loans Fund No. 1 out of the revenues of the Corporation chargeable with payment of the contributions to that loans fund in respect of the amount of stock so purchased and extinguished or the moneys so repaid.

(5) At any time after the investments of the Loans Fund No. 1 at their then market value have become sufficient to repay all moneys borrowed for the purchase of Irredeemable Stock and to purchase so much of that stock as may remain unredeemed at its then market value the interest arising from the investments of the Loans Fund No. 1 shall be applied in payment of the dividends for the time being payable on the stock so remaining unredeemed and the interest payable in respect of such borrowed moneys and save in so far as such interest shall be insufficient for the purpose no further moneys shall be carried to that loans fund for payment of such dividends and interest but except as aforesaid no portion of the moneys paid into the Loans Fund No. 1 for the purchase of Irredeemable Stock and the repayment of moneys borrowed for the purchase of such stock or the interest on the investments thereof shall be applied in or towards payment of dividends on such stock or payment of interest on moneys so borrowed.

Adjustment
between loans
funds in case
of conversion
of irredeemable
stock into
redeemable
stock.

Art. VII. If at any time after the commencement of this Order the Corporation raise moneys under Article I. or Article X. of this Order by the issue of Redeemable Stock in lieu of borrowing the same on mortgage or convert into Redeemable Stock or substitute Redeemable Stock for any Irredeemable Stock or any moneys borrowed on mortgage for the purchase or redemption of such stock the annual sums payable under this Order to the Loans Fund No. 1 and the moneys standing to the account of that fund shall be apportioned or adjusted as between that fund and the

[3 EDW. 7.] *Local Government Board's* [Ch. lxxx.]
Provisional Orders Confirmation (No. 14) Act, 1903.

loans fund applicable to such Redeemable Stock in such manner as the Local Government Board may direct or approve.

A.D. 1903.

*Swansea
Order.*

Art. VIII. Sections 236 to 238 of the Public Health Act 1875 shall apply to all moneys borrowed or re-borrowed on mortgage under the powers of borrowing or of re-borrowing conferred by Articles I. and X. of this Order.

Certain provisions of Public Health Act made applicable to borrowed moneys.

Art. IX. The Corporation may borrow the moneys authorised to be borrowed under Article I. of this Order subject to a condition for repayment by equal annual instalments of principal or by equal annual instalments of principal and interest combined and in that case the instalments of principal or so much of the instalments of principal and interest combined as represents principal shall be paid out of the Loans Fund No. 1.

Mode of repayment of borrowed moneys.

Art. X. The Corporation shall except as herein-after provided have power to re-borrow for the purpose of paying off any moneys borrowed under Article I. of this Order or re-borrowed under this Article which have not been repaid and are intended to be forthwith repaid or in respect of any moneys which have been repaid by the temporary application of funds at the disposal of the Corporation within twelve months before the re-borrowing and which at the time of the repayment it was intended to re-borrow :

Power to re-borrow.

Provided that the Corporation shall not re-borrow except to the extent to which the Loans Fund No. 1 is insufficient for the purpose of paying off any such moneys and that the Corporation shall not have power to re-borrow for the purpose of paying off any moneys repaid by means of the Loans Fund No. 1 or out of moneys derived from the sale of land or out of any capital moneys properly applicable to the purpose of such repayment other than moneys borrowed for that purpose :

Provided also that any moneys re-borrowed shall be deemed to form the same loan as the money for the repayment of which the re-borrowing has been made.

Art. XI. All moneys from time to time borrowed or re-borrowed under Articles I. and X. of this Order shall be applied by the Corporation only for the purposes for which the same are respectively authorised to be borrowed or re-borrowed excepting that moneys which may have been borrowed or re-borrowed in excess of the amount required shall be applied in such manner as the Corporation with the approval of the Local Government Board determine.

Application of borrowed moneys.

Art. XII.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Article any mortgagee of the Corporation in respect of a mortgage under Articles I. and X. of this Order may enforce the payment of arrears of interest or of principal or of principal and interest by the appointment of a receiver.

Receiver.

(2) The application for the appointment of a receiver shall be made to the High Court and the Court if it thinks fit may appoint a receiver on such terms as it thinks fit and may at any time discharge the receiver and otherwise exercise full jurisdiction over him :

Provided that no such application shall be entertained unless the amount of arrears due to the applicant or in the case of a joint application by two or

[Ch. lxxx.] *Local Government Board's* [3 EDW. 7.]
Provisional Orders Confirmation (No. 14) Act, 1903.

A.D. 1903.

*Swansea
Order.*

Annual return
to Local
Government
Board.

more mortgagees to such applicants collectively be not less than five hundred pounds in the whole.

Art. XIII. The Corporation shall send to the Local Government Board separate abstracts of the accounts of the Corporation relating to Redeemable Stock and to Irredeemable Stock respectively and of the loans fund applicable to such stocks respectively and the provisions of Section 52 of the Act of 1892 shall apply to each of such abstracts.

Short title.

Art. XIV. This Order may be cited as the Swansea Order 1903.

Given under the Seal of Office of the Local Government Board this
Twelfth day of May One thousand nine hundred and three.

(L.S.)

WALTER H. LONG President.

S. B. PROVIS Secretary.

SOUTH STAFFORDSHIRE JOINT SMALL-POX
HOSPITAL DISTRICT.

*South
Staffordshire
Order.*

*Provisional Order for forming a United District under Section 279
of the Public Health Act 1875.*

To the County Council of Stafford ; —

To the Mayor Aldermen and Burgesses of the Borough of Wolverhampton ; —

To the Mayor Aldermen and Burgesses of the Borough of Smethwick ; —

To the Urban District Council of each of the Urban Districts of
Amblecote Bilston Coseley Darlaston Heath Town Rowley Regis
Sedgley Short Heath Tettenhall Tipton and Wednesfield ; —

To the Rural District Council of Kingswinford ; —

And to all others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS the Urban Sanitary Authority and the District Councils named in column 2 of the Schedule to this Order are the local authorities within the meaning of the Public Health Act 1875 for the districts named in column 1 of that Schedule :

38 & 39 Vict.
c. 55.

Now therefore We the Local Government Board in pursuance of the powers given to Us by Section 279 of the said Act and by any other Statutes in that behalf do hereby order as follows viz,—

Definitions.

Art. I. In this Order—

- (1) The expression “ the appointed day ” means the date of the Act of Parliament confirming this Order ;
- (2) The expression “ the Schedule ” means the Schedule to this Order ;
- (3) The expression “ the Act ” means the Public Health Act 1875 ;
- (4) The expression “ Constituent District ” means a district named in column 1 of the Schedule and the expression “ Constituent Districts ” means all the districts so named ;

- (5) The expression "Constituent Authority" means the Urban Sanitary Authority or a district council named in column 2 of the Schedule and the expression "Constituent Authorities" means the said Urban Sanitary Authority and all the district councils so named ;
- (6) The expression "the Joint Board" means the governing body of the United District to be formed in pursuance of this Order.

A.D. 1903.
South
Staffordshire
Order.

Art. II. This Order shall come into operation from and after the appointed day.

Commence-
ment of Order.

Art. III. The Constituent Districts shall be formed into a United District to be called the South Staffordshire Joint Small-pox Hospital District for the purposes of the provision maintenance and management for the use of the inhabitants of the Constituent Districts of a hospital or hospitals for the reception of cases of small-pox.

Formation
of district.

Art. IV. The Joint Board shall consist of three ex-officio and twenty-four elective members and shall be called the South Staffordshire Joint Small-pox Hospital Board.

Constitution
of governing
body.

Art. V.—(1) The ex-officio members shall be the chairman and the vice-chairman for the time being of the sanitary committee of the County Council of Stafford and the chairman for the time being of the hospitals committee of the said County Council.

Ex-officio
and elective
members.

(2) The elective members shall be elected by the Constituent Authorities.

Art. VI. The number of members of the Joint Board to be elected by each Constituent Authority shall be that set opposite to the name of the Constituent Authority in column 3 of the Schedule and the said members shall be chosen by each Constituent Authority from among their own members.

Number and
qualification
of elective
members.

Art. VII. Such of the provisions of Section 46 of the Local Government Act 1894 as relate to members of councils of districts other than boroughs shall with the necessary modifications apply to members of the Joint Board.

Disqualifica-
tions for
members.
56 & 57 Vict.
c. 73.

Art. VIII. The first election of members of the Joint Board shall take place at a meeting of each Constituent Authority to be held within six weeks from the appointed day or within such further time as the Local Government Board may allow and seven days' previous notice in writing of such meeting shall be given or sent to each member of the Constituent Authority by the clerk to that authority.

Date of first
election.

Art. IX. The clerk to each Constituent Authority shall notify in writing to the Local Government Board within seven days after the first election has taken place the names address and occupation of each of the persons elected by the Constituent Authority as a member of the Joint Board.

Notification to
Local Govern-
ment Board of
members first
elected.

Art. X. An elective member of the Joint Board shall continue in office until the expiration of the period for which he was elected a member of the Joint Board or until he dies or resigns or ceases to be a member of the Constituent Authority as a member of which he was qualified to be elected

Tenure of
office of
members.

[Ch. lxxx.] *Local Government Board's* [3 EDW. 7.]
Provisional Orders Confirmation (No. 14) Act, 1903.

A.D. 1903. or otherwise becomes disqualified or until he becomes an ex-officio member of the Joint Board whichever shall first happen :

*South
Staffordshire
Order.*

Provided always that an elective member shall not continue in office for a longer period than three years without re-election and a member who ceases to hold office by reason of the expiration of his period of office or by reason of his resignation or disqualification or ceasing to be a member of the said Constituent Authority shall subject to the provisions of Article VII. of this Order be re-eligible as a member of the Joint Board if at the time of re-election he is qualified to be so re-elected.

Supply of
vacancies.

Art. XI. Any vacancy occurring amongst the elective members of the Joint Board by death resignation disqualification or otherwise shall be filled up by the Constituent Authority in whose representation the vacancy happens at a meeting to be held within six weeks of the occurrence of the vacancy or within such further period as the Local Government Board determine and seven days' previous notice in writing of the said meeting shall be given or sent to each member of the Constituent Authority by the clerk to that authority and the clerk shall forthwith notify in writing to the clerk to the Joint Board the names address and occupation of the person elected to fill the said vacancy.

Meetings.

Art. XII.—(1) The time and place of holding the first meeting of the Joint Board shall be fixed by the Local Government Board and the subsequent ordinary meetings of the Joint Board shall be held at such times and places as the Joint Board may appoint and at all meetings of the Joint Board seven members shall constitute a quorum.

(2) An extraordinary meeting shall be summoned by the clerk to the Joint Board when a requisition for that purpose is addressed to him by the chairman or any three members of the Joint Board.

(3) Such requisition shall be in writing and no business other than that specified in the requisition shall be transacted at such extraordinary meeting

(4) Notices of all meetings of the Joint Board shall be delivered or sent by post so as to reach the last known place of abode or business in England of each member of the Joint Board three clear days before the day of meeting or at such earlier time as the Joint Board direct.

Committees.

(5) The Joint Board may appoint committees consisting of members of the Joint Board for the exercise of any powers which in the opinion of the Joint Board can be properly exercised by committees but the acts of every such committee shall unless otherwise directed by the Joint Board be submitted to the Joint Board for approval Provided that a committee so appointed shall in no case be authorised to borrow money or to issue any precept for contributions or to enter into any contract and any such committee shall be subject to the provisions of Part IV. of the First Schedule to the Local Government Act 1894 so far as they are applicable.

Appointment
and remunera-
tion of officers.

Art. XIII. The Joint Board shall at their first meeting or at an adjournment thereof and thereafter as occasion requires appoint a chairman (who

shall subject to the provisions of Articles VII. and X. of this Order continue chairman for such period not exceeding three years as may be determined by the Joint Board at the time of his appointment) a treasurer and a clerk and they may appoint one or more medical officers who shall be registered medical practitioners and such other officers and servants as they think requisite The Joint Board may pay their treasurer clerk medical officers and other officers and servants such reasonable remuneration as they deem expedient and every such treasurer clerk medical officer and other officer and servant shall be removable by the Joint Board at their pleasure.

A.D. 1903.

—
*South
 Staffordshire
 Order.*

Art. XIV.—(1) Persons shall be admitted into a hospital provided by the Joint Board in any of the following modes and not otherwise except with the consent of the Constituent Authorities viz.,—

Mode of
admission into
hospitals.

- (a) By an order of the Joint Board or of a Constituent Authority;
- (b) By an order of a medical officer of health of a Constituent Authority;
- (c) By an order of a medical officer appointed by the Joint Board;
- (d) By an order of a justice made under the provisions of Section 124 of the Act with the consent required by that section.

(2) If the board of guardians of the poor of any poor law union and the Joint Board agree for the reception into the hospital of persons suffering from small-pox and in the receipt of relief from the said board of guardians any such person may be admitted into the hospital in the manner and on the terms prescribed in the agreement.

Art. XV. For the purposes of this Order the following sections of the Act the Public Health (Officers) Act 1884 and the Public Health (Members and Officers) Act 1885 shall apply and the Joint Board shall have exercise perform and be subject to all the powers rights duties capacities liabilities and obligations of an Urban District Council under the same sections so far as the same are applicable viz.,—

Powers rights
duties &c. of
Joint Board.

Of the Act:—

Sections 122 123 131 and 132 relating to infectious diseases and hospitals.

Sections 173 and 174 (except sub-section 3) relating to contracts.

Sections 175 176 and 177 relating to purchase sale and letting of lands.

Sections 179 to 181 relating to arbitration.

Sections 192 to 197 and Sections 205 and 206 (except so much of Section 206 as requires the publication in a local newspaper of the annual report) relating to officers provision of offices and conduct of business of local authorities.

Sections 245 247 (as amended by the District Auditors Act 1879) 249 and 250 relating to audit.

Sections 251 253 and 254 and Sections 258 to 263 and 265 to 267 and Section 269 as amended by the Summary Jurisdiction Act 1884 relating to legal proceedings.

Section 298 as to costs of Provisional Orders.

Sections 306 to 309 including miscellaneous provisions.

[Ch. lxxx.] *Local Government Board's* [3 EDW. 7.]
Provisional Orders Confirmation (No. 14) Act, 1903.

A.D. 1903.

*Staffordshire
Order.*

47 & 48 Vict.
c. 74.

48 & 49 Vict.
c. 53.

Power of
Local Government
Board to
make regulations for
prevention of
epidemic
diseases.

Of the Public Health (Officers) Act 1884 :—

Section 2.

Of the Public Health (Members and Officers) Act 1885 :—

Section 2.

Art. XVI. The Joint Board shall for the purpose of the sections of the Act with regard to the "Prevention of epidemic diseases" be a local authority so as to enable the Local Government Board by any regulations under those sections to confer powers and to impose duties on the Joint Board and so far as regards any powers so conferred and any duties so imposed but nothing in this Order contained shall prevent the Local Government Board from imposing any duties by any regulations under the said sections on any Constituent Authority or affect the powers of any Constituent Authority so far as the same may be required to be exercised in pursuance of the said regulations.

Saving hospital
powers of
Constituent
Authorities
till hospital
provided.

Art. XVII. Until a hospital provided by the Joint Board is ready for the reception of patients suffering from small-pox nothing in this Order shall take away abridge or prejudicially affect any power vested in any Constituent Authority with regard to the provision of a hospital or hospitals for the reception of cases of small-pox for the use of the inhabitants of their district.

Notice of pro-
visions as to
recovery of cost
of maintenance.

Art. XVIII. A copy of Section 132 of the Act shall be hung up in a conspicuous place at the principal entrance of the hospital or hospitals.

Expenses of
Joint Board.

Art. XIX.—(1) All the expenses incurred by the Joint Board shall be defrayed out of a common fund to which shall be paid the sums received from the Constituent Authorities in respect of the cost of maintenance of patients as herein-after provided and the sums recovered by the Joint Board from or repaid to the Joint Board by or for patients.

(2) To the common fund so far as the same is not provided by the aforesaid payments each Constituent Authority shall contribute in the proportion which the number of inhabitants in their Constituent District bears to the total number of inhabitants of the Constituent Districts and for the purposes of this Article the number of inhabitants shall in each case be the number according to the returns of the last census prior to the issue of precepts of the Joint Board for contributions from the Constituent Authorities.

Calculation
and payment
of cost of
maintenance
of patients.

Art. XX.—(1) The cost of maintenance of patients shall be ascertained and paid as follows viz.,—

- (a) Within twenty-one days after the Thirty-first day of March and the Thirtieth day of September in each year the Joint Board shall ascertain the average daily cost per patient of the maintenance of patients who have been in the hospital during the previous half-year;
- (b) The cost of maintenance of patients shall include all the expenses incurred in and about the maintenance and care of the patients in the hospital and in and about their medical treatment (except so far as the same shall be included in the salaries of the medical officer or

[3 EDW. 7.] *Local Government Board's* [Ch. lxxx.]
Provisional Orders Confirmation (No. 14) Act, 1903.

medical officers and permanent nurse or nurses) and in and about the clothing conveyance to and from the hospital burials and funerals of patients and shall also include during any day in which a patient or patients may have been in the hospital the remuneration and rations of temporary nurses but shall not include the cost of the repairs to the hospital or to the fittings and furniture thereof or the salaries remuneration or rations of the officers or servants other than temporary nurses.

A.D. 1903.

*South
Staffordshire
Order.*

(2) The clerk to the Joint Board shall within twenty-eight days after the Thirty-first day of March and the Thirtieth day of September in each year transmit to the clerk to each Constituent Authority an account showing in respect of the patients received into the hospital from the district of such authority after deducting any sums recovered by the Joint Board from or repaid to the Joint Board by or for those patients—

- (a) the name of each patient;
- (b) the number of days during such half-year each patient has remained in the hospital; and
- (c) the amount (calculated according to the daily average ascertained as aforesaid) due from the Constituent Authority.

(3) The amount shown by the said account to be due shall be paid by the Constituent Authority from whose district such patients have been received into the hospital and shall be included in the precepts which the Joint Board issue to the Constituent Authorities respectively under Section 284 of the Act stating the sums to be contributed by the Constituent Authorities towards the common fund of the district and in case of default shall be recovered in like manner as the sums to be contributed towards the said common fund.

Art. XXI. The accounts of the Joint Board shall at all reasonable times be open to inspection and transcription without payment by the ex-officio members and by any member of a Constituent Authority or by any officer of the County Council of Stafford or of a Constituent Authority authorised by them for that purpose.

Inspection of
accounts.

Art. XXII. A copy of the auditor's report and of the abstract of the accounts of the Joint Board when duly audited shall be sent by the Joint Board to each Constituent Authority and to the County Council of Stafford.

Auditor's
report and
abstract of
accounts.

Art. XXIII. The hospital buildings and appliances shall be open to inspection at any reasonable time by the medical officer of the County Council of Stafford and by the medical officer of health of a Constituent Authority.

Inspection of
hospitals.

Art. XXIV. If at any time any new district is formed including the whole or any part of a Constituent District or the boundaries of a Constituent District are otherwise altered or a Constituent District is created or included in a municipal borough or any repeal or alteration is made in the law affecting the United District or the Joint Board or a Constituent District or Constituent Authority in matters touching their relation to the United

Power of Local
Government
Board to adapt
provisions of
Order on
alterations of
Constituent
Districts.

[Ch. lxxx.] *Local Government Board's* [3 EDW. 7.]
Provisional Orders Confirmation (No. 14) Act, 1903.

A.D. 1903. Distr et or the Joint Board then and in every such case the Local Government Board may by order to be published as they shall direct make such provision as to them seems fit for adapting the provisions of this Order to the alteration so made and to the incidents and consequences thereof and every such order shall have effect as if the terms thereof were inserted in this Order.

—
*South
Staffordshire
Order.*

Settlement of differences.

Art. XXV. In case of difference respecting any matter arising out of the provisions of this Order the difference except in any case otherwise herein provided for shall be referred to and be settled by arbitration in the manner provided by the Act and the provisions of the Act shall with the necessary modifications apply as if the Joint Board or a Constituent Authority as the case may be were a party within the meaning of those provisions.

Short title.

Art. XXVI. This Order may be cited as the South Staffordshire Joint Small-pox Hospital Order 1903.

The SCHEDULE above referred to.

1.	2.	3.
Name of District.	Name of Authority.	Elective Member.
The Borough of Wolverhampton -	The Mayor Aldermen and Burgesses of the Borough of Wolverhampton acting by the Council as the Urban Sanitary Authority for the Borough.	5
The Borough of Smethwick -	The Mayor Aldermen and Burgesses of the Borough of Smethwick acting by the Council as the Urban District Council for the Borough.	3
The Urban District of Amblecote -	The Urban District Council of Amblecote.	1
The Urban District of Bilston -	The Urban District Council of Bilston -	2
The Urban District of Coseley -	The Urban District Council of Coseley -	2
The Urban District of Darlaston -	The Urban District Council of Darlaston -	1
The Urban District of Heath Town -	The Urban District Council of Heath Town	1
The Urban District of Rowley Regis -	The Urban District Council of Rowley Regis	2
The Urban District of Sedgley -	The Urban District Council of Sedgley -	1
The Urban District of Short Heath -	The Urban District Council of Short Heath	1

[3 EDW. 7.] *Local Government Board's* [Ch. lxxx.]
Provisional Orders Confirmation (No. 14) Act, 1903.

1.	2.	3.
Name of District.	Name of Authority.	Elective Member.
The Urban District of Tettenhall	The Urban District Council of Tettenhall	1
The Urban District of Tipton	The Urban District Council of Tipton	2
The Urban District of Wednesfield	The Urban District Council of Wednesfield	1
The Rural District of Kingswinford	The Rural District Council of Kingswinford	1

A.D. 1903.
*South
Staffordshire
Order.*

Given under the Seal of Office of the Local Government Board this
Ninth day of May One thousand nine hundred and three.

(L.S.)

WALTER H. LONG President.
S. B. PROVIS Secretary.

Printed by EYRE and SPOTTISWOODE,

FOR

T. DIGBY PIGOTT, Esq., C.B., the King's Printer of Acts of Parliament.

And to be purchased, either directly or through any Bookseller, from
EYRE AND SPOTTISWOODE, EAST HARDING STREET, FLEET STREET, E.C.; or
OLIVER AND BOYD, EDINBURGH; or
E. PONSONBY, 116, GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.