

**ELIZABETH II**



**1970 CHAPTER xliv**

An Act to provide for the transfer to Williams & Glyn's Bank Limited of the undertakings of Glyn, Mills & Co., The National Bank Limited and Williams Deacon's Bank Limited; and for other purposes incidental thereto and consequential thereupon. [23rd July 1970]

**WHEREAS—**

(1) Glyn, Mills & Co. (hereinafter called "Glyns"), The National Bank Limited (hereinafter called "National") and Williams Deacon's Bank Limited (hereinafter called "Williams") each carry on the business of banking (including the business of acting as trustees and executors) in the United Kingdom and elsewhere:

(2) Williams & Glyn's Bank Limited (hereinafter called "the Bank") was formed with the object (amongst others) of carrying on the business of banking in the United Kingdom and elsewhere:

(3) Glyns, National, Williams and the Bank are each a wholly-owned subsidiary of National and Commercial Banking Group Limited (hereinafter called "the Holding Company"):

(4) Childs Trustee Company, Glyns Executor & Trustee Company and Messrs. Holt & Co. Trustees (hereinafter together called "the existing trustee companies") are wholly-owned subsidiaries of Glyns and each carry on the business of acting as trustee and executor:

(5) Glyn Mills Finance Company (hereinafter called "Glyns Finance") is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Glyns and also carries on the business of banking:

(6) Williams Deacon's Bank (Finance) Limited (hereinafter called "Williams Finance") is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Williams and also carries on the business of banking:

(7) Williams & Glyn's Trust Company Limited (hereinafter called "the Trust Company") and Williams, Glyn & Co. (hereinafter called "the Finance Company") are wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Bank and were formed with the object (amongst others), in the case of the Trust Company, of carrying on the business of acting as trustee and executor, and in the case of the Finance Company of carrying on the business of banking:

(8) Glyns, National, Williams, the Bank, the Holding Company, the existing trustee companies, Glyns Finance, Williams Finance, the Trust Company and the Finance Company are companies within the meaning of the Companies Acts 1948 to 1967:

(9) For the better conduct of the businesses of Glyns, National and Williams it is expedient that their respective undertakings should be merged and that the merger should occur by means of a transfer of the said undertakings to the Bank:

(10) For the better conduct of the businesses of the existing trustee companies and of that part of the Bank's undertaking which after the aforesaid transfer consists of the business of acting as trustee and executor it is expedient that, except as provided in this Act, that part together with the undertakings of the existing trustee companies should be transferred to the Trust Company:

(11) For the better conduct of the businesses of Glyns Finance and Williams Finance it is expedient that their respective undertakings should be merged and that the merger should occur by means of a transfer of the said undertakings to the Finance Company:

(12) It is expedient that the aforesaid transfers should be effected economically and without interference with the conduct and continuity of the various businesses referred to herein:

(13) It is further expedient that the said transfers should be effected as provided in this Act and that the other provisions contained in this Act relative thereto and consequential thereon should be enacted:

(14) The purposes of this Act cannot be effected without the authority of Parliament:

May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted, by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

## PART I

### PRELIMINARY

1. This Act may be cited as the Williams & Glyn's Bank Short title. Act 1970.

2. This Act is divided into Parts as follows:—

Division of  
Act into Parts.

Part I.—Preliminary.

Part II.—Transfer of undertakings of existing banks.

Part III.—Trustee and executor business.

Part IV.—Other banking businesses.

Part V.—General.

3.—(1) In this Act, unless the subject or context otherwise Interpretation. requires—

“ the first appointed day ” means the 25th September, 1970, or such other date as may be appointed by order of the Board of Trade made on the application of the Bank;

“ the second appointed day ” means the 29th September, 1970, or such other date as may be appointed by order of the Board of Trade made on the application of the Bank;

“ the Bank ” means Williams & Glyn's Bank Limited;

“ customer ” includes any person having a banking account or other dealing, transaction or arrangement in the course of business with an existing bank or (as the context may require) an existing finance company, an existing trustee company or the Bank;

“ enactment ” means an enactment in this Act or in any general or local Act or in any order, rule or regulation made under any Act;

“ the existing banks ” means Glyn, Mills & Co., The National Bank Limited and Williams Deacon's Bank Limited, and “ existing bank ” shall be construed accordingly;

“ existing finance companies ” means Glyn Mills Finance Company and Williams Deacon's Bank (Finance) Limited, and “ existing finance company ” shall be construed accordingly;



PART I  
—cont.

“existing trustee companies” means Childs Trustee Company, Glyns Executor & Trustee Company and Messrs. Holt & Co. Trustees, and “existing trustee company” shall be construed accordingly;

“the Holding Company” means National and Commercial Banking Group Limited;

“liabilities” includes duties and obligations of every description whether actual or contingent, present or future;

“property” means property of every description wheresoever situate and includes property held on trust and securities, rights and powers of every description but does not include any document required to be kept pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Acts 1948 to 1967;

“security” means a mortgage or charge (whether legal or equitable), debenture, bill of exchange, promissory note, hypothecation, undertaking, indemnity, guarantee, lien, pledge or other document or arrangement for securing the payment of a debt whether present or future or the discharge of a liability;

“the Trust Company” means Williams & Glyn's Trust Company Limited;

“undertaking” when used in regard to a company means the business and all of the property vested in or belonging to or held by that company and all the liabilities to which that company is subject; and

“will” includes a codicil and any other testamentary writing.

(2) Any reference in this Act to any enactment shall be construed as a reference to that enactment as applied, extended or amended by or by virtue of any subsequent enactment including any enactment in this Act.

(3) Any order made under this section shall be made by statutory instrument.

## PART II

## TRANSFER OF UNDERTAKINGS OF EXISTING BANKS

Transfer of undertakings of existing banks.

4. On the first appointed day the undertakings then existing of the existing banks shall by virtue of this Act be transferred to and vest in the Bank, and the Bank shall as consideration issue to the Holding Company such number of shares in the Bank as the Holding Company shall direct.

Saving of contracts, etc.

5.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, all contracts, agreements, conveyances, deeds, leases, licences, guarantees,

bonds, indemnities, instructions and other instruments or undertakings entered into by or made with or addressed to an existing bank, whether alone or with any other person and whether as principal or agent, in force on the first appointed day shall on and from that day be binding and of full force and effect in every respect against or in favour of the Bank as fully and effectually as if, instead of an existing bank, the Bank had been a party thereto or bound thereby or entitled to the benefit thereof:

Provided that no director, secretary or auditor of an existing bank shall by virtue only of this Act become a director, secretary or auditor (as the case may be) of the Bank.

(2) In relation to every contract of employment or agreement for the rendering of personal service to which subsection (1) of this section applies, the provisions of the said subsection shall operate to substitute the Bank for the existing bank which was the employer thereunder immediately before the first appointed day but shall not constitute a termination of such contract for the purposes of the Redundancy Payments Act 1965 or for any other purposes. 1965 c. 62.

6.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, where—

- (a) any enactment other than an enactment in this Act; or
- (b) any document whensoever made or executed;

Application of enactments and documents.

contains any reference express or implied to an existing bank such reference shall, on and from the first appointed day and except where the context otherwise requires, be read, construed and have effect as a reference to the Bank.

(2) (a) Without prejudice to the generality of the immediately preceding subsection, where by any order of the court or by any trust deed, settlement, covenant, agreement, will or appointment, whether made or executed before, on or after the first appointed day, an existing bank was or is (whether alone or with any other person) granted letters of administration or appointed trustee, executor, guardian or in any other fiduciary capacity, such order, trust deed, settlement, covenant, agreement, will or appointment shall not fail by reason of anything in this Act but shall on and from the first appointed day be read, construed and have effect as if for any reference therein to that existing bank there was substituted a reference to the Bank.

(b) Where any order, trust deed, settlement, covenant, agreement, will or appointment such as is mentioned in the preceding paragraph which authorised or authorises an existing bank or (in the case of any such order or other instrument taking effect after the first appointed day) would have authorised an existing



PART II  
—cont.

bank (if such existing bank had accepted such appointment) to charge remuneration or otherwise to act in accordance with some specified scale or some specified terms or conditions applicable to such existing bank at any particular date before, on or after the first appointed day or for the time being, then on and from the first appointed day every reference in such order or other instrument to such scale or terms or conditions shall be construed and have effect as if the same were a reference to the corresponding scale or terms or conditions applicable to the Bank at such particular date or for the time being (as the case may be):

Provided that where any such reference is to some specified scale or some specified terms or conditions applicable to an existing bank at some date before the first appointed day, then the foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall be construed and have effect as if such scale or terms or conditions had been applicable to the Bank at such prior date (notwithstanding that the Bank may not have been in existence at that date) and as if every reference in such scale or terms or conditions to the existing bank had been a reference to the Bank.

(3) Notwithstanding anything in subsection (1) of this section, where in pursuance thereof a reference to an existing bank in any document constituting or relating to any pension scheme or any provident fund of that existing bank in force immediately before the first appointed day is to be read, construed and have effect as a reference to the Bank, for the purpose of ascertaining and calculating the right to benefits thereunder, service or employment with that existing bank prior to the first appointed day shall be taken into account as if it were service or employment with the Bank, but this section shall not of itself give rise to any claim to benefit under any such scheme or fund or operate to cause a member thereof to become a member of another pension scheme or provident fund.

Supplementary provisions as to businesses.

7. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing provisions of this Act, the following provisions shall have effect with relation to the businesses of the existing banks:—

(a) any account between an existing bank and a customer at any office or branch of that existing bank shall be transferred to the Bank on the first appointed day and shall become on and from that day an account between the Bank and such customer with the same rights and subject to the same obligations and incidents (including rights of set-off) as would have been applicable thereto if such account between the existing bank and the customer had continued and such account shall be deemed for all purposes to be a single continuing account and so that any instruction, order, direction, mandate, power of

attorney, authority or undertaking given by such customer in relation to such account and subsisting at or given after the first appointed day shall, unless and until revoked or cancelled, apply and have effect in relation to such account after its transfer to the Bank as aforesaid;

PART II  
—cont.

- (b) any security in favour of an existing bank, an agent for an existing bank or a nominee of an existing bank for the payment of debts or liabilities (whether present or future, actual or contingent) of any person shall be transferred or deemed to be transferred to the Bank on the first appointed day and shall be held by and be available to the Bank as security for the payment of such debts and liabilities to the Bank; and where the security extends to future advances or to future liabilities of such person, the said security shall on and from that day be held by and be available to the Bank as security for future advances to the said person by, and future liabilities of the said person to, the Bank to the same extent to which future advances by, or liabilities to, the existing bank were secured thereby immediately before that day;
- (c) the Bank shall, in relation to any security transferred or deemed to have been transferred to it in accordance with or by virtue of the provisions of this Act and the moneys thereby secured in accordance with those provisions, be entitled to the same rights and priorities and subject to the same obligations and incidents as the existing bank from which the same has been transferred or deemed to have been transferred would have been entitled and subject to if the same had continued to be held by the said existing bank;
- (d) the custody of any document, goods or other property held by an existing bank as bailee for any other person at any office or branch of such existing bank shall be transferred or deemed to be transferred to the Bank on the first appointed day and the rights and obligations of such existing bank under any contract of bailment relating to such document, goods or property shall be transferred or deemed to be transferred on that day to the Bank;
- (e) any negotiable instrument or order for payment of money, whether drawn, given, accepted or endorsed before, on or after the first appointed day, which is expressed to be drawn on, or given to, or accepted or endorsed by, an existing bank, or payable at any place of business of an existing bank shall have the same effect on



PART II  
—cont.

and from the first appointed day as if it had been drawn on, or given to, or accepted or endorsed by the Bank, or payable at the same place of business of the Bank.

Actions, etc.,  
not to abate.

8.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, any action, application, arbitration or proceeding and any cause of action, application, arbitration or proceeding which shall on the first appointed day be pending or existing by, against or in favour of an existing bank shall not abate or be discontinued or be in any way prejudicially affected by reason of the provisions of this Act, but the same may only be prosecuted, continued and enforced by, against or in favour of the Bank as and when it might have been prosecuted, continued and enforced by, against or in favour of an existing bank if this Act had not been passed.

(2) Subject to the provisions of this Act any judgment or award obtained by or against an existing bank and not fully satisfied before the first appointed day shall only be enforceable by or against the Bank.

(3) Nothing in this Act shall terminate or prejudicially affect the appointment of any receiver or of any receiver and manager.

Evidence and  
books and  
documents.

9.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, on and from the first appointed day all books and other documents which would before the first appointed day have been evidence in respect of any matter for or against an existing bank shall be admitted in evidence in respect of the same matter for or against the Bank.

1968 c. 64.

(2) In this section “ documents ” has the same meaning as in section 10 of the Civil Evidence Act 1968.

Application  
of Bankers'  
Books  
Evidence  
Act 1879.  
1879 c. 11.

10.—(1) On and from the first appointed day, the Bankers' Books Evidence Act 1879 shall apply to the books of the existing banks transferred to the Bank by virtue of this Act, and to entries made therein before the first appointed day, as if such books were the books of the Bank.

(2) For the purposes of section 4 of the said Act of 1879, books so transferred to the Bank shall be deemed to have been the ordinary books of the Bank at the time of the making of any entry therein which purports to have been made before the first appointed day, and any such entry shall be deemed to have been made in the usual and ordinary course of business.

(3) In this section “ books ” has the same meaning as in the Bankers' Books Evidence Act 1879.



PART III

TRUSTEE AND EXECUTOR BUSINESS

11.—(1) In this Part of this Act “in the capacity of a trustee” Interpretation does not include as a trustee under a trust letter or a unit trust of Part III. scheme or as a nominee, but subject thereto means (whether alone or with any other person)—

- (a) as trustee or custodian trustee of any trust deed, settlement, covenant, agreement or will whether originally so appointed or not, and whether appointed under hand or seal, or by order of any court or otherwise howsoever;
- (b) as executor of the will of a deceased person;
- (c) as administrator or attorney administrator of the estate of a deceased person;
- (d) as judicial trustee appointed by order of any court; or
- (e) in any other fiduciary capacity whatsoever.

(2) In this section—

“trust letter” means—

(a) a letter or an agreement whereby a bank is constituted trustee of moneys to be repaid to that bank in respect of advances made or of moneys made available or to be made or made available to a customer (whether alone or with any other person) by that bank on behalf of itself or on behalf of itself and any other person or of any document intended to secure moneys to be so repaid; or

(b) a letter, authority or instruction whereby a bank is constituted trustee by a customer to hold, complete, release or otherwise deal with any negotiable instrument drawn or made by that customer pursuant to or in connection with any agreement by which that bank (whether alone or with any other person) has advanced or has agreed (whether conditionally or not) to advance moneys to that customer (whether alone or with any other person) or to make moneys available to assist the financing of contracts to which that customer is a party; and

“unit trust scheme” has the same meaning as in section 26 (1) of the Prevention of Fraud (Investments) Act 1958.

1958 c. 45.

12.—(1) On the second appointed day the undertakings as then existing of the existing trustee companies shall by virtue of this Act be transferred to and vest in the Trust Company, and the Trust Company shall as consideration issue to the Bank such number of shares in the Trust Company as the Holding Company shall direct.

Transfer of undertakings of existing trustee companies.

PART III  
—cont.

(2) Sections 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 of this Act are hereby incorporated with, and form part of, this Part of this Act and shall apply with the substitution of references to—

“existing trustee company” for references to “existing bank”;

“the second appointed day” for references to “the first appointed day”; and

“the Trust Company” for references to “the Bank”.

Further transfer of trustee and executor business of existing banks.

13.—(1) On the second appointed day the property vested in the Bank in the capacity of a trustee by virtue of section 4 (Transfer of undertakings of existing banks) of this Act shall by virtue of this Act be transferred to and vest in the Trust Company in the same capacity.

(2) Where any provision of Part II of this Act has the effect that—

(a) any contract, agreement, conveyance, deed, lease, licence, guarantee, bond, indemnity, instruction, instrument or undertaking entered into by or made with or addressed to an existing bank in the capacity of a trustee is binding against or in favour of the Bank;

(b) any enactment or document containing a reference to an existing bank in the capacity of a trustee is to be read, construed and have effect as containing a reference to the Bank;

(c) any order, trust deed, settlement, covenant, agreement, will or appointment is to be read, construed and have effect as if for the reference therein to an existing bank in the capacity of a trustee there is a reference to the Bank;

(d) any action, application, arbitration or proceeding and any cause of action, application, arbitration or proceeding which is pending or existing by, against or in favour of an existing bank in the capacity of a trustee may be prosecuted, continued and enforced by, against or in favour of the Bank;

(e) any judgment or award obtained by or against an existing bank in the capacity of a trustee is enforceable by or against the Bank; or

(f) any book or other document which would have been evidence in respect of any matter for or against an existing bank in the capacity of a trustee is admissible for or against the Bank;

then on and from the second appointed day, such provision shall be deemed to have the further effect of substituting the Trust



Company for the Bank so that the Trust Company from that day has the same rights, powers and liabilities as the Bank would have had by reason of any such effect as aforesaid had this section not been enacted.

PART III  
—cont.

#### PART IV

##### OTHER BANKING BUSINESSES

14. In this Part of this Act—

Interpretation  
of Part IV.

“the Finance Company” means Williams, Glyn & Co.

15.—(1) On the second appointed day the undertakings as then existing of the existing finance companies shall by virtue of this Act be transferred to and vest in the Finance Company and the Finance Company shall as consideration issue to the Bank such number of shares in the Finance Company as the Holding Company shall direct.

Transfer of  
undertakings  
of existing  
finance  
companies.

(2) Sections 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 of this Act are incorporated into this Part of this Act and shall apply with the substitution of references to—

“existing finance company” for references to “existing bank”;

“the second appointed day” for references to “the first appointed day”; and

“the Finance Company” for “the Bank”.

#### PART V

##### GENERAL

16. The production of a Queen's Printer's copy of this Act shall be conclusive evidence in all courts and proceedings of the transfer and vesting in accordance with this Act of any undertaking or property which is transferred and vested by virtue of this Act; and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing—

Evidence of  
transfer.

(a) any such copy of this Act shall, in relation to any registered securities within the meaning of the Stock Transfer Act 1963 which are transferred and vested by virtue of this Act, operate for all the purposes of the said Act of 1963 as a duly executed stock transfer in respect of the transfer and vesting of such securities; and

1963 c. 18.

(b) any request, instruction or stock transfer made, issued or executed on or after the second appointed day whereby the Trust Company (whether alone or with any other

PART V  
—cont.

person) seeks to convey or transfer to any person (whether for consideration or not), or applies to be registered as the holder of, any property which was vested in the Bank (whether alone or with any other person) immediately before the second appointed day, shall be conclusive evidence that the interest of the Bank in such property became vested in the Trust Company on the second appointed day by virtue of this Act.

Transfers governed otherwise than by the law of a part of the United Kingdom.

17. If any portion of an undertaking or any property cannot be transferred and vested in accordance with this Act because transfers of that portion or property are governed otherwise than by the law of a part of the United Kingdom then so soon as is possible after the first appointed day or the second appointed day (as the case may be) the person from whom the portion or property is transferred shall take all necessary steps for the purpose of securing that the portion or property is vested in the person in whom it would have vested by virtue of this Act had the transfer not been governed otherwise than by the law of a part of the United Kingdom.

Profits transferred with undertakings.

18. In any case where this Act provides for the transfer of the undertaking of a company (in this section called a “transferor company”) to another company (in this section called a “transferee company”), the profits of the transferor company for the period from the beginning of the financial year of the transferor company in which falls the appointed day on which the transfer takes place down to that appointed day shall, on and from that appointed day, be treated for all purposes as profits of the transferee company.

Transfers of interests in land.

19. The transfer of an interest in land by virtue of this Act shall not—

- (a) constitute an assignment, transfer, devolution, parting with possession or other disposition of that interest for the purposes of any provision relating to assignment, transfer, devolution, parting with possession or other disposition contained in any instrument concerning that interest; or
- (b) invalidate or discharge any contract or security; or
- (c) operate so as to merge any leasehold interest in the reversion which is expectant thereon.

No exemption from enactments concerning banking companies

20. Nothing in this Act shall exempt any company from the provisions of any enactment relating to companies carrying on the business of banking.



21.—(1) An existing bank shall by virtue of this Act be dissolved on the day (being a day after the first appointed day) on which at the request of the Holding Company the Registrar or other officer performing under the Companies Act 1948 the duty of registration of companies in England (in this section referred to as “the Registrar”) strikes that existing bank off the register.

PART V  
—cont.

Dissolution of existing banks, finance companies and trustee companies.  
1948 c. 38.

(2) An existing finance company or an existing trustee company shall by virtue of this Act be dissolved on the day (being a day after the second appointed day) on which at the request of the Bank the Registrar strikes that existing finance company or trustee company off the register.

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 354 of the Companies Act 1948 (which relates to the property of a dissolved company)—

(a) on the day referred to in subsection (1) of this section all documents required to be kept by an existing bank pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Acts 1948 to 1967 shall by virtue of this Act be transferred to and vest in the Holding Company; and

(b) on the day referred to in subsection (2) of this section all documents required to be kept by an existing finance company or existing trustee company pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Acts 1948 to 1967 shall by virtue of this Act be transferred to and vest in the Bank.

22.—(1) It is hereby declared that this Act extends to Northern Ireland.

Application to Northern Ireland.

(2) In the application of this Act to Northern Ireland—

(a) the provisions thereof shall be treated for the purposes of section 6 of the Government of Ireland Act 1920 (which provides that the Parliament of Northern Ireland may not repeal or alter Acts of Parliament of the United Kingdom passed after the day appointed for the purposes of that section) as passed before that day; and

1920 c. 67.

(b) (i) the expression “Act” shall include an Act of the Parliament of Northern Ireland;

(ii) in section 19 there shall be added at the end “or (d) constitute a purchase or creation of that interest for the purposes of section 10 (3) of the Business Tenancies Act (Northern Ireland) 1964”;

1964 c. 36  
(N.I.).

(iii) in section 5 (2) for the reference to the Redundancy Payments Act 1965 there shall be substituted a reference to the Contracts of Employment and Redundancy Payments Act (Northern Ireland) 1965; and

1965 c. 62.  
1965 c. 19  
(N.I.).

## PART V

—cont.

1963 c. 18.

1963 c. 24

(N.I.).

Application  
to Scotland.

(iv) in section 16 for the reference to the Stock Transfer Act 1963 there shall be substituted a reference to the Stock Transfer Act (Northern Ireland) 1963.

23. This Act shall extend to Scotland and in the application thereof to Scotland the following provisions shall have effect:—

(a) In the construction of this Act—

the expression “judicial trustee” includes a judicial factor;

the expression “mortgage” includes a floating charge or any instrument containing a floating charge, an assignation or disposition *ex facie* absolute and any agreement qualifying the same, a bond and disposition or assignation in security, a cash credit bond and disposition or assignation in security, an assignation in security and any real right or burden of whatever kind in the nature of a security; and

the expression “will” includes a trust disposition and settlement:

(b) All cash credit bonds and dispositions or assignations in security expressed to be in favour of an existing bank transferred to, and vested in—

(i) the Bank on the first appointed day by virtue of this Act shall, on and after that day, have the same effect in favour of the Bank up to the maximum amounts stated therein respectively in all respects as if they had been originally granted in favour of the Bank for such maximum amount;

(ii) the Finance Company or the Trust Company (as the case may be) on the second appointed day by virtue of this Act shall, on and after that day, have the same effect in favour of the Finance Company or the Trust Company (as the case may be) up to the maximum amounts stated therein respectively in all respects as if they had been originally granted in favour of the Finance Company or the Trust Company (as the case may be) for such maximum amount:

(c) To enable a company (in this paragraph called a “transferee company”) to which by virtue of this Act there is transferred any property heritably vested in another company redeemably or irredeemably to complete a title if thought fit to such property by notice of title or otherwise or to deduce title, this Act shall be deemed to be and may be used as, a general disposition conveyance or assignation as the case may be of such property in favour of the transferee company.



24. All costs, charges and expenses preliminary to and of and incidental to the preparing, applying for, obtaining and passing of this Act or otherwise in relation thereto shall be paid by the Bank.

PART V  
—cont.  
Costs of Act.



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# Williams & Glyn's Bank Act 1970

CHAPTER xliv

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